Police Report of the Bombay Presidency Including Sind for the Year 1874 (1875)

Government Document

POLICE REPORTS

OF THE

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,

INCLUDING

SIND,

For the Year 1874.

Bombay.
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1875.

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To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
Judicial Department, Bombay.

Poona, 30*th June* 1875.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Police Report for the year 1874.

2. The usual statements as per margin, prescribed by the Government of India, are appended.

Statements.
A—Part I.
A—Part II., Magisterial.
A—Part II., Police.
B to G.
10. Statement of Expenditure on Police Buildings.
11. Statement of Resignations and Dismissals.

3. As desired by Government, I give the date of the Superintendents' Reports and the dates of the Magistrates forwarding Memoranda. As each Report was received it was carefully examined in my office, and the errors discovered which could not be corrected in this office were pointed out to the Superintendents. Some of the Superintendents were exceedingly careless in preparing their returns. I deem it undesirable to particularize the offenders, as I have departmentally drawn their attention to this, and I have full confidence that the warning given will secure greater attention in future to this most important duty.

	Superintendent's Report.		Magistrate's Memo.		Superintendent's final letter.	
Ahmedabad	10	April ...	12	April ...	...	...
Kaira	18	March ...	20	March ...	20	May.
Panch Máhálś	24	February ...	10	Ditto ...	18	Ditto.
Broach	24	Ditto	9	Ditto ...	6	Ditto.
Surat	15	Ditto	24	February.	28	April.
Tanna	15	March ...	20	March ...	5	May 1875.
Colába	9	Ditto	17	Ditto ...	6	Ditto.
Násik	10	February	13	February.	5	March.
Khandesh	17	Ditto ...	24	Ditto ...	15	April.

4. Captain Segrave, the Police Superintendent of Ahmedabad, was nearly a month later than any of the other Superintendents in sending his report; this is not due to any fault on his part, but to the fact that he was employed on special duty at Baroda during the months of February and March. Last year he was one of the first Superintendents who sent in his report. Considering the amount of work he had this year, it does him credit that he was able to submit his careful report as early as the 10th April.

5. It is difficult to compare the number of offences committed this year with the number committed last year, owing to the fact that last year some of the Superintendents included in their returns all cases compounded or withdrawn under Sections 188 and 210 Criminal Procedure Code, whilst others excluded these. To secure uniformity Mr. Ashburner, in his No. 211 of 11th February 1875, directed that every Superintendent should include such cases in their returns.

6. The following is the comparative result of cognizable and non-cognizable cases including cases compounded or withdrawn:—

Districts.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.		No. of Persons arrested.		Convicted.		Acquitted and released.		Percentage of conviction to arrests.	
	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
Ahmedabad	3,606	3,315	6,096	5,917	3,261	3,014	2,821	2,884	50·	51·
Kaira	2,664	1,949	4,055	3,051	1,629	1,326	2,412	1,705	40·	43·
Panch Máhál	797	918	1,396	1,339	728	596	720	696	52·	45·
Broach	2,051	1,606	3,597	3,178	1,406	969	2,166	2,186	39·	30·
Surat	2,927	2,975	4,857	5,099	1,977	1,790	2,815	3,308	41·	35·
Tanna	4,457	5,767	7,715	6,542	3,144	3,554	4,537	2,996	41·	54·
Colába	2,188	2,309	4,010	3,783	1,199	1,188	2,839	2,587	29·	31·
Náik	2,474	3,349	6,002	5,009	2,196	1,901	3,776	3,046	36·	38·
Khandesh	3,458	4,321	5,978	5,795	3,542	3,716	2,901	2,979	47·	47·
Total...	25,619	26,704	43,651	40,961	18,174	17,349	26,986	22,821	41·	43·

7. At first sight it appears, therefore, that there has been an increase of 1,085 crimes during the year as compared with 1873, but in the 8 districts marginally noted the offences referred to in the last paragraph were not included. There were 4,189 such offences. If, for the sake of comparison, this number is deducted from 26,704, the number of crimes committed in 1874, we have for remainder 22,515, or a

1. Kaira.
2. Panch Máhálś.
3. Broach.
4. Surat.
5. Tanna.
6. Colába.
7. Náaik.
8. Khandesh.

decrease of 2,576 as compared with last year: this is most satisfactory, as it shows a steady decrease during the past four years, the number of offences reported being—

In	1874	22,515
	1873	25,619
	1872	28,041
	1871	31,013

8. I find that were it not for the above-mentioned order issued by Mr. Ashburner, the comparative statement of offences would be as follows:—

	1874.	1873.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ahmedadad	3,315	3,608	...	293
Kaira	1,729	2,664	...	935
Panch Máhálś	787	797	...	10
Broach	1,692	2,051	...	359
Surat	2,625	2,927	...	302
Tanna...	4,916	4,457	459	...
Colába	1,580	2,183	...	603
Násik	2,927	3,474	...	547
Khandesh	2,944	3,458	...	514
Total...	22,515	25,619	459	3,563

9. From the above it will be seen that crime has decreased considerably in all the districts except in the Panch Máhálś and Tanna; in the former place it is nearly stationary, but in the latter there is a large increase, although the number of offences committed in that district is some 250 less than the number committed in 1872, *viz.*, 5,163.

10. I regret that, as the Superintendents misunderstood Mr. Ashburner's circular, I have no information by me so as to be able to compare the persons apprehended and convicted in 1873 and 1874 in the same way as I have compared the number of offences. Orders will be given to prevent this misunderstanding in future. I am unable to state how many so-called offenders escaped trial owing to their offences being compounded or their cases being withdrawn; and as a considerable time would elapse before I could obtain this information from the different Superintendents, and further, as even under the present disadvantageous circumstances the comparison is favourable for this year, I consider it better not to delay this report for this information.

11. Altogether there were 3,290 fewer persons apprehended in 1874 than in 1873, and the precentage of convictions to apprehensions increased 2 per cent, being 43 per cent instead of 41. This is the highest percentage in the Northern Division during the present decade, and it serves as matter for congratulation.

12. Crime is much below the average of the past 4 years in Ahmedabad, Broach, Surat, Kaira, Khandesh, and Tanna. In Násik it is 299 above the average for the last 4 years. On the other hand, in Colába it is 383 less, and in the Panch Máháls it is 62 less than the average. It is encouraging to see this large decrease and also to notice that even if the offences coming under Sections 188 and 210 of the Criminal Procedure Code are taken into consideration the number of crimes committed in the Division are 1,120 less than the average number committed since 1870, although formerly offences coming under Sections 188 and 210 were omitted.

13. Tanna stands highest in the average of persons convicted to persons apprehended, showing an average of 54 as compared with 41 last year and 30 in 1872. This reflects credit on Colonel Coles, who has done much to improve the Force under his care. Ahmedabad comes next with 51 per cent as compared with 50 per cent last year. Khandesh with 47 per cent is the same as last year. Panch Máháls has decreased from 52 per cent to 45 per cent. Kaira is 42 per cent, and is above its average. Násik with 39 per cent has increased its average by 2 per cent for the last 4 years. Surat has decreased from 41 per cent to 35 per cent. Colába has increased from 29 per cent to 31 per cent, and Broach has fallen from 39 per cent to as low as 30 per cent.

14. As remarked by Mr. Ashburner in para. 35 of his report of last year, the Police have nothing to do with a great part of the crime given in the above statement, and the force is, of course, not altogether responsible for the results shown by it. The Magistrates and the Police must share the praise and the blame between them.

15. To return to the cognizable crime, the most important for which the Police is solely responsible. The number of offences reported was :—

In 1874.....	15,134
1873.....	12,373
1872.....	13,137
1871.....	13,852

16. The increase is only an increase on paper, for in addition to Mr. Ashburner's circular it was by Act XI. of 1874 decided that for the future cases under Sections 323, 428, and 429 of the Indian Penal Code (hurt and certain kinds of mischief) should be deemed

cognizable offences; there were altogether 3,933 of these in the year, and this number should, for the sake of comparison, be deducted from the 15,134 mentioned above. It is as above explained nearly impossible to find out how many cases were compounded and withdrawn, as of course many of these of "simple hurt" were so treated. Including, therefore, amongst actual cases of cognizable crime those withdrawn and compounded, but deducting the 3,933 cases coming under Sections 323, 428, and 429 of the Penal Code, there remains a balance of 11,201 cognizable cases against 12,373 last year; thus it will be seen that the "progressive and satisfactory decrease" noticed last year has continued.

17. The proportion of cognizable crime to the total population of this Divisionis one crime to every 381·34 persons. Taking each District separately the proportion classified in order of merit, as judged by the results of the year under review, is as follows:—

Kaira	1 to 734
Khandesh	1 to 486
Panch Máháls	1 to 423
Ahmedabad	1 to 379
Násik	1 to 361
Surat	1 to 347
Tanna	1 to 306
Colába	1 to 267
Broach	1 to 262

18. I append a table showing the amount, &c., of cognizable crime in each District. Table I. shows the actual amount as calculated according to Act XI. of 1874, and Table II. shows the amount as calculated according to the method adopted in 1873.

Table I.

Districts.	Offences.		Persons apprehended.		Convicted.		Percentage of convictions to apprehensions	
	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.
Ahmedabad	2,177	2,188	3,191	3,642	1,909	1,873	59	51
Kaira	1,581	1,065	1,409	1,780	1,012	1,142	71	64
Panch Máháls	520	568	720	780	340	411	47	53
Broach	971	1,335	1,299	2,157	670	674	51	31
Surat	1,464	1,752	1,899	2,427	1,042	1,236	54	51
Tanna	1,631	2,769	2,679	3,416	1,584	2,178	59	63
Colaba	811	1,309	1,589	2,240	570	835	35	37
Násik	1,446	2,033	2,131	3,028	1,170	1,275	55	42
Khandesh	1,772	2,115	2,210	2,807	1,281	1,323	57	47
Total ...	12,373	15,134	17,127	22,277	9,578	10,947	56	49

Table II.

Districts.	Number of offences.	Cases convicted.	Persons apprehended.	Persons convicted.	Persons discharged or acquitted.	Percentage of Convictions to Apprehensions.		Percentage of cases convicted to No. of cases investigated.	
						1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.
Ahmedabad	1,823	1,235	2,989	1,702	1,287	57	60	68	81
Kaira...	845	657	1,234	1,056	210	85	72	78	42
Panch Máháls ...	562	280	747	411	288	55	61	50	68
Broach	949	338	1,247	536	685	43	52	35	42
Surat...	1,536	816	1,986	1,168	838	59	55	54	66
Tanna	1,646	1,061	2,813	1,891	934	67	59	64	67
Colába	863	395	1,655	724	925	44	36	46	42
Násik	1,368	737	1,866	967	876	52	55	54	58
Khandesh	1,609	823	2,224	1,170	961	53	58	51	49
Total... 1873...	12,373	6,507	17,127	9,678	7,371	57	57	56	58
Total... 1874...	11,201	6,342	16,761	9,625	7,024	57	57	56	58

19. Cognizable offences have decreased in Kaira by 736. Ahmedabad shows a decrease of 354, Khandesh of 163, Násik of 78, and Broach of 22. In Surat there has been an increase of 72, in Colába of 52, in the Panch Máháls of 42, and in Tanna of 15. In the report for last year the Police Commissioner noticed that "the Panch Máháls and Colába were going from bad to worse," and this year it seems that these two districts are not improving.

20. In para. 38 of the last year's report it was recommended that a column 8 A be inserted in Statement A Part I. to give information regarding the number of cases decided, so that the percentage of convictions might be calculated on these and not on the number of cases investigated by the Police. I beg to bring this opinion of Mr. Ashburner again to the notice of Government. In some Districts there are so many complaints which are merely trumped up and which are utterly devoid of foundation, that the percentage of convictions to cases is made very small, and this owing to no fault of the Police, who however virtually receive blame for it. It might of course be urged that it is not the fault of the

returns and that the Superintendents instead of taking the number of cases investigated should obtain information as to the number decided. They will be directed to do this, but I respectfully hold that the returns should contain a column showing the number of cases decided. Such a column would be of great use and simplify matters.

21. The total number of cases convicted was 6,342, which is 56 per cent on the number investigated against 58 per cent in 1873, 55 per cent in 1872, and 49 per cent in 1871: this, considering that the returns have been calculated differently this year, must be considered as satisfactory. Kaira, which was last year the worst in dealing with this class of crime, is this year the best, its success being as high as 78 per cent against 42 in 1873. Major La Touche deserves the greatest credit for this, and I trust that his success may still continue. Ahmedabad follows next with 68 per cent; this is creditable to Captain Segrave, who has for three years been first, though he now comes second. Tanna comes next with 64 per cent, and it keeps up to the high standard to which it formerly attained. A wide gap separates this District from Surat and Násik, which show only a success of 54 per cent against a success last year of 66 and 58 per cent respectively. Khandesh is steadily improving, showing a percentage of 51 against 49, 49 and 39 in previous years. Panch Máháls with 62 per cent is next, and like last year the number of cognizable offences has increased, but the success in dealing with them has decreased. Colába has hardly increased its reputation, the success this year being 46 against 42 per cent in 1873: 46 was the percentage in 1872. Broach is last with 35 per cent against 42 last year. This is most unsatisfactory, as it only represents one case convicted out of every three cases investigated. I trust that next year as regards this District I shall be able to report an improvement.

22. The total number of persons arrested was 16,761, of whom 9,625 were convicted and 7,024 acquitted. The success is 57 per cent, a fraction higher than last year, and showing that the improvement noticed in 1873 is continuing. Kaira is again first this year, showing a most wonderful success of 85 per cent against 72 in 1873. Tanna has improved from 59 per cent to 67, and Surat from 55 per cent. to 59. Ahmedabad has slightly fallen off from last year, but is better than it was in 1872. Panch Máháls is fifth with 55 per cent, as compared with 61 last year. Khandesh has fallen from 58 to 53 per cent, Násik from 55 to 52. Colába has improved from 36 to 44 per cent, and Broach has fallen from 52 to 43. This, I regret to observe, is not creditable to Mr. Scannel, who was in charge of this District for the whole year less 1 month and 20 days.

23. Taking the mean of success in cases and against persons, the result is as follows:—

Ahmedabad...	62½	Captain Segrave, with Mr. Henderson, Assistant.
Kaira	65	Major LaTouche.
Panch Máháls	61½	Captain Westmacott and Lieutenant Humfrey.
Broach	39	Mr. Scannel.
Surat	54½	Captain Westmacott.
Tanna	61½	Colonel Coles.
Colába	41	6 Superintendents, *vide* para. 169.
Násik	54½	Captain Wilson.
Khandesh	54½	Captain Wise, Major Probyn, Mr. Down, as Assistant.

24. I append a statement (No. 3) of non-cognizable cases in which the Police were employed, and also a statement (No. 4) in which they were not employed. Altogether there were 11,570 non-cognizable offences compared to 13,246 in 1873: to these however should be added the 3,933 cases under hurt and mischief. The whole number of offences in 1874 classed in 1873 as non-cognizable is 15,503, or 2,257 more than last year. There is still the great difference observable in the number of cases in which the Magistrates use the Police in the several Districts, but of 1,127 cases in Ahmedabad the Police were employed in 1,024, whilst out of 1,213 in Surat they were only employed in 10. Násik and Khandesh are the only two Districts besides Ahmedabad where the services of the Police are largly used:—

Statement No. 3.—Non-Cognizable Crime in which Police were employed.

Districts.	Offences.	Apprehended.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Percentage of convictions to apprehensions.	Property.	
						Stolen.	Recovered.
Ahmedabad ...	1,024	2,125	1,086	1,030	48	739	739
Kaira	37	64	13	51	80	30	29
Panch Máháls ...	20	27	8	19	70	294	284
Broach	25	40	11	29	73	113	13
Surat	10	10	1	9	90	...	...
Tanna	37	69	19	50	72	62	62
Colába	31	56	30	26	46	...	...
Násik	203	322	84	238	74	94	94
Khandesh ...	134	315	61	250	79	334	285
Total...	1,521	3,028	1,313	1,702	56	1,666	1,506
1873...	1,741	4,311	2,552	1,719	40	6,427	4,996

Statement No. 4—Non-Cognizable Cases taken up by Magistrates.

Districts.	Offences.	Arrests.	Persons acquitted.	Convicted.
Ahmedabad	103	150	39	111
Kaira	847	1,807	1,462	345
Panch Máháls	330	532	363	168
Broach	538	981	722	257
Surat	1,213	2,661	2,116	545
Tanna	2,961	3,057	1,729	1,326
Colába	962	1,487	1,160	327
Násik	1,013	1,718	1,240	478
Khandesh	2,082	2,663	1,509	1,143
Total...	10,049	15,056	10,340	4,700
1873...	11,505	22,213	15,368	6,777

25. This is a point of no inconsiderable importance, and appears to me to call for the notice of Government. It is undesirable that except in very especial instances the Police should be any way called in in non-cognizable cases. That their services should have been so largely made use of in the Districts of Ahmedabad, Násik, and Khandesh, is not creditable to the Taluka Magistrates, before whom the greater number of such cases come. It shows that complaints are not promptly taken up at once, but that they are simply turned over to the Police, such a course of proceeding opening the way for many harassing and vexatious poceedings on the part of the Police.

26. The number of persons apprehended in the cases in which the Police were employed was 3,028, out of which 1,702 were convicted and 1,313 were acquitted, the percentage of convictions to apprehensions being 56 against 40 in the previous year. This increase is in a measure due to the fact that hurt and mischief are no longer included amongst the non-cognizable offences. Surat has increased its percentage from 58 in 1873 to 90 in 1874, and in the latter year there were only 10 arrests. That this result should have been obtained is creditable to the Surat Magisterial administration. It shows that the 2nd and 3rd Class Magistrates themselves promptly investigate all trivial complaints, thus doing away with the necessity of Police interference, and reducing the chances of trumped up cases to a minimum.

27. The Magistrates enquired into 10,049 cases without the assistance of the Police, being 1,456 less than in 1873. 15,056 persons were summoned or arrested, of whom 10,340 were acquitted

and 4,700 convicted, *i.e.*, 31 per cent of the number summoned were convicted against 30 per cent in 1873. This is an improvement, but, as remarked by Mr. Ashburner last year, it is still far from satisfactory, and in my opinion shows a great want of discrimination on the part of the 2nd and 3rd Class Magistrates. It is to be recollected that it is in these non-cognizable cases that the greater number of false and vexatious complaints occur. I am afraid that more careful enquiry, when each complaint was made, would have resulted in the immediate dismissal of a large number of complaints, and that the want of such careful investigation has led to a large number of persons being summoned or arrested vexatiously.

28. I append a table of the worst offences:—

Serious Offences against the Person and Property.

Districts.	Murder, 302, 303, 396.	Attempts at murder, 307.	Culpable homicide, 304, 308.	Grievous hurt, 325, 326, 335, 326, 331, 333.	Dacoity 395, 397, 399.	Robbery, 394, 397, 398, 399.	Thefts, 379 to 382.	Receiving stolen property, 411, 414.	Kidnapping, 363 to 369.	Conviction cases. Murders.	Conviction cases. Dacoities.	
Ahmedabad ...	12	1	5	45	16	33	799	115	7	7	7	
Kaira	17	3	8	29	3	32	378	57	5	8	3	
Panch Máhála ...	2	2	6	7	4	16	228	28	2	1	2	
Broach	4	1	1*	15	3	14	428	20	6	1	1	*Struck off the crime register.
Surat	6	2	2	20	7	25	818	41	1	2	2	
Tanna	15	1	1	33	31	61	821	34	4	6	20	
Colába	5	...	2	5	2	5	447	8	2	3	1	
Násik	8	1	6	11	3	18	506	46	4	2	1	
Khandesh ...	6	1	6	18	4	15	972	58	9	5	...	
Total ...	75	12	37	183	67	218	5,499	401	40	37	37	
1873 ...	70	8	40	206	58	213	6,421	445	44	35	22	

29. There were 75 cases of murder as compared with 70 in 1873, 84 in 1872, and 104 in 1871. The success in dealing with this crime is 49·5 as against 50, 63 and 55 per cent, as compared respectively with 1872. The percentage, I regret to say, has diminished.

Murder.

30. More murders have been committed in the Kaira Districts than in any other, the number being 17 as compared with 6 last year. 17 persons were convicted in 8 of these cases before the end of the year, and since December 31st another conviction has been obtained. Tanna comes next with 15 cases as compared to 13, 21

and 26 in 1873, 1872, and 1871, respectively; 30 prisoners were arrested, out of which 1 was released by the magistrate, five were pending trial at the close of the year, and 24 were put on trial. Of these, 13 were convicted and 11 were acquitted by the Magistrate and Session Court. (See also para. 160.)

31. Ahmedabad has 12 murders and one case from 1873. 38 persons were arrested, of whom 21 were put on trial and 10 were convicted; the cases of 9 remain pending at the end of the year. I am sorry that the decrease in this crime, which Mr. Ashburner noticed last year, has not continued, the number of murders committed being the same as was committed in 1872. In Násik there are 8 cases, the same number as last year; one case remained from 1873: 8 persons were arrested but only two convicted. In Khandesh there are 6 cases: 16 prisoners were arrested including 5 from last year: 10 were convicted. Last year there were 13 cases of murder in Khandesh; thus there is an improvement in the year under report. Surat has (as last year) 6 cases, in 2 of which convictions were obtained, while 2 were pending at close of year. Out of 15 prisoners arrested 5 were convicted, and the trials of 2 were pending at close of year. In Colába there were 5 cases against 2 of last year; convictions were obtained in 3 cases and 1 was pending at end of year. Out of 26 arrested 8 were convicted, and the cases of 5 were pending on December 31st. In Broach there were 4 murder cases against 9 in last year: 11 prisoners were arrested, but only 1 convicted: the cases of 5 were pending at the end of the year. In the Panch Máháls there were only 2 cases against 5 of last year, and there was also 1 from 1873; the only prisoner who was arrested was convicted.

Attempt at murder.

32. There were 12 cases of attempts at murder against 8 in 1873 and 21 in 1872. Colába was quite free from such attempts whilst there was only one in Ahmedabad, Broach, Tanna, Surat, Násik, and Khandesh, 2 in Surat and Panch Máháls, and 3 in Kaira.

Culpable homicide.

33. There are 37 cases of culpable homicide against 40, 45, and 27 in 1873, 1872, and 1871 respectively. Kaira is first in this crime with 8 cases, and the Panch Máháls, Násik, and Khandesh have 6 against their names.

Grievous hurt.

34. There were 183 cases of grievous hurt, which is exactly the same number as in 1872; in 1873 there were 206 cases. The number of cases in Surat has risen from 12 to 20, in Tanna from 30 to 33, and in

Panch Máháls from 6 to 7: in all the other Districts it has decreased. The crime as usual appears to be prevalent in Ahmedabad. There were 129 convictions or more than two-thirds. In the Panch Máháls, a conviction was obtained in every case: in Kaira in 27 cases out of 29: in Tanna in 29 out of 33: in Ahmedabad in 33 out of 45: in Colába in 3 out of 5: in Broach in 8 out of 15: in Surat in 10 out of 20: in Khandesh in 9 out of 18, and in Násik in 3 out of 11.

Dacoity.

35. Dacoity has increased slightly during the year, there being 67 cases against 58 last year; in 1872 however there were 95 cases. Nearly half of the dacoity cases occurred in Tanna, there being 31 cases against 15 last year; for explanation of this increase see para. 162. There were 186 persons arrested and 117 convicted. Here is a marked improvement on last year in the proportion of convictions to arrests. Ahmedabad is second with 10 cases against 18 last year. Convictions were obtained in 7 of these; out of the 66 prisoners arrested 22 were finally convicted, and 5 were awaiting trial. Surat has 7 cases against 5 in 1873: convictions were obtained in 2, and 1 was pending, 16 prisoners were arrested, 6 convicted, and the trial of one was pending. In the Panch Máháls and Khandesh there were 4 cases against 1 and 3 in 1873 respectively: in Khandesh 19 were arrested and there were no convictions, the cases of 3 pending at end of year. 7 convictions were obtained in 2 cases in the Panch Máháls, and out of the 15 persons arrested, 4 were convicted, while the case of 1 was pending at end of year. In Násik, Broach, and Kaira there were three cases against 6, 5 and 3 respectively in 1873; in Násik there was 1 conviction, and out of the 12 arrested 1 was convicted whilst the cases of 7 were pending at end of year. There was 1 conviction also in Broach: out of 26 arrested 4 were convicted and 4 cases remained pending at end of year. In Kaira there were convictions in every case, and out of the 19 prisoners arrested 18 were punished: Major La Touche deserves credit for this. Lastly, in Colába there were 2 cases, the same number as in 1873, and of the 21 arrested 14 received punishment.

36. Taking the Division as a whole, there were 274 persons charged with dacoity and placed before the Magistrates, of whom 186 were convicted; and assuming the number of cases investigated (72) represent the number tried, the success in dacoity is 52·77 per cent and 67·88 per cent of prisoners.

Robbery.

37. Robberies have increased from 213 cases in 1873 to 218. In Tanna there were 61 cases as compared with 40 last year. The number of convic-

tions was 85, being slightly better than last year's 78. In Kaira there were 29 convictions out of 32 cases. All the other Districts were poor.

Theft.

38. The steady decrease in the number of thefts is most encouraging, the numbers being:—

1874	...	...	...	5,499
1873	...	...	...	6,421
1872	...	...	...	7,368
1871	...	...	...	7,562
1870	...	...	...	6,633

39. There is a decrease in every District except in Colába and Tanna, where there are respectively increases of 7 and 5; in Kaira the decrease is 390, and in Ahmedabad 143. Khandesh, which showed a decrease of nearly 600 cases in 1873, when compared with 1872 shows a further decrease of 152 cases; in Násik, the decrease is 111, in Surat 82, in Broach 46, and in the Panch Máháls 10.

Receiving stolen property.

39. There were 401 cases of receiving stolen property in 1874 against 445 in 1873: this is the smallest number of cases during the past 4 years, 1871 with its 416 cases being nearest. Násik has decreased from 80 to 40 cases, and Broach from 34 to 20, whilst Tanna has increased from 19 to 34; but of 401 cases convictions have been obtained in 307, which result is good. In Kaira convictions have been obtained in every case: in the Panch Máháls in 15 out of 28: in Tanna in 26 out of 34: in Colába in 6 out of 8: in Ahmedabad in 90 out of 115: in Broach in 11 out of 20: in Násik in 30 out of 40: in Khandesh in 45 out of 58, and in Surat in 21 out of 41.

40. The success in dealing with this kind of case in Kaira is something marvellous. Major La Touche writes:—"There is a slight falling off under this head (receiving stolen property) which amounts to 57. All have been convicted, the percentage of persons punished to those brought to trial being over 98, and of property recovered nearly 99."

Kidnapping.

41. This crime is, I am glad to report, on the wane: last year there were only 44 cases, which was the lowest known for 4 years, and this year the number has decreased to 40. In Broach, the number of cases have doubled; in Tanna they have increased from 1 to 4; in Colába from 1 to 2, and in Khandesh from 8 to 9. In all the other Districts there has been a decrease except in the Panch Máháls, where the number has, as last year, been 2.

42. In the Panch Máháls convictions were obtained in both cases, and in Surat a conviction was obtained in the only case which occurred in that district: in Kaira convictions were obtained in 4 out of 5 cases: in Tanna in 3 out of 4: in Násik in 2 out of 4: in Broach in 2 out of 6: in Ahmedabad in 1 out of 7, and 1 was pending at the end of the year, in Khandesh in one out of 9; and in Colába no convictions were obtained in either of the cases.

43. The value of property stolen and recovered is shown in the following table:—

Districts.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	Percentage of recoveries in 1873.
Ahmedabad	59,157	35,000	59	31
Kaira	14,538	9,965	69	39
Panch Máháls	17,238	5,458	32	44
Broach	28,302	14,020	50	50
Surat	26,394	9,066	34	30
Tanna	25,696	10,306	40	47
Colába	10,507	5,873	56	29
Násik	33,696	18,321	54	37
Khandesh	45,934	16,255	35	39
Total	2,61,462	1,24,264	48	...
In 1873	3,57,073	1,36,776	...	38

44. The total sum Rs. 2,61,462 is Rs. 95,611 less than the amount stolen last year, which in its turn was Rs. 73,628 less than was stolen in 1872: this is certainly most satisfactory. 48 per cent of the value was recovered in 1874 against 38 per cent in 1873. As 50 per cent was the highest amount recovered in any one District last year, it is most creditable to the Police that 48 per cent should have been recovered in the whole Division. Broach was last year first with 50 per cent: it has recovered again this year 50 per cent, but it is only fifth on the list, being beaten by Kaira, Ahmedabad, Colába, and Násik. On the other hand, the Panch Máháls and Tanna have fallen off, their percentages being 32 and 40 (see postscript after para. 64).

Statement E.

45. The Northern Division consists of 9 districts, including the Panch Máháls, with an area of 33,918 square miles, and a population of 5,771,379. I take the figures from the General Ad-

ministration Report for 1873-74 published by Government. The strength of the Police Force consists of 9 Superintendents of Police and 4 Assistant Superintendents, all Europeans; 18 Inspectors, all Natives, with the exception of 1 Eurasian; 1,279 subordinate officers, all Natives, with the exception of 1 Eurasian; 327 Mounted Constables and 5,797 Foot Police. Of these numbers 14 officers and 68 men are engaged for the Bária and Peint States.

46. The Census Returns afford better data than we have before possessed for calculating the population. In the former Administration Report the population was estimated at 5,895,228; this year it is estimated at much less; and therefore the proportion of Police to population is different. There is 1 policeman to every 4·5 square miles and to every 770 persons. There is a great difference between this and the proportions calculated by the Superintendents, which are respectively 1 policeman to every 4·2 square miles and to every 720 persons. The figures in the Superintendent's return are different to those shown in the Administration Report. Appended is a statement calculated according to that Report:—

District.	Area Square Miles.	Population.	Proportion of Police	
			To Area.	To Population.
Ahmedabad	3,844	829,637	3·13	676
Kaira	1,561	782,733	2·03	1,038
Panch Máháls	1,731	240,743	2·1	292
Broach	1,358	350,322	3·26	840
Surat	1,588	607,087	2·5	935
Tanna	4,052	847,424	5·1	1,059
Colába	1,482	350,405	4·84	1,145
Násik	8,140	734,386	11·23	1,013
Khandesh	10,162	1,028,642	5·9	597
Total... ...	33,918	5,771,379	4·5	770

47. Násik is as last year exceptional, there being only 1 policeman to 11·23 square miles; and consequently there is no wonder that there is naturally a large crime return in this district. Panch Máháls has 1 policeman to every 292 men, and consequently crime is lower there than it is in most districts.

48. The total cost of the Force during the year is shown as Rs. 12,61,755, of which Rs. 12,50,785 was charged to

Police and Rs. 10,970 was charged to private bodies and other Departments. The Bária State in the Panch Máháls and the Peint State in Násik are managed by Government ; the cost of the Police in the former State is Rs. 3,925, and in the latter Rs. 5,785. The sum of Rs. 1,260 in Khandesh is charged to the Political Department, and is part of the cost of the First Assistant Superintendent's Office Establishment.

Statement F.

49. 3,315 men are armed with fire-arms, 4,079 are provided with swords, and 12 have batons only.

50. Fourteen officers and 151 men have been dismissed against 9 officers and 172 men in 1873. The Superintendents of Khandesh and Násik have punished in this way more men than any of the other Superintendents. 237 officers and 808 men were punished by fine or degradation against 285 officers and 1,067 men, who were punished last year. Captain Segrave and Major La Touche have been most severe in this class of punishment, but both have been more sparing in inflicting it than they were last year. I personally regret that the Superintendents do fine their subordinates so much : the pay of the latter is not large, and if they lose some of it by fines, they must become careless and dishonest.

51. The Magistrates punished 23 men under the Police Act, 2 men for " Offences relating to Public Servants," and 3 officers and 33 men for other offences, being a total of 3 officers and 58 men punished judicially against 4 officers and 36 men who were punished judicially in 1873.

52. During the year under report 246 men were rewarded with promotion, and 239 received presents of money : in 1873, 338 men were rewarded with promotion and 221 with presents of money. Last year Major La Touche was so fortunate as to be able to provide 141 men with promotion ; this year he could only provide 69 in this manner : this difference accounts for nearly the whole decrease of 92. The Superintendent at Broach is the most generous in giving money rewards, he having given them to 61 persons : the Superintendent of Panch Máháls on the other hand has only rewarded 5 men, and the Superintendents of Tanna and Surat only 8 men, and of Colába only 10 men.

53. 727 officers and 1,487 men are able to read and write and 104 officers and 890 men are under instruction. This is more satisfactory than last year; when those under instruction are able to read and write there will be 831 officers and 2,377 men who have attained to this pitch of efficiency, out of a Force of 1,288 officers

and 6,124 men. I am not satisfied with the number of those who can read and write, and I maintain that a policeman ought very seldom to be raised to the rank of an officer unless he is able to read and write.

54. The progress in Ahmedabad has again been the most satisfactory: 138 officers and 291 men being educated against 111 officers and 207 men last year. There has been a small increase in all the other Districts except amongst the officers in Broach and in the whole Khandesh Corps. In Broach there are 57 officers educated against 60 last year, and for two years no officer has been under instruction in that District. In Khandesh there were in 1873, 225 officers and 460 men reported to be able to read and write; this year the number has fallen to 135 officers and 304 men reported as having attained this proficiency. Regarding this Major Probyn writes:

"2. The returns of this year do not appear favourable taken in connection with the returns of last year; but they cannot, I think, be fairly compared with the figures of last year, which I had reason to doubt were correct, as the information was not obtained from the most reliable source.

3. The falling off as compared with last year is so great, that it is in itself evidence of the incorrectness of last year's return under the head of Education. The subject is constantly being attended to, and I am satisfied that there is no actual falling off whatever may have been the correct figures for last year. The men of the Bheel Corps comprize about half the strength of the whole Force; as a rule the Bheels are not educated."

55. In the whole Division 727 officers are educated out of 1,288—56½ per cent—and 1,487 men out of 6,124—24 per cent—or about 30 per cent of the whole Force against 26 per cent in 1873 and 24 per cent in 1872.

56. The number of men under instruction is also greater than last year. There are 104 officers and 890 men so employed against 124 officers and 762 men in 1873. In Broach, Surat, and Khandesh, no officers are under education; this is certainly unsatisfactory and not as it should be, as there are 22 officers in Broach, 53 in Surat, and 143 in Khandesh, who are still unable to read and write.

57. 563 men enlisted during the year, 3,424 are of more than one and under ten years' service; 3,387 are of more than 10 years against 666, 3,292, 3,413, the respective numbers in 1873. The

number who resigned was 116 against 146 last year; 10 deserted, and 97 died. The death rate is still about 1·3 of the strength of the Force.

58. The number of desertions is 10 as compared with 7 last year. Although there is a slight increase, yet when it is remembered that the Force consists of 7,412, it must be considered very satisfactory that the desertions are as low as 10.

59. Jethalal Bhigondas, for untrustworthy work in the Matar dacoity case, has been reduced from 4th Class Chief Constable to Head Constable.

60. Captain Segrave considers that 4th Class Chief Constable Oodey Shunker Dayashunker and 4th Class Chief Constable Keshowal Javerilal are both unfit for the position they hold. The former officer was dismissed in 1873 for making a false report to the 1st Class Magistrate, but was reinstated by Government; the latter was twice recommended for dismissal, but has both times been reinstated by Government.

61. During the year one Inspector and 4 Chief Constables were dismissed and 3 were reduced a grade lower; 1 Chief Constable who was dismissed by the Police Commissioner was restored by order of Government. 20 petitions were received from Head Constables and Constables complaining of being dismissed and degraded by the Superintendents. They were all rejected.

Government Resolution No. 1865, dated 31st March 1875.

Statement G.

62. The 9 Superintendents, the 4 Assistant Superintendents, and the Eurasian officers are the only members of the Police Force who are not Natives. Of the 9 Superintendents 8 are Military officers and one is an uncovenanted officer; 2 Assistants are uncovenanted, and 2 are Military. There are 17 Native Inspectors on pay exceeding Rs. 100, and 1,269 subordinate officers. This number includes the 10 vacanies which are considered here as Natives. Of the total number of 1,291 officers employed, 22 (including the Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents) are Christians, 433 are Mahomedans, 99 are Brahmins, 43 are Rajputs. There is one Sikh, 219 are Marathas, 96 are Bheels, 85 are Kolis, 290 are Hindus of other castes, and 3 are Parsis. This gives 34 per cent of Mahomedans and 50·5 per cent of Hindus.

63. There were 6,101 men employed as Constables and 23 vacancies at the end of the year. Of the 6,101, 11 were Christians, 1,976 Mahomedans, 2,775 Hindus, 1,334 Kolis and Bheels, and 5 Jews. This gives 45·5 per cent of Hindus against 51 per cent in

1873, 32 per cent of Mahomedans against a former 31, and 22 per cent of Kolis and Bheels against a former 17.

64. The Public Works Department spent Rs. 47,891 on Police Buildings, and the Superintendents expended Rs. 7,631; altogether Rs. 55,522 were spent on these buildings against Rs. 57,137 spent in 1873.

Statement D.

65. The Punitive posts at Gunjala and Shabaspur in the Ahmedabad Districts were withdrawn on 1st June and 1st July 1874 respectively, and the post at Palej in the Kaira District is to be withdrawn on 31st August 1875, and the post at Piplej in the same District has been withdrawn.

66. Government in para. 13 of their Resolution on the Annual Police Report for 1873 observed "the results on the whole of the operations of the Police generally in connexion with this variety (quoted in the margin) of serious crime are far from favourable." Major LaTouche, in commenting on this, writes with considerable reason as follows:—

Housebreaking in order to the commission of an offence.

> "I would solicit your attention to the position of the Police as regards housebreaking cases. A Thanna or post consisting of three men have on an average of 20 villages independent of Púras scattered over 689 miles of ground. Besides these villages, they have charge of course of all the road and a heavy amount of day work serving summons. In each of these villages, taking the very lowest estimate, there are 50 men whose occupation when they have nothing better to do, has been from time immemorial, crime. Housebreaking is usually committed on dark and rainy nights. The Police are supplied by Government with neither waterproof clothing nor dark lanterns. Suppose a policeman energetic enough not to mind the rain happens to be patrolling a village, while thieves are housebreaking; the culprits, whose eyes and ears are quite as good as, if not better, than the Police's are, disappear in the dark without the faintest hope of identification, while the falling rain obliterates all foot-marks, so the tracing is out of question. During the last year in more than one instance, Police when patrolling came upon housebreakers so close, that they were compelled to throw down the stolen property before they took to flight and were at once lost in the darkness without hope of identification. With dark lanterns the probabilities of detection in such cases would increase 50 per cent."

AHMEDABAD.

Statistics.

67. Area ... ... Square miles 3,844
Population 829,637
Strength of Police on 1st January 1875... 1,228
Police to area ... ... 1 to 3·13
Police to population ... ... 1 to 676

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874	2,188	1,127	3,315
Proportion of crime to area in miles	1 to 1·76	1 to 3·41	1 to 1·16
Proportion of crime to population	1 to 379·18	1 to 736·15	1 to 250·37

Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.			Number of persons arrested.			Convicted.	Released without trial.	Acquitted and Discharged.	Otherwise disposed of, i.e., died, escaped, or transferred.	Pending at the end of the year.	Percentage of convictions to cases brought to trial.
	Ascertained to have been committed during the year.	Reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year	Total.	During the year.	Pending at end of previous year.	Total.						
1873 ..	2,177	18	2,195	3,191	107	3,298	1,909	956	347	10	82	90
1874 ..	2,188	28	2,216	3,642	90	3,732	1,873	1,481	272	..	90	81

Amount of Property stolen and recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
1873	52,789	15,829	29·99
1874	58,416	34,259	58·64

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.	No. of persons arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873 ...	3,608	6,696	3,361	3,321	50
1874 ...	3,315	5,917	3,014	2,884	51

Officer in charge.

68. Captain Segrave was in charge of the Police of this District during the entire year.

Crime.

69. The total number of offences committed during the year was 3,315 against 3,608 committed in 1873; 3,642 people were arrested and 1,873, or 51 per cent, were convicted. This is not so satisfactory as last year, when 60 per cent were convicted.

70. The reason for this decreased percentage is that formerly Captain Segrave did not enter in his returns crimes under Sections 188 and 210 Criminal Procedure Code; this year he was ordered to include them. Had he made his calculations this year according to the same method as last year, the percentage of convictions to arrests would have been 77.

71. There is an increase of 11 cases in cognizable crime taken up by the Police in 1874 as compared with the preceding year. This is because crimes under Sections 323, 428 and 429 of the Penal Code have been declared cognizable. Were it not for this, there would be a decrease of 354 cases under the head of cognizable offences.

Recovery of stolen property.

72. Rs. 34,259 was recovered out of Rs. 58,416 reported to have been stolen. This is an increase of 29 per cent under the head of recoveries as compared with last year. This year there being 58·64 per cent of stolen property recovered whilst only 29·99 per cent. was recovered in 1873. Captain Segrave says that the percentage would have been much higher had not the offenders in two cases of dacoity escaped to

foreign territory. They were caught and punished, but only one-seventh of the stolen property was recovered. Captain Segrave draws special attention to the admirable way in which his City Inspector, Row Bahadoor Gajanand Vithal, has traced out stolen property.

Murders.

73. There were 12 murders in 1874 as compared with 8 in 1873. In these 12, convictions were obtained in 7, and 1 case was pending at the close of the year. In one of the cases, in which no conviction was obtained, the Magistrate omitted to take the signature of the accused to the confessions they had made, and they were accordingly acquitted by the Session Court. In another case, a man who had murdered his wife, died before the trial; there was evidence against him ample enough to obtain a conviction.

74. Five of the murders were on account of women, four were committed through jealousy, two for the sake of plunder, and one out of revenge. The following are some of the worst cases:—

1. Murder of a wife by her husband on 12th January on account of supposed infidelity.

2. Murder of a villager by 22 coolies of the village Harkhjena Muwara in Mahi Kánta. The Political Agent Mahi Kánta has been requested to investigate the case.

3. Murder of a child by three men on 8th May in the village Hingoli for the sake of her ornaments, value Rs. 42.

4. Murder of a Koli on 16th May by four men of village of Lalla in Dholka Taluka, on account of a family quarrel.

5. Murder of a Brahmin shroff by three Kolis and a Soni, because the Brahmin was in the habit of swindling them.

6. Murder by poison of two boys by a Musalman of Dholka, on 19th August on account of a family quarrel.

Culpable homicide.

75. There were only 5 cases of culpable homicide, which gives a decrease of 5 as compared with 1873. All were detected by the Police, and a conviction was obtained in 3 cases, and one case was under trial at the end of the year.

Dacoity.

76. There were 10 cases of dacoity committed during 1874 against 18 in 1873. The Police have been successful in dealing with this class of crime; in 6 cases convictions have been obtained, two were pend-

ing, and in the other two, Captain Segrave reports that a *primâ facie* case had been established but that the offenders had not been handed over for trial by the Political authorities.

The following are the worst cases :—

1. An attack by 9 men on some Charuns and a consequent robbery of money, jewels, &c., valued at Rs. 5,296-13-2. Property valued Rs. 256 was recovered and 3 of the offenders were arrested; the other 6 men came from Kattywar, and no trace of the balance of the stolen property could be obtained. This, Captain Segrave says, "was owing to the want of co-operation on the part of the Bajána Durbar."

2. Some goldsmiths and Banias were attacked by seven men on February 20th, and property valued at Rs. 1,000 was carried off. Five men were arrested, and nearly the whole of the stolen property recovered.

3. A camelman was proceeding on May 2nd with cash from Dholera to Bata: he was attacked by 8 men near the former place; two bags which were said to contain Rs. 2,350 each were carried off. Rs. 971 was recovered and 7 prisoners were arrested.

4. On 28th May a woman named Parwati was robbed of her ornaments valued at Rs. 91-7-0. Owing chiefly to the assistance of a Rabari named Gawn Nanga three men were arrested and the stolen property was recovered. The Rabari was given a silver bangle for his good service in this case.

5. On September 9th twenty-five Wagheria Bheels attacked 2 men who were watching their cattle. The Bheels tied the two men to trees and drove off 15 buffaloes and a bullock. With much trouble the offenders were traced to a village called Walechia Patia under the Dungurpur State. They would have all been secured had not the complainants privately received compensation for their loss. As it was, two Wagheria Bheels with 3 of the stolen buffaloes in their possession have been arrested in the village of Adrora under the Mahi Kánta. A *primâ facie* case has been made out, but the accused persons have not been handed over.

77. The other cases of dacoity were not of serious nature, the largest amount stolen being about Rs. 250.

78. During the year one prisoner escaped from the Dhuliakot Jail, but the Police are not to blame, as the man was in charge of a Dhuliakot Jail Peon.

Escape of prisoners.

79. Loss by Fire.

	1873.	1574.
	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad City	1,824	1,50,193
District of Ahmedabad exclusive of City	20,354	12,437
Total... ...	22,178	1,62,630

The difference is owing chiefly to the accidental destruction of Mr. Ranchorlal's mill.

80. The conduct of the Police Force is reported to have been on the whole satisfactory. Only 1 Constable was punished judicially, 18 were dismissed, and 53 officers and 201 men were punished departmentally; 78 received promotion, and 20 received money rewards.

General conduct.

81. The District Superintendent reports that the services of Gajanand Vithal, City Inspector of Ahmedabad, are invaluable. Yusuf Ali, Ghelalabhai Rupshankur, Gopalrao Wasudew, Sultan Khan Moledad Khan and Nanabhai Kawasji are also strongly recommended; the last named has been more successful in dealing with crime than any other Chief Constable in the District.

Subordinate Officers deserving praise.

82. Captain Segrave gives unfavourable reports of four officers. I have already noticed (paras. 60 and 61) three of these; concerning the fourth, the District Superintendent writes:—"2nd Class Chief Constable Dadamia Futihbhai. This officer has on several occasions during the year proved himself untrustworthy, and had it not for good service done in former years I should have reduced him to a lower grade."

Subordinate Officers who have not done their duty.

83. There is a marked improvement in education; 138 officers and 291 men are reported as being able to read and write against 111 and 207 in 1873; 36 officers and 155 men are under instruction against 38 and 117 last year.

Education.

84. Captain Segrave, in his para. 22, writes regarding the great necessity to having legal power to enforce the mustering of suspected persons.

Bad characters in villages.

85. It is hoped that by degrees the District authorities will be able not only to obtain better educated men as Mukhis but also to secure for them a sufficient remuneration.

Village Police.

86. The Assistant Superintendent of Police, Mr. Henderson, is reported as being "very energetic in the discharge of his duties", and as "taking great interest in his work."

Assistant Superintendent.

KAIRA.

Statistics.

87.

Area	Square miles.	1,561
Population		782,733
Strength of Police on 1st January 1875.		754
Police to area		1 to 2·03
Police to population		1 to 1,038

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year	1,065	884	1,949
Proportion of crime to area in square miles	1 to 1·46	1 to 1·77	1 to 8
Proportion of crime to Population ...	1 to 734·96	1 to 885·44	1 to 401·61

Amount of Property stolen and recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
1873	35,407	13,596	38·39
1874	14,488	9,916	68·43

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable. Cases.

Years.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.	Number of persons arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873 ...	2,664	4,055	1,623	2,412	40
1874 ...	1,949	3,651	1,538	2,144	42

Officer in charge.

88. Major LaTouche was in charge of this District during the entire year.

Crime.

89. Crime has visibly decreased, there being only 1,949 cases as compared with 2,627 in the previous year. When it is borne in mind that out of these 1,949 cases 220 were withdrawn or compounded under Sections 188 and 210 of the Criminal Procedure Code, and these would not have been taken into consideration if the returns had been calculated according to the system of last year, then the decrease is really most creditable, and as the District Magistrate of Kaira observes "it is too decided to be set down as a casual fluctuation." The number of persons arrested was 3,651 and 1,538 of these, or 43 per cent, were convicted; in 1873, 4,055 were arrested and 1623 or 40 per cent were convicted; if those arrested by order of Magistrate, and in which the Police are not concerned, are omitted from the calculation, the respective results will be as follows:—

Years.	No. of persons arrested.	No. of persons convicted.	Percentage.
1873	1,467	1,051	72
1874	1,844	1,193	65

The decreased percentage is mainly owing to the cases under Sections 188 and 210 Criminal Procedure Code being included this year.

90. The cause of decrease in the amount of crime is:—

1st. The year under report has been one of comparative plenty and the poorer criminal classes have not been obliged to resort to pilfering to obtain their subsistence.

2nd. The system of patrolling rigorously enforced.

3rd. The strict surveillance maintained by the Police over notorious bad characters.

4th. The greater use of the "cat" and more attention in disposal of cases by the various Magistrates enforced by Mr. Sheppard, the District Magistrate, which has had a *very great effect*.

91. Whilst other crimes have decreased to a great extent, murder and serious crimes have increased.

Murder.

Years.	Murder.	Homicide.	Total.
1873	6	5	11
1874	17	8	25

Of the 17 murders, 8 were convicted, 1 was pending at the end of the year (since convicted), and 5 were discharged. The following are the particulars relating to the most important of these cases :—

(1) Heranj. In this case 3 Kolis assaulted and wounded a Patidar when watching his field on the night of 21st January 1874; the wounds were fatal, and the deceased died on the spot. The assault was the result of revenge on the part of one of the assailants, whose son was sentenced for having attacked and wounded the son of the deceased. The offenders were on conviction sentenced to be hung. The sentence was carried out.

2. Goblaj. A Patidar woman carried on an illicit intercourse with a man of her caste. The woman mixed poison in her husband's food on 25th February 1874, and he died immediately from its effects. The woman and the Bhangia, through whom she had procured the posion, were sentenced to be hung. This sentence was commuted to transportation.

3. Nariád. A Musalmanee was kept by a Kalal of Nariád, who subsequently relinquished his connection with her. On the 19th April 1874, through revenge, the woman enticed away the Kala's son, a boy of about 9 years, and killed him, brutally mutilating the boy's body with

the assistance of a "Bhadbhunja," and another woman of bad character. All three were sentenced to be hung. The two women were hung; the Bhadbhunja was let off by the High Court.

4. A Koli of Umreth had enticed away and brought a Koli woman from one of the Rewá Kánta villages, with whom he contracted the Nátra ceremony. The woman's mother and cousin traced her out and through a Punch obtained her back. The Umreth Koli presisting in following the woman was setupon by her cousin, who knocked him down, and with the assistance of his two Umreth relatives cut his throat, the man dying after a few hours. The murderer was sentenced to be transported for life, the two others being imprisoned for 3 months each. This sentence has been carried out.

5. Ratanpur. On the night of 4th July 1874 a Koli Jithaji of Ratanpur Kapadwanj was watching his field when 3 Kolis of Mahi Kánta came for theft. Being recognized they ran away, closely pursued by Jithaji and others, when on the point of being overtaken one of the offenders shot an arrow, which so injured Jithaji that he died on the 1st of following month. All three persons were sentenced to be hung. This was commuted by the High Court to prisoner No. 1 being hung and prisoners 2 and 3 transported.

6. Dharora. A Koli of Dharora Mátar was indebted to a Bania of his village, who in defiance of the Koli's entreaties and solicitations sold his house and other property in satisfaction of his debts, having obtained a decree from the Civil Court. On the 16th July 1874 the Koli attacked and stabbed with a knife the Bania, who died on the spot. The Koli has been transported for life.

7. Keriaw. A Bania of Nariád had purchased a field from a woman who had held it in mortgage from its owner, a Koli named Jasa Wakha of Bamroli, a village of the Gaikwar's Pargana of Petlad, who persistently refused to give up the possession of the field which he personally cultivated. Having recourse to the Civil Court the Bania obtained the possession of the land. On the 1st August 1874 the Bania accompanied by his Brahmin friend and labourers went to the field to plant rice. On this the original owner, aided by some relatives, assaulted the Bania and the Brahmin with sticks; they both died on the spot.

Five offenders were apprehended, four of whom were convicted and sentenced to be hung; the 5th was discharged by the Session Judge. This sentence was carried out in regard to 3 convicts: the fourth died before execution.

8. Dadasar. A Brahmin carried on an intrigue with a female relation of the murderer who was a friend of his. On the night of 26th August 1874 he went with the murderer to cut some crops. On their return in company with two other persons who joined them in route, one of the men walking behind hamstrung the Brahmin with a bill hook. As soon as the Brahmin fell the others almost cut him to pieces with swords, which they threw within the limits of a neighbouring village. The commission of this crime was not unknown to the villagers, but the offenders being men of position and means and also dangerous characters no one came forward to give information. On the report of the Mukhi of the village where portions of the murdered man's body were thrown, the Police at once energetically set to work and succeeded in collecting strong evidence against the three offenders who were apprehended. All three were sentenced to be hung. This sentence was commuted to transportation.

9. Sawli. On the night of the 22nd October 1874 on the highway between Kapadwanj and Dakor, a party of 30 men of the former place were proceeding to attend at the annual fair at Dakor. A gang of 19 persons, all Waghers and Kolis of the Thasra, Mahudha and Nariad Talukas surprised and assaulted the party who were sleeping in their carts. One of the travellers was so severely hurt that he died on the spot and the thieves then stripped the travellers of their clothes and ornaments and departed. The dacoits for some time succeeded in evading detection, but the Police finally traced them out. Two-thirds of the stolen property was recovered and 18 out of 19 offenders were apprehended and committed to the sessions, where only one was discharged, 2 having turned Queen's evidence. Jenola Waghree, the leader of the gang, was sentenced to be hung, his brothers to transportion for life, and the rest of the gang to various terms of imprisonment.

Homicide.

92. There were 8 cases of homicide as compared with 5 in the previous year. Of these 8, 7 were detected and convictions obtained in 6: it appears that there was a failure of justice in the seventh.

Attempts at murder.

93. Three cases occurred under this head against 1 in 1873: 2 of these have been convicted and the extradition of the offender in the third is awaited.

Kidnapping.

94. There were five cases of kidnapping in 1874: none of these were for immoral purposes: convictions have been obtained in four of them, and in the fifth the offenders have not been given up.

Dacoity.

95. There were only three cases of dacoity as compared with five during the previous year: 19 prisoners were taken, out of whom 18 were convicted. There were no professional dacoits amongst the offenders.

Other crimes.

96. There has been a general decrease in other crimes except in robbery, in which there are 13 cases more than there were in 1873; but out of 65 prisoners 52 or 80 per cent have been punished, and the cases of four were pending at the end of the year.

Housebreaking with intent to commit theft.

97. This crime has decreased by 69 per cent. In 1874 there were 61 cases, 32 of which were convicted against 47 convictions out of 196 cases in 1873.

Rewards.

98. Pecuniary rewards were given to 47 District Police, 44 Village Police, and to 29 outsiders as shown in the subjoined return:—

Number of rewards.	Recepients of rewards.	Amount.			Promotion.	Remarks.
		Rs.	a.	p.		
55	District Police ...	613	6	8	69	Of this Rs. 500 was proclaimed by District Magistrate, 65 given by a complainant, and the rest was from the Budget grant.
46	Village Police ...	354	9	0		
36	Outsiders ...	314	0	0		
	Total Rs...	1,281	15	8		

Police Buildings.

99. There is an excess of Rs. 5,606-11-6 on the expenditure on Police Buildings over that for 1873. This is owing to the Lines at Borsad having been completed and handed over by the Public Works Department. Major LaTouche again brings to notice the fact

that the hospital building at Kaira is situated in a very unhealthy site, and that it is very inconveniently distant from the lines.

Education.

100. The progress of education is satisfactory, the numbers of those able to read and write being as follows :—

Years.	Officers.	Men.
1873	59	99
1874	83	224

In addition to these, 13 officers and 119 men are under instruction; this is out of a total Force of 143 officers and 610 men.

Punishments.

101. One officer and 15 men were dismissed during the year, 67 officers and 144 men were punished departmentally, and 1 officer and 13 men were punished judicially by a Magistrate. Last year 1 officer and 36 men were dismissed, 58 officers and 227 men were punished departmentally, and 1 officer and 8 men were punished judicially. Thus, in the year under report, while there has been a marked improvement in efficiency, there has been a decrease of punishment—a fact of itself indicating careful and successful administration by Major LaTouche, the District Superintendent. The proportion of men furnished is 33 per cent. There have been no desertions.

Superior officers.

102. There was a change in the Police Inspectors during the year. Rao Saheb Dadaji Bhikaji was transferred to Colába, and Khan Saheb Cursetji Nussurwanji on the 23rd December came to Kaira.

Chief Constables.

103. Major LaTouche strongly recommends Chief Constables Lall Anoo, Dilbag Khan and Mea Khan for having done very good work. He also recommends Chief Constables Kumrodeen, Motilal and Gopalrao Bulvunt, and finally he says,—"Of one and all I am gratified in being able to say that they *have tried*, and that have done much better than last year."

Office Establishment.

104. I cordially agree with the District Magistrate of Kaira that Major LaTouche deserves the commendation of Government for the way in which he has administered the Police in the Kaira District.

105. Owing to the increase of population in Kaira, hamlets are daily springing up: these are situated far away from the original villages, and the Watandárs naturally refuse to pay for a second officiator to look after these hamlets. Mr. Sheppard, the District Magistrate, is obliged to enforce responsibility from the leaders of the new community, but he remarks "without any provision for salary," this system is hardly a fair one except as a temporary expedient, and I think it would be well to obtain the wishes of Government as to whether in such cases new watans should be created under Section 22 of the new Act." This is a point on which the District Magistrate and Collector has been called upon to make special reference.

Supervision in new hamlets.

106. Mr. Sheppard proposes that criminals should be classified according to sex in order that such record might be useful hereafter to ascertain the effects, if any, on our criminal statistics of our efforts to educate the sexes. I cannot agree with Mr. Sheppard, as I consider the trouble of elucidating this information would be far greater than its value deserves.

Classifying criminals according to sex.

PANCH MA'HA'LS.

Statistics.

107.

Area	Square miles	1,731
Population		240,743
Strength of Police on 1st January 1875		824
Police to area		1 to 2·1
Police to population		1 to 292·16

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874.	568	350	918
Proportion of crime to area in square miles.	1 to 3·05	1 to 4·95	1 to 1·89
Proportion of crime to population.	1 to 423·85	1 to 687·84	1 to 2·62

Amount of Property stolen and recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
1873	11,127	4,067	36·5
1874	12,203	3,650	29·91

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.	Number of persons arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873 ...	797	1,388	728	730	52·
1874 ...	918	1,339	598	690	45·

Officers in charge.

108. Captain R. Westmacott was in charge from 1st January until 18th February; Lieutenant Humfrey from 19th February to 8th December, and Lieutenant Dickson till the end of the year. The office of Assistant Superintendent was in charge of three officers.

Crime.

109. The total number of offences complained of during the year was 918, of which 568 were cognizable and 350 non-cognizable. Last year there were 797, of which 520 were cognizable and 277 non-cognizable. Of the 918 which occurred during the year 131 were compounded or withdrawn; these were not counted last year. If these are withdrawn for the sake of comparison, there remain 787, *i.e.* to say, there has been a decrease of 10 cases during the year.

Murder.

110. There were 2 cases of murder against 5 in the previous year, and one case was remaining from 1873. The only prisoner who was arrested (his arrest was for the 1873 case) was convicted. In one case the murderer is known and will, it is hoped, soon be arrested. The other case occurred at Jhálod on January 17th. A party of travelling Pathans were camped at the village Kahgám; the murdered man, one of the party, saw a man in the dark trying to steal a horse; the thief seeing that he was likely to be caught,

fired an arrow at the Pathan and fled; the Pathan was struck on the left breast, and he died at once. There is no prospect of discovering the murderer.

Attempts at murder.

111. There were two cases and one remaining over from 1873; in one of the new cases, the prisoner was acquitted, and in the other discharged for want of evidence; the case which occurred in 1873 still remains over.

Culpable homicide.

112. There were six cases of culpable homicide during the year under report against five in 1873; one conviction was obtained, and one case is still pending.

Dacoity.

113. There were five cases of dacoity during the year and one remained undetected from last year. All were investigated. One was pending trial before the Sissions Court, two were acquitted, and onvictions were obtained in two.

Education.

114. There are 52 officers and 154 men who can read and write, and 9 officers and 219 men are under instruction.

Punishment.

115. Seventeen men were dimissed in 1874; 8 officers and 77 men were punished departmentally, and 9 men were punished judicially. Last year 7 men were dismissed; 12 officers and 72 men were punished departmentally, and one was punished judicially.

Rewards.

116. Fifty received promction, 5 received money rewards in 1874 against 18 receiving promotion and 1 a money reward in 1873.

Superior officers.

117. The work of Khan Bahadoor Hussain Shah is reported as satisfactory. Inspector Motilal has been sent to another district, but when he was in the Panch Máháls, he did not display as much acctvity and vigour in his work as the Superintendent could have desired.

General remarks.

118. There is a slight apparent decrease in the efficiency of the Police of this District during 1874. The Acting Agent to the Governor in the Panch Máháls thinks this "may perhaps be ascribed to the fact that from August 1st to the end of the year there was no Assistant Superintendent. The configuration of the District, separated as it is by the intervening Bária State into two divisions a considerable distance apart and surrounded on all sides by foreign territory, as well as

the character of the population, render the constant presence of a European Officer in each of the Divisions a matter of considerable importance, both to the prevention and to the detection of crime." In this opinion I concur, and am glad that the vacant Assistantship has been duly filled up.

BROACH.

Statistics.

119.	Area ... ... Square miles	1,358
	Population...	350,322
	Strength of Police on 1st January 1875...	417
	Police to area	1 to 326
	Police to population	1 to 840

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874.	1,335	563	1,898
Proportion of crime to area in square miles.	1 to 1·02	1 to 2·41	1 to 72
Proportion of crime to population.	1 to 2·62	1 to 622·24	1 to 184·05

Amount of Property stolen and recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Precentage.
1873	43,938	21,729	49·4
1874	27,754	13,572	48·8

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.	No. of persons arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873 ...	2,051	3,537	1,408	2,165	39
1874 ...	1,898	3,178	960	2,185	30

120. With the exception of one month and 21 days (from 2nd October to 22nd November) when Mr. Kennedy was in charge, the Police in this District were under Mr. Scannell.

Officer in charge.

121. From the foregoing statements it will be seen that there has been an increase of 364 cognizable offences in the year under report as compared with the preceding year. This is not really the case, as there were 383 cases of hurt and 3 of mischief, which according to the former mode of calculation would not have been classed as cognizable, but this year have been so classed: in reality there has been a decrease of 22 offences.

Crime.

122. In cognizable and non-cognizable offences taken together there is a decrease of 153 cases in the year under review as compared with the previous year. 3,178 persons were arrested in connection with these cases, but only 960, or 30 per cent, were convicted, which is a most unsatisfactory result.

123. The percentage of property recovered to property stolen is nearly the same as it was last year, *i.e.*, about 50 per cent. In 1874 Rs. 14,020 was recovered out of Rs. 29,302 reported as stolen, and in 1872 Rs. 22,044 was recovered out of Rs. 44,253 reported as stolen, so there is a slight decrease during the year.

Recovery of stolen property.

124. Four murders took place during the year under report against 9 in the preceding year. In one of these a conviction was obtained, one was pending trial at the close of the year, and in two no convictions were obtained. The following are the particulars relating to the murders:—

Murders.

(1). On account of a quarrel one Tikam Bhowsing of Nandgám on December 20th 1873 struck his wife Kasu over the head with a stick. Kasu died on 1st January. Tikam was convicted on a charge of homicide, and sentenced to transportation for life.

(2.) One Punja Bapu was minding his crops on January 19th. According to his account, he was set on and beaten by 5 men, including one Jagmalia Kewall and 2 of his family. The other two were dependants on the Kewall family, between which and Punja Bapu there had been a quarrel of long standing on account of a mortgage on land. Punja Bapu called for help and 2 men ran up but went away; they declared to the voice of Jagmalia Kewall. Punja Bapu died the following day. The accused were dismissed on account of want of sufficient evidence.

(3) Hamad Metha and Adam Isey, village Sitpor, were in love with the wife of their brother-in-law Isey Baggas. This woman was living with Adam Isey, and Hamad Metha tried to induce her to live with him instead. On account of this a false charge of theft was brought against Hamad Metha. When the Village Police entered his house on July 16th to examine into the case, he is said to have struck his daughter on the head with a piece of wood. The Police saw the blow struck; the people at the back door heard the blow and the voices of the mother and sister of deceased asking why the child had been killed. The defence was that the child had fallen from the upper-story. The Magistrate dismissed the case.

(4) One Hasan Kadhu, with 3 others, was travelling on 15th October from Karbhari to Dehej when he was attacked by four armed men. Hasan was attacked by all four; his companions ran away, and the murderers all cut off his head. All four were recognized by Hasan's companions. The case was pending at the close of the year.

Attempts at murder.

125. There was 1 case under this head against two in the preceding year. The case was discharged on account of want of sufficient evidence.

Culpable homicide.

126. No case under this head occurred during the year.

Dacoity.

127. Three cases of dacoity occurred during 1874 against the same number in 1873. In one a conviction was obtained, one was undetected, and the third was pending trial.

Highway robbery.

128. There were two cases of highway robbery; in one of them no trace of men or property stolen has been found. In the 2nd case Rs. 480 worth of property out of Rs. 617 worth stolen was recovered. Of 6 prisoners 5 were sentenced to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment and one was acquitted.

Rioting.

129. There were no cases of rioting reported during the year, and no cases under Sections 372, 373, 396, and 328.

130. The following tabular statement exhibits the percentage of cognizable cases convicted and property recovered in the several talukas of the Broach District;—

Talukas.	Cases investigated.	Cases convicted.	Percentage.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Percentage.
Broach City	152	76	50	7,701	2,677	34·7
Broach Taluka	173	45	26	1,210	927	76·6
Amod	201	64	31·8	4,240	3,019	71·2
Jambusar	322	97	30·1	11,822	5,622	47·5
Wágra	124	23	18·5	1,540	1,176	76·3
Ankleswar	262	90	34·3	500	82	16·4
Hánsot	119	22	18·4	741	69	9·3

Loss by fire.

131. The total loss by fire during the year was Rs. 11,415. being about a third of the loss reported in 1873.

Stray dogs.

132. The number of dogs destroyed is as follows :—

	1873.	1874.
Dogs	1,680	3,367
Puppies	1,022	1,743

Village Police.

133. Mr. Scannell makes the common complaint regarding the Village Police being of little use to the other Police. The proposed reorganization will, it is trusted, remedy this.

Recruits.

134. There is a difficulty experienced in securing good recruits, but Mr. Scannell states he tries to secure only educated men and men who have been for three years in Guzerat.

Conduct of Police.

135. The conduct of the Police during the year 1874 shows an improvement as compared with 1873 :—

Years.	Dismissed.	Punished.
1873	16	138
1874	11	90

136. The following officers are recommended as having done good service :—Ramchandra Balwant, District Police Inspector; Thakordas Surajlal, Chief Constable, Jambusar; and Sudalsing Jalumsing, Chief Constable of Broach. The Chief Constable of Ankleswar, Narberam Umedram, lately promoted to Chief Constable, is reported as being most energetic.

Conduct of subordinate officers.

SURAT.

Statistics.

137.

Area	Square miles	1,588
Population	...	607,087
Strength of Police on 1st January	...	649
Police to area	...	1 to 2½
Police to population	...	1 to 935

	Congisable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874.	1,752	1,223	2,975
Proportion of crime to area in square miles.	1 to·90	1 to 1·3	1 to ·54
Proportion of crime to population.	1 to 347·5	1 to 496·	1 to 204

Amount of Property stolen and recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
1873	36,679	10,883	29
1874	26,394	9,066	34

Cognizable and Non-cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.	No of persons arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873 ...	2,927	4,857	1,977	2,815	41·
1874 ...	2,975	5,098	1,70	3,308	35·

138. Captain Portman from January 1st to January 31st, Khan Bahadoor Yusuf Ali from February 1st to February 20th, and Captain Westmacott from February 20th to December 31st.

Officers in charge.

139. In 1874 there were 2,975 offences, of which 1,752 are cognizable and 1,223 are non-cognizable. In 1873 there were 2,927 offences, of which 1,464 were cognizable and 1,463 non-cognizable; thus there has been an increase of 288 cognizable cases and a decrease of 240 in non-cognizable cases. If offences coming under Sections 323, 428 and 429 of the Indian Penal Code are deducted from cognizable and are added to non-cognizable, the result will be :—

Crime.

	1873		1874	Increase.	Decrease
Cognizable	1,464	...	1,536	72	...
Non-cognizable	1,463	...	1,439	...	24

140. In the 1,752 cognizable cases 2,427 persons were arrested, of whom 1,236, or 51 per cent, were convicted, 775 acquitted and 88 remained over for trial at the end of year against 60 per cent for last year.

141. The amount of property stolen in 1874 was Rs. 26,394, of which Rs. 9,066, or 34 per cent, were recovered. In the previous year Rs. 36,679 were stolen and Rs. 10,883, or 29 per cent, was recovered. The year under report therefore shows an improvement over 1873 of 5 per cent of property recovered.

Stolen property.

142. There were six murders in 1874 against the same number in 1873. The particulars of them are as follws :—

Murders.

(1) In June one Veniram placed poison in his mother-in-law's food, and when she became insensible he broke her neck and threw her body into a dry well. The evidence is reported to have appeared strong against Veniram, but he was acquitted by the Sessions Judge.

(2) The second was at Jujwa in the Bulsar Pargana; 2 prisoners were arrested, and both were convicted.

(3) Nicha Limbaree, with his son Pemla Nicha, were accused of going to the house of one Narnu Hansjee and pulling him outside, where Nicha held him down while Pemla stabbed him. Pemla stabbed five people who came to arrest him; he was convicted, but his father was acquitted.

(4) On 6th November at Ternia Pargana Mándvi, a drunken brawl took place between some Bheels; all joined in it, and a woman named Nani was thrown down and killed. Several prisoners were taken up, but they were all acquitted

(5) A case of poisoning pending at the end of the year. It has since resulted in one conviction and one acquittal. A girl had been confined and was living at her mother's. Her husband with a Brahmin came to see her, and gave her some medicine from the effects of which she died. The drugs were analysed and proved to be poison. The husband was convicted, but the Brahmin was acquitted.

(6) This was under trial at the end of the year, but the prisoners have since been acquitted. On 4th December all the Dher houses of Gandevi, with the exception of one belonging to a man named Ranchorio, were burnt down. Two brothers, Khuslo and Bhiklo, were angry at this, and they tried to burn Ranchorio's house. He remonstrated, and Khuslo, at Bhiklo's instigation, hit Ranchorio on the head, from the effects of which he died.

143. There were two cases under this head during 1874 against none in 1873. On May 8th one Mussa Isab was given a sweetmeat that made him ill; his wife gave it to Fakira, who gave it to Mussa. Both prisoners were acquitted. In the other case 4 men beat one Ram Venkat, because he would not lend them cooking pots; all prisoners were acquitted.

Attemps at murder.

144. There were two cases in 1874 against five cases in 1873. In one of these a conviction and in the other an acquittal was obtained.

Culpable homicide.

145. There were 7 cases of so-called dacoity in 1874 against five in 1873. In these convictions were obtained in only two, but one case was pending at the end of the year.

Dacoity.

146. There were four cases under this head against none of last year. Two have been convicted, one is under trial, and the 4th has been traced to Gaikwari territory.

Highway robbery.

147. During the year under report, Rs. 95,029 worth oa property has been destroyed by fire against Rs. 98,626 during last year.

Loss by fire.

148. Six men have been promoted, and eight have been given money rewards, against five who received promotion and 14 who received money rewards in 1873.

Rewards.

149. Ten men have been dismissed, fifteen officers and 97 men have been punished departmentally, and 5 men have been punished judicially. Last year 18 men were dismissed, 21 officers and 127 men were punished departmentally, and two officers and 2 men were punished judicially.

Punishments.

Education.

150. Sixty-seven officers and 85 men are reported as being able to read and write, and 95 men are under instruction. The school goes on satisfactorily, but it can be used only by the recruits and children, as owing to heavy work the men have no time to attend the school.

Superior officers.

151. Mr. Hirjibhai Jivanji, Inspector, continues to work well. Mr. Yusaf Ali was in the course of the year transferred to Ahmedabad; his successor, Mr. Narayen Krishna, appears to be an active and good detective. Chief Constables Lallubhai Dayabhai, Krishnalal Narsidas, Parbhu Bhookhundas, Utamram Pansukram, and Faizali have done well, and the conduct of Chief Constables Chotilal Narundas, Gulam Nabi Banu, and Babaji Dewji has been good. Chief Constable Subhanrao Sugnaji was tried on a charge of torture and acquitted, but he was punished departmentally.

Office Establishment.

152. Captain Westmacott speaks well of all his Office Establishment, but he especially mentions his English writer, Mr. Jamnadas Maneklal, and his Sheristedar, Mr. Bhagwandas Thakurdas, as having done particularly good work.

Police Buildings.

153. Captain Westmacott writes as follows: "There are in the Surat District 45 outposts, not including some temporary posts in Párdi and Chorási, and of these 11 as per margin are very bad indeed; except for the larger ones which will require engineering skill, the work could be cheaper done if Government would make over a sum of money to me to account for as was done in the Panch Máhál some few years ago, 1871 if I am not mistaken. Those marked with a cross, I do not consider fit for men to live in, in the monsoon at all."

Jaman Kuwa.
Anita.
Mándvi.
Katárgám.
† Supa.
† Matwád.
Chikhli.
† Gandevi.
Dungri.
Párdi.
† Dhagar Mul.

Necessity for strengthening the City Police.

154. I quote and draw special attention to para. 31 of the Superintendent's Report:—

"31. I wish to bring to your notice the very small allowance of men. I have to do the city work with less than 1 man for every 1,000 inhabitants and less than half in proportion to what are allowed in Ahmedabad. If the men did their work properly they would get no sleep night or day, and although I acknowledge the detection and recovery in the city is far from what it ought to be, it is not so much the fault of the men as of the close economy of the present day. In a city like Surat, where every

street holds several houses where stolen property will be made away with, it is absolutely necessary to detect your case promptly after it has been committed, or in most cases there will be neither detection nor recovery of property. I do not, even with the ridiculously small number of men that I have for the city, get the full benefit of their services. By day they have to serve summonses for the Municipality when they should be asleep, and as the Municipality pays nothing whatever to the Police, I trust that duty be made over to the peons of the Municipality. Another reason that I can never get the full use of these men on an emergency, is that having no Police Lines for the city, men live in their own houses and could never be collected together. I respectfully beg that you will take the necessity of City Police Lines being built into your earnest consideration, as also the increase to the City Police and the question of serving Municipal summons."

The acting District Magistrate wrote with reference to this:—"I venture to express a hope that the matter, which has year after year been referred to, will meet with favourable consideration on this occasion. I am endeavouring to relieve the Police of the work of serving Municipal summonses in the city."

155. This question is an important one. As regards the numerical weakness of the Force in the City of Surat, I consider that Government should direct that the Municipality take steps to entirely relieve the Police of the duty of serving Municipal summonses. These must in a large Municipality like Surat tend greatly to overwork the Police, and the practical efficiency of the Police would be greatly secured by relieving them of this duty. As regards Police Lines their absolute necessity must be apparent, especially as the City Force is weak, when suddenly wanted their services can be available only with difficulty, as it must be a troublesome and lengthy job to collect together the men who live in their own homes scattered all over the city. I trust this subject will receive early attention at the hands of Government.

TANNA.

Statistics.

156.	Area	Square miles	4,052
	Population		847,424
	Strength of Police on the 1st January 1875		800
	Police to area		1 to 5
	Police to population		1 to 1,059

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874 ...	2,769	2,998	5,767
Proportion of crime to area in miles	1 to 1·46	1 to 1·35	1 to ·7
Proportion of crime to population	1 to 306	1 to 282·9	1 to 147

Cognizable Crimes.

Years.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.	No. of persons arrested.	Discharged before trial by Magistrates.	Convicted and sentenced.	Acquitted.	Died, escaped.		Pending.	Percentage of conviction to men brought to trial.
						Before trial.	After trial.		
1873 ...	1,631	2,714	779	1,584	279	...	...	72	85
1874 ...	2,769	3,416	681	2,178	548	4	...	55	79·5

Amount of Property stolen and recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage of recovery.
1873	22,803	10,821	47·4
1874	25,480	10,090	39·6

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.	Arrested.	Discharged by Magistrates before trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Died, escaped, &c.	Pending.	Percentage of conviction to men brought to trial.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873 ...	1,642	2,749	779	1,598	300	...	72	84·2	58·1
1874 ...	2,806	3,485	681	2,178	567	3	56	79·3	62·5

Comparative Statement.

Offences.	1873. Cases.	No. of arrests.	Discharged by Magistrates.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Pending.	1874. Cases.	No. of arrests.	Discharged by Magistrates.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Pending.	Died, escaped, &c.
Murder	13	32	5	10	12	5	15	30	1	11	12	5	1
Culpable homicide ...	5	9	...	8	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
Dacoity	15	47	...	28	11	8	31	178	...	54	109	15	...
Robbery	40	104	41	9	51	3	58	72	14	22	36	...	...
Theft	816	1,346	350	118	852	26	821	1,472	204	253	982	33	...
Receiving stolen property.	19	39	4	6	29	...	34	49	9	12	28	...	...

Officer in charge.

157. Colonel Coles was in charge of the district for the whole year under report.

Crime.

158. In 1874 there were 5,767 cases, of which 2,769 were cognizable and 2,998 non-cognizable; in 1873 there were 4,457 cases, of which 1,631 were cognizable and 2,826 non-cognizable. The cause of the apparent *large* increase is owing to Mr. Ashburner's order, to which I have so often referred: if compounded or withdrawn cases were not included in the returns for 1874, they would be larger than those in 1873 by about 459 instead of 1,310. In these cases 6,542 persons were arrested and 3,554 per cent were convicted. In 1874 there were 4,719 persons arrested and 3,144, or 66 per cent, were convicted.

Cognizable crime.

159. There were 1,123 cases of mischief and hurt coming this year for the first time under cognizable cases: if these are deducted from the 2,769 we get 1,646 as being the number which should be used for the sake of comparison between this and last year, *i.e.* to say, there have been 15 more cognizable offences in 1874 than there were in 1873.

Murder.

160. There were 15 murders in 1874 as compared with 13 in 1873: of these 15,11 have been convicted and sentenced, 3 discharged, 1 died after committal by Magistrate, 1 not tried. The following are the chief particulars:—

1. Husband killed by his wife's paramour.

2. Father suspecting a woman of having caused the death of his child by witchcraft, killed the woman.
3. Child murdered for sake of ornaments.
4. A man beat his wife, from the effects of which she died.
5. Child murdered for sake of ornaments.
6. Woman strangled her illegitimate child at birth.
7. A blind man killed his sleeping sister-in-law because she had refused to hold criminal intercourse with him.
8. A man murdered his wife's three paramours.
9. A woman found in a well, supposed to have been thrown in by a man who had failed to rape her.
10. Child died from effects of poison.
11. A man killed his wife with an axe.
12. A man killed by his servant aided by another man through enmity.
13. A man quarrelled with his wife; being overcome with drink, he mistook the child for his wife and beat her, and the child died from the effects of beating.
14. Two men beat and killed a woman they believed to be a witch.
15. A man killed his wife, and hid himself in a tree, and then attempted to commit suicide by throwing himself off the tree.

30 people were arrested on charge of murder; of these:—

11 sentenced to death.
5 do. transportation for life.
7 discharged by Session Court.
5 do. Magistrate.
1 died after commencement of trial.
1 pending. Prisoner in hospital.

161. There was only one case in 1874 against 5 in 1873.

Culpable homicide.

Four Purdesis, who were kept for the purpose of protecting grass, attacked a man with sticks, from the effects of which he died. Three absconded, and one was discharged by Magistrate for want of evidence.

Dacoity.

162. There were (including 5 cases not reported to the Police) altogether 26 cases of dacoity and 4 from last year. In 1873 there were only 15, and in 1872 there were 28.

9	cases occurred in	Taluka	Wára.
8	,,	,,	Karjat.
3	,,	,,	Kalyán.
3	,,	,,	Sháhápur.
1	,,	,,	Murbád.
1	,,	,,	Bhiwandi.
1	,,	,,	Salsette.

Including a case which was convicted in 1875, 21 of these have been convicted, two have been discharged, and 3 remain undetected. Four cases which were undetected in 1873 were detected and convictions were obtained. The success of the Police in dacoity cases has been great.

163. Three circumstances require explanation: (*a*) the cause of so many cases of dacoities occurring in Wára and Karjat; (*b*) why 5 cases were not reported to the Police; (*c*) how only Rs. 420 worth of property has been recovered out of Rs. 3,587 reported as stolen.

(*a.*) Honia's gang have been out the whole of the year, and although they did not commit many dacoities in this District, still the use of Honia's name has been a very favourite method of extorting (most of these being only extortion cases) ten or twenty rupees from a terrified Patel.

(*b.*) The people are reluctant to come forward both from fear and also from idleness. Some property was found and some of an implicated gang confessed to former dacoities which led to investigation and discovery. The complainants fear the revenge of the offenders, and they do not like the trouble of attending the different courts.

(*c.*) Rs. 2,526 was stolen in the Mandowan case, which has not been recovered: this case was committed by Honia's gang, and 4 men have been convicted.

Punishments.

164. Two officers and 18 men have been dismissed, 19 officers and 5 men have been punished departmentally; 6 men have been punished judicially; last year two officers and 7 men were dismissed, ten officers and 19 men punished departmentally, and 3 men punished judicially.

Rewards.

165. Two of the Police have been rewarded by promotion, and eight have received money rewards; last year nineteen Police were rewarded by promotion.

Education.

166. Sixty-four officers and 74 men are able to read and write against 55 officers and 58 men who were able to do so last year: at that time 12 officers and 100 men were under instruction, now 7 officers and 80 men are under instruction. A Pandit has now been appointed to the school, but owing to the paucity of the men at head quarters, the recruits have to be sent on duty almost immediately they are enlisted, which of course leaves them little leisure to attend school.

Conduct of Police.

167. The conduct of the Police is reported to be good. Colonel Coles especially recommends Kasamkhan Mahomedkhan, Chief Constable of Karjat, Balsarwut Omrat Savant, Chief Constable of Wára, Ganput Mulhari, Chief Constable of Murbád, and Mr. Balkison Omarsing, Chief Constable of Sháhápur, as having done excellent service; he also praises Babaji Govind, Chief Constable of Umbargám. The Superintendent also writes that "the Inspector, Mr. Chinto Vinayek, appears zealous and works well."

COLA'BA.

Statistics.

168.

Area	Square miles	1,482
Population		350,405
Strength of Police on January 1st 1875 ...		306
Police to area		1 to 4·84
Police to population		1 to 1,145

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874...	1,309	993	2,302
Proportion of crime to area in square miles ...	1 to 1·13	1 to 1·49	1 to ·64
Proportion of crime to population	1 to 267·68	1 to 352·88	1 to 152·22

Amount of Property stolen and recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
1873	12,297	3,546	28·83
1874	10,507	5,873	55·89

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.	No. of persons arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873	2,183	4,020	1,192	2,829	29·
1874	2,302	3,783	1,188	2,587	31·

Officers in charge.

169. The undermentioned officers were in charge of the office of District Superintendent of Police, Colába, during the year 1874 :—

		From	To	Days.
1	Mr. J. Duggan	1st January	5th February	36
2	Captain Portman	6th February	17th do.	12
3	Mr. Fowler	18th do.	27th do.	10
4	Mr. S. Smith	28th do.	31st March.	32
5	Captain Portman	1st April	27th November	241
6	Captain Payne	28th November	31st December	34

170. The Colába Police are not in an efficient state, and Government cannot complain, as it will be seen from the above table that the Superintendents were changed 6 times during the year, and 5 of them held office for less than 40 days at a time. It is little wonder that there is a want of efficiency in the Colába Police Force. An officer is unable in a short term of 6 weeks to know much of the Force: he cannot tell the efficient from the inefficient; his suspicions may be roused as regards a particular officer, but before he has time to verify his suspicions he is relieved by another officer who has the same troubles to encounter as his predecessor had before him.

171. The total number of offences committed during the year under report is 2,302: of these 1,309 were cognizable and 993 non-cognizable. These figures include all cases compounded or withdrawn under Sections 188 and 210 Criminal Procedure Code, of which there were cognizable 311 and non-cognizable 411 ; deducting these the number of offences is 1,580. Of this number 998 are cognizable and 582 non-cognizable, which, when compared with the entries in the returns for 1873, shows an increase of 187 in the former and a decrease of 790 under the latter head; but if a deduction be made from the cognizable crimes of 210 cases coming under Section 323 Criminal Procedure Code, which has only been made cognizable by the Police since May 1874, the result compared with 1873 is a decrease in cognizable offences of 23. Captain Payne reports:—"On examining "the returns for 1872 and 1873, I find in the former year that "offences compounded or withdrawn were altogether excluded, "whereas in 1873 they were omitted only in the statement of cog- "nizable and shown in that of non-cognizable offences. This will "account for the apparent increase of non-cognizable offences in "1873; but if the system observed in 1872 had been followed in "1873, the entry under this head would have been 715 and 1,372. "This would reduce the total amount of crime in 1873 to 1,526, "and instead of there being an increase of crime in 1873, there "was really a decrease, and in 1874 the actual decrease in non-cog- "nizable cases as compared with 1873 is 133 and not 791."

Crime.

172. The number of cognizable cases in which convictions were obtained is 469, which, out of a total of 1,309 cases, is decidedly bad. In all cases 3,783 people were arrested and 1,188, or 34 per cent, were convicted.

173. The value of property reported to be stolen is Rs. 10,507, of which amount Rs. 5,873, or nearly 56 per cent, was recovered. In 1873, Rs. 12,297 was stolen and only Rs. 3,546, or about 29 per cent, was recovered; thus the Police appear to have been more successful in their recoveries than they were last year.

Recovery of stolen property.

174. There were five cases of murders reported and investigated during 1874, being 3 in excess of 1873. In 3 cases convictions were obtained, one case was committed to the Sessions in December and cannot be tried until March 1875 as there is no intermediate Criminal Sessions, and one case was acquitted. This delay deserves the attention of Government.

Murder.

175. In this last case there has most undoubtedly been a great failure of justice, and for this the Police are in no way to

blame. Eight men were apprehended by the Police, 1 for the murder and 7 for abetment of the same; of these 2 were made approvers. The evidence against the accused could scarcely have been stronger, yet when the case was tried at the Sessions all the prisoners were acquitted. In this case the sanction of Government was applied for that an appeal should be made to the High Court against the decision of acquittal by the Sessions Judge, Tanna. Mr. Naylor, however, did not support the recommendation.

Homicide.

176. There were two cases of homicide in 1874 against one in 1873. Both cases were detected, but in only one was a conviction obtained. The case acquitted was one in which some Katkaris stealing salt were attacked and one of their number apprehended by 3 Customs peons, who are said to have beaten him so severely that he died next day in hospital from the effects of this beating. The Magistrate who tried the case deemed the evidence insufficient and dismissed it. The case pending from last year was tried in March 1874, and the prisoner was sentenced to 4 years' rigorous imprisonment.

Dacoity.

177. There were two cases of dacoity in 1874 against the same number in 1873. In the first case at Balla in Roha Talúka property to the value of Rs. 594 was stolen. According to the Superintendent, the complainant in this case appears for some inexplicable reason to have purposely misled the Police, and no conviction has been obtained.

(2.) The 2nd case was that of a Constable who was attacked by 5 men, and a warrant which he was serving was forcibly taken away from him. The 5 men were immediately apprehended, but they were eventually acquitted by the Sessions Court.

(3.) Of the 2 dacoities remaining from last year, in the 1st the 5 prisoners were transported for life, and in the second, the Ambeshivtar case, out of 12 prisoners 2 were made approvers, 1 acquitted, and 9 transported for life.

Arms and accoutrements.

178. New carbines were received and issued during the year to the armed portion of the Force. New accoutrements have been sanctioned and indented for, and they were expected early in 1875.

Detective ability.

179. The Superintendent reports a decided want of detective ábility in the Police, and says that only 2 men have shown any intelligence in this respect.

Rewards.

180. Rewards to the amount of Rs. 310 were distributed during the year, viz. :—

Policemen	...	... Rs. 135
Villagers	..	... „ 175

General conduct.

181. Two Head Constables and 10 Constables were dismissed in 1874. 15 Head Constables and 29 Constables punished departmentally and 3 Constables were punished judicially, —total 59 punished. In 1873, 2 Chief Constables were reduced, 6 Constables dismissed, 22 Head Constables and 73 Constables punished departmentally—total 103 punished.

Education.

182. Education is continuing, 13 officers and 81 men attended the school and 26 officers and 60 men are able to read and write. Rs. 35 was expended in the year for the purchase of books, and Rs. 12 was expended in the purchase of prizes for the boys.

New lines.

183. New lines are much needed at Mahád, Nágothna and Roha, but more especially at Mahád, where the present lines are reported as being past repair.

Superior officers.

184. Mr. Fowler was reported as being unfit for work on account of sickness: Mr. Vasudev Kasinath acted for him and performed the duties satisfactorily. Chief Constable Chinto Vinayek also did good service. Captain Payne speaks well of his office establishment.

General remarks.

185. The inhabitants of 60 villages in the Alibág Taluka have taken the pledge to abstain from liquor, and the Superintendent thinks that perhaps that is a reason for a decrease in crime. With reference to Mr. Ashburner's remarks in last year's Police Report that Colába has been for 4 years the worst District in the Division, Captian Payne writes as follows :—

"I think this is in a great measure to be accounted for by the fact that when Colába was made a Collectorate in 1871, the men transferred from Tanna to compose the Colába Police were not such as could possibly make an efficient force, the majority being either old and incompetent or very young and inexperienced,—in fact they seem to have been the refuse of the Tanna Police. The old incapables are gradually disappearing and being replaced by young and better educated men, but these are wanting in experience and have yet to learn their duties."

NA'SIK.

186. Area ... ...Square miles 8,140
Population 734,386
Strength of Police on 1st January 1875. 725
Police to area ... ... 1 to 11·23
Police to population ... ... 1 to 1,013

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874 ..	2,033	1,216	3,249
Proportion of crime to area	1 to 4	1 to 6·69	1 to 2·5
Proportion of crime to population	1 to 361·2	1 to 603·94	1 to 226·03

Amount of Property stolen and recovered.

Years	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
1873	67,555	25,313	37·5
1874	33,441	18,152	54·22

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.	No. of persons arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions.
1873	3,474	6,002	2,198	3,776	36·
1874	3,249	5,068	1,991	3,046	39·

187. Captain Wilson was in charge of the office of the Superintendent of Násik Police during the whole of 1874.

Officer in charge.

188. The total number of offences reported to have occurred during the year is 3,249, being a decrease of 225 compared with 1873. The increase is 587 in cognizable crimes and the decrease is 812 in non-cognizable cases. There were 665 cases under Sections 323, 428, and 429. If these are calculated according to the plan adopted before this year we get :—

Crime.

	1873.	1874.	Decrease.
Cognizable	1,446	1,368	78
Non-cognizable	2,028	1,881	147

which is satisfactory.

189. Out of 32 cases committed to the Sessions convictions were obtained in only 11. In commenting upon this Captain Wilson writes:—"No Magistrates, I am satisfied, could be more painstaking and careful with their cases than ours, and I beg to thank them for their cordial co-operation. The Police are at a disadvantage in Sessions cases; it is always difficult to get the people to give evidence in them, they are so averse to leaving their houses: add to this that the Sessions are held at a considerable distance from the centre of this large District, entailing a long journey to and fro besides the attendance at the Magistrate's court, and it is easy to understand the people's desire to abstain from giving evidence in a Sessions case. I submit that the number of cases detected and submitted to the Sessions is a better criterion of the efficiency of the Police than the number of convictions obtained in each case."

Convictions in cognizable crime.

190. In 2,033 cognizable cases taken up by the Police, 3,028 persons were arrested; of these 2,475 were brought to trial and 1,275, or 51·51 per cent., were finally convicted. If the prisoners who were arrested under Sections 323, 428 and 429 of the Penal Code are omitted, the percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested is 58·36 against 60 in 1873. In the same way the percentage of cases convicted to cases investigated is 44; but if the omission noted above is made, it becomes 54 against a former 58.

Murders.

191. There were 8 cases of murder in 1874 as compared with 8 in 1873. Of these 8, convictions were obtained in 2, two were acquitted by the Sessions Court, 3 remain undetected, and 1 man committed suicide. The three undetected cases are as follows:—

(1.) A body was found in the limits of Pardhari, close to the Nizam's territory, on 20th February 1874. The body has never been recognized, nor is there any one missing from our territory answering to its appearance. It is believed that the murder was committed in the Nizam's territory, and the body deposited in ours.

(2.) The 2nd was a case in which three of a family at Násik partook of some poisoned food; 2 recovered and 1 died. The Police were unable to discover who had placed the poison in the food.

(3.) A nine-months' child was discovered dead on the banks of the river at Násik ; the navel string had not been cut, and the after-birth was attached to the body. There was extravasted blood under the scalp, as if blows had been received on the head. The case therefore remained a murder, the Police being unable to discover whose child it was. The case was probably one more properly coming under Section 315 of the Indian Penal Code.

Attempt to murder.

192. There was only one offence under this head during 1874. A woman was stabbed in 18 places by her paramour; she was far gone in pregnancy, she remained in hospital for 6 weeks, was delivered of a dead child, and to the surprise of all she recovered. The offender tried to commit suicide : he was transported for 10 years.

Culpable homicide.

193. There were 6 cases of culpable homicide in 1874 against none in 1873. Convictions were obtained in four.

Dacoity.

194. There were 3 cases against 7 last year. Captain Wilson reports that only one was a real dacoity case, the others were merely robbery with violence. The 1st case was committed at Bilwan in the Nizam's territory, 2 miles from Násik Districts: 4 offenders were caught by the Násik Police and their case was pending on the 31st December 1874. In the 2nd case no prisoners have been arrested, and in the 3rd case four prisoners were arrested, two of whom were convicted this year.

Receiving stolen property.

195. There were 40 cases against 80 in 1873. Convictions were obtained in 43 per cent against 9 per cent. last year. Rs. 1,512 was recovered out of Rs. 1,640 stolen.

Detective ability and officers deserving mention.

196. Mr. Prescott, Inspector of Police, is worthy of mention for the great patience and skill he showed in the detection of a theft of jewellery at camp Deolali; the whole credit of the recovery was due to him. Mr. Amir Ali, Chief Constable of Násik, has done well, and Mr. Jehangirsha Ardesur is reported as being likely to maintain the high reputation for detective ability he has hitherto enjoyed. Chief Constables Vitoba Ramji and Abdool Islam are reported worthy of mention.

Buildings.

197. Captain Wilson reports that the whole District is badly off for Police buildings. The head quarters are in a rickety state, with no proper quarter guard, store-room or school-room ; they are rented from a private

person at Rs. 15 per month. They only accommodate a portion of the men, the rest finding lodging in the town.

Education.

198. 106 men are able to read and write well, 125 fairly, and 100 are able to sign their name or know their letters.

Conduct.

199. There were 20 officers and 90 men fined and degraded against 32 officers and 123 men similarly treated last year: dismissals were 1 officer and 24 men in 1874, against 5 officers and 33 men in 1873. 12 men were punished judicially in 1874, whilst 4 officers and 16 men were so punished in 1873. In the year under report 11 men have been rewarded with promotion and 49 have received money rewards: last year the respective numbers were 14 and 12.

Vinchorker Police.

200. Captain Wilson again comments on the unsatisfactory arrangements under which the Vinchorker maintains a Police of his own: he quotes the District Magistrate:—"The unsatisfactory arrangements regarding Police in the Inam villages of the Vinchorker was referred so long ago as September 1871, but up to this date no final decision has been received from Government. The matter is one of importance, and the District Magistrate trusts it may be decided at an early date. The present arrangements seem to the District Magistrate to be illegal since the passing of the District Police Act, and may therefore at any moment lead to unpleasant complications." I trust this subject may meet with early disposal.

KHANDESH.

Statistics.

201.

Area ... ... Square miles	10,162
Population...	1,028,642
Strength of Police on 1st January 1875	1,722
Police to area...	1 to 5·9
Police to population	1 to 597

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year ...	2,115	2,216	4,331
Proportion of crime to area in square miles ...	1 to 4·8	1 to 4·58	1 to 2·34
Proportion of crime to population	1 to 486·35	1 to 464·19	1 to 237·51

Amount of Property stolen and recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
1873	66,711	25,188	37·76
1874	45,934	16,255	35·4

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.	No. of cases arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873	3,458	5,378	2,543	2,801	47·
1874	4,331	5,785	2,716	2,979	47·

Officers in charge.

202. Captain Wise was in charge from January 1st until June 8th, and Major Probyn from 9th June until the end of the year: the office of 1st Assistant Superintendent was in the charge of 5 officers, and the 2nd Assistant was changed once.

Crime.

203. Last year there were 3,458 offences, so it appears at first sight that there is an increase this year of 873, but this is not really the case. Out of the 4,331 offences committed this year 1,395 were compounded or settled out of court. These were not included last year amongst the offences, and if this number is deducted from the 4,331 it will be seen that there were actually only 2,936 offences, *i.e.* to say, 522 less than in 1873.

204. In the same way, if for the sake of comparison the offences which were settled under Sections 188 and 210 be taken away from the total number of cognizable offences, it will be seen that actually there were 1,673 cognizable crimes committed, or 99 less than last year. This decrease is highly satisfactory when it is remembered that last year the decrease was nearly double that in any other District.

205. The total number of cognizable cases was 2,115, in 920 or 43·5 per cent of which convictions were obtained. Altogether there were 5,785 arrests, and 2,716 or 46 per cent were convicted.

206. Rs. 25,188 worth of property, or 37·76 per cent out of Rs. 66,711 stolen in 1873, was recovered. In 1874 Rs. 45,934 was stolen, but only Rs. 16,255, or 35·4 per cent, was recovered. In accounting for this decrease Major Probyn remarks that too much stress should not be laid on this recovery of stolen property, and he points out that if there were 50 thefts and Rs. 50,000 worth of property was stolen, out of which Rs. 40,000 belonged to one robbery in which nothing is recovered, whilst everything is recovered in the 49 other cases, then the percentage of property recovered would be small although the work of the Police would be most creditable to them. This is very true; but Major Probyn does not show that the Police in his District were successful in a large number of cases, but were only unsuccessful in the few cases where large robberies had been committed.

Recovery of stolen property.

207. There were only 6 cases of murder as compared with 13 last year. Convictions were obtained in 5 cases and 1 was outstanding at the end of the year. 13 persons were apprehended, and 8 were convicted, and 1 outstanding at the end of the year. The prisoner has actually been acquitted in this case, but the Superintendent made an application to the Magistrate to have the case struck out, and pending decision he has shown it as pending; but it is of course wrong to say that it is one pending disposal. Whatever the decison of the Magistrate, the prisoner apprehended and charged by the Police with the offences was placed on his trial and acquitted by the Magistrate.

Murder.

208. The following are the principal cases:—

(1.) On the 3rd March in Dhulia a man named Tulsiram Pardeshi was found dead in his bed, and ornaments to the value of Rs. 324 were missing from his person. From information received 1 Gami was arrested in June and the greater part of the missing ornaments were found. Gami was tried, found guilty and sentenced to death.

(2.) A man named Kamla Teli heard that his sister carried on improper intercourse with 2 men: he entered a house with the intention of killing these 2 men, but by a mistake he went into the wrong house where there were 5 sleeping: not knowing which were the offenders, he attacked all and killed three and then tried to commit suicide. He was, however, caught and eventually sentenced to be hung.

Culpable homicide.

209. There were 6 cases against 5 in 1873. 12 persons were apprehended, 2 have been convicted, 4 were acquitted, and the cases of 6 were outstanding at the end of the year; but these 6 persons were actually released by the Magistrate, and the Superintendent applied to have the case struck off. His application was granted.

Dacoity.

210. There were 4 dacoities reported in 1874 against 3 in 1873. In no case has a conviction been obtained, 19 men apprehended, 16 acquitted, 3 under trial at the close of year. Ten men under trial at the close of last year have all been convicted and sentenced during the year under notice. The above result at first sight appears more unsatisfactory than the facts of the case warrant. In 1 case about 10 Bheels are reported to have carried away 1 rupee's worth of water melons from the bed of the Tapti river. While engaged in pulling up the melons the owner of the field made his appearance and in making their escape one of the Bheels slightly wounded him. In another case near Bhusáwal 6 men returning home from the bazar in a drunken state robbed a man they met of 8 annas of copper change.

211. The 3rd case in the Jámner Taluka is a doubtful one; the complainant alleging that he had been robbed by 4 or 5 men. This is the only serious case reported, the robbers being armed; but it is doubtful whether it should be entered as a dacoity or robbery.

Robberies.

212. Twelve robberies occurred in 1874 against 17 in 1873. 21 persons were arrested, of whom 9 were acquitted, 8 convicted, and 4 were under trial. This is an improvement in every respect as compared with last year.

Receiving stolen property.

213. There were 58 cases of receiving stolen property in 1874 against 67 in 1873. A slight improvement, and the percentage of conviction to men put on trial is also better, being 86 in 1874 to 84 in 1873.

Kidnapping.

214. There has been no case of kidnapping for immoral purposes during the year under report.

Subordinate Magistrates.

215. The Superintendent complains most bitterly that in the majority of cases the Sub-Magistrates do their best to harass the Police instead of try-

ing to secure justice: many of the Sub-Magistrates without complaint being made inquire if the Police have been using torture. That the remarks of Major Probyn rest on reasonable grounds is clear from the fact that Mr. Ramsay, the District Magistrate of Khandesh, writes with reference to this:—"I fear that it is only too true that the Sub-Magistrates too often thwart the Police instead of assisting them. They are possessed of a somewhat inordinate idea of their position and powers as compared with those of a Chief Constable, and too often endeavour to pick holes in his conduct rather than assist him and advice him in difficulties. Several such cases have been brought to my notice, and I have never failed to impress on the Sub-Magistrates that it is their duty in all things heartily to co-operate with and assist the Police, and that I will not fail to take serious notice of any opposite conduct."

Education.

216. I have already noticed in para. 54 the remarks of Major Probyn on this subject

Police Lines.

217. During 1874 the construction of new lines at Amalner has been commenced under Departmental supervision, and these lines together with those at Jalgaon will be finished before the setting in of the monsoon.

Subordinate Officers.

218. I have much pleasure in drawing the special notice of Government to the excellent work done by Police Inspector Rao Saheb Shivram Pandurang and by Rao Saheb Ramkrishna Daji. The former was most successful in detecting the Dhulia murder case (para. 208) and in breaking up a gang of about 24 professional thieves. Government have already given him a sword and khilat. Ramkrishna Daji is quite new to the District, but by his "indomitable perseverance" he has managed to obtain information regarding various heinous crimes. The following Chief Constables have done good work:—Messrs. Kasinath Lakshmon, Vinayek Vishnu and Madhowrao Sadashiv. The following have given satisfaction:—Eknath Ramcrishna, Syed Jamal, Balaji Wamon, Shaik Zepru and Bhojaraj Venkatram. Narayen Wamon, the Chief Constable in charge of head-quarters, is specially recommended by Major Probyn.

Punishments.

219. 27 officers and 127 men were punished during the year: out of these 3 officers and 33 men were dismissed the service, and 24 officers and 94 men were punished departmentally by their own officers. As compared with last year, when there were 30 officers and 138 men punished, there is a slight improvement during the year under report.

Change of Officers.

220. The following table gives a detailed list of the changes which took place:—

Office.	Period.		Names.
	From	To	
Superintendent, Police	1st January	8th June	Captain Wise.
	9th June	31st December	Captain Probyn.
1st Assistant Superintendent, Police.	1st January	22nd January	Lieutenant Baugh.
	23rd do.	1st February	Mr. Cameron.
	2nd February	4th May	Lieutenant Baugh.
	5th May	28th June	Mr. Down.
	29th June	15th November	Captain Payne.
	16th November	31st December	Mr. Down.
2nd Assistant Superintendent, Police.	1st January	15th November	Mr. Down.
	16th November	31st December	Mr. Vincent.

221. In the 2nd Assistant's charge there were 5 cases of serious crime, 26 persons were arrested: of these 24 were convicted and 1 pardoned, and 1 was acquitted. In 2nd Assistant's charge at close of 1873 there were 170 undetected crimes, at close of 1874 there were about 70. In 1st Assistant's charge there were 12 cases, 29 arrested and 12 only convicted. In 1st Assistant's charge at close of 1873 there were 231 undetected cases, and at close of 1874, 197. Comment is needless: these statistics speak for themselves, and are fully sufficient to show what an evil the constant change of officers is. I trust Government will bear this in mind, and in arranging for transfers take care that there shall not be such a constant change of officers.

Mr. Down.

222. I cannot conclude my remarks on the working of the Khandesh Police without alluding to the services of this energetic young officer. He prosecuted personally all cases of any importance, and the results of his perseverance have been most encouraging. Major Probyn wishes that Mr. Down's services might be retained as 1st Assistant Superintendent in Khandesh, he of course not losing in a pecuniary point of view.

223. I am glad to be able to inform Government that the District Superintendents have worked well and energetically. The relations between them and the District Magistrates are of a most cordial description. It may appear invidious to name special officers, but I must mention Captain LaTouche and Captain Segrave as taking especial interest in their work and as having brought up the Police under them to a satisfactory state of efficiency.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
E. P. ROBERTSON,
Acting Police Commissioner, N. D.

P.S.—Referring to paragraphs 18 and 19 of the Report, I doubt if it has been clearly shown that some cases compounded and withdrawn, which would have been deducted formerly, have not been so deducted now : for instance, the number of cognizable crimes committed in Colába is said to be 863 as compared with 811 in last year : if the calculations were made on exactly the same principles in 1874 as they were in 1873, the number would be 788 (paragraph 171), and there would be a decrease of 23 instead of an increase of 52, and the decrease in other districts would be larger than that which is now shown.

STATEMENT of Dismissals and Resignations in the Subordinate Grades of the Police of the Northern Division during the Year 1874.

Districts.	Total strength of the Force at commencement of the year.		No. of men included in Column I. discharged on reduction.		No. of dismissals from all other causes.		No. of resignations.		Percentage of dismissals (from other causes than reduction) and of resignations on the whole strength of each branch of the Force as shown in Column I.	
	1		2		3		4		5	
	Regular Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Municipal Police.
Ahmedabad	1,226	.....	.....	.....	18	.....	13	.....	2·5	.....
Kaira	753	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	10	.....	3·4	.....
Panch Mahála	856	.....	.....	.....	17	.....	24	.....	4·78	.....
Broach	416	.....	.....	.....	11	.....	10	.....	5·0	.....
Surat	646	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	14	.....	3·7	.....
Tanna	799	.....	.....	.....	20	.....	13	.....	4·1	.....
Colába	305	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	3·9	.....
Násik	770	.....	.....	.....	25	.....	19	.....	5·7	.....
Khandesh	1,719	.....	.....	.....	36	.....	13	.....	2·8	.....
Total	7,492	.....	.....	.....	165	.....	116	.....	3·7	.....

E. P. ROBERTSON,

Acting Police Commissioner, N. D.

STATEMENT showing the total Expenditure during the Year 1874 on Police Buildings in the Northern Division.

Expenditure from Department Public Works Budget.	Amount.	Expenditure from Police Budget.	Amount.
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
A. Repairs (above Rs. 1,000)	6,852 5 5	D. Petty Repairs up to Rs. 1,000	3,826 0 0
B. Minor works (above Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 2,500.)	13,620 2 0	E. Petty construction up to Rs. 1,000... ...	3,804 11 8
C. Larger works (above Rs. 2,500)	27,418 8 9	Total from Police Budget...	7,630 11 8
Total from Department Public Works Budget...	47,891 0 2	F. Rate per man on the total sanctioned No. of Police of all grades.	1 0 5
		Grand total outlay...	55,521 11 10
		G. Rate per man on the total sanctioned No. of Police of all grades.	7 7 7

E. P. ROBERTSON,

Acting Police Commissioner, N. D.

STATEMENT A; PART I.

STATE

PART I.—COGNIZ

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 45 of Criminal Procedure Code. In which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases pending at end of year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 and 8.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 126, 130 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 250, 260 to 268, 467 and 471 ..	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	10	..	9	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	12	1
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	9	2	11	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	13	..
5	143 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	37	1	37	..	..	10	1	..	..	..	301	..
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	2	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..
		Total..	59	3	60	1	..	25	1	..	..	..	329	1
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		" Dacoits	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		" robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		" poisons	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..
12		Other murders	10	1	11	..	..	6	1	..	..	..	35	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	5	..	5	..	..	3	1	5	..	5	6	..
15	376	Rape	4	..	4	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	4	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 306 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	16	..	16	..	..	11	..	..	..	..	17	..
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	45	1	46	..	..	33	4	11	..	11	90	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	3	..	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	3	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	4	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	34	..	34	..	..	16	..	..	..	..	63	..
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	7	..	7	..	..	1	1	7	..	7	17	..
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	3	..	3	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	5	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves.. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	12	..	12	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	25	..
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Total..	148	3	160	..	..	84	5	24	..	24	277	..

AHMED

MENT A.

ABLE CRIME.

the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property stolen.

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of Cases in which property was stolen.	Number of Cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
ABAD.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	8	8	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	9	1	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	221	65	11	..	54	..	..	..	15	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	234	81	12	..	69	..	..	..	16	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	62 0 0	....
1	6	19	1	11	6	..	..	..	9	..	1	1	42 0 0	42 0 0
..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	7	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	....	....
..	1	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	5	11	..	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	20	59	2	..	57	..	..	..	11	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	4	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	31	32	10	..	23	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	10	9	..	7	2	..	..	..	..	4	1	1	96 0 0	61 0 0
..	5	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	3	22	10	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
4	101	189	33	20	127	..	1	..	20	6	3	2	200 0 0	103 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 155 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases pending at end of year.	PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Criminal Manual).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	10	1	11	..	..	7	2	18	..	18	46	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397 398 ..	Robbery with hurt. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. — By other means ..	3	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	4	..
33	392, 393	Robbery .. — In dwelling house	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..
		Robbery .. — On the highway between sunset and sunrise ..	17	..	17	..	..	6	..	3	..	3	33	..
		Robbery .. — Other robberies ..	11	..	11	..	..	3	1	1	..	1	32	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ..	Serious mischief and cognate offences	26	..	24	1	..	1	2	..	3	3	44	1
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 .	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	99	7	99	..	..	36	3	5	1	6	118	..
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	160	8	167	1	..	55	8	27	4	31	282	1
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	18	..	18	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	41	..
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	323	Hurt	356	..	354	1	1	98	3	..	..	..	625	7
		Total..	376	..	374	1	1	101	3	..	..	..	669	7
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	8	..	8	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	15	..
43	379 to 382	Theft .. .. — Of cattle	109	1	109	1	..	45	..	4	1	5	111	2
		Theft .. .. — Ordinary	690	10	683	5	2	513	2	23	3	26	937	12
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	49	..	49	..	..	18	..	..	..	..	40	..
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	115	4	118	1	..	90	2	3	..	3	236	4
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	27	..	27	..	..	11	..	..	..	..	44	..
47	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	428, 429	.....	9	..	9	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	21	..
		Total..	1,007	15	1,013	7	2	680	4	30	4	34	1,404	18

AHMEDABAD

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

PERSONS.										PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Magistrate.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including Persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—e. g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year. Before being put on trial. In custody of Police.	Number pending at end of year. Before being put on trial. On bail.	Number pending at end of year. Under trial before Magistrate	Number pending at end of year. Committed to Sessions.	Number of Cases in which property was stolen.	Number of Cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—*continued.*													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	28	35		23	23				5		30	8	5,230 0 0	2,480 0 0
	2	4		2	2						1		20 0 0	
	2	1			1						2	1	15 0 0	15 0 0
1	12	22	6	3	15				3		17	9	970 0 0	370 0 0
	12	16	6	1	11				3		11	6	721 0 0	464 0 0
	20	3		1	3				16					
2	47	69	5		64				5	1	33	23	6,337 0 0	6,230 0 0
3	139	152	15	30	117	—	—	—	29	1	122	70	14,512 0 0	10,035 0 0
	17	24	10		6									
	2	1			1									
	411	221	60		160				10					
	430	246	70	—	170				10	—				
1	13	9	1		1									
	46	77	6		69						190	68	6,340 0 0	2,211 0 0
	28	83	42	1	39				6		672	337	22,421 0 0	17,213 0 0
	22	17	3		17									
	23	164	6	2	134		1		3		114	114	3,800 0 0	2,810 0 0
	22	22	7		15									
	10	2			2									
2	532	618	69	3	548	—	1	—	7	—	986	707	41,550 0 0	22,230 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

PER

AHMEDABAD

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 36 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases pending at end of year.	Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves ..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..
49	Chapter XIX., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	19	..	19	..	..	15	..	1	..	1	33	..
50	295 to 297 ..	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	16	..	16	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	42	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	8	..	8	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	16	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	15	..	15	..	..	15	..	..	..	..	35	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 278, 280, 283, 286 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	311	..	311	..	..	297	..	..	..	..	421	..
58		Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	68	..	68	..	..	57	..	..	..	..	99	..
		Total ..	439	..	439	..	..	390	..	1	..	1	654	..
		Grand Total ..	2,188	28	2,208	10	8	1,335	24	89	8	90	3,615	27

* 479 cases compounded and withdrawn, columns 6 to 8

A—*concluded.*

CRIME—*concluded.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of Cases in which property was stolen.	Number of Cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	21	..	..	21	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	10	32	9	..	23	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	16	..	..	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	35	11	..	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	25	306	26	..	270	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	86	2	..	84	..	..	..	..	..	7	7	1	1
..	71	684	48	..	606	..	..	..	..	..	7	7	1	1
10	1,167	2,145	239	43	1,873	..	2	..	81	7	1,018	786	58,416	54,269

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police one mnth.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Ditto pending at end of the year.	PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Criminal P. & S.).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117, to 119. Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	2	3	4	1	..	5	..	4	..	4	3	1
5	143 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	66	1
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	7	3	9	1	..	9	..	4	..	4	73	2
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	1	..	1	..	..	..	*1	..	..	..	18	..
10		,, robbers	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	3	..	3	..	..
11		,, poisons	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..
12		Other murders	15	1	16	..	..	7	..	2	7	9	26	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	3	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	6	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	8	2	10	..	..	18	..	3	9	12	13	1
15	376	Rape	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	4	..	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	7	..	7	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	7	..
19	329, 331, 339 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession ..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	28	2	30	..	..	26	1	2	..	2	49	1
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	34	..	34	..	..	15	..	..	..	..	32	..
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	5	..	4	1	..	4	..	..	1	1	4	1
25	346 to 348 ..	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	4	..	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..
29	336	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	102	6	107	1	..	75	3	10	17	27	165	3

* Convicted after 31st December 1874.

A.—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of,—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
RA.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	5	64	..	1	68	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	6	72	..	2	71	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	1	1	530 0 0	344 0 0
..	1	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	35	..	14	21	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	59 0 1	27 2 0
..	2	3	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	....	....
..	9	23	..	6	15	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	0 13 0	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	7	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	4	46	..	4	43	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	9	25	..	1	23	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	6	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
2	19	153	..	32	123	..	..	..	1	19	4	3	589 0 0	371 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 64 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Ditto pending at end of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
20	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	18	..
21	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt. By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. By other means	6	..	6	..	..	6	1	..	..	..	13	..
23	392, 393	Robbery .. In dwelling house	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Robbery .. On the highway between sunset and sunrise	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	392, 393	Robbery .. Other robberies ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ..	Serious mischief and cognate offences	24	..	24	..	..	23	..	..	3	3	46	..
26	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	12	1	12	1	..	4	1	2	..	2	5	1
28	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	91	2	63	..	..	32	..	..	..	..	55	..
27	411, 412	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	108	3	110	1	..	68	2	2	3	5	141	1
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
27	323	Hurt	219	..	42	177	..	53	..	..	..	..	60	475
28	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..
29	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7
30	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	226	..	45	181	..	56	..	..	..	..	72	482
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
41	438, 439	Mischief	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	48	1	49	..	..	14	..	1	..	1	15	..
43	379 to 382	Theft .. Of cattle	46	3	48	1	..	43	1	2	1	3	77	12
		Theft .. Ordinary	332	9	325	14	2	207	1	11	2	13	430	21
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	4	1	5	..	..	2	..	1	..	1	4	..
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	57	1	49	7	2	57	..	4	1	5	76	14
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	49	..	3	46	..	4	..	..	..	..	4	74
47	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	537	15	479	69	4	413	1	19	4	23	603	122

KAIRA

MENT A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	26	25	26	27
—continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	19	..	1	18	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	15 9 0	12 8 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	4	5	4	105 13 0	9 2 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	25 0 0	25 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	114 2 0	....
..	9	42	..	..	42	..	..	..	..	..	25	22	666 1 8	437 2 2
..	..	7	..	2	5	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	....	....
..	1	54	1	..	52	..	..	..	..	..	61	36	2,658 0 10	1,173 11 10
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	10	132	1	3	126	..	..	..	..	5	94	64	4,584 0 0	1,707 0 0
..	456	88	2	..	86	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2 0 0	2 0 0
..	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	463	91	2	..	89	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2 0 0	2 0 0
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	15	..	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	88	2	..	86	..	..	..	..	..	46	41	2,128 8 0	1,935 2 0
..	84	429	8	..	421	..	..	..	1	..	337	302	3,465 12 4	2,294 15 0
..	2	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	6	89	1	..	88	..	..	..	..	..	55	54	2,734 10 0	2,896 10 0
..	86	10	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	116	634	11	..	623	..	..	..	1	..	428	397	9,213 0 0	7,836 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused inquiry.	Number of cases in columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases pending at end of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
49	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter 36, C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	7	..	7	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province,	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Custom Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other municipal or local laws ..	Public and local nuisances ..	77	..	31	46	..	76	..	..	..	..	36	55
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	85	..	38	47	..	84	..	..	..	..	54	59
		Grand Total..	*1,065	37	768	300	4	710	6	35	24	89	*1,111	†669
	* This number includes cases withdrawn or compounded under Secs. 188 and 210		220	..	21	199								

KAIRA

* Contains 32 in 21 cases out of 220
† Ditto 493 in 199 ditto
‡ Ditto 525 in 220 ditto

A.—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
													Rs. a p.	Rs. a. p.
—concluded.														
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	18	..	..	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..

STATE

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year; and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police see note.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 66 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 20, 21, 22 and 23, in which No. of prisoners pending at end of the year.	PER PANCH Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 and 8.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	143 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	4	..	4	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	4	..
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		" Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		" robbers	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		" poisons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	2	1	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	376	Rape	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	4	..	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	4	1	5	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	7	2	9	..	..	7	1	..	..	..	..	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	12	..	10	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Attempt to ditto	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	363 to 369.. ..	Kidnapping or abduction..	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	340 to 348.. ..	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	40	6	43	..	..	29	3	3	..	3	61	..

MENT A.—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.										PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.						
							In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.			
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
MAHALS.													Rs.	Rs.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	2	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	4	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	3	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	2	4	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	8	..	..	8	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
1	4	10	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
1	16	43	8	..	35	..	1	..	..	3	..	..	.....	.....

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

PANCH MAHALS—

Serial Number	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the Year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police one each.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under section 59 of Criminal Procedure Code in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 20, 21, 22 and 23, in which No. of prisoners pending at end of the year	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 and 8.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	4	1	5	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	15	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt .. By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt .. By other means ..	6	..	5	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	7	..
33	392, 393	Robbery .. In dwelling house.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery .. On the highway between sunset and sunrise ..	9	..	6	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	12	..
		Robbery .. Other robberies ..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Attempt to ditto	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences	3	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..
		Attempt to ditto	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	134	5	65	..	..	50	3	..	..	..	93	..
		Attempt to ditto	4	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	3	..
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	169	7	89	..	..	61	6	..	..	..	135	..
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	70	..	67	1	..	35	2	..	..	..	134	1
39	341 to 344 ..	Wrongful restraint and confinement	3	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	6	..
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	74	..	71	1	..	37	2	..	..	..	141	1
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
42	458, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
43	379 to 382 ..	Theft .. Of cattle	76	..	51	3	..	29	7	3	..	3	85	2
		Theft .. Ordinary	182	4	134	1	..	105	8	2	..	2	240	1
44	406 to 408 ..	Criminal breach of trust	6	..	6	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	3	..
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	28	..	26	2	..	15	..	4	..	4	48	3
45a	428, 429	Mischief (simple)	6	..	6	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	33	..
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass ..	5	..	5	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	5	..
47	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle ..	1	1	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..
		Total..	375	5	231	5	..	157	16	9	..	9	423	6

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Magistrate.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including Persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year. Before being put on trial. In custody of Police.	Number pending at end of year. Before being put on trial. On Bail.	Number pending at end of year. Under trial before Magistrate.	Number pending at end of year. Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	14	10	..	4	..	..	..	..	1	3	2	118 0 0	64 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	5	1	..	4	..	..	2	..	..	6	2	141 0 0	3 0 0
..	7	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	9	5	24 0 0	16 0 0
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	3	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	218 0 0	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	12	78	6	..	72	..	..	..	3	..	127	50	5,315 0 0	855 0 0
..	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	21	108	19	1	86	..	..	2	5	1	146	59	5,376 0 0	938 0 0
..	28	44	5	..	39	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	5	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	29	50	6	..	44	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	30	80	6	2	42	..	..	3	7	..	76	39	2,726 0 0	1,389 0 0
..	31	160	6	..	153	1	..	3	29	..	152	111	2,578 0 0	668 0 0
..	5	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	6	3	150 0 0	28 0 0
..	20	55	..	..	35	..	..	..	..	..	26	19	797 0 0	702 0 0
..	31	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	6	2	56 0 0	20 0 0
..	1	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	20 0 0	5 0 0
..	140	295	13	2	240	1	..	6	36	..	269	175	6,227 0 0	2,731 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES.							PER				
			Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated.			Number of cases in Columns 6 & 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 26, 27, 28 and 29, in which number of prisoners pending at end of the year.	Number arrested.				
					By Police *suo motu*.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 46 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.			Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year.	
													By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act —	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Custom Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	3	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	5	..
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by police	4	..	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	4	..
		Total ..	7	..	7	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	9	..
		Grand Total ..	568	18	470	6	..	280	29	12	*	12	773	7

PANCH MAHALS—

* 36 compounded.

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*i. e.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	4	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	7	3	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	367	464	49	3	411	1	1	8	47	4	418	234	12,303 0 0	3,650 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES.								PER				
			Reported to have been true (including cases true, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts	Reported to previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated.			Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases (from Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year) Government decision etc.		Number arrested.				
					By Police *suo motu*.	By order of the Magistrate on completing or under section 45 of Criminal Procedure Code in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police have refused to inquire.				Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate (on Complaint etc.)
														Within the year.	
1	2	3.	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b.		10	10a	10b	11	12
	CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*														
1a	115, 117 to 119, I.P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 126, 130 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, stamps, and Government Notes	3	..	3	..	..	1	..		..	..	..	1	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
4	214 to 216	Other offences against public justice	6	..	5	1	..	4	..		..	..	..	6	1
5	143 to 153, 157, 158..	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	..	1	1	..	..	1	..		5	..	5	..	..
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	9	1	9	1	..	6	..		5	..	5	7	1
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*														
8		Murder by thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
9		" dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
10	302, 303, 396 ..	" robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
11		" pirates	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	4	..	4	..	..	1	1		..	..	..	11	..
13	307	Attempts at murder, ...	1	1	2	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	1	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	1	..	1	..	..	..	1		..	..	..	1	..
15	376	Rape	5	..	5	..	..	1	1		..	..	..	5	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	1	..	1	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	1	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	5	..	5	..	..	2	..		..	..	..	5	..
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	18	3	17	1	..	2	2		..	..	..	17	6
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	..	3	1	..	2	..		..	..	..	3	7
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	14	1	15	..	..	7	1		1	..	1	20	..
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction ..	6	..	5	1	..	2	..		..	..	..	7	1
25	340 to 349	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	4	..	4	..	..	2	..		1	..	1	5	..
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	60	5	62	3	..	25	6		2	..	2	178	11

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*i.e.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
ACH.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	3	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	7	2	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	5	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	15	4	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	7	6	..	1	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	....	....
..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	4	3	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	....	....
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	4	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	145	54	..	51	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	10	8	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	27	19	..	8	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	7	5	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	94 0 0	94 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	6	4	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	6	174	104	1	89	..	..	3	6	5	1	1	94 0 0	94 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 155 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases from Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year. Government Resolution 910.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	3	..	3	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	26	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. — By other means ..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..
33	392, 393	Robbery .. — In dwelling house.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery .. — On the highway between sunset and sunrise ..	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	6	..
		Robbery .. — Other robberies ..	10	..	10	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	18	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ..	Serious mischief and cognate offences	37	1	37	1	..	9	..	..	..	..	23	4
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	171	3	173	1	..	16	1	3	..	3	74	1
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	228	4	230	2	..	32	2	3	..	3	154	5
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	8	..	7	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41a	323	Hurt	283	..	213	70	..	79	2	..	..	..	712	192
		Total..	292	..	221	71	..	79	2	..	..	..	719	195
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
42	458, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	10	..	10	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..
43	379 to 382	Theft .. .. — Of cattle ..	10	..	10	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	5	..
		Theft .. .. — Ordinary ..	418	5	412	11	..	154	9	1	..	1	539	17
44	406 to 409	Criminal breach of trust	18	..	18	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	16	..
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	20	..	18	2	..	11	1	..	..	..	21	3
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	41	2	39	14	..	5	..	..	..	..	39	26
47	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47a	428, 429	Mischief	3	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	9
		Total..	520	7	499	28	..	177	10	1	..	1	647	48

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—e. g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.						
18	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	16	6	2	..	4	..	..	..	..	4	3	3	190 0 0	68 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	12 0 0	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	6	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	682 0 0	480 0 0
..	6	12	10	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	230 0 0	46 0 0
..	5	32	17	2	3	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	.....	.....
..	23	53	29	..	24	..	..	..	..	2	106	21	14,669 0 0	7,539 0 0
..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	50	108	65	4	37	..	..	..	..	6	123	32	15,783 0 0	8,133 0 0
..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	85	844	706	..	138	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	.....	..... †
..	55	854	716	..	138	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	3	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1 0 0	.....
..	2	3	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	50	487	234	5	248	..	..	11	4	..	10	4	759 0 0	388 0 0
..	1	15	10	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	337	268	10,465 0 0	4,593 0 0
..	1	23	8	1	13	..	..	..	1	..	8	8	338 0 0	57 0 0
..	..	85	79	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	15	14	314 0 0	307 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	..... ‡
..	..	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	..... ‡
..	53	491	341	6	274	..	..	11	5	..	432	299	11,877 0 0	5,345 0 0

* 4 cases were compounded.
† 178 cases (and 433 persons) were compounded and withdrawn under Sections 188 and 210.
‡ 24 cases (and 54 persons) were compounded and withdrawn under Sections 188 and 210.
§ 2 cases (and 3 persons) were compounded and withdrawn under Sections 188 and 210.

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

PER

BROACH

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 155 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year. Government Resolution 3181	Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Number arrested. Received by transfer.	Number arrested. Total.	Number arrested. Within the year. By Police.	Number arrested. Within the year. By order of Magistrate (Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	4	..
50	295 to 297 ..	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	18	1	18	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	20	..
52		——— Excise Laws	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
53		——— Railway Laws	3	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	5	..
54		——— Salt and Custom Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	107	..	104	3	..	97	1	..	..	..	122	4
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	126	1	124	3	..	108	1	..	..	..	183	4
		Grand Total ..	1,335	18	1,245	108	..	417	31	11	..	11	1,990	267

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of.—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
—concluded.														
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	4	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	47	18	..	29	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	5	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	135	13	..	112	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	184	39	..	145	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	172	1,954	1,209	11	674	..	..	19	12	11	546	322	27,754	13,572

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 155 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at close of the year.	PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (not Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes .. .	5	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice	4	..	4	..	..	3	..	4	..	4	3	..
5	143 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly .	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Total..	11	..	9	..	..	5	..	4	..	4	18	..
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poisons	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
12		Other murders	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	2	..	2	..	..	2	1	2	..	2	11	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	3	..	3	6	..
15	376	Rape	5	..	4	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	2	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	6	..	6	..	..	2	..	1	..	1	6	..
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	20	..	18	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	48	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	..	4	..	..	1	..	5	..	5	11	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	10	..	10	..	..	2	..	7	..	7	24	..
24	363 to 369.. ..	Kidnapping or abduction.. ..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	1	..
25	346 to 348.. ..	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	18	..	17	..	..	11	..	..	..	..	22	..
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..
		Total..	77	..	73	..	..	35	3	20	..	20	142	..

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—e. g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
RAT.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	13	3	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	22	10	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	11	1	5	5	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	.....	.....
..	3	6	6	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	3	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	6	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	4	44	15	..	29	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	5	11	6	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	5	26	23	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	3	19	7	..	12	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	24	133	64	8	61	..	..	..	1	4	..	..	.....	.....

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

SURAT—

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *see* note.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 143 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	7	..	4	..	..	3	1	1	..	1	16	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt.. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt.. — By other means ..	10	..	6	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	14	..
33	392, 393	Robbery .. — In dwelling house ..	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..
		Robbery .. — On the highway between sunset and sunrise ..	4	..	2	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	2	..
34	270, 381, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ..	Robbery .. — Other robberies ..	8	..	8	..	..	1	3	2	..	2	17	..
		Serious mischief and cognate offences	15	..	11	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	16	..
35	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	18	..	5	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	9	..
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	12	..
		Total....	67	..	43	..	..	13	8	3	..	3	96	..
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	10	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..	3	1	..
38a	323	Hurt	272	..	200	..	..	47	10	..	..	..	433	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	39	..	38	..	..	9	5	4	..	4	59	..
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	6	..	6	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	6	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	258	..	245	..	..	58	15	7	..	7	499	..
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	24	..	14	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	28	..
43	379 to 382	Theft .. — Of cattle	21	1	16	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	20	..
		Theft .. — Ordinary	797	2	547	..	..	370	20	38	..	38	913	..
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	27	..	25	..	..	7	..	4	..	4	31	..
44a	428, 429	Mischief	4	..	4	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	8	..
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	41	1	41	..	..	21	1	9	..	9	79	..
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	49	..	47	..	..	9	1	2	..	2	139	..
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
			973	4	694	..	..	435	24	53	..	53	1,208	..

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	5	11	..	5	6	..	..	..	..	1	7	6	77 0 6	71 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	6	10	3	3	6	..	..	..	..	..	6	5	64 0 0	8 0 0
..	..	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	152 0 0	36 0 0
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	4	2	125 0 0	14 0 0
..	3	11	7	2	3	..	..	..	6	2	6	5	68 0 0	27 0 0
	3	9	6	..	3	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	....	....
..	..	9	5	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	9	1	568 0 0	8 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	13	..	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	....	311 0 0
..	14	72	32	9	35	..	..	..	11	4	36	21	1,054 0 0	475 0 0
..	1	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	176	236	169	1	66	..	..	..	19	..	..	..	....	....
..	26	30	21	..	9	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	....	....
..	3	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	206	274	194	1	79	..	..	..	26	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	23	11	..	11	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	20	6	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	52	685	294	11	580	..	..	..	32	2	21	17	309 0 0	248 0 0
..	5	20	12	3	9	..	..	..	..	..	750	509	24,941 0 0	8,243 0 0
..	..	7	7	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	11	76	33	..	45	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	92	38	25	..	14	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	161	1,056	396	14	69[illegible]	..	..	..	40	2	771	526	25,340 0 0	8,591 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and resolved by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 190 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	8a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter 12, C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	5	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	12	..	12	..	..	10	..	1	..	1	15	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	233	..	..	233	..	228	..	..	..	..	..	308
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other municipal or local laws ..	Public and local nuisances ..	115	..	113	..	..	85	..	..	..	..	129	..
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	4	..
		Total ..	366	..	131	233	..	327	..	1	..	1	154	308
		Grand Total ..	1,752	4	1,194	233	..	863	50	33	..	33	2,119	308

SURAT—

101 cases compounded or withdrawn under Sections 188 and 210 of the C. P.C.

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of,—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	5	2	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	16	6	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	308	19	..	289	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	11	118	20	..	96	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	4	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	11	452	51	..	401	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	416	2,011	743	33	1,124	..	..	..	73	10	607	547	26,394	9,060

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *see note*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 58 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.		PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4a	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code...	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 126,128	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259,260 to 263 467 and 471 ..	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	3	1	4	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	3	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	1	1	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	1
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	143 to 153, 157, 159	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	7	1	6	2	..	5	..	1	..	1	4	2
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	6	..	5	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	20	14
		Total..	17	3	16	4	..	8	..	3	..	3	27	17
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		" Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		" Robbers	3	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	6	..
11		" Poisons	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
12		Other murders	12	..	12	..	..	6	4	..	..	..	22	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	1	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	1
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
15	376	Rape	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	3	1	4	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	1	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	3	1	4	..	..	2	..	1	..	1	3	..
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	33	3	33	3	..	29	..	7	..	7	69	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	..	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	5	1
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	13	3	13	1	1	7	1	6	..	6	21	3
24	363 to 369 ..	Kidnapping or abduction.. ..	4	1	4	1	..	3	..	1	..	1	6	2
25	346 to 348 ..	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	17	1	18	..	..	13	..	..	..	..	28	..
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	98	11	100	6	1	65	5	19	..	19	169	11

TAN

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—e.g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
NA.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	3	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	....	....
..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	1	5	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	9	26	24	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	14	32	24	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	6	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	56 0 0	36 0 0
..	..	18	4	4	9	1	..	..	1	4	..	..	....	....
..	4	4	..	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	3	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	5	71	9	..	62	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	5	1	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	6	28	11	..	17	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	5	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	1	26	4	..	22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	21	171	35	11	124	1	..	..	2	4	2	1	56 0 0	36 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police see note 5.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 46 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.		PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	31	4	35	..	..	20	2	5	..	5	179	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. — By other means ..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
33	392, 398	Robbery .. — In dwelling house	10	..	10	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	19	..
		Robbery .. — On the highway between sunset and sunrise ..	2	2	4	..	..	2	..	3	..	3	2	..
		Robbery .. — Other robberies ..	46	..	46	..	..	13	..	..	..	..	51	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ..	Serious mischief and cognate offences	3	1	4	1	1	..	..	2	..	2	3	1
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 .	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	54	2	54	2	..	22	..	1	..	1	45	..
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	4	..	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	6	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	155	9	160	3	1	66	2	11	..	11	307	1
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	7	..	7	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	11	..
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	3	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	3	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	323	Hurt	1,119	..	200	100	3	157	..	..	..	..	332	217
		Total..	1,130	..	210	101	3	164	..	..	..	..	346	218
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
42	458, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	19	3	19	3	..	8	..	7	..	7	33	..
43	379 to 382	Theft .. — Of cattle	26	1	23	4	..	11	..	..	..	..	34	8
		Theft .. — Ordinary	795	25	683	113	24	470	17	26	..	26	1,021	839
44	408 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	10	1	12	2	..	8	..	..	..	..	14	3
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	24	..	34	..	..	26	..	..	..	..	49	..
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	148	3	76	40	2	77	..	2	..	2	177	110
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	428, 429	Mischief	4	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	1,040	32	849	162	26	601	17	35	..	35	1,382	450

TANNA

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	171	17	37	117	..	..	..	..	16	35	17	4,655 10 4	389 4 6
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	29 2 3	....
..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	106 12 0	....
..	..	18	3	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	9	3	297 11 0	93 6 0
..	1	4	..	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	8 4 6	0 4 6
..	13	39	16	1	23	..	..	..	..	..	20	16	254 11 0	64 11 0
..	2	4	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	44	8	..	36	..	..	..	..	..	51	27	1,230 4 3	366 9 11
..	..	6	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	425 0 0	425 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	18	289	49	43	197	..	..	..	..	16	130	66	6,807 0 0	1,340 0 0
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	3	9	4	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	347	352	68	..	284	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	350	364	72	..	292	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	17	23	13	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	6 0 0	6 0 0
..	11	31	13	..	18	..	..	..	..	..	26	24	594 0 0	544 0 0
..	193	1,230	244	..	936	..	..	..	33	..	730	548	17,184 0 0	7,613 0 0
..	2	15	1	2	12	..	..	..	..	..	5	4	259 0 0	198 0 0
..	9	40	12	..	28	..	..	..	..	..	28	23	474 0 0	353 0 0
..	99	188	42	..	146	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	892	1,530	325	2	1,303	..	..	..	35	..	785	600	18,517 0 0	8,714 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES.							PER				
			Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated.			Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.		Number arrested.				
					By Police *suo motu*.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 66 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.			Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year.	
													By Police.	By order of Magistrate (Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	295 to 297 ..	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	4	..	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	20	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	5	..	1	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	1	..
54		——— Salt and Custom Laws ..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	19	1	16	4	..	10	..	1	..	1	23	34
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	303	..	303	..	..	296	..	..	..	..	336	..
		Total ..	331	1	324	8	..	315	..	1	..	1	370	38
		Grand Total ..	2,769	56	1,659	284	31	1,219	24	72	..	72	2,651	765

TANNA

351 Cases compounded or withdrawn under Sections 188 and 210 of the C. P. C.

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
			Acquitted or discharged after trial.				Number pending at end of year.							
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	5	..	..	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	16	3	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	4	321	5	..	316	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	46	362	9	..	354	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
3	681	2,748	513	56	2,178	1	..	..	37	19	917	666	25,480 0 0	10,090 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 5 to 7, in which conviction was obtained.	Do. remaining at the close of the year in which the accused are either in custody, on bail, under trial, or committed to Court of Session.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Number arrested. Received by transfer.	Number arrested. Total.	Number arrested. Within the year. By Police.	Number arrested. Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 5 and 7).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												COL
1a	115, 117 to 119, I.P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice.	3	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	25	..	7	18	..	6	..	..	..	..	49	201
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total...	29	..	10	19	..	7	..	..	..	..	52	203
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		" Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		" Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		" Poisons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	5	..	5	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	26	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	4	..
15	376	Rape	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	3	..	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	4	1
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	4	..	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	3	1
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	5	..	5	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	4	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	6	..	5	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	15	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	13	..	10	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	13	10
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction ..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	12	..	8	4	..	2	..	..	..	..	14	6
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total...	59	..	44	9	..	21	1	1	..	1	87	18

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of—e. g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
A BA.														
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	190	60	22	..	38	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	191	64	23	..	41	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..

STATE

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

COLABA

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Do. remaining at the close of the year in which the accused are either in custody, on bail under trial, or committed to Court of Session.	PRE Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (not Criminal Court.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397 398	Dacoity	2	1	3	..	..	1	..	5	..	5	21	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and Assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. — By other means ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	392, 393	Robbery — In dwelling house.	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery — On the highway, between sunset and sunrise ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery — Other robberies ..	4	2	4	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	4	..
34	270, 281, 283, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ..	Serious mischief and cognate offences	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
35	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	27	..	27	..	..	15	2	..	..	..	31	..
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	3	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	4	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	39	3	42	..	..	19	2	5	..	5	62	..
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	9	..	5	4	..	3	..	..	..	..	10	6
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	323	Hurt	438	..	311	127	..	76	..	..	..	..	440	133
		Total ..	447	..	316	131	..	75	..	..	..	..	450	139
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
42	453, 456, ...	Lurking house-trespass or House-breaking	7	..	7	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	6	..
43	379 to 382	Theft — Of cattle	16	..	13	3	..	6	..	..	..	..	19	4
		Theft — Ordinary	431	7	388	50	..	200	3	..	..	..	601	150
44	406, to 408 ..	Criminal breach of trust	21	..	15	6	..	2	..	..	..	..	16	8
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	8	1	6	3	..	6	..	1	..	1	9	3
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	129	8	70	62	..	31	..	..	..	..	96	93
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	428, 429	Mischief	8	..	4	4	..	1	1	..	..	..	5	7
		Total ..	620	11	508	138	..	347	3	1	..	1	762	266

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including Persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—i. e., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—*continued.*													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	10	16	..	2	14	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	594 0 0	29 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	30 0 0	....
..	3	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	5	2	33 0 0	5
..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	18	1	..	17	..	..	..	5	..	11	7	545 0 0	139 0 0
..	2	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	24	38	1	3	34	..	..	..	5	..	18	10	1,202 0 0	174 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	14	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	444	139	19	..	110	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	468	151	19	..	113	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	2	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	4 0 0	4 0 0
..	13	10	2	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	16	16	608 0 0	608 0 0
..	328	430	35	..	385	..	..	..	3	..	430	307	8,214 0 0	4,666 0 0
..	19	5	2	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	5	8	..	1	7	..	..	..	..	..	8	4	479 0 0	421 0 0
..	114	75	35	..	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	8	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	....	....
..	490	523	76	1	444	..	..	..	5	..	452	328	9,305 0 0	5,699 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under Inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 56 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Do. remaining at the close of the year in which the accused are either in custody, on bail, under trial, or committed for Court of Sessions.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	47	1	1	47	..	39	..	..	..	..	19	79
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	74	..	64	10	..	61	..	..	..	..	59	27
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	121	1	65	57	..	100	..	..	..	..	102	105
		Grand Total..	1,309	15	960	344	..	409	6	7	..	7	1510	730

COLABA

Cases compounded and withdrawn under Sections 188 and 210 of the C. P. C.

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	5	91	12	..	79	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	24	92	5	..	87	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	29	183	17	..	166	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1,343	960	140	14	835	..	..	..	10	5	470	358	10,307 0 0	5,873 0 6

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 46 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number pending at the end of year from Columns 6 to 8.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
	CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*													NA
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
1	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes ..	12	2	14	..	..	8	..	4	..	4	17	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice	5	..	5	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	6	..
5	143 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly	4	..	3	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	16	5
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	3	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
		Total..	26	3	26	3	..	14	..	4	..	4	44	6
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*													
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..
11		,, Poisons	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
12		Other murders	7	..	7	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	13	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	6	..	6	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	17	1
15	376	Rape	14	..	12	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	7	1	7	1	..	5	..	1	..	1	8	1
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	11	2	12	1	..	8	..	3	..	3	13	2
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	7	1	6	2	..	4	..	..	..	..	12	12
24	363 to 369.. ..	Kidnapping or abduction.. ..	4	..	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	10	1
25	346 to 348.. ..	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	19	..	16	3	..	9	..	..	..	..	19	3
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
		Total..	85	5	79	11	..	32	..	5	..	5	107	23

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.										PROPERTY			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial: By Magistrate.	Acquitted or discharged after trial: By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year: Before being put on trial: In custody of Police.	Number pending at end of year: Before being put on trial: On bail.	Number pending at end of year: Under trial before Magistrate.	Number pending at end of year: Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
SIK.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	21	9	3	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
2	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	2	19	14	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
2	3	48	25	3	21	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	7	..	5	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	13	2	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	4	14	10	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	4	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	7	2	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	7	11	5	2	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	10	17	12	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	11	2	5	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	22	12	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	30 0 0	15 0 0
..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	24	111	49	15	37	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	30 0 0	15 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *see note*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 66 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number pending at the end of year from Columns 6 to 8.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	3	1	4	..	..	1	3	..	2	2	12	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. — By other means ..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1
33	392, 393	Robbery — In dwelling house ..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..
		Robbery — On the highway between sunset and sunrise	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	..
34	390, 391, 392, 439 to 433, 435 to 440 ..	Other robberies ..	7	..	6	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	2
		Serious mischief and cognate offences	10	1	10	1	..	2	1	4	..	4	7	3
35	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	62	1	62	..	..	15	2	3	..	3	59	..
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	5	..	3	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	3	2
37	413, 412	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..
		Total....	90	3	97	5	..	22	5	7	2	9	108	9
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement.	21	..	11	10	..	2	..	..	..	..	13	12
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	323	Hurt	653	..	198	455	..	154	4	..	..	..	179	955
		Total....	675	..	210	465	..	156	4	..	..	..	192	967
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	42	..	42	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	11	..
		Theft — Of cattle	54	1	53	..	2	26	1	..	..	..	80	..
43	379 to 382	Theft — Ordinary	554	8	320	97	..	276	7	2	..	2	739	58
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	37	1	22	15	1	9	1	..	..	..	24	16
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	40	2	45	2	..	20	1	..	..	..	88	4
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	26	2	21	66	..	32	1	1	..	1	54	87
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	428, 429	Mischief	12	..	4	8	..	5	1	..	..	..	12	16
			840	9	718	138	3	404	12	3	..	3	1,006	181

NASIK—

A—*continued.*

Crime—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
continued.														
..	5	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	7	3	2	278 0 0	191 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	90 0 0	3 0 0
..	9	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	4	247 0 0	16 0 0
..	1	11	7	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	7	6	324 0 0	170 0 0
..	3	11	5	4	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	14	48	16	6	25	..	..	2	..	..	42	22	3,978 0 0	642 0 0
..	..	5	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	.....	.....
..	31	84	36	14	34	..	..	3	..	8	62	35	4,358 0 0	974 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	3	21	19	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	335	794	504	..	290	..	..	4	1	..	1	1	0 4 0	0 4 0
..	339	815	523	..	294	..	..	4	1	..	1	1	0 4 0	0 4 0
..	..	11	5	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	16	7	319 0 0	289 0 0
..	6	73	34	..	39	..	..	..	1	..	55	51	2 062 0 0	1,894 0 0
1	74	703	288	..	418	..	..	20	1	..	538	458	24,005 0 0	13,020 0 0
..	1	38	28	..	10	..	..	1	..	..	18	9	517 0 0	447 0 0
..	17	69	29	..	40	..	..	6	..	..	15	15	1,640 0 0	1,513 0 0
..	24	120	70	..	50	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	24	6	..	18	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
1	120	1,039	460	..	579	..	..	31	2	..	639	540	29,044 0 0	17,162 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police suo motu.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which convictions obtained.	Number pending at the end of year from Columns 6 to 8.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Number arrested. Received by transfer.	Number arrested. Total.	Number arrested. Within the year. By Police.	Number arrested. Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a +	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
														NASIK—
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter 19, C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	2	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognisable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognisable offences under the Gambling Act	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	6	..
52		——— Excise Laws	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
53		——— Railway Laws	6	..	3	3	..	6	..	..	..	..	3	4
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	3	..	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	3
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws ..	Public and local nuisances ..	293	2	236	59	..	255	1	1	..	1	285	74
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognisable by Police	3	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..
		Total..	309	2	242	69	..	268	1	1	..	1	297	87
		Grand Total..	2,083	21	1,371	680	3	896	22	20	2	22	1,755	1,27

Number of persons pending at the end of last year 35, from which 20 are accounted in Column 10. The remaining 15 are struck off by the Magistrate.

21 Cases compounded and withdrawn under Sections 158 and 210 of the C. P. C.

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
¶														
..	..	5	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	6	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	7	1	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	5	354	63	..	291	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	0 8 0	0 8 0
..	..	3	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	5	379	66	..	313	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	0 8 0	0 8 0
3	522	2,475	1,150	41	1,275	..	..	80	4	8	705	678	38,441 12 0	19,151 12 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police see note.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 46 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases pending at end of year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Criminal Proc. Code).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code...	Substantive abetments	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	6	..
1	121 to 126, 128 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471 ..	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	10	..	10	..	..	7	..	1	..	1	17	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice.	3	2	5	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	5	..
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	11	..	10	1	..	8	1	..	..	..	116	9
8	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	4	..	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	8	..
		Total..	30	2	31	1	..	23	1	1	..	1	152	9
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
11		,, Poisons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	5	..	5	..	..	4	..	6	..	6	11	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	6	..	5	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	6	6
15	376	Rape	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	12	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	3	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	5	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	12	..	11	..	..	3	..	1	..	1	10	..
19	329, 331, 338 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	18	..	18	2	..	9	1	10	..	10	28	2
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	4	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	9	..	8	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	9	10
24	363 to 369 ..	Kidnapping or abduction ..	9	1	9	..	..	1	..	3	..	3	31	..
25	346 to 348 ..	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	20	..	17	2	..	7	..	1	..	1	22	4
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	97	3	91	5	..	36	3	25	..	25	145	22

KHAN

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
			Acquitted or discharged after trial.				Number pending at end of year.							
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—e.g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Before being put on trial. In custody of Police.	Before being put on trial. On Bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
DESH.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	6	4	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	8	10	4	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	33	14	..	33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	7	..	..	7	..	..	..	63	..	..	..	....	....
..	14	60	23	2	56	..	..	..	63	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	334 0 0	130 0 0
..	3	13	..	2	10	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	30 0 0	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	6	6	3	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	6	6	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	5	2	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	4	6	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	20	19	10	..	9	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	4	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	15	2	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	19	15	11	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	5	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	9	18	9	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	72	114	45	6	61	1	..	..	5	..	2	1	364 0 0	130 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases pending at end of year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	4	..	4	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	19	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. — By other means ..	4	..	4	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	11	..
33	391, 393	Robbery .. — In dwelling house	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery .. — On the highway between sunset and sunrise ..	3	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	14	..
		Robbery .. — Other robberies ..	8	..	8	..	..	6	1	..	..	..	11	..
34	270, 281, 283, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ..	Serious mischief and cognate offences	16	..	16	..	..	4	3	..	..	..	25	..
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	30	..	30	..	..	25	..	3	..	3	78	..
36	448 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..
37	413, 412	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Total..	97	..	97	..	..	39	7	3	..	3	161	..
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	5	..	2	3	..	5	..	..	..	..	2	3
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	33	..	20	13	..	10	..	..	..	..	30	19
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	24	..	7	17	..	3	..	..	..	..	11	33
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	323	Hurt	488	..	357	125	..	92	2	..	..	..	457	108
		Total..	544	..	386	157	..	110	2	..	..	..	500	163
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	55	..	55	..	..	10	2	..	..	..	24	..
43	379 to 382	Theft .. — Of cattle	79	2	76	3	..	44	3	4	3	7	89	2
		Theft .. — Ordinary	894	5	843	34	3	455	13	14	..	14	1,049	59
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	31	1	23	7	..	15	2	1	1	2	25	5
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	58	1	55	4	..	45	3	..	7	7	83	1
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	76	..	60	16	..	37	..	..	..	..	83	16
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	426, 429	Mischief	22	..	12	11	..	5	..	..	..	..	14	4
		Total..	1,918	9	1,148	75	3	591	21	19	11	30	1,367	90

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of—i.e. if died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—*continued.*													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	3	1	68 0 0	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	3	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	6	..	3	3	3 0 0	3 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	14	13	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	21 0 0	....
..	..	9	3	..	6	..	..	..	1	..	6	3	409 0 0	68 0 0
..	13	11	9	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	119 0 0	....
..	8	73	39	..	51	..	..	..	..	..	32	31	5,772 0 0	4,393 0 0
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	43	111	48	..	63	..	..	3	7	1	38	37	6,497 0 0	4,465 0 0
..	..	5	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	23	26	13	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	7	37	31	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	283	281	131	..	150	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	312	349	175	..	174	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	15	7	..	8	..	..	4	1	..	2	1	36 0 0	14 0 0
1	20	73	20	..	55	..	..	..	2	..	77	59	2,116 0 0	1,378 0 0
3	296	795	156	..	639	..	3	3	11	7	886	636	35,139 0 0	8,646 0 0
..	11	19	11	..	8	..	..	..	3	..	11	9	472 0 0	209 0 0
..	19	71	11	..	60	..	..	..	4	..	19	22	897 0 0	596 0 0
..	35	64	26	..	38	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	6	10	7	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
5	393	1,049	346	..	901	..	3	7	29	7	994	717	38,610 0 0	11,163 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police suo motu.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under section 46 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases pending at end of year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code..	Substantive abetments	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	6	..
1	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471 ..	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	10	..	10	..	..	7	..	1	..	1	17	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice	3	2	5	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	5	..
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	11	..	10	1	..	8	1	..	..	..	116	9
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	4	..	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	8	..
		Total..	30	2	31	1	..	23	1	1	..	1	152	9
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..
11		,, Poisons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	5	..	5	..	..	4	..	6	..	6	11	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	6	..	5	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	6	6
15	376	Rape	8	..	8	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	12	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	3	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	5	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	12	..	11	..	..	8	..	2	..	1	10	..
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	18	2	18	2	..	9	1	10	..	10	28	2
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	3	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	4	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	9	..	8	1	..	2	..	3	..	3	9	10
24	363 to 369 ..	Kidnapping or abduction.. ..	9	1	9	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	31	..
25	340 to 348 ..	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	5	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	20	..	17	2	..	7	..	1	..	1	22	4
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	97	3	91	5	..	36	3	15	..	25	145	22

KHAN

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
DESH.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	6	4	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	8	10	4	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	53	14	..	39	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	68	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	7	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	14	80	22	2	56	..	..	..	68	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	324 0 0	130 0 0
..	3	13	..	2	10	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	30 0 0	....
..	6	6	3	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	6	6	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	5	5	2	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	4	6	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	20	19	10	..	9	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	4	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	15	2	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	19	15	11	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	5	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	9	18	9	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	72	114	46	6	61	1	..	..	5	..	2	1	354 0 0	130 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES.							PER				
			Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated.			Number of cases in Columns 6 & 7 in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases pending at end of year.	Number arrested.				
					By Police one mode.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 65 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has returned the inquiry.			Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year	
													By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	8a	9	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	4	..	4	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	19	..
31	399, 402 ..	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. — By other means ..	4	..	4	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	11	..
33	392, 393	Robbery — In dwelling house	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery — On the highway between sunset and sunrise ..	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	14	..
		Robbery — Other robberies ..	6	..	6	..	..	6	1	..	..	..	11	..
34	270, 291, 292, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ..	Serious mischief and cognate offences	16	..	16	..	..	6	2	..	..	..	25	..
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	29	..	29	..	..	25	..	3	..	3	78	..
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..
37	413, 414	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Total..	97	..	97	..	..	39	7	3	..	3	161	..
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	5	..	2	3	..	5	..	..	..	..	2	3
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	32	..	20	12	..	20	..	..	..	..	30	19
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	24	..	7	17	..	3	..	..	..	..	11	33
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	323	Hurt	483	..	357	126	..	32	2	..	..	..	457	126
		Total..	544	..	386	157	..	110	2	..	..	..	500	185
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	86	..	86	..	..	20	2	..	..	..	24	..
43	379 to 382	Theft .. — Of cattle	78	2	78	2	..	44	2	4	3	7	89	2
		Theft .. — Ordinary	894	8	842	34	3	455	12	14	..	14	1,016	50
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	34	1	28	7	..	15	2	1	1	2	23	6
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	58	2	55	4	..	45	2	..	7	7	53	1
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	76	..	60	16	..	37	..	..	..	..	53	16
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	426, 429	Mischief	23	..	12	11	..	5	..	..	..	..	14	4
		Total..	1,918	9	1,149	75	3	581	21	19	11	30	1,267	80

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.										PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of—i.e. died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.						
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.				
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	24	25	26	27
—continued.												Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	16	..	9	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	2	1	68 0 0	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	3	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	6	..	2	..	3 0 0	2 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	14	13	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	21 0 0	....
..	..	9	3	..	6	..	..	..	1	9	3	..	400 0 0	68 0 0
..	13	11	9	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	118 0 0	....
..	8	73	22	..	51	..	..	..	..	22	21	..	5,772 0 0	4,393 0 0
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	42	111	48	..	63	..	..	3	7	1	38	27	6,427 0 0	4,466 0 0
..	..	5	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	23	26	13	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	7	37	31	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	283	281	131	..	150	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	312	349	175	..	174	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	....	....
1	4	15	7	..	8	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	....	....
1	90	75	20	..	55	..	..	..	2	..	2	1	30 0 0	14 0 0
2	246	795	156	..	639	..	8	3	11	7	77	59	2,116 0 0	1,376 0 0
..	11	19	11	..	8	..	..	..	2	..	895	626	25,139 0 0	8,646 0 0
..	19	71	11	..	60	..	..	..	4	..	11	9	472 0 0	249 0 0
..	35	64	36	..	28	..	..	..	..	..	19	18	807 0 0	696 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	6	10	7	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
3	393	1,049	348	..	901	..	8	7	29	7	994	717	36,610 0 0	11,143 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases pending at end of year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.— *Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	4	..	4	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	6	..
50	295 to 297 ..	Offences against religion	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	4	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Provinces.	Cognisable offences under the Gambling Act	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
52		——— Excise Laws..	16	..	16	..	..	16	..	..	..	..	37	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Custom Laws ..	1	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	46	..	38	7	..	36	..	..	..	..	51	8
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	59	..	51	8	..	54	..	..	..	..	17	9
		Total..	129	..	113	16	..	111	1	..	..	..	180	18
		Grand Total..	2,115	14	1,865	254	3	920	35	46	11	58	2,505	302

KHANDESH

442 Cases compounded and withdrawn.

A—*concluded.*

CRIME—*concluded.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	2	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	6	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	5	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	57	2	..	55	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	57	14	..	43	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	96	9	..	77	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	193	23	..	169	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
4	537	1,896	564	8	1,323	1	8	11	102	8	1,034	745	45,291 0 0	15,761 0 0

STATEMENT

Comparative Statement of Cognizable

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and	
							Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*							
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.	11	10	72·72	50	12	13
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	1	..	..	1	1
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ..	14	11	78·57	72·73	22	13
5	143 to 153, 157, 156 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	33	37	66·66	27·03	261	301
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ..	3	3	100	100	7	3
		Total..	62	64	70·96	40·98	323	330
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*							
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	2	1	50	..	6	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poison	3	1	100	100	7	3
12		Other murders	9	11	75	54·54	4	35
13	307	Attempt at murder	1	1	100	..	2	2
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	10	5	50	60	16	6
15	376	Rape	9	4	22·22	25	10	4
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	1	..	..	..	1
17	317, 318..	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	4	1	75	..	8	..
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ..	18	16	77·77	66·75	18	17
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	45	48	66·66	72·73	126	90
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	1	3	100	..	1	3
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	1	3	..	66·66	4	4
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	31	34	48·38	47·05	80	63
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	9	7	44·44	18·28	26	17
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	2	2	50	50	8	5
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	1	..	..	..	1
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully con-	6	12	66·66	66·66	20	25
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	1	..	100	..	1
		Total..	146	150	61·26	56	337	277
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property or against Property only.*							
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	13	11	61·66	63·63	68	48
31	399, 402..	Preparation or assembly for dacoity ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. { By poisonous or stupefying drugs ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		{ By other means ..	3	3	100	33·33	8	4
33	392, 393	Robbery .. .. { In dwelling-house ..	2	2	..	50	5	3
		{ On the highway, between sunrise and sunset ..	16	17	75	35·29	38	33
34	390, 391, 392, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ..	{ Other robberies ..	8	11	50	27·27	20	32
		Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	14	25	64·28	4	17	45
35	454, 455, 457, to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or house breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	40	99	84·78	36·36	78	118
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	3	..	..	..	5	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	3	..	50	..	3	..
		Total..	106	169	74·52	32·73	242	283

AHMED

B

Crime with Result of Police Operations.

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
ABAD.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	8	5	66·66	38·46	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	15	9	69·63	61·53	96·33	88·88	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	301	177	65	32·74	17·94	51·97	83·07	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	5	2	71·42	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	330	205	81	38·34	20·90	58·04	85·18	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	25	62	25	..	100	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	6	2	28·57	66·66	33·33	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	35	3	19	75	22·85	100	42·10	..	42	..	42	..	100
..	2	1	1	50	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	5	7	16·75	100	80	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	3	1	..	25	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	4	..	66·66	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	17	14	11	72·22	64·70	92·85	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	90	77	59	47·61	63·33	77·92	96·61	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	..	4	..	75	..	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	68	31	33	25	34·92	95·29	66·75	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	17	8	9	23·07	11·76	100	22·22	..	96	..	61	..	63·54
..	5	3	1	37·5	20	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	25	17	22	20	42	28·52	54·54	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	277	165	169	35·71	45·94	73·72	75·14	25	200	25	108	100	51·50
..	48	32	35	13·23	45·83	29·12	62·85	2,105	5,356	573	3,480	18·45	64·94
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	11	4	137·5	50	100	50	76	91	7	..	9·21	..
..	3	..	1	..	33·33	..	100	77	16	3	15	3·89	93·75
..	33	21	22	50	45·45	90·57	68·18	1,536	993	198	356	12·89	35·21
..	32	9	18	15	34·37	33·33	61·11	107	731	4	494	3·73	67·57
8	48	10	3	35·29	9·4	60	66·66	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	119	57	69	63·82	53·73	85·96	92·75	9,443	9,337	(1,896	6,290	20·06	67·36
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	66·66	..	100	..	215	..	215	..	100	..
4	287	142	153	40·90	40·76	69·71	76·97	14,564	16,516	2,996	10,635	19·88	64·29

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						AHMEDABAD
35	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	1	..	100	..	1	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	21	18	38·09	11·11	68	41
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	1	2	100	50	2	3
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
	323	Hurt	..	356	..	27·53	..	632
		Total..	23	376	43·47	28·88	56	676
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking ..	11	8	54·54	12·50	17	15
43	379 to 382	Theft { Of cattle	69	110	73·91	40·90	132	113
		{ Ordinary	804	100	82·11	73·28	1,028	91[illegible]
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	49	43	36·73	39·53	68	4[illegible]
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	119	119	79·99	75·63	194	2[illegible]
46	447 448	Criminal or house-trespass	34	27	58·37	40·74	62	44
47	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	1	..	100	..	2	..
	425, 430	Mischief	..	9	..	22·22	..	21
		Total..	955	1,042	77·40	66·53	1,503	1,122
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of Thugs, Dacoits, robbers and thieves	..	2	..	..	..	8
49	Chapter XIX., C.P.C...	Vagrancy and bad character	91	19	85·71	79·94	30	33
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	2	..	100	..	5	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ..	4	16	100	50	12	42
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	16	8	100	100	20	16
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws..	6	15	100	100	17	35
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	449	311	97·99	92·28	563	421
8	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	68	68	88·23	83·82	84	99
		Total..	869	439	96·67	88·83	731	654
		Grand Total..	1,790	2,216	81·17	60·24	3,191	3,642

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer	Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial. Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
—concluded.													
..	..	2	..	200	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	41	18	24	22·64	14·63	86·66	25	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	2	1	..	33·33	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	632	..	221	..	26·74	..	76·47	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	676	22	246	25	26·03	63·63	71·54	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	15	9	2	29·41	6·66	62·5	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	114	83	72	60·60	59·64	177·77	94·44	6,395	6,340	3,030	3,211	47·38	50·64
3	952	718	633	60·21	62·07	86·21	93·36	27,237	31,521	6,982	17,313	25·63	54·94
..	40	29	18	25	42·50	38·62	94·44	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	240	145	164	65·97	64·16	88·27	93·90	4,540	3,838	2,893	2,996	63·72	78·06
..	44	37	22	51·61	34·09	86·48	68·18	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	21	..	2	..	9·52	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	1,426	1,022	913	58·74	59·45	86·39	92·88	38,172	41,699	12,905	23,520	33·80	56·40
..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	38	26	21	86·66	63·63	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	3	..	60	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	42	12	32	75	54·76	75	71·97	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	16	19	16	85	100	89·47	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	35	16	33	76·47	62·86	81·25	66·66	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	421	550	396	94·84	97·88	97·09	98·48	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	99	76	86	86·74	84·84	94·73	97·67	28	1	3	1	10·71	100
..	664	703	594	92·29	81·95	60·01	91·78	28	1	3	1	10·71	100
8	3,650	2,253	2,145	59·32	51·42	84·54	97·31	53,789	58,416	15,929	34,259	29·98	58·64

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases in which issue joined during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*							
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1a	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	6	1	66·66	..	6	1
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	1	..	100	1	1
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	7	(1) 5	37·5	100	8	3
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	4	3	50	100	25	60
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	18	10	47·3	90	40	75
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*							
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	1	..	..	..	18
10		,, robbers	1	(2) 1	..	..	3	..
11		,, poisons	..	1	..	100	..	3
12		Other murders	5	(3) 16	60	44	9	28
13	307	Attempt at murder	1	2	100	33	..	6
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	5	(4) 10	60	50	16	14
15	376	Rape	1	1	100	..	1	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	..	..	..	1	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	3	4	75	50	1	3
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	1	7	100	100	1	7
19	339, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	1	..	100	..	1
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	31	(5) 30	43	86·6	43	50
21	323	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	2	..	50	..	6	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	27	24	57	62·5	25	32
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	7	5	43	80	14	5
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	327, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	314	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	10	4	60	75	16	3
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	95	108	45·2	69·4	149	168
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*							
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	5	3	60	100	18	19
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. By other means	6	6	33·3	66	12	13
		Robbery with hurt. In dwelling house	..	1	..	..	..	1
33	392, 393	Robbery .. .. On the highway, between sunrise and sunset ..	..	1	..	..	..	..
		Robbery .. .. Other robberies	13	34	61·5	96·8	23	48
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 434, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	97	(6) 13	7·2	30·7	36	6
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	196	(7) 63	24·0	50·8	110	55
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	1	..	100	..	1	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	318	111	21·6	60·3	199	142

(1) Three of last year. (2) One of last year. (3) One of last year. (4) Two of last year. (5) Two of last year.
(6) One of last year. (7) Two of last year.

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
RA.													
..	...	..	..	..	..	..	...	..	..	..	....	...	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
..	1	0	1	00·00	..	00·00	...						
..	2	..	2	..	100·	..	100·	..	..	..	....	...	..
..	5	4	6	50·	100·	100·	100·	..	..	..	....	...	...
..	69	8	64	32·	91·30	100·	95·43	100	..	..	....	...	...
..	..	..	..	..	...	..	..	..	..	..	....	...	..
...	75	18	73	40·	94·66	88·88	97·26	100	..	..	....	...	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	...	..
..	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	...	...
..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	1,373	..	..	....	...	..
..	3	1	2	100·	66·66	100·	100·	..	530	..	344	...	64·90
7	33	11	25	66·66	63·63	72·72	60·	..	..	..	....	...	..
..	6	1	3	100·	16·66	100·	33·33	31	58	7	37	13·72	46·55
9	23	6	23	40·	65·21	66·66	65·21	..	..	..	....	...	....
..	..	1	..	100·	..	100·	..	4	1	4	....	100·	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	...	..
..	3	1	2	100·	66·66	100·	100·	..	..	..	....	...	..
..	7	1	7	100·	100·	100·	100·	..	..	..	....	...	...
..	1	..	1	..	100·	..	100·	..	..	..	....	...	..
..	50	30	46	58·48	64·	76·66	91·30	..	..	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	...	...
..	..	5	..	16·66	..	20·	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
..	32	18	23	46·87	71·87	94·44	100·	..	..	..	....	..	..
1	6	13	6	71·42	83·33	76·92	83·33	..	..	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	...	...
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	...	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
..	2	0	2	50·	100·	100·	100·	..	..	..	....	...	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	...	..
17	186	96	164	54·28	65·94	79·16	79·12	1,337	589	11	371	0·82	62·98
..	19	37	19	100·	94·73	66·66	94·73	466	15	84	13	18·02	86·66
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
..	13	14	9	69·23	69·23	71·43	100·	..	..	..	....	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	100·	..	100·	190	105	42	9	22·08	8·57
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26	..	25	..	100·
3	51	18	42	78·91	82·35	94·44	100·	..	114	..	....	..	....
..	6	21	7	31·42	85·33	52·38	71·42	305	666	100	497	32·78	79·12
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....
..	55	97	54	84·54	96·26	95·87	96·14	11,646	3,659	2,023	1,172	25·96	32·03
..	..	1	..	100·	..	100·	..	..	..	..	....	..	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....
3	145	178	132	75·27	88·27	84·26	96·96	12,607	4,583	2,250	1,706	25·77	37·22

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
37a	323	Hurt	..	219	..	24·2	..	544
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	3	..	100	..	3
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	5	4	40	..	8	7
40	336,337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	5	226	40	24·7	8	554
		Class V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
41a	428,429	Mischief	..	1	..	..	..	1
42	453,456	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking	165	(8) 49	24	28·6	13	15
43	379 to 382	Theft { Of cattle	143	(9) 49	34·5	8·7	116	83
		Theft { Ordinary	636	(10)341	48	57	610	451
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	7	(11) 5	..	60	7	4
45	411,414	Receiving stolen property	61	(12) 56	83·6	96	103	90
46	447,448	Criminal or house-trespass	19	49	31·5	81	28	78
47	461,462	Breaking closed receptacle	1	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	1,021	553	40·3	75·7	876	726
		Class VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of Thugs, Dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chap. XXXVIII. C.P.C.	Vagrancy and bad character	9	7	100	100	14	18
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	1	1	100	100	3	4
52		Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		Salt and Custom Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269,277,279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other municipal or local laws	Public and local nuisances	114	77	95·6	98·7	129	91
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	124	85	98·	98·8	146	113
		Grand Total....	1,561	*1,092	41·5	64·9	1,409	†1,780

(8) One of last year. (9) Three of last year. (10) Nine of last year.

*This contains 220 compounded

† These contain 525 persons of 220 compounded and withdrawn cases, be 89·28 instead

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
—*continued.*													
..	544	..	86	..	15·80	..	97·73	..	2	..	2	..	100
..	3	..	3	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	7	6	..	37·50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	554	6	91	37·50	16·06	50	97·80	..	2	..	2	..	100
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	15	5	15	30·77	100	80	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	90	99	88	72·17	95·55	83·83	97·72	5,998	2,123	4,101	1,935	68·36	91·14
2	453	505	429	74·68	92·93	90·09	98·13	12,774	3,455	4,264	2,304	33·38	63·79
..	4	3	3	..	75	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	91	92	89	70·87	96·70	89·02	98·75	2,600	3,734	1,970	3,695	75·76	98·96
..	78	15	10	39·28	12·82	73·33	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	732	709	634	71·48	85·10	88·2	98·26	21,372	9,312	10,335	7,935	48·35	84·19
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	18	14	18	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	3	4	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	91	138	87	96·12	95·60	96·87	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	113	145	109	96·57	99·47	97·34	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	1,804	1,152	1,193	71·75	83·30	87·84	95·73	35,407	14,486	13,598	9,914	38·39	68·43

(11) One of last year, and withdrawn cases, otherwise the percentage in column 13 would of 60·34.

(13) One of last year.

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice*						
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136. 136	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	3	..	33·33	..	3	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	..	100	..	..	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	3	3	100	66·66	3	3
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	1	1	100	..	3	1
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	1	..	..	..	1	..
		Total...	9	4	66·66	50	15	4
		Class II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	1	..	100	..	9	..
10		,, robbers	..	1	..	..	..	2
11		,, poison	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders ..	5	1	40	100	9	1
13	307	Attempt at murder	2	3	..	..	4	3
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	5	6	20	16·66	6	6
15	376	Rape	3	3	100	..	4	5
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	1	4	100	75	1	6
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	6	5	83·33	80	6	5
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	7	9	42·85	77·77	20	9
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	10	10	50	80	17	15
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	2	1	100	..	2	1
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	2	2	50	100	2	3
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	7	2	42·85	100	18	3
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total...	51	48	50·98	60·41	91	61
		Class III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only*						
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	2	3	100	66	3	15
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt — By other means	3	5	..	60	7	7
		Robbery — In dwelling house	1	..	..	..	1	..
33	392, 393	Robbery — On the highway, between sunrise and sunset	..	6	..	28·57	..	12
		Robbery — Other robberies	6	1	50	..	12	1
		Robbery — Attempt to ditto	1	1	..	..	2	1
34	379, 381, 382, 430 to 432, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	1	3	..	33·33	1	3
		Abetment to ditto	..	..	..	..	4	..
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	64	65	70·30	76·92	126	93
		Attempt to ditto	1	3	100	100	1	3

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	95	10	11	13	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
MAHALS.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	33·33	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	3	2	100	66·66	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	0	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	14	2	81·5	50	92·85	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	50	..	50	..	13	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	0	1	33·33	100	37·50	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	5	5	38·23	37·5	40	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	3	4	75	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	1	4	100	50	100	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	5	4	62·33	80	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	9	13	3	30	33·33	46·15	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	15	10	10	29·41	60·66	50	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	2	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	1	3	50	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	6	3	16·66	100	50	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	61	66	48	35·26	57·27	57·	81·39	13	..	..	..	..	..
..	14	3	14	100	26·66	100	26·67	..	118	..	64	..	54·22
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	7	2	5	..	57·15	..	80	247	141	41	3	16·53	2·12
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	..	..	..	..	..
..	12	..	3	..	16·66	..	66·66	..	84	..	16	..	19·04
..	1	4	..	25	..	75	..	123	..	102	..	82·92	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	..	3	..	33·33	..	33·33	..	218	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	93	86	78	26·90	77·41	99·02	92·30	8,229	5,715	1,031	855	19·71	16·09
..	3	1	3	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
								PANCH
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
37	412; 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	76	89	66·89	69·53	147	135
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	4	68	100	36·76	5	135
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	4	3	71·43	66·66	17	6
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	..	1	..	..	..	1
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	11	72	81·81	37·5	22	142
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
2	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking ..	..	1	..	100	..	1
43	379 to 382	Theft .. { Of cattle	70	53	70	54·71	110	87
		{ Ordinary	127	135	77·95	77·77	238	241
			3	..	66·66	..	5	..
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	5	6	20	33·33	13	8
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	26	28	53·84	53·57	49	51
45a	428, 429	Mischief (simple)	..	6	..	..	..	33
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	1	5	100	80	1	5
47	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	..	2	..	50	..	3
		Total....	232	236	71·55	66·52	415	429
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of Thugs, Dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Provinces	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Custom Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	5	3	60	33·33	8	5
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	12	4	66·33	75	12	4
		Total....	17	7	58·83	57·14	20	9
		Grand Total....	398	456	67·58	61·40	720	780

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer	Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial. Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874		1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
MAHALS—concluded.									Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	135		96	106	55·06	63·70	90·62	91·13	5,705	5,876	1,174	936	20·57	15·96
..	135		4	44	80	26·88	100	88·6	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6		12	5	70·58	83·33	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1		..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	142		16	50	72·72	30·96	100	98	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1		..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	87		80	80	95·17	48·27	91·25	84	2,699	2,726	1,774	1,289	65·72	47·28
..	241		177	160	79·91	63·48	96·61	95·62	1,906	1,578	622	668	32·63	25·91
..	..		3	..	60	..	100	..	68	..	28	..	..	..
..	9		9	3	58·33	37·5	77·77	100	39	150	1	28	1·17	18·66
..	51		25	25	49·97	68·62	96·	100	566	797	468	702	3·12	88·03
..	33		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	56	..	20	19·59	35·71
..	6		1	4	100	80	100	100	36	..	..	..	..	..
..	3		..	3	..	66·66	..	66·66	30	30	..	5	..	25·00
..	429		295	256	68·74	55·94	94·67	94·1	5,409	6,337	2,893	2,711	54·	42·86
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
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..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5		6	4	75	20	100	25	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4		10	3	30·33	75	70	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	9		16	7	65	44·44	81·25	57·14	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	750		498	464	60·6	52·69	89·25	88·57	11,127	12,308	4,067	3,650	36·5	29·91

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*						
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	7	8	42·8	33·3	8	8
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender ..	1	..	100	..	2	..
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice ..	5	6	60	66·6	5	7
5	143 to 153, 157, 159 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	1	1	..	100	5	..
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	14	10	50	50	21	16
		Class II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, robbery	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, poison	4	..	25	..	5	..
12		Other murders	8	4	80	25	19	11
13	307	Attempt at murder	2	2	50	..	4	4
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	4	1	50	..	11	1
15	376	Rape	1	5	..	20	2	5
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	..	..	..	1	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	4	1	100	..	10	1
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ..	3	5	100	40	3	5
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	32	18	31·3	44	44	113
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	2	4	..	50	15	10
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	17	15	17·6	47	27	29
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	3	6	..	33·3	3	8
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	..	..	..	7	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	7	4	57·1	50	22	5
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	1	..	100	..	1	..
		Total..	77	65	38·9	38·4	179	192
		Class III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*						
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	3	3	33·3	33·3	9	26
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		{ By other means ..	..	2	..	..	..	5
33	392, 393	Robbery { In dwelling house ..	1	..	..	..	2	..
		{ On the highway between sunrise and sunset ..	..	2	..	50	..	6
		{ Other robberies ..	14	10	21·4	10	30	18
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	32	38	9·3	7·8	41	27
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	124	174	15·3	9·2	48	75
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	..	2	..	..	..	2
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	174	239	14·9	9·4	131	201

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
ACH:								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	3	3	50	33·3	50	33·3	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	3	..	33·3	..	33·3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	7	5	7	60	71·4	60	71·4	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	5	..	..	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	10	16	15	36·09	60	50	73·3	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	4	..	20	..	25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	11	17	7	33·3	9	35·2	14·2	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	2	4	25	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	10	..	18·1	..	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	3	4	..	20	..	25	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	10	..	50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	3	4	66·6	40	66·6	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	113	41	105	18·1	45·1	19·5	48·8	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	10	15	10	..	20	..	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	29	18	25	14·8	27·5	29·22	29·6	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	2	7	..	28	..	28·5	..	94	..	94	..	100
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	21	6	54·5	40	57·14	33·3	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	192	155	174	24·4	35·9	27·09	39·6	..	94	..	94	..	100
..	26	20	6	65	15·3	65	66·6	24,351	190	14,579	68	59·8	35·7
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	..
..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	30	..	30	..	100	..
..	6	16	6	..	83·3	..	83·3	..	669	..	486	..	70·33
..	18	20	12	16·6	5·5	16·6	8·3	144	230	21	46	14·5	20
..	27	49	22	59·6	11·1	44·9	13·6	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	75	41	58	64·5	33	75·60	48·2	4,099	14,669	710	7,588	17·3	51·39
..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	159	159	106	50	23·2	44·65	34·9	28,623	15,763	15,340	8,133	53·5	51·58

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of Persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
								BROACH—
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	..	1	..	..	..	4
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	11	8	2·9	..	29	6
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
	323	Hurt	..	383	..	20	..	914
		Total..	11	392	9·9	20·2	29	914
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ..	28	10	14·2	10	6	3
43	379 to 382	Theft .. .. { Of cattle	28	10	42·8	10	32	1
		{ Ordinary	447	423	42·5	36·4	534	556
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	15	18	20	27·7	16	16
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	34	20	76·4	55	76	24
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	12	43	16·6	11·6	20	85
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
	428, 429	Mischief	..	3	..	..	..	6
		Total..	570	527	41·6	34	684	695
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of Thugs, Dacoits, robbers and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C.P.C. ..	Vagrancy and bad character	..	2	..	50	..	4
50	295 to 297	Offences against Religion	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act.	19	13	84·2	61·5	80	49
52		——— Excise Laws	3	1	100	100	4	1
53		——— Railway Laws	15	3	80	33·3	24	5
54		——— Salt and Custom Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	1	..	..	..	2
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 278, 280, 283, 285 to 288, 289, 291 to 294, section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	86	107	87·7	91	154	126
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	1	..	..	..	1	..
		Total..	126	127	87·3	85	263	187
		Grand Total..	972	1,359	42·1	31	1,299	2,157

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial. Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874		1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
									Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
concluded.														
..	4		..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6		26	6	3·5	..	3·5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	904		..	844	..	15·2	..	15·3	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	914		26	854	3·5	15·1	3·5	16·1	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3		9	3	66·6	33·3	44·4	33·3	1,161	1	40	..	3·4	..
..	5		31	3	46·8	20	48·2	33·3	1,254	789	1,127	388	89·8	51·1
..	536		476	487	48·2	44·6	53·9	50·9	9,645	10,465	3,933	4,593	40·7	43·8
..	16		15	15	18·7	31·3	20	33·3	1,987	338	147	57	7·4	16·8
..	24		72	22	65·7	54·1	69·4	59	1,269	314	1,142	307	90·06	97·7
..	35		26	35	55	7·05	42·3	7·05	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6		..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	605		629	621	49·7	39·4	54·05	44·1	15,315	11,877	6,389	5,345	41·7	45·0
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4		..	6	..	50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	59		80	47	77·5	59·1	77·5	61·7	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1		4	1	75	100	75	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5		24	5	83·3	20	83·3	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2		..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	136		153	125	79·8	80	80·2	89·6	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	197		262	186	79·8	77·5	79·2	78·8	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2,157		1,249	1,954	51·1	31·2	53·6	34·4	43,933	27,754	21,729	13,573	49·4	48·9

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	231 to 259, 266 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	5	3	60	66	16	3
2	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	10	4	50	75	13	9
5	143 to 158, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	..	1	..	..	..	5
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	1	1	100	..	6	1
		Total... ..	16	9	75	85	34	18
		Class II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	1	..	..	..	16	..
10		,, robbers	1	..	..	..	1	..
11		,, poison	2	1	..	..	2	2
12		Other murders	2	6	..	40	9	11
13	307..	Attempt at murder	..	2	..	..	..	6
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	5	2	60	50	11	2
15	376..	Rape	4	4	..	25	4	4
16	377..	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	..	2	..	100	..	4
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	7	6	57	50	7	6
19	349, 351, 353	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession..	2	..	50	..	14	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt..	10	18	80	85	20	48
21	328..	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	337, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	1	4	..	25	5	11
23	324..	Hurt by dangerous weapon	28	10	50	30	61	24
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	3	1	33	100	5	1
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371..	Habitually dealing in slaves..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	13	17	33	64	31	22
29	338..	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	1	..	..	..	1
		Total....	78	78	38	48	135	142
		Class III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*						
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	3	4	67	50	15	16
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs .. .. .. By other means	.. 7	.. 6	.. 14	.. 50	.. 17	.. 16
33	392, 398	Robbery .. .. { In dwelling house .. .. On the highway, between sunrise and sunset .. Other robberies	2 .. 16	2 3 9	50 .. 18	.. 66 12	6 .. 35	8 3 17
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	8	11	..	9	10	18
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	8	5	50	50	11	9
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	1	1	100	..	2	1
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	5	1	80	100	13	12
		Total.. ..	48	42	33	31	108	98

B—*continued.*

Number of persons recovered by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
RAT.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	10	3	31	66	50	66	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	9	9	13	67	77	89	77	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	6	1	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	18	25	22	56	54·5	76	54·5	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	62	..	32	..	61	..
..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	11	7	11	..	36	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	..	6	..	..	..	45	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	8	2	37	20	37	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	2	3	..	30	..	33	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	..	4	..	75	..	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	6	6	43	57	50	66	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	10	..	35	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	48	18	44	25	60	27	66	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	11	..	11	..	13	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	24	56	26	45	10	51	11	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	4	1	50	50	50	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	22	52	19	34	55	34	63	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	142	161	133	31	37	35	46	53	..	32	..	61	..
..	16	16	11	69	35	37	54	6,345	77	1,505	71	28	92
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	16	13	10	12	37	15	60	92	64	77	8	95	12
..	8	8	8	50	..	50	..	65	162	40	36	61	24
..	2	..	2	..	66	..	100	..	125	..	14	..	11
..	17	36	11	10	11	11	18	1,095	68	43	27	4	39
..	16	7	9	..	19	..	33	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	9	11	9	36	44	36	44	162	560	28	8	18	1
..	1	2	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	13	13	58	100	58	100	..	..	..	211	..	..
..	98	103	72	26	35	27	40	7,880	1,054	1,993	476	26	45

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						SURAT—
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	2	1	50	..	6	1
39	341 to 344..	Wrongful restraint and confinement	14	33	14	23·63	23	56
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	..	6	..	33·33	..	6
41	374	Compulsory labour	1	..	..	..	3	..
	323	Hurt	..	200	..	23·50	..	433
		Total..	17	345	17	23·67	31	499
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
42	458, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ..	22	14	63	57	35	28
43	379 to 382	Theft .. { Of cattle	24	16	66	62	49	20
		{ Ordinary	641	547	65	68	956	913
44	406 to 409	Criminal breach of trust	29	25	31	36	48	31
44a	428, 429	Mischief	..	4	..	..	..	5
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	31	41	48	51	40	79
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	17	47	65	19·15	37	129
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	168	694	62	61·24	1,165	1,206
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C.P.C...	Vagrancy and bad character	7	1	100	100	25	1
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Provinces	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ..	3	2	33	50	15	5
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	36	12	91	83	44	15
54		——— Salt and Custom Laws..	143	233	98	98	196	305
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	64	113	63	75·22	87	129
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	5	3	80	66	9	4
		Total..	258	364	92	89·88	376	462
		Grand Total..	1,186	1,427	65	80·47	1,309	2,437

B—*continued.*

percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
Number of persons received by transfer	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	94	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	1	1	3	17	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	50	11	30	14	14·29	27	30	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	..	3	..	33·33	..	66	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	433	..	236	..	15·70	..	49·97	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	699	12	274	16	15·61	33	29·93	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	28	38	22	54	79	58	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	90	45	20	51	60	55	60	906	399	427	348	70	87
..	913	860	865	57	59	63	65	26,852	24,041	8,431	8,243	33	33
..	31	41	20	90	26	24	30	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	79	29	76	47	49	65	56	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	129	36	36	31	9·53	33	34	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,308	1,044	1,036	54	51·39	69	61	28,958	25,340	8,858	8,591	30	34
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	25	1	92	100	92	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	15	5	26	60	26	60	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	15	43	16	64	62	66	62	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	349	196	305	87	94	87	94	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	129	86	118	69	74·41	69	81	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	9	4	67	50	67	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	462	374	453	80	86·60	80	88	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3,427	1,730	3,611	54·87	49·6	60	61·46	36,679	26,394	10,583	9,066	29	

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 126, 128	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 262, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	2	4	50	25	2	3
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	2	..	50	1	1
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	7	8	28·5	62·5	10	9
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	4	6	50	16·6	46	34
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	20	20	40	40	66	44
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8		Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	302, 303, 304 ..	,, Robbers	1	2	100	100	3	6
11		,, Poisons	2	1	..	..	3	1
12		Other murders	9	12	66·6	50	25	23
13	307	Attempt at murder	2	2	50	50	4	2
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	5	1	20	..	9	1
15	376	Rape	4	2	..	..	5	1
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	4	4	75	25	6	1
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	11	4	81·8	50	13	3
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	1	1	100	..	1	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	21	38	76·1	79·4	51	69
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	3	4	100	50	14	6
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapons	11	15	81·8	46·6	30	29
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	1	5	..	60	1	8
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	1	..	..	..	2
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	17	18	58·8	66·6	33	29
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	92	107	65·2	60·7	198	180
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*						
30	396, 397, 398	Dacoity	9	35	37·5	57·1	37	178
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. { By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	2	..	..	..	3
		{ By other means	..	1	..	..	..	..
33	392, 393	Robbery .. .. { In dwelling house	6	10	83·3	50	19	18
		{ On the highway, between sunrise and sunset ..	4	4	50	50	11	2
		{ Other robberies	21	46	57·1	26·2	68	53
34	370, 391, 393, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	12	6	33·3	..	27	4
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	59	58	81	39·2	99	45
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	3	4	100	100	6	6
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	112	164	67·8	40·2	267	308

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.						Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.			Amount		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
NA.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	5	1	60·5	33·3	100	100	1	..	1	..	100	..
..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	3	5	20	83·3	66·6	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	34	18	25	34·3	2·9	66·6	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	44	26	32	34·6	18·1	99·4	25	1	..	1	..	100	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	3	6	33·3	50	33·3	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	23	15	18	44	39·1	78·3	50	71	66	21	26	100	64·3
..	2	1	4	25	50	100	25	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	9	1	11·1	..	11·1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	5	1	83·3	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	12	3	76·9	66·6	63·2	66·6	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	69	31	71	58·8	69·8	81	67·3	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	14	5	35·7	66·6	35·7	80	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	29	13	28	80	54·6	76·9	60·7	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	..	5	..	37·5	..	60	25	..	10	..	40	..
..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	28	20	26	57·5	75·5	85	84·6	8	..	8	..	100	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	160	137	171	60	74·4	68·8	72·5	143	86	89	26	62	64·2
..	178	30	171	33·4	46·7	28·3	88·4	3,701	4,555	66	288	1·7	8·6
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	108	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	30	..	..	..	..
..	18	18	18	66·4	83·3	94·4	83·3	77	291	7	95	9·1	32·6
..	2	5	4	45·4	50	100	25	53	8	48	..	89·8	..
..	52	37	39	42·6	42·3	78·3	56·4	573	254	302	84	..	33·1
..	4	8	8	7·4	..	25	..	..	..	..	..	63·8	..
..	45	84	44	75·7	90	69·2	81·8	6,560	1,220	2,656	362	100	29·7
..	6	5	6	83·3	100	100	100	13	438	13	435	..	99·3
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	360	120	369	55·9	64·9	73·4	66·1	14,918	6,907	3,292	1,346	30	19·4

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	6	8	6	7	8	9
								TANNA
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
36	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	2	1	66·6	100	6	1
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	6	7	50	57·1	26	11
40	336,337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	..	3	..	66·6	..	3
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
	323	Court	..	303	..	51·3	..	590
		Total...	7	314	53·5	52·2	22	614
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ..	8	22	33·3	34·3	19	33
43	379 to 382	Theft .. .. { Of cattle	42	27	64·2	40·7	79	43
		{ Ordinary	654	820	60·1	57·3	1,251	1,430
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	17	14	52·9	57·1	20	17
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	29	34	85	79·4	30	49
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	111	118	43·2	66·2	159	267
47	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
	428, 429	Mischief	..	3	..	50	..	4
		Total...	850	1,027	65·7	57·9	1,659	1,843
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	211, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX. C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	1	..	..	..	1	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ..	3	4	66·6	100	9	20
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	8	5	62·5	100	14	8
54		——— Salt and Custom Laws	72	..	72·2	..	100	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	2	..	..	..	2	..
56		——— Stamp Act	1	..	..	..	2	..
57	269,277,279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other municipal or local laws	Public and local nuisances	12	20	66·6	80	29	57
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	186	303	74·3	97·6	366	330
		Total....	284	332	72	94·3	527	404
		Grand Total....	1,335	1,974	66·6	61·7	2,679	3,416

B—*continued.*

Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
Number of persons received by trial Jer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
—concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	1	2	1	33·3	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	11	3	9	18·7	45·4	100	55·5	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	..	2	..	66·6	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	569	..	363	..	47·4	..	80·6	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	614	8	364	22·7	47·5	100	80·2	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	33	11	23	15·7	30·3	27·2	43·4	..	6	..	6	..	100
..	42	55	31	51·2	42·8	72·7	58	779	394	628	544	80·6	91·5
..	1,430	915	1,230	64·3	68·9	89·7	80·1	9,657	17,184	5,943	7,613	61·5	44·8
..	17	12	15	40	70·5	100	80	429	259	115	198	26·8	76·4
..	49	35	40	74·3	67·1	82·8	70	238	474	114	353	47·8	74·4
..	287	105	188	45	50·8	78	77·6	612	..	612	..	100	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	..	3	..	75	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,961	1,133	1,530	60·8	64·6	86·4	78·6	11,715	18,517	7,412	8,714	63·2	47
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	20	9	20	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	71·4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	14	5	..	100	71·4	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	69	..	65	..	100	..	38	..	37	..	96·4	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	87	19	16	44·8	22·5	68·4	61·2	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	336	264	321	65	99·9	93·7	96·4	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	408	368	362	64·5	88·7	92·8	97·7	38	..	37	..	96·4	..
..	3,416	1,963	2,748	59·1	68·7	85	79·2	22,903	35,480	10,821	10,099	47·4	39·6

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and	
							Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						COL
1a	115,117 to 119.I.P.Code.	Substantive abetments	1	..	100	..	1	..
1	131 to 136. 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259. 260 to 263 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	3	1	33·33	..	3	1
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	5	3	20	66·66	11	4
5	143 to 153. 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	35	25	37·14	20	310	250
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	1	..	..	..	1	..
		Total... ..	45	29	35·55	24·13	326	255
		Class II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		" Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		" Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		" Poison	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders ..	4	5	50	60	10	26
13	307	Attempt at murder	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	1	2	..	50	1	4
15	376	Rape	1	..	..	..	1	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	1	4	..	50	1	5
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	4	4	..	50	4	4
19	329, 331, 328	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	14	5	50	60	20	4
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 333	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	1	5	..	100	4	15
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	11	13	18·18	23·07	13	22
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	1	2	..	..	1	4
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	1	..	..	..	1
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	..	..	..	1	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	23	12	47·82	16·66	41	20
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total... ..	62	53	35·48	39·62	97	106
		Class III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*						
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	2	3	..	33·33	13	21
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt — By other means	2	..	100	..	2	..
33	392, 393	Robbery — In dwelling house	2	1	50	..	4	..
		Robbery — On the highway, between sunrise and sunset	1	..	..	..	1	..
		Robbery — Other robberies	15	6	20	16·66	22	4
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	9	2	55·55	..	9	2
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	20	27	30	55·55	19	31

B—*continued.*

Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.										Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
ABA.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	1	..	33·33	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	2	3	9·09	75	50	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	240	134	60	27·41	13·2	46·54	63·33	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	255	138	64	26·99	18·07	68·75	64·06	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	26	4	16	26	30·76	50	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	..	2	..	50	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	..	3	..	60	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	1	2	..	50	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	11	3	55	75	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	15	..	15	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	22	2	3	15·38	13·63	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	20	22	3	40·90	10	81·81	66·66	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	105	40	50	34·03	35·19	81·5	76·0	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	21	10	16	25·0	66·66	..	87·5	1,822	894	73	29	4·006	4·68
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	100	..	100	..	93	..	88	..	95·65	..
..	..	3	..	75	..	100	..	33	30	18	..	45·48	..
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	96	..	44	..	53·48	..
..	4	12	1	13·63	25	25	100	145	33	43	6	29·65	18·18
..	2	2	1	66·66	..	75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	31	10	18	47·36	54·83	90	94·4	159	645	15	129	9·43	25·5

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
								COLABA
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	2	3	..	66·66	2	4
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	53	42	32·07	45·23	73	62
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
38	334..	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	2	..	50	..	2	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	9	9	..	22·22	13	16
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	1	..	..	..	2	..
41	374..	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
	323..	Hurt	..	435	..	16·66	..	573
		Total....	13	447	9·23	16·77	17	589
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ..	8	7	37·5	28·57	11	6
43	379 to 382	Theft .. { Of cattle	11	16	36·36	31·25	14	23
		{ Ordinary	434	438	41·93	45·66	748	751
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	21	21	23·80	9·52	26	21
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	12	9	41·66	66·66	16	12
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	91	132	37·36	33·45	157	189
47	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
	428, 429	Mischief	..	8	..	12·5	..	12
		Total....	577	631	40·36	39·14	972	1,017
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX, C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	4	..	5	..	18	..
51	Cognisable offences under the Act in force in the Provinces	Cognisable offences under the Gambling Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		———Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		———Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		———Salt and Customs Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		———Stage Carriage Act	18	48	55·55	81·25	25	96
56		———Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	51	74	74·50	82·43	67	116
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognisable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	73	122	73·97	81·96	105	212
		Grand Total....	522	1,324	41·72	35·42	1,869	2,940

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount of property recovered.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
—concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	4	3	2	..	50	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	62	48	36	36	54·83	54·16	89·47	2,337	1,202	281	176	12·02	14·47
..	..	2	..	50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	16	1	2	..	12·5	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	573	..	120	..	19·19	..	85·27	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	589	3	131	5·98	19·01	33·33	85·49	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	5	3	27·27	33·33	60	66·66	387	4	..	4	..	100
..	23	11	10	35·71	30·43	45·45	70	370	606	369	606	99·72	100
..	751	345	490	36·33	51·26	52·89	91·6	9,052	3,214	2,745	4,666	30·32	56·9
..	24	6	5	23·07	8·33	100	40	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	12	6	8	37·5	66·33	100	87·5	151	479	151	421	100	87·33
..	189	76	75	36·75	21·16	55·26	53·33	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	12	..	3	..	8·33	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,017	449	533	35·80	43·65	77·50	84·8	9,960	9,305	3,265	5,699	32·81	61·24
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	96	22	31	65	32·29	100	86·61	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	116	52	32	77·61	75	100	94·36	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	212	82	183	70·67	78·3	90·34	90·71	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2,240	750	989	35·87	37·37	76	84·4	13,297	10,107	3,546	5,873	28·83	55·89

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*							MA
1c	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	1	1	..	100	1	2
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 256, 259 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	19	24	69	58	16	17
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	1	..	100	..	1
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice ..	2	5	50	40	2	5
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	2	4	..	25	10	21
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier ..	3	2	100	..	4	2
		Total ..	16	37	58	53	33	49
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*							
8		Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		„ Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	302, 303, 396 ..	„ Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		„ Poison	1	2	..	..	1	..
12		Other murders	6	7	33	29	20	7
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	1	..	100	14	1
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	..	6	..	67	..	13
15	376	Rape	5	14	60	..	3	18
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	2	..	..	..	1
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	4	3	75	..	3	4
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ..	6	8	33	62	6	6
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	2	..	100	..	5	..
20	325, 326, 325	Grievous hurt	15	18	32	33	35	15
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	1	..	100	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	2	2	..	100	3	2
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	7	8	43	50	8	27
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	5	4	19	50	7	11
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	1	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	14	18	57	47	29	22
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	1	..	..	..	3
		Total ..	73	90	40	36	131	130
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*							
30	395, 397, 396	Dacoity	8	4	38	25	50	12
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity ..	1	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 392, 393	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs ..	2	..	100	..	2	..
		{ By other means ..	..	1	..	..	..	1
33	392, 393	Robbery { In dwelling house ..	6	2	..	..	11	1
		{ On the highway between sunrise and sunset ..	7	6	14	..	26	18
		{ Other robberies ..	2	2	50	20	4	12
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 432, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	21	11	24	18	20	10
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or house breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	70	63	20	24	51	50
36	449 to 453	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	2	5	100	40	2	5
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	1	1	100	..	2	1
		Total ..	125	103	26	21	193	117

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
SIK.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	2	1	1	..	50	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	17	12	21	44	52	58	48	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	2	4	50	66	50	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	21	10	19	..	24	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	4	2	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	49	29	46	36	43	41	44	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	7	20	7	10	29	10	29	12	..	12	..	100	..
..	1	1	1	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	..	13	..	31	..	31	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	16	5	14	45	..	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	3	4	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	5	7	33	80	40	71	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	5	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	35	30	11	14	27	17	36	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	3	2	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	27	9	17	37	19	33	29	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	11	5	11	14	36	20	36	172	..	36	..	21	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	22	23	22	35	45	43	45	4	39	4	15	100	39
..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	130	116	111	25·9	28	29	33	188	39	52	15	28	39
3	14	59	2	54	6	54	50	2,062	278	326	131	16	47
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	7	..	44	..	57	..	382	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	41	..	..	..	..
..	1	11	1	..	..	..	..	512	90	408	8	80	8
..	13	17	4	8	..	12	..	723	247	7	19	1	7
..	12	8	11	75	38	100	36	120	224	120	179	100	55
..	10	22	11	32	20	41	18	64	..	..	..	..	..
..	59	35	46	31	43	46	54	15,802	3,378	6,538	642	84	19
..	5	3	5	100	40	100	40	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	2	..	50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	119	159	84	35	29	44	40	19,665	4,358	9,996	974	48	24

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of Persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
								NASIK—
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	18	21	11	9	19	24
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	1	1	100	..	1	1
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
	323	Hurt	..	653	..	24	..	1,134
		Total ..	19	675	16	23	20	1,159
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ..	18	48	28	10	14	11
43	379 to 382	Theft .. .. { Of cattle	77	55	65	47	117	80
		{ Ordinary	646	557	59	53	993	797
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	33	38	21	24	29	40
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	80	42	87	71	108	92
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	117	97	36	34	151	141
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
	426, 429	Mischief	..	19	..	42	..	28
		Total ..	971	849	87	48	1,407	1,189
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C.P.C. ..	Vagrancy and bad character	2	2	100	100	15	5
50	295 to 297	Offences against Religion	1	..	..	..	1	..
51	Cognisable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognisable offences under the Gambling Act.	..	1	..	100	..	6
52		——— Excise Laws	..	1	..	100	..	1
53		——— Railway Laws	..	6	..	83	..	7
54		——— Salt and Custom Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	7	3	86	100	10	3
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	348	295	83	86	333	359
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	..	5	..	33	..	3
		Total ..	354	311	83	86	348	384
		Grand Total ..	1,460	2,054	58	43·6	2,131	3,028

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial. Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
concluded.													
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	24	17	21	11	8	12	9	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,134	..	794	..	25	..	31	..	½	..	½	..	100
..	1,159	18	815	15	25	17	36	..	½	..	½	..	100
..	11	14	11	36	55	36	55	609	819	..	289	..	35
..	30	113	73	56	49	60	53	1,504	2,063	1,476	1,894	92	91
..	797	910	763	57	52	62	59	44,184	24,005	13,247	13,020	30	54
..	40	29	38	24	25	24	26	538	617	370	447	69	86
..	92	103	69	79	44	79	58	772	1,640	772	1,512	100	92
..	141	140	130	39	35	43	42	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	23	..	24	..	54	..	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,189	1,388	1,032	55	49	60	56	47,702	29,044	15,865	17,162	33	59
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	15	5	93	100	93	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	..	6	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	7	..	7	..	86	..	86	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	10	3	90	100	90	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	359	309	354	75	81	79	83	..	½	..	½	..	100
..	3	..	3	..	33	..	33	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	384	334	379	76	82	80	82	..	½	..	½	..	100
7	3,030	1,963	2,475	54·9	43	60	51	67,553	33,441½	25,313	18,151½	38	54

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*							
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	2	..	50	..	6
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	4	10	50	70	7	17
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	4	5	50	80	5	5
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	3	11	33·3	73	25	125
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	4	4	33·3	75	3	8
		Total....	15	32	42·8	73	40	161
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*							
8		Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	1	..	100	..	1	..
10	302, 303, 396	,, Robbers	2	1	100	100	4	2
11		,, Poisons	2	..	..	..	7	..
12		Other murders	9	5	33·3	80	19	11
13	307..	Attempt at murder	..	1	..	..	..	1
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	5	5	40	40	5	12
15	376..	Rape	10	8	30	37·5	16	12
16	377..	Unnatural offences	1	1	100	..	1	1
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	6	3	66·6	66·6	7	5
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	12	11	50	27·3	11	10
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt..	26	20	50	45·0	60	30
21	338..	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	2	3	50	66·6	4	4
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324..	Hurt by dangerous weapon	12	9	41·6	25	23	19
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	8	9	12·5	11·1	21	31
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	4	..	75	..	14	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	1	..	..	..	3
27	371..	Habitually dealing in slaves..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	17	19	41·1	36·8	42	26
29	338..	Rash act causing grievous hurt	4	..	..	..	3	..
		Total....	121	96	41·8	37·5	237	167
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*							
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	3	4	33·3	..	21	19
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
		{ By other means	1	4	100	25	4	13
33	392, 393	Robbery .. .. { In dwelling house	2	..	..	..	1	..
		{ On the highway, between sunrise and sunset ..	5	3	20	33·3	12	14
		{ Other robberies	9	8	33·3	75	23	11
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	15	16	20	25	23	25
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	78	59	30·8	42·3	61	78
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	7	2	71·4	100	8	2
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	..	1	..	..	..	1
		Total...	120	97	31·6	40	152	161

B —*continued.*

percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.										Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
DESH.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	6	..	6	..	16·6	..	16·6	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	17	4	10	57·1	29·4	100	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	6	4	40	80	33·3	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	125	19	53	40	31·2	52·6	73·5	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	1	7	33·3	87·5	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	161	30	80	49·5	34·7	86·6	70	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	4	1	100	50	100	100	..	324	..	130	..	40·1
..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	11	17	13	31·8	90·9	42·9	76·9	..	30	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	12	6	6	50	16·6	50	33·3	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	12	13	5	18·2	25	23·1	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	7	5	57·1	60	57·1	60	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	10	8	6	54·5	30	75	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	30	41	19	43·5	50	63·4	47·3	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	3	4	25	50	33·3	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	19	15	15	22·7	66·4	33·3	86·6	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	31	11	15	14·3	3·3	25·2	6·6	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	9	5	57	..	66·6	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	38	32	18	54·8	34·6	71·8	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	167	173	114	39·6	36·5	54·6	53·5	..	354	..	130	..	36·7
..	19	11	..	61·9	..	27·2	..	3,730	88	857	..	31·5	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	11	8	2	75	9·1	100	50	51	8	51	2	100	25
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	105	..	..	..	5	..
..	14	2	14	16·6	7·1	100	7·1	48	31	1	..	2	..
..	11	13	9	17·4	54·5	20·6	66·6	115	409	38	68	34·3	16·6
..	25	8	11	27·2	9	75	18·1	..	119	..	..	..	..
..	78	43	73	60·6	65·3	86	69·8	14,534	5,772	590	4,398	4	76·2
..	2	7	2	75	100	85·7	100	52	..	53	..	100	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	141	88	111	40·1	33·4	69	59·7	17,685	6,427	1,539	4,468	8·9	69·5

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	LAW.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
								KHANDESH—
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
38a	323	Hurt	..	482	..	19	..	— 585
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	3	5	100	100	4	5
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement .. .	34	32	32·3	31·2	57	49
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	1	24	100	12·5	1	44
41	374	Compulsory labour	1	..	..	..	1	..
		Total..	39	543	38·5	20·2	63	683
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
42a	428	Mischief	..	23	..	21·7	..	18
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ..	65	55	30	18	28	24
43	379 to 382	Theft .. { Of cattle .. .. / Ordinary	115 1,003	79 899	40·9 48·6	58 51	138 1,110	91 1,108
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	41	35	60·9	42·8	40	30
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	68	59	70·5	76	119	87
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	57	75	49·1	35·5	87	99
47	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	1,349	1,226	48·9	40·0	1,522	1,457
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C.P.C...	Vagrancy and bad character	11	4	36·4	50	21	6
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	1	2	..	100	4	4
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ..	3	1	100	100	12	5
52		——— Excise Laws	22	16	100	100	53	37
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Custom Laws..	..	1	..	..	..	1
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 288, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	26	45	88·5	80	38	59
58		Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	50	69	92	91·5	68	86
		Total..	113	128	86·7	87	196	108
		Grand Total..	1,757	2,122	49·3	43·3	2,210	2,807

B—*concluded.*

Number of persons received by transfer	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	565	..	231	..	26·6	..	53·3	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	4	5	75	100	75	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	49	38	26	42·1	26·5	100	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	44	1	37	100	13·6	100	16·2	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	663	44	349	44·4	26·2	63	49·8	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	18	..	10	..	16·6	..	30	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	24	24	15	58·2	33·3	62·5	53·3	137	36	9	14	6·6	38·8
3	94	115	75	53·5	60·4	64·4	73·3	5,126	2,116	3,304	1,378	64·5	65·2
..	1,108	859	795	61·3	57	80·2	80	41,500	25,139	19,210	8,666	46·3	34·6
1	31	33	19	57·5	26·6	69·8	42·1	1,388	422	384	209	27·7	49·5
7	94	101	71	71·4	66·9	84·2	84·5	775	897	692	899	89·9	99·9
..	99	55	54	48·3	38·2	76·4	43·8	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	1,468	1,177	1,049	60·4	54	78·1	76	49,026	38,610	23,599	11,163	48·1	28·9
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	8	4	28·5	66·6	75	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	4	4	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	12	5	75	100	75	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	37	53	37	100	94·5	100	94·6	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	60	35	57	76·3	72·8	83·3	75·5	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	86	65	86	95·5	89·5	96·5	89·5	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	198	177	193	82·1	84·3	91	87	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	2,818	1,688	1,896	57·6	47·1	76	60·7	66,711	45,891	25,188	15,761	37·7	34·7

STATE

Thuggee and Dacoity, administration of Poisonous or Stupefying

Description of Crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in Cases in Columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
AHMED											
Thuggee .. { By strangulation ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thuggee .. { By poison ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land	9	10	7	11	90	66	35	22	13	5	50
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) without murder.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, *viz* :—											
Kidnapping	7	7	1	13	38	24	9	2	7	4	17
Cattle theft	98	109	45	186	366	119	72	68	4	..	395
KAI											
Thuggee .. { By strangulation ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thuggee .. { By poison ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land	..	4	4	..	38	37	19	18	1	18	4
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) without murder.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, *viz* :—											
Kidnapping	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cattle theft	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
PANCH											
Thuggee .. { By strangulation ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thuggee .. { By poison ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land	1	4	3	3	35	15	14	4	10	..	21
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) without murder.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, *viz* :—											
Kidnapping	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cattle theft	131	76	29	178	414	87	80	42	8	..	364

MEMT C.

Drugs for Criminal purposes, and other Professional Crimes.

COMPARATIVE RETURN.															Remarks.
Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			
1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	
13			14			15			16			17			18
ABAD.															
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	320	..	..	96	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
50	83	66	50	73	55	23	26	22	1,456	2,105	5,358	729	573	3,480	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
6	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	88	..	..	8	..	..	
41	21	24	41	18	9	8	4	2	..	49	96	..	31	61	
149	193	119	145	187	72	73	121	66	7,992	6,395	6,340	4,196	3,030	3,211	
RA.															
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15	18	37	6	27	19	4	18	18	1,125	466	545	226	84	357	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	136	..	..	93	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
MAHALS.															
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	1	15	1	1	14	1	1	4	..	..	118	..	..	64	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
56	110	..	37	80	50	23	73	42	1,439	2,699	2,766	864	1,774	1,289	

STATEMENT

Description of Crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in Cases in Columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
BRO											
Thuggee .. { By strangulation ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thuggee .. { By poison.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land	..	6	3	..	69	26	10	4	2	4	61
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(a) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) without murder.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, *viz* :—											
Kidnapping	3	6	4	3	13	8	7	2	5	..	11
Cattle theft	31	10	4	12	65	5	3	1	2	..	64
SU											
Thuggee .. { By strangulation ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thuggee .. { By poison.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land	1	7	5	3	34	17	11	6	10	1	17
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(a) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) without murder.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, *viz* :—											
Kidnapping	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cattle theft	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TAN											
Thuggee .. { By strangulation ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thuggee .. { By poison.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land	12	22	20	14	319	178	148	103	54	15	141
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(a) with murder ..	..	2	1	3	4	..	..	..	..	..	4
(b) without murder.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, *viz*:—											
Kidnapping	..	..	6	..	8	8	5	3	5	..	..
Cattle theft	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

C—*continued.*

COMPARATIVE RETURN.																
Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			Remarks.	
1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	*	
13			14			15			16			17			18	
ACH.																
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
38	39	26	33	20	6	1	13	4	585	24,351	130	91	13,474	688	* 16 persons discharged without trial.	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
5	2	3	5	2	7	4	..	2	..	..	94	..	..	94	* One person discharged without trial.	
16	32	5	15	31	3	8	15	1	585	1,254	159	566	1,127	† 388	† 2 persons discharged without trial.	
RAT.																
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
55	15	17	55	15	11	10	6	6	1,113	6,245	77	7	1,805	71		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
NA.																
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
117	87	160	91	29	148	62	11	95	7,245	3,701	6,527	708	66	312	9 cases of dacoity have been omitted in Column 2 as being merely common robberies.	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	39	29	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	..	..	10	..		
173	78	42	94	65	31	74	40	18	1,934	779	594	1,640	638	544	None of the cattle thefts appear to have been of professional nature.	

STATEMENT

Description of Crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in Cases in Columns 2 and 3	Arrested.	Brought to trial	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
COLA											
Thuggee .. { By strangulation .. By poison	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Dacoity on land	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) without murder.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Otherprofessional crimes, *viz* :—											
Kidnapping ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cattle theft ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
NA											
Thuggee .. { By strangulation .. By poison	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Dacoity on land	..	3	2	1	26	14	2	1	1	7	..
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) without murder.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Otherprofessional crimes, *viz* :—											
Kidnapping ..	..	4	4	..	11	11	11	4	7	..	..
Cattle theft ..	..	54	46	5	80	80	73	39	34	1	..
KHAN											
Thuggee .. { By strangulation .. By poison	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Dacoity on land	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) without murder.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, *viz* :—											
Kidnapping ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cattle theft ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

MENT C—*concluded.*

COMPARATIVE RETURN.																
Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			Remarks.	
1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874		
13			14			15			16			17			18	
BA.																
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
SIK.																
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
43	30	14	38	39	2	36	32	1	3,621	2,062	378	2,366	333	131		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
38	6	11	25	5	11	1	1	4	..	173	..	..	36	..		
123	117	90	109	112	73	68	66	39	1,916	1,604	2,063	1,538	1,470	1,894		
DESH.																
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		

STATE

Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection

PART

DISTRICT.	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 5 to 8.		Total Cost under Columns 9 and 10.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
										Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Ahmedabad.	Sukhrál	1 day...	5,000	..	..	2	15	..	..	..	..
	Shákáwári	1 „ ..	5,000	..	..	2	15	..	..	..	..
	Pánch Shawári	1 „ ..	12,000	..	..	4	26	..	..	..	..
	Do.	1 „ ..	10,000	..	..	5	26	..	..	..	..
Taluka Dasakrohi.	Asárva	1 „ ..	8,000	..	..	4	18	..	..	..	..
	Acharji	1 „ ..	8,000	..	..	4	18	..	..	..	..
	Binglaj	1 „ ..	6,000	..	..	3	14	..	..	..	..
	Goemipur	1 „ ..	6,000	..	..	3	13	..	..	..	..
	Dani Lirara	7 days...	50,000	..	..	6	32	..	..	..	..
	Raoji Bohra	4 „ ..	5,000	..	..	2	14	..	..	..	..
	Dudeshur	1 day...	2,000	..	..	2	14	..	..	..	..
	Luhipur	1 „ ..	3,000	..	..	1	5	..	..	..	..
Taluka Dholera.	Bhoiad	4 days..	2,500	..	..	3	7	..	..	..	..
Taluka Viramgám	Rajeshur	1 day...	1,000	..	..	2	6	..	..	..	..
	Sheik Pir	1 „ ..	2,000	..	..	2	6	..	..	..	..
	Rokudia Hanuman.	1 „ ..	1,500	..	..	2	6	..	..	..	..
Taluka Dhandhuka.	Bhimnáth	4 days..	11,000	..	..	2	9	..	..	..	..
Taluka Dholka.	Wautha	7 „ ..	1,50,000	..	..	5	30	..	..	..	..
Taluka Sánand.	Sarkhej	3 „ ..	3,000	..	..	2	6	..	..	..	..
Kaira.	Pauch Punum	3 „ ..	8,000	..	..	4	9	..	..	..	..
	Maha do.	3 „ ..	8,000	..	..	4	9	..	..	..	..
	Fagun Agiarus	1 day ..	5,000	..	..	1	7	..	..	..	..
	Fagun Punum	6 days..	18,000	..	..	5	17	..	..	..	..
	Chetur do.	5 „ ..	50,000	..	..	5	23	..	..	..	..
	Vuisak do.	4 „ ..	5,000	..	..	4	13	..	..	..	..
	Jeith do.	4 „ ..	4,000	..	..	4	11	..	..	..	..
	Ashad do.	6 „ ..	10,000	..	..	4	10	..	..	..	..
Dákor	Roth Jatra	1 day ..	31,000	..	..	4	10	..	..	..	..
	Adheek Aahad Punum.	3 days..	10,000	..	..	5	16	..	..	..	..
	Shrawna Punum	4 „ ..	10,000	..	..	4	13	..	..	..	..
	Junma Atham	1 day ..	3,000	..	..	3	7	..	..	..	..
	Bhadurwa Punum.	4 days..	10,000	..	..	4	13	..	..	..	..
	Dussera	1 day ..	50,000	..	..	3	7	..	..	..	..
	Aso Punum Mauukhari.	8 days..	1,25,000	..	..	11	49	22	133	..	..
	Ankoli Dewali.	3 „ ..	5,000	..	..	2	6	..	..	..	..
	Kartak Punum.	4 „ ..	30,000	..	..	3	16	..	..	..	..
	Magsar Punum	4 „ ..	20,000	..	..	3	14	..	..	..	..
	Chatur Sud Navum.	7 „ ..	14,000	..	..	2	5	..	..	..	..
Wartál	Kartik Sud Agiarus.	5 „ ..	16,000	..	..	3	7	..	..	..	..
Borsad	Pipiav	1 day ..	8,000	..	..	4	15	..	..	..	..
Mátar	Wamba	4 days..	30,000	..	..	3	7	..	..	..	..

MENT D.

of Persons and Property, or quartered as a punitive measure.

I. Protection of Persons and Property.				PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						
Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of Cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks.
Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.			
..	..	..	..	2	2	9	687	One for 6 months and another for 5 months.	....	The punitive posts at Gunjala and Shahapur were withdrawn from 1st July and 1st June 1874 respectively.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
6	6	39	38	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	1	20	20	1	1	4	*630-4-0	One year.	87 in 5 years.	*The punitive post at Paloj will be withdrawn on 31st August 1876. †Do. at Piplaj withdrawn.
..	..	..	..	2	2	8	†1,212-8-0	Do.	Misconduct of the villagers.	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	2	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
5	5	24	24	..	..	..	..	..	....	‡From the Ahmedabad Police.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	1	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	1	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	

STATEMENT

PART

DISTRICT.	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 5 to 8.		Total cost under Columns 9 and 10.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
										Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Panch Mahals.	Pâwâgarh	16 days.	7,700	2	9	2	12	..	..	..	..
	Khunpir	4 „ ..	1,500	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Kunjury	1 day ..	1,500	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Gokal Ashtmi, near Dohad Town at Dudeshwar Mahadev.	1 „ ..	4,000	..	..	6	20	..	..	..	..
	Amli Agiarus										
	Ramdogra. ..	1 „ ..	2,000	..	..	2	3	..	..	..	..
	Gangurdi ..	1 „ ..	3,000	1	3	2	2	..	..	..	..
	Jhâlod ..	1 „ ..	2,000	..	..	3	7	..	..	..	..
	Bhawpura at Jailaimata. ..	1 „ ..	1,000	..	..	2	6	..	..	..	..
	Ankleswar Mahadev Godhra.	1 „ ..	2,000	..	..	2	10	..	..	..	..
	Ambli Agiarus at Tuva in Godhra. ..	2 days.	300	..	..	2	6	..	..	..	..
	Sunsoli in Kâlol.	1 day ..	6,000	1	3	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Ramnath Mahadev in Kâlol.	1 „ ..	600	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
	Mudwas Gowshuneshwar Mahadevni ..	1 „ ..	400	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Chul at Khakuria and Jambughora.	1 „ ..	1,000	..	..	1	4	..	..	..	..
	Khurvani ..	1 „ ..	600	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..
	Dhunpuri at Dhunai Mata.	1 „ ..	600	..	..	1	4	..	..	..	..
	Khutia in Wageshwari.	1 „ ..	700	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..
Broach	Sukaltirth ..	4 days..	15,000	1	1	3	24	..	..	..	..
Surat	.....	..	....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanna ..	Wujreshwari ..	1 months	6,000	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..
	Motimowli ..	7 days.	5,000	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..
	Nirmal.. ..	7 „ ..	5,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colâba	.....	..	....	..	..	..	..	4	14	*3,458	..
Nâsik. City ..	Ramnowmi ..	4 days.	60,000	6	28	6	28	..	..	..	..
Taluka Nâsik.	Mohoram ..	5 „ ..	28,000			4	16	..	..	..	..
	Shivratra ..	8 „ ..	5,000			1	3	..	..	..	..
	Nivrati ..	8 „ ..	5,000		3	3	3	..	..	..	..
	* Trimbak. Kartick Poreunima ..	3 „ ..	5,000	1		1	3	..	..	..	..
	Lena Fair ..	1 day ..	500	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Someshwar ..	1 „ ..	500	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
Taluka Dindori.	Bhanwad Bhyrobs	12 days.	4,000	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..
	Wani Devis ..	15 „ ..	6,000	1	3	1	3	..	..	..	..
Taluka Chândor.	Wadner Bhyrobs ..	1 day ..	600	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..
	Motobas ..	15 days.	12,000	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..
Taluka Niphâd	Urus, Mahomedan.	15 „ ..	7,000	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..
	Bhyrobas ..	3 „ ..	4,000	..	..	1	6	..	..	..	..
Taluka Sâwargaon.	Urus, Mahomedan	1 day ..	1,000	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Khundobas ..	1 „ ..	500	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Devis	1 „ ..	500	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..

D—*continued.*

I. Protection of Persons and Property.				PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						
Number of Offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of Cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks.
Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
13	14	15.	16	17	18	19	20	21.	22	23
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.			
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

STATEMENT

DISTRICT.	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	PART Additional Police collected for the: Strength of Police usually located at the place. Officers.	Men.	Detached from the Regular Force. Officers.	Men.	Specially employed in addition to Columns 5 to 8. Officers.	Men.	Total cost under Columns 9 and 10. To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.
1	2	3	4	5	6.	7	8	9	10	11	12
										Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Kaira—continued. Taluka Sáwargaon—contd.	Ragojibawa	1 day	[15,000								
	Ramjan Eed	1 „	20,000								
	Bakri Eed	1 „	20,000	4	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Moboram	2 days	2,000								
Taluka Igatpuri.	Urus, Mahomedan	2 „	5,000	..	..	1	6	..	..	..	..
	Satobas	2 „	2,000	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..
	Urus, Mahomedan	2 „	2,000	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Bhirobas	1 „	1,000	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..
	Sidvratra	1 „	5,000	..	..	1	4	..	..	..	..
Taluka Mágegaon.	Khandoba	3 „	6,000	..	..	1	6	..	..	..	..
Taluka Mándgaon.	Datatriya	3 „	1,000	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..
Taluka Kalwan.	Saptasring Devis	3 „	6,000	..	..	4	12	..	..	..	..
	Do. Nowratra	9 „	400	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..
	Abhona Martand.	6 „	500	3	15	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sule Sideshwar	4 „	500	..	..	1	7	..	..	..	..
Taluka Jaykhera.	Mámpur Devis	10 „	9,000	1	4	1	5	..	..	..	..
	Mulher Uddhowswami	1 day	5,000	1	3	1	3	..	..	..	..
	Bhilwad Parvamath	2 days	1,000	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..
	Amalner	20 „	15,000	4	21	8	31	..	..	..	..
	Párola	15 „	20,000	2	13	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Do.	15 „	12,000	1	12	..	..	..	..	..	..
Taluka Páchora.	Máheji	26 „	25,000	..	..	17	24	..	..	..	..
Taluka Pimpalner.	Dhandna	9 „	5,000	..	..	1	6	..	..	..	..
Taluka Shahada.	Shranghera	10 „	10,000	..	1	4	10	..	..	..	..
Taluka Sindkhera.	Pátan	6 „	20,000	..	..	2	20	..	..	..	..
	Muráwad	5 „	22,000	..	..	2	25	..	..	..	..
	Chimtana	3 „	5,000	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Korde	3 „	5,000	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..
	Shirpur	6 „	5,000	2	10	2	11	..	..	..	..
Taluka Jánner	Shendurni	12 „	10,000	1	1	2	24	..	..	..	..
	Shengola	5 „	25,000	..	..	4	16	..	..	..	..

D—*concluded.*

I. Protection of Persons and Property.				PART II, Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						
Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of Cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks.
Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22.	23
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.			
1	1	11 2 0	11 2 0							
1	1	18 12 0	18 12 0							
1		50 14 0								
1	1	0 3 9	0 3 9							
1	1	12 0 0	12 0 0							
5	5	18 4 0	18 4 0							

STATE

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution,

District.	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.									Cost of								
	Commissioner of Police, Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector General.	Strength of District Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.						Strength of Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and Travelling Allowances of Controlling Officers (Column II.) and Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments.	Total Pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Column III.) (3)	Other Expenses of Column III.		Total Pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns IV. and V.) (4).	Total Pay of Constables of all Classes (VI., VII. and VIII).	Horses and Travelling Allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns XI., XIII., and XIV.	Average Pay of	
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards (1).	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100 (1).	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling Allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments. (5)				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
										Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad	..	2	3	226	98	896	..	..	..	..	12,000	4,200	3,084	62,292	129,248	1,680	356	104
Kaira	..	1	1	142	35	675	..	..	..	..	10,075	2,400	2,155	33,606	69,571	1,256	350	99
Panch Mahals	..	2	2	111	36	673	..	6	39	..	9,178	2,101	2,825	25,236	73,967	1,473	360	90
Broach	..	1	2	77	22	315	..	..	..	..	7,516	1,918	1,730	21,842	39,716	1,020	355	101
Surat	..	1	2	118	23	505	..	..	..	..	6,409	2,103	2,057	29,254	59,091	1,336	266	161
Tanna	..	1	2	145	..	653	..	..	..	..	11,664	2,400	2,156	29,919	67,880	2,300	..	104
Colába	..	1	1	84	..	250	..	..	..	..	6,300	2,089	1,713	14,262	36,948	891	..	103
Násik	..	1	2	122	29	571	..	6	36	..	8,481	2,380	2,179	34,909	64,296	2,154	355	95
Khandesh	..	2	2	275	83	1,358	..	..	..	..	23,800	6,000	5,520	72,319	1,63,872	3,660	367	124
Commissioner	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,251	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	1	13	18	1,370	327	5,797	..	16	63	5,251	94,413	25,583	23,407	357,236	6,93,679	15,920	..	..

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay.

(2) Column 12 includes local and personal, but

(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowance.

(5) Columns 34 to 37 A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants.

(7) Columns 36 and 37, one policeman

MENT E.

and Employment of Police.

Police.				Distribution of Force.								Proportion of Police (Officers and Men)					
				In District.								To Area (5).			To Population (7).		
Contingencies and all Expenses other than included in Columns 11 to 17.	Total cost.	Payable from Imperial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Guards at District, Central or Subsidiary Jails.		Guards over Lock-up and Treasuries, or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasuries.		On other Duties.		On Town, Municipal, or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (5).	of Towns (5).	Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (6).	Of Towns (6).
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.										
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.																
7,066	2,19,660	2,19,660	..	5	45	13	64	133	536	332	..	3,348	8,39,367	3·13	4·5	42	679	630	703
6,946	1,26,011	1,26,011	..	4	24	19	90	111	421	35	..	1,605	7,52,733	2	2½	2 to 1	1,038	1,049	251
5,454	1,39,421	1,16,496	3,925	16	118	19	135	76	432	30	..	1,874	4,42,259	2·37	2·47	15 to 1	315	354	1,110
1,136	74,365	74,365	..	..	..	10	45	58	236	68	..	1,358	2,50,822	3·26	3·30	46½	340	1,003	990
6,174	1,10,574	1,10,574	..	..	..	15	57	83	358	136	..	1,558	4,07,087	2½	3	28	937	943	913
10,622	1,36,831	1,36,831	..	1	3	20	86	99	400	21	61	4,074	5,24,639	1 to 3·1	1 to 4	4 to 1	656	389	307
1,916	53,213	53,213	..	1	6	9	50	45	195	..	..	2,130	3,00,430	7	7	1	995	995	947
11,657	1,26,049	1,20,264	5,785	1	3	7	36	105	505	46	22	7,745	7,34,386	1 to 10·6	1 to 12·6	1 to 85·7	1,013	1,092	604
15,216	2,49,360	2,36,120	1,260	15	96	53	*216	206	1060	30	..	10,161	10,38,642	5·69	6·36	1 to 7·3	597	511	5,437
..	8,251	8,251	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
66,977	12,61,756	12,20,755	10,976	43	326	165	679	916	4223	796	108	31,764	53,42,866	4·2	..	..	739	..	..

not travelling allowances. (2) Column 14 includes the cost of all enrolled Officers and Men employed on Office duties.

(6) Columns 34 and 35, i.e., in Districts, one policeman to so many square miles; in Towns so many policemen to one square mile. to so many of the population.

* 6 Vacancies.

STATE

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own Departmental Officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, 348, Penal Code.		Under Chapter 9 of Penal Code.		Other Offences.	
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire-arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Ahmedabad	229	997	400	826	..	..	16	53	203	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Kaira	143	610	301	452	..	1	15	67	144	..	7	..	..	..	..	1	6
Panch Máhála	113	709	566	258	..	..	17	8	77	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	8
Broach	79	337	185	219	12	5	6	16	71	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
Surat	190	526	251	397	..	..	10	15	97	..	2	..	..	..	3	..	2
Tanna	147	652	380	469	..	2	18	19	5	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colába	55	250	122	133	..	2	10	15	29	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
Násik	124	600	261	463	..	1	24	20	90	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	6
Khandesh	278	1,441	899	¶814	..	3	33	24	94	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	6
Grand Total..	1,288	6,124	3,315	4,079	12	14	151	287	808	..	23	..	..	..	2	3	33

MENT F.

General Internal Management of the Force.

Rewards.		Education.							Number who have left the Force during the year.								
Number of Police rewarded during the year.		Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.		Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal † (Columns 7 and 8)	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Percentage in hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.
By promotion.	By money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.												
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26.	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
78	20	138	291	36	151	*89	*647	*484	1	8	13	18	9	1	21	19·006	1·7
69	143	83	224	13	119	†51	363	327	1	17	10	16	6	..	3	6·6	00·39
50	5	52	154	9	219	59	446	317	1	1	24	17	..	7	13	37·14	1·65
13	61	57	167	..	36	32	195	189	..	3	210	11	3	..	4	29·3	·96
6	8	67	85	..	95	54	343	251	2	10	14	10	8	..	10	5	1·2
2	8	66	74	7	80	72	385	342	..	4	13	20	18	..	17	33·7	2·1
5	10	26	60	13	81	22	168	115	5	4	..	12	..	..	2	·112	0·655
11	49	103	128	26	83	69	264	371	..	11	19	25	2	..	4	6·333	0·552
12	35	135	304	..	22	¶129	593	291	6	26	13	36	..	2	23	15·2	1·39
246	239	737	1,497	104	890	‡568	13,424	13,367	16	86	116	165	46	10	97	..	1·30

* 15 Vacancies.
† Of these 9 men got 12 more rewards.
‡ 12 Vacancies.
¶ 8 Do.
† 32 Do.

STATE

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste

District.	Race.												Off				
	Europeans.					Eurasians.				Natives.					Hin		
	District or Assistant District Superintendent.		Subordinate Officers.			District or Assistant Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.			District or Assistant Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.						
	Military or Covenanted, Civil.	Uncovenanted.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.		On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.		On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.	Christians.	Mahumedans.	Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Goorkhas.	Sookhs.
1	2	3	4		5	6	7		8	9	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Ahmedabad	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	3	225	997	3	89	10	11	..	..
Kaira	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	142	610	1	71	1	10	..	..
Panch Máhál	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	111	709	2	30	6	6	..	1
Broach	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	77	337	1	38	7	5	...	..
Surat	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	118	526	1	52	6	1	..	..
Tanna	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	145	652	1	16	9	..	...	..
Colába	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	54	250	1	5	2	..	..	..
Násik	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	122	600	2	34	16	..	..	..
Khandesh	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	276	1,441	10	98	32	1	..	..
Total....	9	4	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	17	1,269	6,171	23	433	99	43	..	1

MENT G.

of Officers and Men employed in the Police.

Religion or Caste.																			
cers.						Men.													
doos.				Other Religions.				Hindoos.								Other Religions.		Grand Total Officers and Men.	Remarks.
Maraths.	Bheels.	Kolies.	Hindoos of all other Castes.	Parsees and Jews.	Vacancies.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Goorkhas.	Seikhs.	Maraths.	Bheels.	Kolies.	Hindoos of all other Castes.	Parsees and Jews.	Vacancies.		
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
23	13	52	20	1	1	..	417	47	92	..	..	48	68	220	91	..	14	1,228	
8	..	22	13	1	9	..	390	24	44	..	..	41	..	161	47	..	3	754	
34	16	4	14	..	..	..	179	53	29	..	..	75	246	56	49	..	..	824	
11	..	..	18	..	..	..	147	26	16	..	..	57	..	..	92	..	..	417	
30	..	..	30	1	..	..	244	3	..	..	..	160	..	..	116	..	..	649	
76	..	7	39	..	..	..	21	3	..	..	..	434	..	27	114	3	..	800	
..	..	..	48	..	..	..	6	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	240	2	..	306	
2	..	..	71	..	..	..	185	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	391	..	..	725	
35	67	..	36	..	..	11	487	45	4	..	..	138	534	..	216	..	6	1,723	
219	96	85	220	3	10	11	1,976	231	185	..	..	1,003	868	466	1,356	5	23	7,426	

STATE

PART II.—NON-

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police and Magisterial Opera

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE.			
			Number of Cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*				AHMED
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	.. ..	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	.....	.. ..	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	....	.....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 288.	Offences against public justice ..	30	81	45	36
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants	1	2	2	.....
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 220, 421 to 424.	Public evidence, false complaints and claims	13	25	19	5
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently used forged documents	4	13	12	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	3	4	2	2
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks ..	.. ..	.....	.. ..	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	21	142	43	99
		Total..	72	267	123	142
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	3	6	3	3
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	.. ..	.....	....	.....
		Total..	3	6	3	3
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	2	6	5	1
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	323	Hurt	162	331	225	110
14	345	Wrongful confinement	....	.....	....	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	14	22	7	15
		Total..	176	353	228	125
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	24	35	27	7
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	32	46	14	32
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	1	1	....	1
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	222	484	325	157
		Total..	279	566	366	197
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	45	64	40	21
21	298	Offences against religion	....	.....	....	.....
22	420 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	....	.....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	3	4	3	1
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	134	169	121	48
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	11	12	1	11
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C. ..	93	307	84	223
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognisable by Police.	215	371	112	258
		Total..	491	927	361	563
		Grand Total..	1,024	2,125	1,086	1,030

MENT A.

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

tions in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property stolen.

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
ABAD.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	24	26	2	24	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	1	4	6	4	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	1	2	3	1	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	2	2	.....	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	4	16	8	8	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	2	36	52	15	37	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
15	15	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	5	8	2	6	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	3	3	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	8	11	5	6	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	1	3	3	3	1	.....	.....	..
724	724	..	4	4	.....	4	2	2	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	2	15	21	5	26	.....	.....	..
724	724	3	22	28	7	31	2	2	..
.....	.....	3	3	3	1	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	4	6	.....	6	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	7	7	.....	7	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	1 (died)	23	23	11	23	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	4	37	40	13	37	.....	.....	..
739	739	9	103	160	39	111	2	2	..

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNIZ

Serial Number	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE: Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						KAI
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c. &c.*				
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	..	.....	....	.....
2	157	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	..	.....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 288.	Offences against public justice ..	5	7	3	4
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants ..	..	.....	....	.....
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	..	.....	....	.....
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	..	.....	....	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	.....	....	.....
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	..	.....	....	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	..	.....	....	.....
		Total.	5	7	3	4
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	.....	....	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	..	.....	....	.....
		Total..	..	.....	....	.....
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	..	.....	....	.....
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	323	Hurt	5	16	7	9
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	.....	....	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	1	1	1	.....
		Total.	6	17	8	9
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	..	.....	....	.....
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	11	15	1	14
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	.....	....	.....
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	1	3	1	2
		Total..	12	18	2	16
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	..	.....	....	.....
21	298	Offences against religion	..	.....	....	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	.....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	..	.....	....	.....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	..	.....	....	.....
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	5	5	....	5
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XXXVII., XXXIX., XL., and XLI., C. P. C.	..	.....	....	.....
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police	9	17	....	17
		Total..	14	22	....	22
		Grand Total..	37	64	13	51

A—*continued.*

ABLE CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
RA.									
.....	....	..	....	...	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	65	105	51	54	....	....	..
.....	....	..	8	9	3	6	....	....	..
.....	....	..	9	11	6	5	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	4	6	3	3	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	1	6	6	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	87	137	69	68	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	1	1	....	1	....	....	..
.....	....	..	153	425	383	42	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	16	38	26	12	....	....	..
.....	....	..	169	463	409	54	....	....	..
.....	....	..	15	16	11	5	....	....	..
80 3 6	29 11 6	..	17	37	21	16	20	20	..
.....	....	..	1	1	1	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	252	647	582	65	....	....	..
80 3 6	29 11 6	..	285	701	615	86	20	20	..
.....	....	..	22	41	25	16	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	171	323	293	30	....	....	..
.....	....	..	39	40	4	36	....	....	..
.....	....	..	1	1	....	1	....	....	..
.....	....	..	82	100	47	53	....	....	..
.....	....	..	395	505	369	136	....	....	..
30 3 6	29 11 6	..	847	1,807	1,462	345	20	20	..

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNIZ

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE. Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						PANCH
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*				
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	....	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	.....	....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	....	.....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 217, 228.	Offences against public justice	....	.....	....	.....
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants	1	1	....	1
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	....	.....	....	.....
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	....	.....	....	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	....	.....	....	.....
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	....	.....	....	.....
9	143, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	1	1	...	1
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	....	.....	....	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	....	.....	....	.....
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	2	6	4	2
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	323	Hurt	3	5	....	5
14	345	Wrongful confinement	....	.....	....	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	2	2	....	2
		Total..	5	7	....	7
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	1	2	2	.....
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	7	7	....	7
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	....	.....	....	.....
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	3	3	1	2
		Total..	11	12	3	9
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	....	.....	....	.....
	295	Offences against religion	....	.....	....	.....
	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	....	.....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	....	.....	....	.....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	....	.....	....	.....
25	471 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	....	.....	....	.....
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX. XXI. and XXII., C. P. C.	....	.....	....	.....
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police...	1	1	1	.....
		Total..	1	1	1	.....
		Grand Total..	20	27	8	19

A —*continued.*

ABLE CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen,	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
MAHALS.									
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	14	17	5	12	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	8	9	5	4	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	9	9	5	4	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	2	2	1	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	6	26	12	14	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	38	69	28	35	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
12	2	..	2	2	2	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	71	149	136	23	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	2	.....	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	13	17	8	9	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	84	168	134	34	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	45	50	48	4	2,400	.....	..
357	357	..	58	80	35	44	1,523	1,273	..
.....	.....	..	2	2	1	1	.....	.....	..
25	25	..	40	62	43	19	809	251	..
382	382	..	140	194	126	68	4,741	1,524	..
.....	.....	..	22	84	29	5	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	3	3	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	16	28	22	6	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	12	14	4	10	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	13	20	10	10	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	66	105	74	31	.....	.....	..
394	394	..	330	532	363	168	4,741	1,524	..

* 1 Pending.

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNIZ

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Offence.	POLICE. Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						BRO
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*				
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	....	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	.....	....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	....	.....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228	Offences against public justice	7	10	6	4
4	161 to 169, 217, 223	Offences by public servants	....	.....	....	.....
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	....	.....	....	.....
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	....	.....	....	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	....	.....	....	.....
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	....	.....	....	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	7	10	6	4
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	1	1	1	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	1	1	1	.....
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	....	.....	....	.....
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	323	Hurt	....	.....	....	.....
14	345	Wrongful confinement	....	.....	....	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	1	1	....	1
		Total..	1	1	....	1
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	1	2	....	1
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	6	9	3	6
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	3	3	1	2
19	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	1	6	....	6
		Total..	11	20	4	16
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	....	.....	....	.....
21	295	Offences against religion	....	.....	....	.....
22	420 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	....	.....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	....	.....	....	.....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	8	8	....	8
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	....	.....	....	.....
26		Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C.	....	.....	....	.....
27		Special laws not cognizable by Police	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	8	8	....	8
		Grand Total..	28	40	11	29

A—*continued.*

ABLE CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
ACH.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	63	96	38	58	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	5	5	4	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	2	2	.....	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	8	6	.....	.....	.....	2
.....	.....	..	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	74	112	49	61	.....	.....	2
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	2	6	6	.....	0 4 0	0 4 0	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	6	17	15	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	6	17	15	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	6	11	11	.....	383 0 0	383 0 0	..
13 3 2	13 3 2	..	6	6	4	2	49 0 0	49 0 0	..
0 1 2	0 1 2	..	1	1	1	.....	3 0 0	3 0 0	..
100 0 0	.....	..	163	350	303	48 (1 dead).	.....	.....	..
113 0 0	13 0 0	..	176	368	318	50	435 0 0	435 0 0	..
.....	.....	..	17	21	18	3	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	2	2	1	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	121	330	250	80	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	139	166	65	101	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	280	478	334	144	.....	.....	..
113 0 0	13 0 0	..	588	961	723	257	435 0 0	435 0 0	..

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNIZ

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE. Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*				SUR
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	....	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	.....	....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	....	.....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice ..	1	1	....	1
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants	....	.....	....	.....
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	....	.....	....	.....
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	....	.....	....	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	....	.....	....	.....
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks ..	....	.....	....	.....
9	143, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	1	1	....	1
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	....	.....	....	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	....	.....	....	.....
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	....	.....	....	.....
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	323	Hurt	3	3	....	3
14	345	Wrongful confinement	....	.....	....	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	3	3	....	3
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	....	.....	....	.....
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property.	5	5	1	4
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	....	.....	....	.....
19	426 427, 429, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	1	1	....	1
		Total..	6	6	1	5
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	....	.....	....	.....
21	298	Offences against religion	....	.....	....	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service.	....	.....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	....	.....	....	.....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	....	.....	....	.....
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	....	.....	....	.....
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C.	....	.....	....	.....
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police.	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	....	.....	....	.....
		Grand Total..	10	10	1	9

A—*continued.*

ABLE CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
AT.									
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	109	137	86	51	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	8	10	6	4	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	3	1	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	5	4	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	14	14	1	13	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	4	27	18	9	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	141	196	116	80	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	4	5	4	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	409	1,105	982	123	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	40	111	97	14	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	448	1,216	1,079	137	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	19	25	20	5	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	24	29	20	9	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	8	6	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	179	391	353	38	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	225	453	399	54	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	16	22	17	5	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	12	29	25	4	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	154	336	296	40	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	20	20	14	6	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	193	284	166	118	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	395	791	518	273	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1,313	2,661	2,116	545	.....	.....	..

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNIZ

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE. Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*				
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	....	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	.....	....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	....	.....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice ..	1	3	....	3
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants	....	.....	....	.....
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 220, 421 to 424.	Public evidence, false complaints and claims	....	.....	....	.....
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	....	.....	....	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	....	.....	....	.....
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks ..	....	.....	....	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	1	3	....	3
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	....	.....	....	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	....	.....	....	.....
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	....	.....	....	.....
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	333	Hurt	....	.....	....	.....
14	345	Wrongful confinement	....	.....	....	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	....	.....	....	.....
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	2	2	....	2
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	8	11	4	6
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	1	1	1	.....
19	426, 427, 429, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	3	3	....	3
		Total..	14	18	5	13
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	....	.....	....	.....
21	298	Offences against religion	....	.....	....	.....
23	420 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	....	.....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	2	.....	....	.....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	6	13	2	3
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 289, 290	Public and local nuisances	13	35	5	30
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C. ..	....	.....	....	.....
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police..	1	1	....	1
		Total..	22	49	14	34
		Grand Total..	37	60	19	50

A—*continued.*

ZABLE CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
NA.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	116	172	71	101	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	4	10	2	8	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	8	6	3	5	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	3	.....	3	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	2	2	.....	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	21	.....	21	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	133	216	76	139	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	5	3	1	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1,490	1,243	857	386	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	537	416	250	166	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1,957	1,659	1,107	552	.....	.....	..
8 0 0	8 0 0	..	32	21	15	6	24 0 0	24 0 0	..
86 4 0	86 4 0	..	46	76	18	58	41 11 0	41 11 0	..
.....	.....	..	6	6	5	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	214	301	210	91	.....	.....	..
62 4 0	62 4 0	..	288	404	248	156	125 11 0	125 11 0	..
.....	.....	..	8	9	1	6	.....	.....	2
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	166	199	108	87	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	10	20	.....	20	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	21	21	.....	21	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	369	522	189	333	18 13 8	18 13 8	..
.....	.....	..	570	775	298	477	18 13 8	18 13 8	2
62 4 0	62 4 0	..	2,941	3,467	1,729	1,296	164 8 8	164 8 8	2

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNI

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE. Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						COL
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*				
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	...	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	...	.....	....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	...	.....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 217, 223.	Offences against public justice ..	...	.....	....	.....
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants	1	6	6	.....
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	...	.....	....	.....
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	...	.....	....	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	...	.....	....	.....
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	....	.....	....	.....
9	143, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	...	.....	....	.....
		Total..	1	6	6	.....
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	1	1	....	1
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	1	1	....	1
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	1	4	4	.....
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	323	Hurt	5	15	9	6
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	.....	....	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	2	2	....	2
		Total..	7	17	9	8
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	4	7	1	6
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	7	10	1	9
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	....	.....	....	.....
19	426, 427, 429, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	...	.....	....	.....
		Total..	11	17	2	15
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	....	.....	....	.....
21	298	Offences against religion	...	.....	....	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service.	....	.....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	3	3	1	2
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	7	8	8	.....
25	271 to 276, 278, 294, 297, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	...	.....	....	.....
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C.	....	.....	....	.....
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognisable by Police...	...	.....	....	.....
		Total..	10	11	9	2
		Grand Total..	31	56	30	26

411 Cases compounded and withdrawn.

A—*continued.*

ZABLE CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
A'BA.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	56	85	51	34	....	....	..
.....	....	..	2	5	1	4	....	....	..
.....	....	..	8	8	3	5	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	1	1	....	1	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	67	99	55	44	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	2	20	20	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	232	281	315	66	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	131	141	115	26	....	....	..
.....	....	..	360	523	430	92	....	....	..
.....	....	..	4	4	4	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	9	12	8	4	....	....	..
.....	....	..	2	2	....	2	....	....	..
.....	....	..	121	175	128	47	....	....	..
.....	....	..	136	193	140	53	....	....	..
.....	....	..	2	5	4	1	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	1	4	4	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	160	264	213	51	....	....	..
.....	....	..	6	10	2	8	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	218	370	293	78	....	....	..
.....	....	..	397	663	515	188	....	....	..
.....	....	..	942	1,467	1,160	327	....	....	..

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNI

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE. Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						NA
	CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*					
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	....	.....	... ..	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	.....	... ..	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	....	.....	... ..	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 229.	Offences against public justice ..	6	8	4	4
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants	....	.....	... ..	.....
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	3	3	1	2
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	... ..	.....	... ..	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	4	4	3	1
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks ..	... ..	.....	....	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	2	2	... ..	2
		Total..	15	17	8	9
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*					
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	2	13	10	3
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	....	.....	... ..	.....
		Total..	2	13	10	3
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*					
12	384 to 389	Extortion	....	.....	....	.....
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*					
13	323	Hurt	4	9	... ..	9
14	345	Wrongful confinement	... ..	.....	... ..	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	4	9	....	9
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*					
16	417 to 420	Cheating	4	5	2	3
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property.	15	23	11	12
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2	2	1	1
19	426, 427, 430, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	8	10	1	9
		Total..	29	40	15	25
	CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*					
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	5	5	5	.....
21	298	Offences against religion	....	.....	... ..	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service.	....	.....	... ..	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	....	.....	... ..	.....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	1	1	... ..	1
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	... ..	.....	... ..	.....
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XXXVII, XXXIX., XL., and XLI., C. P. C. ..	....	.....	... ..	.....
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police.	147	237	46	191
		Total..	153	243	51	192
		Grand Total..	203	322	84	230

1 Case compounded, &c.

A—*continued.*

ZABLE CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
9	9 a	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
SIK.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	91	112	41	71	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	3	2	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	10	12	8	4	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	6	10	8	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	6	8	4	4	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	5	4	.....	4	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	118	149	63	86	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	3	3	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	3	3	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	4	1	3	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	347	765	645	120	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	173	246	211	35	3 0 0	.....	..
.....	.....	..	526	1,011	856	155	3 0 0	.....	..
.....	.....	..	16	20	17	3	151 0 0	68 6 0	..
94 6 0	94 6 0	..	19	36	20	16	7 10 0	7 10 0	..
.....	.....	..	2	2	.....	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	81	157	132	15	.....	.....	..
94 6 0	94 6 0	..	119	215	169	36	158 10 0	76 6 0	..
.....	.....	..	8	11	11	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	45	57	30	27	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	100	110	8	102	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	86	157	98	59	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	256	336	148	188	.....	.....	..
94 6 0	94 6 0	..	1,013	1,718	1,240	478	161 10 0	76 6 0	..

294 Cases compounded and withdrawn under Sections 188 and 210 of the C. P. C.

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNI

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE. Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						KHAN
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*				
1 a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	187	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 212 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice ..	3	4	2	2
4	161 to 169, 217, 223 ..	Offences by public servants	1	2	.....	2
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 220 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	8	16	10	6
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	1	5	.....	5
		Total..	13	27	12	15
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	8	8	4	4
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Total..	8	8	4	4
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	2	1	1	.....
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	323	Hurt	4	12	5	7
14	345	Wrongful confinement	1	1	.....	1
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	5	15	4	11
		Total..	10	28	9	19
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	5	11	2	9
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	29	55	11	44
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	.....	.....	.....
19	426, 427, 430, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	3	2	.....	2
		Total..	37	68	13	55
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	2	2	2	.....
21	298	Offences against religion	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service.	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	1	1	.. ..	1
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290, ...	Public and local nuisances	47	116	12	143
26	.. .. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C. ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	.. .. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police.	19	25	6	13
		Total..	69	183	22	157
		Grand Total..	134	315	61	250

A—*concluded.*

TABLE CRIME—*concluded.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
DESH.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	....	1	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	143	202	86	116	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	3	6	1	3	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	13	19	13	6	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	6	7	7	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	13	17	7	9	....	....	1
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	177	251	113	137	....	....	1
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	7	3	3	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	318	432	226	106	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	9	11	5	6	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	760	908	604	202	....	....	2
.....	.....	..	1,087	1,351	835	314	....	....	2
.....	.....	..	21	20	17	3	....	....	..
338 0 0	295 0 0	..	44	24	22	51	209 0 0	209 0 0	..
.....	.....	..	....	1	1	.....	....	....	..
2 0 0	....	..	117	160	81	78	....	....	6
334 0 0	295 0 0	..	182	255	121	137	209 0 0	209 0 0	8
.....	.....	..	10	16	13	3	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	197	266	198	68	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	168	260	21	203	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	4	353	513	104	308	....	....	2
.....	.....	4	688	908	326	585	....	....	2
334 0 0	295 0 0	4	*2,082	2,683	1,660	1,143	209 0 0	209 0 0	11

* Contains 945 cases compounded and withdrawn.

E. P. ROBERTSON,
Acting Police Commissioner, Northern Division.

No. 1285 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT.

Poona, 30th August 1875.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the working of the Police in the several Districts of the Southern Division for the year 1874.

1. Statement showing the total expenditure on Police Buildings in the S. D.
2. Statement of dismissals and resignations in the Subordinate Grades of the Police of the S. D.

The Statements A to G, prescribed to accompany this Report, are appended, together with the two additional statements, as per margin, required by the orders of the Government of India.

3. In compliance with the instructions conveyed in paragraph 1 of Government Resolution No. 648, dated 9th February 1874, the dates of the District Police Superintendents' reports, and the dates of the District Magistrates' transmitting memoranda, as well as the dates of the final replies to references made to them for corrections and explanations of discrepancies discovered on examination of their reports, are shown in the subjoined table :—

DISTRICT.	Date of the Police Superintendent's Report.	Date of the District Magistrate's Transmitting Memo.	Date of the Superintendent's or Magistrate's final reply.
Ahmednagar	6th March 1875...	16th March 1875...	.....
Belgaum	28th Do. ...	31st ditto ...	.....
Dharwar	Not Given... ...	23rd April 1875 ...	3rd August 1875.
Kaládgi	22nd April 1875 ...	27th ditto ...	19th June 1875.
Kanara	15th May 1875 ...	19th May 1875 ...	28th ditto.
Poona	21st April 1875 ...	29th April 1875 ...	27th May 1875.
Ratnágiri	27th February 1875.	5th March 1875...	26th April 1875.
Satara	10th March 1875 ...	15th March 1875...	19th ditto.
Sholapur	11th March 1875...	13th ditto ...	.....

4. The total strength of the Police of all grades employed in the Southern Division, which, according to the General Report on the Census of the Bombay Presidency, lately compiled by the Sanitary Commissioner, contains an area of 43,923 square miles, and a population of 76,20,575 souls, was 6,842 on the last day of the year. This gives a proportion of one policeman to 6·42 square miles of country and to 1,113·79 of the population; but, if the portion of the constabulary employed on other duties than the prevention and detection of crime, such as guarding jails and treasuries, personal escorts, &c., to be deducted from the total strength, the proportion becomes 1 policeman to 9·06 square miles, and to 1,571·58 of the population.

5. The changes that were effected during the year under report, consisted in the transfer of 27 men from the Belgaum to the Ahmednagar District in completion of the transfer of 35 men ordered by Government in 1873; and in the reduction of 11 Constables from the Police of the Satara District, being the extra guard allowed during the life-time of the Ex-Ranee of Satara. A reduction of 1 Head Constable and three Constables employed at the Karakwásla-water works, at an annual saving to the Public Works Department of Rs. 348 was also effected.

6. The returns of the year under report show a decrease in crime of all descriptions as compared with the previous year. In 1874 the total number of cognizable and non-cognizable offences ascertained to have been committed is 25,801. In 1873 the number was 28,703, the decrease being 2,902 in favour of the year under report. The subjoined table exhibits the number of crimes and the proportion they bear to the area and population of the entire Division:—

	Cognizable cases.	Non-Cognizable cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874	16,291	9,510	25,801
Proportion of Crime to area in square miles	1 to 2·69	1 to 9·62	1 to 1·70
Proportion of crime to population ...	1 to 467·78	1 to 801·41	1 to 295·37

7. In connection with the above offences, 44,385 persons were arrested, of whom 14,678, or 33 per cent, were convicted on trial by the various criminal courts. In 1873 the convictions amounted to 32 per cent, thus showing a result in a slight degree favourable to the year under report.

8. The result of the operations of the Police in cognizable cases taken alone, is given in the following table for the entire Division and for each District separately in contrast with the same for the preceding year:—

STATEMENT.

Cognizable

Districts.	Cases.						Number of persons arrested.						Died, escaped or transferred before trial.	
	Ascertained to have been committed during the year.		Reported in previous years and brought under inquiry during the year.		Total.		During the year.		Pending at the close of previous year.		Total.			
	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.
Ahmednagar	2,109	2,452	28	15	2,137	2,467	3,466	4,540	20	7	3,486	4,547	6	..
Belgaum	1,527	1,691	35	34	1,562	1,725	2,029	2,631	77	36	2,106	2,667	1	4
Dharwar	1,770	2,120	36	17	1,806	2,143	1,586	2,609	74	26	1,660	2,635	4	2
Kaládgi	1,091	1,552	101	71	1,192	1,623	1,863	1,961	56	63	1,919	2,044	1	1
Kanara	681	1,060	39	20	970	1,080	1,200	1,639	7	32	1,207	1,671	..	13
Poona	2,996	3,140	30	31	3,026	3,171	4,012	5,197	38	43	4,050	5,240	3	1
Ratnágiri	736	919	15	15	801	934	1,316	1,470	5	21	1,321	1,491	2	..
Satara	1,697	2,229	59	47	1,756	2,276	2,263	3,154	37	37	2,300	3,191	1	3
Sholapur	1,309	1,116	15	16	1,324	1,132	1,653	1,466	23	22	1,676	1,488	2	..
Total.....	13,912	16,291	357	266	14,269	16,557	19,408	24,687	337	307	19,745	24,994	20	24

Cases.

Released without trial.		In custody of the Police awaiting trial.		Brought to trial.		Convicted.		Acquitted and discharged.		Otherwise disposed of, i. e., died, &c., after commencement of trial.		Pending at the close of the year.		Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.	
1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.
733	1,519	2	17	3,740	3,097	1,649	1,892	1,089	1,115	2	2	5	2	60	63
106	414	8	20	1,871	2,167	1,161	1,190	710	897	..	2	20	50	62	54
101	1,097	21	14	900	1,505	761	1,045	138	457	..	1	24	15	85	69
114	112	22	10	1,739	1,909	709	718	1,030	1,191	..	1	43	10	41	37
139	319	18	9	993	1,303	727	876	266	427	..	..	14	28	73	67
856	962	16	29	3,145	4,329	1,519	1,674	1,626	2,654	..	1	20	19	48	38
129	228	4	1	1,167	1,361	870	801	298	760	1	..	19	1	49	38
443	497	2	4	1,846	2,629	1,153	1,495	685	1,130	2	1	35	68	63	57
173	71	9	13	1,478	1,304	797	814	661	500	1	1	13	9	54	39
3,536	5,119	112	127	15,874	19,822	9,046	10,171	6,522	9,351	6	9	212	163	57	52

9. From the foregoing table it will be seen that there is an increase of 2,379 in the number of cognizable cases as compared with the previous year. This increase is chiefly accounted for by the recent alteration in the Criminal Procedure Code, by which offences under Sections 323, 428 and 429 of the Indian Penal Code are now made cognizable by the Police. The percentage of convictions to persons brought to trial has fallen from 57 in 1873 to 52 in 1874; but this falling off, as explained by the several District Superintendents of Police, is mainly due to the small percentage of convictions obtained in cases of hurt (Section 323). Looking at each district separately, there is an improvement in the Sholapur and Ahmednagar Districts. The other districts show a falling off, Dharwar the greatest. The number of persons released without trial is 5,119 against 3,526 in the previous year.

10. The following table, which furnishes particulars for each District separately as well as for the entire Division, shows the result of the year's operations in cognizable and non-cognizable cases taken together in contrast with the same for the preceding year:—

District.	Cases ascertained to have occurred.		Number of persons arrested.		Convicted.		Acquitted and released.		Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.		Percentage of convictions to arrests.	
	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.
Ahmednagar ..	4,063	3,743	7,854	7,157	2,418	2,408	5,417	4,722	34·	43·	31·	34·
Belgaum ..	2,386	2,368	4,432	3,975	1,857	1,625	2,534	2,238	44·	47·	42·	41·
Dharwar ..	3,356	2,960	5,010	4,324	1,521	1,510	3,413	2,767	36·	47·	30·	35·
Kaládgi ..	2,365	2,561	4,456	4,015	1,225	1,150	3,148	2,831	29·	30·	27·	29·
Kanara ..	1,600	1,563	2,933	2,656	1,316	1,173	1,681	1,434	45·	51·	41·	44·
Poona ..	6,817	5,470	11,895	10,172	3,006	2,590	8,822	7,528	27·	28·	25·	25·
Ratnágiri ..	2,209	1,771	4,442	3,301	1,297	867	3,113	2,429	30·	28	29·	26·
Satara ..	3,417	3,662	5,536	5,963	2,350	2,159	3,146	3,738	46.	40·	42·	36·
Sholapur ..	2,477	1,703	4,054	2,822	1,372	1,196	2,657	1,602	36·	44·	34·	42·
Total ..	28,703	25,801	50,662	44,385	16,362	14,678	33,931	29,309	35·	38·	32·	33·

11. The percentage of convictions to arrests, as apparent from the above table, is, as regards both cognizable and non-cognizable offences, together slightly favourable to the year under report; and the same is to be said in reference to the percentage of convictions to persons brought to trial.

12. The following Statements Nos. I and II., show the non-cognizable cases in which the Police were employed separately from those in which they were not employed. As in previous years the percentage of convictions to arrests is exceedingly small in these cases; but, as Government are aware, this result is one for which the Police is not primarily accountable, so much depending upon the exercise by the Magistrates before whom the complaints are made of a certain amount of discretion in taking them up in

the first instance. This is a matter, however, which cannot easily be regulated by rules or orders; and so many considerations are likely to present themselves to the Magistrates in most cases as to make it almost impracticable for them to follow any fixed rule in the matter:—

I.—*Non-Cognizable Cases in which Police were employed.*

District.	Number of cases ascertained to have occurred.		Number of persons arrested or summoned.		Number of persons acquitted.		Number of persons convicted including persons ordered to find security.		Otherwise disposed of including persons pending at the close of the year.		Percentage of convictions to arrests.		Percentage of acquittals to arrests.	
	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.
Ahmednagar ..	1,962	1,247	4,343	2,555	3,562	2,061	757	488	4	6	17·	19·	82·	81·
Belgaum ..	1,026	662	2,290	1,272	1,622	842	666	424	2	6	29·	34·	71·	66·
Dharwar ..	65	71	128	165	73	95	54	80	1	..	42·	49·	57·	51·
Kaládgi ..	1,974	1,909	2,537	1,971	2,004	1,528	516	432	17	11	20·	22·	79·	78·
Kanara ..	11	16	28	22	19	13	9	10	..	..	32·	45·	68·	55·
Poona ..	3,807	2,300	7,188	4,903	6,339	3,965	1,471	934	8	4	19·	19·	81·	81·
Ratnágiri ..	1,404	850	3,101	1,907	2,378	1,439	717	365	6	3	23·	20·	77·	80·
Satara ..	46	58	72	106	32	32	40	74	..	..	55·	70·	44·	30·
Sholapur ..	1,171	25	2,378	61	1,803	10	575	51	..	..	24·	84·	76·	16·
Total..	10,766	6,238	22,695	12,862	17,852	9,974	4,805	2,858	38	30	21·	22·	79·	78·

II.—*Non-Cognizable Cases in which Police were not employed.*

District.	Number of cases ascertained to have occurred.		Number of persons arrested or summoned.		Number of persons acquitted.		Number of persons convicted including persons ordered to find security.		Otherwise disposed of including persons pending at the close of the year.		Percentage of convictions to arrests.		Percentage of acquittals to arrests.	
	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.
Ahmednagar ..	12	43	25	55	13	37	12	28	..	..	48·	51·	52·	49·
Belgaum ..	33	15	96	16	6	5	30	11	..	..	63·	69·	17·	31·
Dharwar ..	1,521	763	3,222	1,534	2,500	1,128	706	382	16	14	22·	26·	78·	74·
Kaládgi ..	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kanara ..	758	497	1,696	963	1,314	676	480	287	4	..	28·	30·	71·	70·
Poona ..	15	24	17	29	1	7	16	22	..	..	94·	76·	6·	24·
Ratnágiri ..	12	2	20	3	10	2	10	1	..	..	50·	33·	50·	67·
Satara ..	1,674	1,375	3,144	2,666	1,967	2,079	1,157	587	..	..	37·	22·	63·	78·
Sholapur ..	..	562	..	1,373	..	941	..	331	..	1	..	26·	..	74·
Total..	4,045	3,271	8,162	6,529	5,731	4,965	2,411	1,649	20	15	30·	25·	70·	75·

13. The following is a comparative statement for the Division, and shows the number of the more serious offences in which the Police were employed during the years 1873 and 1874, with the results obtained:—

Offences.	1873.										1874.									
	Cases.				Number of persons arrested.						Cases.				Number of persons arrested.					
	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	Percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained to cases investigated.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	Percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained to cases investigated.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.
Murders ..	92	13	105	54·	269	34	303	123	163	14	89	11	100	50.	209	30	239	96	119	23
Culpable homicides	27	3	30	63·	38	7	45	25	16	4	19	5	24	54·	31	4	35	13	20	2
Dacoities ..	54	9	63	37·	347	26	373	93	241	35	62	9	71	39·	363	35	398	136	232	18
Robberies ..	217	15	232	24·	378	17	395	96	269	30	232	11	243	21·	372	31	403	96	304	3
Thefts ..	6828	114	6942	41·	3219	73	6286	4297	3851	97	5643	105	6747	46·	7139	85	7224	3969	3175	104
Receiving stolen property ..	473	42	514	68·	851	19	870	490	373	18	378	19	397	69·	709	18	727	405	313	8

14. As compared with the preceding year, the above statement shows a decrease in all the offences specified, with the exception of dacoities and robberies, in which there is an increase. The percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained to cases investigated is, however, favourable to the year under report in respect to culpable homicides, dacoities and thefts; the percentage in cases of receiving stolen property stands the same as in the previous year, and in cases of murder and robbery there is a slight falling off.

15. The large increase in the number of dacoities is due mainly to the unsettled condition in which the Ghát Districts boarding on Poona remained during the greater part of the year, consequent on the raids committed from time to time by a gang of Coolies numbering 14 or 15 led by one Honia Kengia. Many of these offences in the Poona District were committed by this gang, or by others in their name, and the feeling of insecurity thereby created was so general as to require strong measures for restoring tranquillity to the District and its neighbourhood. Parties of the Poona, Ahmednagar, Násik and Tanna Police were accordingly located, during the whole monsoon, at different places in the disturbed Districts; the chief object being to capture the leader

Honia Kengia. In this, however, they failed, though several of the gang were apprehended, tried and duly convicted. Their punishment appears to have had a generally wholesome effect, as since August 1874 no outrages have been committed by the outlaws.

16. The District Superintendent of Police, Sholápur, in reference to three of the dacoities that occurred in his District during the year, has offered certain remarks to which attention is invited in connection with similar disaffection towards the money-lending classes which has since manifested itself in various instances in the Poona and Ahmednagar Districts, after the year to which this report relates had closed.

17. As in the preceding year, the number of convictions in cases of murder obtained in Belgaum shows a very small proportion indeed to the number of cases reported. In the other Districts of the Division a fairer amount of success has been achieved. This is especially the case in Sholapur, in which the Police were successful in bringing to justice the offenders in every one of the eight cases of murder that occurred during the year.

18. The value of property stolen during the year under report amounts to Rs. 4,32,022 for the whole Division. In the preceding year it amounted to Rs. 4,23,763. The following table shows the value of property stolen and recovered, and the percentage proportion which the latter bears to the former in each of the Districts of the Division, as compared with the year 1873 :—

District.	Value of property Stolen.		Value of property recovered.		Percentage of recoveries to value of property stolen.	
	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Ahmednagar	25,936	30,306	12,242	14,491	47	33
Belgaum	39,506	65,526	19,594	26,332	0	40
Dharwar	73,291	65,951	16,912	17,311	23	26
Kaládgi	44,719	38,949	14,943	14,813	33	38
Kanara	23,132	37,122	11,619	22,463	50	60
Poona	1,09,805	1,16,828	57,053	68,622	52	59
Ratnágiri	17,324	6,721	11,561	3,850	67	57
Sattara	57,003	54,297	26,888	28,644	47	53
Sholápur	33,054	16,322	17,478	9,020	53	55
Toral ...	4,23,763	4,32,022	1,88,280	2,05,546	44	47

19. From the above it will be observed that as regards the entire Division there is a slight improvement in the percentage of recoveries of stolen property as compared with the preceding year. With respect to individual Districts, Belgaum and Ratnágiri show a considerable falling off, Ahmednagar exhibits neither increase nor decrease, and the remaining Districts show an improvement, among which Kanara stands foremost.

20. It had been the practice in some of the Districts of the Division to omit from the value of property stolen the money value represented by bonds and other valuable securities. After reference to the Northern Division on the subject, instructions were issued prescribing uniformity of practice in this matter.

21. Complaints are made by certain of the District Superintendents of Police of the additional clerical labour devolving on their establishments and on the Chief Constable consequent on the amendment of the Criminal Procedure Code effected by Act XI. of 1874 making offences under Sections 323, 428 and 429 of the Indian Penal Code cognizable by the Police. Their remarks have been embodied in this report, but I am of opinion that questions of this sort should not find place in the Annual Report, and should invariably be separately discussed.

22. During the year under report nine Punitive Police Posts were imposed in the villages noted in the margin, under Section XVI. of the Bombay District Police Act, VII. of 1867, in consequence of the conduct of the inhabitants of these villages rendering this measure necessary. The last four villages on the list had Posts put upon them because the inhabitants were believed to be friendly and affording support to the outlaw Honia Kengia, and his gang. Besides the above, the Punitive Police Post at Kurli in the Belgaum District, which was established in 1873, was continued during the year.

1. Deshnur, } in the Belgaum
2. Nurgod, } District.
3. Gadag-Betigeri, in the Dharwar District.
4. Huchery, in the Ratnágiri District.
5. Walhay, } in the Poona
6. Walmanwadi, } District.
7. Bhiwara, }
8. Jamburi, }
9. Nanawri, }

23. The Punitive Police Posts at Mugbassava and Cheambi, in the Belgaum District, Betigeri and Arlikatti, in the Dharwar District, and Sirsi, in the Kanara District, were established in the previous year, and existed at the beginning of the year under report, were withdrawn on the expiration of the periods for which they were respectively sanctioned. The inhabitants of the villages of Mugbassava, Betigeri and Sirsi have however been warned that

any repetition of misconduct on their part, which originally led to the imposition of these posts, will be followed by their re-establishment.

24. It will be noted that generally satisfactory progress is being made in providing the Police with house accommodation. This is, however, a matter in which the Police Superintendents may, by a little foresight when preparing their Annual Budgets, and some personal interest, secure large advantages for their men; and I would instance the exertions so perseveringly made by the District Superintendent of Police, Satara, Lieutenant-Colonel Harpur, in this direction to show what results may be obtained in the course of a few years by a due attention to the subject. I do not think that Government would object to sanction a reasonable annual expenditure in each District on so important an object, if the Superintendents of Police were only careful to explain, when submitting their budgets, the state of the case and the uses to which the year's grant are to be applied. It is of course very unsatisfactory that the Police should be dependent for house accommodation on the good will of the villages in which they are located, or that they should be forced to live in chowdees and dharmshalas to the exclusion and inconvenience of those for whom such buildings are intended.

AHMEDNAGAR.

25. The following tables relate to the Ahmednagar District:—

Area ...	... Square miles	6,647
Population ...	... ...	773,938
Strength of Police on the 1st January 1874...	... ...	628
Police to Area ...	...	1 to 10·38
Police to Population...	...	1 to 1,232·38

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874...	2,452	1,291	3,743
Proportion of crime to area in miles...	1 to 2·71	1 to 5·15	1 to 1·78
Proportion of crime to population ...	1 to 315·63	1 to 599·26	1 to 206·82

Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Released without trial.	Acquitted and discharged.	Otherwise disposed of, i. e., died, escaped, or transferred.	Pending at the end of the year.	Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.
	Ascertained to have been committed during the year.	Reported in previous year and brought under inquiry during the year.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the close of previous year.	Total.						
1873 ...	2,109	28	2,137	3,466	20	3,486	1,649	723	1,089	8	7	69
1874 ...	2,452	15	2,467	4,540	7	4,547	2,891	1,519	1,115	2	19	64

Amount of Property Stolen and Recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
	Rs.	Rs.	
1873	25,936	12,242	47
1874	30,306	14,491	47

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.	Arrested	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873	4,063	7,854	2,418	5,417	34	31
1874	3,743	1,757	2,406	4,722	43	34

Comparative Statement.

Offences.	1873.									1874.								
	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.
	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.				Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.			
Murders	10	1	11	21	3	24	17	6	..	3	..	3	2	..	2	1	1	1
Culpable homicides	2	1	3	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	..	..
Decoities	5	2	7	42	..	42	13	29	..	5	1	6	60	..	60	15	42	..
Robberies	16	1	17	60	3	63	10	53	..	11	..	11	46	..	46	5	41	..
Thefts	784	5	789	1390	81	1396	675	710	4	466	7	473	1048	4	1052	513	528	11
Receiving stolen property ..	60	..	60	81	..	81	51	30	..	41	1	42	69	1	69	40	28	1

Officer in charge.

26. Captain H. S. Daniell was in charge of the Ahmednagar Police during the year under report.

Crime.

27. The returns show an increase of 343 cognizable cases in 1874 as compared with the previous year, the number being 2,452 in 1874 against 2,109 in 1873. This increase is attributed to the revision of the Schedule attached to Act X. of 1872 by Act XI. of 1874 making cognizable all offences under Sections 323, 428 and 429 of the Indian Penal Code. From the date on which Act XI. of 1874 came into force, 546 cases of hurt and 7 cases of mischief are stated to have been investigated by the Police. If these 552 cases are deducted for the purposes of comparison, there will remain a balance of only 1,899 cases against 2,109 in 1873, thus showing a result more favourable to the year under report. The percentage of convictions to men brought to trial has, however, risen from 60 in 1873 to 64 in 1874; and if the cases of hurt and mischief were deducted, the percentage will rise to 75 in the year under report, which is satisfactory.

28. In cognizable and non-cognizable cases together, a decrease of 340 cases is perceptible as compared with the previous year, the number being 3,743 against 4,083 in 1873. The percentage of convictions to persons brought to trial also rose from 34 in

1873 to 43 in 1874, and the percentage of convictions to arrests from 31 in 1873 to 34 in the year under report.

29. The value of property stolen is Rs. 30,306—being more by Rs. 4,370 than that of the previous year. This increase is, however, due to the full money value of all stolen bonds and securities having been taken into account for the first time this year in estimating the value of stolen property. This has added Rs. 18,766 to the total, but deducting this sum there remain only Rs. 11,540 against 25,936 in 1873. The percentage of recoveries stands the same as in the previous year, namely, 47 per cent.

Murders.

30. There were only three cases of murder in the year under report against 10 in the preceding year. In one case the murderess committed suicide immediately after killing her children; in the second case a conviction was obtained, and the third case was pending at the close of the year. The accused in this case is reported to have been since discharged by the Sessions Court. The following is a short resumé of the cases in question :—

I.—On the 30th January 1874, at Dahitna, Taluka Shrigonda, one Saloo, wife of Junga, Kunbi, quarrelled with her "sawat," or husband's other wife, and left her home, taking her two children (girls), aged respectively 3½ and 2 years, with her. She was seen passing alone through the village of Dahitna, and the bodies of her children were found in a well. Saloo absconded, but was apprehended some months afterwards in the town of Kánhur, in the Párner Taluka. She implicated her brother Bhiwa wullud Pandu, who was also apprehended, and both were put on their trial. Bhiwa was acquitted by the Sessions Court. Saloo was convicted and sentenced to death, but the sentence was commuted by the High Court to transportation for life.

II.—On the 8th December 1874 a boy, named Mannia wullud Shrikrisson Byragee, aged 9 years, was reported to have been kidnapped from his father's house at Arnutpur, in Taluka Ráhuri, with ornaments valued at Rs. 55-8-0 on his person. On the 22nd idem his body was found in a well in the village lands of Belápur, with a stone of 10 or 12 lbs. attached to his legs. A man named Surjudass Wurbujjondass Byragee was apprehended in possession of some of the ornaments worn by the deceased boy, and further evidence having been obtained, he was committed for trial at the Sessions. This case was pending at the

close of the year, but the accused is reported to have since been discharged by that court.

III.—On the 17th December 1874 a Mhang woman, named Sukookome Tukia, left her husband's house at Mouze Apegaon, Taluka Sheogaon, taking with her her two children (girls) aged respectively 6 and 1½ years old. The bodies of all three were found in a well in the village lands of Apegaon. No evidence was forthcoming, but from the woman's saree having been fastened in the manner called "kashta," there is no doubt that she committed suicide by drowning herself in the well after throwing her children therein.

Culpable homicide.

31. There was only one case of culpable homicide during the year under report against two in the previous year. The particulars of the case under notice are as follows:—

On the 22nd July 1874 a quarrel arose between two brothers, Mhars, named Suckia wullud Raghoo and Vittia wullud Raghoo, in the course of which Suckia stabbed Vittia with a knife. Vittia died on the spot. Suckia was charged with murder, but was convicted in the Sessions Court on the minor charge of culpable homicide and sentenced to 5 years' rigorous imprisonment.

32. The case of culpable homicide which was pending at the close of 1873 has been disposed of during the year. In this case one Babia wullud Rowjee, who was awaiting trial in the Sessions Court, was convicted and sentenced to ten years' rigorous imprisonment.

Dacoities.

35. Five cases of dacoity are shown in the returns, the same number as in the previous year; but the results in the present year are more satisfactory. Of the five cases pertaining to the year under notice, the offenders in one case were, it is stated, apprehended with the stolen property and made over to the Nizam's authorities. In three cases the offenders were brought to justice and most of the property recovered, and in only one case have the offenders escaped justice. The following are the details of these 5 cases:—

I. In January 1874 the house of Mungneeram wullud Jusrukh Marwari, was attacked at about 10 o'clock at night

by seven men who broke into the house and carried off property as follows :—

Cash and ornaments	Rs.	601	0	0
Bonds and securities	„	18,766	0	0
Total	„	19,367	0	0

The traces of the Dacoits were followed, and within three or four days of the dacoity seven persons were arrested, and the stolen property, consisting of cash and ornaments valued at Rs. 601, was recovered. The accused were tried at the Sessions, five were convicted and sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment each, and two were acquitted. Of the stolen property valued at Rs. 18,766, consisting entirely of stolen bonds and securities (which were, it is stated, burnt by the Dacoits), Rs. 8,657 are said to have been recovered at the close of the year by the complainant from his debtors either in cash or fresh bonds, and Rs. 10,109 remain on the returns as unrecovered. The District Superintendent of Police observes that "this however was through no want of skill on the "part of the Police; they cannot in fairness be held re- "sponsible for the value of securities burned by the "Dacoits within a few hours of the commission of the "offence. The accused acknowledged the burning of the "documents at the fire where I found the ashes of "paper."

II. On the 20th April 1874 four persons returning to their home from the Puntámba Bazaar, were attacked by five men on the road and robbed of Rs. 35 worth of property. All the five accused were apprehended; of these three were committed to the Sessions Court, where they were acquitted.

III. On the 8th September 1874, the house of Sakaram Mahadeo, Kulkarni of Mouze Mháládevi, Taluka Akola, was attacked by a large body of men who broke in and carried off property valued at Rs. 155. The District Superintendent of Police personally investigated this case and 35 persons were apprehended, chiefly Bheels of Sinnar, in the Násik District. Twenty-four of the accused were placed on their trial before the Magistrate, who discharged one and committed 23 to the Sessions Court, where five were convicted and sentenced to ten years'

rigorous imprisonment, and the remaining 18 were acquitted and discharged.

IV. On the 19th October 1874, the house of Jackoo wullud Darkoo, shepherd, was attacked by 9 men who broke in and carried off property valued at Rs. 7. The accused were apprehended in the Nizam's territory with the stolen property in their possession, and were sent to Aurungabad for trial by His Highness the Nizam's authorities.

V. On the 13th November 1874, one Bhoosing wullud Jayram and his son Kisson were attacked on the Aurungabad road when returning from the Goraygaon Bazaar by 5 men and robbed of Rs. 40 worth of property. The accused were arrested and committed to the Sessions Court, where they were convicted and sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment.

Kidnapping.

34. Three cases of kidnapping are reported to have occurred during the year under review, against 4 in the previous year. In one of these cases the offence committed was for the purpose of prostitution, but the accused was discharged by the trying Magistrate. In the other two cases the offence appeared to have been committed for the sake of the ornaments worn by the children. In one of these cases the accused was discharged by the Magistrate, and in the other case the accused was convicted in the Sessions Court and sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

Education.

35. Rudimentary education is, it is stated, progressing though slowly among the officers and men of the Police Force of this District. Out of 109 officers, 69 or 63 per cent, and out of 518 men 212, or 41 per cent, can read and write. The percentage of the whole Force able to read and write is 45 in 1874 against 35 in 1873.

Buildings.

36. The work of providing accommodation for the men of the Police Force of this District is, it is stated, progressing satisfactorily; during the year under report, Lines at Head Quarters for 120 men, at 7 Taluka stations for 7 men each, and at one outpost for four men, were completed, and at one Taluka station and at 2 outposts were approaching completion at the close of the year.

General conduct.

37. The conduct of the Police Force is stated to have been generally good. Two officers and 20 men were dismissed during the year under report. The officers dismissed are one Chief Constable for neglect of duty

in connection with a ryot at Sheogaon in June last, and one Head Constable for extorting a bundle of lucerne grass from each of the Malees' stalls in the Nazzar Bazaar without payment. Three Constables were punished judicially, and 8 officers and 24 men departmentally.

Subordinate officers deserving of special notice.

38. The District Superintendent of Police brings prominently to notice the services of Mr. Hurri Narayen, 5th Grade Inspector of Police, who was employed during the whole year in the Akola Taluka under the orders of the Police officer on special duty for the suppression of Honia Naik's gang of Dacoits. Favourable mention is also made of Mr. J. Sequeira, 2nd Grade Inspector, who is stated to have carried on the duties of his office in a most satisfactory manner until he became prostrated by sickness in July 1874. Mr. Bapuji Israel, 1st Class Chief Constable, who has been appointed to act for him, is reported to have been working efficiently.

Suicides and accidental deaths.

39. There were 22 cases of suicides in the year under report against 21 in the preceding year, and 142 cases of accidental death against 136 in 1873. The following are the details of the cases pertaining to the year under review :—

Suicides ...	By drowning	14	22
	„ hanging	1	
	„ other means	7	
Accidental deaths	„ drowning	76	142
	„ snake-bites	10	
	„ wild beasts	3	
	„ other causes	53	

BELGAUM.

40. The subjoined tables refer to the Belgaum District :—

Area ... ... Square Miles	4,581
Population	938,750
Strength of Police on the 1st Jany. 1875 ...	669
Police to Area	1 to 6·86
Police to Population	1 to 1,403·21

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874 ...	1,691	677	2,368
Proportion of Crime to area in Miles	1 to 2·71	1 to 6·78	1 to 1·92
Proportion of Crime to Population ...	1 to 555·14	1 to 1,386·63	1 to 396·43

Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Released without trial.	Acquitted and discharged.	Otherwise disposed of, i. e., died, escaped, or transferred.	Pending at the end of the year.	Percentage of convictions to cases brought to trial.
	Ascertained to have been committed during the year.	Reported in previous year and brought under inquiry during the year.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the close of previous year.	Total.						
1873 ..	1,327	35	1,362	2,029	77	2,106	1,161	196	710	1	38	87
1874 ..	1,691	34	1,725	2,631	36	2,667	1,190	414	997	6	60	54

Amount of Property Stolen and Recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1873	39,506	19,594	50
1874	65,527	26,334	40

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.	Arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873	2,386	4,432	1,857	2,534	44	42
1874	2,368	3,975	1,625	2,258	47	41

Comparative Statement.

Offences.	1873.								1874.							
	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.					Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.				
	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Total.	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.
Murders	19	4	23	78	17	95	17	75	..	16	2	18	36	19	55	29	24	1
Culpable homicides	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	4	5	..	5	3	1	1
Dacoities	5	1	6	20	1	21	5	13	..	14	1	15	42	..	42	7	27	8
Robberies	32	..	32	47	..	47	15	32	..	32	1	33	53	1	54	16	45	3
Thefts	671	13	684	918	13	931	571	347	12	612	16	628	766	14	780	447	306	27
Receiving stolen property ..	34	2	36	67	3	70	36	34	..	22	..	22	33	..	33	23	10	..

Officers in charge.

41. The following officers were in charge of the Police of this District during the year 1874 :—

Lieutenant-Colonel G. E. Thomas, from 1st January to 13th February 1875.

Mr. H. L. Cameron, from 14th February to 23rd May

Mr. G. T. Giertsen, from 24th May to the end of the year.

Crime.

42. The returns of this District for the year 1874 show an increase of 364 cognizable cases, the number being 1,691 in 1874 against 1,327 in 1873. This increase is attributed in a great measure to the operation of Act XI. of 1874, by which offences under Sections 323, 428 and 429 of the Indian Penal Code became cognizable by the Police during the latter half of the year. In these 1,691 cases 2,631 persons were arrested, of whom 2,187 were brought to trial and 1,190, or 54 per cent, were convicted. The percentage in 1873 was 62, or 8 more than the year under report. This falling off in the percentage of convictions is explained by Mr. Giertsen in the following terms :—

"Often the parties compromise the case out of court, and 190 persons were thus released on complainants withdrawing their complaints; and frequently the case is settled in

Court indirectly by the complainants not prosecuting properly.** I doubt not that Section 323 having become cognizable will tend to increase largely complaints of hurt or assault; I have also remarked that frequently cases which ought properly to have been taken under Sections 352 or 358 have been converted to cognizable under Section 323."

43. The total number of offences, both cognizable and non-cognizable, taken together show a small decrease of 18 cases, the number being 2,368 in the year under notice against 2,386 in the previous year, and the percentage of convictions to persons brought to trial shows a slight increase from 44 in 1873 to 47 in 1874.

44. The amount of property stolen was Rs. 65,527, including Rs. 9,374 on account of valuable documents, or Rs. 26,021 more than in the previous year; the amount recovered, including Rs. 8,724 on account of the above documents, was Rs. 26,334, or 40 per cent only. In 1873 the recoveries amounted to 50 per cent. The District Superintendent of Police remarks "that the percentage "of recoveries will be considered favourable, taking into account "the large undetected dacoity case of Rs. 19,600, of which nothing "was recovered. In fact property in nearly all dacoity cases "remains undiscovered."

Murders.

45. There were 16 cases of murder reported during the year under report against 19 in the previous year. The following is a short account of these murders as reported by the District Superintendent of Police :—

I. On the 25th February a woman Kostni was killed by her husband in the village of Kolundre, Chundgad Máhál, with a heavy knife (koita), he being dissatisfied with her conduct. One prisoner hanged.

II. At Here Angrolee, Bidi Taluka, a woman, a few months previously divorced by her husband Chimnappa, stabbed him in the stomach, while he was asleep in his house, on the night of 28th May. He died the next day on the way to the hospital. At the Sessions the prisoner was acquitted, the committing Magistrate having sent the case up incomplete.

III. On the 14th June a man, Sucka, died at Kanderhatti, Taluka Gokák. His wife complained that he had been murdered by some men of the same village. The Chief

Constable had reported the case as a sudden death from natural causes, the deceased suffering from a complaint with symptoms of suffocation (heart disease). He was however of bad character, greatly given to fornication, and it is not improbable that he came to a violent end. The enquiry regarding this alleged murder commenced on the 28th June by the Mámlatdár and the three accused were finally discharged by the Magistrate having jurisdiction.

IV.—On the 12th July at the same village, Kanderhatti, a woman was found drowned in a well and reported as a suicide. Afterwards the Magistrate charged the woman's husband with murder. He was committed to the Sessions and there discharged. It was satisfactorily established that no murder was committed.

V.—On the 14th July at Khánápur, Taluka Bidi, the body of an old woman, who for years had suffered from leprosy, was found in the river. Her son and son-in-law were accused of having thrown her in alive, but both were discharged under Section 215, the Magistrate being satisfied that the charge was false.

VI.—On the morning of the 9th August a woman died in her house at Here Mandli, Taluka Bidi. The body was burnt the same day, and no report was made before the 12th, when witnesses stated that on the night in question they had heard her crying "murder," and that her husband had strangled her. The Chief Constable who took up the case reported there were no grounds for suspicion; but the Police Superintendent, having made enquiry on the spot and finding good reasons for suspecting the husband of murder, sent up the case. The prisoner was however discharged by the Magistrate.

VII.—At Girigal, Belgaum Taluka, a woman died on the 26th August after having eaten some sweetmeat prepared for the holiday "Nagpanchmi." The husband suspected a younger brother, Sivlinga, living in the same house, but no proof was forthcoming. The body of the deceased was examined by the Civil Surgeon, who found no irritating poison in the stomach, but a piece of the cake (ladoo) sent to Bombay was found to contain arsenic. It is not stated how this case has been finally disposed of.

VIII.—At the Murkebhavi, Taluka Sampgaon, an unmarried woman threw herself with her three months old child into

a well on the 21st September. She was taken out alive, but not so the child. The accused was acquitted at the Sessions.

IX.—Infanticide at Annegedi, Taluka Bidi, on the 2nd October, by a widow killing and secretly disposing of the body of her new born baby. The accused was discharged by the Magistrate.

X.—At Kadurwoli, Sampgaon Taluka, a woman, Sewgangawa, 60 to 70 years old, lived alone with her nephew Ninga, a Shetsundi. On the morning of the 7th October he (according to his own statement) on returning from his night duty found the house-door locked on the inside; he opened it by inserting his hand and drawing the bolt. The back door was likewise bolted from inside. On going in, he found the woman lying dead. He, in reporting the matter, also stated that her ornaments worth 49 rupees were missing; these were however all found afterwards in the house where the deceased might have put them. The Chief Constable reported that it was said that a quarrel existed between the deceased and the complainant, and that the news of her death was heard in the village about ½ of an hour after he had returned home. The Punch considered that she had died from natural causes, suffering constantly from short breath (chronic bronchitis); but the Civil Surgeon, to whom the body was sent in a decomposed state, considered that she met her death by strangulation, the lungs been gorged with blood; there were however no other post mortem appearances to prove death by strangling. The case is still under enquiry, but further evidence has not been found. Suspicion however points strongly and exclusively to Ninga himself, and there can be little doubt that considerable efforts have been made to hush up the crime.

XI.—At Here Nundi, Taluka Gokák, a woman, Nandawa, was killed on the 28th October for the sake of her ornaments by one Karya of the same village, in whose field the body was found a few days after. Ornaments to the value of Rs. 284 were recovered. Four persons were arrested, of whom Karya was convicted and hanged.

XII.—At Nabapur, Taluka Gokák, a boy six years old was enticed away by Basya of the same village, killed and robbed of his ornaments worth Rs. 16-12-0. The whole amount was recovered, and the accused was convicted and hanged.

XIII.—At Honur, Hukkeri Máhál, a woman, Sehki, accused her husband of having strangled her child 2 months old, whose legitimacy he suspected. The accused was awaiting his trial at the close of the year, but has since been discharged by the Magistrate.

XIV.—Murder and suicide at Hongal, Taluka Sampgaon. On the 18th October a woman drowned herself with her child one year old. It was stated that both were ill, and the woman lived unhappily with her husband.

XV.—On 30th December at Here Mondli, Taluka Parasgad, a woman drowned herself in a well with her child 1½ years old. It also seems that she lived unhappily with her husband.

XVI.—February 7th, at Dewgondanhatti, Taluka Gokák, a woman was accused of having drowned her little daughter, 6 years old, in a well and afterwards thrown herself in. The woman's explanation appears to be far more probable, that the child fell in accidentally, and she afterwards, in trying to rescue it.

Culpable homicides.

46. There were three cases of culpable homicide during the year under report, and one case, which had occurred at the end of 1873, was enquired into during the year. In these 4 cases 5 persons were arrested, of whom 2 were convicted and the rest acquitted and discharged.

Dacoities.

47. There is a very considerable increase in the number of dacoities reported to have been committed during the year as compared with the previous year, the number being 14 in 1874 against 5 in 1873. Of the 14 cases pertaining to the year under notice, 8 are stated to have been committed chiefly by professional gangs of vagabond or thievish tribes assisted in some instances by others. In 2 cases (Nos. 5 and 6) temples were forcibly entered into, the inmates maltreated, and property carried away. All these 8 cases remained undetected; of the others it is reported that the accused were discharged in two cases, the trying officer considering that no offence had been committed, and thus in 4 cases only was conviction obtained. The following is a brief history of these dacoities, from which it will be noted that several of the cases seem barely to partake of the serious character suggested by the heading :—

I.—Two persons, a man and woman, watching a field at Kalobe, Taluka Chikóri, were on the 11th January in the day

time set upon by 7 men. The man was severely beaten, and both were robbed of clothes and grain to the value of Rs. 36-8-0. Rs. 25 worth of property found afterwards in the fields was recovered. Seven men, inhabitants of the surrounding villages, were arrested, but were discharged by the Magistrate for want of proof.

II.—On the night of the 15th January, one Gurlingappa going towards Kittur was near Yertunhatti, Taluka Chikôri beaten and robbed of his ornaments and cash, altogether worth Rs. 50, by about 9 men, Berads and others. Property worth Rs. 25 was recovered. Two of the accused were arrested, and on trial sentenced by the Sessions Court to 3 years' imprisonment with hard labour.

III.—On the 22nd January, 11 Berads of Bedkihál, Taluka Chikôri, attacked two men, Rama and Lakshman, who were watching their field at Bhoj, Taluka Chikôri, beat them and plundered them of clothes and growing tobacco worth Rs. 9-8-0; of which clothes valued Rs. 2-11-0 were recoverd. The 11 accused were discharged by the Magistrate.

IV.—On the 11th February, a man of Sirguppi complained that he while watching a field had been assaulted by 25 men, and some field produce carried off. Probably this case arose out of one of the numerous field disputes.

V.—On the night of the 26th February, at Ammungi, Máhál Hukkeri, the Math of Malikarjin, which is about one mile distant from the village, was forcibly entered by some 20 or 25 armed men, Berads, Kaikaris and others shouting "din, din"; the Pujari, Pawadi was beaten and the temple property, consisting of ornaments, &c., valued at Rs. 465, was carried away. Although Ammungi is only 5 miles from the Police station at Hukkeri, the case is stated to have been grossly neglected until the 1st of April, when all hopes of detection were lost.

VI.—On the 13th April, at night, a "Math" at Arbhawi, 4 miles from Gokák and about 15 from Hukkeri, was forcibly broken into by about 100 men who had their faces covered up. The servants of the temple, some 10 or 12, were beaten, and a large amount of valuables, silver and gold, valued at Rs. 19,600 was carried away, The Acting District Superintendent of Police, Mr. Cameron, is stated

to have done his best to detect this crime, but no clue was found nor any portion of the property recovered.

VII. On the 12th March, at 9 A.M., between Honal and Chapalgatti, Taluka Gókák, 9 men going to the Yádwád market were attacked by a gang of Lamanis, beaten and robbed of property worth Rs. 107, of which Rs. 7 worth of property was afterwards recovered, but the criminals remained undetected.

VIII. On the 7th April, 3 men returning from Athni market were in the night time attacked by 15 or 16 Lambanis near Anantpur and robbed of raw sugar from their cart worth Rs. 65 and a few clothes. The clothes were afterwards found, but the criminals have not been detected.

IX. One Tawnappa of Honargi, Taluka Chikóri, complained that on the night of the 15th April one Babaji and 21 others, inhabitants of his village, forcibly entered his house and took away valuables to the amount of Rs. 2,180. This statement was found on enquiry to be false, and the complainant is stated to have admitted in a petition, written with his own hand, that no robbery had taken place in his house, and that he had reported at first on the advice of a vakeel and others.

X. On the 7th June one Chitamberbhat and his sister, going to Yamkanmardi, were on the hills near Chibbhavi, Máhál Hukkeri, robbed of ornaments, &c., of value of Rs. 426 by 6 Berads. In September a clue was found and Rs. 116 worth of property recovered. In this case 4 accused were convicted by the 1st Class Magistrate and sentenced two to 2 years' and two to 6 months' imprisonment.

XI. One Parapa bin Satapa of Yamkanmardi, Máhál Hukkeri, was severely assaulted on the night of 19th August by a large party of his fellow villagers. We was sent to the Civil Hospital, where he remained for about 2 months, and stated that he had on the same occasion also lost the ornaments he had worn. In this case 8 accused were arrested and committed to the Sessions by the 1st Class Magistrate, where they were awaiting their trial at the close of the year; 7 of these have since been convicted under Sections 147, 325 and 392 of the Indian Penal Code.

XII. On the evening of 25th August, 10 men of the Dharwar District returning from the Kittur Market were robbed by 12 or 14 men, supposed to be Kaikaris, of property worth Rs. 286. Such a gang had for some time previously lived at Tehgur, in the Dharwar District, whence they could easily watch those travelling to and from markets and disappear after committing a robbery. Search was made for them, but they had left this District long before the offence was reported.

XIII. On the 11th October, at day time, 3 men were attacked by 9 Kaikaris in a nalla on the road near Mossergupi, Hukkeri Máhál, and robbed of property to the amount of Rs. 235. Seven suspected persons were arrested and Rs. 145 worth of property was recovered. Of these three were convicted and sentenced by the 1st Class Magistrate to 1 year's imprisonment, and 4 were discharged.

XIV. On the 3rd November the Cantonment Police received orders to enquire into a case of dacoity alleged to have been committed on the 28th October by 8 persons, respectable tradesmen of Belgaum (Parsees and Mahomedans). The Police found no case, and finally the Magistrate summoned the 8 accused and discharged them under Section 215 Criminal Procedure Code, recording that he did not consider that the offence had been committed.

Criminal classes.

48. There are three criminal classes in this District, viz., Bedars, Kaikaris and Kowis. The first are chiefly cattle stealers and are settled round about in the District; the two latter are mostly wandering gangs. Mr. Giertson states that they cannot be watched constantly, as they ought to be, for want of a sufficient number of Mounted Police.

Detective ability.

49. The District Superintendent of Police states that he has found but little of this in the Police Force, and adds that the Chief Constables on the whole are very remiss. The District Magistrate on the other hand regards these officers as "no better or no worse than the Police" of other Districts, and observes that "until men of superior education "and ability are enlisted in the Police, passed rapidly through the "subordinate grades and promoted to the rank of Chief Constable, "he can see no prospect of a higher stamp of men being obtained." It appears to me that the Superintendent has formed too exalted an estimate of the requirements of his men, and if, as it is doubtless his duty, he can and will raise the standard by gentle and persuasive means and a due amount of strictness, he will soon have less reason for complaint and be better able to supervise the large body of men under his control.

General conduct.

50. No mention is made by the District Superintendent of Police regarding the general conduct of the Police Force, but from the returns it appears that one officer and 14 men were dismissed from the Force, 22 officers and 18 men punished departmentally, and 2 men judicially. The returns further show that 20 officers and men were rewarded during the year—12 by promotion and 8 by money rewards.

Education.

51. The education of the Police Force is reported by the District Superintendent of Police, Mr. Giertson "to be very backward." He states that "of "107 Head Constables only 35 can read and write, and of the total "number of men only 60, giving a total of only 95, and not "210, as incorrectly stated in last year's report. Those who can "only sign their names or read a few words here and there, but "not read and write a legible report, have been excluded from "the total number." 29 officers and 225 men were under instruction during the year.

52. It will be observed that in the matter of the progress of education among the Police there is a material difference between the state of the case as represented by the present Superintendent of Police, Mr. Giertson, and his predecessor Lieut.-Colonel Thomas in his report for the preceding year. The fact has been noted by the District Magistrate, who however confesses his utter inability to reconcile the varying statements of both these officers.

Buildings.

53. The old Police Lines at Head Quarters are still in use, and a sum of Rs. 54-10-0 only was expended during the year for repairs. The construction of Police Lines at Taluka Stations has lately been sanctioned by Government.

Subordinate officers deserving of special notice.

54. The District Superintendent of Police reports that the Inspector of Police, Mr. Amrootling, has given him every assistance during his short stay in the Belgaum District.

Suicides and accidental deaths.

55. There were 60 cases of suicide and 331 cases of accidental death during the year under report against 84 and 229 respectively in the preceding year. The following are the details of the cases relating to the year under notice:—

Suicides...	By drowning ...	...	43	60
	„ other means ...	...	17	
Accidental deaths	„ drowning ...	...	188	331
	„ snake-bites ...	...	38	
	„ other causes...	...	105	

56. A complaint of insufficiency of the Police, both Foot and Mounted, is made by the District Superintendent, who urges in consequence an increase to the Foot Police of the Belgaum District corresponding in number to the men transferred recently to the Ahmednagar District, and the immediate return of the men of the Mounted Police who were a few years ago transferred to the Dharwar and Kaládgi District. The District Magistrate thinks the question of an increase to the Foot Police is not of so much moment as the re-transfer to the Belgaum Districts of the mounted men referred to, which he accordingly recomends should be effected at an early date. This transfer of mounted men was ordered by Mr. Havelock not without the fullest consideration of the requirements of the various Districts concerned, and I should therefore be very loth to advise any change in the distribution effected by him of the Mounted Police of the three Districts, Dharwar, Belgaum and Kaládgi, with the two latter of which he was intimately acquainted. It should also be remembered that in the Belgaum District a *well organized village* Police exist, which is not the case in the two other Districts concerned.

DHARWAR.

57. The following statistics relate to the Dharwar District.

Area ... ... Square Miles...	4,564
Population	988,037
Strength of Police on the 1st January 1875	793
Police to Area	1 to 5·75
Police to Population ...	...1 to 1,245·95

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874.	2,126	834	2,960
Proportion of crime to area in miles ...	1 to 2·74	1 to 5·47	1 to 1·54
Proportion of crime to population ...	1 to 464·74	1 to 1,184·69	1 to 333·79

Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Released without trial.	Acquitted and discharged.	Otherwise disposed of, i. e., died, escaped, or transferred.	Pending at the end of the year.	Percentage of convictions to cases brought to trial.
	Ascertained to have been committed during the year.	Reported in previous year and brought under inquiry during the year.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the close of previous year.	Total.						
1873 ..	1,770	35	1,805	1,586	74	1,660	761	701	139	4	55	85
1874 ..	2,126	17	2,143	2,608	27	2,635	1,048	1,097	447	3	30	70

Amount of Property Stolen and Recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
1873	73,291	16,912	23
1874	65,951	17,311	26

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.	Arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873	3,356	5,010	1,521	3,413	36	30
1874	2,960	4,324	1,510	2,767	47	35

Comparative Statement.

Offences.	1873.									1874.								
	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.						Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.					
	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.	Convicted	Acquitted and released.	Pending.	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.
Murders	16	1	17	49	3	52	24	24	4	18	3	16	28	4	32	11	17	4
Culpable homicides ..	2	..	2	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	1	..
Dacoities	7	..	7	32	..	32	6	26	..	4	..	4	10	..	10	..	10	..
Robberies	35	3	38	48	7	55	21	33	1	39	..	39	49	..	49	8	41	..
Thefts	818	14	832	754	21	775	367	388	20	758	3	761	956	6	962	522	435	4
Receiving stolen property ..	53	1	54	80	1	81	51	28	1	27	1	28	68	..	68	28	39	1

Officers in charge.

58 The following officers were in charge of the office of the District Superintendent of Police, Dharwar, during the year 1874 :—

Major F. P. Bartholomew from 1st January to 18th February and 19th May to 14th November 1874.

Mr. H. T. Ommaney from 19th to 26th February 1874.

Captain C. Payne from 27th February to 18th May 1874.

Mr. G. Waddington from 15th November to 18th December 1874.

Captain C. Hay from 19th to end of December 1874.

Crime.

59. The returns for the year under review show an increase of 356 in the number of cognizable cases as compared with the previous year, the number being 2,126 in 1874 against 1,770 in 1873. This increase is accounted for by the change in the law which makes offences under Sections 323, 428 and 429 of the Indian Penal Code cognizable by the Police, as under the former section alone no less than 417 cases have been entered in the returns. The percentage of convictions to men brought to trial has fallen from 85 in 1873 to 70 in 1874; but this falling off, as explained by the District

Superintendent of Police, is mostly due to the small percentage of convictions in cases of hurt, which were not shown as cognizable offences in the returns of previous years.

60. In cognizable and non-cognizable cases taken together there is a decrease of 396 crimes, the number being 2,960 in 1874 against 3,356 in 1873; and the percentage of convictions to men brought to trial has risen from 36 in 1873 to 47 in 1874. The percentage of convictions to arrests has also increased from 30 in 1873 to 35 in 1874, which is an improvement.

61. The amount of property stated to have been stolen, including the value of stolen bonds, is Rs. 65,951, of which property worth Rs. 17,311 was recovered, giving a percentage of 26 in the year under report against 23 in the previous year. This percentage, although slightly improved, cannot be considered as satisfactory, and this fact is duly noted by the District Superintendent of Police, Captain Hay, who remarks on it as follows :—

"Though I have only been for a short time in charge of this District, yet from the small experience I have had, it appears to me that the cause of the small percentage of recovery in this District is the same as in Kaládgi, and is due to the unliability of the complaints made to the Police. Many of the complaints are made by money-lenders who have received ornaments in pledge and falsely complain to the Police that they have been robbed, in order that they may make away with the property that has been entrusted to them. The money-lenders give no receipts to the persons who have pledged the ornaments, who are therefore unable to recover from the money-lenders the value of their property said to have been stolen. This might be remedied by having licensed pawnbrokers under proper regulations, which would also be a check on receivers of stolen property. In real cases of theft the complainants also greatly exaggerate the value of the property stolen, thinking thereby that the Police will take greater pains to investigate the cases."

Murders.

62. There were 13 cases of murder in 1874 against 16 in 1873. The particulars of the cases relating to the year under report are as follow :—

I. On the 7th day of January 1874, at Mukkut, in Kalghatgi Taluka, a boy named Chimna, aged about 6 years, son of Malappa, was strangled. There were marks of a rope

and finger nails on the neck. A woman named Fakirawa was apprehended and sent before the Magistrate First Class, but was discharged for want of proof.

II. On the night of the 29th January at Madulgeri, in Ron Taluka, a man named Malappa of Madulgeri was found murdered in his field, apparently by blows of a "kuradi" or hatchet. One Bheema (deceased's brother-in-law), who was strongly suspected, absconded soon after the murder, but he was apprehended on the 14th July 1874 in the Gajendragad State and committed to the Sessions Court, where he was convicted and sentenced to death.

III. On the 11th March 1874 at Nalowdi, in Nawalgund Taluka, the body of a man was found half buried in a nalla. There were marks of violence on the body, which on enquiry was found to be that of one Mudia, inhabitant of Hebli, who left the village in company with three other men. They were apprehended on suspicion, and on their houses being searched some clothes belonging to the deceased were found on the roof of one of them. The three accused were sent before the Magistrate, but were discharged for want of proof.

IV. On the 17th March, at Array Mullapur, in Ron Taluka, a man named Hanuma attacked one Irava, wife of Bassappa, while working in her field, and wounded her with a sickle, from the effects of which she died almost immediately. It appears that Hanuma had a short time before this been in the service of Bassappa, who discharged him as he suspected him of having illicit intercourse with his wife, the deceased. The murderer absconded, but two days after his body was found hanging from a tree, he having evidently committed suicide.

V. On the 23rd June 1874, at Ganesh Peit, in Hubli, a man called Bassaya was returning from the town to his house with two of his friends. On passing through the field he was set upon by six men who beat him severely with sticks, from the effects of which he died the next morning. The six men were apprehended, of whom four were committed to the Sessions; they were convicted and sentenced to transportation for life. Enmity on account of a woman was the cause of the murder.

VI. In the month of July a man named Kotra confessed before the 1st Class Magistrate that at Kundur, Bankápur Taluka, he and two others had murdered one Neela and

had thrown the body with a heavy stone tied to it into the river Dharma. Search was made for the body, which could not be found. After some months some bones were discovered in the bed of the river, but it was impossible to identify them. Enquiry was going on.

VII. On the 12th August 1874, a woman named Irawa, of Hireh Handigol, was severely wounded by her husband on the road near Gadag. She was kept under treatment in the Gadag Hospital, but died on the 14th. The husband absconded, and has not yet been found. Infidelity is supposed to be the cause of murder.

VIII. On the 24th August, at Hoshulli, in Ron Taluka, the body of a man named Fakirappa was found in his field; the body was in a sitting position with a rope tied round the neck and attached to a tree. A man named Hunma was convicted of the crime and sentenced to death.

IX. At Konnur, Nawalgund Taluka, on the 8th October, a man named Singoree died suddenly, and it was supposed that he had been poisoned. The body was forwarded to the Civil Surgeon, who failed to find any trace of poison. Some poison was found in the house. The wife of the deceased was apprehended on suspicion, but was discharged for want of proof. It appears doubtful whether any crime was committed.

X. On the 9th October 1874, at Machapur, in Karajgi Taluka, the headless body of one Kunna was found in a field near the village and the head lying near it. Eight men were apprehended and sent up to the Magistrate, but were discharged for want of proof. A further clue has since been obtained in this case, and 3 men have been committed to the Sessions Court for trial.

XI. On the 13th November 1874, at Rottigwad, in Hubli Taluka, the body of a woman named Neelawa was found in a tank at Rottigwad. Suspicion fell on her husband and his brother, who were arrested and admitted their guilt before the Magistrate. The husband was convicted of the capital offence and sentenced to death, and the other to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

XII. On the 3rd December 1874, at Hunmunkope, in Dharwar Taluka, a woman named Neelawa of Hunmunkope village was dangerously wounded; in her dying declaration she stated that as she was returning from her field

she was attacked by her brother-in-law and 2 others who inflicted the wound upon her. She died soon after. The brother-in-law and one of the others have absconded; the 3rd man, named Verbadra, was apprehended, and has been committed to the Sessions to take his trial. Measures have been taken for the capture of the other offenders.

XIII. On the night of the 25th December 1874, at Kalas, in Bankápur Taluka, a woman named Balawa was strangled in her own house. On enquiry it was found that one Bhimrao, nephew of the deceased, had instigated 6 men to murder the deceased. The offenders were apprehended, and the case was before the Magistrate at the close of the year. Three of the accused were since committed to the Sessions for trial and convicted and sentenced to death, and the other 3 accomplices were granted a pardon by the committing Magistrate.

Dacoities.

63. Four cases of dacoity are reported for the year against 7 in the previous year. The following are the particulars of 3 of these cases, the 4th being a case of attempt to commit dacoity. No detail is given:—

I. On the 11th May 1874, near Naregal, in Ron Taluka, two persons named Chennuva and Ramimna, residents of Maranbusri, whilst returning from Naregal were stopped by 4 or 5 men and robbed of gold and silver ornaments to the value of Rs. 86. It is stated that no clue has been obtained in this case.

II. On the 23rd of May 1874, near Máháráj Pet, in Hángal, as 5 women were going from Máháráj Pet Market, they were attached by 8 men supposed to be Lumbanis and robbed of property worth Rs. 17. No clue has been obtained.

III. On the 21st November 1874, at the village of Mulgund, some strolling wrestlers and prostitutes who had encamped near the village were attacked by 10 or 12 men and robbed of property said to be of the value of Rs. 635-10. Four men were apprehended on strong suspicion, but discharged by the Magistrate for want of proof. Further enquiry is going on.

Kidnapping.

64. There were two cases under this head during the year which were undetected. In a case which was pending in the previous year, conviction

was obtained. Captain Hay states that the Chief Constables have been ordered to keep a strict watch on prostitutes and other wandering tribes likely to kidnap children for immoral purposes.

Criminal classes and wandering tribes.

65. The number of Lamanis and other wandering tribes in the Dharwar District is said to be very large, while the Police have little control over them. Captain Hay adds "that lately at Ránibennur one of these tribes defied the Chief Constable and the few Constables he had with him on going to arrest some of their number. Fortunately I was near at hand, and was able to go to his assistance with the Police of my party, and apprehended 15 of the tribe, who were convicted under Section 353 Indian Penal Code and sentenced to six months' imprisonment." He also strongly recommends the introduction into this Presidency of the Criminal Tribes Act (No. XXVII. of 1871) which is in force in other parts of India. The District Magistrate has however offered no opinion on this suggestion, which is one for separate consideration.

Detective ability.

66. Detective ability is stated to be greatly wanting in the Force. The Chief Constable of Bankápur, Bodhrao Hanumant, is reported to have done well in a case of murder.

Buildings.

67. The petty construction and repair of Police buildings effected during the year is stated to have cost Rs. 201-2-1. Estimates for the construction of Police Lines at Hubli, Kalghatgi, Sergaon, and Wirekerna are reported to have been prepared.

General conduct.

68. On this subject Captain Hay quotes certain remarks, recorded by Major Bartholomew before proceeding on leave, which are as follow :—

> "As stated in my last report, great strictness is required to put a check on the practise of men leaving their posts without leave, absenting themselves for a longer time than necessary when sent on duty, and to preserve discipline at the treasury and jail guards.*** The many punishments given for absence without leave or delay in executing orders have produced great effect, and now complaints on this head are rare. I think that it would be exceedingly desirable that new blood should be introduced into the Police, and would suggest that the Commissioner should transfer Chief Constables from other Districts." Captain Hay agrees with Major Bartholomew in the above remarks that fresh blood is much wanted in the District; and adds that all ranks seem to be on much too

friendly terms and play into each others hands. From the returns submitted it will be seen that two Head Constables and 40 Constables were dismissed for neglect of duty; that 33 officers and 89 men were punished departmentally by reduction, and that 7 men were punished judicially.

Cases of torture.

69. No cases of torture are reported to have occurred during the year under report.

Education.

70. During the year under report 199 Policemen had attended the school, of whom 65 had learnt to read and write well before they were admitted. They have since acquired a knowledge of Bombay Acts VII. and VIII. of 1867 and also of Chapters VIII. and IX. of the Indian Penal Code; 45 were able to read and write a little when admitted, and have made some improvement; they have also studied Acts VII. and VIII. of 1867. The rest could not read when admitted, but can now read the 1st book and sign their names. In the whole Force there are now 62 officers and 118 men who can read and write well, and 12 officers and 187 men are under instruction.

General remarks.

71. The District Superintendent of Police, Captain Hay, considers that the sanctioned strength of the Police for the towns of Dharwar and Hubli is not sufficient, and he observes as follows:—

"In the former town the sanctioned number of the Police is 26, with a population of 27,136, giving an average of one Policeman to 1,043 inhabitants. In Hubli the sanctioned number of the Town Police is also 26, with a population of 37,961, giving one Policeman to 1,460 inhabitants. The sanctioned strength of the Police in those towns has been supplemented by men from the Reserve at Head Quarters, viz.:—

11 men to Dharwar

6 „ to Hubli

but even with this addition it is almost impossible to make proper arrangements and to keep down crime. The result is that there is more crime in these towns than in almost any other part of the District, and this of course tells unfavourably on the returns of the whole District. In Poona the proportion of Town Police is 1 to 391·47 of population, in Satara 1 to 533·59, and in Sholapur 1 to 774·2. I hope you will bring this to the

notice of Government, with a view to the Town Police being increased to the same proportion as the Districts given above. The duty of escorting prisoners is very heavy in this District, the Suddur Station being almost at the extreme north-west corner of the District, and there is consequently often a scarcity of men with the Chief Constables for other duties. I would suggest that subordinate Jails should be established at Karajgi and Gadag, which would relieve the Police to a certain extent."

I do not feel competent, on the meagre information supplied, to offer any opinion on the subject of the alleged insufficiency of the Town Police of Dharwar and Hubli, nor do I think this report a proper place for discussing questions of this kind.

Suicides and accidental deaths.

72. There were 111 cases of suicide in 1874 against 95 in 1873, and 231 cases of accidental deaths in 1874 against 211 in 1873. The details of the cases pertaining to the year under report are as follows:—

Suicides	By drowning.....	85	111
	„ other means	26	
Accidental deaths ...	By drowning	121	231
	„ wild beasts.....	1	
	„ snake-bites	23	
	„ other means	86	

KALADGI.

73. The following tables pertain to the Kaládgi District:

Area ... ... Square Miles...	5,695
Population	816,037
Strength of Police on the 1st January 1875...	655
Police to Area...	1 to 8·69
Police to Population ... ...1 to	1,245·86

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874	1,552	1,009	2,561
Proportion of Crime to area in Miles ...	1 to 3·66	1 to 5·64	1 to 2·22
Proportion of Crime to Population ...	1 to 525·79	1 to 808·75	1 to 318·64

Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Released without trial.	Acquitted and discharged.	Otherwise disposed of, i. e., died, escaped, or transferred.	Pending at the end of the year.	Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.
	Ascertained to have been committed during the year	Reported in previous year and brought under inquiry during the year.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the close of previous year.	Total.						
1873 ..	1,091	101	1,192	1,863	56	1,919	709	114	1,090	1	65	41·
1874 ..	1,553	71	1,623	1,981	63	2,044	718	113	1,191	3	20	37.

Amount of Property Stolen and Recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage
1873	44,712	14,943	33·
1874	38,949	14,813	38·

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.	Arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873	2,365	4,456	1,225	3,148	29·	27·
1874	2,561	4,015	1,150	2,831	30·	29·

Comparative Statement.

Offences.	1873. Cases. Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	Number of Persons arrested. During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.	1874. Cases. Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	Number of Persons arrested. During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.
Murders	9	2	11	21	3	24	17	7	..	15	1	16	42	..	42	10	28	4
Culpable homicides	9	1	10	9	5	14	9	5	..	4	..	4	4	..	4	1	2	1
Dacoities	9	4	13	65	13	78	7	65	6	11	1	12	21	6	27	17	10	..
Robberies	16	5	21	19	1	20	5	14	1	47	4	51	42	5	47	14	34	..
Thefts	471	34	505	363	18	381	238	201	22	615	27	642	508	22	615	208	208	12
Receiving stolen property ..	74	2	76	130	5	135	59	73	11	80	10	90	73	12	85	44	41	..

Officers in charge.

74. The undermentioned officers were in charge of the Police of this District during the year 1874:—

Captain C. Hay, from 1st January to 15th November 1874.

Mr. C. W. Richardson, 1st Class Magistrate, from 16th November to 15th December.

Mr. H. Kennedy, from 16th to 31st December 1874.

Crime.

75. The number of cognizable offences relating to the year under report amounts to 1,552 against 1,091 in the previous year, or an increase of 461 cases. This increase is attributed by the District Superintendent of Police to the fact that all crimes, under Sections 323, 428 and 429 Indian Penal Code, which were non-cognizable previous to the 1st June 1874, were made cognizable by the Police from the date in which Act XI of 1874 came into force. In these 1,552 cases 1,981 persons were arrested and 1,909 were put on trial. Of these latter only 718 or 37 per-cent were convicted; the percentage in the previous year was 41. The District Superintendent of Police states that he is unable to account for this fall in the percentage, unless it is attributable to trivial cases under Section 323 Indian Penal Code frequently breaking down in the Magistrate's Court, owing to the offences being compounded by the parties concerned.

76. In non-cognizable crime there is a decrease of 265 cases, the number being 1,009 in 1874 against 1,274 in 1873. This decrease is chiefly noticeable under Sections 352 and 323 of the Indian Penal Code, and may be accounted for in the same way as the increase in the cognizable cases has been explained. In connection with these 1,009 cases, 1,971 were arrested or summoned, of whom 432, or 22 per cent, were convicted.

77. During the year under report property to the value of Rs. 33,949, including Rs. 1,866 on account of bonds and valuable securities, is reported to have been stolen, being Rs. 5,763 less than the preceding year. The amount recovered, including Rs. 1,823 on account of bond and securities, was Rs. 14,813, or 38 per cent, in 1874 against 33 in 1873.

Murders.

78. During the year under review 15 cases of murder were reported, which show an increase of six upon the number reported in 1873. In these 15 cases 42 persons were arrested, of whom 10, or 23 per cent, were convicted. Out of the 15 cases of murder, one, it is stated, was subsequently found to be merely a case of grievous hurt, and was disposed of by the 1st Class Magistrate in charge of the Muddebihál Division under Section 325 Indian Penal Code. In another case a complaint was, it is reported, lodged before the 1st Class Magistrate of the Sindgi Division against 7 persons who were accused by the complainant of being engaged in a conspiracy to take his life. The Magistrate took up the case under Sections 302 and 108 of the Indian Penal Code and discharged all the accused. The District Superintendent of Police reports that the Police were not engaged at all in this latter case, and adds: "It is hardly fair on the Police, therefore, that these two cases should be counted among the murders committed during the year, and by their omissions the percentage of convictions would be considerably increased." The following is a brief account of each of the remaining 13 cases of murder that occurred in 1874:—

I. On the night of the 18th February at Mamdápur, Taluka Bijápur, a woman named Gurowa was murdered while asleep in her house by a heavy stone being dropped on her head and other parts of her body. The brother of the deceased accused the Police Patel of the crime, and stated that as his sister was covered with a kambli, she had been mistaken for himself. Four persons were arrested on suspicion, but only one of them was committed to the Sessions under Section 302 of the Indian Penal Code, where he was finally discharged.

II. On the 24th March a woman named Diamowa was found near the gate of the village of Mudkavi, in the Bádámi

Taluka lying in a pool of blood with wounds on the back of her neck. A pair of shoes were found near the dead body which were identified as belonging to Basappa Dulwaji, the murderer. It was proved that enmity had existed between the accused and the deceased woman. Basappa was convicted and sentenced to be hanged by the Sessions Court.

III. On the night of the 24th March one Luxumansing was found dead in a garden at Cholachgudd, Taluka Bádámi. It appeared that the deceased had been cruelly beaten by two men named Basungowda and Runga, and that shortly before he died he had gone to the field of one Apunna and told him of the maltreatment he had received at the hands of the accused. The latter were apprehended and committed for trial, but were discharged by the Sessions Court.

IV. On the morning of the 6th April at Beür, Taluka Bágálkot, one Rachappa bin Mahantappa was found in his house lying on a cot dead with marks of violence behind the ears, on the neck and also the testicles. Ornaments worth Rs. 45 belonging to the deceased were taken away. Eight men were arrested on suspicion, of whom two were discharged by the Committing Magistrate and two by the Sessions Court. The remaining four were convicted and sentenced, the principal offenders to death and the rest to transportation for life. They were, however, acquitted by the High Court.

V. On the morning of the 10th April at the village of Bijurgi, Taluka Bijápur, a woman named Tipowa was found dead in her bed with a wound on her forehead and blood flowing from her mouth and nose. On enquiry it appeared that deceased was the kept mistress of one Bundgi, and that he and one Peeree went to visit her on the night before she died. Bundgi quarrelled with deceased, and struck her on the head with a "lota." The accused Bundgi was convicted by the Sessions Court.

VI. On the 23rd April 1874 at the village of Musuti, in the Bágewári Taluka, the dead body of a newly-born child was found buried outside the village. On enquiry one Guruingowa confessed that she had been delivered of an illegitimate child and had strangled it immediately after birth. Her father Parappa concealed the body in the house for two days, and on the third day deposited it where it was found. Guruingowa was convicted under

Section 302 Indian Penal Code and sentenced to transportation for life by the Sessions Court, which sentence was commuted by the High Court to seven years' rigorous imprisonment, and Parappa was also convicted and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment under Section 318 of the Indian Penal Code.

VII. On the morning of the 3rd July a Sowkar named Erapa was found murdered in his house at Tambe, Taluka Indi. Some wounds were inflicted on the deceased body. On enquiry it was found that six persons were on hostile terms with the deceased on account of some money transactions, which led them to murder him. Four of them were convicted and sentenced, the principal offender to death and the other three to transportation for life. The rest were discharged.

VIII. On the afternoon of the 4th August at Bágalkot, the house of a woman named Nursi, who gained her livelihood by prostitution and daily labour, was found locked outside. After the door was broken open she was found lying dead on the floor. From the marks of violence on the dead body it was deduced that she met her death by having been strangled. Ornaments worth about Rs. 65 belonging to the deceased were missing. No trace of the ornaments or of the offender has been obtained.

IX. On the morning of the 8th October, in a field near the town of Tálikoti, a lad named Amrappa, aged 16 or 17 years, was found with his throat and ears cut off and robbed of ornaments worth Rs. 50 from his person. On enquiry it was found that the deceased had been murdered by one Sukria, who was found guilty and sentenced to 5 years' rigorous imprisonment by the Sessions Court.

X. On the 18th October a man named Mangunda was enticed to a grove of shindi trees by one Rama, the paramour of his wife, and murdered after having become intoxicated with drink. The body was thrown by the accused Rama into a deep hole full of water, but after 3 days, finding it floating on the surface, he removed it to a well. The accused was arrested, found guilty, and sentenced to death by the Sessions Court.

XI. A man named Shivlingappa wullud Ningappa of Al mel, Talaka Sindgi, complained on the 19th November to the Police that his wife called Gurvi brought forth an

illegitimate child, which died immediately and was secretly disposed of by her. Consequently the woman was placed before the Magistrate charged under Section 318 Indian Penal Code. The Magistrate after enquiry committed her to the Sessions charged with murder. She was awaiting her trial at the close of the year.

XII. On the night of the 4th December one Nubbee Tai Husnowa was beaten by Imam Tai Saibowah with a rice pounder, from the effects of which he died at about 11 P.M. The accused had had a quarrel with the deceased about some religious matters. He was committed to the Sessions Court, where he was convicted and sentenced to death.

XIII. On the night of the 30th December a woman named Gunga kom Sukrappa was supposed to have been murdered at Segunsi, Taluka Bijápur, by two men named Hurria and Rajee. It appeared that the deceased and Nagu, the owner of the field in which she was found dead, were not on good terms, the alleged causes of enmity being that the deceased's daughter was Nagu's kept mistress, and also that deceased's son Rakia, (the complainant in this case,) had helped to cultivate Nagu's field and been promised a share in the produce by Nagu, which promise was not fulfilled. On the night in question the deceased, the two accused and another woman, named Mankee, were sleeping in Nagu's field. The deceased began to abuse Nagu, who is closely related to Rajee, one of the accused. On this Rajee gave the deceased a blow which knocked her down, and then strangled her with his hands. The accused were arrested on the statement of Manki, who however perjured herself in the Magistrate's Court, and they were discharged. Subsequently two fresh witnesses to the murder came forward, who, in addition to the two accused in the first case, also implicated Nagu, the owner of the field, in the murder. The three were then committed to the Sessions, but were all discharged for want of proof by the Sessions Judge. In this case steps were taken to prosecute Manki for perjury.

Culpable homicides.

79. There were four cases under this head during the year under review against 9 in the previous year. Four persons were arrested, of whom one was convicted. The details of these four cases are as follows :—.

I. On the evening of the 24th February, at the village of Bomimhulli in the Muddebihál Taluka, a man named Tima, while quarrelling with his wife, struck her a blow on the head with a rice pounder called "musal," from the effects of which she died in a short time. The accused was convicted and sentenced to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment by the Sessions Court.

II. On the 27th September, at the village of Bundewanmudu, one Dadappa in the heat of passion beat his wife with his fist so violently about the head that she fell down and expired soon after. The accused was discharged by the Magistrate for want of proof.

III. On the 8th November 1874, at Tudwulgi, Taluka Indi, a girl named Rukmi died from the effects of injuries received from having been ridden over by a man named Rajia wullud Bundu. The latter was arrested and forwarded for trial under Section 304, but was subsequently discharged by the 1st Class Magistrate.

IV. On the 28th November, at Belur, Taluka Bádámi, a Watdar named Bhima was beaten by one Nilappa for stealing a bag belonging to him containing miscellaneous articles. Bhima died from the effects of the beating. This case was pending at the end of the year.

Dacoity.

80. There were 11 cases of dacoity during the year under report against 9 in 1873. The following is a short account of these 11 cases. It will be observed that in only one case was conviction obtained; and the failure to detect criminals in all the remaining cases, does not speak favourably for the energy of the Police of this District:—

I. On the 7th February, at 7 P.M., Annabhat Appunbhat and two others were attacked and slightly wounded by 5 or 6 Lamanis armed with sticks in the jungle between Torvi and Bijápur and robbed of property worth Rs. 6-6-0. The offenders are still at large.

II. On the 21st February, at 7 o'clock at night, Adwappa wullud Bhimappa and four others were attacked by about 12 Lamanis armed with sticks between Honarli and Nágur in the Hungund Taluka, slightly wounded and robbed of property valued at Rs. 29-7-6. No trace of the property or of the accused has been obtained.

III. On the 23rd February, at about 11 o'clock at night, one Gurappa wullud Basappa and three others were attacked and slightly wounded in the Torvi jungle, in the Bijápur Taluka, by 13 Lamanis armed with sticks, who robbed them of their property worth Rs. 36. In this case 13 Lamanis were arrested, of whom two were discharged and the rest convicted and sentenced to 7 years' rigorous imprisonment each by the Sessions Court.

IV. On the 30th March, at 10 A.M., one Khandu wullud Fakira was, while crossing the hills near Tolmutti, Taluka Bágalkot, attacked by five men, who, after beating him and tying his hands, robbed him of property valued in all at Rs. 5-4-0. The dacoits were armed with stones, and belonged to the Korvi caste. This case still remains undetected.

V. On the morning of the 31st March Karappa wullud Mudkappa and 10 others were attacked and slightly wounded by a gang of 25 men armed with sticks between Khanapur Manetgire in the Bádámi Taluka and robbed of property worth Rs. 64-12-0. The dacoits appeared to be Dasars by caste. Two of the accused were arrested but discharged for want of sufficient proof.

VI. On the 3rd April, at 7 o'clock at night, Khania wullud Basappa and 4 others were in the jungle of Mullapur, in the Bágalkot Taluka, attacked by nearly 12 Lamanis and robbed of property valued at Rs. 26. The daccits were armed with clubs and stones. The complainants received slight wounds. The offenders are still at large.

VII. On the 22nd April, at 8 o'clock at night, one Shedappa wullud Satappa and another were attacked and slightly wounded by 10 or 12 men armed with sticks and axes on the road between Godihal and Charchan, in the Indi Taluka, and robbed of property of the value of Rs. 103-1-0. No clue was obtained up to the close of the year.

VIII. On the 22nd April, at 9 P.M., one Khadir wullud Kasim and six others were attacked and slightly wounded by 10 or 12 men armed with sticks and axes on the road between Barul and Charchan and robbed of property worth Rs. 67-8-3. Of what caste the dacoits were is unknown. No intelligence has been obtained of either the accused or the property stolen.

IX. On the 29th April, at 10 P.M., one Raoji wullud Achuthrao and 4 others, who were accompanying a cart containing betel-nuts, were attacked between Bijápur and Tidgundi, in the Bijápur Taluka, by nearly 10 Lamanis armed with sticks, and robbed of property worth Rs. 116-12-0. No trace of either the property or the accused was obtained.

X. On the 11th May, at 7 P.M., one Mallapa wullud Dadappa and 3 others were attacked, and one man slightly wounded by 10 or 12 Lamanis in the jungle of Mannur, in the Sindgi Taluka, and robbed of property worth Rs. 101. No clue has been obtained.

XI. On the 11th, at 7 P.M., one Sattappa and 2 others were between Mannur and Dewar in the Sindgi Taluka, attacked by about 12 Lamanis and robbed of property worth Rs. 122. The offenders and property had not been traced up to the close of the year.

Kidnapping.

81. No cases of kidnapping for immoral purposes occurred during the year under review.

Detective ability.

82. The District Superintendent of Police reports that there is not much detective ability among the Police of this District. A few subordinate officers and men, and especially Shaik Hussein, Chief Constable of Hungund, are mentioned as alone possessing such ability.

Criminal classes and wandering tribes.

83. The District Superintendent of Police, Mr. Kennedy, reports that the majority of offences in the District are committed by Lamanis, Waddars, and Khykaris; that the latter have a hand in most of the heavy housebreaking cases that occur; and he adds:—"There are not many of this class in the District itself, "but, in the Nizam's territory, and close to our border, they reside "in great numbers; and having helped themselves to a large "amount of property in our territory, make off with it across the "border, where they find ready shelter among their own people, and "great difficulty is found in getting proper assistance from the "Moglai authorities in tracing out the offenders or property."

General conduct.

84. During the year under report, 2 officers and 36 men were dismissed from the Police Force; 29 officers and 62 men were punished depart-

mentally, and 3 men judicially. Fifty officers and men were rewarded by promotion, and four men resigned their appointments. Special mention is made of the inefficiency of two Chief Constables, Balaji Narayen and Ashwat Jadow. The former is stated to be far from well acquainted with his duties, and the work in his Division has not been at all satisfactory; and the latter is reported to be too old and obese to display either intelligence or activity, and although a good writer, is exceedingly lazy in his office work and correspondence. It would be more to the purpose if Mr. Kennedy, instead of recording these remarks, had made a special report on the conduct and qualifications of these officers, specifying particular instances of neglect or inefficiency, in view to ultimate measures being taken for either reducing or removing them from the Police Force.

Education.

85. Great progress is reported to have been made in the education of the men during the year under review. Mr. Kennedy states that this result is chiefly due to the very great interest taken by Captain Hay in the instruction of the men, and also to the trouble taken by him in securing recruits who were able to read and write. Out of a total of 654 men in the force, 151 men and officers are fully competent to make a report on any subject in writing, and 91 are fairly well up in Kanarese or Maráthi. This, as compared with the preceding year, when 120 men only were reported competent to carry on a correspondence, may be taken as satisfactory improvement. At head-quarters there were 120 men, including officers, under instruction, out of whom 23 are stated to be very creditably advanced in Kanarese and Maráthi, while 30 are able to read the 1st book, and can write a little.

Torture.

86. There were no cases of torture during the year under report.

Buildings.

87. Mr. Kennedy states that the construction of lines at Police out-posts has at length been commenced, and that Rs. 5,000 more have been sanctioned for this purpose.

Subordinate Officers deserving of special notice.

88. The District Superintendent of Police reports that the Inspector, Mr. Amrutling, who was in this District up to 30th September, has given great satisfaction in the performance of his duties; and that Mr. Gopalrao Subrao, the present Inspector, who succeeded Mr. Amrutling, has carried out his duties steadily, though not with brilliancy. Special mention is also made of the Chief Constables Gundo Tirmal and Bulwant

Ragunath, who are reported to be by far the most efficient officers in the District, and both (especially the latter) are stated to have done good service. The excellent work done by the Chief Constable, Mr. Devi Seikamany, who was in charge of the head-quarters throughout the year, is prominently noticed by the District Superintendent of Police, who adds that this careful and intelligent officer has gained the esteem of all under whom he has served.

Suicides and accidental deaths.

89. There were 61 cases of suicide during the year under report against 87 in the previous year, and 224 cases of accidental deaths in 1874 against 141 in 1873. The following are the details of the cases relating to the year under review :—

Suicides ...	By drowning ...	31	61
	„ other means ...	30	
Accidental deaths...	By drowning ...	99	224
	„ snake-bites ...	27	
	„ other means ...	98	

KANARA.

90. The tables subjoined relate to the Kanara District :—

Area ... ... Square miles	4,235
Population	398,406
Strength of Police on the 1st January 1875.	697
Police to Area	1 to 6·08
Police to Population	1 to 571·60

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874...	1,060	503	1,563
Proportion of crime to area in miles	1 to 4	1 to 8·42	1 to 2·70
Proportion of crime to population	1 to 375·85.	1 to 792·06	1 to 254·90.

Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Released without trial.	Acquitted and discharged.	Otherwise disposed of, i.e., died, escaped, or transferred.	Pending at the end of the year.	Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.
	Ascertained to have been committed during the year.	Reported in previous year and brought under inquiry during the year.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the close of previous year.	Total.						
1873 ...	831	39	870	1,200	7	1,207	727	182	366	...	32	73
1874 ...	1,060	20	1,080	1,639	32	1,671	876	319	427	12	37	67

Amount of Property Stolen and Recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
1873 ...	23,132	11,619	50
1874 ...	37,122	22,463	60

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.	Arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873...	1,600	2,933	1,216	1,681	45	41
1874...	1,563	2,656	1,173	1,434	51	44

Comparative Statement.

Offences.	1873.									1874.								
	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.
	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.				Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.			
Murders	3	..	3	3	..	3	1	1	..	3	..	3	3	..	3	2	..	1
Culpable homicides ..	2	..	2	3	..	3	1	1	..	4	..	4	5	..	5	3	2	..
Dacoities	3	..	3	5	..	5	5	..	..	2	..	2	77	..	77	4	53	10
Robberies	6	..	6	21	..	21	9	1	11	6	1	7	7	11	18	4	14	..
Thefts	440	11	451	569	2	571	349	207	15	451	12	463	530	14	544	379	157	8
Receiving stolen property ..	69	21	91	149	4	153	97	52	4	74	2	76	140	5	145	75	64	5

Officer in charge.

91. Major S. F. MacGillivray was in charge of the Police of this District throughout the year.

Crime.

92. The returns of this District show a decrease in the total of cognizable and non-cognizable offences in the year under report, as compared with the previous year, the number being 1,563 in 1874 against 1,600 in 1873. In connection with these 1,563 cases, 2,656 persons were arrested and 1,173, or 44 per cent, were convicted. The percentage in the previous year was 41.

93. The total number of cognizable offences reported to have been committed during the year was 1,060 or 229 more than in the preceding year, and the percentage of convictions to men brought to trial shows a falling off from 73 in 1873 to 67 in 1874. This falling off in the percentage as well as the increase in the number of crimes is attributed, as in all the other Districts, to the operation of Act XI. of 1874, by which offences under Sections 323, 428

and 429 have been made cognizable by the Police, otherwise the percentage would have been 77 instead of 67—a result considerably in favour of the year under review.

94. On the other hand there is a decrease of 266 offences in non-cognizable cases, the number being 503 in 1874 against 769 in 1873; the percentage of convictions to arrests has, moreover, slightly increased from 28 in 1873 to 30 in 1874.

95. The value of property stolen was Rs. 37,122, being more by Rs. 13,990 than that of the preceding year; and the amount recovered was Rs. 22,463, or 60 per cent, showing an increase of 10 per cent in favour of the year under review. This increase of percentage is attributable chiefly to the recovery of over Rs. 6,000 worth of property, stolen out of the District, but recovered in the Kanara District under the following circumstances :—

"Ten Portuguese soldiers, who had looted some houses in "Goa territory, and crossed our borders, were arrested with over "Rs. 3,000 of property, and made over with it to the Goa "authorities by order of Government; and property worth over "Rs. 3,000, which was stolen in the Dharwar District, was seized "near Compta." It does not appear correct to take credit for these recoveries, if, as would seem to be the case, the properties lost have not been shown per contra in the returns; and if this be deducted the percentage of recoveries becomes 44 only, or 6 per cent less than in the preceding year.

Murders.

96. Three cases of murder are shown in the returns for the year under report, against the same number in the previous year. In these cases 3 persons were arrested, of whom two were convicted, and one being a lunatic has been transferred to the Asylum at Colaba. The following are the particulars of the cases for the year 1874 :—

I. A woman destroyed her illegitimate child shortly after birth. She killed it with a knife. The accused was convicted and sentenced to transportation for life.

II. A man named Domingo, inhabitant at Mungalwad, Taluka Haliyal, cut his wife's throat, because she abused him on account of infidelity to herself. The accused was convicted and sentenced to death, and was hanged at Karwar.

III. A man named Vyankappa of the village of Harsimane, in the Siddapur Taluka, stript himself and his wife to

the skin, and having illuminated his household idol he worshipped before it, and then taking her with him, he proceeded to a pool of water not far from his house, and drowned her. Shortly afterwards, some of the neighbours arrived, and on their questioning him, he said he had a great desire to understand the mysteries of the universe and the ways of the Deity; that he had sent his wife to learn these secrets, and that he had intended to follow her. The Police made full enquiry, and no motive could be ascertained for this strange behaviour. The neighbours reported that he had not on any previous occasion exhibited signs of insanity, and that he lived, as far as they new, on good terms with his wife. He was arrested and sent to Karwar, where he was placed under observation by the Civil Surgeon, and has recently been transferred to the Colaba Lunatic Asylum.

Culpable homicide.

97. There were four cases of culpable homicide, and one case, which was sent up by the committing Magistrate as culpable homicide, was decided by the Sessions Judge to be grevious hurt. The following are the details of these cases:—

I. In the month of January, at Sirsi, a prostitute by name Manku was killed in a gambling quarrel, and her ornaments appropriated by a man named Yakub, who caused her death by beating her about the head with his fist, and kicking her when she was on the ground. She became senseless, and from the evidence it appeared that they tried to revive her but without success. Her body was then thrown into a well, and was not discovered for some days afterwards. Her ornaments were traced by the Police, and a case was made against Yakub. During the investigation some fresh evidence was obtained, implicating another man named Rama as having had a share in the crime. Both men were arrested and committed to the Sessions Court, where they were convicted. Rama, however, was released on appeal by the High Court.

II. The second case occurred at Sirsi. A woman had destroyed her illegitimate child. She was convicted and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

III. The third case occurred at Siddapur. A woman by name Honvi, of the Dhed caste, was supposed to have

destroyed her illegitimate child by pushing it down a bank into a pool of water where it was drowned. But from the evidence it appeared the woman was delivered on the edge of the pool, and that the child rolled down by accident into the water. The Magistrate 1st Class ordered the case to be sent up, and committed it to the Sessions Court, where it was decided not to be a case of homicide.

IV. The fourth case occurred at Supa on the 6th November. Two men were out shooting, and one killed the other by accident. He was sentenced by the Magistrate 1st Class to pay a fine of Rs. 60 under section 304 A. of the Indian Penal Code.

V. The case of hurt mentioned above took place in the Supa Peta on the 4th September. A man by name Krishna from the Belgaum District ran away from his wife with a kept woman. He took his young child with him. The wife followed him into the Kanara District and lived with him and his mistress at the village of Nashi near Supa. They appeared to have lived pretty amicably, although the two women occasionally quarrelled with each other. One morning Krishna, the two women, and the child set out ostensibly to return home. After going out a mile or two from Nashi the two women had a quarrel, and Krishna taking his mistress' part beat his wife and dashed her head against the ground. He then threw her body into a stream close by, and made off as fast as he could into Goa. He was followed up immediately the crime became known, and was arrested in Goa some forty or fifty miles away, and brought back together with his mistress and child. He confessed all the facts of the case, but said he did not mean to kill his wife. The Judge decided that it was a case of hurt, and sentenced him to 7 years' hard labour.

Dacoities.

98. There were two cases of dacoity during the year under review against three in the preceding year. They have both been traced, and no less than 77 persons were arrested, but the result as regards convictions is unsatisfactory, only four persons having been convicted. The following are the particulars of these cases :—

I. A dacoity was committed at Menshi in February by about 20 or 30 Lambanis and about 5,000 rupees worth

of property was stolen. They came from Mudgal in the Nizam's dominions. The Superintendent of Police personally investigated the case, and on proceeding to the scene of the crime took measures for the detection and apprehension of the offenders, but nothing was heard of them until some months after the commission of the offence, when Mr. Singa Subroo, Police Inspector of Bala Ghát, obtained some clue, and proceeded to the Nizam's country with the Chief Constable of Mundagod, and caused 10 men to be arrested, of whom 7 were brought to Kanara; one of these was released by the Magistrate, who first took up the case, and six were awaiting their trial at Sirsi at the close of the year.

II. The 2nd dacoity took place on the 12th April at Kuwalkop, a village close to the Mundagod and Sirsi high road. About 40 or 50 Lambanis are reported to have been concerned in it. Several persons were arrested on suspicion and a thorough search instituted at the various Tandas or temporary residences of these people. A little property was found which was identified by the complainant, an overseer in the Public Works Department. Twenty-seven men were put on their trial before the Magistrate, and of this number six were committed to the Sessions Court, where 4 of them were convicted and sentenced, two to 7 years and the other two to 5 years' imprisonment each.

99. This partial success, and the vigour with which the inquiries were pushed in both of these dacoities, have had, the District Superintendent of Police thinks, a beneficial effect in repressing dacoity, no new cases having occurred since April 1874. The District Magistrate, in assigning two reasons for this immunity, viz., (1) that the inquiry to the Menshi Dacoity resulted in the arrest of several suspected persons in the Nizam's territory, and (2) the system of requiring Lambanis, before leaving Mysore and other ports, to get passes and deliver them up on the frontier, failing which they are kept under surveillance of the Police during their stay in the District, considers that they, coupled with the fact of certain Dacoits of this class having been convicted in the preceding year, have produced a salutary effect. He also strongly advocates the introduction of a law into this Presidency similar to the Act in force, with regard to wandering tribes, in the North West Provinces; observing that in a District like Kanara, the special character of which affords immense facilities for the commission of offences, such a measure is especially desirable.

Buildings.

100. Two new station houses have been erected during the year at Gokara and at Aminanhulli, at a cost of Rs. 520. The repairs of Police buildings have also been carefully superintended, and due attention has been bestowed on the accommodation of the men. The District Magistrate, in submitting the Police Superintendent's report, remarks as follows :—

"Police stations required considerable outlay; the rain-fall "in this District is very heavy, and there is a continued liability "to fever in many parts where the Police are obliged to serve. "In such places to give men bad accommodation has perhaps "more to do with checking recruiting in some instances. It is "also very poor economy to lodge a man badly and expose him "to sickness, when his services are of great value to the Go- "vernment which he serves. Of late years this doctrine has been "fully accepted for European soldiers, and to a certain extent "for Native troops also, and I cannot doubt but that it is of equal "importance as regards the constabulary force of the country. "Now in Kanara we have a country, where there is not a single "post which is not visited by fever at some time of the year, and "there are many posts from which it is never absent. I believe "that if the accommodation were improved, this would be much "less the case, and the necessity for constantly relieving the men "from certain posts and their frequent sickness might be con- "siderably diminished. In respect of providing good accommo- "dation, I think that Kanara has prior claims over almost any "other District, both on account of its climate, and because the "well-being of the Force, and their freedom from sickness "are of great importance in a District where there is no military "force. An annual grant of Rs. 5,000 is urgently required, and "I hope Government may hereafter allow it."—The Budget Estimate for 1875-76 provides a sum of Rs. 1,500 for expenditure under this head during that year. The Superintendent, however, proposed Rs. 2,000, to which this office assented; and it is presumed that the reduction was made by the Accountant General.

General conduct.

101. During the year under report, 3 officers and 12 men were dismissed the Police Force, 3 men were punished judicially, and 17 officers and 52 men departmentally. Forty-six officers and men were also rewarded during the year, 18 by promotion and 28 by money rewards. With regard to punishment the District Superintendent of Police remarks as follows:—

"More men have, however, been punished, as owing to "circumstances I have been able to exert more pressure.

"have had a great command of recruits than formerly, and so "have been able to dismiss bad men, whose services I might other- "wise have been compelled to retain. [illegible] been found with "Superintendents for fining on [illegible] men of small "pay are certain to recoup th[illegible] expense of the "public. When a Superintende[illegible] of the labour "market, and is consequently [illegible] recruits, he is "obliged to fine the lowest class [illegible] stead of dismiss- "ing them, for he must have men [illegible] on the work. Punish- "ment by reduction can be inflicted on all but the lowest class, "and it is this class which we are enjoined not to fine. If an "unlimited number of recruits presented themselves for enlistment "it would be perhaps unwise fining a man in the receipt of low "pay, unless he was a good sort of man, and likely to be benefit- "ted by the punishment; but when the rates of pay are not suffi- "cient to attract recruits and dismissal is detrimental to the "service, it seems advisable to fine, and let the person so fined "recoup himself if he can, and risk the chance of criminal pro- "secution."

"There are necessarily many bad men in a Police Force, and "such men must be retained until they can be replaced by better "men; but if wages fall, and the Public Works Department "instead of giving 5 annas give 3 annas a day to a Koli, then is "the time a Superintendent should be on the look out to get rid "of his bad men. Times are rather bad just now, and wages low, "but should a Railway ever be constructed in this District, I be- "lieve half the Police would give notice. I am enlisting a number "of men who can read and write, and among them a good many "Brahmins. A certain number of these men are very useful, as "so much writing is required in the present day. As a rule, "however, most of them are wanting in bodily vigour, such as is "possessed by the Mahratta or Musalman. The men from "Sáwant Wári and Ratnágiri, of whom there are many in the "Kanara Police, are superior in physique to those of Kanara, and "now that most of them have learnt to talk Canarese, are the "most useful portion of the Force. * * * *"

102. In reference to the above remarks the District Magistrate observes as follows:—

"Major MacGillivray defends the punishment of Policemen "by fines, and describes the system of recruiting and the consti- "tution of his Force. It is a satisfactory thing to learn that the "fall of wages has served him in inducing a larger number of "recruits to come forward, and I trust that his anticipation may not

"be realized by the rise in wages causing a large number of "resignations. Although every exertion should be made to get "recruits of good [illegible] the District itself, yet I so entirely "concur with [illegible] of Police in his observations re-"garding the [illegible] Ratnágiri and Sáwant Wári men "over the nat[illegible] I trust the Superintendent may "be allowed to [illegible]tion in filling up vacancies in his "Force, with th[illegible]e recruits must as a *sine qua non* "pass an examination in [illegible]nguage of the District within a fixed "time from their joining the Force."

Education.

103. The education of the men is stated to have been carefully looked after. Five officers and 69 men have attended the school during the year. There are now in the Force 100 officers and 140 men who can read and write, against 90 and 126 respectively in the preceding year; and the District Superintendent of Police states that he has personally examined every man of the Police, and that to those who are learning to write he has issued a copy book in which they write in his presence; that the copy is then signed and dated, so that at the next examination a comparison can be instituted and improvement ascertained.

Mounted Police.

104. The District Superintendent of Police urges for the third time the necessity of a few mounted men for patrolling the Dharwar and Mysore borders. He remarks that both the dacoities which took place during the year were committed by Lambanis from the Nizam's territory and from the Dharwar Distict; that although both these offences have been traced, the result of the prosecution has been indifferent, that it is impossible to recover stolen property from Lambanis, as they are old and hardened thieves, and stand by each other in the staunchest manner, and rarely or ever inform against their comrades; that they talk a language unknown to persons of other castes; and that their profession of grain carriers affords them great facilities for committing dacoities. He argues, therefore, that for such people preventive measures are chiefly required, and that for this purpose a few mounted Policemen would be of great service. He further invited attention to the following remarks, which have been made by the Sessions Judge, bearing on the crimes committed by Lambanis :—

"The offences of robbery and dacoity are mostly committed "above Ghâts, and this is not to be wondered at, as this part of "the country offers peculiar opportunities for the commission of "such crime almost without fear of detection. The class to which

"the persons robbed b[illegible]e in the densest part of "the forest, some dist[illegible]e main road, in gardens of "supari and other tr[illegible]ney are quite dependent upon "themselves for protection. They cannot, however, protect themselves, and it is almost impossible if not quite so for the Government to place Police in anything like sufficient numbers throughout the vast tract of forest which composes the greater part of North Kanara above Ghâts. Hence it is very difficult to prevent these robberies and dacoities taking place, and the only remedy that remains is to severely punish in all cases in which convictions are obtained. Similarly the character of the country above Ghâts offers every facility for concealment of stolen property; and hence the Police in this District labour under difficulties, which the Police in more populous and less wooded Districts have not to contend with."

105. On this subject the District Magistrate observes that he fully concurs with the Superintendent of Police, and adds as follows:—

"I submit this question for special consideration, apart from any general considerations regarding the annual report on the Police and Crime of the District, and if Government wish any detailed propositions submitted, I will be prepared to do so in conjunction with the Superintendent of Police. I have previously in 1872 strongly recommended a small mounted force of Police for patrolling the chief lines of traffic in this District, and will include this matter in the propositions above noticed, if the latter are called for."

I beg leave to invite attention to the above remarks.

Subordinate Officers deserving of special notice.

106. The District Superintendent of Police brings to notice the good service and ability displayed by both the Inspectors Messrs. Subanrao Salve and Singu Subrao. Special mention is made of Chief Constable Bhimrao for exerting himself and doing his best to bring the Lambani dacoits to justice. Kashi Sawanth and Bhagwant Daji Sawanth, Head Constables 1st Class, and Vithu Shivaji, Head Constable 2nd Class, are also favourably mentioned by the District Superintendent of Police for the good work done by them.

Suicides and accidental deaths.

107. There were 26 cases of suicide and 159 of accidental deaths during the year under report, against 45 and 187 respectively in the preceding year.

The following are the particulars of suicides and accidental deaths relating to the year under report :—

Suicides ...	By drowning ...	12	26
	„ other means ...	14	
Accidental deaths ...	By drowning ...	81	159
	„ wild beasts ...	4	
	„ snake-bites ...	17	
	„ other means...	57	

108. The subjoined tables refer to the Poona District :—

Area....	Square Miles 5,099
Population	... 907,235
Strength of Police on the 1st January 1875	1,107
Police to Area	... 1 to 4·60
Police to Population	1 to 819·54

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874	3,146	2,324	5,470
Proportion of Crime to Area in Miles	1 to 1·62	1 to 2·19	1 to 0·93
Proportion of Crime to Population	1 to 288·37	1 to 390·37	1 to 165·85

Cognizable Cases.

Year.	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Released without trial.	Acquitted and discharged.	Otherwise disposed of, i.e., died, escaped, or transferred.	Pending at the end of the year.	Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.
	Ascertained to have been committed during the year.	Reported in previous year and brought under inquiry during the year.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the close of previous year.	Total.						
1873 ...	2,995	30	3,025	4,012	38	4,050	1,519	856	1,626	3	46	48
1874 ...	3,146	31	3,177	5,197	43	5,240	1,634	862	2,694	2	48	38

Amount of Property Stolen and Recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
	Rs.	Rs.	
1873	1,09,805	57,043	52
1874	1,16,828	68,622	59

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.	Arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873	6,817	11,885	3,006	8,822	27	25
1874	5,470	10,172	2,590	7,528	28	25

Comparative Statement.

Offences.	1873.									1874.								
	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.	Cases			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.
	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.				Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.			
Murder	14	..	14	51	..	51	20	29	2	12	1	13	24	2	26	10	15	1
Culpable homicides ...	9	..	9	18	..	18	11	6	1	5	1	6	14	1	15	3	11	1
Dacoities	13	1	14	71	3	74	20	45	8	16	4	20	98	6	104	49	55	..
Robberies	67	2	69	113	5	118	19	92	7	67	1	68	130	7	137	33	105	..
Thefts..	1539	9	1548	1429	5	1434	584	841	9	1025	8	1033	1212	10	1222	539	667	17
Receiving stolen property ..	104	3	107	161	5	166	78	88	..	93	3	96	176	..	176	99	76	1

Officer in charge.

Lieutenant-Colonel S[illegible]ott was in charge of the Police of this D[illegible]om 1st January to 25th Nov[illegible]ieutenant T. R. M. Macpherson from 26th to 30th N[illegible]d Captain A. B. Portman from 1st to 31st December 18[illegible].

110. During the latter part of the year Lt. C. J. Dickson was appointed to act temporarily as Assistant District Superintendent of Police in this District, and held charge of that office from 6th October to 25th November. He was succeeded by Lieut. T. R. M. Macpherson, who continued to hold the office from the 26th November to the end of the year.

Crime.

111. The total number of cognizable crimes reported to have been committed during the year is 3,146. Compared with the number reported in 1873, viz., 2,995, there is an aggregate increase of 151 cases. This increase is attributed to the fact that since the 1st of June 1874, from which date Act XI. of 1874 came into force, crimes under Sections 323, 428, and 429 were made cognizable by the Police, and under these sections no less than 776 cases were reported; but if this number be deducted from the total for the sake of comparison with the previous year, there remain only 2,370 against 2,995 in 1873, showing a decrease of 625 cases—a result which will doubtless be regarded as satisfactory. In these 3,146 cases, 5,240 persons were arrested of whom 4,328 were put on trial, and 1,634, or 38 per cent, were convicted. This is 10 per cent less than the result obtained in the previous year; and the Superintendent of Police attributes the falling off to the large number of acquittals in the 766 cases falling under Section 323, owing to the withdrawal of the charges by the complainants before the Magistrates.

112. The cognizable and non-cognizable cases of the year taken together show a decrease of 1,347 cases as compared with the previous year, the number being 5,470 in 1874 against 6,817 in 1873. In connection with these cases 10,172 persons were arrested, of whom 2,590, or 25 per cent, were convicted. The percentage of the previous year was the same.

113. The total amount of property stolen in 1874 was, including Rs. 10,564, the value of stolen bonds, Rs. 1,16,828 against Rs. 1,09,805 in 1873, showing an increase of Rs. 7,023. The amount recovered, including Rs. 2,502 on account of bonds, was Rs. 68,622, or 59 per cent, against 52 per cent in 1873, being an increase in recoveries of 7 per cent in favour of the year under review.

114. There were 12 cases of
against 14
Murders. these 12 cas
one case the accused has absconded
been offered for his apprehension; in
acquitted and discharged, and 2 cases
close of the year. The following are the details of these

I. On the 8th January 1874, one Honya wullud Ra
tale gave some fruit ("kawath") mixed with
Gahina Kom Tukaram to eat, and the woman d
eating the same. Her corpse was sent to the
Hospital, and on examining the contents of the
the Civil Surgeon was of opinion that the wom
to her death by arsenic. The accused was appre
and sent for trial to the 1st Class Magistrate, who
mitted him to the Sessions, where he was convicted
sentenced to transportation for life.

II. On the 1st February 1874, at 6-30 P.M., some 6 or 7
came to the house of the Patel of the village of Kiwla
in the Máwal Taluka. A Marwadi named Kewal, who
had been pressing the Kolis and others of the village and
neighbourhood for payment of debts, was asleep in the
verandah. The men lifted him up, took him outside the
village, cut off his nose, murdered him with sticks, tied
his legs and arms together, carried him for a koss to
the village of Gorud, and from the top of the hill threw
his body into the "Rai" below, where it was seen by a
Mahar of another village, who duly reported the same.
Five persons were suspected to have been concerned in
the commission of this crime. All were apprehended and
sent to the Railway Magistrate for trial, who discharged
3 of them and committed 2 to the Sessions Court, where
they were convicted and sentenced to suffer the extreme
penalty of the law.

III. A dead body of a man was found on the 26th March
1874 in a well in Survey No. 116 at the village of Umaji,
Taluka Junnar, wrapped up in cloths. On enquiry, it
transpired that the man was one Ganpati Sinda, an inha-
bitant of a place somewhere near Barsi, Zillah Sholapur,
and that he had stopped with one Babolya Sakharam
Hande of the same village for two months. The man
appeared to have been murdered and thrown into the well
about 3 weeks previously. Four persons were arrested
and sent for trial to the 1st Class Magistrate, who com-
mitted them to the Sessions Court, where two were ac-
quitted, and 2 convicted and sentenced to death.

hina Kom Daruji Kotwal, of Mouje hari, reported that she found the ter near a well in Survey No. 292 lage of Kungaon. She suspected eased had gone with him to his village days previously. The man has absconded. His brother stated before the 3rd Class Magistrate that the accused had told him that he threw his wife into a well, as she refused to accompany him to Belapur, and that he would himself proceed to Jogawdi, Taluka Purandhar. Enquiries were in progress.

On the 2nd June 1874, one Sakhi, from Mahimaji Budhi, poisoned the son of Kondaji wullud Santaji of Náráyangaon, Taluka Junnar, from the effects of which he died. The accused was arrested and sent up for trial to the 1st Class Magistrate, who discharged her under Section 195 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

VI. On the 27th June, the body of a woman was found in the Bowerchi Khind, a few paces off the road. The deceased's skull was broken, and there were two wounds on the head and one on the right leg. She appeared to have been murdered 2 or 3 days previously. On enquiry the body was identified as that of one Dewki kom Babaji, Popharkar of Wazarde, in the Pant Sachiwa's territory. It was recognized by the Police Patel of Wazarde and by her father, Pandu bin Bhawani Balguda of Karli. The deceased was murdered by her husband, who has absconded. A reward of Rs. 100 has been offered for his apprehension.

VII. On the 8th July 1874, at 5 P.M., an old Musalman put up in the Mosque at Koregaon, Taluka Sirur, for the night, when an insane Mahomedan beat him with his stick, from the effects of which the old man died. The accused was apprehended, and sent to the 2nd Class Magistrate for trial, who committed him to the Sessions, where the case was pending at the close of the year, the accused being meanwhile under observation in the Lunatic Asylum at Poona.

VIII. On the 8th July 1874, one Kedari bin Dulbaji Doifode, Kushti of Bárámati, Taluka Bhimthari, suspected his wife's fidelity, cut her throat with a knife, and informed the Police of the same. He was arrested and taken before the 3rd Class Magistrate, before whom he confessed the

commission of the crime. The knife, stained with blood, was found in his possession. The case was ... equently committed to the Sessions, where he was sentenced to be hanged.

IX. On the 22nd August 1874, one Ganu and four others assaulted and beat severely one Mowya, son of Yesu bin Chimaji, Kale of Undawari, Taluka Bhimthari. From the effects of the injuries received Namya died the following day. Marks of ill-treatment were on his chest, temples, and head. The accused were arrested and sent to the 1st Class Magistrate, who discharged 3 and committed 2 to the Sessions, where they also were acquitted and discharged.

X. One Gangya wullud Kawji Mahar of Tirpad, Taluka Khed, went to the house of one Saki Kom Ramya, Mahar and Mani Kom Viltya Mahar, at Pimpri as a guest. Here these two women gave him cooked rice mixed with gul, after eating which Gangya died on 13th September 1874. The body was sent for examination to the Civil Surgeon at Poona, who gave his opinion that the man had died from poison. Two pieces of arsenic were found with Tukya wullud Shiwaji Mahar, and he and Ramya, and the latter's wife Saki, were sent for trial to the 1st Class Magistrate, who discharged the men Tukya and Ramya, and committed Saki to the Sessions, where she was convicted and sentenced to transportation for life.

XI. On the 27th September 1874, the body of one Kushi, aged 13 years, daughter of Ravji bin Shiwaji, Wadekar of Wára, Taluka Khed, was found in a well adjoining the village in Brahman Mala. On enquiry it appeared that the deceased's husband beat her and threw the body into the well. The accused was arrested and sent up for trial to the 1st Class Magistrate. He was subsequently committed to the Sessions, where he was convicted and sentenced to death.

XII. On the night of the 14th November 1874, at about 10-15 P.M., Ghashi bin Moti Agarwala was sitting in his shop talking with his ... ends at Ghorpadi, when two soldiers of Her Majesty's 7... Fusiliers came to the bazaar with their arms and stood ... osite the Bania's shop. One of the soldiers asked ... Bania for something, when Ghashi answered in Hin... stani that he did not understand English, whereupon one of the soldiers deliberately shot him

in the stomach. The soldiers, while running away were challenged by a sentry at whom they fired also but fortunately missed. The soldiers were made prisoners and kept in the Quarter Guard of their Regiment. They were committed for trial to the High Court, under Sections 302 and 109 Indian Penal Code, by the Cantonment Magistrate. Here No. 1, Joseph Wilson, was sentenced to 10 years' rigorous imprisonment, and No. 2, Patrick Murphy, was acquitted.

Culpable homicides.

115. Five cases of culpable homicide are reported for the year against nine in the year preceding. In two of these five cases the accused were acquitted and discharged, in two cases the accused were convicted, and the remaining case was struck off by order of the Magistrate. The following are the particulars of these cases :—

I. On the 4th February 1874, a quarrel ensued between one Bhoji wullud Chatra Ghadshi and another man named Bahiru wullud Sada Ghedshi about some sheep, whereupon the former kicked the latter, in consequence of which Bahiru died. The body was sent to the Civil Surgeon at Poona for examination, and the accused was sent for trial to the 1st Class Magistrate, by whom, however, he was acquitted.

II. On the night of the 15th March 1874 one Ganu of Adshe brought his wife from Patan, and with the aid of 9 others tied her with ropes to a post and beat her so severely with sticks that she died. It appears she had frequently run away from her house. The principal accused confessed the commission of the crime before the 3rd Class Magistrate. All the persons concerned were, however, arrested and sent for trial to the Railway Magistrate, who released 8, and committed Geva wullud Dewji to the Sessions Court, where he was convicted and sentenced to 2 years' rigorous imprisonment.

III. On the 24th September, one Sawlya bin Hanumanta Thorat of Manchar, Taluka Khed beat his wife so severely that she died from the effe of the injuries received. The body of the deceased sent to the Medical Officer at Junnar for examinati who gave it as his opinion that she met her death fron ere beating. Sawlya, her husband, was sent to the 1 lass Magistrate, who committed him to the Sessions ourt, where he was convicted and sentenced to 10 years' rigorous imprisonment.

IV. On the 18th December, a dead body of one Genu bin Dewji Asawla was found in the jungle of the village of Takwe Budruk, Taluka Máwal. On enquiry it was ascertained that one Sahebram Lawan had taken deceased's field by contract to feed his bullocks, and that when the deceased demanded his money, the accused kicked him in the stomach, from the effects of which he died. The body was sent for examination to the Civil Surgeon, who gave his opinion that the deceased met his death from the injuries received. The accused was apprehended and sent to the 1st Class Magistrate, who committed him for trial to the court of Session, where, however, he was acquitted.

V. On the 25th December, Captain A. J. Harrison, of the 7th Fusiliers, while out in the jungle of Atwan, Taluka Máwal, accidently shot one Naru wullud Hari, a Mahar of Khandala, who had accompanied that gentleman as a beater. The case was after investigation ordered by the 1st Class Magistrate to be struck off.

Dacoities.

116. During the year under report there were 16 cases of dacoity in the Poona District, or 3 more than in the previous year. In these 16 cases 96 persons were arrested, of whom 49 were convicted and sentenced to various punishments. The following are the particulars of these 16 cases:—

I. On the 7th January 1874, one Kuber Hukumchand, Marwadi of Shinoli, while going from his village to Pokhri with two servants, a tattoo, and a bullock, was waylaid by 12 robbers at the top of the Pokhri Ghát near Kalamjai Dewi, who hamstrung the tattoo, tied the arms of the Marwadi and of his servants behind them, kept them till evening, and then cut off the ears, and nose and upper lip of the Marwadi, burnt his account book, and let all go. The loot amounted to Rs. 228-2-0. The robbers had with them 5 swords, 3 guns, two patas, and some sticks. Three men were first arrested and sent to the 1st Class Magistrate for trial, who dismissed the complaint under Section 147 Criminal Procedure Code. A few days after one Hari Rama Joshi was arrested and sent for trial to the 1st Class Magistrate, who committed him to the Sessions, where he was convicted and sentenced to transportation for life.

II. On the night of the 15th January, a dacoity was committed by Kusba Harji and 6 others on the house of one Raghu Bhiwaji and 4 others of Kadmodi, Taluka Khed, and property worth Rs. 78-6-0 taken away. The accused were arrested with stolen property valued at Rs. 42-4-0 and were on committal to the Sessions convicted and sentenced four to 4 years' rigorous imprisonment each, and the remaining 3 discharged.

III. On the night of the 16th January 1874, a dacoity was committed by Khandu Girmaji and 4 others in the house of one Putaji and two others of Bhorgiri, Taluka Khed, and property worth Rs. 321-7-0 taken away. The accused were arrested with stolen property valued at Rs. 39-12-0, and were duly committed by the Magistrate to the Sessions Court, where however four were convictd and sentenced to transportation for life, one beinge made Queen's evidence.

IV. On the 25th January, at about 9 or 10 P.M., the house of Wangoji bin Gondji, Police Patel at Khand, Taluka Máwal, was entered into, and property worth Rs. 34-8-0 and cash Rs. 15 were carried away. One of the robbers gave his name as Honya Kenghja. This case is still undetected.

V. On the 25th January 1875, the houses of Tawji bin Dewji Dhangle and of Paton Kom Manaji Dhangle of Kolwadi, Taluka Khed, were attacked and property of the value of Rs. 47-8-0 was carried away. The accused, 7 in number, were arrested with a nose-ring worth Rs. 4, and sent to the 2nd Class Magistrate for trial. He committed them to the Sessions Court, where, however, they were all discharged.

VI. On the night of the 25th January, the house of one Trimbakji bin Bhagoji of Bidi, in the Khed Taluka, was entered into, and property worth Rs. 194-2-0 carried away; seven men with property worth Rs. 23-8-0 were arrested, and sent to the Magistrate for trial, who committed them to the Sessions, where 4 of the accused were sentenced to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment each, and a fine of Rs. 200, in default to suffer 9 months' further rigorous imprisonment, and the remaining 3 were discharged.

VII. On the 28th January, at 9 P.M., 7 robbers came to the village of Ghotawdi, took two Mahars of that village,

and went to the house of Tukaram bin Tatya Hendre, and demanded some money. On his refusing to comply with their request, they cut down some prickly pear in his compound, made him lie on it, and one stood on his chest. In the meantime two others entered his house, keeping two men to watch outside, and they took away property consisting of a nose-ring, a pair of "Goths," in all worth Rs. 6, and Rs. 150 in cash. In this case 4 persons were arrested, and a portion of the property worth Rs. 55 was recovered. The accused were committed by Mr. Ozanne to the Sessions, where No. 2 was discharged under Section 251 Criminal Procedure Code, and Nos. 1, 3, and 4 were convicted and sentenced to transportation for life.

VIII. On the 2nd February, the houses of one Ramchandra Vishwanath Pofle and two others of Pale, Taluka Máwal were attacked by some 12 or 13 robbers, and property valued at Rs. 2,825-4-0 carried away.

IX. On the 3rd February, the house of the Police Patel at Toran, Taluka Máwal, was entered into by 12 or 13 robbers, who seized him, tied his arms behind him, and demanded Rs. 100. On his refusal they entered his house, and took away property worth Rs. 148-8-0, also property valued at 8 annas belonging to one Bhowani bin Raghoji Thakar.

In both of the above cases Nos. VIII. and IX. 6 of the accused were arrested with stolen property worth Rs. 78-14-0 in the 1st case (No. VIII), and Rs. 25-8-0 in the 2nd (No. IX), and placed before the 1st Class Magistrate, who committed two of them under Section 395, and the remaining four under Sections 411 and 412, Indian Penal Code, to the Court of Sessions, by which tribunal the former were convicted and sentenced to transportation for life, and the latter to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment each.

X. On the night of the 16th February 1874, 10 men came to the houses of Sukaji bin Laroji and Birya bin Abaji, Marwadis of Mouje Wanewadi, beat the inmates of the house and took away property valued at Rs. 67-4-0. Five of the robbers were armed with swords, and the remainder had sticks with them. All the accused were arrested with property valued at Rs. 49-1-4, and sent

to the 1st Class Magistrate for trial, who discharged one of them under Section 195, and committed the other nine to the Sessions Court, where they were convicted and sentenced—seven of them to 10 years', and the remaining to 7 years' rigorous imprisonment each.

XI. On the 13th February 1874, 10 robbers came to the temple of Lakshmi Narayan at Karanjgaon, Taluka Máwal. Two men, named Sadashiv Moreshwar and Mahadev Narayan, with certain others were asleep there. All, save the two above named, ran away. The robbers took these two men outside the village, beat them, and carried away clothes valued at Rs. 5-4-0. One of the robbers had a sword, another a gun, and the rest had sticks. Six of the accused were apprehended with stolen property, and of these three were released by the Police, and the remaining three sent for trial to the 1st Class Railway Magistrate, who committed them to the Court of Sessions, where one was convicted and sentenced to 7 years' transportation. The other two, though convicted, were not sentenced, as they were already under sentence of death in the Kiwla murder case (No. II).

XII. On the night of the 21st February 1874, the houses of one Dharu bin Ramji and two others of Mouje Boreghar, were entered into by six robbers, who carried away property, consisting of clothes, ornaments, &c., valued at Rs. 18-6-3. Five of the accused were arrested with stolen property worth Rs. 13-14-3, and 4 swords, and they were placed before the 1st Class Magistrate, who committed them to the Sessions Court, where they were convicted and sentenced, two to 10 years', and the rest to 7 years' rigorous imprisonment each.

XIII. On the 7th March, at about 7-30 P.M., while the whole of the villagers of Don were assembled in and about two of the houses of the village, listening to singing at the Punchmi, suddenly they heard shots fired, and found themselves surrounded by some 18 or 20 armed men, many of them clothed in red tunics as sepoys of the Line Regiments, and all with their faces exposed. The Dacoits, who were led by Honya Konglya and Dadu Datya, asked for Govinda and Kusha of the Patel's family who, on presenting themselves, were at once severely beaten and knocked down. One of the Dacoits, Gongya Shilkanda, standing over Govinda enquired of the leaders of the gang if he should kill Govinda. Dadu

replied "no," but directed his nose to be cut off, which was done with a penknife. Gongya then presented the piece to Govinda, saying "you gave 'khabar' to the Sarkar, take the inám of the Sarkar." It appears that about 2 years ago, Govinda gave information in the Tanna District, which led to the apprehension of Dadu and others, who were all sentenced to various periods of rigorous imprisonment. Dadu Datya escaped from the Nagar Jail in December 1873, and rejoined Honya's gang, and is now treated by the rest of the gang as Honya's equal, both being called Naiks. Kusha stated that he had lost Rs. 15 while being beaten. The dacoits are still at large.

XIV. On the night of the 4th July 1874, 9 robbers came to the village of Wandre, beat the Joglyas who were in the Chawdi, took them out of the village, asked for bread and deprived them of their kambles valued at Rs. 3. The robbers were armed. Two of them gave their names as Honya Kenglya and Dadu Datya, and threatened the villagers with death, if they gave information to the Police.

XV. On the night of the 14th July the houses of one Kashaba Harji and 7 others of the village of Falve, in the Máwal Taluka, were attached by 17 or 18 robbers, and property valued at Rs. 477-10-0 taken away. The offenders have not been traced.

XVI. On the 23rd September 1874, one Bhawansing bin Shivpalsing Pardeshi of Poona, while returning from Kharakwásla, was waylaid at Parwati in the day time on the highroad, and robbed by eight men of cash notes, patalyas, &c., in all valued at Rs. 80. Five of the accused were arrested with property worth Rs. 65-8-0 and sent to the Railway 1st Class Magistrate for trial, who however discharged them all under Section 195 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

117. Nine of the 16 crimes of dacoity above detailed were, it is believed, committed by a single gang of dacoits headed by one Honya Kenglya Koli. In five of these cases the dacoits were captured upon information obtained as follows. Eight of the gang have thus been accounted for, and they were all convicted and sentenced to penal servitude for life:—

1st. Shiwa bin Yashwanta Ghabala Koli was arrested by the Police on the 7th May 1874 in the jungle of Raje-

wadi, Peta Ambegaon, upon information received from an informer.

2nd. Dewji wullud Ramji Kirwa was arrested by the Police on 2nd June 1874 in the jungle of Gangaldare, Taluka Junnar, upon information given by two Kolis.

3rd. Kusha bin Rowji Masala Koli was arrested on 3rd June 1874 by the Police, on the information of a prisoner, who took the Chief Constable and Police of Junnar to where the man was sleeping in the jungle of Phulowri, Peta Ambegaon, where he was arrested.

4th. Rama bin Mahadev Kolap Koli was arrested on 11th June 1874 in the jungle of Pokri, Peta Ambegaon. Information was given to the Police by Koli spies employed for the purpose.

5th. Walya Mormarya Koli was arrested on the 19th August 1874 in the jungle of Wareshwar near Kalamjai, Taluka Máwal. Sada bin Khandu Hemara gave him up and received the reward proclaimed of Rs. 200.

6th. Bhorya Rudya was arrested on the 20th August 1874 in the jungle on the table land of Mau, Taluka Máwal. Several Kolis assisted the Police with information in this case.

7th. Devji Lange was arrested on the 27th August 1874 by the Tanna Police, on information received from spies in the Tanna District.

8th. Hari bin Rama Joshi was arrested on the 12th September 1874 at Khetachiwadi near Parunde, Taluka Junnar; he was seized at the instigation of a mau, whose wife he had carried to the jungle for a time shortly before, and made over to the Police by the villagers.

118. The special arrangements made for the capture of the outlaws Honya Kenglya and his gang are detailed by Captain Portman as follows:—

"Although for some time past this outlaw had defied the Police, and in spite of their efforts succeeded in avoiding capture, it was only at the commencement of the year under notice that he with his gang of 16 other Kolis commenced a series of dacoities which were of so serious a nature and of such frequent occurrence, that Colonel Stanley Scott, the then Superintendent of Police, deemed it necessary that stringent measures should be taken against them, and with that view in April last addressed you and

obtained the sanction of Government to certain special arrangements being adopted. A contribution of armed Police from the adjoining Districts of Tanna, Ahmednagar, and Násik were given to assist the Poona Police, and altogether an armed Police Force of 175 men was detailed for the special duty of operating against the outlaw and his gang. Colonel Scott was also detailed for this special duty with Mr. Sinclair of the Civil Service. Rewards of Rs. 1,000 for Honya Kenglya, Rs. 600 for Dadu Datya (2nd in command of gang), and Rs. 200 for each of the 15 others were offered by Government for their capture. Colonel Scott proceeded with Mr. Sinclair on special duty on the 5th May, handing over charge of his office to Mr. Trenn, the City Police Inspector. Khan Bahadoor Abdul Kadar, Poona District Police Inspector, was in charge of the Poona, Khan Saheb Mahomed Khan of the Tanna, Police Inspector Huri Naráyan of the Nagar, and a Head Constable 2nd grade of the Násik special Police. A great deal of hard work and many energetic measures were taken by Colonel Scott, but the gang was only once suddenly surprised, but got away before the party of Tanna Police could get up to them, because proper percautionary measures were not adopted. The circumstances were as follows:—

"A party of the Tanna Police assembled at Kusurwadi, above the ghâts, in the Máwal Taluka, headed by the Tanna Police Inspector on special duty, proceeded towards Tribhuwanchi gurud (course) to search the jungle. On the morning of the 17th July 1874, whilst thus engaged, thinking it possible that some of the outlaws might, on account of the bad weather, have made use of this cave as a place of concealment, as was often done by Koli robbers, he divided his party into two bodies to approach the cave in different directions. One party led by a Head Constable 3rd Class on nearing the cave came upon a cooking utensil on the fire, and a quantity of cooked rice, and thinking that some men had rushed into the cave, two or three shots were fired into it but there was no one in it, and after search had been made round about it was apparent that the outlaws had bolted. The property found in and near the cave was 3 brass pots, 1 kamble (blanket), 1 pair chuppuls, and 2 pieces of cloth. On proceeding in the direction the outlaws had taken, about a mile from the cave, 1 sword, 2 native guns, 2 clubs, 3 turbans, 5 khambles, 2 dhotars, 2 chadis, 6 bags (batwas), 2 pieces of silk (pitambar), cotton slow match for flint and steel, 1 money bag with a silver earring in it, 2 cotton slow matches for native

guns, a sling, 4 pieces of cloth, 1 pocket knife, 1 pair of scissors, 1 brass pot and 1 pair chuppuls were found. The tracks were followed up by some of the Police for 8 miles to near the village of Dâk below the Ghâts, and one mile on this side the track was lost. As the night was setting in and the Police were hungry, they rested at Dâk for the night, after making enquiries there for the outlaws. About 8 o'clock a man Khandu Govinda Pingla came to where the Head Constable and his party had stopped, and said that a man had come to his house bare-headed and asked him to bring his kambli for him. On hearing this, and thinking it must be the outlaws, the Police took their muskets and ran outside the village in two parties, and hearing some men talking they all ran towards them, when one of the outlaws fired at the Police, who returned their fire, but it was rather dark, raining hard, and it was not known whether the shots were effectual; the Head Constable was presently wounded on the left elbow, and upon another shot being fired by a Policeman, the outlaws bolted and no further trace was found of them."

119. In addition to the 8 men of Honya's gang captured, as stated above in paragraph 117, 38 Koli dacoits were at different times arrested by the Police. These dacoits, in the hope that all dacoities committed in the Ghâts would be attributed to Honya and his followers, commenced operations on their own account, but no less than 15 of these dacoits having been made prisoners at one time by Colonel Scott and the Poona Police in a village on a plateau of a hill in the Ambegaon Peta, the remainder lost heart, and thus quiet was in a great measure established—a result which is due entirely to the unwearying exertions of the special Police Force, who had a trying time of it, being exposed to the inclemency of the weather during the whole monsoon, which, as is known, is very severe on the range of Ghâts.

Buildings.

120. The grant for the "Petty Construction and Repair" of Police buildings was Rs. 1,970. The District Superintendent of Police states that the whole of this sum will be expended departmentally before the end of the financial year; and he adds as follows :—

"I would desire especially to remark on the great want of accommodation in the shape of Lines for the Police, both in the District and in the Camp and City, and I think nothing detracts so much from the efficiency of the Police as their being scattered about in houses hired at their own cost, more especially in a large city like Poona. The

accommodation at Head Quarters is very limited, but there is space for more Lines sufficient to house certainly all the Reserve, which at present cannot be done. At the time I now write, I can safely say, as far as my experience goes, that this District is worse off in this respect than any in which I have served. In this District the men of the outlying Posts are, with a few exceptions, located in the village chowdis or temples in the greatest discomfort, and also often to the inconvenience of the villagers and travellers. They have mostly private houses hired at their own expense, and it is easy to imagine that separated in this way, their duties are not very satisfactorily performed. I have ascertained that the total amount paid yearly for house rent by the Poona Police is about Rs. 3,712, of which Government contribute nothing. Until proper quarters are furnished I would suggest that permission should be given to a certain sum being entered in the Budget under the head of rent."

It is not improbable that in the large sum here specified, rent paid by officers of the Police Force not entitled to public accommodation, has been included. The proposal of the Superintendent, however, is one which can better be considered, when full details are furnished, as they might be, in a special report.

Education.

121. There is a slight improvement apparent in the progress reported under this head. Compared with the preceding year the number of men of all ranks who can read and write is larger by 5 per cent. For 1874 the number is given as 280 against 262 for the previous year. Captain Portman states that the progress would have been greater had the full number of the Reserve been present at head quarters; but this was not possible, as many of the men were employed on special duty nearly the whole year. He adds that since taking charge of this District, he has endeavoured to induce the men to exert themselves with the hope of promotion in the future, and allowed a certain number of candidates to attend the Police school at head quarters, and be instructed in drill, with a view to their enlistment as vacancies occur. When entertained they are taken on probation for 6 months, and are afterwards confirmed, if they show a desire to continue their studies, by attending school whenever their duties permit, and make themselves generally proficient in their work.

General conduct.

122. During the year under report, one subordinate officer and 8 Constables were punished judicially; 63 officers and 109 men were punished de-

partmentally, and 3 officers and 27 men were dismissed the Police Force. Three Chief Constables were reduced to Head Constables 1st Class, for having failed to pass the examination prescribed for those holding the office of Chief Constable, and one of these subsequently resigned his appointment. One Chief Constable, Ramji Harji, was dismissed from the service under orders of Government for having been concerned in the frauds in the Poona Police Accounts.

Subordinate officers deserving of special notice.

123. Captain Portman states that he is unable, on account of his having taken charge so late in the year, to say anything regarding the qualifications of the various grades of Police in the District; but that Colonel Scott before leaving had expressed to him his appreciation of the valuable assistance he had received from Mr. Trenn, the City and Cantonment Inspector, and from Khan Bahadur Abdul Kadar, District Police Inspector, and that he had expressed his satisfaction with the way in which these officers and the Police as a body performed their duties.

General remarks.

124. Captain Portman brings forward a question as to whether or not a Police officer has by law the right to conduct the prosecution before a Magistrate, of any case of which he has had the investigation, or to conduct which he has received orders from his superior; and suggests that some clear and definite rules ought to be laid down for the guidance of the Magistrates and the Police, and adds as follows:—

> "At present it appears to be dependent on the will and pleasure of the trying Magistrate, and in serious cases in which Wakils have been employed by the defence, it often happens that at the request of the Wakil for the defence the Chief Constable or Police officer in charge of the case is turned out of the Court, on the plea that his presence will influence the evidence of the witnesses, a course which often results in the case falling to the ground, as with all due respect to the legal knowledge of the Magistrates they cannot know the ins and outs of the case and the different material points to be elicited from individual witnesses as does the Police officer who has investigated the case; and for the ends of justice it is therefore necessary that the prosecution should be in charge of a competent officer, so that the case on the side of the Police may be as forcibly put before the Court as the defence. By Section 23 of Act VII. of 1867, a Police officer is authorized to lay any information before a Magistrate * * * and *prosecute up to a*

final judgment; but it is argued by those who do not favour the presence of a responsible Police officer in Court, that this only applies to cases under that particular Act, and leave to prosecute is accordingly refused, because, as it is left optional with the Magistrates, they do not like to appear to favour the prosecution. Of course there are exceptions in which permission is granted, but it appears to me that the question should not admit of exceptions one way or the other, but that a definite rule should be laid down. The Police have a difficult enough part to play at present, and I think in their endeavour to bring criminals to justice, should receive all support that can be derived from the law. I have no hesitation in saying that for want of a competent prosecutor in the Magistrates' courts, especially in heinous cases, offenders frequently escape the punishment they deserve. I myself can see no possible objection to a Police officer prosecuting, as the only object a Police officer has or ought to have is to do his duty, and a Magistrate can at any time check mistakes. The consciences of witnesses in this country are well known to be unusually elastic, and therefore in their various statements and mis-statements it is necessary to have some one on the side of the prosecution who by close questioning can enable the trying Magistrate more easily to sift the wheat from the chaff. I am certain that in all serious cases the percentage of convictions would be materially increased by Government giving powers to the higher grades of Police officers to act as prosecutors in all or in particular offences under the terms of Section 58 of Act X. of 1872."

125. The District Magistrate, in submitting the Police Superintendent's report, remarks that the matter must be left to the discretion of the trying Magistrate, that in most cases there would be no objection to permitting a competent Police officer to conduct a prosecution; but that if such Police officer were also a witness in the case, it might be necessary in the interests of justice to cause him to withdraw during the enquiry, and that Bombay Act VII. of 1867 does not apply to enquiries under the Code of Criminal Procedure.

126. This is a question regarding which Government have already in their Resolution No. 3676, dated 19th September 1871, communicated their views, and the Police and Magisterial authorities may be directed to be guided thereby as far as practicable.

Suicides and accidental deaths.

127. In the year under report there were 13 cases of suicide and 259 cases of accidental death against 30 and 248 respectively in the previous year. The following are the details of the cases relating to the year 1874:—

Suicides	By drowning	10	13
	„ other means	3	
Accidental deaths.	By drowning	150	259
	„ wild beasts	6	
	„ snake bites	27	
	„ other means	76	

RATNA'GIRI.

128. The following tables pertain to the Ratnágiri District.

Area ... ... Square miles	3,789
Population	1,019,136
Strength of Police on 1st January 1875	765
Police to area	1 to 4·95
Police to population	1 to 1,332·20

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874.	919	852	1,771
Proportion of crime to area in miles	1 to 4·12	1 to 4·45	1 to 2·14
Proportion of crime to population.	1 to 1,108·96	1 to 1,196·17	1 to 575·45

Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Released without trial.	Acquitted and discharged.	Otherwise disposed of, i.e., died, escaped, or transferred.	Pending at the end of the year.	Percentage of convictions to cases brought to trial.
	Ascertained to have been committed during the year.	Reported in previous year and brought under inquiry during the year.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the close of previous year.	Total.						
1873 ..	786	15	801	1,316	5	1,321	570	129	606	3	23	49·
1874 ..	919	15	934	1,470	21	1,491	561	220	760	..	9	39·

Amount of Property Stolen and Recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
1873...	17,324	11,561	67·
1874...	6,721	3,850	57·

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.	Arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873	2,202	4,442	1,297	3,113	30·	29·
1874	1,771	3,301	867	2,429	28·	26·

Comparative Statement.

Offences.	1873.									1874.								
	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.
	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.				Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.			
Murders	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	5	13	..	13	6	7	..
Culpable homicides	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	..	..	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	..
Dacoities	1	..	1	17	..	17	..	1	16	1	1	2	..	16	16	7	9	..
Robberies	5	4	9	6	..	6	3	3	..	3	..	3	2	..	2	2	..	..
Thefts	406	5	411	643	3	646	302	340	3	306	9	315	347	2	349	210	139	..
Receiving stolen property ..	35	2	37	88	..	88	34	23	..	15	1	16	20	..	20	15	5	..

129. The following officers were in charge of the Police of this District during the year under report:—

Officers in charge.

Mr. W. Woodward, Assistant Collector and Magistrate, from 1st January to 5th February 1874.

Captain W. T. Brown, from 6th February to 31st December 1874.

130. The total number of cognizable cases ascertained to have occurred during the year was 919, being an increase of 133 cases as compared with the preceding year. This increase is accounted for by the addition to cognizable crimes of offences appearing under Sections 323, 428 and 429 of the Indian Penal Code. A considerable decrease is, however, apparent in non-cognizable crime, the number being 852 in 1874 against 1,416 in 1873. In both cognizable and non-cognizable crime taken together, there is an aggregate decrease of 431 cases, the number being 1,771 in 1874 against 2,202 in 1873—a result which is very favourable to the year under review.

Crime.

131. The number of persons arrested in cognizable cases has increased in proportion to the number of cases, from 1,316 in 1873 to 1,470 in 1874. The percentage of convictions to men brought to trial has however fallen considerably, being 49 in 1873 and only 39 in 1874. The District Superintendent of Police, in explanation of the cause of this falling off in the percentage, writes as follows:—

"A reference to Statement A, Part I., Serial No. 37 A.—'Hurt,' will show that out of 344 cases (of which only 156 were taken up by the Police *suo motu*, and in which 99 persons were arrested), in which 625 persons were altogether arrested, only 96 were convicted, showing that the Police were not responsible for the large number of arrests. In the same way the large number of arrests and acquittals under Serial No. 5 'Rioting' cannot be put down to the Police; the principal number of arrests were by order of the Magistrates * * * * On the other hand it may be asked why the Police have refused to act in such a large number of cognizable cases as shown in columns 7 and 8 of Statement A, Part I. The reasons are the generality of complaints in this District are of a trivial nature. On my receiving charge of this District I found the Police were in the habit of sending up cases on doubtful or insufficient evidence. I issued strict orders that in all cases where

there was a doubt as to a conviction the accused should not be arrested, but the case referred for orders under Section 117 of Criminal Procedure Code, and the Magistrate could, if he thought fit, order it to be committed. * * * Again, it may be said, the Police have failed to get evidence to procure convictions in such a large number of cases. It may be so, but there is no doubt that in many of the cases no offence has been committed. People in this District on the slightest provocation, owing to disputes arising as to the occupancy of lands, &c., are very apt to lodge complaints. Even admitting offences have been committed, it is better for the Police that the guilty parties should not be arrested and sent up and afterwards acquitted."

132. The amount of property stolen is Rs. 6,721 in the year under report against Rs. 17,324 in the previous year, and the amount recovered is only Rs. 3,850, which shows a falling off in the percentage from 67 in 1873 to 57 in 1874. The cause of this decrease in the percentage of recoveries is explained by the District Superintendent of Police in the following terms :—

"The decrease is owing to the large amount of Rs. 1,317 not being recovered in a dacoity case. A large amount like Rs. 1,317 out of a small total of Rs. 6,721 immediately throws it down 20 per cent, and in others thefts of Rs. 707 only Rs. 380 were recovered. Owing to these sums the percentage has fallen, but on a reference to columns 24 and 25 of Statement A, Part I., it will be seen that out of 338 cases in which property was stolen, there were recoveries in 273 cases, which I consider a very fair average."

Murders.

133. There were 5 cases of murder in the year under report, against none in the previous year. In these 5 cases, 13 persons were arrested, and of them 6 were convicted. The following are the particulars of these cases :—

I.—Murder at Ratnágiri.—In this case a young girl died suddenly. The body was sent to the Civil Surgeon for *post mortem* examination, who gave as his opinion that the woman had died of violent suffocation, and the case was accordingly entered as a murder The Superintendent of Police states that though every enquiry has been made the Police have failed to trace out this crime; that the only information the Police have been able to get is that the girl, who had got in the family-way, to

procure abortion, took certain medicines which brought on violent sickness and caused her death; and that there is little chance of any clue being obtained in this case.

II.—Murder at Digowle.—A man of the Bania caste murdered a poor boy for the sake of an ornament worth a few rupees. The accused was convicted and sentenced to transportation for life.

III.—Murder at Tiké.—A Brahman, Khot of Harcheri, who had made himself particularly obnoxious to the people of his village, was waylaid one morning on the high road to Ratnágiri and beaten to death with sticks; 5 persons were arrested, one of whom was made approver and the rest were convicted and sentenced to be hanged.

IV.—This is an abetment of the above murder case. Four persons were arrested and committed to the Sessions, but were acquitted.

V.—Murder by poison at Vingorla.—In this case a Bhandari of Vingorla, owing to some enmity, induced another Bhandari to give arsenic in sugar to the obnoxious party, who unsuspectingly ate some of the sugar, and also gave some of it to 3 others of his family; they all became very sick, and 2 children eventually died. Both the abettor and abetted were arrested and committed to the Sessions Court; the former was sentenced to be hanged, but was acquitted on appeal; the latter was sentenced to transportation for life, and the sentence was confirmed.

Dacoity.

134. There was, as in the previous year, only one case of dacoity, the particulars of which are as follows:—

The house of one Rasam, Khot of the village of Karkul Khurd, was attacked at night time by some 40 persons, some of whom had arms. Property said to be worth Rs. 1,317 was carried off. The District Superintendent of Police states that he made every endeavour to get a clue in this case, but the Police have entirely failed, and that the only reason he can give for their failure is that this Khot is a wealthy man doing a large amount of money-lending, and is very hard on those indebted to him, thus making himself peculiarly obnoxious to the people of the village, who in retaliation attacked his house with the assistance of others not belonging to the village; and he adds:—

"I do not believe the Khot has lost as much as he has put down, nor do I think the dacoity was committed for the mere sake of robbery, but merely to dishonour the

Khot. I believe the Khot knew beforehand that he was going to be attacked, but he won't give the slightest hint as to how he came by his information, nor has he given any assistance. The robbers, if they had chosen, could have ransaked the house, and no doubt would have found a large amount of property, but they did not do so, though there was nothing to prevent them. Their object was to pay off one of the Khot's brothers, but luckily they did not find him."

Culpable homicide.

135. During the year there was only one case of culpable homicide, as in the previous year. In this case one man in a quarrel struck another over the head and neck with a bill hook, from the effects of which he died. The accused was sentenced to 7 years' imprisonment.

Kidnapping.

136. No case of kidnapping occurred during the year under report.

Buildings.

137. Government have lately sanctioned the construction of a large number of Police Thánás which, it is considered, will add considerably to the efficiency and comfort of the Police Force in this District. One Thánás at Mara Tambane, in the Guhagarh Petha, has lately been constructed and others will shortly be commenced.

Education.

138. The education of the men at the Head Quarters School is stated to have been attended to as much as possible, and it appears from the returns that there were 102 men under instruction during the year under review against 33 in the previous year. All recruits are required to learn to read and write on first entry, and the District Superintendent of Police states that, with the permission of the Director of Public Instruction, all men at out-posts under 10 years' service are directed to attend the village schools as far as their duties will admit.

Detective ability.

139. The detective ability of the Police Force of this District is reported to be generally up to the requirements of the District.

General conduct.

140. The general conduct of the Police Force is stated to have been good. Only one officer and 2 men were punished judicially and 7 officers and 9 men departmentally. Thirty-four Policemen were, on the other hand, rewarded during the year, 9 by promotion and 25 by money rewards.

Subordinate officers deserving of special notice.

141. The District Superintendent of Police brings to notice the good services done by Chief Constable Ganesh Govind, who is stated to have shown detective ability and done good work in 3 or 4 cases, especially in the murder of the Khot of Harcheri. Chief Constables Govind Narayan Joshi and Gangaji Sankroji are also favourably mentioned by the District Superintendent of Police.

General remarks.

142. The District Superintendent of Police in closing his report makes the following remarks:—

"I would call the attention of Government to the very large amount of work that has been thrown on the Police owing to the provisions of Act XI. of 1874 making 'Hurt' and 'Mischief' cognizable offences; the work has doubled in consequence. It will be seen from the returns of 1874 that under these two crimes there are 347 cases, whereas the total number of other cognizable cases only came to 572; so it can fairly be judged the amount of extra clerical and other labour that has now fallen on the Police. The generality of the offences are very trivial, but they have to be inquired into, and the whole time of the Police is taken up in these petty cases to the detriment of their other duties. It will be necessary to increase the number of Police and also to give extra Kárkuns to the Chief Constables. Besides the above, the Salt Act, when its provisions become more generally known, will bring a great deal of extra work in the District. In my letter No. 461 of 1874 to the Police Commissioner, I pointed out the necessity of relieving the Executive Police as much as possible of the duties of process serving, owing to increase of work; but Government, in their Resolution No. 5526 of 2nd October 1874, declined to carry out the proposals—I would again urge the necessity of employing extra men for this duty, their pay to be recovered from the fees."

This is not a fitting place for the discussion of proposals for additional Police or office establishments, and the District Superintendents of Police generally would do well to bear this in mind in the preparation of their future annual reports.

Suicides and accidental deaths.

143. There were 38 cases of suicide in the year under report against 35 in the preceding year, and 305 cases of accidental deaths against 311

in 1873. The particulars of the cases pertaining to the year 1874 are as follows:—

Suicides.	By drowning	30	38
	„ other means	8	
Accidental deaths.	By drowning	123	305
	„ wild beasts	1	
	„ snake-bites	91	
	„ other means	90	

SATARA.

144. The subjoined tables relate to the Satara District:—

Area	Square miles 5,378
Population	1,116,050
Strength of Police on the 1st January 1875	1,038
Police to area	1 to 5·18
Police to population ...	1 to 1,075·19

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874.	2,229	1,433	3,662
Proportion of crime to area in miles.	1 to 2·41	1 to 3·75	1 to 1·47
Proportion of crime to population.	1 to 500·67	1 to 778·82	1 to 419·25

Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Released without trial.	Acquitted and discharged.	Otherwise disposed of, i. e., died, escaped, or transferred.	Pending at the end of the year.	Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.
	Ascertained to have been committed during the year.	Reported in previous year and brought under inquiry during the year.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the close of previous year.	Total.						
1873 „	1,697	59	1,756	2,263	57	2,320	1,153	443	686	3	57	69
1874 „	2,229	47	2,276	2,154	57	2,191	1,499	497	1,130	3	62	57

Amount of Property Stolen and Recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
1873...	57,003	26,888	47
1874...	54,297	28,644	53

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.	Arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.	Percentage of convictions to arrests.
1873	3,417	5,536	2,350	3,146	46	42
1874	3,602	5,963	2,159	3,738	40	36

Comparative Statement.

Offences.	1873.									1874.								
	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.
	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.				Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.			
Murders	11	4	15	25	6	31	20	6	3	14	1	15	51	3	54	17	27	10
Culpable homicides ..	1	..	1	3	..	3	..	3	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..
Dacoities	6	1	7	59	7	66	30	36	..	5	..	5	19	..	19	13	6	..
Robberies	18	3	21	27	1	28	9	14	5	16	3	19	25	5	30	11	19	..
Thefts	1,018	18	1,036	1,144	5	1,149	679	461	9	928	17	945	1,176	9	1,185	756	415	14
Receiving stolen property	39	11	50	67	1	68	47	21	..	39	1	40	68	..	68	54	14	..

Officers in charge.

145. Lieutenant-Colonel Harpur was in charge of the Police of this District during the year, except from 20th November to 19th December 1874, when he was on privilege leave, and Mr. A. Wingate, Magistrate, 1st Class, was in charge.

Crime.

146. The total number of cognizable and non-cognizable crimes reported to have been committed during the year under review is 3,662, being an increase of 245 as compared with the previous year. The classes of crime under which an increase is chiefly observable are offences under Sections 302, murder; 323, trivial hurt; 428 and 429, mischief, 143, unlawful assembly; 324, serious hurt; 455, 456 and 457; house trespass; and 269, public and local nuisances. In connection with these 3,662 crimes, 5,963 persons were arrested, of whom 2,159, or 36 per cent, were convicted, a result which is not quite satisfactory and contrasts unfavourably with that obtained in the previous year.

147. The number of cognizable crimes is 532 in excess of the previous year, owing, in a great measure, to the operation of Act XI. of 1874, by which offences under Sections 323, 428 and 429 of the Indian Penal Code have been made cognizable by the Police, and a greater increase will probably be noticed in the year 1875, when the Act will have been in force during the whole year, whereas in 1874 its application was limited only to a portion of the year. In the 2,229 cognizable cases reported for the year, 3,154 persons were arrested, of whom 1,498 were convicted. There is a falling off in the percentage of convictions to men brought to trial, the figures being 63 in 1873 and 57 in 1874.

148. In non-cognizable crime a decrease of 287 cases is apparent, the number being 1,433 cases in 1874 against 1,720 in 1873. In these cases 2,772 persons were arrested, of whom 661, or 20 per cent, only were convicted. The District Superintendent of Police states that the Police were employed in only 58 of these cases, 1,375 having been taken up without their intervention, and that the small percentage of convictions obtained cannot therefore be regarded as an indication of Police supineness or inactivity, but rather of want of care and discrimination on the part of the Magistracy in granting summonses on insufficient grounds.

149. The value of property stolen is Rs. 54,297, or Rs. 2,706 less than in the previous year, and the percentage of recoveries has increased from 47 in 1873 to 53 in 1874, which shows a decided improvement.

Murders.

150. During the year under report 14 cases of murder were reported against 11 in the previous year. Of these 14 cases convictions were obtained in 10. In two the accused were acquitted and discharged. In one the accused has absconded, and a reward has been offered for his apprehension. One case only remains entirely undetected. In connection with these cases, 51 persons were arrested, of whom 17 were convicted, 10 were in custody pending trial at the close of the year, 3 were released without trial, and the rest acquitted and discharged. The following is a brief account of each of these cases of murder, as reported by the District Superintendent of Police:—

I.—On the evening of the 12th January, about dusk, a little girl of 7 was apparently enticed away from her home in the city of Satara and thrown into a tank, where her body was found a few hours later. The ornaments she had on, of the value of Rs. 24, were missing; so robbery was clearly the motive for the crime. Strong suspicion attached to a woman of known indifferent character who lived close by, but proof could not be obtained. The Superintendent of Police personally superintended enquiries in this case, and no means were left untried to discover the perpetrators, but the exertions of the Police were unhappily of no avail, and this crime still remains undetected.

II.—On the 28th January, at Chitali, Taluka Khatan, a man and his son, a boy of 8 or 9, were poisoned by arsenic mixed in their food, which was taken out to them in their field. The man recovered, but the boy died. This case was also personally enquired into by the Superintendent of Police on the spot, and from the verbal testimony before him of two witnesses, there were ample grounds to arrest and send up for trial one Tatya bin Vithu; but owing to the witnesses having subsequently denied what they had at first stated, probably because they were tampered with, as is so often done, the case broke down and the accused was let off.

III.—On the night of the 26th January, one Raghu Powar, of Chinchin, Taluka Khánápur, was enticed to a lonely spot on the hills, and there set upon by a number of men who were at enmity with him on account of disputes about land, and brutally murdered. His body was afterwards carried to a distance of nearly two miles, thrown on a stack of karbi, and set fire to, and the whole of the

lower part was consumed. Out of the 7 accused committed to the Sessions, 5 were convicted and transported for life and 2 were discharged.

IV.—On the 5th February, at Visapur, Taluka Tásgaon, one Apa Mané, who was greatly oppressed and harassed by his creditor Hira bin Gangaram Guzar, met him near the village temple in broad daylight and struck him a blow on the head with an axe, and finished the work by smashing in his skull with a stone. The accused was convicted and executed.

V.—On the night of 12th May, one Aoji, Ramoshi of Mardi, Taluka Mán, was enticed into the jungle by six Ramoshis of Raujni, a neighbouring village, on the pretence that he was wanted to assist them in committing a robbery, and was there beaten to death by them with sticks and stones. Two of the offenders made off and are still at large, but the other four were apprehended and committed for trial to the Sessions Court, where three of them were sentenced to death and the fourth was pardoned and made Queen's evidence. A quarrel about the wife of Aoji was apparently the cause of this crime.

VI.—On the 5th August, one Naru bin Ramji Jadhav, of Goleshwar, Taluka Karad, was waylaid by two men with whom his wife carried on a criminal intimacy, and beaten to death. The accused were both convicted and sentenced to death.

VII.—On the 13th August, at Kalambi, Taluka Tásgaon, one Suratram Marwari was poisoned by arsenic mixed in his food; both he and his servant ate of it; the latter recovered, but the former died. Two men were apprehended, sent up to the Sessions and sentenced to death: one of the accused was in debt to the Marwari and his property had been attached by a decree of the Civil Court at the instance of his creditor, hence the motive for the crime.

VIII.—On the 16th August, a feast was given to a Jain Guru and four of his followers in their temple at Islampur, Taluka Wálwá, by a man who apparently came there on this occasion for the first time, and was an utter stranger to them. Of the persons who partook of this food, the Guru and another died the following day, and the medical evidence showed that they had been poisoned by arsenic. The other three were violently ill, but recovered. No trace of this stranger could be found, but a man who

had been seen in his company, and who was evidently an accomplice, and against whom there was strong circumstantial evidence, was arrested and sent up to the Sessions, but he was acquitted and discharged.

IX.—On the 29th August, at Ghanbi, Taluka Pátan, one Santu Dhumal, at the instigation of Jai woman, poisoned her daughter-in-law Bhagu, by mixing arsenic in her food, from the effects of which she died the following day. Jai had an object in getting rid of the unfortunate girl Bhagu, as they did not get on well together; but Santu could have had none, and simply because Jai told him to poison her, he did it without the slightest hesitation or thought of consequences. Both Jai and Santu were committed for trial to the Sessions, but the former was acquitted and the latter convicted and sentenced to death.

X.—On the 15th September, one Hangu Gadhawe, of Padli, Taluka Satara, had a quarrel with his wife and beat her so severely, that she died in three days. Hangu and his natural son Kassa, who assisted him in his cruel assault on his wife by holding her down by her hair, were both convicted and sentenced to death.

XI.—On the 2nd October, at Khambali, Taluka Khánápur, a little girl of two or three years of age was poisoned by arsenic administered to her in her food by one Gaza woman, owing to a fancied or real grievance her brother (with whom she lived) had against the child's father. Gaza was sentenced to death, but the sentence was commuted by the High Court to transportation for life.

XII.—On the 26th November, at Sowlaz, Taluka Tásgaon, one Tuka bin Anna, while sleeping in his field at night, was assaulted and beaten to death by four men of the same village, with whom he was apparently on bad terms. All the four accused were arrested, convicted and sentenced to death.

XIII.—On the 1st December, at Mugaon, Taluka Wai, 6 men of the village assaulted one Bhau bin Malhari in his field at night, and tried their best to murder him. He, however, called out to a neighbour Daji bin Sagu who was close by, and he at once came to his assistance, and the assistants then set upon Daji and beat him to death. Bhau was severely wounded, but eventually recovered, and was the chief witness against the accused, who were all convicted in the Session Court and sentenced three to death and three to transportation for life.

XIV.—On the 14th December, at Waluj, Taluka Khánápur, one Waghu Dhokla, in a fit of rage, murdered his mother-in-law Baja kom Joti by beating her on the head with a stick and stones, because she refused to let her daughter (his wife) go to him. The murderer absconded at once and is still at large. The Police are on the look-out for him, and a reward of Rs. 100 has been offered for his apprehension.

151. In connection with these murders the District Superintendent of Police makes the following very pertinent remarks, in which I concur:—

"From this list of murders it will be seen that five were cases of poisoning by arsenic, resulting in the death of six persons. Five others also partook of poisoned food and became violently ill, but fortunately recovered. Cases of cattle poisoning are also of frequent occurrence in this district, and it has been ascertained that common white arsenic is the poison generally used. It is obtained by people on the pretence of destroying vermin, and there is reason to believe they retail it to others at a small profit without questions being asked. Wandering mendicants and quacks also carry it about, and sell it to the country people, and very deplorable is the mischief that ensues. The most ignorant and illiterate among the people are apparently well aware of the deadly nature of this poison, and so reckless and indifferent of consequences are they, that in order to injure one person against whom they may have a spite, they do not hesitate to poison the food of a whole family and utterly regardless how many of them may be sacrificed. To try and prevent these horrible murders, I think that more stringent restrictions should be placed on the sale of arsenic, and that one person only, some Government official, should be allowed to sell it in the district, who under proper precautions might furnish each purchaser with a certificate, stating the quantity bought, reason, date and other particulars, and any one found with arsenic in his possession without such a certificate, should be severely punished."

Culpable homicide.

152. One case of culpable homicide was reported during the year under report, and the offender was convicted and sentenced by the Sessions Court to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

Dacoities.

153. There were five cases of dacoity during the year under review, being one less than in the previous year. In connection with these dacoities, 19

persons were arrested, of whom 13 were convicted and the rest acquitted and discharged. The following is a brief account of these cases:—

I.—On the night of the 13th March, two men of Tándalwári, Taluka Malsiras, were assaulted while watching their crops by 9 or 10 persons, who slightly beat them and robbed them of property of the value of Rs. 27. Three men were arrested on suspicion of being concerned in this case, but were discharged by the Magistrate for want of proof.

II.—On the night of the 14th March, some five men entered the house of one Ramai kom Bhawani, of Pal, Taluka Karád, beat her and carried off a sack full of grain, valued at Rs. 7½. Two men were arrested and sent up to the Sessions, but were discharged for want of proof.

III.—On the 27th March, about dusk, two Banias, going along the road with their cart, were stopped near the village of Mhásurne, Taluka Khánápur, by 6 or 7 men, and robbed of property valued at Rs. 40. Three of the offenders were arrested and committed for trial to the Sessions Court, where two of them were convicted and sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment each, and the third was discharged.

IV.—On the night of the 3rd April, 5 Ramoshis of Maini, Taluka Khatau, who had obtained information that money belonging to Sowkars had been despatched from that village in a cart, waylaid it at a lonely part of the road and carried off the whole of the cash amounting to Rs. 2,800. All the money was recovered by the Police, having been found buried in different places, and the 5 Ramoshis and 2 Kunbis, who had received part of the plunder, were arrested and committed for trial to the Sessions Court. The Ramoshis were sentenced to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment each, and the Kunbis to 2 years.

V.—On the 8th April, a woman was stopped on the road near Visápur, Taluka Khánápur, by six men who attempted to rob her of the ornaments she had on, but being disturbed by some passers-by, they made off without their intended booty. They were all subsequently apprehended and sentenced by the Sessions Court to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment each.

Kidnapping.

154. There were 5 cases of kidnapping or abduction, the same number as in 1873. 5 persons were arrested, but only one was convicted. In three of these cases, girls were abducted for immoral purposes, in the others proof of criminal intent was wanting. The girls abducted are stated to have all been recovered.

Torture.

155. One complaint of torture was preferred against a Chief Constable and five other Policemen. The case was committed for trial to the Sessions Court, and resulted in the accused being acquitted and discharged, the Court remarking that "there is nothing to show them guilty of any illegality." Although proof of guilt was wanting, it appeared to the local officers that there were some suspicious circumstances connected with the proceedings of the Police on the occasion, and the question as to whether or not these men should be allowed to remain in the Police was referred to the Police Commissioner, who decided that the order suspending these men should be cancelled from the date of their acquittal by the Sessions Court, and directed that they should be transferred for duty to another and distant taluka.

General conduct.

156. The general conduct of the Police Force during the year under report is stated to have been good. One officer and seven men were dismissed the Force during the year; five men were punished judicially, and nine officers and 65 men departmentally. This, the District Superintendent of Police remarks, can scarcely be regarded in the light of a punishment as it is simply forfeiture of pay for absence from duty without leave. Thirty-two Policemen were rewarded during the year, 31 by promotion and 1 by a money-reward.

Education.

157. A little improvement is stated to have taken place in the progress of education. Every encouragement is held out to the men to acquire a knowledge of reading and writing, and they are beginning to feel sensible of the importance that is attached to this subject. There is a police school at Head-Quarters which, considering the very little spare time the men have on their hands, is fairly attended. 409 officers and men, or 38 per cent of the Force, are able to read and write, and 5 officers and 91 men were under instruction during the year under review.

Buildings.

158. A sum of Rs. 2,500 was allotted in the Budget for 1874-75 for the construction and repair of Police buildings, and three sets of quarters for out-posts were built during the year. More than one-half of the out-posts are now provided with good accommodation, and the

rest will be provided gradually as means permit. The District Superintendent of Police states that as the annual allotment on this account is small, it will necessarily take some years before the work is completed, and the District Magistrate adds as follows:—

"This is a matter which deserves grave consideration from Government, it is not right that the Police should be allowed to live *anywhere*; they should all be provided with proper lines, and it is hoped that the grant for this purpose will be increased."

Subordinate Officers deserving of special notice.

159. The subordinate officers of the Force are stated to have, as a body, worked well and given satisfaction.

General remarks.

160. Under this heading the District Superintendent of Police writes as follows:—

"The amount of clerical labour imposed on Chief Constables, especially since the passing of Act XI. of 1874, is incredible and cannot be generally known; and seeing that they have only one Constable each to assist them in writing their registers and preparing the numerous returns and reports they are called on to submit, I think they deserve great credit for getting through their work as well as they do. The time of these officers, which ought to be devoted to ferreting out crime and moving rapidly about, is taken up in doing Kárkun's work, and their efficiency and usefulness are greatly impaired thereby. There is work enough in a Chief Constable's office for two Kárkuns, and I submit that it is scarcely possible to expect an officer in his position to perform properly both office and police work; the one or the other must be neglected, and as the subject is one of importance, I trust it will be considered in view to a reform being effected."

161. The District Magistrate, in reference to this subject, states that the above remarks deserve consideration; but I would observe that the matter is one which cannot well be discussed in a general report, and ought therefore to be separately treated.

Suicides and accidental deaths.

162. There were 60 cases of suicide and 339 cases of accidental deaths in the year under report against 56 and 357 respectively in the preceding year. The particulars of the cases pertaining to the year under review are as follows:—

Suicides	By drowning ...	47	60
	„ other means ...	13	

Accidental deaths. { By drowning ... 176; „ wild beasts ... 8; „ snake-bites ... 57; „ other means ... 98 } 339

163. From the above particulars it appears that there is great loss of life from drowning and snake-bite. The District Superintendent of Police states that most of the former are from people falling into wells while drawing water, and that it is extremely difficult, owing to the peculiar construction of the wells, to suggest feasible measures that would be likely to prevent these accidents. As regards death by snake-bite, he adds :—

> "There is no remedy—a supply of liquor ammonia, with printed rules for its use, is kept at each out-post, but it is rarely that a person, who has been bitten by snake, applies for the medicine. The people prefer taking the patient to their temple and invoking the aid of their idol to effect a cure, and rest satisfied with the result, whatever it may be."

164. This is a deplorable picture of the superstitious ignorance prevalent among the masses ; but it is nevertheless true, and is due, doubtless, in great measure, to the reverence with which the rural population regard this dangerous reptile, which in 9 cases out of 10 they prefer to let loose than kill, even though a reward is offered for the purpose.

SHOLAPUR.

165. The following particulars refer to the Sholapur District :—

Area ... ...Square miles	3,925
Population	662,986
Strength of Police on the 1st January 1875...	490
Police to area...	1 to 8·01
Police to population	1 to 1,353·03

	Cognizable Cases.	Non-Cognizable Cases.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874	1,116	587	1,703
Proportion of crime to area in miles ...	1 to 3·51	1 to 6·68	1 to 2·30
Proportion of crime to population ...	1 to 594·07	1 to 1,129·44	1 to 389·30

Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.			Convicted.	Released without trial.	Acquitted and discharged.	Otherwise disposed of, i. e., died, escaped, or transferred.	Pending at the end of the year.	Percentage of convictions to men brought to trial.
	Ascertained to have been committed during the year.	Reported in previous year and brought under inquiry during the year.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the close of previous year.	Total.						
1873 ..	1,306	15	1,321	1,653	23	1,676	797	173	681	3	22	54·
1874 ..	1,116	16	1,132	1,466	22	1,488	814	71	580	1	22	59·

Amount of Property Stolen and Recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
1873	33,054	17,478	53·
1874	16,322	9,020	55·

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.	Arrested	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Percentage of Convictions to men brought to trial.	Percentage of Convictions to arrests.
1873	2,477	4,054	1,372	2,657	36·	34·
1874	1,703	2,822	1,196	1,602	44·	42·

Comparative Statement.

Offences.	1873.									1874.								
	Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.						Cases.			Number of Persons arrested.					
	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous years.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.
Murders	10	1	11	12	9	21	7	15	2	8	2	10	9	2	11	10	..	1
Culpable homicides ..	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoities	5	..	5	20	..	20	10	15	5	4	1	5	38	5	43	24	19	..
Robberies	22	..	22	27	..	27	8	27	2	11	1	12	16	2	18	10	8	..
Thefts	697	6	703	720	4	743	532	206	3	479	6	485	430	4	434	306	122	9
Receiving stolen property ..	13	..	13	60	..	60	24	36	..	16	..	16	48	..	48	27	26	..

Officers in charge.

166. Captain G. H. F. Codrington was in charge of the District throughout the year, except from 5th May to 3rd June, when he was on privilege leave, and Mr. J. L. Johnston was in charge of the current duties of his office.

Crime.

167. The year under report has been on the whole a favourable one in respect to crime, there being a considerable decrease both in cognizable and non-cognizable offences. The decrease in cognizable crime, which is chiefly to be noticed in cases of robbery and theft, is 190, the number being 1,116 against 1,306 in the previous year.

168. In non-cognizable crime a much larger decrease is apparent, the number being 587 in the year under report against 1,171 in 1873. This decrease, however, must be measured by the addition to cognizable crime of offences appearing under Sections 323, 428, and 429 of the Indian Penal Code.

169. The percentage of convictions to persons arrested in cognizable cases is 55 in the year under notice against 48 in the preceding year; and the percentage of convictions to men brought to trial is 58 against 54 in 1873, which exhibits an improvement of 7 and 4 per cent respectively.

170. The value of property stolen is Rs. 16,322 against 33,054 in 1873, or nearly 50 per cent less than that in the previous year. The amount recovered is Rs. 9,029 showing a percentage of 55 in 1874 against 53 in 1873.

Murders.

171. Eight cases of murder occurred in the year under report against 10 in the preceding year, and it is satisfactory to note that in not a single instance were the offenders allowed to escape justice; all the cases reported having been successfully detected and all the criminals arrested having been finally convicted. The following is a *resumè* of the cases reported:—

I.—On the 1st March 1874 one Yasin walad Ibrahim, a Fakir, and a resident of Mádha, in a quarrel with his mother, beat and kicked her to death. The accused was arrested, convicted, and sentenced to transportation for life.

II.—On the 2nd March the corpse of a man with his head smashed, evidently by a large and heavy stone, was discovered in the lands of Malowdi, Taluka Karmála. Blood stains between cart-wheel tracks were traced for about the distance of half a mile from where the corpse lay, where, from the appearance of the ground and large blood stains, it was evident the deceased had been murdered. The body could not be recognised, and from very careful enquiries it was ascertained to be that of a cartman, a resident of Babulgaon, in the Pandharpur Taluka. Deceased, whilst returning to Pandharpur from a trip to Paithan, had fallen in company near Karmála with one Kondi bin Kushaba, a resident of Kem, by whom he was murdered whilst lying asleep. The accused, who was traced to Umraj near Umraoti, in the Nizam's territory, where he was arrested, was on trial convicted and sentenced to death, which sentence was carried out on confirmation by the High Court.

III.—On the 9th May 1874, one Raoji bin Nathu, a Dhangar by caste, and a resident of Wangi, in the Karmála Taluka, suspecting his wife of infidelity, followed her some distance from the village of Wangi into the fields, and there murdered her by knocking her down, and hitting her with stones on the face and head. The accused was arrested *en flagrante* and was tried, convicted, and sentenced to transportation for life.

IV.—At Akola, Taluka Sángola, on the 6th July 1874, one Parbu bin Appa Ligade, assisted by his nephew Balu bin

Daji Ligade, murdered a widowed sister of the first accused Parbu. The reasons for the murder were that the deceased was leading a life of prostitution, and was in consequence a disgrace to the family. The accused were both arrested, and on trial were convicted and sentenced to transportation for life.

V.—At Bársi, on the 26th July, a female named Rakhma, the wife of one Yenku Sinde, who was living apart from her husband for some time, gave birth to a child, which she immediately strangled to death. The accused was arrested, and on her own confession was convicted and sentenced to transportation for life.

VI.—At Vadji, in the Sholapur Taluka, on the 6th October, a female named Mahada, the wife of one Tukaram bin Mahipati, was, on account of a paltry dispute with her mother-in-law, beaten and kicked to death by her brother-in-law Yashwanta bin Mahipati. The offence was suppressed with the assistance of the village police, and it was given out that deceased died of snake-bite. From rumours, however, which reached the District Police, the body which was buried was exhumed, and a *post-mortem* examination resulted in the discovery of the true cause of death. The accused Yashwanta bin Mahipati was arrested, and on trial was convicted and sentenced to transportation for life.

VII.—At Mohol, Taluka Madha, on the 10th October, a man named Nabi walad Alli murdered his wife Amirbi, by stabbing her with a dagger about the stomach and abdomen. The cause was a suspicion of his wife's infidelity. The accused was arrested and was on trial convicted and sentenced to death. The man was hung at Sholapur after confirmation of the sentence by the High Court.

VIII.—At Pangaon, Taluka Bársi, on the 4th December, a boy about 6 years of age named Narayan, the son of one Sadu More, Patil, was found missing: enquiries led to show that he was enticed away from the village by one Genu bin Bhawani Jagdale, and was murdered for the sake of his ornaments valued in all at Rs. 10. The accused was arrested, and in confessing to the murder produced the missing ornaments. The case was committed to the Sessions where the accused was awaiting trial at the end of the year. He was, however, subsequently convicted and sentenced to death.

172. The two cases of murder which were pending at the close of 1873, were also disposed of during the year. In one the accused was convicted and sentenced to be hanged; and in the other, he was convicted and sentenced to transportation for life.

Dacoities.

173. Two cases of dacoity within the district occurred during the year, and two others in which British subjects were implicated were received by transfer from Native states, thus making the total of 4 cases shown in the returns. In connection with these cases, 38 persons were arrested during the year, and adding to this number 5 who were awaiting trial at the end of the previous year, the total of 43 persons is obtained. Of this number 42 were placed on trial, and of them only 24 were finally convicted, shewing a percentage of 57 in 1874 against 29 in 1873. The following are the particulars of these cases:—

I. On the 16th May, a female named Ganga, the wife of one Pirapa Goundi, and others, were attacked by about 6 or 7 men in the lands of Chincholi, Taluka Sholapur, and were beaten and robbed of property valued at Rs. 68. Five persons were arrested by the police, and Rs. 65 worth of property was recovered. Of these three persons were convicted and the remaining two were acquitted.

II. At Jaloli, Taluka Pandharpur, on the night of the 9th December, the house of one Becharchand bin Malekchand Guzar was attacked by a gang of thieves, who after beating complainant and his sister, decamped with property valued at Rs. 297. The complainant, who was handled rather severely, had incurred a great deal of ill-will and enmity in the village by the extortionate interest he levied from the villagers on money lent to them. The case, which was undetected at the close of the year, is stated to have since been successfully traced, and a large portion of the property recovered. The accused being almost all His Highness the Nizam's subjects, an application is stated to have been made for their extradition.

III. At Anowli, Taluka Mangalvedha, in the Patwardhan territory, the house of one Rango Govind Kulkarni, a money-lender, was attacked by a number of persons; of these 9, who were British subjects, were arrested by the police of the Sholapur District with about 19 rupees' worth of property. The accused were committed to the Sessions Court, where they were all finally convicted.

IV. On the 22nd January, at Kandali, Taluka Mudlamba, in the Patwardhan territory, the house of one Nanchand

Guzar, a money-lender, was attacked by a number of thieves and property worth Rs. 255 was stolen. The accused, who were British subjects and chiefly residents of Pápri, in the Madha Taluka, were arrested by the police, and property worth Rs. 231 was recovered. In all 24 persons were apprehended, of these 7 were convicted at the Sessions Court.

174. Alluding to the last-mentioned three cases of dacoity, the District Superintendent of Police, Captain Codrington, writes as follows :—

"In three of these cases, it will be seen that the persons attacked and ill-treated were extortionate money-lenders; and there is little doubt that in the greater part of the District the village money-lenders have made themselves particularly obnoxious to the inhabitants of the villages in which they reside. Whole families have been reduced to the most wretched state of poverty by borrowing only a few rupees from one of these men, and they are driven to despair when year after year they witness the fruits of their labour being carried away in satisfaction of a demand which, in spite of their exertions, goes on increasing rather than diminishing. The Police cannot interfere to check this fast-growing evil; they can only bring the culprit to justice, and in this they may be considered to have been successful."

Kidnapping.

175. Under this head, 2 cases appear in the year under report against 3 in the preceding year. One is stated to be a case of abduction, and the other is one in which a child, about 6 years old, was kidnapped by a washerman for the purpose of either murdering it for the sake of the ornaments on its person or for stealing the ornaments only. The accused was arrested, convicted on trial and sentenced by the Sessions Court.

Schools.

176. The new building which was in course of construction during last year has been completed, and is now used both as a school and gymnasium. The monthly average attendance is stated to be 40 men and 20 boys. 60 officers and 155 men, or 44 per cent of the Force, can now read and write; and 10 officers and 30 men were under instruction during the year. The District Superintendent of Police adds as follows :—

"I examined the school several times during the rains, and was well satisfied with the progress that was being made. Year by year a steady increase in the number of educat-

ed men will be apparent, as when the vacancies occur I only enlist those men who can read and write, and I find no difficulty in getting them—in fact, the supply is more than equal to the demand."

Buildings.

177. The District Superintendent of Police, Captain Codrington, states that during the year under report lines were constructed, and were in course of construction at Tándalwári, Mardi and Begampur, in the Sholapur Taluka, and at Vairag, in the Barsi Taluka; and that the Headquarter lines were thoroughly repaired and white-washed. He further adds as follows:—

"In the month of September, the men's quarters at the outpost of Sidewári, Taluka Pandharpur, were washed away by a flood from the river Mán. A plan and estimate for a new building will be prepared and forwarded for sanction to be erected on a fresh site, where there will be no chance of its being washed away again, should a flood occur."

General conduct.

178. The general conduct of the Force is stated to have been on the whole satisfactory. 2 officers and 6 men were punished judicially in the year under notice against 11 men in the previous year, and 7 officers and 45 men were punished departmentally against 7 officers and 55 men in the preceding year. 20 men were rewarded during the year by promotion and one only with money.

Subordinate officers deserving of special notice.

179. Captain Codrington brings to notice the great assistance received by him from his Inspector, Mr. Kyte, whom he describes as an active and zealous Police Officer, who takes a great interest in his work, and whom he would be glad to see promoted to a higher grade when an opportunity occurs. The Superintendent also makes favourable mention of the Chief Constable and other subordinate members of the Police of Karmála Taluka, who are stated to have shown great activity and intelligence in detecting a case of murder in that taluka.

Cases of torture.

180. No complaint of torture for the purpose of extorting confession was made against the Police of this district during the year.

Suicides and accidental deaths.

181. There were 34 cases of suicide during the year against 27 in the previous year. The number of cases of accidental deaths was 148 against 154 in 1873. The following are the details of these cases:—

Suicides ...	...	By drowning ...26 „ other means 8	34
Accidental deaths.		By. drowning ... 89 „ snake-bites 9 „ other means 50	148

182. During the year under report the Head-quarters of the Kaládgi, Dharwar, Belgaum, and Satara Districts were visited by the Police Commissioner, Mr. Havelock, and after taking charge of this office from him on 9th November 1874, I again visited Satara en route. At each of the above-named stations, the Head-quarters Police, their lines and schools were inspected, and the Police accounts subjected to the usual examination. Certain irregularities were discovered in the accounts at Kaládgi, Dharwar, and Belgaum, which, however, being easy of rectification, were at once pointed out and corrected.

183. From the report submitted with my letter No. 1092, dated 20th ultimo, Government will perceive that the Superintendents of Police have generally shown commendable activity in visiting the several parts of their charge, including the Police outposts; and I have much pleasure in adding that the several Officers in charge have done their duty uncompromisingly and well, and are deserving of the commendation of Government.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

J. E. OLIPHANT,

Acting Police Commissioner, S. D.

STATEMENT of Dismissals and Resignations in the Subordinate Grades of the Police of the Southern Division during the Year 1874-75.

District.	Total Strength of the Force at commencement of the year.		No. of Men included in Column 1 discharged on reduction.		No. of Dismissals from all other causes.		No. of Resignations.		Percentage of Dismissals from other causes than (reduction) and of resignations together on the whole strength of each branch of the Force as shown in Column 1.	
	1		2		3		4		5	
	Regular Force.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Municipal Police.	Regular Force.	Municipal Police.
Ahmednagar	627	.....	.....	.....	22	.....	5	.....	4·30	.....
Belgaum	668	.....	.....	.....	15	.....	2	.....	2·54	.....
Dharwar	792	.....	.....	.....	42	.....	13	.....	6·94	.....
Kaládgi	654	.....	.....	.....	38	.....	4	.....	6·42	.....
Kanara	696	.....	.....	.....	19	.....	14	.....	4·74	.....
Poona	1,055	50	.....	.....	28	2	91	.....	4·64	4·00
Ratnágiri	764	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	0·13	.....
Satara	1,037	.....	11	.....	8	.....	2	.....	0·96	.....
Sholapur	499	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	0·40	.....
Total.....	6,782	50	11	.....	173	2	63	.....	3·48	4·00

J. E. OLIPHANT,
Acting Police Commissioner, S. D.

STATEMENT showing the Total Expenditure during the Year 1874 on Police Buildings in the Southern Division.

Reported by the Controller of Public Works Accounts.	Amount.	Reported by the Accountant General.	Amount.
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
A. Repairs (above Rs. 1,000)	5,386 5 7	D. Petty Repairs up to Rs. 1,000	6,297 2 10
B. Minor works (above Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 2,300.)	3,678 2 8	E. Petty construction up to Rs. 1,000... ...	7,418 3 10
C. Larger works (above Rs. 2,500)	50,610 1 8	Total from Police Budget...	13,715 6 8
Total from Department Public Works Budget...	59,674 9 11	F. Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all grades (6,832).	2 0 1
		Grand Total Outlay...	73,390 0 7
		G. Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all grades.	10 11 10

J. E. OLIPHANT,
Acting Police Commissioner, S. D.

STATEMENT A.

PART I.—COGNIZ

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES.							PER				
			Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated.			Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	Number arrested.				
					By Police *suo motu*.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 45 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.			Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year.	
													By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 9).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	8a	25	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, I.P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	9	..	9	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	15	1
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	7	1	6	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	4	1
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	6	1	2	5	..	1	..	..	..	..	25	23
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
		Total....	23	1	17	7	..	17	..	..	..	..	47	41
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		" Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		" Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		" Poisons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	3	..	3	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	6	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
14	304, 309	Culpable homicide	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
15	376	Rape	6	1	6	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	6	4
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	4	..	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	7	..	7	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	15	..
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	9	..	7	2	..	6	..	..	..	..	18	3
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	5	..	4	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	4
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	4	..	4	..	..	2	..	1	..	1	7	1
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction ..	3	1	4	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	1
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	4	..	2	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	3	3
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	4	..	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	5	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	17	..	12	5	..	9	..	..	..	..	15	15
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Total....	73	3	65	11	..	43	3	3	..	3	95	35

AHMED

MENT A.

ABLE CRIME.

Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime.

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
NAGAR.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	34	3	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	10	1	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	17	44	27	..	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	19	69	31	..	38	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	3	6	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	8	7	3	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	10	11	4	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	40 0 0	....
..	..	..	12	9	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	6	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	9	4	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	3	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	7	25	9	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	34	97	37	7	53	..	2	..	..	..	2	1	104 0 0	3 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, of under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 6 and 7.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against the Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	5	1	6	..	..	3	..	..	3	3	57	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. — By other means ..	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..
33	392, 393	Robbery — In dwelling house.	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Robbery — On the highway, between sunset and sunrise ..	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	16	..
		Robbery — Other robberies ..	5	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	37	..
34	276, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ..	Serious mischief and cognate offences	10	..	10	6	..	9	..	..	..	..	15	13
35	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	40	..	39	1	..	21	..	..	..	..	69	1
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	4	..	3	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	1
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Total ..	77	1	70	7	..	33	..	..	3	3	191	15
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
37a	323	Hurt	546	..	109	433	..	80	1	..	..	..	273	1030
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	19	..	1	17	..	3	..	..	..	..	1	33
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement.	40	..	18	21	..	5	..	..	..	..	36	50
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	604	..	128	471	..	88	1	..	..	..	312	1113
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
41a	428, 429	Mischief	7	..	4	6	..	1	..	..	..	..	10	5
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	21	..	20	1	..	13	..	..	1	1	24	1
43	379 to 382	Theft — Of cattle	66	..	60	6	..	35	1	..	4	4	123	8
		Theft — Ordinary	402	7	374	35	..	200	4	4	3	7	775	138
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	23	1	15	9	..	4	1	..	..	..	27	13
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	41	1	40	2	..	30	1	..	1	1	63	5
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	120	1	55	166	..	46	..	..	..	..	115	38
47	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	780	10	568	229	..	338	7	4	9	13	1,137	456

AHMEDNAGAR

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of—e.g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—*continued.*													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	10	48	13	21	15	3	..	..	..	..	6	6	19,625 0 0	9,516 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2 0 0	2 0 0
..	10	6	4	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	6 0 0	4 0 0
..	11	16	14	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	4	4	31 0 0	31 0 0
..	6	23	13	6	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	28	62	10	..	32	..	..	..	..	..	10	3	1,899 0 0	39 0 0
..	1	3	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	66	141	55	26	59	3	..	..	..	..	23	16	21,563 0 0	9,592 0 0
..	305	496	355	..	140	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	26	8	5	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	39	49	33	..	16	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	370	553	393	..	159	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3..	....
..	6	9	7	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	26	10	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	312 0 0	16 0 0
..	24	110	61	..	49	..	..	1	..	..	59	59	1,312 0 0	1,189 0 0
..	189	717	252	2	463	..	5	6	2	..	360	353	7,046 0 0	3,634 0 0
..	12	33	23	..	6	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	67	27	..	40	..	..	1	..	..	5	3	60 0 0	60 0
..	211	186	127	..	61	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	444	1,145	513	2	534	..	5	7	2	..	449	421	8,639 0 0	4,899 0 0

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police see note.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 46 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., I. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	4	..	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	15
51	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act		4	..	4	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	27	..
52	——— Excise Laws		1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
53	——— Railway Laws		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54	——— Salt and Custom Laws ..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55	——— Stage Carriage Act		20	..	13	7	..	18	..	..	..	..	14	6
56	——— Stamp Act		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	863	..	745	116	..	796	..	..	..	..	868	136
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	2	..	1	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	1
		Total ..	895	..	767	126	..	820	..	..	..	..	941	143
		Grand Total ..	2,462	15	1,615	846	..	1399	10	7	12	19	2723	1605

AHMEDNAGAR

I A—*continued.*

ADULT CRIME—*continued.*

BONB.										PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.						
							In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	.. 1	..	..	.. 1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	18	9	7	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	20	2	..	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	46	9·7	40	..	931	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	86	1,000	59	..	950	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1,519	3,007	1,078	37	1,892	2	7	10	3	..	474	488	30,306 0 0	14,491 0 0

STATEM

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under section 46 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9A	10	10A	10B	11	12
		CLASS I.—Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code,	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 126, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes ..	5	..	4	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	10	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice	13	1	12	1	..	10	..	..	..	..	11	4
5	143 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	4	..	3	2	..	3	..	..	..	..	21	11
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Total..	23	1	20	4	..	16	..	..	..	..	43	15
		CLASS II.—Serious Offences against the Person.												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	1	1	..	..	1	..	10	..		11	..
10		,, Robbers	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..		6	..
11		,, Poisons	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
12		Other murders	13	2	15	..	..	2	1	1	..	3	10	9
13	307	Attempts at murder	7	1	8	..	..	3	..	3	..	..	12	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	3	1	4	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	5	..
15	376	Rape	19	..	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	23	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	14	..	14	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	13	..
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
20	325, 326, 326 ..	Grievous hurt	18	6	24	..	..	8	5	16	..	16	30	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	..	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	4	2
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	24	..	23	1	..	11	2	..	..	..	43	1
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	11	..	11	..	..	6	1	..	..	..	13	..
29	336	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	117	11	126	2	..	41	9	30	..	38	197	13

BEL

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

PERSONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—e. g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
GAUM.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	9	1	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	15	4	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	13	30	16	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	13	45	21	..	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
1	..	26	2	1	23	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	14 0 0	14 0 0
..	1	6	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	392 0 0	300 0 0
..	1	16	7	9	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	4	11	7	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	4	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	9	12	3	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
1	1	11	3	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
1	1	58	35	10	13	..	..	3	3	3	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	4	37	22	..	16	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	11	6	..	5	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
2	23	202	99	29	16	..	1	3	6	5	3	3	407 0 0	314 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

BELGAUM—

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 89 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police had refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	14	1	14	1	..	3	1	..	..	..	36	8
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. — By other means	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	4	..
33	392, 393	Robbery — In dwelling house	13	..	12	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	26	2
		Robbery — On the highway between sunset and sunrise	6	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Robbery — Other robberies	11	1	12	..	..	3	1	1	..	1	16	..
35	454, 456, 457 to 460.	Serious mischief and cognate offences	9	..	7	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	23	..
		Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	49	1	50	..	..	19	..	2	..	2	56	..
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	6	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	106	3	105	4	..	31	2	3	..	3	173	10
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
37a	323	Hurt	432	6	235	207	..	111	6	..	..	..	586	291
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 348	Wrongful restraint and confinement	18	..	13	5	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	4
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	452	..	240	212	..	112	6	..	..	..	590	295
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
41a	428, 429	Mischief	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	13	3	14	1	..	4	1	1	..	1	10	..
43	379 to 382	Theft — Of cattle	61	6	66	1	..	35	..	5	..	5	91	..
		Theft — Ordinary	551	10	542	19	..	275	16	9	..	9	652	35
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	33	..	18	14	..	7	..	..	..	..	21	4
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	23	..	23	..	..	19	..	..	..	..	33	..
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	38	1	16	13	..	9	..	..	..	..	37	16
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
			710	19	681	48	..	349	17	15	..	15	947	44

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
			Acquitted or discharged after trial.				Number pending at end of year.							
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of, viz., died, &c., After commencement of trial.	In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
							Before being put on trial.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
continued.														
..	2	22	25	..	7	..	..	..	..	9	13	7	24,171 0 0	600 0 0
..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	38	19	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	191 0 0	220 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	8	794 0 0	364 0 0
..	2	6	6	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	15	9	..	6	..	..	..	3	..	6	6	770 0 0	190 0 0
..	..	25	15	2	9	..	..	..	..	..	9	6	317 0 0	364 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	55	10	1	26	..	..	..	..	..	6	6	1,697 0 0	1,270 0 0
..	..	..	5	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	201 0 0	201 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	16	180	94	3	62	..	..	..	3	6	65	35	2,4469 0 0	3,185 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	34	611	439	..	182	2	..	29	3	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	7	6	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	342	619	450	..	260	2	..	29	3	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	9	4	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	16	76	36	..	32	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
1	70	577	374	19	208	..	2	6	28	..	68	57	3,363 0 0	1,143 0 0
..	3	25	14	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	341	330	..	22,650 0 0
..	1	22	9	..	22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	34,417 0 0	..
..	6	40	26	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	99	770	362	19	288	..	2	6	29	..	409	385	37,779 0 0	23,793 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 43 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	6	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
														BELGAUM—
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter 19, C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	5	..	5	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	295 to 297 ..	Offences against religion	2	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	5	5	10	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	3	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	6
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	268, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws ..	Public and local nuisances ..	249	..	228	21	..	221	1	..	..	..	296	46
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	34	..	33	1	..	24	..	..	..	..	32	1
		Total..	293	..	260	23	..	252	1	..	..	..	352	53
		Grand Total..	1,691	34	1,432	263	..	800	35	56	..	56	2,302	429

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	9	..	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	6	5	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	9	1	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	17	326	31	..	295	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	33	..	..	33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	21	383	36	..	348	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	....	....
4	414	2,187	947	80	1,199	2	3	27	34	16	655	523	65,526 0 0	26,332 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 66 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10a	10b	10c	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	4	..	4	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	10	..
5	143 to 148, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	9	..	9	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	62	..
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	14	..	14	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	72	..
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poisons	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
12		Other murders	19	3	15	..	..	6	2	4	..	4	27	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	6	2	3	..	..	1	1	2	..	2	5	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..
15	376	Rape	14	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	3	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	13	1	14	..	..	5	..	1	..	1	13	..
19	329, 331, 338	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	39	1	38	1	1	13	2	2	..	2	50	12
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	11	..	10	1	..	3	1	..	..	..	16	4
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	38	..	26	3	..	11	1	2	..	2	43	5
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	2	1	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	2	..	..
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	1	..	3	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	22	..	20	2	..	10	..	..	..	..	38	4
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	3	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	3	..
		Total	159	10	160	8	1	54	7	20	..	20	213	28

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—e.g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
WAR.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	8	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	34	28	11	..	17	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	42	29	11	..	18	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	14	13	1	1	11	..	..	..	..	4	1	1	166 0 0	166 0 0
..	3	10	1	8	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	0	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	6	6	1	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	26	33	10	1	29	1	..	..	3	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	15	6	3	..	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	27	19	1	..	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	16	20	10	..	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	118	129	32	13	84	1	..	..	5	4	1	1	166 0 0	166 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 45 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous intimation was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (as Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. — By other means ..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..
33	392, 393	Robbery — In dwelling house.	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..
		Robbery — On the highway between sunset and sunrise ..	15	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	..
		Robbery — Other robberies ..	17	..	17	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	23	4
34	276, 281, 283, 430 to 432, 435 to 440 ..	Serious mischief and cognate offences	35	1	35	1	..	8	..	1	..	1	15	2
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	207	1	206	..	..	18	..	..	..	..	61	..
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	286	3	286	2	..	33	..	1	..	1	121	30
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
37a	323	Hurt	417	..	304	119	1	108	1	..	..	..	601	243
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	14	1	11	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	21	4
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	434	1	317	116	1	112	1	..	..	..	625	247
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
41a	428, 429	Mischief	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	271	..	270	1	..	9	1	..	..	..	19	2
43	379 to 382	Theft .. — Of cattle ..	32	..	28	4	..	15	..	..	..	..	45	5
		Theft .. — Ordinary ..	796	9	700	99	..	240	3	5	1	6	771	137
44	406 to 409	Criminal breach of trust	33	..	26	7	..	6	2	..	..	..	57	7
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	27	1	27	1	..	10	1	..	..	..	63	5
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	25	..	13	6	1	6	..	..	..	..	13	14
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	6	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	1,117	6	1,070	60	1	293	7	5	1	6	9.2	168

DHARWAR—

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number of persons in custody or on bail at the end of the year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—*continued.*													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	743 0 0	4 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2 0 0	....
..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	2	194 0 0	44 0 0
..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	4	607 0 0	24 0 0
..	18	9	1	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	14	5	143 0 0	69 0 0
..	9	9	2	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	34	37	5	3	32	..	..	..	..	..	75	19	6,846 0 0	771 0 0
..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	97	55	8	3	44	..	..	..	..	..	109	32	10,535 0 0	912 0 0
..	389	456	251	..	205	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	21	17	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	394	479	270	..	209	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	7	13	2	..	11	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	26	27	4	..	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	333	577	72	2	503	..	1	3	..	..	31	22	897 0 0	752 0 0
..	18	18	7	..	6	..	..	..	..	3	678	408	53,638 0 0	14,916 0 0
..	33	34	4	2	25	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	11	16	6	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	14	13	713 0 0	565 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	3 0 0	....
1	430	675	95	4	576	..	3	3	3	..	725	439	55,250 0 0	16,233 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous year, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 69 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.— *Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..
49	Chapter XIX., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	4	..	3	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	13	20
50	295 to 297 ..	Offences against religion	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	4	..	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	8	..
52		——— Excise Laws	10	..	5	5	..	6	..	..	..	..	9	8
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	96	..	71	23	..	73	1	..	..	..	78	24
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..
		Total ..	317	..	93	29	..	87	1	..	..	..	115	53
		Grand Total ..	2,136	17	1,935	205	3	573	17	26	1	27	2,093	514

DHARWAR—

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	8	25	..	5	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	9	1	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	3	15	7	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	13	88	8	..	60	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	30	139	16	5	117	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
2	1,097	1,605	432	35	1,048	1	4	10	12	4	636	472	66,951 0 0	17,311 0 0

STATEMENT

Part I.—Cognizable

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *see* note.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		Class I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, I.P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 250, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	2	1	1	2	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	1
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice.	11	..	10	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	14	..
5	148 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	64	3	30	34	2	20	..	..	..	..	192	194
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
		Total....	80	5	44	37	2	26	..	1	..	1	309	198
		Class II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		" Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		" Robbers	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	12	..
11		" Poisons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	12	1	12	1	..	5	3	..	..	..	33	7
13	307	Attempts at murder	3	2	5	..	..	1	..	2	..	2	1	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	4	..	4	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	4	..
15	376	Rape	14	2	15	..	1	1	..	2	..	2	11	1
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	1	2	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	1	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	7	..	7	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	9	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	8	1	8	..	..	6	..	1	..	1	7	..
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	26	2	28	..	..	10	1	1	..	1	31	3
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	14	..	13	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	15	1
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction ..	8	1	9	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	7	..
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	42	1	42	1	..	10	..	1	..	1	47	1
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	6	..
		Total....	149	11	155	4	1	49	5	9	..	9	175	21

KAL

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
ADGL													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	8	8	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	13	8	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	386	251	..	105	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	405	293	1	111	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	11	5	4	2	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	100 0 0	81 0 0
..	..	24	13	5	6	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	....	....
..	3	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	3	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	....	....
..	3	11	8	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	..	9	2	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	6	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	26	24	1	13	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	15	12	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	6 0 0	....
..	2	5	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	48	33	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	6	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	16	189	111	12	60	..	..	1	..	5	4	3	106 0 0	81 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 66 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PERS. Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	11	1	12	..	..	3	..	6	..	6	21	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt, By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt, By other means	5	..	5	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	5	..
33	392, 398	Robbery, In dwelling house	6	2	7	1	..	1	..	4	..	4	4	2
		Robbery, On the highway, between sunset and sunrise	6	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
		Robbery, Other robberies	30	2	31	1	..	6	..	1	..	1	18	12
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	26	3	29	1	..	4	..	..	..	..	17	1
35	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	120	7	126	1	..	23	..	2	..	2	82	5
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
37	411, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
		Total	210	14	220	4	..	38	..	13	..	13	153	21
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
37a	323	Hurt	174	..	68	106	..	42	1	..	..	..	61	295
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	2	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	6
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	18	1	15	3	1	4	..	..	..	..	10	2
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	194	1	83	111	1	47	1	..	..	..	71	303
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
41a	428, 429	Mischief	7	..	5	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	6
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	139	6	139	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	31	..
43	379 to 382	Theft, Of cattle	40	..	36	3	1	19	1	..	..	..	43	6
		Theft, Ordinary	575	37	559	49	1	197	6	22	..	22	466	78
44	406 to 409	Criminal breach of trust	25	..	19	6	..	6	..	..	..	..	10	2
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	50	10	60	..	..	33	..	12	..	12	73	..
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	44	..	27	14	3	10	..	..	..	..	23	39
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	870	43	839	74	6	270	7	34	..	34	647	133

KALA'DGI—

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

PERSONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of—e.g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
15	14	16	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

KALADGI—

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *see* note.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 66 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	2	..	9	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	19	1
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Custom Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	20	..	11	9	..	15	..	..	..	..	8	12
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	17	..	15	2	..	14	..	..	..	..	20	2
		Total..	49	..	37	12	..	30	..	..	..	..	50	15
		Grand Total..	1,562	71	1,371	242	10	460	13	63	..	63	1285	696

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.										PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.						
							In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.			
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
concluded.														
..	..	14	12	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	20	5	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	22	2	..	20	..	..	4	..	8	..	..	....	....
..	6	60	23	..	36	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
2	113	1,900	1,176	15	779	1	1	9	8	5	775	492	36,949	14,813

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 66 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PERSONS Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 126, 130 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	4	..	2	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	8	12
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
5	143 to 158, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	2	..	1	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	17	1
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	8	..	4	4	..	3	1	..	..	..	21	14
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		„ Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		„ Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		„ Poisons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	3	..	3	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	3	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 306	Culpable homicide	4	..	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..
15	376	Rape	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
17	317, 318 ..	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	7	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	8	1	9	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	6	..
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	4	..	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	4	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 331 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	..	3	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	11	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	11	..	7	4	..	7	..	..	..	..	7	..
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	10	..	6	4	..	6	..	..	..	..	13	..
29	336	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	53	1	44	9	..	34	2	1	..	1	56	..

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.										PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.						
							In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.			
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
ARA.												Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	4	1	3	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	18	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	6	23	12	3	3	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	5	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	1	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	60 0 0	60 0 0
..	..	7	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	.....	.....
..	2	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	5	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	2	10	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	.....	.....
..	2	9	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	16	7	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	11	58	12	3	13	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	60 0 0	60 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *see note*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 88 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous intimation was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	2	..	2	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	17	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. By other means	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
33	392, 398	Robbery. In dwelling house	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery. On the highway between sunset and sunrise	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34	390, 392, 393, 400 to 403, 435 to 440	Robbery. Other robberies	3	1	4	..	..	2	..	11	..	11	5	..
		Serious mischief and cognate offences	2	..	2	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	2	..
35	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	31	1	31	1	..	9	..	..	..	..	12	2
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	3	1	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	3	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	38	3	35	1	..	17	2	11	..	11	101	2
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
37a	333	Hurt	206	..	82	183	..	85	3	..	..	..	121	378
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	6	..	3	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	5	2
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	3	..	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	3
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	273	..	85	188	..	89	3	..	..	..	126	383
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
41a	428, 429	Mischief	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	6	..	5	1	..	2	1	..	..	..	3	1
		Theft. Of cattle	8	2	9	1	..	6	..	1	..	1	17	1
43	379 to 382	Theft. Ordinary	443	10	378	75	..	247	8	13	..	13	375	137
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	31	..	24	7	..	7	1	..	..	..	31	8
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	74	3	64	11	1	50	3	5	..	5	123	17
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	13	..	10	3	..	7	..	..	..	..	12	16
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	575	14	499	98	1	319	11	19	..	19	561	180

KANARA—

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
10	51	6	..	2	4	..	..	..	10	..	2	2	5,800 0 0	3,269 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1 0 0	1 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
..	13	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	135 0 0	.. ..
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	3	3	2 0 0	2 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
..	1	13	2	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
..	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
10	65	28	3	2	23	..	..	..	10	1	8	6	5,938 0 0	3,272 0 0
..	137	358	209	..	149	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
..	2	5	1	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
..	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
..	139	366	210	3	153	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
..	..	3	1	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
..	11	8	2	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
1	49	468	93	2	373	..	1	..	6	..	10	8	192 0 0	192 0 0
..	9	19	19	..	10	..	..	..	1	..	435	307	24,696 0 0	13,481 0 0
1	25	114	34	5	75	..	1	..	4	..	16	3	2,565 0 0	1,733 0 0
..	3	25	2	..	23	..	..	..	..	..	56	56	3,772 0 0	3,725 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. ..	.. ..
2	97	647	151	7	469	..	3	..	11	..	517	381	31,124 0 0	19,131 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 402, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter 19, C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognisable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognisable offences under the Gambling Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	44	..	..	44	..	40	..	..	..	..	..	75
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 21 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws ..	Public and local nuisances ..	75	2	24	53	..	71	..	1	..	1	37	69
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognisable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	119	2	24	97	..	111	..	1	..	1	37	144
		Grand Total..	1,060	20	682	397	1	573	19	32	..	32	903	737

KANARA—

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	75	7	..	68	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	106	14	..	92	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	181	21	..	160	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
12	319	1,302	409	18	876	..	3	6	26	3	536	388	37,129 0 0	22,463 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *see note*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471 ..	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	16	3	19	..	..	14	1	3	..	3	27	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	3	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice.	11	..	7	4	..	9	..	..	..	..	9	21
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	31	..	25	6	..	9	..	..	..	..	118	97
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
		Total..	63	3	54	11	..	34	1	3	..	3	157	119
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poisons	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	4	1
12		Other murders	9	1	10	..	..	6	1	2	..	2	19	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	2	1	3	..	..	1	..	3	..	3	3	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	5	1	6	..	..	3	1	1	..	1	14	..
15	376	Rape	3	1	3	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	11	1
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	16	..	16	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	14	3
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	22	3	21	3	..	13	..	3	..	3	18	9
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	..	3	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	4	3
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	7	1	5	3	..	4	1	..	..	1	5	6
24	363 to 369 ..	Kidnapping or abduction.. ..	7	..	3	3	..	3	1	..	..	..	11	1
25	340 to 348 ..	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	19	..	15	4	..	3	..	..	..	..	40	11
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8
		Total..	110	7	100	17	..	47	5	11	..	11	158	43

P00

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.				
			Acquitted or discharged after trial.				Number pending at end of year.								
							Before being put on trial.								
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—e.g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	In custody of Police.	On Bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.		Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		26	27
NA.														Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	3	26	9	2	15	..	..	..	1	..	..	..		....	....
..	..	2	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	..	30	3	..	27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	33	192	120	8	66	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	36	252	134	8	110	..	..	..	1	..	..	..		....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	..	5	3	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	..	20	7	5	8	..	..	..	..	1	..	..		....	....
..	3	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	2	12	9	..	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	..		....	....
..	1	11	5	6	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..		....	....
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	3	15	9	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	6	35	18	..	17	1	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	..	7	6	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	1	9	5	..	4	..	..	2	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	1	10	7	1	2	..	..	..	1	..	2	2		64 0 0	17 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	1	50	32	..	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		....	....
..	24	181	101	14	66	1	..	2	1	3	3	2		64 0 0	17 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES.							PER				
			Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated.			Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	Number arrested.				
					By Police *suo motu*.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 155 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.			Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year.	
													By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*													
30	395, 396, 398 ..	Dacoity	16	4	19	1	..	12	..	8	..	8	91	5
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. — By other means ..	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	7	..
33	392, 393	Robbery .. — In dwelling house	6	..	4	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	6	5
		Robbery .. — On the highway between sunset and sunrise ..	17	..	15	2	..	5	..	..	..	..	30	12
		Robbery .. — Other robberies ..	43	1	38	5	..	7	..	7	..	7	67	3
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ..	Serious mischief and cognate offences	46	1	44	3	..	3	2	1	..	1	60	9
35	454, 456, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	130	1	124	7	..	47	1	1	..	1	160	9
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	3	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	8	..
		Total..	264	7	251	20	..	79	3	17	..	17	436	42
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*													
37a	323	Hurt	765	..	478	287	..	119	6	..	..	..	870	694
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	13	1	10	4	..	10	..	..	..	..	17	11
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	57	..	16	41	..	2	..	..	..	..	17	94
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	837	1	506	332	..	132	6	..	..	..	906	799
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*													
41a	428, 429	Mischief	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	26	..	23	3	..	4	..	..	..	..	19	5
43	379 to 382	Theft .. .. — Of cattle	71	..	70	1	..	33	..	..	..	..	76	7
		Theft .. .. — Ordinary	954	8	933	29	..	356	13	10	..	10	1,082	48
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	228	1	52	177	..	18	2	1	..	1	44	216
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	93	3	95	1	..	65	1	..	..	..	173	3
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	274	..	211	63	..	56	1	..	..	..	345	137
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	1,646	12	1,384	274	..	531	16	11	..	11	1,739	416

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.										PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Magistrate.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*i. e.* died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year. Before being put on trial. In custody of Police.	Number pending at end of year. Before being put on trial. On Bail.	Number pending at end of year. Under trial before Magistrate.	Number pending at end of year. Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—*continued.*													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	24	30	6	25	29	..	..	..	..	..	16	12	4,304 0 0	636 0 0
..	..	7	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	3	4	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	3	8	5	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	4	3	275 0 0	14 0 0
..	3	39	25	6	8	..	..	..	..	..	15	11	1,669 0 0	1,270 0 0
..	33	44	26	..	18	..	..	..	..	..	30	20	3,339 0 0	2,541
1	7	58	17	30	11	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	25	142	75	..	67	..	..	..	..	3	113	55	36,580 0 0	23,379 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	7	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
1	99	389	154	69	166	..	2	1	..	3	178	101	46,357 0 0	28,030 0 0
..	324	1,431	1,220	..	211	..	..	7	2	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	28	15	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	45	66	62	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	369	1,527	1,308	..	229	..	..	7	2	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	10	14	7	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	8	75	25	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	230	893	404	..	489	..	..	..	..	..	70	54	2,716 0 0	2,456 0 0
..	173	86	66	..	20	..	..	6	3	..	930	614	65,671 0 0	37,050 0 0
..	9	166	66	1	99	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	111	370	302	1	67	..	..	1	..	..	66	65	1,520 0 0	1,059 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	541	1,804	870	2	732	..	1	11	3	..	1,065	733	70,407 0 0	40,575 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 65 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
														POONA—
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs dacoits, robbers, and thieves ..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
49	Chapter XIX., O. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	10	..	7	3	..	9	..	..	..	..	11	3
50	295 to 297 ..	Offences against religion	3	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	4
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	53	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	11	..	11	..	..	21	..	..	..	..	13	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section [illegible] of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	126	1	122	3	..	104	2	2	..	1	158	16
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	74	..	71	3	..	67	2	..	..	..	108	3
		Total..	227	1	219	10	..	196	4	1	..	1	356	26
		Grand Total..	3,146	31	2,513	664	..	1,019	35	43	..	43	3,752	144

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On Bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
concluded.														
..	..	9	..	2	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	14	1	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	13	5	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	53	5	..	48	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	13	3	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	170	24	..	146	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	108	4	..	99	..	..	3	..	..	2	..	....	....
..	3	375	42	2	331	..	1	4	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	997	4,318	2,500	95	1,634	1	4	25	13	6	1,246	695	1,16,625 0 0	60,622 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police see note.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 45 of Criminal Procedure Code in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, I.P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice.	3	..	3	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	1
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	28	..	16	16	2	..	..	..	..	..	15	135
6	149, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier.	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Total....	32	..	13	17	2	11	..	..	..	..	28	134
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		„ Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		„ Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		„ Poisons	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
12		Other murders	4	..	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	10	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	1	1	2	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	1	..
15	376	Rape	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
19	329, 331, 332 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	2	2	2	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	1	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	4	..	3	2	..	3	..	..	..	..	2	..
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	5
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	21	3	21	3	..	13	..	2	..	2	16	5

RATNA

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
			Acquitted or discharged after trial.				Number pending at end of year.							
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Before being put on trial. In custody of Police.	Before being put on trial. On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
GIRI.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	55	157	101	..	56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	3 0 0	3 0 0
..	4	29	7	5	17	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	3 0 0	3 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

RATNAGIRI—

Serial Number	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 9 to 11).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	1	1	2	..	..	1	..	16	..	16	..	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. By other means	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	392, 393	Robbery. In dwelling house	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery. On the highway, between sunset and sunrise	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Robbery. Other robberies	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	12	..	10	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	3	9
35	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	34	..	27	..	2	21	1	..	..	..	20	2
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	51	1	42	3	2	26	1	16	..	16	25	13
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
37a	323	Hurt	244	..	156	186	2	65	..	..	..	..	99	52
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	2	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	16	..	10	6	..	6	..	..	..	..	5	21
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	262	..	166	194	2	73	..	..	..	..	104	54
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
41a	428, 429	Mischief	3	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	8
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	3	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43	379 to 382	Theft. Of cattle	14	..	12	2	..	6	..	..	..	..	18	11
		Theft. Ordinary	292	9	220	42	1	146	..	2	..	2	224	119
44	406 to 409	Criminal breach of trust	12	1	7	5	1	2	..	1	..	1	3	5
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	15	1	14	1	1	14	..	..	..	..	17	3
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	57	..	42	14	1	9	1	..	..	..	15	11
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Total	397	11	308	66	10	178	1	3	..	3	289	187

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—e.g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	16	..	9	7	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1,217 0 0	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	10 0 0	10 0 0
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	7 0 0	7 0 0
..	1	11	9	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	29	2	..	27	..	..	1	..	..	26	19	1,946 0 0	1,360 0 0
..	2	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	59	12	9	38	..	..	1	..	..	30	22	3,280 0 0	1,377 0 0
..	146	470	388	..	96	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	36	34	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	146	507	407	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	11	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	10 0 0	....
..	24	15	..	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	14	14	253 0 0	253 0 0
..	13	432	131	..	301	..	..	..	..	..	268	232	3,071 0 0	2,113 0 0
..	1	10	7	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	50 0 0	50 0 0
..	..	20	5	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	49 0 0	49 0 0
..	5	50	39	..	11	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	19	448	206	1	239	..	..	..	1	..	306	269	3,433 0 0	2,465 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

RATNAGIRI—

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 46 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Number arrested. Received by transfer.	Number arrested. Total.	Number arrested. Within the year. By Police.	Number arrested. Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	15	..	..	16	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	16
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	37	..	32	5	..	33	..	..	..	..	32	8
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Total..	56	..	36	20	..	51	..	..	..	..	37	24
		Grand Total..	919	15	596	308	16	359	2	21	..	21	560	910

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
concluded.														
..	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	16	2	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	40	8	..	32	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	61	10	..	51	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	....	....
..	228	1,261	745	15	501	..	..	1	1	..	333	273	6,731 0 0	3,860 0 0

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police see note.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Number arrested. Received by transfer.	Number arrested. Total.	Number arrested. Within the year. By Police.	Number arrested. Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												RATNAGIRI—
30	395, 397, 399	Dacoity	1	1	2	..	..	1	..	16	..	16	..	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. By other means	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	392, 393	Robbery. In dwelling house	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery. On the highway between sunset and sunrise	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Robbery. Other robberies	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
34	270, 281, 283, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	12	..	10	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	0
35	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	34	..	27	..	3	21	1	..	..	..	20	2
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	51	1	42	3	2	26	1	16	..	16	25	13
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
37a	323	Hurt	344	..	156	186	2	65	..	..	..	..	99	52
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	2	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	16	..	10	6	..	6	..	..	..	..	5	21
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	362	..	166	194	2	73	..	..	..	..	104	54
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
41a	428, 429	Mischief	3	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	3
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	3	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
43	379 to 382	Theft. Of cattle	14	..	12	2	..	6	..	..	..	..	13	11
		Theft. Ordinary	292	9	220	42	7	116	..	2	..	2	224	119
44	406 to 409	Criminal breach of trust	12	1	7	5	1	2	..	1	..	1	3	8
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	15	1	14	1	1	14	..	..	..	..	17	3
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	57	..	42	14	1	9	1	..	..	..	15	41
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Total	397	11	308	66	10	178	1	3	..	3	290	185

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

PERSONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1,317 0 0	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	10 0 0	10 0 0
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	7 0 0	7 0 0
..	1	11	9	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	20	2	..	17	..	..	1	..	..	16	19	1,940 0 0	1,300 0 0
..	2	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	50	12	0	30	..	..	1	..	..	30	32	3,280 0 0	1,377 0 0
..	146	479	383	..	96	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	26	24	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	146	507	407	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	11	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	10 0 0	....
..	..	24	15	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	14	14	253 0 0	253 0 0
..	13	487	131	..	301	..	..	..	..	..	266	232	3,071 0 0	2,113 0 0
..	1	10	7	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	50 0 0	50 0 0
..	..	20	5	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	60 0 0	60 0 0
..	5	50	39	..	11	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	19	643	206	1	339	..	..	..	1	..	305	249	3,439 0 0	2,416 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Cases. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 49 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	Persons. Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	6	9	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 487 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes ..	5	1	4	2	..	4	..	1	..	1	3	2
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice	5	..	5	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	167	..
5	143 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	23	..	22	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	1
		Total ..	34	2	31	5	..	16	2	1	..	1	176	4
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..
11		,, Poison	5	..	5	..	..	5	..	2	..	2	6	..
12		Other murders	8	1	9	..	..	5	3	3	..	3	40	1
13	307	Attempts at murder	5	2	7	..	..	2	1	2	..	2	4	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
15	376	Rape	9	3	12	..	..	6	..	3	..	3	17	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	3	1	4	..	..	4	..	3	..	3	3	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	9	..	9	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	9	..
19	329, 331, 332 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	12	1
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	34	3	37	..	..	18	1	1	..	1	76	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	2	1	3	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	3	..
22	327, 330, 334 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	15	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	18	..	17	1	..	10	1	..	..	..	26	1
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	5	..	5	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	5	..
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	6	..	5	1	..	4	..	..	..	..	8	1
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Total ..	111	11	120	2	..	63	7	19	..	12	232	4

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

DISTRICTS.	Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Magistrate.	Acquitted or discharged after trial. By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year. Before being put on trial. In custody of Police.	Number pending at end of year. Before being put on trial. On bail.	Number pending at end of year. Under trial before Magistrate.	Number pending at end of year. Committed to Sessions.	PROPERTY. Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	PROPERTY. Amount of property stolen.	PROPERTY. Amount of property recovered.
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
ARA.														Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	2	6	2	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	164	107	..	57	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	2	175	110	..	65	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	3	7	1	2	4	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	34 0 0	.....
	..	..	34	18	2	13	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	6	1	1	4	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	4	16	7	3	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	6	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	1	7	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	..	..	.....	.....
	..	5	68	34	6	28	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	14	6	..	10	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	1	24	6	..	18	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	1	4	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	..	9	4	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
	..	18	199	71	17	111	..	..	3	7	22	1	..	34 0 0	.....

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

SATARA—

Serial Number	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police see note.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	5	..	5	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	19	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. — By other means	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
33	392, 393	Robbery .. — In dwelling house ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery .. — On the highway between sunset and sunrise	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..
34	390, 391, 392, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ..	Other robberies ..	13	3	16	..	..	6	..	3	..	3	20	..
		Serious mischief and cognate offences	95	1	96	..	..	12	3	2	..	2	92	..
35	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	89	4	93	..	..	46	..	..	..	..	104	..
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	6	..	6	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	6	..
37	413, 414	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	216	8	218	..	..	68	3	7	..	7	246	..
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
37a	323	Hurt	512	..	481	31	..	109	1	..	..	..	632	67
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	4	..	2	2	..	4	..	..	..	..	3	2
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	31	..	29	2	..	9	..	..	..	..	53	6
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	4	..	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	5	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	551	..	516	35	..	125	1	..	..	..	693	82
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
41a	426, 429	Mischief	20	..	20	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	20	..
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	29	1	30	..	..	10	..	4	..	4	22	..
43	379 to 382	Theft .. — Of cattle	59	1	52	1	..	44	1	..	..	..	110	2
		Theft .. — Ordinary	846	16	835	26	1	405	11	9	..	9	1,016	48
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	12	1	12	1	..	5	..	..	..	..	13	1
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	39	1	36	4	..	28	..	..	..	..	64	4
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	208	6	193	20	1	61	2	4	..	4	279	34
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	1,236	26	1,208	52	2	561	14	17	..	17	1,524	59

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of, —*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	19	4	2	13	..	..	..	..	..	9	7	2,874 0 0	2,803 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	21 0 0	21 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	154 0 0	....
..	1	24	12	1	11	..	..	..	..	..	12	10	174 0 0	137 0 0
..	15	73	27	26	21	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	....	....
1	3	100	29	..	71	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	6	4	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	19	227	81	29	117	..	..	..	..	6	16	13	3,223 0 0	2,961 0 0
..	213	481	316	..	169	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	....	....
..	12	12	7	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	12	47	30	..	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	227	546	353	..	193	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	20	12	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	21	6	..	15	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	22	99	22	..	61	..	..	..	1	..	81	70	1,992 0 0	1,488 0 0
2	106	952	258	1	693	..	..	2	11	..	836	622	49,158 0 0	24,196 0 0
..	..	14	9	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	10	58	4	..	54	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	89	223	125	..	98	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
2	231	1,377	441	1	934	1	..	2	17	..	917	692	51,050 0 0	28,683 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

SATARA—

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 155 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (as in Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	P. C. 295 to 297 .	Offences against religion	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws ..	Public and local nuisances ..	86	..	80	6	..	73	..	..	..	..	95	5
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	87	..	81	6	..	73	..	..	..	..	99	5
		Grand Total ..	2,229	47	2,174	100	2	906	27	37	..	37	2,917	184

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

PERSONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
concluded.														
...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	109	21	...	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	104	26	...	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	497	2,628	1,083	47	1,490	1	..	4	30	28	998	765	54,297 0 0	28,644 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 46 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9a	9b	10	10a	10b	11	12
	CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*													
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 126, 128 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 239, 250 to 255, 467 and 471 ..	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice	6	..	6	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	143 to 153, 157, 159	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	6	1	3	1	..	3	..	1	..	1	1	..
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	14	..	13	1	..	8	..	1	..	1	1	..
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*													
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poison	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	4	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	376	Rape	6	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	17	2	16	1	..	7	1	2	..	2	2	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	..	4	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	3	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	363 to 369 ..	Kidnapping or abduction ..	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	340 to 349 ..	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	15	1	11	5	..	7	..	2	..	2	2	..
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	70	5	69	6	..	33	4	4	..	4	3	3

SHOL

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of,—e. g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
APUR.														
	1	2	1		1									
	6	6	1		5									
		51	37	14	14									
	7	59	39	20	20									
											1	1	20 0 0	20 0 0
									1		1	1	105 0 0	105 0 0
		10	6	4	10									
		1		1										
		6	3	3										
		3	1	2	2									
	2	26	12	3	20					1				
		7	1	6	6						1		5 0 0	
		1		1										
		15	7	8	5									
	2	85	35	31	51			2	1	2	3	2	131 0 0	125 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES.							YEAR				
			Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated.			Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	Number arrested.				
					By Police *see notes.*	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 69 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.			Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year	
													By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	10a	10b	11	12	
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*													
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	4	1	5	..	..	3	..	8	1	9	34	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt — By other means	1	1	2	..	..	2	..	2	..	2	4	..
		Robbery — In dwelling house	2	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
33	392, 398	Robbery — On the highway, between sunset and sunrise	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Robbery — Other robberies	6	..	6	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	10	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences	17	..	14	3	..	6	..	..	..	..	13	3
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	79	2	81	..	..	26	2	6	..	6	64	..
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	111	4	112	3	..	39	1	13	1	17	133	3
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*													
37a	323	Hurt	192	..	176	16	..	114	2	..	..	..	324	31
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	5	..	4	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	8	4
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	21	..	17	2	..	4	..	..	..	..	18	7
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	218	..	197	21	..	121	2	..	..	..	350	42
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*													
41a	428, 429	Mischief	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	13	..	13	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	10	..
43	379 to 382	Theft — Of cattle	51	3	54	..	..	20	1	3	..	3	65	..
		Theft — Ordinary	428	3	418	11	2	199	4	1	..	1	379	46
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	15	1	14	2	..	4	..	1	..	1	12	1
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	16	..	14	2	..	12	..	..	..	..	53	5
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	50	..	43	7	..	18	..	..	..	..	56	12
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	573	7	556	22	2	268	5	5	..	5	580	64

SHOLAPUR—

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of—e. g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	1	42	15	3	24	..	..	..	..	..	4	3	640 0 0	314 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	6	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	928 0 0	777 0
											3	1	94 0 0	80 0 0
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1 0 0	1 0 0
..	6	4	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	6	4	106 0 0	22 0 0
..	6	15	6	1	8	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	65	24	..	41	..	1	..	..	..	59	32	6,306 0 0	3,050 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	17	134	46	5	83	1	1	..	..	..	74	43	8,167 0 0	4,194 0 0
..	7	341	179	..	162	..	..	4	3	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	32	8	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	25	20	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	7	378	207	..	171	..	..	4	3	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	10	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	66	24	..	42	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	32	386	126	..	261	..	5	1	1	1	53	47	1,165 0 0	7,071 0 0
..	1	13	8	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	421	266	6,371 0 0	3,142 0 0
..	1	62	20	15	27	..	..	..	..	..	7	7	488 0 0	488 0 0
..	..	69	42	..	28	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	35	646	234	15	366	..	5	1	1	1	481	339	8,015 0 0	4,701 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 remaining at the close of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX, C.P.C.	Vagrancy and bad character	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Acts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	130	..	108	22	..	121	..	..	..	..	110	23
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	130	..	108	22	..	121	..	..	..	..	110	23
		Grand Total ..	1,116	16	1,055	75	2	590	12	22	4	26	1,314	148

SHOLAPUR—

A—*concluded.*

CRIME—*concluded.*

SONS.										PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.						
							In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.			
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
													Rs. a. p.
concluded.													
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

STATE

Comparative Statement of Cognizable

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquility, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 132	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	7	9	57	77	8	16
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	7	7	57	100	24	10
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	14	7	43	38	94	61
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	2	1	100	100	2	1
		Total ..	30	24	53	71	128	88
		Class II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	4	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	1	..	100	..	10	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poisons	3	..	100	..	7	..
12		Other murders	7	3	71	50	7	3
13	307	Attempt at murder	..	2	..	..	..	3
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	3	2	33	100	3	2
15	376	Rape	11	7	..	16	14	14
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	1	..	100	1	1
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	4	4	25	100	5	3
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	5	7	40	71	5	15
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	23	9	75	57	49	21
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt..	3	2	50	..	3	1
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	2	5	..	60	21	12
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	3	4	..	100	13	8
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	4	4	..	50	10	4
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	4	..	50	..	11
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	4	..	100	..	5
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine..	9	14	62	58	13	30
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	1	..	..	..	1
		Total ..	77	76	47	61	164	133
		Class III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*						
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	7	6	43	50	42	57
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	3	..	33	..	4	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
		By other means	2	2	33	50	16	2
33	392, 393	Robbery .. .. In dwelling house	4	2	25	..	25	1
		On the highway, between sunrise and sunset ..	5	2	20	50	5	16
		Other robberies	5	5	40	40	15	27
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	16	16	38	40	26	23
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or house breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	36	40	53	72	46	70
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	1	4	100	25	1	4
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	1	..	100	..	1
		Total ..	80	78	37	54	192	206

MENT B.

Crime with Result of Police Operations.

Number of persons arrested by trimester.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
94	98	10	11	12	18	14	18	16	17	18	19	20	21
NAGAR.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	16	7	14	50	68	57	78	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	10	24	10	64	90	64	90	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	61	87	44	25	25	41	33	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	2	1	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	88	120	69	43	43	46	56	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	10	..	60	..	60	..	48	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	7	..	71	..	71	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	6	2	86	33	100	50	26	85	10	1	38	1
..	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	2	2	33	100	50	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	7	9	..	7	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	1	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	2	3	30	100	50	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	15	4	7	60	33	60	71	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	21	46	11	67	33	72	63	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	1	1	50	..	100	..	..	40	..	..	..	..
..	12	21	12	..	25	..	25	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	14	6	..	50	..	66	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	7	2	..	50	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	12	..	9	..	45	..	55	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	..	5	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	30	13	23	54	46	54	60	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	113	141	97	38	40	44	55	74	104	10	1	14	1
3	60	33	48	20	25	26	31	747	19,625	278	9,576	51	49
..	..	4	..	25	..	25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	18	2	11	100	11	100	7	..	1	..	14	..
..	1	25	1	8	..	8	..	199	3	40	3	20	100
..	16	5	6	60	6	60	16	700	6	65	4	11	66
..	21	7	16	20	7	42	12	84	31	56	31	67	100
..	25	15	22	12	14	20	18	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	78	38	42	61	45	74	70	3,506	1,899	1,096	39	31	2
..	4	1	3	100	25	100	33	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	209	146	141	30	28	28	41	5,343	21,563	1,646	9,662	31	44

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and.	
							Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
								AHMEDNAGAR
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
37a	323	Hurt	..	542	..	15	..	1,393
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	28	15	10	16	216	34
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	49	49	27	13	63	68
40	336,337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	120	800	16	15	277	1,495
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
41a	428, 429	Mischief	..	7	..	14	..	15
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ..	14	21	43	58	16	25
43	379 to 382	Theft .. .. { Of cattle	147	96	58	58	268	134
		{ Ordinary	642	649	70	73	1,127	914
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	51	24	19	22	55	45
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	69	42	72	72	91	68
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	238	221	20	21	508	349
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	1	..	100	..	5	..
		Total....	1,264	790	48	54	2,069	1,550
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX. C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	2	1	100	100	2	1
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	4	..	..	..	32
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ..	..	4	..	25	..	27
52		——— Excise Laws	1	1	..	..	..	1
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Custom Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	3	20	67	90	3	20
56		——— Stamp Act	3	..	50	..	5	..
57	269,277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	610	861	91	99	863	1,013
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	1	2	100	100	2	2
		Total....	617	896	91	92	875	1,096
		Grand Total....	2,151	2,461	57	59	3,496	4,535

B—*continued.*

Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.						Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
—concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	1,978	..	685	..	19	..	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	24	55	6	8	8	24	25	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	66	24	49	25	18	47	22	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,425	89	852	10	11	28	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	16	..	9	..	13	..	22	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	20	15	25	44	58	67	60	..	54	..	..	..	..
6	135	237	110	40	36	65	44	2,560	212	..	16	..	7
3	817	924	717	48	50	58	65	17,213	1,712	2,596	1,185	91	99
..	65	45	22	20	9	24	13	..	2,446	1,688	2,654	44	61
1	49	61	67	63	58	60	60	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	340	263	189	16	15	31	23	253	69	252	69	99	100
..	..	6	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	1,606	1,560	1,119	41	39	53	55	20,226	4,439	10,536	4,606	53	56
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	22	..	..	..	7	..	33	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	37	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	20	2	10	67	80	100	80	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	5	..	60	..	60	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,013	643	967	91	91	94	96	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	2	2	50	150	50	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,068	654	1,000	90	97	98	96	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	4,647	2,140	3,007	47	41	69	63	35,936	30,306	12,242	14,491	67	47

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and	
						Number of persons arrested.	
		1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Class I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115,117 to 119.I.P.Code. Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136. 139 .. .. Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471 .. .. Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	11	5	36	40	16	10
3	212, 216 .. .. .. Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226 .. .. Other offences against public justice	10	14	70	71	14	15
5	143 to 153. 157, 158 .. Rioting or unlawful assembly	4	4	25	50	24	32
6	140, 170, 171 .. .. Personating public servant or soldier	..	1	..	100	..	1
	Total.. ..	25	24	40	62	54	58
	Class II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	302, 303, 396 .. .. " Dacoits	1	1	100	100	8	29
10	" Robbers	..	2	..	100	..	6
11	" Poison	..	1	..	..	..	..
12	Other murders ..	22	15	33	13	37	20
13	307 .. .. .. Attempt at murder	5	8	40	25	22	15
14	304, 308 .. .. Culpable homicide	..	4	..	50	..	5
15	376.. .. .. Rape	9	19	..	..	9	22
16	377 .. .. .. Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318 .. .. Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	5	..	60	..	6	..
18	305, 306, 309 .. Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	5	14	80	57	5	13
19	329, 331, 333 .. Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	1	..	..	..	1
20	325, 326, 335 .. .. Grievous hurt	53	34	67	32	152	75
21	328 .. .. .. Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 .. Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	6	6	33	..	18	6
23	324 .. .. .. Hurt by dangerous weapon	36	36	21	45	76	43
24	363 to 369 .. .. Kidnapping or abduction	1	..	..	..	4	..
25	340 to 348 .. .. Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	1	..	..	..	1	..
26	372, 373.. .. .. Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	..	..	..	2	..
27	371 .. .. .. Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 .. Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	20	11	30	45	44	12
29	338 .. .. .. Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total.. ..	170	126	36	32	428	347
	Class III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*						
30	395, 397, 398 .. .. Dacoity	6	15	67	20	31	42
31	399, 402 .. .. .. Preparation or assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398 .. .. Robbery with hurt — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	2	..	..	..	2	..
	By other means	..	2	..	50	..	4
33	392, 398 .. .. .. Robbery — In dwelling house	9	13	..	38	5	28
	On the highway, between sunrise and sunset	2	6	50	..	4	6
	Other robberies	25	12	24	25	25	17
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 .. .. Serious mischief and cognate offences	10	9	40	11	26	25
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 .. Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	39	50	49	38	81	58

B—*continued.*

Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
Number of persons convicted by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
GAUM.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	10	18	9	25	60	27	89	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	15	14	15	71	73	71	73	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	25	24	20	21	13	21	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	53	53	45	35	41	36	53	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	30	8	28	100	86	100	89	61	14	21	14	34	100
..	6	..	5	..	33	..	40	..	293	..	300	..	76
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	30	34	18	10	10	11	11	13	..	13	..	100	..
..	15	4	11	6	13	25	18	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	..	4	..	40	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	24	5	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	4	..	50	..	75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	4	11	50	61	100	73	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	75	127	56	37	17	33	23	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	15	6	39	..	47	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	43	73	37	34	37	35	43	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	12	43	11	73	43	74	45	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	347	374	305	29	31	33	37	28	407	53	314	45	77
..	41	31	32	22	17	28	22	206	24,171	170	409	80	2
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	22	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	..	2	..	50	..	100	..	481	..	220	..	45
..	26	5	22	..	11	..	14	55	794	55	264	100	43
..	6	4	4	50	..	50	..	143	759	41	190	24	25
..	17	11	13	29	29	91	38	643	317	322	304	50	96
..	25	21	25	52	52	52	52	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	37	40	32	73	63	76	65	4,763	1,607	542	1,376	11	86

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
								BELGAUM
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	..	2	..	50	..	6
37	411, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	137	109	37	28	168	186
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
37a	323..	Hurt	..	632	..	28	..	873
38	334..	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	8	..	67	..	9	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	18	18	36	8	25	7
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	2	..	..	..	3
41	374..	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	30	652	46	35	34	883
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
41a	428, 429	Mischief	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking ..	26	15	6	27	7	11
43	379 to 382	Theft .. { Of cattle .. .. Ordinary	71	67	54	52	103	14
			612	561	54	49	229	644
44	406 to 409	Criminal breach of trust	9	33	56	21	6	35
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	36	23	72	83	70	53
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	30	29	35	31	24	28
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	2	..	..	..	3
		Total....	774	749	53	43	1,038	976
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX, C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	5	5	60	60	5	16
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	3	2	50	50	7	21
51		Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ..	5	3	80	67	17	8
52	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province	——Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——Salt and Customs Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	289, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 288, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	217	249	83	89	236	264
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	5	24	60	100	5	8
		Total....	284	283	81	89	369	420
		Grand Total...	1,362	1,729	54	46	2,106	2,4[illegible]

B—*continued.*

Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1-74*	1974	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
—concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	6	..	6	..	17	..	17	..	201	..	201	..	100
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	196	184	189	48	33	50	30	5,930	28,440	1,183	3,186	19	11
..	877	..	613	..	21	..	30	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	9	..	44	..	44	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	7	25	7	66	14	66	14	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	885	34	621	42	21	62	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	11	6	9	30	45	33	55	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	96	96	78	64	54	66	67	2,748	2,262	2,101	1,162	76	51
..	654	737	545	61	53	69	67	36,5-9	34,447	15,027	21,649	37	63
..	20	6	13	83	25	83	33	13	..	12	..	92	..
..	53	64	32	51	70	55	72	4,193	..	1,280	..	31	..
..	55	76	49	37	26	56	30	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	946	929	776	60	46	67	64	33,500	36,670	18,420	22,834	55-	62
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	10	3	9	60	90	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	7	3	6	14	42	50	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	11	17	9	30	28	50	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	344	300	226	72	66	87	90	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	32	6	20	60	100	60	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	905	327	393	77	86	87	91	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2,887	1,971	2,179	65	44	92	64	39,500	65,526	19,504	26,332	50	40

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and [illegible]	
							Number of persons arrested	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	5	1	20	..	5	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	..	..	..	1	..
4	221 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice ..	5	4	80	25	6	5
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	11	9	64	33	117	6
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	22	14	55	29	129	72
		Class II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	1	..	..	..	6	..
10		,, Robbers	3	..	67	..	3	..
11		,, Poison	..	1	..	..	..	1
12		Other murders	13	15	54	12	11	3
13	307	Attempt at murder	6	8	17	13	15	1
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	1	..	..	2	..
15	376	Rape	2	14	..	..	2	1
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	3	..	..	..	1
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	3	3	100	33	3	1
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ..	12	14	25	36	11	2
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	25	40	32	33	59	61
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	2	2	..	..	1	1
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	11	100	27	15	7
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	26	28	27	39	53	52
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	3	3	33	33	5	2
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	1	..	100	..	2
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	..	100	..	1	..
27	371 ..	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	10	22	32	45	35	42
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	3	..	67	..	7
		Total ..	132	169	35	32	254	264
		Class III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*						
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	7	4	20	..	32	19
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		{ By other means ..	5	2	60	..	9	5
		Robbery .. { In dwelling house ..	6	5	33	..	11	5
33	392, 393	{ On the highway between sunrise and sunset ..	1	15	100	..	1	12
		{ Other robberies ..	26	17	23	12	34	27
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	38	30	8	8	23	18
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	163	208	4	9	26	62
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	3	1	67	..	13	14
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	239	285	10	8	149	167

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
WAR.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	10	6	1	100	10	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	62	76	26	57	97	88	61	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	72	85	29	57	25	86	62	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	16	..	8	..	50	..
..	..	3	..	67	..	67	..	72	..	32	..	44	..
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	31	22	13	54	36	100	92	..	166	..	166	..	100
..	14	5	10	7	7	20	10	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	3	1	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	14	5	8	27	43	60	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	64	34	33	44	24	76	65	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	20	15	6	100	15	100	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	49	13	19	15	37	62	95	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	1	2	50	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	..	2	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	42	22	26	24	38	85	62	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	..	2	..	67	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	261	133	129	37	33	71	65	88	166	40	166	45	100
..	10	15	..	19	..	40	..	1,263	742	24	4	2	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	9	..	56	..	56	..	156	2	50	..	32	..
..	5	4	..	36	..	100	..	359	194	82	44	23	23
..	12	1	..	100	..	100	..	1	607	1	24	100	4
..	27	13	8	31	30	65	89	1,812	143	980	69	54	48
..	18	12	9	17	22	33	44	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	61	12	37	44	62	100	86	..	8,846	..	771	..	9
..	14	2	..	15	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	152	68	66	30	29	66	90	3,691	10,536	1,147	913	31	9

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year Column 8-7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number of persons arrested per 100 persons arrested	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Class I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*							
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 238, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	5	1	20	..	5	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	..	..	..	1	..
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice ..	5	4	80	25	8	3
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	11	9	64	33	117	6
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	22	14	55	20	129	72
	Class II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*							
8		Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	1	..	..	..	8	..
10	302, 303, 396 ..	,, Robbers	3	..	67	..	3	..
11		,, Poison	..	1	..	..	..	1
12		Other murders	13	15	54	42	31	8
13	307	Attempt at murder	6	8	17	13	15	11
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	1	..	..	2	..
15	376	Rape	2	14	..	..	2	1
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	3	..	..	..	1
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	3	3	100	33	3	1
18	305, 306, 309	Attempts at, and abetment of, suicide ..	12	14	25	36	11	11
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	25	40	32	33	59	61
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	2	2	..	..	1	1
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	11	100	27	15	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	26	28	27	39	53	42
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	3	3	33	33	5	2
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	1	..	100	..	2
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	..	100	..	1	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	19	22	33	45	35	42
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	3	..	67	..	5
		Total..	122	169	35	32	254	201
	Class III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*							
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	7	4	29	..	33	14
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs .. / By other means .. }	.. / 5 / 6	.. / 2 / 5	.. / 60 / 33	.. / .. / ..	.. / 9 / 11	.. / 5 / 3
33	392, 393	Robbery .. { In dwelling house .. / On the highway between sunrise and sunset .. / Other robberies .. }	.. / 1 / 26	.. / 15 / 17	.. / 100 / 23	.. / .. / 12	.. / 1 / 34	.. / 12 / 27
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	38	36	8	8	23	18
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	163	203	4	9	26	61
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	3	1	67	..	13	14
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	239	285	10	8	119	137

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
WAR.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	10	6	1	100	10	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	62	76	28	57	27	88	64	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	72	85	29	57	25	86	69	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	16	..	8	..	50	..
..	3	3	..	67	..	67	..	72	..	32	..	44	..
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	31	22	13	54	30	100	92	..	166	..	166	..	100
..	14	5	10	7	7	20	10	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	2	1	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	14	5	8	37	43	60	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	64	34	33	44	34	76	65	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	20	15	6	100	15	100	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	49	13	19	15	37	62	95	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	1	2	20	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	..	2	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	42	23	26	34	38	86	62	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	..	2	..	67	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	261	132	129	37	33	71	66	88	166	40	166	45	100
..	10	16	..	19	..	40	..	1,363	743	34	4	2	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	9	..	56	..	56	..	186	2	50	..	32	..
..	8	4	..	36	..	100	..	359	194	82	44	23	23
..	12	1	..	100	..	100	..	1	607	1	24	100	4
..	27	13	9	37	30	85	89	1,812	143	360	69	54	49
..	18	12	9	17	22	33	44	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	61	12	37	46	53	100	86	..	8,846	..	771	..	9
..	14	2	..	15	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	152	68	65	30	29	66	89	3,691	10,536	1,147	912	31	9

STATEMENT

DHARWAR

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 9 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of Persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
37a	323	Hurt	..	417	..	26	..	544
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	26	15	19	27	46	25
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	2	..	..	..	3
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	26	434	19	26	46	572
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
41a	426, 429	Mischief	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	338	271	2	3	9	21
43	379 to 382	Theft { Of cattle	22	22	44	47	66	48
		Theft { Ordinary	800	729	27	33	740	914
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	25	23	16	19	30	34
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	54	28	72	64	81	68
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	21	22	36	27	32	36
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	71	6	14	..	75	..
		Total..	1,336	1,121	22	26	1,002	1,111
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	1	..	..	..	4
49	Chapter XIX., C.P.C.	Vagrancy and bad character	4	4	75	75	16	33
50	295 to 297	Offences against Religion	2	3	..	..	1	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	4	4	50	100	13	8
52		——— Excise Laws	..	10	..	60	..	17
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 288, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	31	94	71	78	29	102
58	..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	19	1	63	100	21	3
		Total..	80	117	65	74	80	167
		Grand Total..	1,906	2,143	23	27	1,660	2,636

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer	Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial. Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
concluded.													
..	844	..	456	..	34	..	45	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	35	16	21	17	16	50	19	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	872	16	479	17	34	50	44	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	21	..	13	100	52	100	85	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	48	21	23	51	40	86	63	1,108	897	941	752	85	84
1	916	390	577	47	56	92	87	67,274	53,626	14,294	14,916	21	28
..	34	10	13	13	18	40	46	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	68	60	34	63	41	85	62	1,135	713	490	565	43	79
..	26	19	15	38	35	63	60	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	46	..	61	..	100	..	..	3	..	..	..	..
1	1,113	545	675	49	52	90	85	69,512	55,250	15,725	16,233	23	29
..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	33	8	25	50	61	100	80	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	5	8	38	38	100	88	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	17	..	15	..	47	..	53	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	102	25	88	83	78	96	91	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	15	2	71	67	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	167	54	138	66	70	96	85	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	2,836	900	1,505	44	40	86	70	73,391	55,963	16,913	17,311	23	26

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P.Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	4	3	50	..	4	3
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	2	1	..	100	2	1
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	17	11	59	55	18	14
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	76	55	94	90	486	386
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	..	2	..	..	..	2
		Total....	99	83	90	81	510	406
		Class II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	1	..	100	..	1	..
10		,, Robbers	4	3	100	67	8	13
11		,, Poisons	2	..	..	..	2	..
12		Other murders	14	13	75	38	13	30
13	307..	Attempt at murder	5	5	40	..	9	4
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	10	4	50	25	14	4
15	376..	Rape	18	16	33	6	13	14
16	377..	Unnatural offences	1	2	..	50	1	2
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	7	7	43	57	13	9
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	8	9	50	55	8	8
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 325	Grievous hurt..	18	28	56	36	22	40
21	328..	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	1	1	..	100	3	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	1	50	..	6	1
23	324..	Hurt by dangerous weapon	13	14	31	21	24	17
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	3	9	..	11	6	7
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	1	..	..	..	1
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	1	..	..	..	1
27	371..	Habitually dealing in slaves..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	25	43	32	28	30	49
29	338..	Rash act causing grievous hurt	4	3	50	100	4	6
		Total....	122	160	49	31	187	205
		Class III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*						
30	396, 397, 398	Dacoity	13	12	23	17	78	37
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
		{ By other means	..	5	..	20	..	5
33	392, 393	Robbery .. .. { In dwelling house	7	8	29	13	6	10
		{ On the highway, between sunrise and sunset ..	7	6	29	..	9	2
		{ Other robberies	7	32	14	13	5	31
34	270, 284, 283, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	20	30	20	13	13	19
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	132	137	29	18	128	75
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	4	2	..	50	6	1
37	411, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	2	2	..	50	3	3
		Total....	198	224	26	17	246	173

B —*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
										Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1876	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	86	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	3	3	50	..	67	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	2	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	16	16	13	56	36	62	36	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	356	476	386	21	27	21	27	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	406	497	406	23	27	23	27	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	12	8	11	69	17	69	18	119	160	69	81	58	51
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	30	12	26	86	27	92	31	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	5	1	22	..	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	14	3	64	25	64	33	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	14	8	11	22	7	37	9	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	..	1	..	50	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	9	12	9	17	75	17	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	5	8	50	62	50	62	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	40	31	36	55	33	57	36	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	8	1	25	..	25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	17	22	15	17	18	17	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	7	6	5	..	14	..	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	40	30	43	28	31	28	31	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	4	6	50	50	50	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	205	171	163	36	31	40	33	119	166	69	81	58	49
..	27	63	19	9	89	11	63	1,549	678	1,169	36	75	5
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	..	3	..	40	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	10	5	9	33	40	40	44	210	204	..	13	..	4
..	2	6	2	22	..	33	..	111	2,873	90	5	81	..
..	21	2	20	20	26	50	27	86	662	22	400	27	76
..	19	12	17	42	47	42	53	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	75	90	61	49	49	64	49	19,773	12,449	5,540	4,348	28	35
..	1	2	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	2	3	..	33	..	33	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	173	192	144	33	43	43	50	21,729	17,167	6,930	4,948	32	29

STATEMENT

Serial number.	LAW.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
37a	323	Hurt	..	174	..	24	..	356
38	324	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	1	3	..	50	2	6
39	341 to 344..	Wrongful restraint and confinement	21	19	28	21	26	13
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	22	196	27	24	27	374
		Class V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
41a	425, 430	Mischief	..	7	..	20	..	8
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking ..	88	124	6	4	9	31
43	379 to 382	Theft .. { Of cattle	49	40	61	46	74	49
		{ Ordinary	456	602	37	32	567	546
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	33	25	30	30	37	19
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	74	80	53	46	135	86
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	34	44	24	23	51	61
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	730	912	20	20	873	819
		Class VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C.P.C..	Vagrancy and bad character	4	9	75	11	24	20
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	1	2	..	..	14	3
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Provinces	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	1	..	100	..	4	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws..	1	..	100	..	2	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	1	..	..	..	2	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 288, 289, 291 to 294, Section 21 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	9	20	56	75	19	20
58		Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	9	17	67	89	12	22
		Total..	26	49	69	61	76	65
		Grand Total..	1,199	1,626	25	20	1,919	2,044

KALADGI—

B—*continued.*

Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
Number of persons received by transfer	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
94	95	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
—concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	366	..	363	..	17	..	17	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	2	8	..	25	..	25	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	12	24	12	33	42	33	42	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	376	26	373	20	18	21	18	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	..	8	..	62	..	62	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	31	8	28	56	19	62	21	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	49	69	46	62	65	67	69	905	726	809	552	89	76
..	566	511	498	51	46	57	52	19,321	18,733	5,145	6,017	27	36
..	19	36	19	35	53	36	53	1,798	2,148	1,443	1,730	80	80
..	58	112	85	38	53	46	53	840	2,000	542	1,825	65	76
..	61	46	61	18	21	19	21	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	819	784	746	48	45	53	50	22,864	21,616	7,938	9,824	35	45
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	20	24	14	17	5	17	7	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	14	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	4	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	30	11	20	45	75	45	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	32	12	23	59	91	59	91	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	65	60	50	32	55	33	61	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2,044	1,790	1,909	41	35	41	36	44,712	38,949	14,943	14,813	33	38

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4.	5	6	7	8	9
	CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*							
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	2	..	..	..	2	..
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.	7	4	43	..	8	15
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	1	..	..	..	1
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ..	1	1	100	100	1	1
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	1	3	..	100	13	18
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	11	9	36	43	25	35
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*							
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poisoning	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	8	2	33	100	12	3
13	307	Attempt at murder	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	4	50	75	2	5
15	376	Rape	2	2	..	..	2	2
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	1	..	..	2	1
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	4	7	100	100	4	7
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ..	3	6	67	50	3	5
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	2	4	50	75	2	4
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	2	4	100	75	14	13
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	11	11	73	64	23	12
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	1	..	..	..	6	..
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	1	1	..	..	..	1
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	..	..	..	3	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	5	10	80	60	6	17
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	37	53	62	67	67	70
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property* [illegible] *against Property only.*							
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	3	2	33	50	5	77
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. { By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
		{ By other means ..	..	1	..	100	..	3
33	392, 398	Robbery .. .. { In dwelling-houses ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		{ On the highway, between sunrise and sunset ..	1	2	100	..	4	..
		{ Other robberies ..	5	4	60	67	17	5
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	7	2	29	100	12	3
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	65	29	35	33	41	14
36	449 to 452	House trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	1	2	..	100	10	3
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	82	36	38	35	89	103

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a.	95	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
ARA.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	15	6	4	27	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	7	1	1	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	13	16	..	39	..	39	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	36	23	23	16	23	17	35	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	2	2	50	67	50	100	40	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	2	5	50	60	50	60	..	60	..	60	..	100
..	2	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	7	4	7	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	2	4	67	60	100	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	2	4	50	75	50	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	14	10	21	69	21	90	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	11	15	9	36	58	53	78	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	17	5	16	33	53	100	56	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	79	51	56	37	61	49	57	40	60	..	60	..	100
..	77	5	6	100	3	100	67	1,961	5,900	42	3,369	2	56
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	..	2	..	100	..	100	..	1	..	1	..	100
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	4	3	100	..	100	..	13	135	11	..	100	..
..	2	7	1	50	50	66	100	612	2	518	2	85	100
..	14	26	13	73	79	88	85	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	..	2	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	103	68	52	56	22	54	32	2,484	5,935	571	3,372	23	55

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and	
							Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

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Class IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*

37a	323	Hurt	..	265	..	34	..	299
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	23	5	43	25	43	7
40	336,337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	1	3	100	100	1	3
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total...	24	273	46	57	44	309

Class V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*

41a	428, 429	Mischief	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking ..	2	6	50	67	2	4
43	379 to 382	Theft .. .. { Of cattle	6	10	83	75	7	18
		{ Ordinary	445	453	57	79	544	512
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	15	31	40	37	14	39
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	91	76	78	70	153	140
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	14	13	42	78	24	28
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total...	563	589	60	76	764	741

Class VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*

48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX. C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	1	..	100	..	1	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws	82	44	87	91	96	75
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	1	..	100	..	1	..
57	269,277,279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	98	77	87	93	119	106
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	1	..	..	..	1	..
		Total....	183	121	86	92	218	181
		Grand Total....	970	1,080	61	65	1,207	1,689

B—*continued.*

Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	699	..	358	..	30	..	41	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	7	27	5	33	14	52	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	1	3	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	809	38	366	34	30	54	42	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	1	3	50	50	100	67	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	18	8	8	88	33	100	75	192	192	191	192	100	100
..	512	472	468	61	73	73	80	17,397	24,595	8,165	13,681	47	55
..	39	11	29	29	36	36	34	...	2,565	..	1,733	..	67
..	140	127	114	63	54	76	66	3,020	3,712	2,632	3,745	80	99
..	28	9	25	25	33	67	92	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	741	626	647	60	66	78	75	20,608	31,124	11,048	19,131	54	61
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	75	95	75	77	91	78	91	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	106	109	106	84	87	92	87	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	181	207	181	81	88	85	88	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,639	983	1,303	60	53	73	67	23,132	37,132	11,619	22,463	50	60

STATEMENT

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Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
37a	323	Hurt	..	265	..	34	..	499
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	23	5	43	25	43	7
40	336,337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	1	3	100	100	1	3
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total...	24	273	46	57	44	509
		Class V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
41a	428, 429	Mischief	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking	2	6	50	67	2	4
43	379 to 382	Theft { Of cattle	6	10	83	75	7	18
		Theft { Ordinary	445	453	57	79	584	512
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	15	31	40	37	14	39
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	81	76	78	70	153	140
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	14	13	43	93	24	28
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total...	563	589	60	76	764	741
		Class VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX. C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	1	..	100	..	1	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws	83	44	87	91	96	75
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	1	..	100	..	1	..
57	269,277,279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	98	77	87	98	119	106
58	..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	1	..	..	..	1	..
		Total....	183	121	86	92	218	181
		Grand Total....	870	1,080	61	65	1,307	1,689

B—*continued.*

Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
—concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	459	..	358	..	30	..	41	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	70	20	5	33	14	52	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	1	3	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	509	26	366	34	30	54	42	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	4	3	50	50	100	67	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	16	6	8	38	33	100	75	192	192	191	192	100	100
..	512	472	468	61	73	73	90	17,397	24,595	8,165	13,884	47	55
..	39	11	29	29	28	36	24	..	2,565	..	1,733	..	67
..	140	127	114	63	54	70	66	3,020	3,772	2,892	3,725	99	99
..	28	9	25	25	52	67	92	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	741	626	647	60	66	79	75	20,608	31,124	11,048	19,134	54	61
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	75	95	75	77	91	78	91	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	106	109	106	84	97	92	97	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	181	207	181	81	88	85	88	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,439	963	1,303	60	53	73	67	20,132	37,132	11,619	19,468	58	68

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115,117 to 119,I.P.Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136. 136	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	15	19	27	74	28	30
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	2	..	50	..	2
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	10	11	90	82	12	20
5	143 to 153, 157 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	41	31	37	39	257	215
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ..	1	2	100	50	1	2
		Total...	67	65	43	53	308	274
		Class II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8		Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	1	..	100	..	18	..
10	302, 303, 396	,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poison	1	3	100	67	2	5
12		Other murders	12	10	42	60	31	21
13	307	Attempt at murder	4	2	25	50	6	6
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	9	6	44	50	18	15
15	376..	Rape	16	9	25	..	20	13
16	377	Unnatural offences	2	1	50	..	2	1
17	317, 319	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	4	1	50	..	4	..
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ..	12	16	17	36	10	17
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	53	24	53	54	113	52
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ..	8	3	13	..	14	2
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	4	4	25	50	5	7
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	6	6	50	50	10	12
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	8	7	37	29	8	12
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	2	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373..	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	2	2	..	..	2	2
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353,854, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	25	19	48	42	49	51
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	2	..	..	..	8
		Total...	169	117	41	49	309	212
		Class III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*						
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	14	20	36	60	74	104
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	..	1	..	..	..	7
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt { By other means	1	2	100	100	3	7
33	392, 393	Robbery { In dwelling house	20	6	10	17	40	11
		Robbery { On the highway, between sunrise and sunset ..	10	17	20	29	30	42
		Robbery { Other robberies	35	43	8	16	46	77
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	33	47	12	9	46	69
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	154	131	36	36	157	170

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
	Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874		1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	95		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
NA.									Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	30		18	26	25	50	29	58						
..	2		..	2	..	50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	30		11	30	92	90	100	90	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	215		198	192	32	31	43	34	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2		1	2	..	50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	279		228	252	33	39	45	44	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		18	..	22	..	22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5		2	5	50	40	50	40	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	21		29	20	45	38	48	40	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6		8	3	17	50	33	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	15		15	12	61	20	73	25	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13		17	11	40	..	47	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1		2	..	50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		3	..	50	..	67	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	17		4	15	20	35	50	46	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	40		99	35	52	43	50	43	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2		9	3	14	..	33	..	27	..	27	..	100	..
..	7		5	7	40	43	40	43	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	12		9	9	60	33	67	44	..	..	..	..	..	..
9.	12		6	10	50	17	80	20	..	64	..	17	..	27
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2		2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	51		27	50	35	25	63	36	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	312		240	181	43	31	53	36	27	64	27	17	100	27
..	104		53	80	27	47	36	61	3,560	4,394	138	826	4	19
..	7		..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	7		3	4	100	43	100	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	11		22	8	13	27	23	38	4,011	375	2,195	14	55	4
..	42		25	39	17	19	20	21	252	1,669	124	1,270	49	76
..	77		17	44	13	23	25	41	4,530	3,329	2,852	2,541	65	76
..	69		26	56	20	16	32	19	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	170		147	142	36	29	36	47	6,538	36,380	2,152	23,379	33	64

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
								POONA
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	2	1	50	..	6	..
3 7	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	2	3	..	67	13	8
		Total....	274	277	27	29	414	495
		Class IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
37a	323..	Hurt	..	766	..	16	..	1,564
38	334..	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	48	14	2	71	206	28
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	51	57	14	4	104	111
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	..	2	..	50	..	2
41	374..	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total.. ..	137	839	7	16	312	1,705
		Class V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
41a	428, 429	Mischief	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking ..	10	26	30	15	10	24
43	379 to 382	Theft .. { Of cattle	118	71	30	45	144	83
		{ Ordinary	1,424	962	26	37	1,290	1,140
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	197	220	13	8	232	261
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	107	96	69	68	166	176
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	245	274	17	20	393	482
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total.. ..	2,101	1,653	26	33	2,235	2,166
		Class VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	1	..	100	..	9
49	Chapter XIX., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	2	10	50	90	2	14
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	3	..	33	..	13
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Provinces	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ..	6	3	67	100	98	53
52		Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		Salt and Customs Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		Stage Carriage Act	15	21	73	100	19	13
56		Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	166	126	89	82	224	175
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	38	74	85	91	130	106
		Total....	277	228	86	86	473	353
		Grand Total....	3,025	3,178	32	32	4,050	5,240

B—*continued.*

p rcentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of propert y recovered.			
Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
94	95	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
—concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	6	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	13	7	..	88	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	496	314	289	27	34	35	43	19,191	46,357	7,258	28,030	38	60
..	1,586	..	1,431	..	12	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	23	206	26	1	72	1	72	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	111	69	66	16	4	27	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	..	2	..	50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
.	1,706	271	1,527	6	13	7	15	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	21	10	14	40	79	40	80	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	83	97	76	39	60	58	67	4,054	2,716	3,708	2,486	91	91
..	1,740	966	893	41	43	55	55	85,852	65,371	45,349	37,050	53	56
..	241	99	56	13	8	33	33	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	175	150	166	47	56	52	60	881	1,820	701	1,059	80	58
..	432	306	270	18	14	24	18	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2,166	1,014	1,604	34	34	48	46	90,687	70,407	49,758	40,575	55	58
..	9	..	9	..	78	..	78	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	14	2	14	50	93	50	93	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	..	13	..	62	..	62	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	93	98	83	68	91	68	91	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	18	13	61	77	61	77	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	175	221	170	88	83	90	86	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	168	180	168	84	93	84	96	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	383	469	375	82	88	82	88	..	..	..	..	..	..
.	5,240	3,145	4,228	38	31	48	38	1,90,996	116,824	57,943	68,622	53	59

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*							
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	12	..	42	..	21	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice ..	6	3	100	100	7	3
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	15	26	40	23	105	208
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier ..	6	1	100	100	3	1
		Total ..	36	32	56	34	136	212
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*							
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poison	..	1	..	100	..	3
12		Other murders	..	4	..	75	..	10
13	307	Attempt at murder	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	2	100	50	2	2
15	376	Rape	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	1	3	100	33	1	3
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ..	11	3	36	33	12	3
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	1	..	100	..	2	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	8	4	62	25	17	2
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	1	..	..	..	2	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	2	2	50	100	5	2
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	12	4	41	50	15	6
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	1	..	100	..	1	..
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	..	100	..	1	..
27	371 ..	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	4	1	25	100	5	2
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	1	..	100	..	1	..
		Total ..	45	24	51	54	64	33
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*							
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	1	2	..	50	17	16
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs / By other means } ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	392, 393	Robbery { In dwelling house / On the highway between sunrise and sunset / Other robberies } ..	2	..	..	..	2	..
			1	1	100	100	1	1
			3	2	67	50	3	1
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	26	12	73	17	33	12
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	37	29	41	72	36	31
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	2	1	50	..	2	3
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	72	47	53	55	94	64

RATNA

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial. Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
GIRI.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	21	..	24	..	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	7	3	86	100	86	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	208	105	153	31	25	31	34	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	3	1	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	212	136	157	35	26	35	26	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	..	2	..	33	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	10	..	8	..	50	..	50	..	8	..	8	..	100
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	2	2	100	50	100	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	1	2	100	33	100	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	3	2	33	33	50	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	15	1	47	50	53	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	5	2	40	100	40	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	15	6	33	50	33	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	3	2	20	100	33	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	33	54	29	44	52	52	59	..	8	..	8	..	100
..	16	1	16	..	44	..	44	3,398	1,317	864	..	26	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	3	..	100	..
..	1	1	1	100	100	100	100	..	19	..	10	..	100
..	1	3	1	67	100	67	100	19	7	13	7	68	100
..	12	30	11	58	17	63	18	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	31	33	29	61	67	67	93	16,432	1,946	4,979	1,360	77	69
..	3	2	1	50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	64	72	59	46	50	63	64	9,742	3,360	5,859	1,377	60	43

STATEMENT

RATNAGIRI

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of Persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
37a	323	Hurt	..	344	..	18	..	625
38	324	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	7	2	71	100	10	2
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	11	16	27	37	25	26
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	2	..	50	..	3	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	20	362	45	20	38	653
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
41a	428, 429	Mischief	..	3	..	..	..	11
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking ..	11	2	64	..	11	..
43	379 to 382	Theft .. .. { Of cattle	28	14	39	43	47	24
		{ Ordinary	377	378	51	53	899	845
44	406 to 409	Criminal breach of trust	23	13	22	15	24	11
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	37	16	79	88	56	30
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	79	57	23	16	166	58
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	1	..	100	..	1
		Total ..	550	384	47	46	903	466
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C.P.C. ..	Vagrancy and bad character	2	2	100	100	2	3
50	295 to 297	Offences against Religion	1	1	100	100	2	1
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Provinces	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws	5	15	100	93	9	16
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	3	..	67	..	7	..
57	269, 277, 278, 280, 283, 285 to 288, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	49	37	79	89	63	40
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	2	1	100	100	2	1
		Total ..	62	56	81	91	86	61
		Grand Total ..	785	906	51	39	1,321	1,491

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer	Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial. Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	625	..	479	..	15	..	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	1	2	50	100	71	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	26	25	26	16	8	16	8	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	3	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	653	35	507	32	15	34	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	11	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	11	..	100	..	100	..	362	10	92	..	25	..
..	24	35	24	28	38	37	38	378	253	378	253	100	100
..	345	525	332	48	58	55	60	6,614	3,071	5,033	2,113	76	69
..	11	19	10	17	16	21	20	93	50	93	50	100	100
..	20	56	20	61	75	61	75	101	49	92	49	91	100
..	56	142	50	13	20	15	22	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	468	788	448	41	61	47	53	7,548	3,433	5,688	2,465	75	72
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	3	3	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	2	1	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	16	9	16	78	88	78	88	14	..	14	..	100	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	86	..	86	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	49	59	49	71	80	76	80	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	2	1	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	61	82	61	76	84	79	84	14	..	14	..	100	..
..	1,491	1,167	1,261	43	34	49	48	17,334	6,721	11,561	3,850	67	57

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	5	6	40	66	5	8
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	..	1	..	..	..	1
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	8	5	62½	75	7	4
5	143 to 148, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	15	23	67	36	118	167
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	3	1	67	100	9	1
		Total.	31	36	61	50	138	181
		Class II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	2	1	100	..	5	..
11		,, Poison	1	5	100	60	2	10
12		Other murders	12	9	67	71	24	44
13	307	Attempts at murder	4	7	25	50	6	8
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	1	1	..	100	2	1
15	376	Rape	15	12	33	33	24	20
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	1	..	..	..	1
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	7	4	17	100	7	6
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	8	9	62	77	8	9
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	1	..	..	..	13
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	32	37	62	50	72	77
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	5	3	20	50	3	3
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	3	2	..	100	3	15
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	10	18	50	58	15	26
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	4	5	40	20	5	5
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	3	6	67	66	3	9
29	336	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	1	..	..	..	1
		Total ..	108	123	49	54	190	248
		Class III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*						
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	7	5	57	60	66	19
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
		{ By other means	3	1	50	..	2	1
33	392, 393	Robbery .. .. { In dwelling house	5	..	20	..	4	..
		{ On the highway, between sunrise and sunset ..	3	2	33	..	6	4
		{ Other robberies	11	16	27	37	16	25
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	84	96	8	12	98	94
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	67	93	31	50	90	104
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	..	6	..	16	..	6
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	1	..	100	..	4	..
		Total ..	180	218	23	63	286	253

B —*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.							Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
ARA.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	4	6	40	50	50	66	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	7	3	100	75	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	167	89	164	42	34	61	34	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	3	1	67	100	67	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	181	94	175	45	35	64	37	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	5	..	80	..	80	..	132	24	8	..	6	..
..	10	2	7	50	40	50	57	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	44	19	34	63	29	79	38	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	4	6	17	50	25	66	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	3	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	20	16	16	17	20	25	25	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	4	6	14	33	25	33	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	9	6	7	62	77	83	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	13	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	77	63	68	68	49	78	55	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	9	7	1	13	33	14	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	15	8	14	..	66	..	71	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	26	14	34	38	69	36	75	8	..	8	..	100	..
..	5	4	4	80	50	100	25	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	9	3	9	67	55	67	55	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	348	168	199	48	44	58	55	140	24	16	..	11	..
..	19	64	19	48	68	47	68	3,297	2,874	416	2,803	13	97
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	2	1	50	..	50	..	1	21	1	21	100	100
..	..	6	..	25	..	25	..	214	..	104	..	49	..
..	4	6	4	17	..	17	..	67	154	..	..	..	..
..	25	11	24	37	44	55	45	230	174	110	127	48	73
..	94	67	7	17	28	25	28	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	104	66	100	44	67	61	71	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6	..	6	..	16	..	16	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	4	..	75	..	75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	253	224	227	35	40	44	51	3,809	3,223	631	2,961	17	91

STATEMENT

SATARA

Serial Number.	LAW.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
37a	323	Hurt	..	312	..	11	..	699
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	37	4	36	100	61	12
39	341 to 343..	Wrongful restraint and confinement	38	31	21	29	52	59
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	..	4	..	75	..	5
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	75	351	30	22	113	775
		Class V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
41a	428, 429	Mischief	..	20	..	40	..	20
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking ..	11	30	64	33	12	26
43	379 to 382	Theft .. { Of cattle	68	83	61	53	108	112
		{ Ordinary	968	862	44	47	1,041	1,073
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	30	13	43	38	38	14
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	50	40	72	70	68	68
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	203	214	22	28	268	317
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	1	..	100	..	1	..
		Total..	1,331	1,162	42	44	1,536	1,630
		Class VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C.P.C..	Vagrancy and bad character	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	1	..	..	..	4
51	Cognisable offences under the Act in force in the Province	Cognisable offences under the Gambling Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	21	86	67	84	26	100
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognisable by Police.	15	..	73	..	16	..
		Total..	36	87	69	84	42	104
		Grand Total..	1,758	2,276	41	39	2,320	3,191

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
- concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	669	..	484	..	24	..	34	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	12	42	12	39	41	57	41	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	59	38	47	21	26	29	36	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	..	3	..	60	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	775	80	546	31	24	44	35	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	20	..	20	..	40	..	40	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	26	12	22	67	57	67	68	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	112	98	89	50	54	55	63	1,368	1,492	1,157	1,488	85	78
..	1,073	868	952	60	64	72	72	51,686	49,156	25,084	24,195	48	49
..	14	37	14	68	35	70	35	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	68	64	58	69	79	73	93	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	317	164	223	27	30	46	43	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,630	1,249	1,378	54	57	67	67	53,054	51,050	26,241	25,683	49	50
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	100	19	100	69	78	95	78	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	16	..	69	..	69	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	104	35	104	69	78	83	78	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3,191	1,840	3,190	50	46	63	56	57,063	54,297	26,988	28,844	47	53

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes.	6	2	17	50	4	3
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	..	..	..	2	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ..	4	6	75	67	4	6
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	5	6	60	50	34	57
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ..	1	..	100	..	1	..
		Total..	17	14	47	37	45	66
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8		Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		" Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	302, 303, 396	" Robbers	..	1	..	..	..	1
11		" Poison	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	11	9	55	100	20	10
13	307	Attempt at murder	1	2	..	..	2	2
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	1	..	100	..	1	..
15	376	Rape	4	6	..	..	3	7
16	377	Unnatural offences	2	1	50	100	2	2
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	6	9	33	11	5	2
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ..	3	3	25	67	3	3
19	329, 331, 338	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	13	19	31	37	47	40
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	2	..	50	..	5	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	1	4	..	75	2	7
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	5	3	50	67	3	5
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	3	2	67	50	7	1
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine....	13	16	69	45	20	15
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	69	75	36	44	139	95
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property or against Property only.*						
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	5	6	20	60	35	39
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. { By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
		{ By other means ..	4	3	..	100	13	6
33	392, 393	Robbery .. .. { In dwelling-house ..	6	8	50	33	7	1
		{ On the highway, between sunrise and sunset ..	5	1	40	100	3	1
		{ Other robberies ..	9	6	33	33	14	10
34	279, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	9	17	11	35	14	33

MENT B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	90	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
PUR.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	3	3	2	25	33	33	50	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	6	3	6	75	83	100	83	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	37	34	31	47	34	47	37	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	46	43	50	47	30	49	34	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	100
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	..	20	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	10	18	10	29	100	29	100	51	105	51	105	100	100
..	2	5	1	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	7	2	6	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	2	2	2	50	100	50	100	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	2	5	2	50	50	50	50	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	3	7	3	25	67	20	67	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	40	44	35	15	55	16	63	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	5	..	40	..	40	..	17	....	17	....	100	..
..	7	3	7	..	66	..	66	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	3	6	3	62	40	62	67	..	6	..	....	..	..
..	1	7	1	43	100	43	100	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	15	17	10	10	33	13	33	8	....	8	....	100	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	96	129	86	24	53	27	60	76	131	76	126	100	96
4	43	31	42	23	55	20	57	96	560	45	214	47	40
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	6	11	6	..	83	..	83	953	928	779	777	81	84
..	1	4	1	67	100	100	100	57	94	14	30	25	32
..	1	2	1	67	100	100	100	106	1	45	1	42	100
..	10	13	4	14	30	15	75	48	106	45	22	94	20
..	21	13	16	7	24	8	50	..	....	..	....	..	..

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and	
							Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
								SHOLAPUR—
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	90	81	33	30	67	70
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	2	..	50	..	2	..
37	413, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total...	137	115	34	34	166	149
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
37	323..	Hurt	..	193	..	50	..	355
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	5	..	60	..	12
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	11	21	27	19	17	25
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374..	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total...	11	218	27	50	17	304
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
41a	425, 429	Mischief, simple	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking ..	19	13	19	23	2	10
43	379 to 382	Theft ... { Of cattle .. .. / Ordinary	102	54	46	56	125	68
			391	431	43	46	515	426
44	406 to 409	Criminal breach of trust	18	18	11	25	12	14
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	13	16	69	75	60	63
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	169	50	24	30	293	68
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total...	908	580	39	46	1,107	649
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C. P. Code	Vagrancy and bad character	2	..	100	..	2	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	2	..	50	..	4	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Provinces.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act..	1	..	..	..	6	..
52		——Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	...	..
53		——Railway Laws	...	..	..	..	..	..
54		——Salt and Customs Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 278, 280, 283, 285 to 288, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	179	130	76	93	189	133
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total.. ..	184	130	76	93	201	138
		Grand Total...	1,391	1,132	43	52	1,689	1,484

B—*concluded.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
8a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	70	71	65	52	50	65	63	11,663	6,396	3,077	3,050	26	48
..	..	2	..	50	..	50	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	...	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
4	153	134	135	37	34	46	61	13,924	8,167	3,906	4,194	31	51
..	365	..	341	..	46	..	47	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	12	..	12	..	33	..	33	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	25	12	25	16	20	25	20	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	302	12	378	16	44	26	45	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	10	2	10	50	50	50	50	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	68	100	66	66	63	70	64	2,861	1,165	2,498	1,071	87	92
..	426	533	396	69	61	69	68	17,077	6,371	10,800	2,142	63	49
..	14	7	12	17	36	29	58	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	63	56	63	57	43	63	44	116	466	116	466	100	100
..	66	264	66	23	38	23	38	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	649	971	605	46	56	55	60	20,054	8,024	13,404	4,701	67	59
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	2	..	100	..	100	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	4	..	50	..	50	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	133	100	133	75	92	75	92	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	133	100	133	75	92	75	92	..	....	..	....	..	..
4	1,488	1,479	1,295	60	55	54	58	33,054	16,332	17,479	9,980	53	56

STAT E

Thuggee and Dacoity, administration of Poisonous or Stupefying

Description of Crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in Cases in Columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
BEL											
Thuggee .. { By strangulation ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
{ By poison	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land	..	9	3	5	283	13	13	7	6	..	270
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) without murder.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, *viz* :—											
Kidnapping	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cattle theft	..	24	24	..	38	34	34	24	10	..	4
DHAR											
Thugee .. { By strangulation ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
{ By poison.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land	9	..	..	5	130	45	17	8	9	..	95
Dacoity on water ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) without murder.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, *viz* :—											
Kidnapping	2	..	1	..	3	3	3	3	..	..	..
Cattle theft	26	7	7	5	164	136	106	105	1	..	28
KAL											
Thuggee .. { By strangulation ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
{ By poison	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) without murder.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, *viz* :—											
Kidnapping	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cattle theft	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

MEMT C.

Drugs for Criminal purposes, and other Professional Crimes.

COMPARATIVE RETURN.															Remarks.
Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			
1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	
12			14			15			16			17			18
GAUM.															
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	42	..	..	32	..	..	7	..	..	24,171	..	..	409	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	96	..	..	78	..	..	52	..	..	2,262	..	..	1,163	
WAR.															
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11	32	4	..	17	..	..	8	..	617	1,363	743	..	34	4	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
5	5	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	396	..	..	10	..	..	
83	35	50	57	21	45	47	18	45	1,173	1,103	227	1,350	941	167	
AGDL.															
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	29	..	..	29	..	..	7	..	..	393	..	..	84	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	

Columns 2 to 12 show the number, &c., of dacoities considered professional.
Columns 13 to 18 show the number of persons arrested and property lost in all cases of dacoity and cattle theft.
The columns regarding previous years are left blank according to the returns of those years.

STATEMENT

Description of Crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in Cases in Columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Thuggee .. { By strangulation .. / By poison.	.. / ..	.. / ..	.. / ..	.. / ..	.. / ..	.. / ..	.. / ..	.. / ..	.. / ..	.. / ..	.. / ..
Dacoity on land ..	4	18	20	..	104	104*	80	49	31	..	..
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—							6				
(a) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(b) without murder.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, viz :—		..									
Kidnapping	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cattle theft	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

P00

C—*concluded.*

COMPARATIVE RETURN.															Remarks.
Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			
1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	
13			14			15			16			17			18
NA.															
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
36	71	104	36	53	80	6	20	49	1,752	3,560	4,394	98	135	626	* 24 of these were released by the order of the Magistrate without being sent to trial.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	

STATE

Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection

DISTRICT.	PART Additional Police collected for the											
	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 5 to 8.		Total Cost under Columns 9 and 10.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
											Rs. a. p.
Ahmednagar ..	....	...	....	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
Belgaum ..	Yellama Hills in Parasgad Taluka.	4 days..	80,000	..	..	4	18	..	....	..	..
Dharwar ..	Yemnur ..	5 days from 6th to 11th March 1874.	30,000	..	..	5	21	..	28 Shetsandis from the adjacent villages.	..	..
Kaládgi	.....	..	....	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
Kanara	....	..	....	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
Poona	Alandi	11 days..	[52,800	..	..	..	..	3	38	..	134
Ratnágiri ..	....	..	....	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
Satara	....	..	....	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
Sholapur ..	Pandharpur. Ashadi. ..	10 days..	1,20,000	2	7	2	18	..	....	..	..
	Kartiki..	10 days..	60,000	2	7	2	18	..	....	..	..
			Total..	4	14	13	75	3	63	..	134

MENT D.

of Persons and Property, or quartered as a punitiv.

I. Protection of Persons and Property.				PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						
Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of Cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks.
Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				Rs.			
..	..	..	..	.. ..	..	..	....	..	....	
..	..	..	..	1 Murgod ..	1	9	99	1 year ..	17	Established from 1st April 1874.
				1 Deshnur ..	1	4	58	1 year ..	5	Established from 1st March 1874.
				1 Kurle ..	1	3	40	1 year ..	1	
1	..	69 11 6	69 11 6	1 Betigeri* ..	1	5	57	2 years..	....	* This Post was sanctioned for 1 year from 1st January 1874, but the conduct of the villagers not having improved, a further sanction for another year was granted.
				1 Arlikati† ..	..	2	20	1 year ..	....	† This post was withdrawn from 1st August 1874.
..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	....	
..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	....	
				1 Walmanwadi ..	..	2	18	1 year ..	....	Established from 1st September 1874 for one year.
2	2	26 0 0	26 0 0	1 Bhiwara ..	..	3	26	1 year ..	....	
				1 Nanowda ..	..	1	9	1 year ..	....	
				1 Jambori ..	..	2	18	1 year ..	....	
				1 Walha ..	1	4	48	1 year ..	....	Do. do.
..	..	..	..	1 Harchari ..	1	3	42	1 year ..	1	Established from 1st October 1874 for one year.
..	..	..	..	1 Neria ..	..	2	22	4 years..	15	Established on 1st June 1871. The general effect of this post has not been as good as might have been expected, seeing that crimes are still continued in the village.
7	7	55 0 0	55 0 0	.. ..	..	..	....	..	....	
1	..	1 0 0	1 0 0	....	..	..	....	..	....	
11	9	150 11 6	160 11 6	13	6	60	457	..	....	

STATE

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution,

District	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.									Cost of								
	Commissioner of Police, Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.						Strength of Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and Travelling Allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 2) and Pay and Travelling Allowance of their Establishments.	Total Pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Column 3.) (4)	Other Expenses of Column 3.		Total Pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4 and 5.) (5)	Total Pay of Constables of all Classes (6, 7, and 8).	Horses and Travelling Allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns 11, 13, and 14.	Average Pay of	
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards (1).	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100 (1).	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling Allowances of District and Assistant Superintendents.	Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments. (3)				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.
2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
										Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmednagar ..	..	1	2	104	26	469	..	2	26	..	11,400	2,400	2,124	31,124	54,444	1,920	920	6,504
Belgaum ..	..	1	1	115	9	543	..	..	..	..	12,000	2,400	2,064	28,956	54,186	1,500	858	6,655
Dharwar ..	..	1	2	129	28	599	..	4	39	..	10,200	2,400	2,544	33,564	62,700	2,280	798	7,732
Kaládgi ..	..	1	1	109	27	517	..	..	..	..	7,200	2,400	2,064	27,948	57,192	1,260	795	6,300
Kanara ..	..	1	2	114	..	580	..	..	..	..	11,400	2,400	2,124	30,240	64,080	1,800	..	7,610
Poona ..	..	2	2	182	25	834	..	1	61	..	13,488	2,902	2,504	48,384	1,02,332	2,160	890	11,648
Ratnágiri ..	..	1	2	123	..	639	..	..	..	..	7,200	2,400	2,064	33,084	60,756	2,040	..	7,820
Satara ..	..	1	2	196	18	821	..	..	..	..	12,600	2,304	2,804	49,104	86,512	2,280	619	10,684
Sholapur ..	..	1	1	88	25	892	..	..	8	..	8,400	2,400	1,200	28,016	45,336	1,020	450	5,239
Total ..	1	10	15	1,151	148	5,894	..	9	122	4,917	96,288	21,906	20,492	3,08,520	5,89,537	16,260	4,710	71,106

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay.

(2) Column 12 includes local and personal, but

(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowance.

(5) Columns 34 to 37. A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants.

(7) Columns 36 and 37, one policeman to so many of the population.

The total of Column 11, Rs. 4,917, has been

MENT E.

and Employment of Police.

Police.				Distribution of Forces.								Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	Proportion of Police (Officers and Men).					
				In District.						On Town, Municipal, or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.			To Area (6).			To Population (7).		
				Guards at District, Centre, or Subsidiary Jails.		Guards over Lock-up and Treasuries, or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasuries.		On other Duties.											
Contingencies and all Expenses other than included in Columns 11 to 17.	Total cost.	Payable from Imperial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.					Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (6).	of Towns (6).	Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (6).	Of Towns (6).
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.																
6,460	1,09,973	1,06,600	3,372	..	...	7	42	68	363	79	26	6,647	7,73,936	1 to10·59	1to 11	9 to 1	1 to 1233·36	1 to 1299·22	1 to 739·69
4,534	1,05,629	1,05,629	..	..	..	14	80	83	308	77	16	4,581	9,26,750	1 to 6·87	1 to 8·20	10 to 1	1 to 1403·21	1 to 1412·99	1 to 1315·16
4,049	1,23,737	49,201	4,536	..	..	11	72	105	525	69	..	4,564	9,52,037	1 to 5·75	1 to 6·10	10 to 1	1 to 1345·95	1 to 1345·53	1 to 1251·86
4,186	1,02,350	1,02,350	..	5	83	16	96	89	415	..	..	5,695	3,16,037	1 to 8·09	1 to 8·18	10 to 1	1 to 1245·86	1 to 1267·01	1 to 713·45
3,536	1,17,570	1,17,570	...	4	18	18	120	86	379	70	...	4,235	3,96,406	1 to 6·06	1 to 7	8 to 1	1 to 871·60	1 to 847·93	1 to 865·15
7,208	1,88,156	1,74,072	6,084	..	..	11	61	106	516	376	1335	5,099	9,07,225	1 to 4·60	1 to 6·70	10 to 1	1 to 819·54	1 to 852·42	1 to 391·49
10,017	1,17,561	1,17,561	..	3	17	16	112	102	471	44	...	2,789	10,18,136	1 to 4·26	1 to 5	9 to 1	1 to 1232·20	1 to 1348·50	1 to 1106·76
5,793	1,89,497	1,89,137	360	4	19	15	97	137	637	118	...	5,370	11,16,656	1 to 5·18	1 to 6	8 to 1	1 to 1075·19	1 to 1121 25	1 to 691·58
2,366	84,240	83,924	316	..	..	11	53	86	347	96	243	2,925	6,62,996	1 to 8	1 to 8·11	10 to 1	1 to 1468·08	1 to 1463·27	1 to 774·20
53,619	11,85,629	10,90,961	14,668	16	87	119	732	974	3961	533	201	48,923	87,20,673	1 to 9·43	1 to 7·17	10 to 1	1 to 1113·79	1 to 1110·32	1 to 736·07

not travelling allowances. (5) Columns 14 includes the cost of all enrolled Officers and Men employed on Office duties.

(6) Columns 34 and 35, i.e., in Districts, one policeman to so many square miles; in Towns so many policemen to one square m

* 10 Vacancies. † 3 Vacancies.

added to the totals of Columns 21 and 22.

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own Departmental Officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, 348, Penal Code.		Under Chapter 9 of Penal Code.		Other Offences	
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire-arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Ahmednagar	109	518	365	31	331	2	20	9	24	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2
Belgaum	116	552	357	27	384	1	14	23	18	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Dharwar *	126	666	451	32	309	2	40	33	89	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	6
Kaládgi †	110	544	406	28	220	2	36	29	62	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kanara ‡	116	580	404	26	266	3	16	17	52	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3
Poona	185	920	454	43	608	3	27	63	109	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	6
Ratnágiri	125	639	456	34	274	..	..	7	9	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..
Satara	198	889	476	44	517	1	7	9	65	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
Sholapur	89	400	312	24	253	..	1	7	45	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	6
Grand Total..	1,174	5,658	3,321	289	3,162	14	161	195	473	..	9	..	..	..	2	4	29

NOTE.—This Statement does not refer to Assistant District

* 10 Vacancies.
† 3 Vacancies.
‡ 2 Vacancies.

MENT F.

General Internal Management of the Force.

Rewards.		Education.				Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	Number who have left the Force during the year.							Percentage in hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.
Number of Police rewarded during the year.		Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.					On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (Columns 7 and 8).	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.		
By promotion.	By money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.												
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
..	22	69	212	18	46	51	164	412	1	4	5	22	..	..	2	5	0·30
12	8	35	60	29	245	84	277	357	..	7	2	15	..	..	7	3	1·00
2	..	62	118	12	167	76	409	297	3	18	13	42	..	..	8	17	1·01
80	..	39	210	6	114	38	316	205	..	..	4	38	..	..	2	45	0·30
18	28	108	140	5	69	88	332	274	..	6	14	19	10	..	15	14	2·15
..	26	90	190	5	72	79	548	478	1	8	21	30	15	2	3	18	0·19
9	25	56	235	..	102	24	132	618	13	1	1	..	..	..	10	14	1·30
32	1	148	263	5	91	20	332	665	10	4	2	8	..	..	7	12	0·67
20	1	60	155	10	30	8	271	210	1	1	1	1	..	..	5	19	1·00
143	117	650	1,583	90	956	418	2,773	3,626	28	44	63	175	25	2	59	16	0·88

* Superintendents or Officers of higher rank.

STATE

Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection

PART

DISTRICT.	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 5 to 8.		Total Cost under Columns 9 and 10.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
											Rs. a. p.
Ahmednagar ..	....	...	....	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
Belgaum ..	Yellama Hills in Parasgad Taluka.	4 days..	60,000	..	..	4	18	..	....	..	..
Dharwar ..	Yemnur ..	5 days from 6th to 11th March 1874.	30,000	.	..	5	21	..	29 Shetsandis from the adjacent villages.	..	..
Kaládgi	.....	..	....	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
Kanara	....	..	....	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
Poona	Alandi	11 days..	[52,000	..	..	..	..	3	36	..	134
Ratnágiri ..	....	..	....	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
Satara	....	..	....	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
Sholapur ..	Pandharpur. Ashadi. ..	10 days..	1,20,000	2	7	2	18	..	....	..	..
	Pandharpur. Kartiki...	10 days..	60,000	2	7	2	18	..	....	..	..
			Total..	4	14	13	75	3	62	..	134

MENT D.

of Persons and Property, or quartered as a punitive

1. Protection of Persons and Property.				PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						
Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of Cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	REMARKS.
Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				Rs.			
..	..	..	..	.. ..	..	..	....	..	....	
..	..	..	..	1 Murgod ..	1	9	90	1 year ..	17	Established from 1st April 1874.
				1 Deshnur ..	1	4	58	1 year ..	5	Established from 1st March 1874.
				1 Kurle ..	1	8	40	1 year ..	1	
1	..	60 11 6	60 11 6	1 Betigeri* ..	1	5	67	2 years..	....	* This Post was sanctioned for 1 year from 1st January 1874, but the conduct of the villagers not having improved, a further sanction for another year was granted.
				1 Arlikati† ..	..	2	20	1 year ..	....	† This post was withdrawn from 1st August 1874.
..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	....	
..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	....	
				1 Walmanwadi ..	..	2	19	1 year ..	....	Established from 1st September 1874 for one year.
				1 Bhiwara ..	..	3	26	1 year ..	....	
				1 Nanowda ..	..	1	9	1 year ..	....	
2	2	25 0 0	25 0 0	1 Jamburi ..	..	2	18	1 year ..	....	
				1 Walhe ..	1	4	48	1 year ..	....	Do. do.
..	..	..	..	1 Harchari ..	1	3	42	1 year ..	1	Established from 1st October 1874 for one year.
..	..	..	..	1 Harle ..	..	2	12	4 years..	15	Established on 1st June 1871. The general effect of this post has not been as good as might have been expected, seeing that crimes are still continued in the village.
7	7	55 0 0	55 0 0	....	..	..	....	..	....	
1	..	1 0 0	1 0 0	....	..	..	....	..	....	
11	9	150 11 6	150 11 6	12	6	40	457	..	....	

STATE

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution,

District	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.									Cost of								
	Commissioner of Police, Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.						Strength of Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and Travelling Allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 3) and Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments.	Total Pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Column 3.) (2)	Other Expenses of Column 3.		Total Pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4, 5, and 6.) (4)	Total Pay of Constables of all Classes (6, 7, and 8).	Horses and Travelling Allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns 11, 13, and 14.	Average Pay of	
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards (1).	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100 (1).	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling Allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments. (3)				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
										Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmednagar ..	..	1	2	104	26	469	..	2	25	..	11,400	2,400	2,124	31,224	54,444	1,920	250	6,504
Belgaum ..	..	1	1	115	9	543	..	..	..	..	12,000	2,400	2,064	28,956	54,186	1,500	265	6,655
Dharwar[5] ..	..	1	2	120	28	509	..	4	20	..	10,200	2,400	2,544	33,564	65,700	2,280	790	7,732
Kaládgi ..	..	1	1	109	27	517	..	..	..	..	7,200	2,400	2,064	27,948	57,192	1,260	790	6,300
Kanara† ..	..	1	2	214	..	580	..	..	..	..	11,400	2,400	2,124	30,240	61,980	1,800	..	7,610
Poona ..	..	2	2	182	25	834	..	2	61	..	13,488	2,992	3,564	48,364	1,92,332	2,160	990	11,646
Ratnágiri ..	..	1	2	123	..	639	..	..	..	..	7,200	2,400	2,064	33,084	60,756	2,040	..	7,820
Satara ..	..	1	2	196	13	821	..	..	..	..	12,600	2,204	2,604	49,104	86,512	2,280	610	10,668
Sholapur ..	..	1	1	88	15	892	..	..	8	..	8,400	2,400	1,200	28,016	45,336	1,020	450	5,239
Total ..	1	10	15	1,151	148	5,384	..	8	128	4,917	93,288	21,996	20,292	3,05,520	5,89,537	16,260	4,710	71,108

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay.

(2) Column 12 includes local and personal, but

(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowance.

(5) Columns 34 to 37. A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants.

(7) Columns 36 and 37, one policeman to so many of the population.

The total of Column 11, Rs. 4,917, has been

MENT E.

and Employment of Police.

Police.				Distribution of Forces.								Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	Proportion of Police (Officers and Men).					
				In District.										To Area (6).			To Population (7).		
Contingencies and all Expenses other than included in Columns 11 to 17.	Total cost.	Payable from Imperial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Guards at District, Centre, or Subsidiary Jails.		Guards over Lock-up and Treasuries, or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasuries.		On other Duties.		On Town, Municipal, or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.			Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (5).	of Towns (5).	Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (5).	Of Towns (5).
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.										
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.																
6,460	1,09,971	1,06,600	3,372	..	..	7	62	86	368	79	26	6,647	7,73,926	1 to 10·59	1 to 11	9 to 1	1 to 1333·38	1 to 1299·22	1 to 739·69
4,536	1,05,629	1,05,629	..	..	..	14	80	82	398	77	16	4,591	9,35,750	1 to 6·87	1 to 8·20	to 1	1 to 1408·21	1 to 1412·90	1 to 1218·16
4,048	1,28,737	40,201	4,536	..	..	11	72	105	385	60	..	4,564	9,98,037	1 to 5·75	1 to 6	16 to 1	1 to 1246·95	1 to 1245·53	1 to 1251·86
4,286	1,01,350	1,01,350	..	5	38	16	96	89	415	..	..	5,695	8,16,037	1 to 9·09	1 to 8	18 to 1	1 to 1245·86	1 to 1287·01	1 to 713·45
8,525	1,17,570	1,17,570	..	4	18	18	120	96	379	70	..	4,235	3,96,405	1 to 9·66	1 to 7	3 to 1	1 to 871·60	1 to 847·93	1 to 956·15
7,200	1,60,136	1,74,972	6,084	..	..	11	61	166	516	370	1325	6,000	8,97,235	1 to 8·69	1 to 6·70	to 1	1 to 819·54	1 to 832·43	1 to 391·69
10,017	1,17,561	1,17,561	..	3	17	16	112	169	471	44	..	3,789	10,19,126	1 to 4·96	1 to 5	9 to 1	1 to 1332·20	1 to 1346·50	1 to 1108·76
5,733	1,89,697	1,89,137	360	4	19	15	97	137	637	119	..	5,379	11,16,650	1 to 5·18	1 to 6	8 to 1	1 to 1075·19	1 to 1121·35	1 to 661·58
2,500	84,340	83,924	316	..	..	11	53	86	347	99	..	2423,925	6,69,866	1 to 8	1 to 8·11	to 1	1 to 1358·08	1 to 1483·97	1 to 774·30
83,619	11,05,629	10,90,961	14,668	16	87	119	733	874	3961	833	201	48,923	67,20,673	1 to 6·42	1 to 7·17	to 1	1 to 1113·79	1 to 1110·33	1 to 726·07

ost travelling allowances. (3) Columns 14 includes the cost of all enrolled Officers and Men employed on Office duties.

(6) Columns 34 and 35, i.e., in Districts, one policeman to so many square miles; in Towns so many policemen to one square m

* 10 Vacancies. † 2 Vacancies.

added to the totals of Columns 21 and 22.

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own Departmental Officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, 348, Penal Code.		Under Chapter 9 of Penal Code.		Other Offences	
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire-arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Ahmednagar	109	518	365	31	331	2	20	8	24	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2
Belgaum	116	553	257	27	384	1	14	22	18	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Dharwar *	126	666	451	39	309	2	40	33	89	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	6
Kaládgi †	110	544	406	28	220	2	26	29	62	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kanara ‡	116	580	404	26	266	2	16	17	52	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3
Poona	185	920	454	43	608	3	27	63	109	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	5
Ratnágiri	125	639	456	24	274	..	..	7	9	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..
Satara	108	539	476	44	517	1	7	9	65	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
Sholapur	89	400	212	24	253	..	1	7	45	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	6
Grand Total..	1,174	5,659	3,331	289	3,162	14	161	195	473	..	9	..	..	..	2	4	29

NOTE.—This Statement does not refer to Assistant District

* 10 Vacancies.
† 3 Vacancies.
‡ 2 Vacancies.

MENT F.

General Internal Management of the Force.

Rewards.		Education.							Number who have left the Force during the year.								
Number of Police rewarded during the year.		Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.		Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (Columns 7 and 8).	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Percentage in hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the
By promotion.	By money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.												
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
..	22	69	212	18	46	51	164	412	1	4	5	23	..	..	2	5	0·2
12	8	35	60	30	245	34	277	357	..	7	2	15	..	..	7	3	1·0
2	..	62	118	13	157	76	409	297	3	18	13	42	..	..	8	17	1·0
30	..	32	210	6	114	38	318	295	..	..	4	38	..	..	2	45	0·3
18	28	108	140	5	60	88	352	274	..	6	14	19	10	..	15	14	2·1
..	26	90	190	5	72	79	546	478	1	3	21	20	15	2	3	18	0·1
9	25	56	235	..	102	24	122	618	12	1	1	..	..	..	10	14	1·2
32	1	146	268	5	91	20	332	695	19	4	2	8	..	..	7	12	0·6
20	5	60	155	30	30	8	271	210	1	1	1	1	..	..	5	13	1·0
143	117	630	1,383	90	964	418	2,773	3,626	36	44	63	175	25	2	80	16	0·8

Superintendents or Officers of higher rank.

STATE

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste

District.	Race.												Off			
	Europeans.					Eurasians.			Natives.						Hin	
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	District or Assistant Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Goorkhas.	Bellchs.
	Military or Covenanted, Civil.	Uncovenanted.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.		On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.			On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.								
1	2	3	4		5	6	7		8	9	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Ahmednagar	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	1	106	517	3	23	7	..	..	..
Belgaum	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	115	552	1	40	13	7	..	..
Dharwar	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	124	666	1	64	10	11	..	..
Kaládgi	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	109	544	3	47	14	7	..	..
Kanara	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	114	580	7	42	15	1	..	..
Poona	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	4	..	1	180	916	6	44	16	..	..	..
Ratnágiri	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	138	639	3	12	11	..	..	..
Satara	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	196	859	1	51	26	6	..	..
Sholapur	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	86	400	2	27	4	14	..	..
Total....	8	2	2	..	..	..	2	4	5	..	11	1,165	5,653	25	350	116	43	..	..

MENT G.

of Officers and Men employed in the Police,

RELIGION OR CASTE.																		
cers.						Men.												
doos.				Other Religions.		Hindoos.								Other Religions.		Grand Total Officers and Men.	REMARKS.	
Marathas.	Lingayets.	Purboos or Sanoys.	Hindus of all other Castes.	Parsees and Jews.	Jains.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Goorkhas.	Sikhs.	Marathas.	Lingayets.	Purboos or Sanoys.	Hindus of all other Castes.	Parsees and Jews.	Jains.		
18	19	20	21	23	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
..	5	..	20	2	..	1	175	19	..	..	..	..	19	..	313	..	..	629	
20	3	..	16	..	1	1	224	19	14	..	..	237	15	..	41	..	1	669	
23	..	..	6	..	..	2	311	30	26	..	..	222	9	4	43	..	..	783	10 vacancies.
24	1	..	7	..	..	1	315	19	23	..	..	115	6	..	62	..	..	852	3 vacancies.
31	1	..	19	..	..	25	254	29	2	..	..	170	..	..	90	..	..	895	2 vacancies.
112	..	..	8	1	..	4	173	31	..	..	1	616	..	..	105	1	..	1,197	..
54	..	1	45	..	..	3	43	11	..	..	..	360	..	..	222	..	..	745	
107	..	3	2	1	..	1	340	6	24	..	..	528	6	1	24	1	..	1,038	
26	1	3	6	2	1	1	178	10	40	..	..	196	1	1	36	..	2	490	
426	11	7	151	6	2	39	1,907	164	151	..	1	2,396	44	6	983	2	3	6,927	

STATE

PART II.—NON-

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police and Magisterial Opera

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE. Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c. &c.*				AHMED
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	....	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	.....	....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	....	.....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228	Offences against public justice ..	148	232	105	124
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants	5	5	2	3
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	21	33	21	11
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	13	26	21	8
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	26	32	2	30
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	....	.....	....	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	5	39	17	22
		Total..	221	366	168	195
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	1	2	....	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	1	2	....	.....
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	1	1	1	.....
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	323	Hurt	396	926	849	76
14	345	Wrongful confinement	....	.....	....	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	168	341	313	29
		Total..	564	1,267	1,162	105
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	34	38	28	10
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	44	69	44	25
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	1	1	....	1
19	426, 427, 429, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	119	303	267	36
		Total..	198	411	339	72
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	27	39	34	4
21	298	Offences against religion	....	.....	....	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service.	....	.....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	4	10	8	2
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	144	262	222	40
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	5	18	13	6
26	.. .. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII. C. P. C.	1	1	1	.....
27	.. .. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police.	101	178	114	64
		Total..	282	508	391	116
		Grand Total..	1,247	2,555	2,061	488

MENT A.

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

tions in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property stolen.

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
9	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
NAGAR.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	2	6	6	2	4	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	17	17	5	13	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	2	26	25	8	17	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	4	7	6	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	3	.....	3	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	8	11	7	4	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	1	2	6	5	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	5	5	.....	5	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	5	5	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	1	11	19	13	7	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	6	44	65	37	30	.....	.....	..

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE			
			Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*				
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Subsetantive abetments	....	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	.....	....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	....	.....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 238.	Offences against public justice ..	21	32	18	13
4	161 to 169, 217 to 228 ..	Offences by public servants	7	3	....	3
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	11	12	3	1
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	2	1	1	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	3	2	....	2
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	....	.....	....	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	5	56	....	56
		Total..	48	106	27	75
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	3	4	2	2
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	3	4	2	2
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	1	3	1	2
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	323	Hurt	299	683	527	156
14	345	Wrongful confinement	....	.....	....	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	45	84	64	20
		Total..	337	767	591	176
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	9	10	5	4
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	13	12	6	6
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2	2	....	2
19	426, 427, 429, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	61	119	93	25
		Total..	85	143	104	37
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	11	10	6	4
21	298	Offences against religion	1	1	1	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service.	....	.....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	8	4	4	.....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	10	9	5	4
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 289, 290.	Public and local nuisances	35	44	8	36
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C.	8	25	7	18
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognisableby Police...	120	156	86	70
		Total..	183	249	117	132
		Grand Total..	661	1,273	843	424

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
GAUM.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	1	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	4	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	2	2	1	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	2	2	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	4	3	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	.....	1	9 0 0	9 0 0	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	1	2	2	.....	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	2	3	3	.....	3	9 0 0	9 0 0	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	5	5	.....	5	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	2	2	1	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	8	8	2	6	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	6	15	16	5	11	9 0 0	9 0 0	..

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE			
			Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*				
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	....	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	.....	....	.....
2	187	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	....	.....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice ..	21	32	18	13
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants	7	3	....	3
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 220, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	11	12	5	1
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	1	1	1	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	2	2	....	2
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	....	.....	....	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	5	56	....	56
		Total..	48	106	27	75
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	2	4	2	2
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	2	4	2	2
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	1	3	1	2
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	323	Hurt	299	683	527	156
14	345	Wrongful confinement	....	.....	....	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	45	84	64	20
		Total..	337	767	591	176
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	9	10	5	4
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	12	12	6	6
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2	2	....	2
19	426, 427, 429, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	61	119	93	25
		Total..	85	143	104	37
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	11	10	6	4
21	298	Offences against religion	1	1	1	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	....	.....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	8	4	4	.....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	10	9	5	4
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	35	44	8	36
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C.	8	25	7	18
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognisableby Police..	120	156	86	70
		Total..	188	249	117	133
		Grand Total..	661	1,373	842	424

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
GAUM.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	....	..	....	....	....	....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	1	1	1	....	1	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	2	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	4	1	1	....	1	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	2	2	1	1	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	1	2	2	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	3	4	3	1	....	....	..
.....	....	1	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	1	1	....	1	9 0 0	9 0 0	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	1	2	2	....	2	....	....	..
.....	....	2	3	3	....	3	9 0 0	9 0 0	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	1	1	1	.....	....	....	..
.....	....	..	5	5	....	5	....	....	..
.....	....	..	3	2	1	1	....	....	..
.....	....	..	8	8	2	6	....	....	..
.....	.....	6	15	16	5	11	9 0 0	9 0 0	..

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE. Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						DHAR
	CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*					
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	....	.....	...	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	.....	...	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	...	.....	...	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 221, 228.	Offences against public justice ..	8	6	1	5
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants	2	2	1	1
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 220, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	1	1	...	1
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	3	3	3	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	9	10	5	5
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks ..	...	.....	....	.....
9	142, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	...	.....	...	.....
		Total..	18	22	10	12
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*					
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	3	1	1	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	...	.....	...	.....
		Total..	3	1	1	.....
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*					
12	384 to 389	Extortion	....	.....	....	.....
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*					
13	323	Hurt	6	14	12	2
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	.....	...	.....
15	352, 353, 358	Criminal force	2	9	8	1
		Total..	8	23	20	3
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*					
16	417 to 420	Cheating	5	5	5	.....
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property.	14	67	12	55
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2	2	1	1
19	426, 427, 429, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	11	12	11	1
		Total..	32	86	29	57
	CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*					
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	3	7	7	.....
21	298	Offences against religion	1	7	7	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contracts of service.	....	.....	...	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	....	.....	...	.....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	1	3	2	1
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	1	2	2	.....
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C. ..	....	.....	...	.....
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police.	4	14	7	7
		Total..	10	33	25	8
		Grand Total..	71	165	85	80

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
WAR.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	28	45	10	35	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	10	4	6	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	17	17	1	13	.....	.....	3
.....	.....	..	3	4	3	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	6	.....	6	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	54	83	18	62	.....	.....	3
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	255	622	504	118	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	20	38	36	3	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	275	660	539	121	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	4	6	2	4	.....	.....	..
173 0 0	157 0 0	..	18	27	13	12	.....	.....	2
44 0 0	20 0 0	..	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	45	101	55	46	.....	.....	..
217 0 0	177 0 0	..	63	135	70	63	.....	.....	2
.....	.....	..	2	2	1	.....	.....	.....	1
.....	.....	..	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	271	514	407	57	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	8	9	.....	9	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	21	26	14	12	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	47	93	29	56	.....	.....	3
.....	.....	..	370	645	501	135	.....	.....	2
217 0 0	177 0 0	..	763	1,534	1,129	389	.....	.....	14

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE.			
			Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*					
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice ..	88	111	34	77
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants	13	24	14	10
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	35	49	28	20
6	465 to 477	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents	8	10	1	8
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	2	3	2	1
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Total..	146	197	79	116
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*					
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	3	2	2	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Total..	3	2	2	.....
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*					
12	384 to 389	Extortion	4	5	1	4
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*					
13	323	Hurt	88	193	146	47
14	345	Wrongful confinement	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	358	740	649	87
		Total..	446	933	795	134
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*					
16	417 to 420	Cheating	9	14	11	1
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	24	48	18	30
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2	2	.....	2
19	426, 427, 429, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	61	136	113	23
		Total..	96	200	142	56
	CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*					
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	17	22	19	2
21	298	Offences against religion	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	4	5	4	.....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	221	491	421	70
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	20	26	6	20
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C. ..	2	2	.....	2
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police..	50	88	60	28
		Total..	314	634	509	122
		Grand Total..	1,009	1,971	1,528	432

A—continued.

CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
ADGI.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	1	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	1	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
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.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	2	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	4	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	4	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
64 0 0	.....	2	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
190 0 0	190 0 0	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
274 0 0	190 0 0	2	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	2	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	1	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	..	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
.....	.....	3	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..
274 0 0	190 0 0	11	....	....	....	.....	....	....	..

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE. Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		KAN				
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*				
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	..	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	..	.....	....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	..	.....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice ..	..	.....	....	.....
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants ..	1	1	....	1
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	..	.....	....	.....
6	465 to 477	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents	..	.....	....	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	..	.....	....	.....
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	..	.....	....	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	..	.....	....	.....
		Total..	1	1	....	1
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	.....	....	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	..	.....	....	.....
		Total..	..	.....	....	.....
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	..	.....	....	.....
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	323	Hurt	3	6	2	4
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	.....	....	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	2	2	1	1
		Total .	5	8	3	5
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	..	.....	....	.....
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	4	4	1	3
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	.....	....	.....
19	426, 427, 429, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	4	4	3	1
		Total...	8	8	4	4
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	1	3	3	.....
21	298	Offences against religion	..	.....	....	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	.....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	..	.....	....	.....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	..	.....	....	.....
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	..	.....	....	.....
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C.	..	.....	....	.....
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police	1	5	2	.....
		Total..	2	5	5	.....
		Grand Total .	16	23	12	10

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
ARA.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	.....	..	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	24	31	13	19	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	7	9	2	7	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	9	10	9	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	2	4	3	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	5	.....	5	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	44	60	26	35	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	2	2	.....	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	2	2	.....	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	4	10	10	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	132	391	240	81	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	109	209	150	89	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	241	600	390	110	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	16	23	16	7	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	17	26	17	9	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	3	.....	3	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	70	173	130	43	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	106	225	163	62	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	5	1	4	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	17	22	13	9	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	8	13	4	8	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	60	125	68	57	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	90	166	88	78	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	487	963	676	287	.....	.....	..

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE

Serial Number	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE. Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*				
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Subsidiary abetments	...	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	...	.....	...	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	....	.....	...	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 218 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice	76	159	97	61
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	2	6	4	2
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	18	24	18	6
6	465 to 477	Forgery, or fraudulently used forged documents	8	18	16	2
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	3	4	3	1
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	...	.....	...	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	8	30	11	28
		Total	115	250	149	100
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	1	2	1	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	.....	...	.....
		Total	1	1	1	.....
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	2	2	...	2
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	323	Hurt	910	1,589	1,338	171
14	345	Wrongful confinement	22	38	38	.....
15	352, 355, 360	Criminal force	498	909	783	216
		Total	1,178	2,396	2,209	387
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	73	114	101	12
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	29	41	16	25
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2	4	4	.....
19	426, 427, 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	275	583	524	54
		Total	379	747	645	101
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	78	127	125	2
21	298	Offences against religion	1	1	1	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	1	1	....	1
23	500 to 502	Defamation	80	179	159	20
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	230	579	526	53
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	31	59	4	55
26		Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C.	5	9	1	8
27		Special laws not cognizable by Police	249	352	147	205
		Total	675	1,307	981	344
		Grand Total	2,300	4,903	3,965	934

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
NA.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	2	6	3	3	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	1	3	7	4	3	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	1	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	1	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	19	20	3	18	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	2	19	20	3	18	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	4	24	29	7	22	.....	.....	..

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE			
			Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*				
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	....	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	.....	....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	....	.....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice ..	42	61	13	48
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants	4	6	5	1
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	14	17	9	8
6	465 to 471	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	1	1	1	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	....	.....	....	.....
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	....	.....	....	.....
9	143, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	61	85	28	57
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	....	.....	....	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	....	.....	....	.....
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	....	.....	....	.....
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	323	Hurt	456	1,053	837	126
14	345	Wrongful confinement	3	3	2	1
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	36	58	46	12
		Total..	495	1,114	975	139
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	12	18	16	1
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	24	51	31	20
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	....	.....	....	.....
19	426, 427, 429, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	100	212	177	34
		Total..	136	281	223	55
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	6	9	5	3
21	298	Offences against religion	....	.....	....	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	....	.....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	1	2	2	.....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	14	24	10	8
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisance	3	15	14	2
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C.	5	6	2	0
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police	129	270	174	96
		Total..	158	327	313	114
		Grand Total..	850	1,807	1,439	366

RATNA

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
GIRI.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE. Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						SAT
	CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*					
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	....	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 506	Offences against the State	....	.....	....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	....	.....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 229.	Offences against public justice ..	3	3	1	2
4	161 to 168, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants	....	.....	....	.....
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 228, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	....	.....	....	.....
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	....	.....	....	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	1	1	.....	1
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks ..	....	.....	....	.....
9	143, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	4	4	1	3
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*					
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	1	4	....	4
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	1	4	....	4
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*					
12	384 to 389	Extortion	....	.....	....	.....
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*					
13	323	Hurt	10	20	10	19
14	342	Wrongful confinement	....	.....	....	.....
15	352, 356, 358	Criminal force	8	12	8	4
		Total..	18	41	18	23
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*					
16	417 to 420	Cheating	3	3	3	.....
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property.	13	15	2	13
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2	2	....	2
19	426, 427, 430, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	10	16	5	11
		Total..	27	36	10	26
	CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*					
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	2	3	1	2
21	295	Offences against religion	....	.....	....	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service.	....	.....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	1	1	....	1
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	8	15	2	13
25	211 to 278, 279, 284, 287, 283, 290.	Public and local nuisances	1	1	....	1
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C. ..	....	.....	....	.....
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police.	1	1	....	1
		Total..	13	21	3	18
		Grand Total..	56	106	32	74

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
9	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
AKA.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	99	119	34	86	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	6	9	6	6	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	15	16	3	13	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	8	10	3	7	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	3	2	2	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	3	.....	3	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	123	157	44	113	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	3	1	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	3	1	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	907	1,851	1,533	318	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	48	77	29	48	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	955	1,929	1,562	366	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	10	10	6	4	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	28	37	14	23	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	5	6	5	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	168	373	325	53	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	211	431	350	81	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	5	7	6	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	14	24	21	3	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	21	30	3	27	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	30	66	42	24	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	84	148	91	56	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1,375	2,698	2,070	627	.....	.....	..

STATEMENT

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	POLICE. Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*				SHOL
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. Code.	Substantive abetments	....	.....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	.....	....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by master of ship	....	.....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 238.	Offences against public justice ..	2	8	2	6
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants	....	.....	....	.....
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	....	.....	....	.....
6	465 to 477	Forgery, or fraudulently using forged documents	2	12	1	11
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	3	5	2	3
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks ..	....	.....	....	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	5	14	....	14
		Total..	14	39	5	34
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	....	.....	....	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	....	.....	....	.....
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	1	1	....	1
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*				
13	323	Hurt	....	....	....	.....
14	345	Wrongful confinement	....	.....	....	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	....	.....	....	.....
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	3	5	2	3
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	4	13	2	11
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	....	.....	....	.....
19	426, 427, 428, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	7	18	5	13
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	....	.....	....	.....
21	298	Offences against religion	....	.....	....	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	....	.....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	....	.....	....	.....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	....	.....	....	.....
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	3	3	....	3
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C. ..	....	.....	....	.....
27	.. ..	Special Laws not cognizable by Police..	....	.....	....	.....
		Total..	3	3	....	3
		Grand Total..	25	61	10	51

A—*concluded.*

CRIME—*concluded.*

			MAGISTERIAL.						
Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.	Number of cases in which Police were not employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.	Number of persons pending at end of the year.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
APUR.									
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	24	49	13	35	.....	.....	1
.....	.....	..	8	8	7	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	7	12	6	6	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	39	69	26	42	.....	.....	1
.....	.....	..	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	..
73 0 0	73 0 0	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	222	578	450	128	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	141	332	300	32	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	363	910	750	160	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	7	7	2	5	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	12	20	7	13	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	2	2	1	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	80	166	126	42	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	71	197	136	61	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	10	16	9	7	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	5	6	4	2	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	11	11	.....	11	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	61	62	16	46	.....	.....	..
.....	.....	..	96	96	29	67	.....	.....	..
72 0 0	72 0 0	..	561	1,273	941	331	.....	.....	1

J. E. OLIPHANT,
Acting Police Commissioner, Southern Divison.

No. 991 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT,

FROM

COLONEL SIR W. L. MEREWETHER, K.C.S.I. and C.B.,

Commissioner in Sind,

To

HIS EXCELLENCY THE HONOURABLE

SIR PHILIP EDMOND WODEHOUSE, K.C.B.,

Governor and President in Council, Bombay.

Commissioner's Office,

Kurrachee, 9th August 1875.

HONOURABLE SIR,

I have the honour to submit herewith the Annual Police Report of 1874 for this Province, with the original Reports of each of the Superintendents.

2. The total number of cases reported to have been committed during the year was 9,072 against 8,359 in the preceding year. In 5,579 cases convictions were obtained; while in the former year convictions were obtained in 4,533.

3. The number of persons arrested was 10,878 against 9,978 in 1873, and of these 10,141 were actually put on trial, and 7,299 finally convicted, to 9,150 put on trial and 6,292 finally convicted in 1873.

4. Rs. 1,59,153-0-11 worth of property was stolen and Rs. 1,01,291-3-2 worth was recovered against Rs. 2,42,905 stolen and Rs. 1,56,766 recovered in the former year.

5. There were, therefore, 713 more cases reported, 1,046 more convictions obtained, 900 more arrests, 991 more persons put on trial, and 1,007 more persons finally convicted in the year under report than in 1873.

6. The property stolen in 1873 was Rs. 83,752, in excess of that stolen in 1874, and that recovered was also in excess by Rs. 55,475.

7. The percentages obtained in the two last years compare favourably for the year under review. Thus the percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided has risen from 54 to 73 in 1874; the percentage of persons convicted to those arrested has risen from 62·16 to 64, and that of persons convicted to those brought to trial has risen from 68·17 to 71. In the recovery of stolen property alone, the percentage has slightly fallen from 64·5 to 64.

8. I consider that these figures are most creditable, and show a marked and steady progress in the management and conduct of the police during the year. In the report which I submitted to your Excellency last year, a decided improvement was observable in the statistics of crime and its detection; while here again I have the pleasure to report a still further advance in the same direction.

9. In non-cognizable crime there has been a serious increase during the year. The police were employed in 6,735 cases, the number of persons arrested was 16,745, the number acquitted 13,352, and the number of those convicted 3,358.

10. The Superintendent of the Kurrachee District reports in his 20th paragraph that during 1874, 28 Kafillahs passed through the district, having with them 4,902 camels laden with merchandize, 100 horses and 190 donkeys, and not a single complaint of robbery was made. This is very different from the long list of outrages on Kafillahs given by Captain Wise's predecessor in his Annual Report of 1873 dated 29th March 1874. The cessation of these frontier outrages is, to some extent, attributable to the recent visit of the Wazzeer of His Highness the Khan of Kelat, as also to the arrangements he made, and to the presence of the new border police force stationed along the boundary line, and as this body becomes more experienced and expert, I have no doubt the cattle-lifting alluded to as being prevalent by the Superintendent will ultimately die out also.

I have the honour to be,

Honourable Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

P.S.—Government Resolution No. 4254, dated 24th ultimo, was received after the Superintendent's Reports had been reviewed by me, and could not therefore be acted on. The instructions therein contained will be observed in preparing the returns for 1875.

W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

From the Commissioner in Sind, No. 991, dated 9th August 1875,—Submits the Annual Police Report for 1874 with the Reports of the District Officers.

STATE

PART I.—COGNIZ

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in the

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES.							PER				
			Reported to have been committed during the year, and resolved by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated.			Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.		Number arrested.				
					By Police *suo motu*.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 155 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.			Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (Columns 7 and 8.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10c	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	2	..	2	..	..	..	1	...	..	..	14	..
1	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 267 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes ..	8	..	7	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	2	1
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	11	1	11	1	..	8	1	3	..	3	15	1
4	224 to 226 ...	Other offences against public justice	46	5	43	3	..	36	6	3	..	3	49	3
5	143 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	34	..	16	7	1	14	..	..	..	..	127	73
6	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..
		Total..	94	6	87	11	2	65	5	6	..	6	216	85
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder by Thugs..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poisons	5	..	5	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	11	..
12		Other murders	39	1	30	..	..	12	10	..	..	..	39	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	4	..	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	10	..	10	..	..	4	2	2	..	2	17	..
15	376	Rape	11	..	11	..	..	2	1	1	..	1	13	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	13	..	13	..	..	4	2	1	..	1	16	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	18	..	17	1	..	11	1	1	..	1	21	1
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	40	..	36	4	..	19	3	3	..	3	37	7
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	4	..	4	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	4	..
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	73	..	71	2	..	33	7	7	..	7	141	6
24	363 to 369... ...	Kidnapping or abduction	7	..	7	..	..	2	1	..	2	2	10	..
25	340 to 348... ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servants or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	82	3	70	5	..	40	5	2	..	2	143	9
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	..	..
30	304 A	Causing death by rash or negligent act	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Total..	299	3	290	12	..	137	32	21	2	23	481	23

MENT A.

ABLE CRIME.

Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen in Sind.

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted, (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	10	2	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	3	7	2	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	14	4	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	7	43	6	..	32	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	....	....
..	25	181	55	..	26	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	49	249	98	..	151	..	..	2	5	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	11	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	3	25	5	..	13	..	..	..	2	9	1	1	188 0 0	41 8 0
..	1	15	6	..	6	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	....	....
..	1	11	3	..	6	..	..	..	..	3	1	1	14 8 0	14 0 0
..	4	11	3	..	6	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	....	....
..	1	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	5	17	5	..	12	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	13	47	22	..	25	..	..	..	4	9	..	..	....	....
..	1	3	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	16	122	98	..	64	..	..	..	16	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	9	3	1	4	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	28 4 0	19 4 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
2	22	115	52	..	63	..	..	..	14	..	2	2	504 4 0	504 4 0
..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
3	69	398	174	1	199	..	..	..	37	19	5	5	733 0 0	579 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 143 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Criminals 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*											
31	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt .. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt .. — By other means ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
34	392, 398	Robbery .. — In dwelling house ..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
		Robbery .. — On the highway, between sunset and sunrise	9	..	9	..	..	3	..	4	..	4	12	..
		Robbery .. — Other robberies ..	10	1	11	..	..	5	1	..	..	..	16	..
35	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences	29	...	31	1	..	5	2	2	..	2	36	1
36	454, 456, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	961	5	966	..	..	312	8	27	3	30	760	9
37	449 to 452 ..	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	26	..	26	..	..	15	..	1	..	1	33	..
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	1,031	6	1,036	1	..	341	11	34	3	37	863	4
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
39	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
40	341 to 344 ..	Wrongful restraint and confinement	7	..	6	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	17	1
41	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..
42	374	Compulsory labour	257	..	126	67	58	107	2	..	..	..	227	336
42a	323	Hurt	2	..	7	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	1
		Total ..	269	..	133	68	58	111	2	1	..	1	246	337
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	248	..	247	1	..	59	3	2	..	2	122	1
		Theft .. — Of cattle	1,119	10	1,113	17	..	705	25	79	5	78	1,900	30
44	379 to 382 ..	Theft .. — Ordinary	2,477	10	2,471	15	1	1,228	26	35	11	16	2,435	35
		Theft .. — Ordinary	67	2	59	10	..	28	2	3	..	3	71	19
45	406 to 408 ..	Criminal breach of trust	106	2	106	1	..	60	4	6	4	9	169	3
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property ..	143	..	141	7	..	95	..	4	..	4	173	11
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48	461, 462	Breaking close receptacles ..	11	..	7	4	..	2	1	..	..	..	7	7
48a	428, 429	Mischief, simple												
		Total ..	4,176	24	4,144	55	1	2,171	61	123	19	142	4,876	106

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

PERSONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*i.e.* died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	...	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	...	.....	.....
...	..	...	..	..	...	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	104 0 0	102 0 0
..	..	5	..	3	...	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	145 0 0	123 0 0
..	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	115 0 0	15 0 0
..	4	13	6	2	5	..	..	..	..	..	8	6	697 0 0	214 0 0
..	3	11	2	..	6	..	..	..	..	2	10	9	110 8 0	98 8 0
..	7	33	27	..	6	..	..	..	3	3	—	..	.....	.....
2	146	651	176	7	403	..	3	..	13	..	172	412	39,949 15 0	17,883 10 11
..	2	32	15	1	15	..	...	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
2	159	745	227	13	605	...	3	..	14	4	793	490	41,017 7 9	18,531 2 11
..	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	3	15	6	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	1	..	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	101	460	208	...	167	..	..	..	2	..	...	..	.....	.....
..	104	478	213	..	165	..	..	..	2	..	..	...	.....	.....
2	30	96	22	1	63	..	..	..	6	..	103	37	4,151 0 0	945 0 0
51	542	1,562	506	1	995	..	..	..	80	3	1,926	1,273	68,292 11 9	68 1.7 2 5
10	358	1,1 x	617	..	1,552	1	4	..	84	10	2,468	1,720	40,819 11 7	22,075 7 5
..	14	77	42	..	33	..	..	..	1	3	67	35	2,044 1 3	1,110 11 8
..	24	147	69	..	76	..	..	..	6	...	77	77	1,504 15 9	1,292 10 9
..	29	165	57	..	108	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	12	9	..	3	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	600 0 0	.....
64	794	4,147	1,282	2	2,562	1	4	..	100	15	4,644	3,242	1,17,402 9 2	82,181 0 3

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 143 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 4, to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases from Columns 6 to 8 in which conviction was obtained.	PERSONS. Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
49	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	Chapter XXXVIII. C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	27	..	23	4	..	18	1	1	..	1	87	4
51	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act..	38	..	38	..	..	36	..	..	..	..	124	..
53		——— Excise Laws..	17	..	17	..	..	10	2	1	..	1	21	..
54		——— Railway Laws	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
55		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stage Carriage Act.. ..	125	..	125	..	..	86	..	..	..	..	137	..
57		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or local laws..	Public and local nuisances	2,881	..	2,879	2	..	2,362	34	12	..	12	3,673	5
59	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police..	124	1	114	11	..	113	..	6	..	6	133	25
		Total..	3,213	1	3,197	17	..	2,615	28	20	..	20	4,176	34
		Grand Total..	9,072	40	8,887	164	61	5,440	139	204	24	228	10,878	539

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

PERSONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	11	80	14	..	66	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
1	9	114	36	..	78	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	16	5	..	12	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	136	46	..	90	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	26	3,624	594	..	2,030	..	9	..	32	..	..	..	....	....
..	12	152	13	..	139	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....
1	59	4,126	709	..	3,417	..	9	..	37	..	..	..	....	....
70	1,236	10,142	2,802	40	7,299	1	16	2	195	36	5,442	3,677	1,59,153 0 11	1,01,291 3 2

W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

STATEMENT A.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen in Sind.

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
							Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*						
1	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	1	6	6	....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State	....	....	....	....	....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship	....	....	....	....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227 to 228.	Offences against public justice ..	90	147	61	85	....	.....
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	35	50	35	14	....	.....
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 220, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	47	57	21	34	....	.....
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	1	1	....	1	....	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	11	17	8	9	....	.....
8	483 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	....	....	....	....	....	.....
9	140, 154 to 156, 160.	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	16	112	60	52	....	.....
		Total	201	390	191	195	....	.....
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	3	5	5	....	....	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	3	5	5	....	....	.....
		Total....	6	10	10	....	....	.....
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*						
12	384 to 389 ..	Extortion..	12	29	24	5	....	.....
		Total....	12	29	24	5	....	.....
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
13	323	Hurt..	856	1,253	1,062	472	....	.....
14	345	Wrongful confinement	8	29	26	2	....	.....
15	351, 355, 358 ..	Criminal force	1,768	4,425	3,993	502	....	2 pending trial
		Total....	2,656	6,735	5,805	981	....	.....
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
16	417 to 420	Cheating	108	159	123	31	24-0-0	.....
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	322	527	378	142	6,183-3-6	4,721 9 9
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c...	15	24	19	4	143-0-0	128 0 0
19	426, 427, 429, 434 ..	Mischief, simple	309	692	467	1-3	....	6 pending trial
		Total....	754	1,395	1,006	362	.....	.....
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	345	835	770	61	....	.....
21	298	Offences against religion	2	6	6	....	....	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	7	11	10	1	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	40	65	45	10	....	.....
24	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult..	2,126	4,816	4,462	426	....	2 pending trial
25	371 to 278, 278, 284, 287, 285, 290, 294A	Public and local nuisances	493	819	194	625	....	.....
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XXXVII, XXXIX., XLI., and XL., C. P. C. ..	99	176	104	60	....	6 pending trial
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police.	696	1,304	749	637	....	.....
		Total....	3,718	8,212	6,340	1,820	....	.....
		Grand Total....	6,735	16,745	13,352	3,363	....	.....

W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

Statement B.

STATEMENT

Comparative Statement of Cognizable

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and	
							Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. C.	Substantive abetments	1	3	100	..	1	14
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	6	8	33	62	9	10
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	9	12	50	89	13	17
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	58	51	82	86	82	52
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	24	24	66	64	283	208
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	1	2	100	100	2	2
		Total...	96	100	73	74	343	301
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poison	2	5	..	100	2	11
12		Other murders	23	30	65·5	75	39	39
13	307	Attempt at murder	8	4	50	100	10	3
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	14	10	71	80	24	17
15	376	Rape	15	11	20	22	17	13
16	377	Unnatural offences	15	13	33	57	16	16
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	5	2	20	50	7	3
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	20	18	63	60	29	22
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	1	..	100	..	1	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	41	40	68	57	76	64
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	3	4	66	100	3	4
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	7	..	57	..	21	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	45	73	51	57	89	147
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	..	7	..	50	..	10
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	1	..	..	..	2	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	1	..	100	..	2
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	84	84	51	63	172	152
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	3	..	33	..	6	..
30	304	Causing death by rash or negligent act	..	1	..	100	..	1
		Total....	297	303	53	43	514	504
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Persons and Property, or against Property only.*						
31	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	1	..	..	..	3
		Robbery with hurt — By other means	1	1	100	..	2	
34	392, 393	Robbery — In dwelling house	5	1	86	100	9	2
		Robbery — On the highway between sunset and sunrise	5	9	..	60	11	13
		Robbery — Other robberies	10	11	30	83	18	16
35	270, 281, 283, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	34	22	25	29	38	37

B.

Crime with Result of Police Operations in Sind.

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
								Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.		
..	14	1	2	100	..	100	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	10	6	7	33	50	50	71	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	17	11	14	52	59	63	71	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	52	60	43	78	73	80	88	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	206	212	191	59	46	64	53	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	2	1	2	50	100	100	100	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	301	311	249	62	50	68	60	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	11	6	11	..	54	..	54	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	39	41	25	46	30	48	48	..	186 0 0	..	41 8 0	..	22
..	3	11	3	40	100	36	100	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	17	22	15	54	35	59	40	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	18	16	11	23	23	25	26	..	14 8 0	..	14 0 0	..	100
..	16	11	11	31	31	45	45	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	3	4	2	14	33	..	50	..	....	..	.....	..	..
..	22	29	17	69	54	68	70	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	39	100	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	64	73	47	51	39	53	53	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	4	8	3	33	25	33	33	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	21	..	57	50	57	..	..	..	..	....	..	..
..	147	60	122	36	27	53	44	..	..	..	....	..	..
2	12	..	9	..	50	..	56	..	28 4 0	..	19 4 0	..	67
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	2	..	2	..	100	..	100	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	152	151	115	49	51	56	55	..	504 4 0	..	504 4 0	..	100
..	..	3	4	16	100	50	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	100	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
2	506	451	397	46	..	52	50	..	733 0 0	..	579 0 0	..	78
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	104 0 0	..	102 0 0	..	99·9
..	3	3	3	100	..	66	..	60	145 0 0	60	123 0 0	100	84
..	2	5	2	50	50	100	50	211	115 0 0	264	15 0 0	77	13
..	13	7	13	..	23	..	23	1,495	697 9 0	1,017	214 0 0	68	30
..	16	12	11	19	58	25	81	2,016	110 8 0	37	93 8 0	1·8	84
..	37	30	33	19	16	23	13	849	....	..	....	..	..

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
39	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	4	1	69	100	9	2
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	16	7	56	75	33	18
41	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	5	..	20	..	5	..
42	374	Compulsory labour	..	351	..	..	..	563
42a	323	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	25	359	48	62	47	583
		Class V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	242	248	24	63	147	122
44	379 to 382	Theft ... Of cattle	1,980	1,129	48	37	2,252	1,930
		Theft ... Ordinary	2,593	2,487	49	76	2,555	2,470
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	59	59	46	34	90	90
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	207	107	59	68	273	173
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	139	148	49	69	173	194
48	461, 462	Breaking close receptacles	..	1	..	..	..	..
48a	428, 429	Mischief, simple	..	31	..	..	..	14
		Total	5,220	4,200	47	90	5,590	4,982
		Class VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
49	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	Chapter XXXVIII., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad characters	48	27	53	75	96	91
51	295 to 297	Offences against religion	2	..	..	..	5	..
52	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	54	38	62	68	191	124
53		——Excise Laws	29	17	68	62	37	21
54		——Railway Laws	..	1	..	100	..	1
55		——Salt and Customs Laws	2	..	50	..	2	..
56		——Stage Carriage Act	66	125	76	69	81	137
57		——Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
58	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	1,522	2,881	82	83	3,171	3,673
59	..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	144	135	73	93	206	158
		Total	1,859	3,214	80·1	81	3,779	4,210
		Grand Total	8,409	9,113	54	73	10,132	11,367

B—*concluded.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
								Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.		
3	798	674	651	56	58	63	72	93,789	39,949 15 9	56,874	17,963 10 11	60	45
..	33	15	32	75	48	80	50	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
3	690	749	745	58	57	61	67	98,428	41,017 7 9	57,655	18,581 2 11	58·5	45
..	2	4	2	22	50	50	50	....	....	....	....	..	..
..	18	36	15	45	39	41	46	....	....	....	....	..	..
..	..	4	1	20	...	25	..	....	....	....	....	..	..
..	563	..	460	..	38	..	34	....	....	....	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	583	44	478	38	39	40	32	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	122	109	86	51	51	68	73	6,631	4,161 0 0	3,636	945 0 0	30	23
5	1,935	1,937	1,562	51	53	59	64	72,779	68,292 12 8	60,046	56,157 2 9	82	82
11	2,441	2,248	2,100	62	64	70	75	52,491	40,319 11 7	29,947	32,675 7 5	57	56
..	90	71	75	52	37	66	44	6,518	2,544 1 2	4,096	1 110 11 8	62	47
3	175	354	147	46	45	47	53	3,999	1,504 15 9	2,360	1,292 10 9	59	86
..	184	148	165	47	59	56	65	23	600 0 0	23	....	100	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	14	..	12	..	21	..	25	....	....	..	....	..	..
19	5,001	4,867	4,147	56	57	64	69	1,44,474	1,17,603 9 2	99,111	89,181 0 3	68	76
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	91	77	80	33	72	41	82	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	124	179	114	64	63	68	68	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	21	26	18	74	67	76	72	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	2	136	50	..	50	98	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	137	61	..	77	66	77	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	3,678	2,160	3,624	66	62	66	83	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	158	198	152	71	68	73	91	....	....	..	....	..	..
.. ..	4,210	2,729	4,125	60·89	61·	63·45	82	....	....	..	....	..	..
24	11,491	9,150	13,141	62·16	64	66·76	71	2,42,905	1,59,153 0 0	1,56,766	1,01,291 0 0	64·5	64

W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

Thuggee and Dacoity, Administration of Poisonous or Stupefying

Description of Crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Columns 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Columns 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in Columns 2 and 3.	Arrested	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining undertrial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Thuggee... { By strangulation ... / By poison...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacoity on land ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacoity on water ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) without murder...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other professional crimes, *viz.* :—											
Kidnapping	...	7	4	2	32	12	9	5	4	1	20
Cattle theft	25	841	658	208	1,321	1,187	926	589	315	40	262

MENT C.

Drugs for Criminal purposes, and other Professional Crimes in Sind.

COMPARATIVE RETURN.

Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			REMARKS.
1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	
13			14			15			16			17			18
									Rs. a.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	—	13	3	...	9	2	...	5	...	...	26 4	...	...	19 4 0	
2,251	1,944	1,662	2,077	1,726	1,416	1,108	1,013	869	72,647 10	66,634 1 0	61,630 8	52,243 8 0	55,250 1 0	50,748 8 2	

W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

STATE

STATEMENT of Additional Police collected for the Protection

PART

Additional Police collected for the

District.	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 5 to 8.		Total cost under Columns 9 and 10.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
											Rs. a. p.
Kurrachee	Amirpir at Jerruck	2	6,000	..	..	2	17	..	..	..	..
	Lall Shahaz	3	8,000	8	24	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Shah Hasan	3	1,000	..	3	2	6	..	..	..	..
	Kambar Ali Shah	2	600	..	2	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Shah Amir	1	600	..	..	2	4	..	..	..	..
	Dara Tirat	3	4,000	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..
	Pir Lakha	2	1,000	..	..	1	5	..	..	..	..
	Amirpir at Dadeo	10	1,000	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..
	Shah Kamil	3	1,200	4	16	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pir Patteo	2	1,700	..	3	1	4	..	..	..	..
	Udernlal	2	1,000	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..
	Gumbato	1	500	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..
	Jok	4	700	..	2	1	3	..	..	..	..
	Pir Mugalbhin	6	9,000	3	14	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Shah Yakik	4	4,000	..	..	3	6	..	..	..	..
	Raian Shah	3	500	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Ambar Shah	3	500	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Haji Ibrahim	1	500	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
Hyderabad.	Halani	4	2,500	..	..	2	9	..	20	..	13 6 0
	Makdum Sahib	4	2,500	2	12	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pir Bilawal	3	2,000	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	1 14 0
	Lall Dera	7	21,000	..	3	..	20	..	20	..	39 12 0
	Bhit Shah	3	3,500	..	..	..	6	..	6	..	7 8 0
	Sheik Bholkia	4	1,200	..	..	2	7	..	..	..	..
	Bulri	17	26,000	2	2	2	7	3	27	..	64 0 0
	Shah Kadir	10	1,300	2	7	..	4	..	15	..	30 0 0
	Shah Ghanie	7	10,800	..	..	1	8	..	16	..	23 0 0
	Sujan Sawai	9	1,500	..	..	2	6	..	14	..	19 12 0
	Pir Khan Shah	4	2,500	..	..	1	4	..	5	..	3 12 0
	Shah Makai	2	4,000	..	1	1	14	..	..	..	..
Shikárpur	Bakro	2	5,000	..	..	1	4	..	..	..	..
	Chibri Vesaki	15	4,000	..	..	..	..	1	11	..	54 1 4
	Nowroz	67	3,000	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	27 3 9
Thar and Parkar	....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Upper Sind Frontier.	Begári and Kashmoo Band	6 months.	2,000 Works only commenced.	..	..	..	..	..	10	† 175	..

MENT D.

of Persons and Property, or quartered as a punitive measure in Sind.

protection of persons and property.				PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						
Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	REMARKS.
Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.			
2	2	11 0 0	1 4 0	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	1	7 4 2	1st to 19th Jan. 1874.	Bey'o Wasnr.	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	....	
1	1	4 0 0	2 8 0	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
8	1	36 0 0	35 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
2	2	1 12 0	1 12 0	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	1	11 9 0	11 9 0	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	1	1 1 4	1 1 4	..	..	..	..	..	....	
2	2	2 10 0	2 10 0	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	1	0 10 0	0 2 6	..	..	..	..	..	....	
4	4	7 8 0	7 8 0	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	1	0 7 0	0 7 0	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	1	0 2 6	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	*2	216	12 months.	 1	* Stationed at Sut Mena, in the Kamber Taluka.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	† Monthly cost.

W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

STATE

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution,

District	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.									Cost of Police.								
	Commissioner of Police, Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.						Strength of Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and travelling allowance of Controlling Officers (Column 2), and pay and travelling allowances of their establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Column 8), (3)	Other expenses of Column 3.		Total pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4 and 6), (4)	Total pay of Constables of all Classes (6, 7, and 8).	Horses and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns 11, 12, and 14.	Average pay of	
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendent.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards. (1)	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100. (1)	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and travelling allowances of their establishments. (3)				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Kurrachee	..	2	5	175	160	800	..	19	216	...	15,035	2,400	4,116	61,440	1,33,080	3,158	258	108
Hyderabad ..	..	1	4	126	137	536	..	..	94	..	8,691	2,295	3,084	42,060	92,344	2,700	279	102
Shikarpur ..	..	1	6	147	165	681	..	20	130	..	6,402	2,400	3,064	46,032	1,10,076	3,080	3,510	5,663
Thar & Parkar	..	..	1	22	355	107	..	..	31	..	..	..	3,456	12,300	1,12,248	516	281·91	113·71
Upper Sind Frontier	..	..	1	3	43	69	..	..	..	...	..	..	120	225	1,126	..	15	7
Total ..	..	4	15	473	860	2,193	..	210	461	..	32,088	7,095	13,870	1,62,057	4,48,716	9,434	...	..

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include Europeans Constables according to pay.

(2) Column 13 includes local and personal, but

(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowance.

(5) Columns 34 to 37. A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants.

(7) Columns 36 and 37, one policeman

MENT E.

and Employment of Police in Sind.

Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Columns 11 to 17.	Total Cost.	Payable from Imperial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Distribution of Force. In District. Guards at District, Central or Subsidiary Jails. Officers.	Men.	Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries, or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasuries. Officers.	Men.	On other duties. Officers.	Men.	On Town, Municipal, or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	Proportion of Police (Officers and Men). To Area. (6) Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns. (6)	Of Towns. (6)	To Population. (7) Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns. (6)	Of Towns. (6)
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34		35	36		37
11,858	2,07,181	2,30,727	66,454	5	20	40	274	93	466	457	72	14,092	436,722	1 to 10·18 square miles.	1 to 18·5 square miles.	5·39 per square mile.	1 to 310·25	1 to 389·47	1 to 163·94
10,712	1,62,800	1,54,688	8,112	4	43	14	81	80	388	230	33	9,625	723,863	10½	13½	12	818	1,009	210
17,618	1,90,676	1,90,676	21,852	4	62	17	139	108	681	218	..	8,809	776,217	1 to 7·74 square miles.	1 to 7·53 square miles.	70·25	690·5	727·1	62·84
8,454	1,31,974	1,31,974	8,234	1	64	6	171	17	237	31	..	13,729	180,761	miles. 34·98	..	..	men. 350·31	..	..
35	1,518	1,518	..	..	..	..	..	1	31	34	..	1,913	95,564	1,649	23·56	11 men per square mile.	1 policeman to 62·4 inhabitants.	1,034	..
43,417	7,84,149	7,89,583	98,742	14	189	76	664	299	1702	936	94	47,178	2,308,177	1 to 10·6 square miles.	..	..	1 to 449	..	..

not travelling allowances. (5) Column 14 includes the cost of all enrolled Officers and Men employed on other duties. (6) Columns 34 and 35, *i. e.*, in Districts, one policeman to so many square miles; in Towns, so many policemen to one square mile, to so many of the population.

W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,

Commissioner in Sind.

STATE

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own departmental officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
										Under Police Act.		Under sections 330, 331, 348 Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX. of Penal Code.		Other offences	
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with firearms.	Number provided with swords only or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Kurrachee	199	1,176	829	838	9	4	55	45	107	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	7
Hyderabad	170	66	419	361	11	4	48	48	108	2	6	..	..	..	1	1	11
Shikárpur	173	975	505	613	..	3	71	21	78	..	7	..	..	..	2	3	15
Thar and Párkar ..	28	463	462	31	..	..	10	3	28	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	6
Upper Sind Frontier ..	4	113	116	3	..	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Grand Total....	574	3,419	2,351	1,844	19	13	198	122	361	2	15	..	..	1	3	3	50

NOTE.—This statement does not refer to Assistant District

STATE

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officer

District.	Race.												Religion.					
	Europeans.				Eurasians.			Natives.										
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.			District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.								
	Military or Covenanted, Civil.	Uncovenanted.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.		On Rs. 150 and upwards.	Below Rs. 150.	Constable.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.
1	2	3	4		5	6	7		8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Kurrachee	9	1	1	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	4	187	1,176	8	126	9	..	..
Hyderabad	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	139	652	2	74	11	..	..
Shikárpur	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	6	164	975	1	123	6	..	..
Thar and Párkar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	22	463	..	16	..	..	..
Upper Sind Frontier ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	113	..	4	..	..	..
Total....	5	2	1	..	7	..	1	..	..	..	14	515	3,419	11	343	26	6	..

MENT F.

General Internal Management of the Force in Sind.

Rewards.		Education.				Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service, and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	Number who have left the Force during the year.							Percentage in hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.	
Number of Police rewarded during the year.		Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.					On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (Columns 7 and 8.)	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.			
By promotion.	By money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.													
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
22	3	76	170	..	..	179	641	249	..	11	42	89	52	6	15	12	109	
117	4	61	156	20	83	152	481	199	1	19	42	52	13	3	15	44·01	1·89	
144	7	64	78	82	596	192	793	357	1	9	71	74	11	1	26	22·99	2·26	
18	3	7	36	..	..	45	377	94	..	3	18	10	..	..	14	22·9	2·71	
..	..	3	12	..	3	17	72	37	..	..	8	9	..	..	..	1·7	..	
301	16	209	452	102	681	585	2,512	1,036	2	41	181	234	76	10	70	101·116	114·186	

Superintendents or Officers of higher rank.

W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

MENT G.

and Men employed in the Police in Sind.

Religion or Caste.																	
cers.						Men.											
deers.				Other Religions.				Hindoos.						Other Religions.		Grand Total Officers and Men.	Remarks.
			Hindus of all other Castes.			Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Goorkhas.	Sebiks.			Hindoos of all other Castes.				
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
1	17	15	17	6	..	..	730	80	..	..	9	102	209	30	34	2	2	1,275	There were 11 vacancies at the end of the year, and these have not been included in column 30 of this return.
1	..	37	2	11	..	..	465	22	1	..	6	153	..	..	5	..	..	783	
3	..	..	23	..	..	..	516	45	19	2	3	3	..	..	36	..	..	1,149	
1	4	1	1	..	..	..	368	21	30	..	1	19	14	..	33	13	4	516	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	105	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	4	..	..	116	
6	21	53	53	7	..	..	2,484	145	41	2	25	278	223	30	161	15	6	3,939	

W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

No. 641 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

FROM

THE MAGISTRATE OF THE DISTRICT,

To

THE POLICE COMMISSIONER IN SIND.

District Magistrate's Office,
Kurrachee, 25th May 1875.

SIR,

The Annual Police Report and Appendices for 1874, herewith forwarded, reached me on the 19th March, and I must apologise for the great delay in submitting them to you, and for which I alone am to blame.

2. My chief excuse must be the state of my health which suffered greatly from exposure in the flooded portions of the district during my cold-weather tour, and which eventually necessitated my returning to Kurrachee for medical treatment on the 29th March.

3. I had all along intended to review the report much more fully than I have been able to do, but before my health was restored, a great deal of additional work fell upon me in connection with the Hubb Valley Estate and the death of Khan Bahadur Murad Khan, and I have not, therefore, found time to go into the statistics of crime in the district, as I was desirous of doing.

4. Moreover, my experience of the district during the year under report was limited to something less than the last two months of it, as I only assumed charge of it on the 3rd November last, on Colonel Lambert's departure on furlough to Europe.

5. For this reason, I am quite unable to account for the great increase in cognizable offences referred to in Captain Wise's 3rd paragraph.

6. With regard to what he says in his 5th paragraph, respecting the number of acquittals in non-cognizable offence cases, I do not at all concur with Captain Wise, nor do I think he can have written with any real knowledge of the facts.

7. In the first place he speaks of "5,101 arrests made by orders of the magistrates in non-cognizable cases," forgetting,

apparently, that his figures represent the total of the column 5, Statement A, Part II., and that the heading of the column is "Number of persons arrested or summoned."

8. In the second place, he forgets that a great many non-cognizable cases are compromised after the accused person has been summoned, and every such case counts as an acquittal. In the court of one of our ablest First Class Magistrates, (the City Magistrate, Mr. Gibbons), sheet after sheet of the monthly calendar is sometimes filled with entries of such cases.

9. I do not think Captain Wise is justified in writing of the Subordinate Magistrates as a body, that they issue summonses "without making any preliminary inquiry whatever," and that "it is quite time some orders were given on the subject."

10. Of course, now and again, a Subordinate Magistrate has to be admonished, because of some deviation from the course prescribed for him by the Code of Criminal Procedure, or by West's Minute thereon; but, on the whole, I think the attention of the sub-magistracy to points of procedure is very creditable to them, especially when we consider how greatly their energies are taxed in the Revenue and Public Works Departments.

11. The remedy suggested by Captain Wise for the supposed evil is not one which commends itself to me, or which could be safely adopted by the Subordinate Magistrates. Complaints against them would very soon be made to the Divisional Magistrate, the District Magistrate, the Court of Session, and the Sudder Court, and endless references would be the result.

12. With Captain Wise's remarks under the head "9. House-breaking," I entirely agree, but I confess I can suggest no remedy for the state of things therein depicted.

13. His observations under the heads "10. Cattle-lifting" and "11. Frontier Disturbances," refer to the unsatisfactory state of our relations with our Khelat neighbours during the year of report. These have now been placed on a more satisfactory footing, and the report for the current year will, I trust, contrast favourably in this respect with that under review.

14. I fully concur in all that Captain Wise says, with reference to the strength (or rather weakness) of the police, armed and unarmed, and also in the "General Remarks," with the exception of those in the 22nd paragraph with which he concludes his report.

15. Kurrachee is not yet of sufficient size and importance to demand the creation of a separate police establishment, such as

is necessary for Bombay; and whilst the police arrangements continue to be the same as in other districts, I can see no reason for vesting the District Superintendent, who can only spend three or four months of the year here, with powers which, whilst in Bombay they are conveniently exercised by the Commissioner of Police, are elsewhere entrusted to the Collector and the Magistrate of the district.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

L. D'A. DUNSTERVILLE, Lieut.-Colonel,
District Magistrate of Kurrachee.

No. 156 of 1875.

From

The DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENT of POLICE,
Kurrachee,

To

The POLICE COMMISSIONER,
Sind.

Police Superintendent's Office,
Kurrachee, 9th March 1875.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Police Report for the year 1874. There has been some delay in preparing it, which could not be avoided, owing to my having been called from my district on duty, otherwise it was my intention to have despatched it early in last month.

2. The following tables show the state of crime, and the working of the police during the year under report as compared with the previous year, and although there has been increase in the former, the latter evinces a slight but satisfactory improvement :—

Kurrachee District.

Area, square miles 14,092
Population 426,722

Strength of Police on 1st January 1875.

Police to area ... ... 1 to 18 square miles.
Do. to population ... 1 to 310·35.

	Cognizable.	Non-Cognizable.	Total.
Offences ascertained to have been committed during the year 1874...	3,851	2,439	6,290
Proportion of crime to area in square miles ...	1 to 3·67	1 to 5·77	2·23
Do. to population...	1 to 110·81	1 to 174·95	67·84

Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.			No. of Persons arrested.			Convicted and committed.	Released without trial.	Acquitted and discharged.	Otherwise disposed of,—i.e., died, escaped, or transferred.	Pending at the end of the year.	Percentage of Convictions brought to trial.
	Ascertained to have been committed during the year.	Reported in previous years, but brought under trial during the year.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the close of the previous year.	Total.						
1873 ...	3,170	18	3,188	3,058	24	3,082	1,837	519	662	27	37	73·5
1874 ...	3,836	15	3,851	3,515	37	3,552	2,306	494	685	20	45	77·11

	1873.	1874.
Conviction to cases reported ...	47·8	72·86
Persons released without trial...	16·9	13·83
Acquitted or discharged ...	21·3	33·19
Convicted to arrested ...	60· per cent.	65·66

Cattle Theft.

No. of Cases.		Percentage of Cases investigated and convicted.		Percentage of apprehended Persons convicted.		Percentage of Recovery.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
793	887	45·53	62·30	51·17	54·83	81·95	81·90

Ordinary Theft.

1,053	986	39·3	74·54	57·95	63·52	51·39	45·49

Amount of Property Stolen and Recovered.

Years.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
	Rs.	Rs.	
1873	73,131	39,287	53·72
1874	78,679	42,503	54·02

Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Cases.

Years.	Cases.	Arrests.	Convicted.	Acquitted and Released.	Percentage of Convictions of Men brought to trial.	Percentage of Convictions to Arrests.
1873	5,977	8,657	3,211	5,382	39	37
1874	6,290	6,853	3,575	5,013	44·16	41·31

Comparative Statement.

Offences.	1873.									1874.								
	Cases.			No. of Persons arrested.			Convicted and committed.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.	Cases.			No. of Persons arrested.			Convicted and committed.	Acquitted and released.	Pending.
	Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous year.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.				Occurred during the year.	Reported in previous year.	Total.	During the year.	Pending at the end of previous year.	Total.			
Murders	3	...	3	2	...	2	1	1	...	5	...	5	5	...	5	1	4	...
Culpable homicide	2	...	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	2	...	2	6	...	6	1	5	14
Dacoities...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Robberies	406	3	409	231	1	232	114	113	5	486	1	487	226	5	231	114	111	6
Thefts	1,832	14	1,846	1,510	12	1,522	836	655	14	1,866	7	1,873	1,370	14	1,384	827	550	7
Receiving stolen property ...	61	1	62	100	...	100	56	41	3	36	...	36	54	3	57	29	28	...

2. The following officers have been in charge of the district during the year :—

1. Mr. Giertzen from 1st January to 15th May 1874.
2. Mr. Vincent from 15th May to 29th August 1874.
3. Captain Wise from 29th August to the end of year.

3. *Crime.*—It will be observed from the above statements that in the year under report there has been a total increase of 331 in the number of offences reported during the year. This increase is entirely in cognizable offences, there being actually a decrease of 350 in non-cognizable, the difference is partly due to the transfer of Sections 323 and 428 from non-cognizable to cognizable during the year, but this will not account for all. I am able to give no reason for this increase in crime, not having been long enough in charge; but I am told that one cause is the people now come forward to complain more than they did, and another is on account of the floods which drove many people out of their villages into the jungles and hills with their property, giving thieves and bad characters good opportunity to ply their profession.

4. *In Cognizable Cases.*—The percentage of convictions to cases reported remains about the same, but that of persons arrested who were released without trial and acquitted and discharged shows improvement, while the number of convictions obtained to persons arrested has risen 4 per cent., which is satisfactory. Considering the very many difficulties the police have to contend with, I consider that a percentage of 64 convictions for arrests and 77·11 (an increase of 4 per cent. in the past year) of convictions to men sent for trial is good. The totals would have been still better had we been able to obtain from Khelat many known offenders whose extradition has been demanded.

5. When we come to the convictions in cognizable and non-cognizable cases combined, the percentage sinks from 64 to 41 for persons arrested and from 76 to 44 for persons brought to trial. It is only fair and just, however, that the working of the police should be judged from *cognizable cases only*, as they are in no way answerable for arrests made under non-cognizable. In the year under report out of 5,101 arrests made by orders of the magistrates in non-cognizable cases, only 1,267 convictions were obtained to 3,834 acquittals. The above speaks for itself, and I think it is quite time that some orders were given on the subject. Persons appear before the subordinate magistrates and make frivolous complaints, and the magistrates at once, without making any preliminary inquiry whatever, issue summonses. In many cases of this kind it would be quite sufficient if the magistrates let the matter stand over until the next time their tour took them near the village

of the parties concerned, when the matter might be settled without any summonses or arrests, and much extra work taken off the police, and annoyance to individuals avoided.

6. As there has been an increase in the number of offences, so is there a like increase in the amount of property stolen, while the recoveries show a slight improvement.

7. *Murders.*—Under this head there is an increase of two (2) cases, making 5 in all. In one conviction was secured, in two the perpetrators are known to the police, but they belong to Khelat, and their extradition has been demanded without success, and in the other two, the accused were fully committed by the magistrate, but discharged by the Sessions Court.

I.—The following are the details of the five cases :—

On the 2nd February a woman, named Kenee, was killed by her husband by a blow from an axe, because on his return from his fields he found her talking with an another man who was sitting on horseback at the house door. The husband was convicted and sentenced to transportation for life.

II.—On the 10th February the body of a man of the sweeper caste was found in a well near the European barracks in Kurrachee. The man's mouth had been gaged and his hands and feet tied. Suspicion fell upon his wife and paramour who were sent for trial, and the latter committed to the Sessions Court, but acquitted by that tribunal.

III. and IV.—The third and fourth murder occurred on the 29th March. A woman left her home in Khelat and came to live with a Police Constable in the Shewan Division, about 10 miles from the frontier. One night the man in whose keeping she had formerly been in Khelat, crossed the frontier with three or four others, and having surrounded the house, attacked and killed the constable, and having carried off the woman a short distance, killed her also. The extradition of the murderers has been demanded of His Highness the Khan of Khelat, but they have not been given up as yet.

V. On the 10th of May, a girl, named Kemi, died at Kotri, and from inquiry made, it appeared she had been poisoned by a man named Syud Talub Alisha, who had given her sweetmeats. This man had a dispute about the girl's betrothal with her mother, and as his wishes were not listened to, he murdered the girl. The Syud was committed for trial, but acquitted by the Sessions Court.

8. *Attempt at Murder. Culpable Homicide.*—There was one case of attempted murder and two of culpable homicide in the year; in the former the offender was convicted and sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment, and in the latter one case was detected, and the perpetrator sentenced, and the other remained under inquiry at the close of the year. I do not give the above cases in detail, as they only lengthen the report, and they were nothing out of the common.

9. *House-breaking.*—This crime is still on the increase, there being 80 cases in the year under report, more than in the previous year. It must, however, be borne in mind that many of these are really not burglaries, as the word would be generally read. When the term burglary is used, I understand it to mean that a house has been broken into, a work that cannot be done in a few minutes, but in Sind no digging or breaking through walls is necessary in most cases. Many of the people live in wretched hovels and huts, and the thief has only to put his hand in through the grass, or creep under the door matting to take what he wants. And all can be done by one man in a couple of minutes without any noise whatever; in the literal sense of the word I consider this is not house-breaking. There are also many false complaints under this head in connection with women. A man has an intrigue with another man's wife, and the husband on discovering it makes a complaint of having been robbed, and names the paramour as the person he suspects. By this means he gets his rival into trouble without damaging his own or wife's character. Nothing is of course discovered as regards the robbery, but the complaint having been made it remains; it is difficult to prove it false and strike it off, as the complainant holds out that he has lost property. There are many cases like the above in this district. The arrests under this head have been less than in the previous year, and the convictions remain about the same.

10. *Cattle-lifting.*—There has also been an increase under this head during the year, which I attribute entirely to the unsettled state of the frontier, as the people have learnt that they can steal with impunity, the worst that can happen to them being that they may have to give up the stolen animals, for they are never made over for punishment. The percentage of convictions to persons apprehended has risen two per cent. under this head, but that of convictions to cases investigated is very low, and it is difficult to know how to improve it. It will be seen that the recoveries, namely, about 82 per cent. are good, but we cannot get hold of the offenders, or obtain convictions when we do. The reason for this is given fully in my predecessor's report for 1873, and need not be repeated. The thieves having tied up the stolen animals in the

jungle conceal themselves and watch from a distance, and if the police are seen following the tracks, they never come near the animal again. I have had the cattle left where found, and watched for one or two days and nights, but it is of no use, and I know not what plan to adopt. If the thieves are captured near by, unless they were actually driving or leading the animals at the time, a conviction cannot be obtained.

11. *Frontier Disturbances.*—The unsettled state of our frontier has frequently been reported on, and brought to the notice of Government, and it is unnecessary to write further on the subject. The most serious cases are the murder of a Police Constable and a woman detailed under the head of murders, see Case III., paragraph 7, and the forcibly carrying off a woman and three children. In neither case has any redress been obtained, and of eighty-one (81) cattle-lifters and other accused persons, whose extradition has been asked not one has been given up.

12. *Police.*—I have only been as yet about six months in the district and write with all deference, but I must record that, in my opinion, the strength of the district police, both armed and unarmed, has been fixed far too low. The men are over-worked, and it is impossible to keep a proper supervision over the whole district in consequence.

Of armed police there are only 365 of all ranks to guard the jail, huzur treasury, and fifteen district lock-ups, and escort large consignments of treasure to different parts of Sind. Such parties often being away for long periods. The jail guard alone requires thirty-five rank and file a day, and during the year it often happened that when large escort parties were out with treasure, there were some men on standing guard at Kurrachee, which is not right.

The armed men in the district are little more than sufficient for guard duty, and consequently nearly all the heavy work of escorting prisoners about falls on the unarmed police, who are consequently unable to visit villages and look after bad characters as they ought to do, and crime must increase. Of the unarmed and mounted police, there are 481 of all ranks, and of these upwards of 60 are employed on the frontier, leaving 420 men for a district of 14,000 square miles. Besides escorting prisoners this force has had to investigate about 8,000 cases, serve 11,447 summonses, 582 warrants, and 450 distress warrants, also other miscellaneous duties. The work is very heavy, and I cannot afford to give privilege leave without a substitute, except in very special cases, although the men are entitled to a month in the year, and it is, I know, not right to refuse them, but I have no option, as work must be done. Men who have done eight and nine years' steady

duty apply for a month or two's leave on full pay, and I am so hard up for police that I am obliged to refuse them.

13. *Conduct of the Police.*—The conduct of the police has not been good. Nine (9) men were convicted and punished by the Magistrates, chiefly for neglect of duty, allowing prisoners to escape, &c. Fifty-nine (59) men were dismissed and one hundred and fifty-two (152) men fined and degraded for different offences. Not a single charge of torture was made against the police during the year. Of the above number, 89 fines and 33 dismissals were inflicted in the first eight months before I took charge.

14. *Education.*—There is very little education amongst the Kurrachee Police. Very few useful men who are willing to serve are educated, and there is no time for learning or opportunity for teaching after they are enrolled, as may be learnt from my 12th paragraph. I have no reserve. Men are enrolled to fill vacancies one day and sent on duty the next, and are obliged to learn their drill and code as best they can. This system is not good for the force, but with the present strength it cannot be helped, and I should be glad if it was possible to give the men six months' instruction in head quarters before sending them out. Such instruction, I am of opinion, would improve their conduct, and decrease punishment. I could fill up the ranks with persons who can read and write, but they are men who would be of little or no use to me in detecting crime. It is too early yet to look for readers of books in the Kurrachee Police, as those who read tracks are what are wanted, a man who can read both, is very rarely to be found.

15. *Buildings.*—During the year the budget allotment, Rs. 2,000, has been expended in repairs and building one or two small stations, but there is still much requires doing when money can be obtained. Several small station houses were washed away by the floods, and I have asked for an extra grant to re-build them.

16. *Subordinate Officers deserving of special notice and detective ability.*—I have no remarks to make under this head.

17. *Accidental Deaths.*

	Males.	Females.
Drowning	74	53
Snake-bite	62	16
Wild animals... ...	1	3
Fire	7	6
Other means... ...	54	5

Suicide.

	Males.	Females.
By poison	2	...
„ hanging	1	3
„ drowning	1	...

18. *General Remarks.*—As regards detection of crime, I have only to repeat the old story that the distances witnesses have to travel and the annoyance and discomfort they have to undergo is one of the greatest difficulties the police have to contend with, and will year by year tend to lessen the convictions. If a man sees a crime committed and mentions it, he lets himself in for perhaps a journey of 100 miles to a court, and another back which involves an absence of many days or weeks from his home. Is it to be supposed such a man will speak? It is all very well to talk of the want of public spirit amongst the natives, but if being public spirited means letting yourself in for a walk of 200 miles at any time of the year, and carrying all you have with you on your back, to say nothing of the bullying by vakeels, &c., I wonder how many Europeans would possess it. Only the other day in the districts a native I got to give evidence in a case, came to me and said: "That is the first time I have ever given evidence for the police, and nothing will ever make me do it again." A disinterested witness, therefore, is an article almost impossible to procure, and Magistrates will seldom convict in any case unless the stolen property is produced. This fact is becoming well known to the thieves and makes it daily the more difficult to get property from them. The remarks made in the last year's Annual Report have led me to make strict inquiries during my tour in the districts regarding the not reporting of cases to the police, and I am of opinion it does not exist to any extent in the Kurrachee District, and any cases thus concealed are more than equalled by the false complaints made.

19. Again, the police having carried their case successfully through the lower court, the decision is often reversed by the higher court. In this district there are more cases of this kind than I have met with before where I have served. In the year under report no less than forty-two cases have been reversed, and ninety-eight prisoners acquitted by the higher courts, that had been prosecuted to a conviction in the lower.

20. During 1874 twenty-eight Kaffillas passed through the Kurrachee District, having with them 490 camels laden with merchandise, 100 horses and 190 donkeys, and not a single complaint of robbery was made, which is creditable to the police.

21. The want of village police is greatly felt in Sind, but this want does not appear to have been taken into consideration when the strength of the district police was fixed at its present number, and consequently, as I have already stated, work in the district is very severe. The zemindars are the only people who can assist us by obtaining information; but I am sorry to say that there are very few in my district who care to do so. I am making a point of seeing and speaking with as many large zemindars as I can during my tour, and I trust that when we become better acquainted, they will afford me help. They have the power to do much if they had the will also.

22. In the Kurrachee Town Police there is very much room for improvement, and it will have my special care during the non-touring season this year. One thing I would ask is that the giving of licenses for liquor, selling ammunition, &c., should be put into my hands, the same as it is with the Police Commissioner, Bombay. Liquor-sellers specially can give the police very much information regarding thieves and bad characters if they like; but in Kurrachee being entirely independent of the police as regards the granting of their licenses and bad characters spending most money, they are much against us, and I would most strongly urge, therefore, that the granting or taking away of their licenses should rest with me. I should then have much power over them which I could exert for the public welfare.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

F. J. WISE, Captain,

District Superintendent of Police, Kurrachee.

Through the District Magistrate.

STATE

PART I.—

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in

KURRA

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES.							PER				
			Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated.			Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.		Number arrested.				
					By Police *suo motu*.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 143 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.			Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year.	
													By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	3	..	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	14	..
1	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	2	..	1	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	1	1
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice.	14	2	16	..	..	11	1	..	..	..	16	..
5	143 to 158, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	6	..	5	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	47	10
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	27	2	27	..	2	19	2	..	..	..	80	11
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poisons	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders..	4	..	4	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	4	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
15	376	Rape	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	6	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide.	4	..	4	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	11	..	10	1	..	4	1	..	..	..	..	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	1
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon.. ..	16	..	16	..	..	9	2	..	..	..	..	..
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	2	2	26	..
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution.	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves.. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 352 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confined ..	23	2	24	1	..	16	2	..	..	..	34	2
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	66	2	69	2	..	37	6	..	2	2	93	3

MENT A.

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
CHEE.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	10	2	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
1	2	11	..	..	11	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	56	19	..	37	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
1	14	73	22	..	51	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	6	5	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	4	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	7	5	1	..	4	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	2	19	6	..	11	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
2	2	29	7	..	23	..	..	..	1 2	..	1	1	500 0 0	500 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
2	14	75	26	3	47	..	..	..	7	..	1	1	500 0 0	500 0 0

STATE

PART I.—

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 159 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*											
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. By poisonous or stupefying drugs.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. By other means	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..
33	392, 398	Robbery. In dwelling house	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery. On the highway, between sunset and sunrise	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery. Other robberies	4	1	5	..	..	3	..	..	..	4	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35	454, 456, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	310	1	311	..	..	60	3	4	..	4	156	..
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	318	2	325	..	..	65	3	4	..	4	174	..
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*											
37	a323	Hurt	93	..	93	..	..	43	..	..	..	..	170	..
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement.	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	96	..	96	..	..	43	..	..	..	..	178	..

KURRACHEE

MENT A—*continued.*

COGNIZABLE CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	104 0 0	102 8 0
..	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	145 0 0	123 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	115 0 0	15 0 0
..	3	3	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	3	156 0 0	114 0 0
..	..	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	4	3	48 0 0	31 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
2	44	108	34	..	74	..	2	..	4	..	255	114	20,316 0 0	5,174 0 0
..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
2	47	123	38	2	80	..	2	..	4	..	296	123	20,584 0 0	5,559 0 0
..	30	90	26	..	65	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	7	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	31	97	33	..	65	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....

STATE

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 142 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	PER	Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
42	353, 358	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	176	..	176	..	..	35	..	1	..	1	70	..
43	379 to 382	Theft .. { Of cattle	883	4	886	..	1	243	..	10	5	15	524	1
		{ Ordinary	983	3	983	2	1	447	4	4	4	8	772	4
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	36	2	35	3	..	16	..	2	..	2	38	4
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	36	..	36	..	..	18	..	3	..	3	54	..
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	27	..	27	..	..	14	..	3	..	3	43	..
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacles	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47a	428	Mischief for killing animals, &c., below Rs. 10	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
		Total ..	3,143	9	2,145	6	1	734	4	23	9	32	1,503	9
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XXXVIII. C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad characters ..	14	..	13	1	..	10	1	..	..	..	61	1
50	295, to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	17	..	17	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	45	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	84	..	84	..	..	48	..	..	..	..	94	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289 to 294, Portion 31 of Act VII. of 1867 and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances ..	1,064	..	1,064	..	..	876	4	10	..	10	1,136	2
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	1,180	..	1,179	1	..	947	5	10	..	10	1,390	3
		Grand Total ..	3,836	15	3,697	11	3	1,845	20	37	11	48	3,478	38

KURRACHEE

District Superintendent of Police's Office,
Kurrachee, 9th March 1875.

MENT A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23.	24	25	26	27
—concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs a. p.
2	23	46	6	..	40	..	..	..	..	..	102	38	4,071 0 0	865 0 0
11	132	457	128	..	329	..	..	..	..	..	683	565	31,385 0 0	25,707 0 0
2	128	654	156	..	498	..	4	..	3	..	985	578	19,931 0 0	9,168 0 0
..	6	36	17	..	19	..	..	..	..	..	36	16	1,479 0 0	423 0 0
..	8	49	20	..	29	..	..	..	..	..	28	28	429 0 0	381 0 0
..	16	31	12	..	19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
1	307	1,275	340	..	935	..	4	..	3	..	2,034	1,232	57,295 0 0	36,544 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	6	5	..	49	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	9	39	8	..	31	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	93	42	..	51	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	15	1,162	164	..	968	..	9	..	13	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	31	1,370	220	..	1,130	..	9	..	13	..	..	..	.....	.....
20	494	2,990	677	8	2,308	..	15	2	28	..	2,331	1,346	78,679 0 0	42,503 0 0

F. J. WISE, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Kurrachee.

STATEMENT A.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.
1	1	2	4	5	6	7	8	9
							Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*						
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. C.	Substantive abetments	1	6	6	....	....	....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State						
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship	....	....	....	....	....	....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 216, 227, 228	Offences against public justice	11	14	7	7	....	....
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	8	10	7	3	....	....
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	9	9	6	3	....	....
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	....	....	....	....	....	....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	1	1	....	1	....	....
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	....	....	....	....	....	....
9	142, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	2	31	4	27	....	....
		Total	32	71	30	41	....	....
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	....	....	....	....	....	....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Total	....	....	....	....	....	....
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*						
12	384 to 389	Extortion	1	3	3	....	....	....
		Total	1	3	3	....	....	....
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
13	323	Hurt	290	761	627	134	....	....
14	345	Wrongful confinement	5	20	18	2	....	....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	553	1,292	1,140	152	....	....
		Total	848	2,073	1,785	288	....	....
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
16	417 to 420	Cheating	28	32	23	9	....	....
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	31	31	19	12	134 0 0	134 0 0
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	....	....	....	....	....	....
19	426, 427, 429, 434	Mischief, simple	57	115	65	50	....	....
		Total	116	178	107	71	134 0 0	134 0 0
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	96	165	151	14	....	....
21	298	Offences against religion	....	....	....	....	....	....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	8	4	4	....	....	....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	36	51	44	7	....	....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	695	1,512	1,341	171	....	....
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290, 294 A	Public and local nuisances	415	699	159	540	....	....
26		Offences under Chapters XXXVII., XXXIX., XLI., and XLI., C. P. C.	31	38	26	12	....	....
27		Special laws not cognizable by Police	166	310	187	123	....	....
		Total	1,449	2,778	1,909	867	....	....
		Grand Total	2,439	5,101	3,834	1,267	134 0 0	134 0 0

Kurrachee, 9th March 1875.

F. J. WISE, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Kurrachee.

Statement B.

STATEMENT

Comparative Statement of Cognizable

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	4	6	7	8	9
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115, 117, to 119, I. P. C.	Subetantive abetments	1	3	100	....	1	14
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	....	....	....	....	....	....
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471, Government Notes	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and	2	2	50	100	3	2
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	....	2	....	50	....	2
4	224 to 228	Other offences against public justice	7	18	57·14	73·33	14	16
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	12	6	83·33	83·33	141	57
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Total	23	29	79·62	70·37	159	91
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by Thugs	....	....	....	....	....	....
9		,, Dacoits	....	....	....	....	....	....
10		,, Robbers	....	....	....	....	....	....
11		,, Poison	....	....	....	....	....	....
12		Other murders	1	1	....	....	....	1
13	307	Attempt at murder	2	4	50	50	2	4
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	1	100	100	2	1
15	376	Rape	2	2	100	100	2	6
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	1	....	....	1	1
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	2	1	50	....	3	1
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	1	....	....	....	1	....
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	10	4	50	50	10	4
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	....	....	....	....	....	....
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	12	11	58·33	40	24	13
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	....	....	....	....	....	....
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	....	....	....	....	....	....
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	12	16	58·33	68·23	21	26
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	....	2	....	100	....	....
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	....	....	....	2	....
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	....	1	....	100	....	2
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	....	....	....	....	....	....
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	27	25	48·14	70·58	57	36
30	304 A.	Causing death by rash or negligent act	1	....	....	....	1	....
		Total	74	70	53	61·66	126	96
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*						
31	393, 397, 398	Dacoity	....	....	....	....	....	....
32	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	....	....	....	....	....	....
33	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. By poisonous or stupefying drugs	....	1	....	....	....	....
		Robbery with hurt. By other means	....	1	....	....	....	3
34	392, 398	Robbery In dwelling house	....	1	....	100	....	2
		Robbery On the highway, between sunset and sunrise	1	4	....	50	1	6
		Robbery Other robberies	6	5	37·5	100	11	4
35	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	8	....	....	....	4	....
36	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	240	311	29·42	69·76	142	156
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	1	2	....	....	1	3
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Total	253	325	25·25	67·89	159	171

KURRA

B.

Crime with Result of Police Operations.

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
CHEE													
....	14	1	2	100	....	100	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	2	3	2	66·66	100	66·66	100	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	2	....	2	....	50	....	50	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	16	14	11	50	68·75	50	100	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	57	117	59	68·12	64·91	76·6	66·7	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	91	135	73	62·36	58·4	78·33	69·87	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	4	3	3	50	25	50	33·33	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	1	2	1	100	1·30	100	100	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	6	2	6	100	16·66	100	16·66	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	1	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	1	1	1	33·33	....	100	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	4	9	4	70	50	77·77	50	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	13	19	5	41·66	30·77	52·63	80	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	26	14	19	47·61	42·30	71·42	57·89	....	....	....	....	....	....
2	2	....	2	....	100	....	100	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	2	....	2	....	100	....	100	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	36	40	29	43·86	61·11	62·5	75·86	....	500	....	500	....	100
....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	1	....	1	....	100	....	100	....	....	....	....	....	....
2	98	94	75	46·03	47·95	61·7	62·66	....	500	....	500	....	100
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	3	....	3	....	....	....	....	....	104	....	103	....	98·7
....	2	....	2	....	50	....	50	....	115	....	15	....	13·4
....	6	....	3	....	16·66	....	33·33	6	156	6	114	100	73·7
....	4	3	4	27·27	100	37·5	100	345	48	34	31	9·79	64·59
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	156	100	106	49·29	47·43	70	68·51	15,099	20,316	2,470	5,174	16·25	29·54
....	3	1	3	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	178	109	123	45·91	45·97	66·97	69·4	15,350	20,584	2,500	5,669	16·28	26·13

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1874	1873
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
								KURRACHEE
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
39	334..	Hurt on grave and sudden provocation	1	...	...	...	2	..
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	3	3	66·66	...	4	8
41	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	2	...	50	...	2	..
42	374..	Compulsory labour	...	...	..	...	..	..
42a	323..	Hurt	..	92	...	46·73	..	170
		Total ..	6	95	50	46·26	8	178
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
43	458, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ..	169	176	18·34	62·5	90	70
44	379 to 382	Theft .. { Of cattle	793	847	45·53	62·30	680	585
		{ Ordinary	1,053	966	39·3	74·54	843	778
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	30	38	26·46	57·14	34	42
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	62	36	69·35	50	100	54
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	42	27	45·24	55·73	41	43
48	461, 462	Breaking close receptacles	..	..	...	..	..	...
48a	428..	Mischief for killing animals, &c., below Rs. 10.	..	2	...	50	..	2
		Total ..	2,145	2,152	40·65	67·83	1,787	1,572
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
49	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves..	...	...	...	...	..	...
50	Chapter XXXVIII., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad characters..	14	14	35·71	78·92	24	62
51	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	...	...	...	..	...
52	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ..	33	17	69·69	70·58	105	43
53		——— Excise Laws	10	..	60	...	12	...
54		——— Railway Laws	..	1	..	100	..	1
55		——— Salt and Customs Laws	..	...	..	...	..	..
56		——— Stage Carriage Act	11	64	90·90	68·53	24	94
57		——— Stamp Act	..	...	...	...	..	...
58	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 61 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	630	1,064	76·61	82·64	678	1,186
59	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	..	...	..	...	...	...
		Total ..	688	1,180	75·43	80·73	843	1,393
		Grand Total ..	3,188	3,851	47·82	72·86	3,092	3,504

B—*continued.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	4	7	50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	2	..	50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	170	..	90	..	52·93	..	72·22	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	178	8	97	37·5	56·51	37·5	67·1	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	79	57	46	48·88	57·14	77·19	56·25	7,577	4,071	1,997	885	26·22	21·73
5	580	300	457	51·17	55·76	696	71·99	27,973	31,395	22,725	25,707	81·95	81·90
4	790	664	654	57·95	65·34	74·61	76·14	20,572	19,931	10,583	9,068	51·39	45·49
..	42	20	36	29·41	45·23	50	52·77	196	1,479	164	423	83·67	28·60
..	54	38	49	56	53·70	63·63	59·18	1,463	439	1,328	381	90·77	86·81
..	43	26	31	46·34	44·18	73·07	61·29	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2	..	2	..	50	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	1,681	1,145	1,275	54·1	59·13	71·74	73·33	57,761	57,295	36,787	36,444	63·66	63·60
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	93	18	55	41·66	79·2	62·5	89·9	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	48	99	30	61·51	64·58	67·67	70·66	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	15	..	66·33	..	66·33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	94	24	96	91·66	54·25	91·66	54·88	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,186	657	1,162	79·17	84·9	80·66	86·47	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,393	806	1,350	75·80	61·11	79·8	83·70	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	3,515	2,488	2,903	69	65·05	73·5	77·11	73,131	76,679	39,287	42,508	53·72	54·2

F. J. WISE, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Kurrachee.

STATE

Thuggee and Dacoity, administration of Poisonous or Stupefying

Description of Crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3, in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in Columns 2 and 3.	Arrested	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Thuggee .. { By strangulation.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thuggee .. { By poison.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) without murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, viz:—											
Kidnapping	..	2	1	1	22	2	2	2	..	..	20
Cattle theft	4	30	43	..	61	55	55	40	15	..	6

District Superintendent of Police's Office,
Kurrachee, 9th March 1875.

STATE

Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection of

PART I.
Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons

District.	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 5 to 8.		Total cost under Columns 9 and 10.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Kurrachee	Amir Pir at Jarrak	2	6,000	..	..	2	17	..	..	..	..
	Lall Shah Baz ..	3	8,000	.. 6	24	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Shah Hasan ..	3	1,000	..	3	2	6	..	..	..	..
	Kumbur Ali Shah	2	600	..	2	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Shah Amir ..	1	600	..	..	2	4	..	..	..	..
	Dhara Tirith ..	2	4,000	.. 1	..	1	2	..	..	..	..
	Pir Lakha ..	2	1,000	..	..	1	5	..	..	..	..
	Amir Pir at Dada	10	1,000	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..
	Shah Kumal ..	3	1,200	4	16	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pir Putta ..	2	1,700	..	3	1	4	..	..	..	..
	Udera Lall ..	2	1,000	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..
	Gumbali	1	500	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Jhoke	4	700	..	2	1	3	..	..	..	..
	Pir Mugrabin ..	6	9,000	3	14	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Shah Ujakeek ..	4	4,000	..	..	2	6	..	..	..	..
	Ranjan Shah ..	3	500	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Umbur Shah ..	2	500	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Haji Ibrahim ..	1	500	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..

District Superintendent of Police's Office,
Kurrachee, 9th March 1875.

MENT C.

Durgs for Criminal purposes, and other Professional Crimes.

COMPARATIVE RETURN.

Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			Remarks.
1872.	1873.	1874.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1872.	1873.	1874.	
13			14			15			16			17			18
									Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
3	..	2	3	..	2	3	..	2	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
561	678	590	496	609	547	268	348	329	28,341 0 0	27,973 0 0	31,365 0 0	23,095 0 0	22,725 0 0	25,760 0 0	

F. J. WISE, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Kurrachee.

MENT D.

Persons and Property, or quartered as a punitive measure.

and Property.				PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						
Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks
Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered		Officers.	Men.				
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.			
..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	..	..	..
2	2	11 0 0	1 4 0	..	..	..	.. .. ..	..	..	..
..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	..	..	..
..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	..	..	1	7 4 2	From 1st to 9th January 1874.	Bellawapoor.	..
..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	..	..	..
..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	..	..	..
..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	..	..	..
1	1	4 0 0	2 0 0	..	..	..	.. .. ..	..	..	..
..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	..	..	..
..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	..	..	..
..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	..	..	..
3	1	36 0 0	35 0 0	..	..	..	.. .. ..	..	..	..
..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	..	..	..
..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	..	..	..
..	..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	..	..	..	.. .. ..	..	..	..

F. J. WISE, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Kurrachee

STATE

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution,

District.	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.									Cost of Police.								
	Commissioner of Police, Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.						Strength of Cantonment, Town, or Municipaland Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and travelling allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 2), and pay and travelling allowances of their establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents, Columns (3). (2)	Other expenses of Column 3.		Total pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4 and 5). (4)	Total pay of Constables of all Classes (6, 7, and 8.)	Horse and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns 11, 12, and 13.	Average pay of	
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards (1).	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100.(1)	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and travelling allowances of their establishments (2).				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Karachi	..	2	5	175	160	800	..	19	218	..	15,035	2,400	4,116	61,440	1,33,020	3,168	258	108

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay. (2) Column 12 includes local and personal, but
(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowance. (5) Columns 34 to 37. A " Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitant
(7) Columns 36 and 37, one policeman

District Superintendent of Police's Office,
Kurrachee, 9th March 1875.

STATE

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and General

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own departmental officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, 343, Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX. of Penal Code.		Other offences.	
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with firearms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Kurrachee	199	1,176	529	638	8	4	55	45	107	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	7

NOTE.—This Statement does not refer to Assistant District
* There were six vacancies

District Superintendent of Police's Office,
Kurrachee, 9th March 1875.

MENT E.

and Employment of Police.

Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Columns 11 to 17.	Total cost.	Payable from Imperial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Distribution of Force. In District. Guards at District, Central or Subsidiary Jails. Officers.	Guards at District, Central or Subsidiary Jails. Men.	Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries or as Escort to Prisoners & Treasuries. Officers.	Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries or as Escort to Prisoners & Treasuries. Men.	On other duties. Officers.	On other duties. Men.	On Town, Municipal, or Harbour duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole district in square miles.	Population of whole district.	Proportion of Police (Officers and Men) To Area (6). Of the whole district.	To Area (6). Of District, exclusive of Towns (5).	To Area (6). Of Towns (5).	To Population (7). Of the whole.	To Population (7). Of District, exclusive of Towns (5).	To Population (7). Of Towns (5).
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34		35	36		37
11,558	2,97,181	2,30,727	66,454	5	30	60	274	93	406	457	73	14,092	4,96,723	1 to 10·18 square miles.	1 to 16·5 square miles.	52·4 per square mile.	1 to 316·55	1 to 388·47	1 to 183·94

not travelling allowances. (3) Column 14 includes the cost of all enrolled Officers and Men employed on office duties.
(6) Columns 34 and 35, i.e., in Districts, one policeman to so many square miles, in Towns, so many policemen to one square mile. to so many of the population.

F. J. WISE, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police Kurrachee.

MENT F.

Internal Management of the Force.

Rewards. Number of Police rewarded during the year. By promotion.	Rewards. By money rewards.	Education. Number of Police who can read and write. Officers.	Education. Men.	Number of Police under instruction during the year. Officers.	Men.	Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service, and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	Number who have left the Force during the year. On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (Columns 7 and 8).	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Percentage in Hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
22	2	75	170	..	..	*179	841	349	..	11	42	89	83	6	15	13	190

Superintendents, or Officers of higher rank.
on the 31st December 1874.

F. J. WISE, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Kurrachee.

STATE

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste

District.	Race.																		
	Europeans.					Eurasians.				Natives.				Others.					
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.			District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.			District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.			Christians.	Mahomedans.	Hindus.			
	Military or Covenanted, Civil.	Uncovenanted.	On Rupees 100 and upwards.	Below Rupees 100.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	On Rupees 100 and upwards.	Below Rupees 100.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	On Rupees 100 and upwards.	Below Rupees 100.	Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.
1.	2	3	4		5	6	7		8	9	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Kurrachee	1 4	1	1	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	4	197	1,176	8	125	9	..	..	1
Total..	1	1	1	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	4	197	1,176	8	125	9	..	..	1

District Superintendent of Police's Office,
Kurrachee, 9th March 1875.

MENT G.

of Officers and Men employed in the Police.

Religion or Caste.																		
cers.						Men.												
dus.				Other Religions.				Hindus.							Other Religions.			Remarks.
Parsees.	Marathas.	Hindoostanis.	Hindus, Sindi.	Bheels.		Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gowlies.	Seikhs.	Hindoostani Hindus.	Marathas.	Bheels.	Hindus, Sindi.	Purwari.	Mang.	Grand Total Officers and Men.	
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
1	17	15	17	6	..	..	730	59	..	...	8	102	209	30	34	2	2	1,375	
1	17	15	17	6	..	..	730	59	..	..	8	102	209	30	34	2	2	1,375	

F. J. WISE, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Kurrachee.

No. 945 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner's Office,
Kurrachee, 31st July 1875.

REMARKS by the Commissioner of Police in Sind on the Annual Report of the District Superintendent of Police, Kurrachee, for the year 1874.

There would seem to have been 3,851 cases of cognizable crime investigated during the year against 3,188 cases in the previous year. This large increase is partly due to offences under Sections 323 and 428 having been lately made cognizable by the police, and the Superintendent asserts that the people are now more willing to come forward and lodge complaints when offences have been committed, while the floods throughout the province drove many out of their houses, thereby affording increased facilities to thieves and robbers of plundering. The Superintendent states that there was a total increase of 331 in the number of offences reported during the year, but as there were 3,170 cases reported in 1873 and 3,856 in the year under report, there would seem to have been an increase of 666 cases.

2. 3,478 persons were arrested during the year by the police, which with 48 arrested in the previous year and pending at its close. 11 received by transfer and 26 arrested by order of the Magistracy, make a total of 3,563, and of these 2,993 were put on trial and 2,308 finally convicted.

3. The percentage of persons convicted to those brought to trial stands 77·11 for the year against 73·5 for 1873 and the percentage of persons convicted to those arrested is 65·66 against 60 in the preceding year. These are high and exceed those obtained in any district in Sind during 1873.

4. An increase is observable in the amount of property stolen which was valued at Rs. 78,679, while that stolen in 1873 did not exceed Rs. 73,131. Of the former sum Rs. 42,503, or 54·2 per cent., was recovered, of the latter Rs. 39,287, or 53·72 per cent.

5. There were 2,439 cases of non-cognizable crime in 1874 against 2,709 in 1873, which is a falling off of 350. In the 2,439 cases, 5,101 persons were arrested or summoned, 3,834 were acquitted, and 1,267 were convicted or obliged to find security. The Commissioner in Sind concurs with the District Magistrate that from a comparison of the number of persons summoned or arrested and of those acquitted, it cannot be inferred that the Subordi-

nate Magistrates, without making any preliminary inquiry whatever, issue summonses on complaints. Very many such cases are withdrawn once the parties appear at court, and the issue of the order desired by the Police Superintendent might result in a denial of justice to those really aggrieved.

6. The Commissioner is sorry to see an increase from 2 in 1873 to 4 in the year in murder cases, also the very serious increase of 80 cases under the head of "house-breaking." The Superintendent argues that owing to the very slight obstruction offered to the burglar in Sind, many of the so-called "house-breakings" do not deserve the name. The Superintendent should, however, remember that they are doubtless all serious cases of thefts in dwelling, and as such he should use every means to detect and suppress them.

7. Under the head of "cattle-lifting," there has been an increase which the Superintendent attributes to the unsettled state of the frontier, further on in his 20th paragraph he states that "during 1874 twenty-eight Kafillas passed through the district, having with them 4,902 camels laden with merchandize, 100 horses, and 190 donkeys, and not a single complaint of robbery was made which is creditable to the police." The Commissioner considers it a subject for congratulation that the frequent serious outrages, often accompanied with loss of life, against Kafillas have been abandoned for the minor offence of cattle-lifting. In time it may be hoped that with the new police arrangements along the border, the latter crime may much diminish in number.

8. The Commissioner could not sanction the licenses for the sale of liquor and ammunition being sold or conferred by the Superintendent of Police. Such an arrangement would be in direct contravention of the law. In Bombay there is a special Abkari enactment in force in the town, but which does not extend beyond it.

9. The Commissioner is well aware of the inadequacy of the Kurrachee District Police Force, but he feels it would be useless applying to Government for any addition thereto; he trusts, however, that Captain Wise will continue to make the most of the small number available, and under his active management no doubt an improvement will soon be visible.

(Signed) W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

(True copy)
W. B. MULOCK,
Assistant Commissioner in Sind.

No. 236 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

FROM

THE MAGISTRATE OF THE DISTRICT, HYDERABAD,

TO

THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE IN SIND.

Hyderabad District Magistrate's Office,
Camp Khorwah, 10th April 1875.

SIR,

I have the honour to transmit herewith the Annual Report of the District Superintendent of Police, with statements, for the year 1874.

2. Statements A and B relating to cognizable crime show an increase of 802 cases of a petty nature, such as public and local nuisances. 1,141 persons were arrested and 1,122 put on trial and 884 convicted, leaving a balance of 17 pending at the close of the year.

3. This increase shows activity in a direction where it was much needed, as the habits of the dwellers in all our large towns and villages are notorious, and call loudly for reform.

4. Of crime generally, as registered by the police, it appears that under Classes I., IV., and V., there is a decrease in the year under report and an increase under Classes II. and III.

5. The total increase under these heads is 116 and the total decrease 21; net increase 95.

6. That is to say, that the serious offences against the person and against property show an increase, whilst minor offences show a falling off, as compared with last year.

7. Of serious offences against the person, Statement B, marked increase is noticeable under the heads of—

	1873.	1874.
Murder	6	9
Hurt by dangerous weapons.....	16	40
Criminal force, &c.	18	30

8. Of serious offences against property, Statement B, the increase is chiefly under the heads of—

	1873.	1874.
Robbery on the highway:.....	1	4
Lurking house-trespass, &c.	288	359
House-trespass with preparation for hurt, &c.	7	12

9. Taking into consideration the condition of the people generally, and their rude wild life, being scattered over a large area, often in hamlets of half a dozen huts, the amount of crime, as shown above, is not very startling when compared with the population, 721,947 souls. Though, in the instance of lurking house-trespass with intent, &c., the increase is certainly considerable, and this shall be pointed out to the magistrate in this district, with a view to the infliction of heavier sentences for this crime.

10. The percentage of convictions to cases decided 42·65 in 1874 against 47·33 in 1873 shows a falling off in 1874 in each head of the above class of cases; lurking house-trespass with intent to commit an offence alone excepted, which is 39·21 per cent. in 1874 to 36·29 in 1873. The percentage of highway robbery for 1873 is omitted, whilst that for 1874 is given.

11. The remarks of the District Superintendent of Police in paragraph 7 as to the difficulty of obtaining convictions before a magistrate are to a certain extent correct. In some cases no doubt witnesses are gained over, and where vakils are employed are made to contradict themselves to such an extent as to break down the case.

12. It is, however, equally true that the incapacity or inactivity of the police in preparing cases for trial, frequently renders it impossible for a magistrate to convict.

13. The classes of cases showing a decrease in 1874 are I., IV., and V. Of these minor offences those under the head of "other offences" in Class I. are stated to have been escapes from lawful custody; there were 24 in 1873 and only 12 in 1874, a decrease reflecting credit on the police.

14. In Class IV. there is no marked decrease calling for notice.

15. In Class V. the principal decrease is in—

	1873.	1874.
Lurking house-trespass ...	23	16
Theft of cattle	591	563
Recovered stolen property ...	15	11

The percentage of convictions to cases decided are 72·64 in 1874 to 55·79 in 1873.

16. I concur with the District Superintendent of Police in the remarks in paragraph 29, as to cases of lurking house-trespass often being misdescribed by complainants as "with intent to commit theft," whereas the intent was to commit adultery. The

cause is plain and natural, Sindhis as well as others have a dislike to parade the dishonour of their wives or other female relatives before the world, and, having lax ideas as regards veracity, resort to the first pretext they can invent to divert suspicion, and yet get the offender punished.

17. The decrease in the number of cattle thefts is not, in my opinion, an index of the actual state of this description of crime. I need not add any more on this subject, as much has already been said.

18. It remains to notice the remarks of the District Superintendent of Police on the subject, and the measures he has taken to remedy the defects in the system for the prevention of crime in his district.

19. It is urged that the sufferers in cases both of theft of cattle and of other property do not always report their losses. Being averse to the trouble and annoyance of a prosecution, the remuneration given them as witnesses by Government being inadequate, and because they often prefer to compound with the thieves without any intervention on the part of Government.

20. I think that there is a great deal of truth in these remarks, and that, as a rule, it is not easy for the police to discover and trace out crime unreported by the sufferers in the first instance, owing to the dislike which the people have to our formal and therefore tedious procedure in the dispensation of justice.

21. Whilst concurring with the District Superintendent in his remarks, paragraph 36, that fear of retaliation on the part of thieves deters owners in some cases from coming forward to prosecute, I cannot consent to stigmatise the latter as lazy, apathetic cowards on that account. It must be remembered that the police are in such small numbers, and scattered at such wide distances apart, that they are helpless as a protection either to person or property; also that the Sindhi is unarmed, and has a wholesome dread of consequences even had he a weapon to use.

22. The remarks in paragraph 37 are, I fear, true to a certain extent, but it may be asked how the detective talent of the police has hitherto failed to bring offenders of this high standing to justice. A few convictions, nay one only of this kind, would materially check complicity on the part of such influential individuals as are herein described.

23. The measures for the remedy of these defects detailed in his 44th paragraph appear judicious as far as they go, especially

the proposal to enrol influential members of tribes well acquainted with cattle-lifting.

24. The higher grades in the police of this district do not, as a general rule, appear to be filled by men of marked ability and respectability; and consequently the influence they are able to exert on the main body is comparatively small. The remarks in paragraph 63 show the difficulty of getting good material.

25. I would beg to support the suggestion in his 47th paragraph, that the District Superintendent of Police be invested with the powers of a First Class Magistrate, in order that he may be enabled to deal with the crime of gambling more successfully than is now the case.

26. The amount of property registered as having been stolen in 1874 is Rs. 42,014 against Rs. 38,585 in 1873; the percentage of recovery is 57·86 in the former and 77·05 in the latter year.

27. In clause 2 of paragraph 54 the District Superintendent remarks on the disinclination of magistrates in this district to deal with false complaints under Section 147 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, but he omits to give any instance in which this omission has taken place. I do not think that the figures he gives are a true criterion as to whether the complaint should have been rejected by the magistrate under Section 147 of the Code of Criminal Procedure; under that section the magistrate has to decide after examining the complainant only, and it is easy for a man to concoct a plausible statement which, until tested by the examination of witnesses, &c., shall bear every appearance of truth.

28. I must, in closing these remarks, state, in justice to the police, that there is not a harder worked class in the service of Government.

29. The number of mounted police is very small indeed, whilst it is well known that this branch alone is of any use in tracing thieves who have made off with their booty.

30. It is a hopeless task for a footman to overtake a man driving a buffalo, a bullock, or riding a camel or a horse, which he may have stolen. Whilst a footman cannot reach a place 10 or 12 miles distant from the scene of a murder or robbery, until the offenders have had time to get clear off, and then he is too tired to go in pursuit of them.

31. I have been informed by police officers that one mounted man is worth four footmen, and I have every reason to believe that this is not far from the mark. The 526 foot police on the strength of the Hyderabad establishment may then be considered

equal to 131 sowars, which added to 137, the present strength of the mounted police, gives a total of 268 sowars to check crime and arrest offenders of all kinds over an area of nearly 9,000 square miles, or 1 sowar to an area of about 33 square miles; a large range to supervise thoroughly.

32. It is a question whether the increase of crime may not in some degree be attributed to difficulty of coping with it on the part of the police. I do not think that there is any real want or distress in the country, such as would drive people to turn to thieving as a means of obtaining subsistence.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

R. WALLACE, Lieut.-Colonel,
Magistrate of District.

No. 144 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

FROM

THE DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENT OF
HYDERABAD POLICE,

To

THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE IN SIND.

District Police Superintendent's Office,
Hyderabad, 15th March 1875.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit (through the Magistrate of the District) the Annual Police Report showing—

Firstly.—The state of crime and the result of police operations in its detection and prosecution, and

Secondly.—The discipline and general internal management of the force during 1874.

2. Statements **A** and **B** show that 2,861 cognizable offences were investigated during the past year, being an increase of 896 as compared with the previous year.

Of this increase, 802 cases were under Serial No. 57, the police having taken action in 964 cases of public and local nuisances against 162 in 1873.

There has also been an increase of 39 cases under Class II., of 77 under Class III., and a total decrease of 21 cases under Classes I., IV., and V.

3. In analysing the separate classes and descriptions of crime, I will endeavour to show in a detailed manner the causes of such increase and decrease.

In 61·35 per cent. of the cases decided convictions were obtained, being an improvement of slightly more than 3½ per cent. over the year 1873. To prevent any misconception, I would here beg to remark that, in calculating percentages under column 7 of Statement **B**, cases which, though investigated by the police in 1873, were determined magisterially in 1874, have been excluded, and paragraph 3 of Bombay Government Resolution (in the Judicial Department) No. 260 of 1875 has been acted upon.

4. In the statements submitted with Annual Police Reports for 1873 of the Hyderabad and Shikárpur Districts, the word "investigated" was understood to be synonymous with the word "investigation," defined in Section 4 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and all calculations were made on this assumption, as it was subsequently determined that this is not the construction to be attached to it, in future the calculations have been amended.

5. In 16 cognizable cases the complainant and the accused were permitted to compound offences by the various magistrates.

3,199 persons were arrested either by the police or by order of a magistrate and 57 persons were pending at the end of last year, and here it may be remarked that considerable difference of opinion appears to exist, as to the manner in which columns 10 to 11 of Statement **A** and 9 of Statement **B** should be filled in.

In the Southern Division persons entered in column 10 of Statement **A** are entered in 9 of Statement **B**, whereas in the Northern Division they are excluded, and the Sind Districts are irregular. In the absence of directions, I have adopted the practice in force in the Northern Division of the Presidency, as it appears most correct.

6. The percentage of persons convicted to arrested is about the same for both years, viz., a trifle over 66½ per cent.

In calculating percentages under column 13 of Statement **B**, I have included persons who were under trial at the end of 1873,

and from the arrests in 1874, I have excluded persons who were under trial or committed to the Sessions on the 31st of December last.

The percentage of persons brought to trial, convicted shows a very slight falling off; the figures for 1873 and 1874 being respectively 75·33 and 74·68.

7. The police cannot be held strictly responsible for every case in which the accused is released or acquitted, as it frequently happens that though there was more than sufficient evidence to justify a conviction when the charge sheet was filled in and forwarded, yet before the offenders have arrived at the Magistrate's Court, their friends or vakils have succeeded in inducing the prosecutor and his witnesses to refrain from giving evidence, or at least so manipulated the witnesses that a conviction is impossible.

8. Property valued at Rs. 42,014 was stolen, being Rs. 9,505 less than the year immediately preceding.

Of this amount Rs. 24,312, or 57·86 per cent., was recovered; there has thus been a decrease of nearly 10 per cent. in recoveries as compared with 1873 though 3 per cent. better than in 1872.

In 209 cases the property stolen was valued at less than one rupee, and in 392 cases it was under Rs. 10; but above one rupee, in other words in 601 cases, the amount stolen was less than Rs. 10.

Class I.

Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.

9. There were 23 cases against 29 in 1873. 33 persons were arrested, and 23 of them brought to trial, 82·60 per cent. of whom were convicted.

The falling off has been chiefly in offences against public justice. 3 persons were arrested for being in possession of counterfeit coin.

The cases under Serial No. 4 were nearly all escapes or attempts to escape from lawful custody, and all the offenders brought to trial were convicted.

Class II.

Serious Offences against the Person.

10. There were 9 cases of murder reported to have been committed against 6 in the previous year, in one of which death was caused by poison. In

Murder.

6 cases convictions were obtained, 1 case was under trial, and in 2 cases the offenders were acquitted by the Court of Sessions.

The details of the murder by poison are as follows :—

A man named Málár had for years been living with a woman who subsequently left him. He on several occasions tried to persuade her to return to him, but was unsuccessful. On the 23rd of February 1873 Málár again accosted the woman, who with her sister was working in the Tando Baja road, the woman, however, refused to have anything to do with him, Málár then addressed her sister, gave her some ghur, and asked her to mediate between them and give it to her sister from him.

The sister tied up the ghur in a corner of her chudder, and on arriving home left it on a bed, and went to fetch water. During her absence seven young girls came into the room, discovered the ghur, and after dividing it among themselves, were engaged in eating it, when they were all seized with fits of vomiting and purging, and before any remedies could be used, three of the girls died.

The police forwarded the uneaten portion of the ghur and the bodies of the deceased girls to the Hospital Assistant at the Tando, who removed the contents of the stomachs and forwarded them to the Chemical Analyser, who certified that he had discovered arsenic in large quantities. The police, after carefully collecting the necessary evidence, forwarded the accused to the Magistrate of the Division, who committed him to the Sessions, where he was convicted and sentenced to death.

11. One of the acquittals was on account of the want of sufficient evidence to identify the body of the deceased : this murder occurred under the following circumstances :—

A step-father wished to appropriate some buffaloes belonging to his step-son, a boy about from ten to twelve years old. The boy's mother would not permit this while her son lived. The step-father then induced the boy to accompany him to an adjoining jungle, where he strangled him, and threw the body into a canal.

The accused was arrested and the facts discovered being sufficient to inculpate him, the magistrate committed him to the Sessions, but the proof of the *corpus delicti* being unsatisfactory, he was released. Every effort was made by the police to discover the body of the boy, but the canal being a large one, and having numerous branches, no trace could be found.

Several months after, when the canals were nearly dry, the police discovered a human skeleton on the banks of a small

branch canal. This was forwarded to the nearest Hospital Assistant, who, after careful examination, could only certify that the skeleton belonged to a human being under 13 years of age, and that deceased had died within the year; none of the relatives of the boy could identify the skeleton, nor could any further information be obtained as to how it came where it was found.

After visiting the spot and examining the bones, and inquiry into all the circumstances, I am strongly inclined to suspect that they belong to the deceased, and that the body was removed to the bank by jackals, and the flesh eaten by them at least a fortnight before discovery.

12. Full details of each murder case having been given in the Monthly Progress Crime Reports, recapitulation here would be unnecessary, especially as they are of the ordinary type of Sindhi murders: the husband, the wife and the paramour, between them providing the murderer, the corpse and the principal witness for the prosecution.

In the cases in which convictions were obtained, three offenders were sentenced to death and three to transportation for life.

13. There was only one attempt at murder, and 4 cases of culpable homicide.

14. Exactly the same number of cases of rape and unnatural offences occurred during the past year as were investigated in 1873, though 12 persons were concerned against 10 in the previous year.

15. Cases of hurt by dangerous weapons have more than doubled during the year, there being 40 cases against 16 in 1873.

81 persons were arrested, and 72 put on their trial.

The percentage of convictions to arrests is in favour of the year under report, but to persons brought to trial it is not so satisfactory.

In the majority of cases hurt was caused during affrays, resulting from disputes relating to the possession of the right or use of land or water, and squabbles about women, camels, and buffaloes.

16. There were no cases of kidnapping for unlawful purposes.

Class III.

Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.

17. *Robbery.*—There were 4 cases against 2 in 1873, and the police arrested 6 persons, 3 of whom were convicted.

With one exception the cases were of a very trifling nature.

This occurred in the Hála Taluka; complainant, a Bannia, was returning with his daughter (a little girl bedecked with ornaments) from the fair at Udera Lal. On reaching a rather unfrequented part of a jungle path, he was attacked by two men, thrown from his donkey, and the ornaments forcibly removed. After which the offenders absconded before they could be identified by the complainant.

There is little doubt that the robbers first noticed complainant in the fair, and followed him thence.

Nehálsing, the Inspector of the Hála Division, took up the case, but, beyond obtaining a clue, was unsuccessful.

Lurking house-trespass, house-breaking. Serial No. 35.

18. There has been an increase of 71 cases under this head, the figures for 1873 and 1874 being respectively 288 and 359. In 39·21 per cent. of these cases convictions were obtained, being 3 per cent. in favour of the year under report, 62 per cent. of the persons arrested and 78 of those brought to trial were convicted. The percentage of property recovered has fallen off slightly, but otherwise the police have during the past year been much more successful in grappling with this offence than during the year immediately preceding.

19. It cannot be disputed that offences of this nature and cognate offences (Serial Nos. 35, 36, and 42) are steadily increasing throughout the province. The figures for the four years ending 31st December 1873 may be approximately given as follows:—

Year.	Cases.	Value of stolen property.
1870	510	Rs. 35,830
1871	894	„ 66,773
1872	849	„ 55,741
1873	1,102	„ 1,02,420

20. From my experience in Sind I ascribe this increase to the following causes, viz.:—

1*st*.—Villages in Sind being scattered over a large and sparsely populated area, the absence of a village police and the small proportion of regular police to area render it impossible to take any really effectual preventive measures against house-breakers.

21. 2*nd*.—The facilities afforded to house-breakers by the construction of dwelling-houses in Sind, which appear to be specially

built for the burglar to enter, nor must it be forgotten that during the summer months Sindhis are in the habit of sleeping either out in their fields or on the roofs of their houses.

22. *3rd.*—The thorough apathy of the people and their reluctance to aid the police in any way.

23. *4th.*—The protection and countenance generally, I may say, invariably afforded by the more influential and apparently respectable persons, such as village headmen, owners and occupiers of lands and their agents, Pirs, &c., to house-breakers, thieves, and bad characters.

24. *5th.*—The light sentences not unfrequently passed on habitual house-breakers by the criminal courts.

25. *6th.*—The fact that sentences of rigorous imprisonment, as carried out in the Sind Jails, has very little deterrent effect upon professional house-breakers.

I am yearly becoming more satisfied that this class of men do not fear prison discipline; they are better fed, better clothed, and their other wants far better attended to than would be the case in their own homes.

26. *7th.*—The utter ignorance of the police of one district of the province as to the names and the movements of habitual criminals of neighbouring districts.

No system has ever been introduced by which the police of one district can be made acquainted with the professional house-breakers and thieves of other districts, and I am convinced that offenders are convicted over and over again without being recognized.

The more notorious offenders are perfectly well aware that they should abstain from committing fresh offences in the same district.

27. *8th.*—The fact that many Mussulman zemindars who in past years were well off, if not wealthy, are, owing to their improvident and reckless habits and the extortions of money-lenders, annually becoming impoverished and insolvent; and these men do not scruple to instigate desperate characters to commit house-breaking, and not only share the profits, but shield the offenders from the police.

28. *9th.*—I have also reason to believe that this offence is sometimes committed by or at the instigation of disaffected ex-proprietors, whose lands and goods have passed into the hands of Banias; the offenders being principally actuated by revenge, there is undoubtedly considerable discontent engendered by land being alienated from the original owners.

29. The chief reason why the police are not more successful in obtaining convictions in cases of lurking house-trespass is, that in a large number of instances the trespasser's intention is not theft, but adultery; and the difficulty consists in the fact that the complainant and his witnesses, in order to protect the character of the woman with whom the assignation was made by the trespasser, and to preserve appearances, deliberately accuse the offender of theft.

The magisterial inquiry makes it apparent that the actual facts have been suppressed, and the evidence generally fabricated: thus the cases break down, and the accused are acquitted.

30. It is almost impossible to persuade a Sindhi complainant to tell the truth in such cases, as he considers it of the first importance to protect what he is pleased to call "his honour;" nor must it be forgotten that it is extremely difficult to convict a man of adultery in Sind, for reasons I need not detail here.

Cases in which houses have been broken into, but no property removed (the offender having been interrupted), are most difficult to substantiate in India.

During 1873, the police of the North-Western Provinces (probably the most efficient constabulary in India,) succeeded in obtaining convictions in 2 per cent. of such cases only, and many of the Commissioners, Deputy Commissioners and District Superintendents were of opinion that the time of the police was thrown away in attempting to detect the offenders in cases of attempts at house-breaking, and though I do not quite agree with them, I am convinced that at best it is a thankless task.

31. On taking charge of the police of this district I found the registers of bad characters most defective, and many of the thánádárs were deplorably ignorant not only of the history, but even of the names of the badmáshis who resided within the jurisdictions of their respective thánás. They were thus unable to keep these dangerous characters under proper surveillance. I have therefore supplied each tháná with a register, in which is entered in alphabetical order the names of every village and hamlet within the tháná limits.

In this register one or more pages is set apart to each village, and after dividing them into columns according to an approved form, I have, with the consent of the Jail Superintendent, copied from the Hyderabad Jail Registers introduced since the Indian Penal Code came into operation, the names of each prisoner convicted of the offences noted in the margin. Each

Theft, extortion, robbery, lurking house-trespass, house-breaking, administering poisonous drugs, counterfeiting coin, receiving stolen property, kidnapping, criminal breach of trust, mischief by fire, and bad livelihood.

name with the necessary particulars is entered in the page set apart for the village to which the convict belongs.

By the end of the present year it will, I trust, be satisfactorily ascertained what has become of these convicts, and the registers can be corrected, excluding the offenders who had died or been otherwise disposed of since January 1862; and there can be little doubt than eventually these registers will be most useful, as they can always be written up from the information supplied by criminal courts under Section 220, Criminal Procedure Code (*vide* West's Minute, page 27).

Class IV.

Minor Offences against the Person.

32. Only one offence under this class was investigated during the year; of the 2 persons concerned one was convicted.

Class V.

Minor Offences against Property.

33. Under this class there is a trifling decrease of 11 cases, the figures for the past two years being respectively 1,245 and 1,234; a larger number of persons were concerned and arrested. The amount of property stolen has also been less by Rs. 12,062.

The most important offence in this class is theft. During the past year there has been a slight decrease in cases of cattle theft and a trifling increase in ordinary theft cases.

34. As the figures with regard to this offence for 1873 were very severely criticised, and strictures passed on the police, (the decrease having been ascribed to an increase in unreported cases,) I have given the matter my most careful attention, and have spared no effort to satisfy myself as to the reported prevalence, especially of cattle theft; and I am of opinion that this offence is as fully registered by the police of this district as in any other in Sind, and that, with some few exceptions, thánadárs are in the habit of reporting all *bonâ fide* cases; though, at the same time, I have quite satisfied myself that crimes of this nature are not fully reported to the police by owners.

35. The causes for this laxity on their part is by no means difficult to discover. They are—

First.—Because it is much more convenient, less expensive and safer to compound with the thieves, than to incur the inconvenience, annoyance and expense of having to attend first at the police station, and, if the animals or other property is recovered, at

the Magistrate's Courts; especially when it is remembered that these magistrates when not at head-quarters are wandering over large areas, and the complainant and his witnesses are obliged to follow the camp until the case has been decided, and, if the offendor should happen to be an habitual criminal, to attend at the Session's Court.

There is nothing the Sindhi dislikes more than having to travel many miles and to be absent from his home and fields for an indefinite period; probably to be informed when he returns, that the relations of the accused have selected and removed more of his cattle.

For all this annoyance and inconvenience, the expenses and the subsistence allowance paid him is most inadequate compensation.

36. *Second.*—Cattle-owners are really afraid of the thieves, as it is a notorious fact that to give evidence in Sind against professional or habitual cattle-lifters is almost certainly incurring the risk of eventually having more cattle stolen. The Sindhi is such a lazy, apathetic coward, that he cannot be persuaded by the police or by any one else to run any risk, as it is quite immaterial whether the offender is convicted or not, if he is; his relations and friends are sure to make the complainant and his witnesses to suffer.

37. *Third.*—The aid and comfort generally given to cattle thieves by influential and nominally respectable persons, such as Pirs, patels, sowkars, zemindars, &c.; and as these men can command any number of witnesses, it is in vain that the most energetic thánádár attempts to collect evidence against them.

38. When it is also remembered that the gross carelessness of cattle-owners, who send out their animals to graze without any one to attend to them, (and the less grass there is the further the cattle wander,) affords great facilities to intending thieves.

That it is often difficult to distinguish between cattle stolen, strayed, or that have been criminally misappropriated.

That the police have been reduced to the lowest possible limit, and are unable to investigate carefully every case in which they suspect animals to have been appropriated.

The police, whose special duty it is to prevent, detect and suppress crime, consists of only 331 officers and men; this includes Inspectors, Chief Constables and Munshis—the armed branch of the foot police and the police in towns, being rarely or never employed in cases of cattle theft, are excluded from this calculation.

That compounders of cattle thefts carry on their transactions in remote places, generally in jungles, and when there are no witnesses, and that both the giver and the receiver are alike liable to punishment under Sections 214 and 215 of the Indian Penal Code.

That the offence of compounding cattle thefts (technically known as bhang) was in force while the country was under the Mirs, and has continued to flourish ever since with scarcely any check worthy of the name.

When all these facts are considered, it is scarcely fair to make the police solely and entirely responsible.

39. In the latter part of the 18th paragraph of the remarks made by the District Magistrate on the Police Report for 1873, he states "it is but natural that they (the police) should take up the heavier cases and discourage, as much as possible, all complaints relating to offences under Class V. in which detection may seem difficult, or in which the value of the property stolen may be small."

With reference to these remarks, I have merely to state that in 601 cases investigated by the police last year, the property stolen was under Rs. 10, and, as previously stated, in 209 cases it was under rupee one.

It is therefore much more probable that the police were too vexatious and officious than that they discouraged such complaints.

40. 192 reports were made to the police of cattle having strayed, and the police recovered the animals in 91 cases.

1,183 head of cattle were sold by auction under Section 14 of Act I. of 1871 during the past year at the various cattle-pounds throughout this district.

41. In the 13th paragraph of his remarks the District Magistrate observed that the Ráj Mahajan at Bádami, in the Badin Táluka, gave him the names of 20 bad characters and reputed thieves. This fact is highly probable, as village communities are not unfrequently in the habit of making vague general statements of this nature, but were the members of these very communities requested to give evidence in a Magistrate's Court against reputed thieves, they would one and all decline.

As my experience in attempting to deal with cases of this nature has been very similar to that of the Deputy Commissioner of the Nimar District in the Central Provinces, I cannot refrain from quoting the remarks made by him in the Report on the Judicial Administration of these Provinces for 1873. He states:—

42. "Early in February I was in Burhanpur, where thefts and house-breakings had greatly increased during the past year.

"On inquiry of the respectable and influential inhabitants as to how they accounted for this, they one and all told me that there were *numbers* of men of notoriously bad character, who were

allowed to go about unchallenged by the police, and that these men were suspected to be mixed up more or less in all the burglaries and thefts not only of Burhanpur, but of a wide circle round about.

"They without hesitation gave me the names of *a score* of men of this kind; yet when these same respectable parties came before me as witnesses, they fenced and beat about the bush, nervously afraid lest their evidence against one should make themselves a mark for the fraternity generally."

There is not a word of these remarks which does not apply to Sind.

43. During my tour I personally did all in my power to induce the inhabitants of many villages to come forward and support the police in their efforts to put down these disreputable characters, but, I am sorry to have to state, to little purpose.

Some members of the Rāj Mahājan stated they would only come forward on condition that I guaranteed not only the conviction of badmashis, but also that they would not get off on appeal.

Some honestly told me that they were afraid and dare not give evidence in any criminal court against bad characters in their neighbourhood.

Others suggested various compromises, but all declined to aid the police actively. Under such circumstances the police are nearly powerless, as no magistrate will convict on the sole testimony of police officers.

44. The following are some of the measures taken by me during the past year to suppress the crime of cattle-lifting, and also to ensure its being more thoroughly reported by, and to, the police:—

1*st.*—The issue through the District Magistrate of orders prohibiting the members of cattle-lifting tribes and badmashis generally from residing on Government waste land or an isolated squatlings throughout the district, and compelling them to dwell near large villages and towns where their movements could be more fully watched than is at present the case.

2*nd.*—Registering the names of all persons convicted of this offence since the Penal Code came into operation, and who are still suspected of being concerned in such offences.

3*rd.*—Placing well-known cattle thieves under strict police surveillance.

4th.—Personally carefully explaining to cattle-owners, zemindars, village head-men and their agents, their duties under Sections 89 and 90 of the Criminal Procedure Code, and the penalty incurred by them for omitting to do the same under Section 202 of the Penal Code.

5th.—Enrolling in the police influential members of tribes who from birth or long residence are thoroughly acquainted with the habits and practices of cattle thieves.

6th.—Issuing orders to all thánádárs that they should frequently and at irregular intervals take a census of cattle alleged to be owned by persons who may be reasonably suspected of stealing or appropriating cattle.

7th.—Directing thánádárs to pass to all persons who may report to them cases of stolen or strayed cattle, an acknowledgment in writing (according to a prescribed form) of such report, and through the various magistrates, informing all zemindars, cattle-owners, village head-men, &c., that they must demand such a voucher from every police station officer of each report made.

45. If these measures do not succeed, I have distinctly made head-men of the more notorious villages understand that I shall recommend police being quartered on them as a punitive measure. Whenever I had reason to suspect that any thánádár was disposed to enter cattle reported to him as stolen in the list of strayed, I have ordered that whatever may be the nature of the report, the police should aid the complainant in attempting to recover them.

Class VI.

Other Offences not specified above.

46. The only offence in this class which calls for any notice is that of public and local nuisances, which, as already stated, have increased from 162 in 1873 to 964 in 1874.

This increase is chiefly due to the greater exertions of the Hyderabad Town Police in attempting to keep this truly filthy town clean.

In the Annual Report of the Hyderabad Municipality for 1873, the Municipal Commissioners, or rather the Managing Committee, complained that the police had not paid sufficient attention to their duties in this respect; I trust they will be better satisfied with the results obtained during the past year.

The offence of gambling is very rife in the town of Hyderabad, but I have been unable to take any determined measures to

suppress it, as I am only invested with the powers of a 2nd Class Magistrate, and under Section V. of Act. III. of 1866 it is necessary that a District Superintendent of Police should possess the powers of a 1st Class Magistrate before he can issue a warrant under the Act.

It is true that there are several magistrates in the town having 1st class powers, but it has been found to be practically impossible to obtain the necessary warrants without the owners and keepers of gaming-houses becoming acquainted with the fact.

48. There were 38 cases investigated under Bombay Act VI. of 1863.

324 licenses were issued to owners and drivers.

The total number of public land conveyances plying for hire in the town of Hyderabad were 162. Of this number 49 were licensed to convey passengers, and the remainder were bullock carts.

49. Statements **C** and **D** are annexed, and being self-explanatory, call for no further remark.

50. In addition to the cognizable offences entered in Statement **A**, the police were engaged in 611 cases, which after investigation were reported under Section 117, Criminal Procedure Code, for the orders of the various magistrates in this district. In all these cases the police, after local investigation and after examination of the complainant and his witnesses, believed the accusations to be false. In about two-third of these cases the complaints were made by petition to the magistrates, who by endorsement directed the officers in charge of the nearest police stations to make local inquiries for the purpose of ascertaining the truth or falsehood of such complaints.

51. As the reports of the subordinate police were all transmitted through me to the magistrates directing the investigation, I had ample opportunities of making myself thoroughly acquainted with the nature of such complaints, and have not unfrequently, when moving through the district, tested the reports of the local police officers by holding an inquiry myself. The Inspectors under me have received very strict orders to carefully re-inquire into reports submitted by their subordinates under this section, and as the magistrates who direct such inquiries frequently examine the complainant and his witnesses, there is every reason to believe that substantial justice is done.

52. The majority of these false complaints were made by persons who were suffering under a sense of wrong, and who did

not intend any fraud, and who appear to see no harm in attempting to make use of criminal courts to settle their private differences and squabbles.

53. The following few examples may be useful, as giving an insight into the nature of the complaints:—

A and B have a partition dispute, and A, believing B to have appropriated more than his share, accuses him of stealing part of the profits.

A has become insolvent, and, with intent to deceive his creditors, reports that his house was broken into and property stolen.

A suspects or has reason to believe that B is on too intimate terms with his (A's) wife, entraps B into visiting his house, arrests him, and accuses him of theft.

A has property (chiefly ornaments) of considerable value deposited with him as security by persons to whom he has advanced money—disposes of such property, and then complains that burglars entered his house.

B entices away (A's) wife; A immediately reports to the police that B has stolen ornaments valued at a fabulous amount.

A, under fear of an attachment warrant issued by a civil court, gives up to B (his creditor) some property (say a buffalo or camel), and then repenting, reports that B stole it.

54. I feel convinced that when the district Sindhi becomes aware of the fact that the Criminal Procedure Code Amendment Act has made offences under Section 323 of the Indian Penal Code cognizable by the police, that he will prefer to accuse his neighbours of voluntarily causing hurt, as it is much easier to suborn witness to support an accusation of this nature than one of theft, robbery, house-breaking, and cognate offences.

I cannot help remarking here that were magistrates more inclined to deal with false complaints under Section 147 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the police would be saved a considerable amount of useless trouble, and have more time to devote to *bonâ fide* complaints.

Statement A, Part II.

Non-Cognizable Crime.

55. The first fact which becomes apparent on comparing this statement with the corresponding one submitted in 1873, is the appalling increase in the number of cases in which the police were employed.

The figures for 1873 and 1874 being respectively 30 and 2,637, and the arrests having risen from 56 to 6,420.

The truth is that this statement has for the past four years been prepared on a wrong principle.

56. This is evident from the facts that while in the districts of Kurrachee and Shikárpur, the police were in the years 1870, 1871, 1872, and 1873, employed by the magistrates in 11,554 and 6,170 cases respectively, and the number of persons arrested or summoned in each of the above districts was 12,381 and 13,728 respectively; in the Hyderabad District they should during the same period have only been employed in 93 cases, and only arrested or summoned 159 persons.

57. Mr. Vincent, the late District Superintendent, appears to have noticed that the statistics of non-cognizable crime were irregularly kept by the thánádárs, and issued orders which, had they been properly carried out, would have rendered the records thoroughly trustworthy. Unfortunately, owing to the neglect of his directions, matters reverted to their former state, and on my examining the records of most of the thánás, I found that it would be impossible to fill in this statement correctly, and therefore had to request the District Magistrate to favour me by issuing instructions to the magistrates throughout the district to supply me with the necessary information.

The result has been what I expected, and explains the difference between the two past years.

58. During the past year, the police executed and served 21,901 warrants, summonses, and notices.

Part II,

Strength, Cost, Distribution, Equipment, Discipline, General Internal Management, Race, Religion and Caste of the Force.

Statements E, F, & G.

59. Before comparing these statements with the corresponding ones submitted with the last Annual Police Report, Bombay Government Resolutions (in the Judicial Department) numbered respectively 6000 of 1873, 46 and 260 of 1875, should be borne in mind.

By the two former, an increase of the Hyderabad Police by six officers and a decrease by thirteen constables was sanctioned, and by the latter it was ruled that village chowkidars are not to be included in Statement E.

The present sanctioned strength of the regular police of this district is 131 officers and 663 men, of whom 35 officers and 137 constables are mounted. In addition to the above, there are 94 men employed by the municipalities of towns (excluding the town of Hyderabad), and paid wholly from other than Imperial or Provincial Revenues.

In order to obviate reference to this office, it may be necessary to state that columns 3 to 10 of Statement **E** and 2 and 3 of Statement **F** give the sanctioned strength of the force, whereas Statement **G** gives the actual strength on the 31st of December 1874. 410 subordinate officers and men are provided with fire-arms, the carbines of the mounted constables are fairly effective weapons, but the most that can be said for the muskets of the foot police, is that they are not dangerous to persons who may use them; they are old, heavy, clumsy, and many of them have to be cocked and the trigger pulled repeatedly before the caps consent to snap. The name of the Hyderabad District should have been included in the list of districts to be supplied with interchangeable carbines, sanctioned by Government Resolution No. 5135, dated 3rd October 1873.

The proportion of police to area (exclusive of towns) is less than in any of the districts in the Northern and Southern Divisions, and to population less than either Kurrachee or Shikárpur, there being only one policeman to 13·50 square miles and to 1,009 of the population.

Punishments.

60. 52 officers and men were dismissed, and 156 either fined, suspended or degraded. 32 officers and men were punished judicially by the magistrates or Sessions Court, and of the 52 dismissals, 28 were in consequence of the conviction of the offenders by the criminal courts, and the remainder departmentally. The majority of these last were previously (and in some instances more than once) fined and degraded, and are included under columns 9 and 10 of Statement **F**.

The great failing of the Sindhi constable is that of absenting himself without leave and exceeding the leave granted him.

A man is sent to serve a notice or summons within the jurisdiction of his tháná, and the distance is such that he ought to perform this duty and return within 24 hours; he however disappears, and nothing is heard of him for a week or ten days, when he returns and reports that he was sick; an inquiry however discloses the fact that he was a greater portion of the time in his native village, some 50 or 80 miles off, or visited and remained with some friend in an adjoining taluka.

It is most difficult to deal with men who neglect their duty in this manner, as fining and degrading have no deterrent effect, and a stoppage of leave results in the tender of resignation or desertion; nor is punishment under the Police Act more effectual.

Rewards.

61. In the few cases in which money rewards were given, the receivers had exerted themselves in re-capturing absconded offenders and deserters. There can be little doubt that promptly and judiciously rewarding men with presents of even trifling value would operate as a great incentive to exertion.

The increase in the number rewarded by promotion is due to the appointments of Head Constables to the vacancies created by men who have left the force on gratuity during the year, *vide* column 29.

In the latter portion of paragraph 8 of their Resolution No. 5357, dated 23rd September 1874 (Judicial Department), Government request that "greater discrimination should be exercised in the promotion of police officers."

So far as my acquaintance with the principal officers during the nine months of the year I was in charge enables me to judge, I am satisfied that the promotions have been very judiciously made; for though the Chief Constables are not all that might be wished, they certainly are the pick of the force.

This fact is the more surprising, when it is remembered that during the last four years there has been a succession of new District Superintendents, none of whom had any previous acquaintance with either the district or the men.

This constant change of European officers, though perhaps unavoidable, militates strongly against the efficiency of the force, as one officer benefits but little from the experience of his predecessor.

For several months after joining his appointment, a Superintendent is comparatively helpless, and there is little on the record to guide him, in selecting the fittest candidate.

I am convinced that nothing disheartens the men more than the departure of an officer under whom they have exerted themselves, and to whom they look for promotion, and the arrival of a new Superintendent who is totally ignorant of the capabilities and qualifications of a single man in the district.

I have been exceedingly cautious in promoting officers in the higher grades, and have frequently permitted appointments to remain vacant for five or more months, until I was perfectly satisfied that I had secured the fittest man for the post.

Promotions from a foot constableship to a sowarship have been considerably hampered by some of the last Chándú Fund Rules, as it rarely happens that the best men have got the most money, and few men can produce Rs. 200 for the purchase of a horse and an ássámi unless they borrow the amount from sowcars at ruinous interest.

Education.

62. The number of officers and men who can read and write has increased during the year, and is chiefly owing to the determined and unremitting measures taken by me to instruct the Town police and men at head-quarters; in the former force 36 constables who in March last were unable to distinguish between one letter and another are now able to read fluently and write fairly. These men are now being instructed in the Police Catechism and the more important parts of the Criminal Codes, and are examined twice weekly by me whenever I am at Hyderabad.

As there is no reserve of district police at head-quarters, it has been found impossible systematically to instruct the men detailed for outpost duty, though every effort is made to acquaint newly enrolled constables with the rudiments of their duties. As already stated, the proportion of police to area and population is too limited to allow of much leisure to devote to education.

On taking charge of this district I found the armed branch in a very inefficient state; the men had quite forgotton their drill, and there was not a single officer capable of instructing them efficiently, even in the manual and platoon exercise. With the permission of the Commandant of the Belooch Regiment, five intelligent constables were daily drilled with the recruits of the regiment, and as soon as these men were reported qualified they were employed to instruct the remainder. I am, therefore, hopeful that the armed branch at least will shortly be able to perform efficiently the little drill required of them.

Enlistment.

63. 152 men have been enlisted during the year; it has, however, been no easy matter to induce intelligent men bearing a good character and physically fit to enter the force, the pay being too low and the restraints too many to render service in the police permanently attractive; only ten per cent. of the candidates for enrolment were selected. Applicants for employments in the police may be roughly divided into three classes:—

1*st*.—Men who have attempted to get on, and failed in every other occupation or department, and who try to enter the police solely to keep themselves from starvation.

2*nd*.—Sepoys discharged on pension or gratuity from Native regiments as physically unfit for further service.

3*rd*.—Persons desirous of using their official influence to promote their private ends.

Few recruits are obtainable from the cultivating classes, and those who do apply for service are generally men whose previous life and character will not bear being too closely scrutinized.

It is thus by no means an easy task to form an efficient police out of such materials.

Resignations.

The men entered in column 29 as having left the force on gratuity were chiefly Head Constables; from the armed branch worn out old Párdasis, the majority of whom entered the Sind Police when it was first raised.

They were quite unfit for further service, and generally spent a considerable number of their days in the hospitals.

Resignations have been only too frequent; it is however impossible to prevent this, as owing to the paucity of men the force is overworked, the constables get disgusted, and apply for their discharge. In one way or another 145 men left the force during the year, and from the 1st of January 1870 to the 31st of December 1874, exactly 600 officers and men left the force—thus each year 120 men on an average had to be enlisted and trained to their work. It is extremely difficult to keep the force efficient under such circumstances.

The entries in columns 35 and 36 were chiefly men of the armed branch, and many of the patients and deceased were Párdasis, men who habitually starve themselves in order to save money, and by attempting to live on less than 2 annas a day, generally so undermine their constitutions that when overtaken by sickness they are either prostrated for long periods or succumb.

There can be no doubt that this class of men make well behaved, clean and obedient constables; but as they have little intelligence and strength, I am not in favour of enrolling many in the police.

A statement showing the dismissals and resignations required under the orders of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 691, of the 20th October 1871, is also submitted.

Buildings.

64. A statement showing the total amount expended during the year on police buildings from the Police Budget is annexed.

Shortly after the sum sanctioned for petty construction and repairs had been drawn and distributed to the Chief Constables for expenditure, the heavy rains set in and caused great damage to many of the thánás, and the amount appropriated (which would under ordinary circumstances have been ample) was found quite insufficient, and in consequence many of the buildings are in rather a dilapidated state, and can only be properly repaired by an increased expenditure during the present year.

The estimate was accordingly increased.

Mounted Police Fund.

65. The credit balance of this amounted on the 31st of December last to Rs. 12,475-11-6. Of this sum, Rs. 6,000 has been subsequently deposited in the Government Savings Bank and Rs. 6,000 invested in Government Paper.

5 horses and 2 camels died, and 5 horses and 2 camels were cast.

Accidental Deaths.

66. 198 accidental deaths were reported, chiefly from drowning.

420 persons were bitten by snakes, 147 of whom died.

Of the persons bitten, 283 were supplied with liquor ammonia. 14 inquests were held by the police on persons who had committed suicide.

67. The police extinguished 7 fires during the past year, and arrested four absconded offenders.

General Character and Efficiency of the Inspectors and Chief Constables.

68. Mr. Woodward, Inspector of the Tanda Division, has exerted himself satisfactorily; he takes an interest in his duties and strives to do them well. Inspector Zamankhan, of the Naushahro Division, is, without a doubt, the best police officer in this district; he is very active, a good detective, and strict with his subordinates, and I am very well pleased with the manner in which he does his work.

Inspector Alla Ditta Khan, though he understands his duties fairly, is far too apt to place implicit confidence in his subordinates, and is far too lenient with them. I have grave doubts whether he will eventually succeed in keeping crime down in a town like Hyderabad.

I cannot say I am satisfied with Néhálsing, Inspector of the Hála Division; he has few of the qualifications required of a Police Inspector, and is not given to over-exerting himself.

69. Of the Chief Constables, four are specially deserving of notice, viz., Wassáyo Khan, Mewárám, Mahammed Sálih, and Ráhmátullá Khan. The first is a most energetic officer, and never spares himself when work is to be done.

The second is a good lawyer, and has exerted himself creditably during the past year.

The last is a most promising officer, is straight-forward, works hard himself and makes his subordinates do the same.

He passed a most creditable examination last year, having succeeded in obtaining 195 out of 200 marks.

My office establishment have also done their work well, particularly the Head Múnshi.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

C. McIVER,

District Superintendent of Hyderabad Police.

Statement A.

STATE

PART I.—COGNIZ

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in the

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and resolved by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 110 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Cases in Columns 6 to 8 pending at the end of year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see Column 7 and 8.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	15, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	3	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	3	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	5	1	6	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	9	..
4	224 to 226 ...	Other offences against public justice	19	2	12	..	..	7	..	1	..	1	10	..
5	143 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	11	..
6	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	30	3	23	..	..	14	1	1	..	1	33	..
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder by Thugs..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		" Dacoits..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		" Robbers	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
11		" Poisons	8	..	8	..	..	5	1	..	..	..	12	..
12		Other murders	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	4	..	4	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	3	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	3	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..
15	376	Rape	6	..	6	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	9	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	1	..	1	2	..
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession ..	8	..	8	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	14	..
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	40	..	39	1	..	16	3	6	..	6	76	5
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapons ..	3	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	7	..
24	363 to 369... ...	Kidnapping or abduction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	346 to 348... ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servants or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	30	..	30	..	..	11	3	1	...	1	64	..
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30	304 A	Causing death by rash or negligent act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	108	..	107	1	..	46	8	8	...	8	199	5

HYDER

MENT A.

ABLE CRIME.

Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of,—e. g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
ABAD.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	6	1	..	3	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	....	....
..	5	8	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	6	6	2	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	9	23	4	..	19	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	10	2	3	5	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	....	....
..	1	5	..	3	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	....	....
..	4	5	1	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	3	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	14	9	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	6	72	40	..	32	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	7	3	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	18	35	17	..	18	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	33	157	75	8	74	..	..	..	19	3	..	..	....	....

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES.							PER				
			Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated.			Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Cases in Columns 6 to 8 pending at the end of the year	Number arrested.				
					By Police *suo motu*.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 155 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.			Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	11a
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*													
31	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt .. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt .. — By other means ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34	392, 393	Robbery .. — In dwelling houses ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery .. — On the highway, between sunset and sunrise	4	..	4	..	..	2	..	4	..	4	6	..
		Robbery .. — Other robberies ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35	270, 281, 283, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences	6	...	6	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	5	..
36	454, 455, 457 to 460..	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	356	3	359	..	..	140	2	16	..	16	359	..
37	449 to 452 ..	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	12	..	12	..	..	6	..	1	..	1	13	..
38	411, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	378	3	381	..	..	149	2	22	..	22	383	..
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*													
39	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation.	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
40	341 to 344 ..	Wrongful restraint and confinement.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..
42	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42a	323	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	2	..
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*													
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	16	..	16	..	..	7	..	1	..	1	15	..
44	379 to 382 ..	Theft .. — Of cattle	562	1	550	12	..	257	12	18	..	18	664	26
		Theft .. — Ordinary	571	1	569	3	..	335	8	3	..	3	640	7
45	406 to 408 ..	Criminal breach of trust ..	7	..	7	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	8	..
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property ..	11	..	11	..	..	9	..	1	..	1	18	..
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass ..	64	..	64	..	..	46	..	..	..	..	68	..
48	461, 462	Breaking close receptacles ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
48a	428, 429	Mischief, simple	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	1,232	2	1,218	16	..	650	20	33	..	33	1,408	33

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
-continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	10	6	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	8	2	491 0 0	5 0 0
..	1	6	3	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	16	296	61	6	221	..	..	..	3	..	241	140	15,000 0 0	4,797 0 0
..	2	12	6	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	70	323	74	6	243	..	..	..	3	..	244	142	15,491 0 0	4,802 0 0
..	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	3	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	13	4	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
2	126	574	177	1	376	..	..	..	25	1	668	479	12,993 0 0	15,082 0 0
..	83	535	112	..	442	1	..	..	10	2	572	431	6,402 0 0	4,064 0 0
..	..	8	3	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	8	3	198 0 0	78 0 0
..	2	17	3	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	11	11	333 0 0	291 0 0
..	1	57	9	..	48	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	60 0 0	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
2	215	1,204	305	1	894	1	..	..	35	3	1,152	864	36,523 0 0	19,510 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *sua motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 118 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Cases in Columns 6 to 8 pending at the end of the year.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Col. nos 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
49	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	Chapter XXXVIII. C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	3	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	6	..
51	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	6	..	6	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	22	..
53		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stage Carriage Act	38	..	38	..	..	35	..	..	..	..	40	..
57		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or local laws	Public and local nuisances	964	..	964	..	..	719	17	..	..	..	964	..
59	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	102	..	102	..	..	94	..	2	..	2	109	..
		Total ..	1,114	..	1,114	..	..	857	17	2	..	2	1,141	..
		Grand Total ..	2,853	8	2,844	17	..	1,726	48	57	..	57	3,161	39

HYDERABAD

District Police Superintendent's Office,
Hyderabad, 15th March 1875.

A—*concluded.*

CRIME—*concluded.*

PERSONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, tried, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
...	..	..	...	..	..	..	...	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	22	4	..	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	40	4	..	36	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	947	228	..	719	..	..	..	17	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	109	2	...	107	...	..	..	...	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	1,122	238	..	864	..	..	..	17	..	..	..	....	....
2	340	3,832	788	13	3,115	1	..	..	76	6	1,396	1,006	42,014 0 0	24,312 0 0

C. McIVER,
District Police Superintendent

STATEMENT A.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*					Rs.	Rs.
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Subetantive abetments	....	....	....	....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	....	....	....	....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship	....	....	....	....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 327 to 328.	Offences against public justice	14	14	8	5	....	.....
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	10	14	6	7	....	.....
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	3	4	1	3	....	.....
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	....	....	....	....	....	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	2	2	2	....	....	.....
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	....	....	....	....	....	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160.	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	9	52	46	6	....	.....
		Total....	38	86	68	21	....	.....
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	3	3	3	....	....	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	....	....	....	....	....	.....
		Total....	3	3	3	....	....	.....
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*						
12	384 to 389	Extortion	3	6	7	1	....	.....
		Total....	3	6	7	1	....	.....
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
13	323	Hurt	289	799	710	72	....	.....
14	345	Wrongful confinement	3	8	8	....	....	.....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	529	1,366	1,243	95	....	.....
		Total....	823	2,181	1,968	168	....	.....
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
16	417 to 420	Cheating	51	82	65	13	....	.....
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	60	113	92	21	1,521	953
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	8	14	13	1	.....	.....
19	426, 427, 429, 434	Mischief, simple	161	343	244	88	....	.....
		Total....	280	553	414	118	1,521	953
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	121	490	407	76	....	.....
21	298	Offences against religion	....	....	....	....	....	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	3	3	3	....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	....	....	....	....	....	.....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	1,105	2,667	2,516	125	....	.....
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	22	89	25	64	....	.....
26	....	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX. XXI. and XXII., C. P. C.	....	....	....	....	....	.....
27	....	Special laws not cognizable by Police.	163	400	258	143	....	.....
		Total....	1,494	3,597	3,309	350	....	.....
		Grand Total....	2,637	6,440	5,657	657	1,521	953

C. McIVER,
District Police Superintendent.

District Police Superintendent's Office,
Hyderabad, 15th March 1875.

Statement B.

Comparative Statement of Cognizable

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. C.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 136	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	..	3	..	66·66	..	3
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	2	6	100	100	5	9
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	24	12	100	100	20	10
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	3	3	33·33	100	17	11
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	...	..	..	..	..	...
		Total...	29	23	99·30	98·3	52	32
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	302, 303, 396.. ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poison	..	1	..	100	..	1
12		Other murders	6	8	100	71·42	13	12
13	307	Attempt at murder	2	2	..	100	2	1
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	6	4	83·3	66·66	9	8
15	376	Rape	3	3	100	33·33	4	3
16	377	Unnatural offences	6	6	20	66·66	6	9
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	4	2	66·66	100	4	2
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	1	..	100	..	1	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	7	2	100	100	7	14
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ..	..	2	..	100	..	2
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324..	Hurt by dangerous weapon	16	40	63·63	53·3	44	81
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	..	3	..	33·33	..	7
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	18	30	43·75	66·75	29	64
29	338..	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
30	304	Causing death by rash or negligent act	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total...	69	103	63·79	63·91	118	204
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Persons and Property, or against Property only.*						
31	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt — By other means	..	..	..	..	..	..
34	392, 393	Robbery — In dwelling house	1	..	100	..	1	..
		Robbery — On the highway between sunset and sunrise ..	1	4	..	66·66	4	6
		Robbery — Other robberies	1	..	..	..	3	..
35	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	6	5	100	33·33	10	5

HYDER

MENT B.

Crime with Result of Police Operations.

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
ABAD.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	3	..	2	..	66·66	..	66·66	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	9	4	6	80	71·42	100	83·3	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	10	29	8	93·10	72·72	93·10	100	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	11	17	6	58·82	33·33	58·82	66·66	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	33	50	23	80·39	69·57	83	82·60	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	12	11	10	66·66	45·45	72·72	50	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	1	2	1	..	100	..	100	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	8	10	5	80	33·33	80	40	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	3	3	3	75	33·33	100	33·33	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	9	5	5	16·66	33·33	20	60	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	3	4	3	50	66·66	50	66·66	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	14	8	14	77·77	35·71	87·5	35·71	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	2	..	1	..	50	..	100	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	81	32	72	37·50	40	50	44·44	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	7	..	7	..	42·85	..	42·85	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	64	26	35	37·50	53·85	42·30	51·42	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	304	92	157	44·44	3·804	56·52	47·13	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	.. 120	....	120	....	100	..
..	8	..	10	..	40·00	..	60	..	491	..	....	..	1·01
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	.. 6	....	6	....	100	..
..	5	4	5	22·22	33·33	50	60	..	....	..	....	..	..

STATEMENT

HYDERABAD

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	288	359	70·60	69 35	273	359
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	7	12	100	54·54	8	13
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	304	381	77·02	79·67	299	393
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
39	336	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	2	1	100	100	6	2
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	3	..	..	..	3	8
42	374..	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
42a	323..	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	5	1	33·33	100	9	2
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
43	454, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ..	23	16	61·53	70	25	15
44	379 to 382	Theft ... { Of cattle	596	562	74·23	71·78	684	690
		{ Ordinary	568	572	81·32	83·12	616	647
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	8	7	100	71·42	20	8
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	15	11	92·85	90	31	18
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	35	64	82·85	82·14	38	55
48	461, 462	Breaking close receptacles	..	1	..	..	..	..
48a	428, 429	Mischief, simple	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	1,245	1,234	77·3	78·08	1,412	1,436
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
49	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	Chapter XXXVIII., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad characters	5	2	20	100	11	6
51	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act...	7	8	71·42	87·5	34	32
53	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	——Excise Laws	6	..	66·66	..	7	..
54		——Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——Salt and Customs Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——Stage Carriage Act	47	39	74·46	92·10	49	40
57		——Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
58	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 288, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	162	964	79·39	75 97	165	964
59	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	86	102	86·66	87·91	104	109
		Total....	313	1,114	78·53	79·55	370	1.141
		Grand Total....	1,965	2,861	77·25	78·06	2,246	3,199

Hyderabad Police Office,
15th March 1875.

B—*concluded.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.							Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
—concluded.													
..	59	233	296	56·86	62·09	60·39	78·04	12,810	15,000	4,871	4,797	38·02	31·98
..	13	7	13	85·71	42·85	85·71	50	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	385	247	323	56·92	60·44	66·93	75·23	12,934	15,491	4,995	4,802	38·61	30·99
..	2	1	2	16·66	50	100	50	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	3	3	3	33·3	33·33	33·33	33·33	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	15	22	13	37·5	56·35	40·90	69·23	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	690	599	554	61·13	55·13	71·35	67·87	23,543	18,998	19,742	15,082	83·85	79·38
..	647	567	555	73·80	69·27	82·01	79·63	9,137	6,402	6,270	4,064	68·62	63·48
..	8	18	8	90	62·51	100	62·5	5,467	188	3,367	73	61·58	38·82
..	18	30	17	83·3	73·68	83·3	82·35	438	335	351	291	80·13	86·86
..	58	35	37	65·78	82·75	71·42	84·21	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	600	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	1,436	1,271	1,204	67·24	63·91	76·55	74·25	38,585	26,523	29,730	19,510	77·05	73·55
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	8	8	4	45·45	66·66	62·5	100	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	22	31	22	86·23	81·81	96·77	81·81	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	7	..	71·42	..	71·42	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	40	40	40	71·42	90	71·42	90	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	964	177	947	77·49	75·92	77·49	75·92	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	109	104	109	83·86	96·29	83·86	96·29	....	....	..	....	..	..
..	1,141	376	1,122	78·27	79·50	79·53	78·78	....	....	..	....	..	....
..	3,189	2,039	2,982	66·53	66·63	75·33	74·66	51,519	42,014	34,725	24,313	67·49	57·89

G. B. SIMPSON, Captain,
District Police Superintendent.

STATE

Thuggee and Dacoity, Administration of Poisonous or Stupefying

Description of Crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Columns 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Columns 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in Columns 3 and 5.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Thuggee... { By strangulation ... / By poison...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacoity on land ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacoity on water ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) without murder...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other professional crimes, viz. :—											
Kidnapping	...	3	3	...	7	7	7	3	4	...	...
Cattle theft	13	863	871	304	936	682	590	376	178	26	254

District Police Superintendent's Office,
Hyderabad, 15th March 1875.

MENT C.

Drugs for Criminal purposes, and other Professional Crimes.

COMPARATIVE RETURN.

Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			REMARKS.
1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	
13			14			15			16			17			18
		7			7			8							
811	723	662	746	617	550	443	631	876	21,998	20,543	18,906	16,433	17,743	15,062	

C. McIVER,
District Police Superintendent.

STATE

STATEMENT of Additional Police collected for the Protection

PART

District.	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Additional Police collected for the Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 5 to 8.		Total cost under Columns 9 and 10.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government	To Local or Private Funds.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
											Rs. a. p.
Hyderabad.	Hallani ..	4	2,500	..	..	2	8	..	10	..	13 6 0
	Makdum Sahib.	4	2,500	2	12	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pir Billawal ..	3	2,000	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	1 14 0
	Lál Udéra ..	7	21,000	..	3	..	30	..	30	..	39 12 0
	Bhit Sháh ..	2	3,800	..	..	..	6	..	6	..	7 8 0
	Búri... ..	17	26,000	1	2	2	7	3	27	..	64 0 0
	Sheik Bholkia ..	4	1,200	..	..	2	7	..	..	..	..
	Sháh Kádri ..	10	12,000	2	7	..	4	..	15	..	90 0 6
	Sháh Ghurio ..	7	10,800	..	..	1	9	..	16	..	28 0 0
	Sajan Sawái ..	9	15,000	..	..	2	6	..	14	..	19 12 0
	Pir Khan Sháh .	4	3,500	..	..	1	4	..	5	..	8 12 0
	Sháh Makái ..	2	4,000	..	1	1	14	..	..	..	..
	Bákéro ..	3	5,000	..	..	1	4	..	..	..	..

District Police Superintendent's Office,
Hyderabad, 15th March 1875.

MENT D.

of Persons and Property, or quartered as a punitive measure.

I. protection of persons and property.				PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						
Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	REMARKS.
Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.							
2	2	1 12 0	1 12 0	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	1	11 9 0	11 9 0	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	1	1 1 4	1 1 4	..	..	..	..	..	....	
2	2	2 10 0	2 10 0	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
4	4	7 8 0	7 8 0	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	1	0 10 0	0 2 6	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	1	0 7 0	0 7 0	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	
1	1	0 2 6	0 2 6	..	..	..	..	..	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	

C. McIVER,
District Police Superintendent.

STATE

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribu-

District.	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.								Cost of Police.							
	Commissioner of Police, Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.					Strength of Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and travelling allowance of Controlling Officers (Column 2), and pay and travelling allowances of their establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Column 3). (4)	Other expenses of Column 3.		Total pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4 and 5). (4)	Total pay of Constables of all Classes (6, 7, and 8).	Horse and travelling allowance, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns 11, 13, and 14.	Average pay of	
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards. (1)	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100. (1)	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and travelling allowances of their establishments. (4)				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Hyderabad ..	..	1	4	126	137	536	..	..	94	...	8,651	2,295	3,084	42,060	92,244	2,700	279	102
Total ..	..	1	4	126	137	536	..	..	94	..	8,651	2,295	3,084	42,060	92,244	2,700	279	102

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay.
(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowance.
(5) Columns 34 to 37.
(9) Column 12 includes local and personal, but
A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants
(7) Columns 36 and 37, one policeman
Columns 24 and 26.—During the year

STATE

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											
			Number provided with fire-arms.	Number provided with swords only or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own departmental officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, 348 Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX. of Penal Code.		Other offences	
	Officers.	Men.				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Hyderabad	130	663	410	361	11	4	40	48	108	2	8	..	..	1	2	1	18
Total	130	663	410	361	11	4	40	48	108	2	8	..	..	1	2	1	18

NOTE.—This Statement does not refer to Assistant District

District Police Superintendent's Office,
Hyderabad, 15th March 1875.

MENT E.

tion, and Employment of Police.

Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Columns 21 to 25.	Total Cost.	Payable from Imperial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Distribution of Force. In District. Guards at District, Central, or Subsidiary Jails. Officers.	Men.	Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries, or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasuries. Officers.	Men.	On other duties. Officers.	Men.	On Town, Municipal, or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	Proportion of Police (Officers and Men) To Area. (6) Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns. (6)	Of Towns. (6)	To Population. (7) Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns. (6)	Of Towns. (6)
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34		35	36		37
10,712	1,62,800	1,54,688	8,112	4	43	14	81	90	393	250	22	9,635	723,883	10½	13½	12	818	1,009	210
10,712	1,62,800	1,54,688	8,112	4	43	14	81	90	393	250	22	9,635	723,883	10½	13½	12	818	1,009	210

not travelling allowances. (5) Column 14 includes the cost of all enrolled Officers and Men employed on office duties.
(6) Columns 34 and 36, i.e., in Districts, one policeman to so many square miles; in Towns, so many policemen to one square mile, to so many of the population.
the Subsidiary Jail at Tilaruska was abolished.

MENT F.

General Internal Management of the Force.

Rewards. Number of Police rewarded during the year. By promotion.	By money rewards.	Education. Number of Police who can read and write. Officers.	Men.	Number of Police under instruction during the year. Officers.	Men.	Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service, and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	Number who have left the Force during the year. On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (Columns 7 and 8.)	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Percentage in hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.	
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
117	4	61	156	20	83	152	481	199	1	19	42	82	13	3	15	44·01	1·99	Eleven vacancies existed on the 31st December 1874.
117	4	61	156	20	83	152	481	199	1	19	42	82	13	3	15	44·01	1·99	

Superintendents or Officers of higher rank.

C. McIVER,
District Police Superintendent.

STATE

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers

District.	Race.												Off					
	Europeans.					Eurasians.			Natives.						Hin			
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	District or Assistant Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		Districts or Assistant Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.
	Military or Covenanted, Civil.	Uncovenanted.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.			On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.		On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.							
1	2	3	4		5	6	7		8	9	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Hyderabad	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	126	653	2	74	11	2	..	1
Total...	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	126	652	2	74	11	2	..	1

District Police Superintendent's Office,
Hyderabad, 15th March 1875.

STATEMENT H.

Statement of Dismissals and Resignations in the Subordinate Grades of the Police of the Hyderabad District during the Year 1874.

District.	Total strength of the Force at commencement of the year.			Number of men included in Column 1, discharged on reduction.			Number of dismissals from all other causes.			Number of resignations.			Percentage of dismissals from other cause than reduction, and of resignations on the whole strength of each branch of the Force as shown in Column 1.		
	1			2			3			4			5		
	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.
Hyderabad...	793	..	94	..	..	..	53	..	8	55	..	13	13·49	..	22·34

District Police Superintendent's Office,
Hyderabad, 15th March 1875.

C. McIVER,
District Police Superintendent.

MENT G.

and Men employed in the Police.

Religion or Caste.																		
cers.						Men.												
dis.				Other Religions.				Hindus.							Other Religions.		Grand Total (Officers and Men).	Remarks.
Marathas.		Lohana and Khatris.	Hindus of all other Castes.	Bhats.		Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.	Lohana and Khatris.		Hindus of all other Castes.				
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
1	..	37	2	1	..	..	465	22	1	..	6	153	..	..	5	..	..	783	There were 11 vacancies at the end of the year, and these have not been included in column 36 of this return.
1	..	37	2	1	..	..	465	22	1	..	6	153	..	..	5	..	..	783	

C. McIVER,
District Police Superintendent.

STATEMENT H—*continued.*

Statement showing the Total Expenditure during the year 1874 *on Police Buildings in the Hyderabad District.*

Expenditure from Department, Public Works Budget.	Rs. a. p.	Expenditure from Police Budget.	Rs. a. p.
(a)—Repairs (above Rs. 1,000)	....	(d)—Petty repairs up to Rs. 1,000	1,040 0 0
(b)—Minor Works (above Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 2,500)	....	(e)—Petty construction up to Rs. 1,000 ..	....
(c)—Larger Works (above Rs. 2,500)	....	Total from Police Budget ..	1,040 0 0
Total from Department, Public Works Budget ..	....	(f)—Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all grades	1 4 11
		Grand Total Outlay ..	1,040 0 0
		(g)—Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all Grades	1 4 11

District Police Superintendent's Office,
Hyderabad, 15th March 1875.

C. McIVER,
District Police Superintendent.

No. 532 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner's Office, Kurrachee, 11th May 1875.

REMARKS by the Commissioner of Police in Sind on the Annual Report of the District Superintendent of Police, Hyderabad, for the year 1874.

The total number of cases of cognizable crime investigated by the police during the year was 2,861 against 1,965 in 1873. This shows an increase of 896 cases, which, however, was chiefly due to the increased activity of the police in putting a stop to local nuisances. Under this head they inquired into 802 more cases than they did in 1873. Action of this kind was evidently much required, considering the remarks on the subject made last year by the District Magistrate. The increase in cases of other sorts, therefore, amounted to 94, which fell chiefly under Classes II. and III.

2. The number of murders during the year was 9 against 6 in 1873, and there were 40 cases of hurt by dangerous weapons against 16 in 1873. The class of cases, however, which show the most serious increase (71), are those which come under the head of Lurking house-trespass and house-breaking in order to commit an offence, there being 359 cases in 1874 against 288 in 1873. To explain this increase, the Superintendent gives nine reasons, not one of which, however, seems to indicate anything new; and though very likely they all conduce to increase the number of crimes in the country, their action must have been long going on, and is no cause for the increasing vigour shown by house-breakers during the last few years. The Commissioner is of course in no position to judge what is the real cause of this unsatisfactory state of things, but would request that the Superintendent should direct his attention to the matter and endeavour to find out the true reason of this steady increase. With regard to the statement that there is no means of tracing habitual offenders after they have left their own district, the Commissioner would observe that there is nothing to prevent the Police Superintendents communicating with each other, and if it is considered that any instructions on this subject from the Commissioner are required, a scheme should be proposed for approval. In matters of this sort which affect the peace of the district, it is the Police Superintendent who must originate, and there is no use complaining about the absence of system until some remedy has been suggested.

3. Twice in the report it is stated that it is believed that the number of crimes (especially those of house-breaking and cattle-lifting) is increased by the connivance of land-owners. Strenuous efforts should be made to get one or two such offenders convicted in a Court of Law; but if this is quite impossible, in cases where there is evidence sufficient to satisfy a reasonable mind that there is connivance between the thieves and the land-owners, it might be advisable to resort to punitive police. At any rate an energetic police officer should try and get to the bottom of the matter, and see whether these stories, which one so often hears about the connection between the wealthy classes and the thieves, are really true.

4. A decrease is reported in the number of cattle thefts; but the District Magistrate doubts whether there is any real diminution in the number of crimes of this sort actually committed. Offences are often compounded, and complainants are frequently afraid to prosecute thieves. It appears doubtful from the remarks madelast year by the District Magistrate, whether a sufficient supervision has been kept over the class of habitual cattle-lifters, and the attention of the Superintendent is again directed to the matter. Of course nobody ever thinks of "holding the police solely and entirely responsible" for all the crime in the district: but they must do their best to suppress it and detect criminals, and their efforts will always be fully appreciated. The measures enumerated in paragraph 44 for the suppression of cattle-lifting all appear judicious. At the same time it must be remembered that it is very easy to frame in theory the most excellent sets of rules, but that their success or otherwise depends chiefly on the way in which they are carried out. The remarks on Sindhi character in paragraph 36 are very far from just and quite unnecessary.

5. The returns have omitted to show whether any cases under Sections 323, 428 and 429 of the Indian Penal Code (rendered cognizable by Act XI. of 1874) have been investigated. It is requested that next year more care may be shown in this matter, and a report should now be sent in whether the police inquired into any cases of these sorts without a magistrate's order.

6. The value of property reported to have been stolen during the year was Rs. 42,014 against Rs. 51,519 in 1873. The value of such property recovered was Rs. 24,312, or 57·86, in 1874 against Rs. 34,725, or 67·41, in 1873. The percentage of recoveries in 1873 was good, and the decrease in 1874 is to be regretted, though it is satisfactory to note that the actual amount of property supposed to have been stolen has decreased. There seems to be some mistake in the figures given in paragraph 26 of the District Magistrate's remarks.

7. Three thousand one hundred and ninety-nine persons were arrested during the year either by the police direct or by order of a Magistrate, and 57 were under arrest on 1st January 1874. Of these, 2,382, or 74·68, were brought to trial and 2,115, or 66·5, were convicted. In 1873, 75·33 per cent. of the persons arrested were brought to trial and 66·5 per cent. were convicted. The percentage of convictions to arrests is good. The complaint of the Superintendent that witnesses are tampered with is directed against one of those chronic evils, with which it is the business of the police to deal. If all witnesses spoke the truth, crime would in all probability soon be totally suppressed; but as this is never likely to happen, the police must just do as best they can and endeavour by increased activity and early investigation to successfully combat this difficulty. It is useless to complain of a state of things for which no entire cure can be devised.

8. With regard to the constitution of the police force itself, the inadequacy of the numbers and the lowness of pay is noted, but it is feared that nothing will be sanctioned which involves extra cost. If, however, the Superintendent thinks it worth while to take the matter up in a separate correspondence, and to show good reason for what he asks, the Commissioner will support him as much as possible. It is satisfactory to observe that it has not been found necessary to inflict very many punishments, and that some rewards were won.

9. It is believed that a statement showing the services of the men is kept in the office of the Superintendent, and this, in the absence of personal acquaintance, should assist in regulating promotion. It must be remembered that it is strictly forbidden for policemen to borrow money to enable them to buy assamis, or for any other purpose. If any case of the sort is discovered, the offender should be dismissed and the assami forfeited. It is stated that there is a difficulty in enlisting good men; this cannot be avoided as long as the pay remains so low.

10. It is not known why the Superintendent did not take measures to get the Hyderabad District included in the list of districts to be supplied with interchangeable carbines. The matter should be brought up in a separate correspondence, as no action can be taken on remarks made in an Annual Report.

11. The question of investing the Superintendent of Police with 1st class powers should also be brought to notice in a separate letter.

12. The Commissioner in Sind is glad to hear the good report given of the conduct of Mr. Woodward and Inspector Zuman

STATE

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers

| District. | Race. | | |

MENT G.

and Men employed in the Police.

Religion or Caste.																		
cers.						Men.												
dis.				Other Religions.		Hindus.									Other Religions.		Grand Total (Officers and Men).	Remarks.
Marathas.		Lohana and Khatris.	Hindus of all other Castes.	Bhats.		Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.	Lohana and Khatris.		Hindus of all other Castes.				
18	19	20	21	23	28	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	33	33	34	35	36	37
1	..	37	2	1	..	..	665	22	1	..	6	153	..	..	5	..	..	783	There were 11 vacancies at the end of the year, and these have not been included in column 36 of this return.
1	..	37	2	1	..	..	665	22	1	..	6	153	..	..	5	..	..	783	

C. McIVER,
District Police Superintendent.

STATEMENT H—*continued.*

Statement showing the Total Expenditure during the year 1874 *on Police Buildings in the Hyderabad District.*

Expenditure from Department, Public Works Budget.	Rs. a. p.	Expenditure from Police Budget.	Rs. a. p.
a)—Repairs (above Rs. 1,000)	....	(*d*)—Petty repairs up to Rs. 1,000	1,040 0 0
b)—Minor Works (above Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 2,500)	.. ..	(*e*)—Petty construction up to Rs. 1,000 ..	....
		Total from Police Budget ..	1,040 0 0
c)—Larger Works (above Rs. 2,500)	....	(*f*)—Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all grades	1 4 11
Total from Department, Public Works Budget..	.. ..	Grand Total Outlay..	1,040 0 0
		(*g*)—Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all Grades	1 4 11

District Police Superintendent's Office,
Hyderabad, 15th March 1875.

C. McIVER,
District Police Superintendent.

No. 532 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

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3. Twice in the report it is stated that it is believed that the number of crimes (especially those of house-breaking and cattle-lifting) is increased by the connivance of land-owners. Strenuous efforts should be made to get one or two such offenders convicted in a Court of Law; but if this is quite impossible, in cases where there is evidence sufficient to satisfy a reasonable mind that there is connivance between the thieves and the land-owners, it might be advisable to resort to punitive police. At any rate an energetic police officer should try and get to the bottom of the matter, and see whether these stories, which one so often hears about the connection between the wealthy classes and the thieves, are really true.

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5. The returns have omitted to show whether any cases under Sections 323, 428 and 429 of the Indian Penal Code (rendered cognizable by Act XI. of 1874) have been investigated. It is requested that next year more care may be shown in this matter, and a report should now be sent in whether the police inquired into any cases of these sorts without a magistrate's order.

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10. It is not known why the Superintendent did not take measures to get the Hyderabad District included in the list of districts to be supplied with interchangeable carbines. The matter should be brought up in a separate correspondence, as no action can be taken on remarks made in an Annual Report.

11. The question of investing the Superintendent of Police with 1st class powers should also be brought to notice in a separate letter.

12. The Commissioner in Sind is glad to hear the good report given of the conduct of Mr. Woodward and Inspector Zuman

Khan. Warning should be given to Inspector Alla Ditta Khan, and Inspector Nihalsing should be informed that the Commissioner is seriously displeased with him. The Commissioner hears with pleasure of the good conduct of Chief Constables Wassaya Khan, Mewarano, Mahomed Silah, and Rahmatulla Khan.

13. It is requested that in future the Annual Report may be more concisely drawn up.

14. The Report, with statements, is returned to the District Superintendent of Police for correction. The percentages in column 7, Statement B, appear to have been calculated in contravention of the system laid down in Government Resolution No. 260, of 16th January 1875. The percentage of convictions to cases decided should be given, not of convictions to cases investigated.

15. In column 8 of Statement B, the total of Class III. is incorrect. This affects the grand total.

16. The statements and report are returned to the Superintendent, who should re-submit them at his earliest convenience after revision.

(Signed) W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

(True Copy.)

W. B. MULOCK,
Assistant Commissioner in Sind.

No. 907 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

FROM

THE COLLECTOR AND MAGISTRATE OF SHIKA'RPUR,

To

THE COMMISSIONER IN SIND.

Shikárpur Collector's Office,
Camp Rohri, 31st March 1875.

SIR,

In forwarding on the Annual Police Report of this district for the past year, I have the honour to state that I see nothing in it calling for any special remarks from me.

2. I regret the delay that has occurred in passing on the Report, but it got mislaid among other papers and entirely escaped my attention.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

H. E. WATSON, B.A.,

Acting District Magistrate of Shikárpur.

No. 158 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

FROM

THE DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENT OF SHIKA'RPUR POLICE.

To

THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE IN SIND.

District Police Superintendent's Office,
Camp Bhuti, 25th February 1875.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit (through the District Magistrate) the Annual Report of the state of crime and the working of the police in the Shikárpur District for the year 1874.

2. The total number of cases investigated by the police amounts to 2,559 to 2,669 in 1873, a decrease of 110 cases. The number of convictions in 1874 was 76·87 to 73·83 in 1873, showing an improvement of about 3 per cent. The amount of property stolen in the year under report was Rs. 31,219 to Rs. 93,115 in 1873. The percentage of recovery was in 1873, 71·53 to 68·73 this year. The number and percentage of persons arrested, brought to trial, and convicted was as follows :—

	1873.	1874.
Number arrested.....	3,903	3,868
Number brought to trial.....	3,730	3,677
Percentage of conviction to arrests ...	64·56	66·49
Percentage convicted to brought to trial	67·56	69·94

3. There has been a decrease of crime in nearly all classes, the most marked are—

	Cases.
Lurking house-trespass	68
Cattle theft	55
Ordinary theft	102

The increase in some of the classes has been very slight, eight being the greatest amount, but I regret to have to include murder amongst these.

4. The above shows an improvement in each item. The great difference of the amount stolen in the two years, viz., Rs. 93,115 and Rs. 31,219, is accounted for by a large robbery of Rs: 39,668 which occurred in 1873. Nearly the whole of this amount was recovered and helped to swell the percentage to 71·53. Were this not taken into consideration, the percentage of recoveries in the year 1873 would only have been 54·56. To arrive at a fair estimate of the comparative working of the police, this fact should not be omitted, and a just average of the two years could not be struck, without taking into consideration that the lucky discovery of one case, increased the proportion in 1873 over 17 per cent. to what it otherwise would have been.

Class I.

5. There were 30 cases, 1 more than in 1873, but none call for remark.

Class II.

Murder by Poison and other Murders.

6. There have been 17 cases this year. One of them occurred in 1872, but was inquired into in 1874. Of these 17, convictions have been obtained in 8. One was not proved and 8 are still under trial. The police captured the murderers in all the cases.

Case No. 1. A man caught his wife with a lover and killed the latter. Hanged.

Case No. 2. A man suspected his wife of infidelity, tied her mouth up, and threw her down a well. Transported for life.

Case No. 3. A Police Constable shot his wife through jealousy. Hanged.

Case No. 4. This was a most brutal murder. Two men raped a girl and then cut her throat. The police obtained what was by them considered the most damning evidence, notwithstanding which the prisoners were released by the trying magistrate. He was however ordered to commit the case to the Sessions. The accused had by that time been free for several days and had every opportunity of doing away with and suppressing evidence. The consequence was, the murder could not be proved against them.

Case No. 5. A man caught his wife with her lover and killed her with a stick. Transported for life.

Case No. 6. A man killed his wife with an axe in a fit of anger. Transported for life.

Case No. 7. A man killed a prostitute with whom he had been co-habiting for the sake of her jewels. Transported for life.

Case No. 8. Two men killed an individual whom they suspected of an intrigue with a relation. One was acquitted and the other committed to the Sessions. (Since heard he has been sentenced to be hanged.)

Case No. 9. Two men while out-shooting accidentally shot a girl. They were so alarmed that they thought the best way to hide the deed, was to murder her, which they did. The case was taken before the Divisional Magistrate who dismissed it. He was ordered, however, to commit it to the Sessions. The accused were men of great influence in the neighbourhood and employed

their time while free in suppressing all evidence. So that when the case was tried before the Judge, even the girl's parents gave evidence in favour of the prisoners, and they were of course acquitted.

Case No. 10. A man had a dispute with his wife, and hit her on the head with an iron pestle. Committed to Sessions. (Since heard he has been transported for life.)

Case No. 11. A constable was escorting a prisoner to the police station, when accused suddenly turned on him, got him down, and killed him with his own sword. Committed to the Sessions. (Since heard he was transported for life.)

Case No. 12. A man had an intrigue with a woman, and for some trifling reason twisted her neck. Committed to Sessions.

Case No. 13. A man killed his wife with an axe. Committed to Sessions. (Since heard he has been sentenced to be hanged.)

Case No. 14. A man suspecting his wife of infidelity, killed her with an axe. Committed to Sessions.

Case No. 15. In 1872 a man murdered his wife, suspecting her of infidelity. He ran away and was not traced till 1874, when he was captured by the police and committed to Sessions. (Since heard he has been sentenced to be hanged.)

Case No. 16. A woman administered poison to her husband at the instigation of her lover. Four men were supposed to be concerned in the business, three of whom were transported for life.

Case No. 17. A similar case to No. 16. Woman transported for life.

Culpable Homicide.

7. There were three cases of culpable homicide. In one of them conviction was obtained. No special remarks are called for.

Rape.

8. There were five cases against seven last year. Seven men were concerned; five brought to trial, of whom two were convicted, one acquitted, and two are under trial.

Class III.

Serious Offences against Person and Property, or Property only.

9. The number of cases this year were 277 to 335 in 1873. The amount stolen Rs. 11,012 to Rs. 65,113. The recoveries 54·03 to 74·84. The difference of amount stolen and recoveries in the two years is explained in paragraph 4 of this report.

10. There has been no dacoity, and 5 robberies, the same number as last year. They were of so slight a nature that they can hardly come under the category of robberies. Rs. 75 was stolen and the whole amount recovered. Seven men were brought to trial, of whom five were convicted.

Lurking House-trespass to commit an Offence.

Serial Nos. 35 *and* 36.

11. There have been 256 cases to 316 in 1873. Amount stolen Rs. 10,937 to Rs. 65,005. Recoveries 53·71 to 74·88. The remarks in paragraph 4 apply to this. This offence will always be common in Sind. The wretched hovels and mud huts that most of the people inhabit, offer a sore temptation to thieves, when entrance can be effected by almost the scratch of a thumb nail.

Class IV.

Minor Offences against the Person.

12. There are 2 cases this year to 13 in 1873.

Class V.

Minor Offences against Property.

Theft of Cattle.

13. There have been 304 cases to 359 in 1873 valued at Rs. 8,150 to Rs. 8,352. Recoveries 84·98 to 80·84. Convictions in cases 62·44 to 55·46 in 1873. This shows an improvement in every way, and as cattle-stealing is one of the most difficult crimes we have to contend with, it is a subject for congratulation.

Ordinary Theft.

14. There were 698 cases to 800 last year. The amount stolen Rs. 10,394 to Rs. 17,722 in 1873. Recoveries 71·69 to 55. Convictions 76·22 to 72·82. Here again there is a great improvement over 1873, both in the amount stolen, the proportion recovered, and percentage of convictions.

Receiving Stolen Property.

15. There are 37 cases to 56 last year. Amount stolen Rs. 696 to Rs. 1,326 in 1873. Recovered 82·75 to 69·83. Convictions 77·14 to 60. There are fewer cases than in 1873, but I

should like to see a great many more brought to trial; as were it not for the receivers, theft would languish very much. The percentage of convictions is, however, very good, and great improvement on last year.

Class VI.

16. There are but few vagrancy cases. The police have also been more successful than last year with cases under the Gambling Act.

Public Nuisance.

17. There have been 853 cases to 740. The percentage of convictions is 90·23 to 88·76. This shows a greater assiduity and more efficient working than last year.

Statement A, Part II.

Non-Cognizable Offences.

18. The number of cases inquired into by the police under this head amounted to 2,066. The number of persons arrested, 4,961. The number convicted, 1,322. The amount stolen Rs. 3,506, of which 78·86 per cent. was recovered.

Statement C.

Thuggee, Dacoity, and other Professional Crimes.

19. Cattle-theft is the only crime carried on in this district by professionals, and I am glad to say this year shows a great falling off as compared to 1872 and 1873.

Statement D.

Additional Police for the Protection of Property, &c., and as a Punitive Measure.

20. There are only two punitive police constables appointed in this district. They were put on to prevent the constant cases of rick burning in the Kambar Taluka. I am going to advise, however, to have some additional men placed in certain talukas during the current year.

Statement E.

Showing the Strength, Cost, Distribution, and Employment of Police.

21. Since last year there has been a decrease of one Head Constable and four constables, owing to the ferry guard at Sukkur having been abolished, and an increase of one Head Constable and 17 constables of the Municipal Police appointed to five different towns in the district.

Statement F.

Description and General Internal Management of the Force.

22. The force consists of 173 officers and 975 men, of whom 535 are armed. Three officers and 71 men have been dismissed for various causes, 23 officers and 123 men have been punished either by the magistrates or myself to 223 last year. Many of the punishments have been very slight, and, on the whole, the conduct of the police has been very fair. The state of education is much the same as last year. The police are so few and hard-worked in the district, that they have small opportunities for study, which I encourage, however, as much as possible. Sickness has been more prevalent than usual, the percentage in hospital showing nearly 23 per cent.

Statement G.

Shows the Race, Religion, and Caste of Officers and Men.

23. It will be seen that Mahomedans greatly predominate. The population of the district is composed chiefly of Mahomedans, and Hindus, as a rule, have little influence amongst the people.

24. Statement H. shows dismissals and resignations in the sub-grade of the police.

25. Statement I.—I have added the statement showing the details of deaths by violence. It will be seen that 203 males and 141 females came to an untimely end.

26. 18,431 warrants, summonses, and notices were executed and served by the police in 1874.

27. There has been a large mortality amongst the horses and camels during the year, 20 died and 7 had to be cast. The balance to the credit of the fund at the end of the year amounted to Rs. 970.

28. Owing to the severe rains and floods this year, great damage has been done to different police stations, no less than 34 tumbled down or were swept away, and most have been more or less injured. Twelve new thánás have been constructed. The amount spent has been as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Petty repairs	2,128	12	0
Do. construction.....	1,371	4	0
	3,500	0	0

An extra grant over what was budgetted for will be required this year to repair the damage caused by the water.

29. 1,403 cattle valued at Rs. 23,853 were reported to the police as having strayed, out of these 787 cattle valued at Rs. 15,180 were recovered. As crimes connected with cattle are most common in this district, I will make a few remarks. Cattle-owners are very careless out here and allow herds to go about grazing in charge of a small child, and very often without even that supervision. Thus affording every facility to cattle-lifters, and giving a deal of trouble to the police, as the losses or thefts are often not reported for days, when no tracks can be seen. The Sindhi will not learn wisdom, and takes his loss in a very philosophic way, often recompensing himself, I am afraid, from his neighbour's herd, who in his turn is not slow to repay the compliment when a favourable opportunity offers. Thus when complaints are made, it is a difficult matter to decide which is the bigger blackguard, complainant or accused. Over and above this, nature has done a great deal to assist the cattle-lifter in Upper Sind; as, owing to the regular floods, dense masses of jungle have sprung up in certain portions of the district, where any number of buffaloes might be concealed. The open ground in the neighbourhood, when not covered with water, becomes so hard through the action of the sun that no foot-prints can be traced, and it is only when the thief is caught red handed, or the animal found in the bahan, that a capture can be effected. A plan is about to be submitted to you for having a regular muster of all the cattle belonging to the thieving Belooch tribes in the flooded portion of the Sukkur Taluka. A fee to be charged on each head with a view of defraying the expenses of extra police entertained to keep a look-out on these thieving gentry. With the present number of police it is impossible to keep a proper supervision, and I feel confident the above measure, if entertained, will have a very healthy effect. There is yet another cause which helps to swell crime. Certain zemindars and influential men in the district entertain regular thieves in their employ, whom they protect with their influence, stand security for when brought up as bad characters, and keep their families when unlucky enough to be sent to jail. Of this there is no moral doubt, but it is most difficult to bring a charge of this nature home, as the zemindar himself takes good care not to be personally implicated, and the thieves will not speak against their protector.

30. On the other hand, the working of the police is facilitated by the assistance they receive from well-intentioned zemindars who have it in their power to be of the greatest use, as they are

acquainted with all the bad characters living on their lands and can exert enormous influence in their neighbourhood. There are several who exert this influence, and a mark of appreciation shown to these gentlemen would have a great effect on the rest. The sword presented by the Commissioner to Allah Bux and Dodo Khan Bhuto for giving assistance will, I am sure, tend greatly to the well-working of the police and to the benefit of the community at large.

31. Inspectors Taj Mahomed Khan and Mushtákrám have worked well and given satisfaction, as also Town Inspectors Mahomed Khan and Gulám Dastajir. Both the towns of Shikárpur and Sukkur have been kept in excellent order through their exertions. On the whole, the working of the police, considering the enormous difficulties they have to contend with in this large district, has been very good.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

G. B. SIMPSON, Captain,

District Police Superintendent, Shikárpur.

STATE

PART I.—COGNI-

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police suo motu.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 155 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 at close of the year in which accused are in custody of Police, on trial, under bail before a Magistrate or Sessions Court.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	3	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice.	12	1	13	..	..	10	2	2	..	3	..	2
5	143 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	12	..	7	5	..	6	..	1	..	1	14	..
6	140, 170, 171 ..	Personating public servant or soldier	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	62	47
		Total ..	29	1	24	6	..	18	2	4	..	4	82	49
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poisons	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders..	14	1	15	..	..	6	8	..	..	..	6	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	3	..	3	..	..	1	1	2	..	2	2	..
15	376	Rape	5	..	5	..	..	1	1	1	..	1	1	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	6	..	6	..	..	2	2	1	..	1	6	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide.	8	..	7	1	..	6	..	..	..	..	7	1
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	13	..	13	..	..	7	1	3	..	3	21	..
*20a	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	81	..	21	50	..	44	2	..	..	..	52	156
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon.. ..	14	..	14	..	..	7	1	1	..	1	35	..
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves.. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	27	..	33	4	..	13	..	1	..	1	41	7
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	..	..
29a	304 A	Causing death by rash or negligent act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	178	1	124	55	..	90	17	13	..	13	291	164

SHIKAR

MENT A.

ZABLE CRIME.

the Detection and Prosecution of Crime, and Recovery of Property Stolen.

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	1	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
PUR.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	6	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	15	2	..	11	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	109	56	..	53	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	6	127	61	..	66	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	6	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	9	1	2	6	..	..	..	..	3	1	1	136 0 0	41 8 0
..	1	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	5	1	2	3	..	..	..	2	2	1	1	14 8 0	14 0 0
..	..	5	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	2	6	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	2	17	9	..	6	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	.....	.....
..	6	300	135	..	66	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	20	20	..	10	..	1	..	5	..	1	1	28 4 0	19 4 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	49	26	..	23	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	4 4 0	4 4 0
..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	13	334	200	8	130	..	1	..	12	15	4	4	233 0 0	79 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

SHIKARPUR

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 159 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 at close of the year in which accused are in custody of Police, on trial, under trial before a Magistrate or Sessions Court.	PER. Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Column 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. — By other means	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	392, 393	Robbery — In dwelling house	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery — On the highway, between sunset and sunrise	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Robbery — Other robberies	4	..	4	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	2	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences	16	..	15	1	..	4	2	1	..	1	31	1
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	243	1	244	..	..	97	3	7	..	7	234	..
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	12	..	12	..	..	9	..	..	..	..	17	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	276	1	276	1	..	112	6	8	..	9	292	1
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	5	..
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41a	323	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	5	..

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

PERSONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e.g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	7	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	80 0 0	80 0 0
..	1	28	24	..	4	..	..	..	2	2	4	4	24 8 0	24 8 0
..	12	224	77	3	144	..	..	..	5	..	200	130	10,997 15 9	5,575 10 11
..	..	17	6	1	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	14	276	109	4	163	..	..	..	7	4	205	143	11,012 0 0	5,930 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	5	1	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	5	1	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES.							PER				
			Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated.			Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8 at close of the year in which accused are in custody of Police, on bail, or for trial before a Magistrate or Sessions Court.	Number arrested.				
					By Police suo motu.	By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 159 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.			Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	11a
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
42	353, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	58	..	52	1	..	11	2	..	..	..	31	1
43	379 to 382	Theft .. { Of cattle .. .. / Ordinary	303 / 606	1 / ..	304 / 600	.. / 6	.. / ..	139 / 27	9 / 2	28 / 6	.. / ..	28 / 6	288 / 55	.. / 10
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	21	..	16	5	..	11	11	16	..	16	838	14
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	35	2	37	..	..	27	2	2	..	2	56	..
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	50	..	46	4	..	31	..	1	..	1	65	6
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacles	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
*47a	428, 429	Mischief by killing or maiming any animal	6	..	4	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	4	3
		Total ..	1,166	3	1,149	20	..	618	27	49	..	49	1,399	31
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XXXVIII. C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad characters ..	9	..	7	3	..	5	..	1	..	1	18	2
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Actin force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	18	..	18	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	54	..
52		——— Excise Laws	14	..	14	..	..	9	1	1	..	1	17	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	3	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867 and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances ..	853	..	851	2	..	767	3	2	..	2	1,513	3
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	10	..	10	..	..	9	..	..	..	..	23	..
		Total ..	902	..	898	4	..	800	4	4	..	4	1,628	5
		Grand Total ..	2,658	6	2,478	86	..	1,639	50	78	..	78	3,615	258

SHIKARPUR

* Cases under Sections 323, 428, and 429 of the Indian Penal Code having been declared cognizable by the

A—*concluded.*

CRIME—*concluded.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
—concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	3	27	12	1	14	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	.....	.....
3	20	371	192	..	189	..	..	..	15	1	304	258	8,130 12 3	6,909 7 5
3	84	748	205	..	548	..	..	..	18	5	698	579	10,394 11 7	7,452 7 8
..	6	25	17	..	8	..	..	..	1	3	21	13	752 1 3	489 11 3
..	4	56	29	..	27	..	..	..	2	..	37	37	696 15 9	676 10 9
..	..	68	31	..	37	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	5	3	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	.....	.....
11	118	1,305	479	1	835	..	..	..	39	9	1,060	887	19,974 0 0	15,428 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	3	15	3	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
1	..	53	24	..	29	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	17	3	..	14	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	10	1,515	203	..	1,313	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	28	9	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
1	13	1,636	242	..	1,384	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	.....	.....
13	164	3,677	1,092	13	2,573	..	1	..	64	28	1,369	1,034	31,219 0 0	21,457 0 0

Police, are entered here, *vide* Government Resolution No. 3661, dated 10th October 1874

G. B. SIMPSON, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Shikárpur.

STATEMENT A.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.
1	1	2	4	5	6	7	8	9
							Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*							
1d	115, 117 to 119, I. P. C.	Substantive abetments	....	....	....	....	....	....
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	....	....	....		
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship	....	....	....	....	....	....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 327, 228	Offences against public justice	58	111	43	68	....	....
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	14	26	20	3	....	....
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	33	41	14	27	....	....
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	1	1	....	1	....	....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	8	14	6	8	....	....
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	....	....	....	....	....	....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	4	27	10	17	....	....
		Total	118	217	93	124	....	....
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*							
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	1	2	2	....	....	....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Total	1	2	2	....	....	....
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*							
12	384 to 389	Extortion	8	18	14	4	....	....
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*							
13	323	Hurt	242	673	445	228	....	....
14	345	Wrongful confinement	....	....	....	....	....	....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	677	1,738	1,481	255	....	....
		Total	919	2,411	1,926	483	....	....
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*							
16	417 to 420	Cheating	26	37	30	7	24 0 0	....
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	192	325	230	93	3,354 11 6	2,637 9 6*
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2	2	....	2	128 0 0	128 0 0
19	426, 427, 429, 434	Mischief, simple	73	221	170	45	....	....‡
		Total	294	586	430	148	3,506 11 6	2,765 9 6
	CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*							
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	110	228	204	24	....	....
21	298	Offences against religion	....	....	....	....	....	....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	1	4	3	1	....	....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	4	4	1	3	....	....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	391	675	563	110	....	....¶
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290,	Public and local nuisances	6	34	13	21	....	....
26		Offences under Chapters XXXVII., XXXIX., XLI., and XL., C. P. C.	68	138	73	54	....	....§
27		Special laws not cognizable by Police	246	644	294	350	....	....
		Total	726	1,727	1,156	563	....	....
		Grand Total	2,046	4,961	3,621	1,323	3,506 11 6	2,765 9 6

* 2 pending trial. ‡ 2 pending trial. ‡ 6 pending trial. ¶ 3 pending trial. § 6 pending trial.

G. B. SIMPSON, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Shikárpur.

Statement B.

STATE

Comparative Statement of Cognizable

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	4	6	7	8	9
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115, 117, to 119, I. P. C.	Substantive abetments	....	....	....	....	....	....
1	131 to 136, 139	Offences relating to Army and Navy	....	....	....	....	....	....
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	4	2	25	33·33	6	5
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	2	1	....	....	6	2
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	15	13	95·71	99·99	28	14
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	7	12	71·42	50	67	130
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	1	1	100	100	2	1
		Total....	29	30	70·37	66·25	107	151
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	302, 303, 396..	Murder by Tenga	....	....	....	....	....	....
9		,, Dacoits	....	....	....	....	....	....
10		,, Robbers	....	....	....	....	....	....
11		,, Poison	1	2	....	100	3	6
12		Other murders	7	15	100	46·71	7	19
13	307	Attempt at murder	....	....	....	....	....	....
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	6	3	75	100	13	2
15	376	Rape	7	5	16·66	25	7	4
16	377	Unnatural offences	7	6	50	50	7	6
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	4	2	25	50	6	3
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	12	8	75	75	12	6
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	....	....	....	....	....	....
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	17	13	73·33	69·33	35	21
20a	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	....	81	....	55·69	....	2*
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	2	2	50	....	2	2
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	5	....	40	....	15	....
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	13	14	69·23	69·84	16	35
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	....	1	....	....	....	1
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	....	....	....	....	....	....
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	....	....	....	....	....	....
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	....	....	....	....	....	....
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	26	27	59·45	48·14	38	44
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	2	....	100	....	5	....
29a	304 A.	Causing death by rash or negligent act	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Total....	120	179	60·56	55·90	213	364
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*						
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	....	....	....	....	....	....
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	....	....	....	....	....	....
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt, By poisonous or stupefying drugs	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Robbery with hurt, By other means	....	....	....	....	....	....
33	392, 393	Robbery, In dwelling house	4	....	75	....	8	....
		Robbery, On the highway, between sunset and sunrise	....	1	....	....	....	1
		Robbery, Other robberies	1	4	....	66·66	2	9
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	14	16	83·33	93·57	21	32
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	312	244	77·30	72·45	350	224
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	4	12	75	75	4	17
37	411, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Total....	335	277	74·09	68·29	397	243

* The percentage exceeds owing to an acquittal pending

MENT B.

Crime with Result of Police Operations.

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
PUP.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
	5	3	2	16·66	20	33·33	50						
	2	2	2										
	14	25	13	75·07	76·57	76	84·61						
	109	67	109	56·71	48·73	56·71	48·72						
	1	1	1	50	100	100	100						
	131	98	127	55·14	50·38	60·20	51·96						
	6	4	6		66·66		66·66						
	19	8	9	85·71	31·57	75	66·66		186		41		22·04
	2	10	3	23·07	150	30	100						
	7	6	5	14·28	28·57	16·66	40		14		14		100
	8	5	5	42·85	31·33	80	40						
	3	3	2	16·66	33·33	133·33	50						
	8	12	6	75	75	75	100						
	21	36	17	42·85	38·09	41·66	47·05						
	306		300		31·25		32·6						
	2	2	2	50		50							
		13		30·76		30·76							
	36	16	30	56·25	28·57	56·25	33·33						
	1								28		19		67·85
	48	82	49	52·27	47·91	56·09	46·94		4		4		100
		1	4	20		100							
	346	198	338	46·47	35·51	50	38·46		233		79		33·90
			7	87·50		100			91		44		48·34
	1												
	9	2	7		55·55		71·42		50		50		100
	33	22	28	23·80	13·6	22·22	14·28	17	34	9	24	52·94	100
		836											
	234		234	57·27	61·53	56·96	64·28	45,005	10,827	48,681	5,875	74·88	53·71
	17	4	17	75	58·82	75	58·82						
	249	361	276	56·99	55·63	56·30	59·06	65,113	11,012	48,736	6,050	74·84	54·93

n last year, 1873, being convicted in 1874.

STATEMENT

SHIKARPUR

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	6	7	8	7	8	9
		Class IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	1	..	100	..	1	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	19	2	50	50	28	5
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
41a	338	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	13	2	53·84	50	29	5
		Class V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking ..	46	53	68	50	30	32
43	379 to 382	Theft { Of cattle	359	304	55·46	62·44	506	346
		{ Ordinary	800	698	72·92	76·22	913	847
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	20	21	57·89	35·29	34	34
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	56	37	69	77·14	103	56
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	53	50	43	62	72	72
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
47a	428, 429	Mischief by killing or maiming any animal ..	..	6	..	25	..	7
		Total ..	1,334	1,169	65·65	70·30	1,658	1,433
		Class VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XXXVIII., C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	25	9	75	55·55	54	17
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	2	..	..	..	3	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ..	14	13	42·85	53·84	52	54
52		——— Excise Laws	5	14	100	69·23	6	17
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws	1	..	..	..	1	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	7	3	71·42	100	8	3
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	740	853	98·75	90·28	1,330	1,526
58		Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	44	10	59·09	90	73	20
		Total ..	838	902	85·62	89·08	1,531	1,640
		Grand Total ..	2,669	2,559	73·83	76·87	3,903	3,585

B—*concluded.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.						Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.			Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9	20	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
—concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	31	5	42·85	80	38·70	80	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	32	5	44·82	80	40·62	80	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	32	24	27	60	48·75	75	51·85	16	..	16	..	100	..
..	598	404	371	39·33	48·96	42·88	50·94	8,352	8,130	6,752	6,909	80·86	84·98
..	847	846	763	59·91	64·69	64·65	72·77	17,722	10,394	9,748	7,452	55·	71·69
..	31	28	25	50	28·52	60·71	32	576	752	435	489	75·52	65·03
..	56	96	56	36·89	48·21	39·58	48·21	1,328	896	926	576	69·35	32·75
..	71	71	68	49·05	52·11	49·66	54·41	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	7	..	5	..	28·57	..	40	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,453	1,529	1,305	51·20	57·67	55·59	63·21	27,994	19,974	17,878	15,428	63·86	77·24
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	37	46	16	27·77	70·58	29·26	80	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	54	49	53	50	58·70	53·06	54·71	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	17	5	17	66·66	70·58	60	70·58	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	8	8	3	75	100	75	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,526	1,824	1,515	90·97	86·04	90·24	86·66	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	23	73	23	61·32	65·21	63·01	65·21	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,660	1,812	1,626	84·58	84·39	85·64	85·11	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3,586	3,760	3,677	64·75	66·49	67·56	69·94	93,115	31,219	66,614	21,457	71·69	68·73

G. B. SIMPSON, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Shikarpur.

Thuggee and Dacoity, administration of Poisonous or Stupefying

Description of Crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3, in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in Columns 2 and 3.	Arrested	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Thuggee ... { By strangulation.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thuggee ... { By poison.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) without murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, viz:—											
Kidnapping	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..
Cattle theft	2	58	58	2	112	110	106	63	43	4	2

Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection of

District.	PART I. Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons										
	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 5 to 8.		Total cost under Columns 9 and 10.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
										Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Shikárpur	Chetri and Vesaki	15 Days.	4,000	..	..	..	..	1	11	..	54 1 4
	Nowrose ..	67 „	3,000	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	87 3 9

MENT C.

Drugs for Criminal purposes, and other Professional Crimes.

COMPARATIVE RETURN.

Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			Remarks.
1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	
13			14			15			16			17			18
									Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	28 4 0	.....	.....	19 4 0	
431	129	110	421	124	106	211	61	63	6,403 10 0	2,197 1 0	1,478 8 0	7,295 6 6	2,057 1 0	1,448 8 0	

G. B. SIMPSON, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Shikárpur.

MENT D.

Persons and Property, or quartered as a punitive measure.

and Property.				PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						
Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks
Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
							Rs. a. p.			
..	..	..	..	..	..	*2	216 0 0	12 months.	1	*Stationed at Gori Mora in the Kamber Taluka.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	.....	

G. B. SIMPSON, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Shikárpur.

STATE

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution,

District.	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.								Cost of Police.							
	Commissioner of Police, Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.						Strength of Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and travelling allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 2), and pay and travelling allowances of their establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents, (Column 3). (2)	Other expenses of Column 3.		Total pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4 and 5). (4)	Total pay of Constables of all Classes (6, 7, and 8.)	Horse and travelling allowance, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns 11, 13, and 14.	Average pay of	
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards (1).	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100. (1)	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and travelling allowances of their establishments (3).				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Shikárpur..	..	1	4	147	265	681	..	* 20	190	..	6,400	2,400	3,084	46,032	1,10,076	3,060	3,510	5,682

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay. (2) Column 12 includes local and personal, but
(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowance. (5) Columns 34 to 37. A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants.
(7) Columns 36 and 37, one policeman

* 11 Officers and men, viz., 2 Head Constables and 7 Constables of the Railway Police,
† Rs. 1,668 recovered annually at Rs. 139 per mensem from several Municipalities, and the Local

STATE

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and General

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own departmental officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, 348, Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX. of Penal Code.		Other offences.	
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire-arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
District Police	102	465	183	384	..	2	33	15	56	..	6	..	..	..	..	1	9
Armed Foot Police ..	38	321	352	7	..	..	12	2	13	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2
Shikárpur Town Police ..	11	60	..	71	..	1	13	2	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Municipal Police.. ..	19	115	..	134	..	..	11	2	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	5
Railway Police	2	7	..	9	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ferry Police Guard ..	1	5	..	6	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Punitive Police	..	3	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total..	173	975	535	613	..	3	71	21	98	..	7	..	..	..	..	2	16

NOTE.—This statement does not refer to Assistant District

MENT E.

and Employment of Police.

Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Columns 11 to 17	Total cost.	Payable from Imperial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Distribution of Force. In District. Guards at District, Central, or Subsidiary Jails. Officers.	Guards at District, Central, or Subsidiary Jails. Men.	Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries or as Escort to Prisoners & Treasuries. Officers.	Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries or as Escort to Prisoners & Treasuries. Men.	On other duties. Officers.	On other duties. Men.	On Town, Municipal, or Harbour duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole district in square miles.	Population of whole district.	Proportion of Police (Officers and Men). To Area (4). Of the whole district.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (5).	Of Towns (5).	To Population (7). Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (6).	Of Towns (6).
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34		35	36		37
17,615	1,90,670	1,90,676	21,853	4	62	17	138	108	331	218	..	8,009	776,327	1 to 7·74 square miles.	1 to 7·61 square miles.	70·25	600·5	727·1	62·84

not travelling allowances. (3) Column 14 includes the cost of all enrolled Officers and Men employed on office duties.
(5) Columns 34 and 35, i.e., in Districts, one policeman to so many square miles, in Towns, so many policemen to one square mile.
to so many of the population.
and 12 Constables of the Punitive Police not shown in Columns 9 and 10.
Funds on account of 10 per cent. charges for clothing, &c., not included in Column 23.

G. B. SIMPSON, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Shikárpur.

MENT F.

Internal Management of the Force.

Rewards. Number of Police rewarded during the year. By Government.	By Municipalities.	Education. Number of Police who can read and write. Officers.	Men.	Number of Police under instruction during the year. Officers.	Men.	Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service, and under two years.	Of less years' service and upwards.	Number who have left the Force during the year. On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (Columns 7 and 8).	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Percentage in Hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
89	7	48	89	56	907	97	4·2	185	..	5	47	35	9	..	10	24·23	1·75
25	..	9	6	..	15	45	126	123	1	3	14	13	3	1	13	23·67	3·69
11	..	4	6	7	64	13	57	14	..	1	5	14	..	..	2	18·3	2·1
12	..	8	6	16	109	35	91	35	..	..	10	11	3	..	1	20·14	0·74
..	..	2	..	2	7	1	7	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	1	6	3	6	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
144	7	64	75	82	210	193	791	367	1	9	71	74	11	1	26	22·49	1·75

5 Superintendents, or Officers of higher rank.

G. B. SIMPSON, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Shikárpur

STATE

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste

District.	Race.													Of					
	Europeans.					Eurasians.				Natives.				Hin					
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.			District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.			District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.								
	Military or Covenanted, Civil.	Uncovenanted.	On Rupees 100 and upwards.	Below Rupees 100.	Constables.		On Rupees 100 and upwards.	Below Rupees 100.	Constables.		On Rupees 100 and upwards.	Below Rupees 100.	Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs
1	2	3	4		5	6	7		8	9	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
District Police..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	99	465	1	82	1	1	..	1
Armed Foot Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	38	321	..	13	5	5	..	1
Shikárpur Town Police ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	10	60	..	10	..	..	..	..
Municipal Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	18	116	..	17	..	..	..	..
Railway Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	7	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ferry Police Guard	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	5	..	1	..	..	..	..
Punitive Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	168	975	1	123	6	6	..	2

MENT G.

of Officers and Men employed in the Police.

Religion or Caste.																		
ers.						Men.												
doos.				Other Religions.				Hindoos.							Other Religions.			Remarks.
Khatris.			Hindus of all other castes.			Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Gourkhas.	Sikhs.	Khatris.		Hindus of all other castes.			Grand Total Officers and Men.	
19	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
2	..	..	15	..	..	..	430	..	4	..	2	2	..	..	26	..	..	500	
..	..	..	14	..	..	..	210	42	18	2	4	..	..	..	48	..	..	350	
1	..	..	..	..	..	..	56	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	71	
..	..	..	2	..	..	..	104	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	10	..	..	134	
..	..	..	2	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	
3	..	..	33	..	..	..	814	43	19	2	5	2	..	..	85	..	..	1,149	

G. B. SIMPSON, Captain,
District Superintendent of Police, Shikárpur

STATEMENT H.

Statement of Dismissals and Resignations in the Subordinate Grades of the Police during the Year 1874.

Year.	Total strength of the Force at commencement of the year.			No. of men included in Column 1 discharged on reduction.			No. of dismissals from all other causes.			No. of resignations.			Percentage of dismissals (from other causes than reduction) of resignations together on the whole strength of each branch of the Force as shown in Column 1.			Remarks.
	1			2			3			4			5			
	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	
1874 ..	997	9	*134	..	..	..	61	..	11	60	1	10	19·13	11·11	15·67	

* Six men of the Ferry Police and 2 of the Punitive Police are included in the Municipal Police.

STATEMENT shewing the Total Expenditure during the Year 1874-75 on Police Buildings.

Expenditure from Police Budget.	Amount.
	Rs. a. p.
(*d.*)—Petty repairs (up to Rs. 1,000)	2,128 12 0
(*e.*)— Do. constructions (up to Rs. 1,000)	1,371 4 0
Total from Police Budget	3,500 0 0
Rate per man on the total sanctioned strength of Police of all grades ..	3 8 2

STATEMENT I.

Detail of Deaths by Violence in the Shikárpur District for the Year 1874.

District.	Drowning.						Poisoning.						Hanging.		Killed by wild beasts.		Snake-bite.		All other causes.		Total.		Remarks.
	Well.		Tank.		Otherwise.		Opium.		Arsenic.		Unknown poison.												
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
Shikárpur ..	5	9	5	2	65	55	..	..	4	..	..	..	4	7	9	2	48	10	63	56	203	141	There were 12 cases of suicide, viz., 4 males and 7 females by hanging and one made by arsenic.

G. B. SIMPSON, Captain,
District Police Superintendent, Shikárpur.

No. 579 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner's Office, Kurrachee,

10th May 1875.

REMARKS by the Commissioner in Sind on the Annual Report of the District Superintendent of the Shikárpur Police for the year 1874.

The total number of cases investigated by the police was 2,559 in 1874 against 2,669 in 1873. In the former year convictions were obtained in 76·87 per cent. of the cases inquired into against 73·83 in 1873.

2. In 1874, 3,863 persons were arrested, and of these 3,677 were brought to trial. The percentage of convictions to arrests was 66·49 in 1874 against 64·56 in 1873. The Commissioner in Sind is glad to observe that so large a proportion of the persons arrested were brought to trial, for it shows that the police have been careful not to arrest persons needlessly. The percentage of convictions to arrests and the percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained to the number of cases investigated are good, and show a considerable advance since last year.

3. There has been apparently a general decrease in crime, and especially in lurking house-trespass, cattle-theft and theft. It is satisfactory to observe this, though it was hardly to be expected, considering what serious floods and what amount of distress there was in 1874, which, one would have thought, might have given strength to the criminal classes. The more credit therefore is due to the police that this was not the case. At the same time the Commissioner must observe that he would have considered it more satisfactory had the District Magistrate stated to what extent his experience confirmed the reports of the police.

4. There has been an increase of murder in the district, 17 cases of this offence having been investigated in 1874 against 8 in 1873. Of the 17 cases, 9 were disposed of in the criminal courts, and it is very creditable to the police that in all but one of these convictions were obtained. The remaining 8 were under trial at the end of the year.

5. The total amount of property reported to have been stolen during the year was of the value of Rs. 31,219 against Rs. 93,115 in 1873. The percentage of recoveries in 1874 was 68·73 against 71·53 in 1873. The percentage is high and the small falling off since 1873 is satisfactorily accounted for in paragraph 3. The amount of property stolen during the year was, it appears, far less than in 1873.

6. Besides recovering the property just now mentioned, the police assisted in the recovery of a large number of cattle reported to have strayed.

7. Every endeavour should be made to prove the truth or otherwise of the charge so often brought against some of the zemindars, that they connive at crime, and if possible one or two offenders should be brought to justice. The Commissioner is well aware how difficult this may be, but he would like to see the matter thoroughly taken in hand by an energetic police officer.

8. The police have, it is observed, been vigorous in checking public nuisance.

9. The conduct of the officers and men of the force seems to have been fairly good, and it has not been found necessary to resort very often to punishment. The education of the men should be attended to as far as possible.

10. The balance to the credit of the Horse and Camel Fund appears to have been considerably reduced, and care must be taken to manage it economically till it recovers itself.

11. Offences under Sections 323 and 428 should in future not appear among non-cognizable crimes, as they have been rendered cognizable by Act II. of 1874.

(Signed) W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

(True copy.)

W. B. MULOCK,
Assistant Commissioner in Sind.

No. 89 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

FROM

THE ACTING POLITICAL SUPERINTENDENT,
Thar and Párkar,

To

THE COMMISSIONER IN SIND.

Political Superintendent's Office, Thar and Párkar,
Camp Umarkot, 25th March 1875.

SIR,

I have the honour herewith to submit the Annual Police Report for Thar and Párkar for the year 1874, with the usual statements appended.

2. The officer in police charge of the district during the year was Captain R. I. Crawford from 1st January to the 31st December.

3. I would beg to express, in commencing this report, my regret that by Act XI. of 1874 offences under Sections 323, 428, and 429 of the Indian Penal Code have become cognizable by the police, whilst, according to the forms of the annual returns now in use, the working of the police, as shown on paper, will be materially depreciated by the additional entries now made in Statements **A** and **B**. It appears that the Resolution of Government in the Judicial Department No. 5687, dated 10th October 1874, requires that all offences of the above description, subsequent to the 5th May 1874, should be entered and treated as cognizable in the annual returns, and this has accordingly been done. But for purposes of comparison the returns, as now submitted, cannot be compared with those of previous years, and therefore, in reporting on the cognizable crime and police work of 1874, I propose to compare the working of 1874 with that of 1873 on the same conditions as formerly, as well as by showing the contrast in the two years' returns with the addition of the newly cognizable cases in 1874.

4. A reference to the entries under Sections 323, 426, and 429, Indian Penal Code, shows that out of 81 offences, 4 only were investigated by the police *suo motu*, and of the remainder 19 were inquired into on complaint made originally to the magistrate, and 58 by order of the magistrate after the police had refused to inquire.

These results cannot be called satisfactory, showing as they do that in 81 cases, only 20 were prosecuted to conviction, and that out of 190 persons arrested, only 27 were convicted. Writing from a police point of view, it seems to me that in their anxiety to give a full hearing to all complainants, the magistrates have hardly done justice to the police, and it might be well that in cases where the police have refused to interfere, the magistrates should take trouble to ascertain clearly in communication with the police the grounds for the refusal of the latter to inquire into cases before taking them up themselves. At the same time it must be admitted that many cases of the description alluded to, arising from petty causes, are not prosecuted by complainants and their witnesses with a genuine attempt at obtaining a conviction.

5. There is a very large decrease apparent in the total amount of crime for 1874 as compared with that for 1873. The recently acquired cognizable offences since 5th May last bring the total up to 354 cases, being 83 less than in 1873; but deducting these cases, it will be found that there has been a total decrease of 164 cases in 1874. I am bound, however, to mention that I have omitted from the returns a total of 49 frivolous complaints where complaints were made to the police; but the preliminary inquiries proving that they were groundless, the inquiries, with the approval of the magistrates, were not proceeded with. Such complaints reported were entered as "cases" in former years.

6. The percentage of cases convicted to cases decided is 48·74 in 1873 and in 1874, including the newly cognizable cases since May last 52·65, and exclusive of these latter 63·86. It would not be so good as that for 1873, but that I have calculated it for 1874 on the number of cases decided in criminal courts only, and have omitted from the calculation the number of cases remaining up to the close of the year undiscovered, and which number 63 in all, exclusive of 6 cases *sub judice*.

7. Of persons arrested, the number in 1873 was 647, and in 1874, inclusive of newly cognizable cases since May 619, and exclusive of the latter 429.

Of persons brought to trial the numbers are 575 in 1873 against 509, or 334, according as the new cognizable cases are included or not in 1874, and the percentages of persons convicted to persons arrested 39·10 in 1873 and 31·1 or 38·10 in 1874.

8. The percentages of persons convicted to persons brought to trial is 44 in 1873, and in 1874 either 37·72 or 57·38 according as the newly cognizable cases are calculated or not.

9. As regards the value of property stolen, there has been a noticeable decrease of Rs. 4,958 in the year under report; the amount having fallen from Rs. 17,286 in 1873 to Rs. 12,328 in 1874.

10. At the same time the recoveries have increased by more than one per cent., being 75·89 in 1873 and 76·95 in 1874.

11. *Under Class I.* there is a decrease of one case, and there are no cases of any importance to notice, except it may be mentioned that in one case an imposter personating a Government vaccinator came over from Jodpur, and practised on the credulity of the people, extorting money from them, pretending to vaccinate children, and demanding so much per head for doing so, because, as he was said, he was entitled to do so under a new rule by which Government allowed the vaccinators to levy such taxes in lieu of granting them travelling batta.

This shameful imposter was soon discovered, and on conviction was sentenced in my court to two years' rigorous imprisonment and fined Rs. 50, in default six months' additional rigorous imprisonment.

12. *In Class II.* there is a decrease of 4 cases in 1874.

There is one case of murder by poisoning, in which three persons were accused: one a wife of poisoning her husband, another the woman's paramour of procuring the poison for the woman, and a third, a man of assisting the second in procuring the poison.

The last was discharged by the magistrate, and the two former were committed to the Sessions, where the woman was sentenced to be hanged, and her paramour acquitted.

There are 2 cases of other murders in 1874 against the same number in the previous year. But whilst in 1873 both cases were prosecuted to conviction in 1874, both cases have broken down.

In the first case in 1874, a man in the Umarkot Taluka was charged with having caused the death of his wife by striking her a blow on the side with the handle of an axe.

He was arrested and the case sent up for inquiry before the 1st Class Magistrate, who released the accused for want of proof.

In the second case two men in the desert part of the Cháchra Taluka were accused of having killed another man, who was supposed to have had a criminal relation with a woman who stood in the relation of sister-in-law to one and mother to the other accused. No report of the death was made to the police at the time, and a rumour of the affair only came to their knowledge some time afterwards, and then on inquiry it appeared that the deceased had been found hanging dead in his hut one morning, and other circumstances were elicited tending to show that he had first been murdered by the accused and then placed so as to make it appear that he had committed suicide by hanging, and his relations buried the corpse without reporting to the police. The accused were committed to the Sessions by the 1st Class Magistrate and there discharged after trial.

There was one case of attempt at murder in 1874 against 2 cases in 1873. In the one case under report there was a jealousy about a woman, and the accused who shot at and wounded the complainant was arrested, tried, and sentenced by the Session Court to seven years' imprisonment.

There is one case of culpable homicide in 1874 against none in the previous year. Properly speaking, this one case should not have been retained on the returns, for the accused was discharged by the magistrate, and the circumstances, which were as follows, showed that the death was an accidental one. At a police outpost in the Rann, the police had collected a small stack of grass for their horses, and were annoyed by finding that the herdsmen in the neighbourhood used to drive their cattle up to feed at this stack. One day the thánádár going out with another man, not in Government employ, found a number of cattle collected at his grass stack; the herdsmen ran away, and the thánádar told the man with him to pursue one of the party who tried to escape into the Rann.

After a long chase in the heat of a blazing midday sun in the hot weather in the Rann, the man pursued suddenly dropped down speechless in the salt-water and died before assistance could arrive. These facts were clearly established by the inquiry which took place.

There are two cases of rape in 1874 against 4 in 1873. In both of the cases in the past year the accused were committed to the Sessions and there discharged.

There are 2 cases of attempt to commit suicide in the year past as compared with 4 in the previous year.

In neither of the cases are the particulars of interest. One case broke down and the other remained pending at the close of the year, but has since been carried to a conviction.

There are 4 cases of grievous hurt in 1874 against 5 in 1873, and in the year under report all four cases were prosecuted to conviction.

There are 2 cases of criminal force to a woman in 1874 and none in 1873. Both of these cases on trial before the magistrate broke down for want of proof.

13. *In Class III.* there is an increase of 6 cases, the numbers being 9 in 1873 and 15 in 1874. All of the cases in both years came under Serial No. 35, being as regards the offence of "house-breaking with intent to commit an offence."

In this class the percentages of convictions to arrests and of convictions to persons brought to trial will be found to contrast favourably in 1874 with those of 1873; but in regard to the percentages in cases convicted to cases decided, it has to be explained that only the cases decided magisterially in 1874 have been entered in column 5 of Statement **B**.

14. *In Class IV.*, inclusive of 78 newly cognizable cases of hurt, there are 80 cases in 1874 against none in 1873; I have already, in paragraph 4 of my report, remarked on the newly cognizable cases.

The 2 cases of wrongful restraint during the past year were both prosecuted to conviction.

15. *In Class V.*, which mainly shows the state of crime and the working of the police in the district, there has been an accession of 3 cognizable cases, which raise the number of offences from 222 to 225 in 1874 as compared with 383 in 1873. There is a large decrease of 86 cases of cattle theft, of 30 cases of ordinary theft, and of 36 cases of receiving stolen property in the year under report.

The percentage of cases convicted to cases decided in 1874 shows much more favourably than in 1873, because in the year under report the percentage has been calculated only on cases decided magisterially. The percentage of convictions to arrests has

fallen from 39·28 in 1873 to 37·32 in 1874, whilst that of convictions to persons brought to trial has risen from 44·62 to 49·6.

And whilst there is a decrease of more than Rs. 6,000 in the value of the property stolen in 1874, there is an increase from 78·3 to 84·75 in the value of the property recovered.

16. *In Class VI.* there has been a decrease of 6 cases in the year under report, and an appreciable increase in working results.

17. Looking to the Statement A, Part. II. of Non-Cognizable Crime, it will be seen that in 114 cases out of 226 persons summoned or arrested, only 65 were convicted, but it is admitted that the police are not responsible for these indifferent results.

18. The talukas as regards general position of merit stand for 1874 as below, in comparison with the previous year, viz. :—

In 1873.	In 1874.
1. Nagar Párkar.	1. Nagar Párkar.
2. Umarkot.	2. Mitti.
3. Cháchra.	3. Cháchra.
4. Mitti.	4. Khipra.
5. Khipra.	5. Dipla.
6. Sánghar.	6. Sánghar.
7. Dipla.	7. Umarkot.

It is not satisfactory to see the Umarkot Taluka Police thus lose place, but there are reasons for this.

19. Looking to the amount of cognizable crime and the general results of the police working, I am very glad to be able to show such large decreases under Class V.; but I would not be inclined to attribute this so much to any extraordinary improvement in the police, as to the peculiar circumstances affecting the district in the shape of floods in the past year.

The valley of the Nára is ordinarily the great grazing ground for this part of Sind, and it is there that cattle thefts more generally escape detection by reason of the hard ground and the jungle offering such obstacles to successful tracking. But for five months in 1874 the whole of the Nára Valley was flooded, and the people with their cattle driven into Sind and into the sand hills of the Thar, and the police on the Nára had but few people and little property to look after. On the Thar and Párkar side the Umarkot Taluka was the general refuge for those flooded out, and with a large influx of strangers and idlers from all surround-

ing parts, and with heavy extra duties to perform in consequence of the floods, the police of that taluka do not show favourably as compared with those of other talukas.

To me the unsatisfactory feature in the present report is that, whereas in 1873 the percentage of convictions to arrests was 39·10, and I expressed a hope that the admonitions then being given would tend to produce better results in the next year, yet, excluding the newly cognizable cases, the same percentage has fallen to 38·10 in the year past. I can only observe on this point that my instructions have been persistent and stringent against unnecessary arrests, and I have in every case that came to my notice punished the police for making them. But it has at the same time been reported in last year's report in detail, why the working of the police in this district will always be comparatively unsatisfactory in this one respect; and this has been admitted by Government in their Resolution on the Annual Report for 1872, as well as in paragraph 4 of their Resolution No. 5357, dated 23rd September 1874, on the Report for 1873. I am glad to be able to show that the percentage of convictions to persons brought to trial, excluding the newly cognizable cases which terribly affect it, stands at 57·48 as compared with 44 in the previous year.

The percentage of recoveries I trust may be regarded as extremely satisfactory, more especially in cases coming under Class V.

I have now brought to notice all that appears to tell against the police as well as in their favour. But in the latter respect it may not I think unreasonably be urged for them, as well as for the people, generally that it is a matter for congratulation that whilst the inhabitants of the more thickly populated portion of the district have in the past year been hurriedly flooded out of their houses, and been driven to find temporary shelter on one or other side of the Nára, and the circumstances of their exodus must have presented many temptations to the ill-disposed, yet a case of theft was of rare occurrence during their hasty fittings.

20. Regarding the floods I have already submitted a lengthy report, and in so far as they affected the police, I will only mention that they entailed on the officers and men of this department in the Nára talukas trying and fatigning duties, and that these were performed to my entire satisfaction.

21. *Suicide.*—There are 5 cases during the past year to compare with a similar number in the year preceding. But where

as in 1873 there were 3 cases of female and 2 of male suicide in the year under report—all 5 cases are of females.

The particulars in each case, as reported by the police with the inquest reports and the medical evidence, have received careful attention.

22. *Accidental Deaths—Miscellaneous.*—The number in 1873 was 16 and in 1874 it was 18.

23. *Deaths by Drowning.*—The number of cases has increased from 15 in 1873 to 36 in 1874. This is a large increase, but not an unreasonable one when the circumstances are considered. Of the number of deaths, 29 were of males and 7 of females. Not one death occurred directly from the floods, but with so vast an expanse of water over the country, accidents were to be expected, occasioned in the majority of instances by rashness and carelessness on the part of boys and girls.

24. *Deaths by Snake-bites.*—The number has risen from 22 in 1873 to 40 in 1874. The number might have been expected to have been larger, considering the enormous number of snakes to be found everywhere owing to the floods.

25. *Hydrophobia.*—There are two cases in 1874 against none in the previous year.

26. There have been 1,209 summonses served and 394 warrants executed by the police in the year under report.

27. The number of border cases during the year has been 12.

In their disposal 22 persons have been concerned as accused, and property valued at Rs. 2,138-10-0. Compensation to the amount of Rs. 520-0-0 has been awarded in cases established, and claims to the value of Rs. 230-0-0 were thrown out, and claims of Rs. 1,388-10-0 are pending investigation.

28. It is a great satisfaction to me to be able to report that an unprecedented degree of security to life and property has prevailed on the border in every direction during the year 1874, and this I attribute to the active, detective, and impressive measures to which the various durbars have been stimulated by their respective Political Agents.

29. In 1873 and 1874 the casualties among the horses and camels were as follows, viz.:—

		Died.	Cast.
1873.	Horses.....	43	8
	Camels	29	24
1874.	Horses.....	27	6
	Camels	18	5

This is a great improvement on past years, and has been a sensible relief to the funds and to the men. I have not carried out my previously expressed intention of sending portions of the intestines of horses dying to Bombay for analysis, because deaths attributed to fly bites have been few.

30. *Education.*—There is but little difference to record in the past year. The number of officers who can read and write remains the same, viz., 7, and the number of men with the same acquirements has increased from 33 to 36.

31. The police quarters, that is to say such of them as are standing, are excellent, and I have seen that the annual repairs have been properly completed. The Sumatri and Jhuda thánás and the whole of the head-quarter lines at Umarkot have been washed away by the floods, and at Sánghar and Khipra they have crumbled and tumbled in, owing to the action of the flood water percolating through the town bunds and bringing out the salt which has undermined their foundations. I am already taking action in view to obtain fresh and suitable new quarters at Umarkot and the other out-stations.

32. The force is well armed and, I should say, remarkably well mounted. I trust that there may be no difficulty in obtaining the leather accoutrements that I have budgetted for, as the old ones in use are rotten, and I have explained the urgency for new ones.

33. *Character of the Force.*—I have had occasion only to dismiss 10 men in the year as compared with 23 in 1873. The numbers fined, degraded, or suspended were 10 officers and 23 men in 1873 and 8 officers and 38 men in 1874.

I consider that the general character of all ranks has been very good indeed, and from the Ressaldar Khan Bahadoor Chuttah Khan downwards I am pleased to report that good conduct, zeal, readiness, and activity have characterized the working of the force.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
R. I. CRAWFORD, Captain,
Acting Political Superintendent, Thar and Párkar.

STATE

PART I.—COGNIZ

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in the

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 69 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Remaining at the close of the year, the accused persons in custody of the police, and on bail before a Magistrate or Sessions Court.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Column 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	15, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 130, 133 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
4	224 to 226 ...	Other offences against public justice	6	..	5	3	..	7	..	..	..	..	7	..
5	143 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly ..	3	..	2	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	7	3
6	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
		Total..	13	..	9	4	..	11	..	..	..	..	17	6
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder by Thugs..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poisons	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
12		Other murders	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
15	376	Rape	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	2	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..
19	329, 331, 339 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	326, 326, 336 ...	Grievous hurt	4	..	2	2	..	4	..	..	..	..	7	5
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	363 to 369... ...	Kidnapping or abduction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	346 to 348... ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
29a	304 A	Causing death by rash or negligent act.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total..	15	..	13	2	..	8	1	..	..	..	24	5

THAR AND

MENT A.

ABLE CRIME.

Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

PERSONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of,—*i. e.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
PARKAR.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	10	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	10	8	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	23	11	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	3	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	3	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	3	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....
..	3	10	3	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	4	24	9	6	9	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other Districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *sua motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 98 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Remaining at the close of the year, the accused persons in custody of the police, and on bail before a Magistrate or Sessions Court.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*													
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt .. — By poisonous or stupefying drugs ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt .. — By other means ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	392, 393	Robbery .. — In dwelling house ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery .. — On the highway, between sunset and sunrise ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery .. — Other robberies ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35	454, 456, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	15	..	15	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	12	..
36	449 to 452 ..	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	15	..	15	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	12	..
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*													
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	2	..	1	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	4	1
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41a	323	Hurt	78	..	3	17	58	20	..	..	..	..	5	180
		Total ..	80	..	4	18	58	22	..	..	..	..	9	181
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*													
42	453, 454	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..
43	379 to 382 ..	Theft .. — Of cattle ..	97	4	99	2	..	45	2	11	..	11	172	2
		Theft .. — Ordinary ..	102	6	107	1	..	51	..	12	..	12	110	3
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust ..	3	..	1	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	5
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property ..	6	..	6	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	15	..
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass ..	3	..	2	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	3	1
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47a	426, 429	Mischief, simple	3	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	4
		Total ..	215	10	217	8	..	101	3	23	..	23	313	15

THAR AND

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—e. g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
PARKAR—continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	11	4	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	14	8	1,896 0 0	645 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	1	11	4	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	14	8	1,896 0 0	645 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	2	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	15	170	143	..	27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	17	173	143	..	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	1	80 0 0	80 0 0
..	36	144	74	..	70	..	..	..	5	..	112	95	8,064 0 0	7,146 0 0
..	20	95	58	..	36	..	..	..	..	..	134	86	2,089 0 0	1,447 0 0
..	..	6	5	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	125 0 0	125 0 0
	1	14	12	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	44 0 0	44 0 0
	1	5	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
	..	5	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
	77	267	137	..	131	..	..	..	7	..	251	186	10,432 0 0	9,842 0 0

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under Inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police one month.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint or under Section 68 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Remaining at the close of the year the accused persons in custody of the Police and on bail before a Magistrate or Sessions Court.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Column 7 part 2.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
49	Chapter XXXVIII. C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	3	..	3	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	4	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	1	1	2	..	..	2	..	4	..	4	1	..
		Total ..	5	1	6	..	..	3	3	4	..	4	10	..
		Grand Total ..	343	11	264	32	58	149	6	27	..	27	385	207

THAR AND

A—*concluded.*

CRIME—*concluded.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
PARKAR—concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	5	3	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....
..	..	11	8	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	....	....
..	99	509	311	6	193	..	..	..	11	..	265	194	12,328 0 0	2,497 0 0

R. I. CRAWFORD, Captain,
Acting Political Superintendent, Thar and Párkar.

STATEMENT A.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
							Rs.	Rs.
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*						
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	....	....	....	....	....	.....
1	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State	....	....	....	....	....	.....
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship	....	....	....	....	....	.....
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227 to 228.	Offences against public justice ..	5	5	3	3	....	.....
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	3	3	3	1	....	.....
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 219, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims	....	....	....	....	....	.....
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	....	....	....	....	....	.....
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	....	....	....	....	....	.....
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	....	....	....	....	....	.....
9	149, 154 to 156, 160.	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	....	....	....	....	....	.....
		Total ...	8	9	5	4	....	.....
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
10	312 to 316.. ..	Causing miscarriage	....	....	....	....	....	.....
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	....	....	....	....	....	.....
		Total....	....	....	....	....	....	.....
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*						
12	384 to 389 ..	Extortion..	....	....	....	....	....	.....
		Total....	....	....	....	....	....	.....
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
13	323	Hurt..	37	89	67	22	....	.....
14	345	Wrongful confinement	....	....	....	....	....	.....
15	352, 355, 358 ..	Criminal force	1	2	2	....	....	.....
		Total....	38	91	69	22	....	.....
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
16	417 to 420	Cheating	....	....	....	....	....	.....
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	8	14	13	1	137	10
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c...	1	2	1	1	20	.....
19	426, 427, 429, 434..	Mischief, simple	9	13	8	5	....	.....
		Total....	57	29	22	7	207	10
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage .. .	6	11	8	3	....	.....
21	298	Offences against religion	2	6	6	....	....	.....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	....	....	....	....	....	.....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	....	....	....	....	....	.....
24	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult..	34	67	41	20	....	.....
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290. ..	Public and local nuisances	....	....	....	....	....	.....
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX, XXI. and XXII., C. P. C. ..	....	....	....	....	....	.....
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police.	9	19	10	9	....	.....
		Total....	51	97	65	32	....	.....
		Grand Total....	114	226	161	65	207	10

R. I. CRAWFORD, Captain,
Acting Political Superintendent, Thar and Parkar.

Statement B.

Comparative Statement of Cognizable

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and THAR AND Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. C.	Subetantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	1	100	100	1	2
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	11	3	90·90	87·50	11	10
5	143 to 153, 151, 152	Rioting or unlawful assembly	2	3	..	66·66	11	10
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	..	1	..	100	..	1
		Total	14	13	78·57	84·61	23	23
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		" Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		" Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		" Poison	..	1	..	100	..	3
12		Other murders	2	2	100	..	2	3
13	307	Attempt at murder	2	1	50	100	3	1
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	..	1	..	..	..	1
15	376	Rape	4	3	..	..	5	2
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	4	2	50	..	4	3
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	5	4	80	100	10	12
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	1	..	100	..	2	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	1	..	..	..	1	..
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	..	..	..	..	..	..
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	..	3	..	..	..	4
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
29a	304A	Causing death by rash or negligent act	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	19	15	52·63	42·85	28	29
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*						
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt — By poisonous or stupefying drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt — By other means	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	392, 398	Robbery — In dwelling house	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery — On the highway between sunset and sunrise	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery — Other robberies	..	..	..	..	..	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 438, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	..	..	..	..	..	..

MENT B.

Crime with Result of Police Operations.

percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amounts and percentage of property recovered.			
Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	95	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
PARKAR.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	2	1	2	100	100	100	100	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	10	11	10	90·90	70	90·90	70	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	10	11	10	..	20	..	20	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	23	23	23	47·82	52·17	47·82	52·17	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	3	..	3	..	33·33	..	33·33	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	3	2	3	100	..	100	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	1	3	1	33·33	100	33·33	100	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	2	5	2	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	3	4	2	50	..	50	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	12	10	10	70	58·33	70	70	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	3	..	100	..	100	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	4	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	29	28	24	53·57	31·8	53·57	37·50	..	....	..	....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
								THAR AND
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	9	15	55·55	100	17	12
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total....	9	15	55·55	100	17	12
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	..	2	..	100	..	5
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374..	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
41a	323..	Hurt	..	78	..	25·64	..	195
		Total....	..	80	..	27·15	..	190
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking ..	4	1	75	..	6	2
43	379 to 382	Theft ... { Of cattle	187	101	59·80	54·87	326	185
		{ Ordinary	138	108	34·78	75·01	131	151
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	4	3	25	33·33	4	4
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	42	6	38·9	33·33	77	15
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	8	8	50	66·66	16	4
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
47a	428, 429	Mischief, simple	..	3	..	..	..	5
		Total....	383	225	48·4	60·64	560	351
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XXXVIII. C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character	2	1	....	..	6	5
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..
51		Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	——Excise Laws	1	3	100	33·33	2	4
53		——Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——Salt and Customs Laws	1	..	100	..	1	..
55		——Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	7	2	14·28	100	10	5
		Total....	12	6	25	75	19	14
		Grand Total....	437	354	48·74	52·65	647	619

B—*concluded.*

) ercentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
PARKAR—concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	12	12	11	25·52	36·33	33·33	63·63	697	1,896	174	645	24·96	34·1
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	12	12	11	25·52	36·33	33·33	63·63	697	1,896	174	645	24·96	34·1
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	6	..	3	..	60	..	100	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	170	..	16·56	..	..	..	15·66	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	190	..	173	..	15·78	..	17·34	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	2	6	..	66·66	..	66·66	..	1,058	60	693	60	60·99	100
..	185	208	144	40·79	37·63	46·50	46·61	11,407	8,094	9,569	7,146	83·88	88·23
..	134	109	95	43·51	41·79	67·29	58·94	3,985	2,650	2,613	1,447	65·60	69·26
..	6	4	6	50	16·66	50	16·66	140	1·5	130	1·5	87·24	100
..	15	76	14	33·37	13·33	33·66	14·28	.....	44	..	44	..	100
..	4	12	3	37·50	50	50	66·66	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	351	493	267	39·28	37·32	44·83	49·6	16,589	10,432	12,945	8,642	78·3	94·75
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	5	6	5	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	4	2	1	50	25	50	100	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	5	10	5	10	60	10	60	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	14	19	11	15·78	21·62	15·78	27·27	.....	.....	..	.....	..	..
..	619	823	509	30·10	31·1	44	37·72	17,265	12,338	13,119	9,457	75·99	76·66

R. I. CRAWFORD, Captain,
Acting Political Superintendent, Thar and Párkar.

Thuggee and Dacoity, Administration of Poisonous or Stupefying

Description of Crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Columns 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Columns 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of the year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in Columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Thuggee... { By strangulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Thuggee... { By poison...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacoity on land ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacoity on water ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*b*) without murder...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other professional crimes, viz. :—											9
Kidnapping	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cattle theft	4	108	112	...	112	185	149	70	74	5	...

MENT C.

Dr gs for Criminal purposes, and other Professional Crimes.

COMPARATIVE RETURN.

Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			REMARKS.
1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	
13			14			15			16			17			18
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
343	326	185	306	366	149	133	133	70	13,090	11,407	6,004	11,243	9,569	7,146	

R. I. CRAWFORD, Captain,
Acting Political Superintendent, Thar and Párkar.

STATE

STATEMENT of Additional Police collected for the Protection

PART

District.	Additional Police collected for the										
	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 5 to 8.		Total cost under Columns 9 and 10.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Thar and Parkar ..	Nil.										

STATE

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribu

District.	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.									Cost of Police.								
	Commissioner of Police, Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector General.	Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.					Strength of Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and travelling allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 2) and pay and travelling allowances of their establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Column 3). (4)	Other expenses of Column 3.		Total pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4 and 5) (4)	Total pay of Constables of all Classes (6, 7, and 9).	Total pay and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns 11, 13, and 14.	Average pay of	
			Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards. (1)	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100. (1)	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and travelling allowances of their establishments. (3)				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Thar & Parkar.	..	..	1	22	355	107	..	..	31	..	..	..	3,456	12,300	1,12,248	516	28[illegible]-91	11[illegible]-71
Total ..	..	..	1	22	355	107	..	..	31	..	..	..	3,456	12,300	1,12,248	516	[illegible]-91	11[illegible]-71

REMARKS.—In addition to the cost shown in Columns 21 and 22. The Nára Jail Police, composed of the strength and cost at Rs. 26 each, 364; Total 459. *Foot Police*—1 subedar Rs. 35; 2 jemadars at [illegible] 2s each, 56; 4 havildars at Rs. 15 each, 60;

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay.
(2) Column 12 includes local and personal, but
(3) Does not include horse and travelling allowance.
(4) Columns 34 to 37.
A "Town" contains at least [illegible] inhabitants.
(7) Columns 36 and 37 are policeman

MENT D.

of Persons and Property, or quartered as a punitive measure.

I. protection of persons and property.				PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						
Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	REMARKS.
Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23

MENT E.

tion, and Employment of Police.

				Distribution of Force.								Proportion of Police (Officers and Men).					
				In District.								To Area. (6)			To Population. (7)		
Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Columns 11 to 17.	Total Cost.	Payable from Imperial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Guards at District, Central, or Subsidiary Jails.		Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries, or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasuries.		On other duties.		On Town, Municipal, or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns. (6)	Of Towns. (5)	Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns. (6)	Of Towns. (5)
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.										
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34		35	36		37
														miles			men		
3,454	1,31,974	1,31,974	3,324	1	54	5	171	17	237	31	..	12,729	180,761	24·66	..	..	350·31	..	..
3,454	1,31,974	1,31,974	3,324	1	54	5	171	17	237	31	..	12,729	180,761	24·66	..	..	350·31	..	..

shown below, are paid from the Imperial Treasury, viz.—*Mounted Police*—1 duffadar Rs. 35; 2 naiks at Rs. 30 each, 60; 14 sillidars 10 privates at Rs. 10 each, 500; Total 651. Monthly cost Rs. 1,190; annual cost Rs. 13,320.

ost travelling allowances. (3) Column 14 includes the cost of all enrolled Officers and Men employed on office duties.
(6) Columns 34 and 35, *i. e.*, in Districts, one policeman to so many square miles; in Towns, so many policemen to one square mile, to so many of the population.

R. I. CRAWFORD, Captain,
Acting Political Superintendent, Thar and Párkar.

STATE

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own Departmental Officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, 348, Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX. of Penal Code.		Other offences.	
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire-arms.	Number provided with swords only or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Thar and Párkar.. ..	23	493	462	31	..	..	10	9	38	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	6
Total....	23	493	462	31	..	..	10	9	38	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	6

NOTE.—This Statement does not refer to Assistant District

STATE

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers

District.	Race.												Offi					
	Europeans.					Eurasians.				Natives.								Hin
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	District or Assistant Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	District or Assistant Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Goorkhas.	Sekhs.
	Military or Covenanted, Civil.	Uncovenanted.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.		On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.			On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.								
1	2	3	4		5	6	7		8	9	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Thar and Párkar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	29	493	..	16	..	..	..	..
Total....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	29	493	..	16	..	..	..	..

MENT F.

General Internal Management of the Force.

Rewards.		Education.				Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service, and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	Number who have left the Force during the year.							Percentage in hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Proportion of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.	Remarks.
Number of Police rewarded during the year.		Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.					On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (Columns 7 and 8.)	By discharge, otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.			
By promotion.	By money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.													
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
18	3	7	36	..	..	45	377	94	..	3	18	10	..	..	14	22·9	2·71	
18	3	7	36	..	..	45	377	94	..	3	18	10	..	..	14	22·9	2·71	

Superintendents or Officers of higher rank.

R. I. CRAWFORD, Captain,
Acting Political Superintendent, Thar and Párkar.

MENT G.

and Men employed in the Police.

Religion or Caste.																		
cers.						Men.												
doos.				Other Religions.				Hindoos.								Other Religions.		Remarks.
Guldrias.	Lohanas.	Malices.	Hindoos of all other Castes.	Koreas.	Mongwars and Bheels.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Gookhas.	Seikhs.	Lohanas.	Chuttrees.	Bamees or Goasyees.	Hindoos of all other Castes.	Kolis.	Bheels.	Grand Total (Officers and Men.).
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
1	4	1	1	..	..	..	368	21	20	..	1	19	14	..	33	13	4	516	
1	4	1	1	..	..	..	368	21	20	..	1	19	14	..	33	13	4	516	

R. I. CRAWFORD, Captain,
Acting Political Superintendent, Thar and Párkar.

STATEMENT H.

Statement of Dismissals and Resignations in the Subordinate Grades of the Police of the Thar and Párkar District during the Year 1874.

Year.	Total strength of the Force at commencement of the year.			Number of men included in Column 1, discharged on reduction.			Number of dismissals from all other sources.			Number of resignations.			Percentage of dismissals from other causes than reduction, and of resignations together on the whole strength of each branch of the Force as shown in Column 1.		
	1			2			3			4			5		
	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police
1874	484	..	31	..	..	..	10	..	..	18	..	2	5·78	..	6·45

Statement showing the Total Expenditure during the Year 1874, *on Police Buildings in the Thar and Párkar Political Superintendency.*

Expenditure from Department, Public Works Department.	Amount.	Expenditure from Police Budget.	Amount.
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
(a)—Repairs (above Rs. 1,000)	....	(e)—Petty repairs up to Rs. 1,000	800 0 0
(b)—Minor Works (under Rs. 1,000).. ..	858 0 0	(e)—Petty construction up to Rs. 1,000 ..	
(c)—Larger Works (above Rs. 1,000)	....	Total from Police Budget ..	800 0 0
		(f)—Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all grades	1 12 4
Total from Department, Public Works Budget..	858 0 0	(g)—Rate per man on the total sanctioned number of Police of all grades	1 10 8
		Grand Total Outlay..	1,658 0 0

R. I. CRAWFORD, Captain,
Acting Political Superintendent, Thar and Párkar.

No. 504 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner's Office,
Kurrachee, 4th May 1875.

REMARKS by the Commissioner in Sind on the Annual Police Report of the Acting Political Superintendent, Thar and Párkar, for the year 1874.

The total number of cases of cognizable crime investigated by the police during the year was 354 against 437 in 1873. The percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained was 52·65 against 48·74 in the previous year.

2. The total number of arrests during the year was 592, and in addition to these 27 were brought over from the previous year, making a total of 619 persons under arrest during the year. Of these 509 were brought to trial, and the percentage of convictions to persons under arrest was 31·1 against 39·10 in 1873. If, however, we exclude from the calculation offences under Sections 323, 428, and 429 of the Indian Penal Code, rendered cognizable by Act XI. of 1874, the percentage of convictions to arrests rises to 38·10.

3. The amount of property stolen during 1874 was of the value of Rs. 12,328 against Rs. 17,286 in 1873. In 1874 stolen property worth Rs. 9,487 was recovered, giving a percentage of recoveries of 76·95 against 75·89 in 1873.

4. From these figures it will be observed that the number of cases entered as investigated by the police was 83 less than in 1873. But for the introduction of Act XI. of 1874, and the method of omitting frivolous complaints noted at the end of para. 6 of the report, there would have been 115 cases less than in the previous year.

5. This shows a very perceptible diminution in the quantity of crime, which is attributable, it appears, in part to the prevalence of extraordinary floods in the Nára districts, in this respect differing from the Frontier District of Upper Sind, but accountable for by the inhabitants being compelled to resort to the more open and dry country which does exist in the Thar and Párkar District, and in part as the Commissioner believes to the creditable vigilance of the police.

6. It is very satisfactory to observe that the amount of property stolen was much less than in 1873, and that there is a great decrease in the offence of cattle-lifting.

7. There were three murders in 1874 against two in 1873, but there is a decrease in almost all other serious crimes. Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence has been of more frequent occurrence than in 1873.

8. As the Political Superintendent has pointed out, the weakest part of his report is that which touches on the percentage of convictions to persons arrested, and also to those brought to trial. From the figures it would appear that many persons are needlessly arrested, and also on the other hand that a considerable amount of crime goes unpunished. The Commissioner, however, is well aware of the difficulties with which the Thar and Párkar Police have to contend, and he is also well aware of the energetic endeavours made by the Political Superintendent to remedy the evil to which he himself has called attention.

9. The percentage of recoveries to the value of property stolen is very high and reflects much credit on the police.

10. The Commissioner learns with pleasure that crime has been pretty well suppressed on the frontier ; and this he considers attributable partly to the co-operation of the neighbouring durbars and in equal measure to Captain Crawford's able management.

11. It is gratifying to observe that in a comparatively small number of cases has it been found necessary to inflict punishment on members of the police, and the zeal of Russaldar Khan Bahadur Chutah Khan and the other members of the force is duly appreciated. The general conduct of the police during the floods is specially creditable.

12. In Statement B, Serial No. 52, three cases are shown under Excise Laws and under Railway Laws in Statement A. As there is no railway in Thar and Párkar, it is evident that the mistake has occurred in Statement A, and it will be corrected by transferring these 3 cases from Railway to Excise Laws. The attention of the Political Superintendent is called to this mistake.

13. In Statement B, column 9, the total number of arrests should have been 592, and not 619, for the 27 prisoners brought over from the previous year should not have been shown as arrested during 1874. Had they been omitted the percentage in column 13 would have been 32·43, and not 31·1. The percentages in column 7 of Statement B have been corrected in this office.

(Signed) W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

(True Copy.)
W. B. MULOCK,
Assistant Commissioner in Sind.

No. 62 of 1875.

Judicial Department.

From

The ASSISTANT POLITICAL SUPERINTENDENT,
Upper Sind Frontier,

To

The POLITICAL SUPERINTENDENT,
Upper Sind Frontier.

Jacobabad, 24th March 1875.

Sir,

In submitting the Annual Police Report for 1874, I have the honour to make the following remarks :—

2. The number of cognizable cases enquired into during the year was 288, compared with 150 in 1873; persons arrested, including transfers, 317 against 315; persons brought to trial 131 against 306. The percentage of convictions to arrests 35·33 against 44·9; of convictions to persons brought to trial 85·49 as compared with 44·29 in the previous year. The amount of property stolen and recovered is shown as Rs. 8,517-5-0 and Rs. 3,485-13-0 against Rs. 6,100 and Rs. 4,019 respectively in 1873.

3. Of non-cognizable crime there were 76 cases against 53 in the previous year. Stolen property is Rs. 986-8-0, of which Rs. 895 was recovered. In 1873 these figures were Rs. 795-15-10 and Rs. 605-15-10. Arrests are 132 against 98; convictions 53 and 51 respectively.

4. There was only one murder in 1874. In the previous year there were 6. This was a case in which Hybut and Jumal beat to death a man who had an intimacy with their sister. Jumal escaped into Kutchi. Hybut was committed for trial, but acquitted by the Sessions Court. There was one attempted murder compared with two in 1873. Lurking house-trespass and house-breaking are shown as 37 against 5 in 1873. Cattle-thefts and ordinary thefts 74 and 123 respectively against 45 and 34.

5. The results of the police administration, therefore, would appear to be very discouraging as regards the year under report; but I will endeavour to show you, I trust satisfactorily, that the causes which have produced so great an increase of crime combined with such comparative immunity to the perpetrators are connected

with circumstances over which the police have no control, and for which they cannot be held responsible. In order to do this I will take those offences the increase in which has been most remarkable, and show how it is that they have become so frequently and so easily committed, and with so little chance of detection.

6. To commence with house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, I need hardly say that the offence intended in nearly every case is theft; 123 cases of which are reported in addition to the 37 cases of the offence just noted. Now the reason for the very great increase in this particular crime appears to be that the floods having washed away all the villages, Bunias and others remove what little property they can to the nearest dry spot and there make a small hut of tatties, through which a thief easily cuts a hole and abstracts property while the owner is asleep. Many often have not even this slight protection for their property, and poor people who have lost their all and have no means of earning more, are driven by their necessities to steal. The opportunity and motive being thus so constantly present, it is little wonder that the crime becomes frequent.

7. Cattle-theft again has increased 50 per cent., but I am opinion that many of these are not actually cases of theft. The cattle are driven from their ordinary grazing grounds by the sudden influx of the water. Some are drowned; others are lost, or stray into strange herds. The owner complains to the police in order to obtain their assistance, and thus the number of these cases runs up.

8. Thus much as regards the increase of crime; but I must also refer to an account for the comparative ill-success of the police in repressing it during the year under report. In the first place nearly every police station in the district has been carried away by the inundation, and when a complainant has with difficulty and delay found the police, enough time has elapsed to allow of the thief getting clear away. During the actual floods he cannot be easily followed. When the water have subsided the earth is so dry and hard, that neither man nor beast leaves any track. The jungle too, and long grass are in many parts of the district so thick and so extensive that the wonder is not that the police have been so little successful, but that they have done what they have. Although the percentage of convictions to arrest has fallen off, you will note that the percentage of convictions to persons brought to trial is nearly double what it was last year, being 85·49,—a very large proportion.

9. Two other circumstances should be noted as adding to the number of the criminal classes and placing additional impediments in the repression of crime. I refer to the increasing number of

Brahoes and Patans who yearly flock to these districts for employment, and the unsatisfactory nature of our relations with Khelat. Most of the cases of petty theft in the town of Jacobabad are committed by foreigners; and in last December a Patan called Goolam Mahomed was convicted on five charges of stealing horse clothing. In the murder case above noted, one of the accused escaped to Kutchi and cannot be brought to justice, and similar cases are becoming daily more frequent.

10. You will thus see that the police have had great difficulties to contend against, and that the large increase of crime is not due to want of zeal or energy on their part.

11. We have sustained a great loss in Alladitta Khan transferred to the Hyderabad District. His successor, Hajee Mahomed, who has since been removed from Government employ, was not an efficient Inspector. Messan Khan, who had previously acted, was confirmed in the end of the year, and will I trust do well.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) E. S. REYNOLDS, Captain,
Assistant Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

(True Copy.)

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

No. 1066 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

FROM

THE POLITICAL SUPERINTENDENT,
Upper Sind Frontier,

To

THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE IN SIND.

Political Superintendent's Office,
Jacobabad, 5th April 1875.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the Police Report Returns and Appendices, and beg to make a few general observations attendant the want of better success on the exertions of the police during 1874.

2. The police of the district are principally composed of Beluchis; their intelligence and detective ability leaves much to

be desired, yet calls made upon them to follow up cases are always most cheerfully obeyed and with a spirit for which they deserve praise, however great the exertions and the danger, personal inconvenience and exposure, to which they are subject during the hot season in the plains bordering Beluchistan, where deaths from hot winds are not unfrequent; also during the inundation along the river board, which is all but impenetrable even during the cold season, owing to the thick jungle and grass which has grown up. The success of the police depends to a degree on the individual exertions and zeal displayed by the men employed; this year, however, the natural difficulties were such as to allow of better results not being obtained. The extent of country to be guarded, the proximity of the Beluchistan Frontier assisting greatly in the escape of criminals, and the inadequate allowances granted to the police here bear also on the subject; it being impossible for a mounted man on Rs. 15 per mensem, including deductions, to keep a horse able to do the hard work expected of them; the other grades of the police are similarly badly paid.

3. The increase of cases has mostly been in offences (favoured by the unsettled state of the people consequent on the heavy flood during the past year) under Sections 454, 455, 457 to 460. Thirty-two cases in excess of last year were reported and investigated in them, 22 persons only were arrested, 3 were received by transfer, 13 were released by the magistracy without trial, 12 were committed to trial and all convicted, so that apparently no leniency has been shown by them. The number released without trial is certainly very large and must necessarily be discouraging to the police, still they cannot but be blamed in sending up cases in an incomplete form. Magisterial work receives my best attention, and I am of opinion that it is inexpedient to commit cases of this class to the Sessions, in order that higher or more deterrent sentences than a Magistrate of the 1st Class, or I can pass, as the delay which generally takes place, the nature of the cases considered and the sentences passed by the Sessions Court would scarcely warrant this to be done, and I trust that the police returns for the current year will exhibit better results, and also because I believe that Subordinate Magistrates in cases where the police are able to send up a complete case generally do their best.

4. Other cases in which the most marked increase is shown are cases of theft of cattle and ordinary. Captain Reynolds has, in my opinion, satisfactorily shown that most of these are cases of strayed cattle which should, in the first instance, not have appeared in the police returns; they should nevertheless appear in the diaries of thánádárs, and until it is proved that a case of cattle-theft

occurred not entered in the Annual Return as cases of theft, these cases of stray cattle must naturally take up a good deal of the time which might perhaps been employed to greater advantage, and the people should not be encouraged to take up the time of the police on undecided points.

5. During the early part of the cold season I had occasion to notice the reluctant manner in which headmen of villages assisted the police in the way of giving information of cattle thefts; and with the sanction of the Commissioner in Sind, the headmen of certain villages in Deh Bukshapur and Deh Buddani were fined sums amounting in all to Rs. 200, which has been creditted to Government. Patels and other influential headmen of villages should always be in a position to advance the investigations of the police; but in some instances, owing to the heavy floods having forced all the inhabitants of this district to constantly move from one place to another, they were unable to afford any clue to the whereabouts of the cattle, and as far as I know some men to whom applications were made are very well-behaved zeminders, and would have rendered assistance if in their power.

6. One case of kidnapping for immoral purposes was inquired into and discharged under Section 215 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

7. No new buildings or repairs were executed during the year. The Inspector's office at Jacobabad was repaired at a cost of Rs. 50 from Provincial Funds after December 1874, and will be exhibited in next year's statement of cost of repairs to police buildings.

8. The total number of deaths caused by violence amounts to 40 against 43 in last year. Under other causes 9 cases are exhibited, which shows that more attention has been paid in registering these deaths.

9. Captain Reynolds notices with regret the loss of the late Inspector of Police, Alla Ditta Khan; the influence over the police which an Inspector can exercise over his men has naturally a great effect on the state of crime. Meyran Khan, the new Inspector, it is hoped, will act with intelligence and zeal, and the Assistant Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier, has been requested to make use of his services in all cases of a serious nature. He has been employed in special cases before this, but not with any marked success.

10. During the past year 1874, 32 persons have been tried under Government Notification No. 57 C. P., dated 18th November

1872, in each of which cases the accused has been found guilty and sentenced to fine. In all a sum of Rs. 1,770 has been realized and credited to Government on this account.

The number of courts held were 6, and the number of accused tried by each were respectively 1, 7, 3, 4, 6, and 11, and the offences of which they were accused were—in two instances, murder, three instances, attempt to murder, and in one instance, an attempt to kidnap a woman and take her from British territory.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

DEATHS from Violence in the Frontier District of Upper Sind for the Year ending 31st December 1874.

	Drowning.	Poisoning.	Hanging.	Wounding.	Wild Beasts.	Snake-bite.	Other causes.
January...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
February	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
March ...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
April ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
May ...	...	...	2	...	...	3	...
June ...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1
July ...	8	...	...	...	...	...	3
August ...	5	...	...	1	...	3	5
September	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
October ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
November	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
December	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	19	...	2	1	...	9	9

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

Statement A.

STATE

PART I.—COGNIZ

General Statement of Crime, showing the Result of Police Operations in

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, exclusive cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 46 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Ditto in which accused persons are either in the custody of the Police or on bail, under trial before a Magistrate, or committed to the Court of Sessions.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*												
1a	115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code.	Substantive abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	121 to 126, 130	Offences relating to Army and Navy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	131 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	2	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
5	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	5	..	4	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	4	1
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*												
8	302, 303, 304	Murder by Thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		,, Dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		,, Robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		,, Poisons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	376	Rape	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	2	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	4	..	3	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	3	1
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	3	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	4	1
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1
25	342 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
29a	304 A	Causing death by rash or negligent act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total	13	..	10	2	..	3	2	..	..	..	15	2

UPPER SIND

MENT A.

ABLE CRIME.

the Detection and Prosecution of Crime, and Recovery of Property Stolen.

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—e. g., died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
FRONTIER.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	1	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	19	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	20	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	.....	.....
..	3	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	2	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 46 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Ditto in which accused persons are either in the custody of the Police or on bail, under trial before a Magistrate, or committed to the Court of Sessions.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*												
30	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt. By poisonous or stupefying drugs.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. By other means ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	392, 398	Robbery .. In dwelling house	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery .. On the highway, between sunset and sunrise ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery .. Other robberies ..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	37	..	37	..	..	9	..	..	3	3	19	3
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	39	..	39	..	..	9	..	..	3	3	22	3
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*												
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41a	323	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

UPPER SIND

A—*continued.*

CRIME—*continued.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
			Acquitted or discharged after trial.				Number pending at end of year.							
							Before being put on trial.							
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—e.g. died, &c., after commencement of trial.	In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
FRONTIER—continued.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	38 0 0	38 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	13	12	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	32	12	5,301 0 0	1,492 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	16	12	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	34	14	5,339 0 0	1,530 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....

STATEMENT

PART I.—COGNIZABLE

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, and received by transfer, excluding cases transferred to other districts.	Reported in previous years, and brought under inquiry during the year.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate on complaint, or under Section 43 of Criminal Procedure Code, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of the Magistrate after the Police has refused to inquire.	Number of cases in Columns 6 to 8, in which conviction was obtained.	Ditto in which accused persons are either in the custody of the Police or on bail under trial before a Magistrate, or committed to the Court of Sessions.	PER Number arrested. Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Within the year. By Police.	Within the year. By order of Magistrate (see Columns 7 and 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	10a	10b	11	12
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*												
42	353, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
43	379 to 382	Theft .. { Of cattle	74	..	73	1	..	32	2	5	..	5	94	1
		{ Ordinary	128	..	119	1	..	31	8	..	7	7	71	7
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	17	..	16	1	..	4	2	..	3	3	26	3
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	4	..	1	3	..	3	..	..	1	1	4	4
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47a	428, 429	Mischief	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	220	..	215	5	..	39	7	5	10	15	198	15
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*												
48	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX. C. P. C.	Vagrancy and bad character ..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Provinces	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867 and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58	.. .. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	11	..	..	11	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	25
		Total ..	12	..	..	12	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	26
		Grand Total ..	288	..	268	20	..	82	9	5	13	18	289	65

UPPER SIND

A—*concluded.*

CRIME—*concluded.*

SONS.											PROPERTY.			
Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	Otherwise disposed of,—*e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
							In custody of Police.	On bail.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
FRONTIER—concluded.													Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	.....	.....
31	28	36	5	..	31	..	..	..	2	..	66	39	1,675 0 0	1,313 0 0
5	31	43	5	..	38	..	..	..	3	3	81	45	1,503 0 0	644 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	15	11	5	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	2	6	4	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
36	77	96	19	..	77	..	..	..	16	3	147	83	3,178 0 0	1,956 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	10	18	..	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
..	10	16	..	..	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....
36	134	131	19	..	113	..	..	..	16	5	181	97	8,617 0 0	3,486 0 0

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

STATEMENT A.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.
1	1	2	4	5	6	7	8	9
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the state, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*					Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. C.	Substantive abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228	Offences against public justice	2	2	...	2	...	...
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	2	3	...	1	...	...
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	1	2	...	2	...	...
		Total...	5	7	...	5	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*						
12	384 to 389	Extortion	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
13	323	Hurt	10	31	13	16	...	...
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	9	27	27	...	...	...
		Total...	19	58	40	16	...	...
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
16	417 to 420	Cheating	3	7	5	2	...	...
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	41	40	24	15	936 8 0	895
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	3	5	4	1	...	...
19	426, 427, 429, 434	Mischief, simple	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total...	47	52	33	18	936 8 0	895
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	2	3	...	2	...	...
21	298	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	500 to 502	Defamation	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	1	1	1	...	...	...
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	...	...	...	...	...	...
26		Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...
27		Special laws not cognizable by Police	2	13	...	12	...	...
		Total...	5	15	1	14	...	...
		Grand Total...	76	133	74	53	936 8 0	895

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

Statement B.

STATE

Comparative Statement of Cognizable

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and	
							Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	4	6	7	8	9
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*						
1a	115, 117, to 119, I. P. C.	Substantive abetments	....	....	....	....	....	....
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	....	....	....	....	....	....
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	....	....	....	....	....	....
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	2	....	100	4	2
4	224 to 226..	Other offences against public justice	1	2	100	50	1	2
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	....	1	....	....	....	19
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Total	2	5	100	60	5	23
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*						
8	302, 303, 396.. ..	Murder by Things	....	....	....	....	....	....
9		,, Dacoits	....	....	....	....	....	....
10		,, Robbers	....	....	....	....	....	....
11		,, Poison	....	....	....	....	....	....
12		Other murders..	....	....	....	....	....	....
13	307..	Attempt at murder	6	1	20	....	19	1
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	1	50	....	4	..
15	376..	Rape	....	....	....	....	....	....
16	377..	Unnatural offences	....	....	....	....	....	....
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	....	....	....	....	....	....
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	....	....	....	....	....	....
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	....	2	....	50	....	5
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	....	....	....	....	....	....
21	328..	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	....	4	....	25	....	4
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	1	....	100	....	1	....
23	324..	Hurt by dangerous weapon	1	....	100	....	5	....
24	363 to 369..	Kidnapping or abduction	4	3	50	33·3	7	5
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	....	1	....	....	....	2
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	....	....	....	....	....	....
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	....	....	....	....	....	....
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	....	....	....	....	....	....
29	338..	Rash act causing grievous hurt	1	....	100	....	3	....
29a	304 A.	Causing death by rash or negligent act	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Total....	15	12	50	30	39	17
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*						
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	....	....	....	....	....	....
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	....	....	....	....	....	....
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. By poisonous or stupefying drugs	....	....	....	....	....	....
		By other means	1	....	100	....	2	....
33	392, 393	Robbery In dwelling house	....	....	....	....	....	....
		On the highway, between sunrise and sunset	3	....	....	....	7	....
		Other robberies	....	2	....	....	....	3
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	1	....	....	....	4	....
35	454, 456, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	5	37	80	25·74	5	22
36	449 to 452..	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	1	....	100	....	3	....
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Total....	11	39	54·54	25·74	21	25

UPPER SIND

IENT B.

'r ime with Result of Police Operations.

ercentage of persons arrested and brought to trial.								Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered.			
umber of persons received by ansfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
RONTIER.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	2	4	2	50	100	50	100	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	2	1	1	100	50	100	100	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	19	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	23	5	3	60	33	60	100	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	1	18	....	5·27	....	5·55	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	4	....	25	....	25	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	5	....	2	....	40	....	100	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	4	....	1	....	25	....	100	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	5	....	100	....	100	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	5	7	1	28·50	20	28·57	100	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	3	....	100	....	100	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	17	39	4	40	25·5	30·77	100	....	....	....	....	....	33·30
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	2	....	100	....	100	....	....	60	....	60	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	100	....
....	....	7	....	....	....	....	....	1,489	....	1,011	....	67·9	....
....	3	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	38	....	38	....	100
....	....	4	....	....	....	....	....	849	....	....	....	....	....
3	25	4	12	90	4	100	100	177	5,300	177	1,492	100	28·14
....	....	3	....	100	....	100	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
3	25	20	12	45	42·86	45	100	2,576	5,338	1,249	1,530	48·49	28·65

STATEMENT

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 9 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
38	334..	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	1	..	100	..	1	..
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374..	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
41*a*	323..	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	1	..	100	..	1	..
		Class V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ..	..	2	..	..	..	3
43	379 to 382	Theft .. { Of cattle .. .. .. / Ordinary	45 34	74 125	64·44 64·7	40·0 27·19	98 72	97 78
44	406 to 409	Criminal breach of trust	1	..	..	..	1	..
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	32	17	59·38	30·77	64	23
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	1	4	100	50	5	8
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
47*a*	428, 429	Mischief	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	113	220	62·92	31·38	230	215
		Class VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C. P. Code	Vagrancy and bad character	1	1	100	100	2	1
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by	7	11	35·71	63·6	17	25
		Total ..	8	12	87·5	66·6	19	26
		Grand Total ..	150	288	62·42	33·8	315	304

UPPER SIND

B—*concluded.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9	10	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
FRONTIER—concluded.								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	96	69	36	44·32	32·63	42·32	94·11	1,504	1,675	1,257	1,812	83·5	79·32
7	85	72	43	47·22	44·7	47·23	86·37	1,064	1,503	733	644	68·6	42·81
..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	160	..	..	..	..	..
3	32	64	11	50	18·75	50	54·54	771	..	753	..	97·7	..
..	6	3	6	60	25	75	33·33	23	..	23	..	100	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	223	220	96	46·75	34·52	47·16	90·3	3,524	3,178	2,770	1,956	78·6	61·52
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1	2	1	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	25	11	15	64·7	60	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	26	13	16	66·94	61·53	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	317	306	131	42·9	35·32	44·29	85·49	6,1·0	5,517	4,019	3 486	65·88	40·93

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

STATE

Thuggee and Dacoity, administration of Poisonous or Stupefying

Description of Crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3, in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in Columns 2 and 3.	Arrested	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Thuggee .. { By strangulation.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thuggee .. { By poison.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) without murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, viz.:—											
Kidnapping	..	1	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..
Cattle theft	2	14	14	2	*100	95	36	31	5	5	..

* Remaining at the end of last year	5
Arrested during year	95
	100
Died, escaped, or transferred	31
Released by Magistrate	25
Remaining at the close of the year	5
Brought to trial	39
	100

STATE

Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection of

District.	PART I. Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons										
	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 5 to 8.		Total cost under Columns 9 and 10.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.
1	2	3	4.	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Upper Sind Frontier..	Bezri and Kashmor Bund.	Six months.	3,000 Works only commenced.	..	..	..	..	1	10	Rs. a. p. *175 0 0	Public Works Department.

* Monthly cost.

MENT C.

Drugs for Criminal purposes, and other Professional Crimes.

COMPARATIVE RETURN.

Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			Remarks.
1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	
13			14			15			16			17			18
									Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	.....	....	....	....	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	....	....	....	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	....	....	....	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	....	....	....	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	....	....	....	....	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	....	....	....	....	
..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	....	....	....	....	
106	88	95	106	88	36	48	39	31	1,510 0 0	1,504 0 0	1,675 0 0	1,247 0 0	1,257 0 0	1,313 0 0	

† Discharged by the Magistrate without trial, Column 14., Form A.

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

MENT D.

Persons and Property, or quartered as a punitive measure.

and Property.				PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						
Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks.
Investigated by the Police.	In which Conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	....	

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel.

STATE

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution,

District.	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.									Cost of Police.								
	Commissioner of Police, Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.						Strength of Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and travelling allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 2), and pay and travelling allowances of their establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents, (Column 3). (2)	Other expenses of Column 3.		Total pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4 and 5). (4)	Total pay of Constables of all Classes (6, 7, and 8)	Horses and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns 11, 13, and 14.	Average pay of	
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards (1).	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100. (1)	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and travelling allowances of their establishments (3).				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Upper Sind Frontier	..	..	1	3	43	69	..	..	..	..	..	..	*130	225	1,128	..	15	7

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay. (2) Column 12 includes local and personal pay.
(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowance. (5) Columns 34 to 37. A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants.
(7) Columns 36 and 37, one jail each.

* Pay of 8 Police.
† Monthly.

STATE

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and General

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own departmental officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, 348, Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX. of Penal Code.		Other offences.	
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire-arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Upper Sind Frontier ..	4	112	115	1	..	1	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1

NOTE.—This Statement does not refer to Assistant District

MENT E.

and Employment of Police.

Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Columns 11 to 17.	Total cost.	Payable from Imperial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Distribution of Force. In District. Guards at District, Central, or Subsidiary Jails. Officers.	Guards at District, Central, or Subsidiary Jails. Men.	Guards over Look-ups and Treasuries or as Escort to Prisoners & Treasuries. Officers.	Guards over Look-ups and Treasuries or as Escort to Prisoners & Treasuries. Men.	On other duties. Officers.	On other duties. Men.	On Town, Municipal, or Harbour duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole district in square miles.	Population of whole district.	Proportion of Police (Officers and Men). To Area (6). Of the whole district.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (6).	Of Towns (5).	To Population (7). Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (6).	Of Towns (6).
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34		35	36		37
35	†1,518	1,518	..	..	..	..	..	1	51	34	..	1,913	95,584	16·49	26·56	11 men per square mile.	1 policeman to 824 inhabitants	1,094	318

not travelling allowances. (3) Column 14 includes the cost of all enrolled Officers and Men employed on office duties.
(6) Columns 34 and 35, *i.e.*, in Districts, one policeman to so many square miles, in Towns, so many policemen to one square mile. to so many of the population.

Munshis.
cost.

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

MENT F.

Internal Management of the Force.

Rewards. Number of Police rewarded during the year. By promotion.	By money rewards.	Education. Number of Police who can read and write. Officers.	Men.	Number of Police under instruction during the year. Officers.	Men.	Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service, and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	Number who have left the Force during the year. On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (Columns 7 and 8).	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Percentage in Hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
..	..	3	12	..	2	17	72	37	..	..	3	9	..	..	..	17	..

Superintendents, or Officers of higher rank.

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

STATE

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste

District.	Race.												Off					
	Europeans.					Eurasians.				Natives.								
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Hin		
	Military or Covenanted, Civil.	Uncovenanted.	On Rupees 100 and upwards.	Below Rupees 100.			On Rupees 100 and upwards.	Below Rupees 100.			On Rupees 100 and upwards.	Below Rupees 100.				Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Goorkhas.	Sikhs.
1	2	3	4		5	6	7		8	9	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Upper Sind Frontier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	112	..	4	..	..	..	..

STATE

Statement of Dismissals and Resignations in the Subordinate

Year.	Total strength of the Force at commencement of the year.			Number of men included in Column 1 discharged on reduction.			Number of dismissals from all other causes.		
	1			2			3		
	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.
1874.. ..	116	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	..

Political Superintendent's Office,
dated Jacobabad, 3rd May 1875.

MENT G.

of Officers and Men employed in the Police.

Religion or Caste.																		
ers.						Men.												
doos.				Other Religions.				Hindoos.								Other Religions.		Remarks.
			Hindus of all other Castes.			Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Goorkhas.	Sikhs.				Hindus of all other Castes.		Grand Total Officers and Men.	
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	*105	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	4	..	..	116	*In addition to the strength given here, there are 8 Munshis, of whom 3 are Mahomedans and 5 Hindoos.

MENT H.

Grades of the Police of the Frontier District during the Year 1874.

Number of resignations.			Percentage of dismissals (from other than reduction) and of resignations together on the whole strength of each branch of the Force as shown in Column 1.			Remarks.
4			5			
Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	
8	..	..	14·65	...	...	

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

STATEMENT A.

PART II.—NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

General Statement of Crime showing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecution of Crime and Recovery of Property Stolen.

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Number of cases in which Police were employed.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Property stolen.	Property recovered.
1	1	2	4	5	6	7	8	9
							Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	CLASS I.—*Offences against the state, Public Tranquillity, &c., &c.*							
1a	115, 117 to 119, I. P. C. ..	Substantive abetments	...	...	....	....	...	...
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	....	....	....	....	...	...
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship	....	...	....	....	...	...
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 236	Offences against public justice.. ..	2	2	....	2	...	...
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants	....	....	....	....	...	...
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims	2	3	...	1	...	...
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	....	....	....	....	...	...
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	....	...	....	....	...	...
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	....	....	....	....	...	...
9	143, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	1	2	....	2	...	...
		Total.. ..	5	7	....	5	...	...
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*							
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	...	....	....	....	...	...
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	....	....	....	....	...	...
		Total.. ..	...	....	...	...	...	...
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*							
12	384 to 389	Extortion	....	....	....	.. ..	...	....
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*							
13	323	Hurt..	10	31	13	16	....	....
14	345	Wrongful confinement	....	....	....	....	....	....
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	9	27	27	....	...	....
		Total....	19	58	40	16	....	....
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*							
16	417 to 420	Cheating	3	7	5	2	....	....
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	41	40	24	15	986 8 0	895
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	3	5	4	1	....	....
19	426, 427, 429, 434 ..	Mischief, simple	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Total....	47	52	33	18	986 8 0	895
	CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*							
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	2	2	....	2	...	....
21	298	Offences against religion	...	....	....	....	...	....
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	....	....	....	....	...	....
23	500 to 502	Defamation	....	....	....	....	...	....
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult..	1	1	1	....	...	....
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	...	....	....	....	...	....
26	.. ..	Offences under Chapters XVIII., XX., XXI., and XXII., C. P. C. ..	....	...	....	.. ..	...	....
27	.. ..	Special laws not cognizable by Police..	2	12	....	12	...	....
		Total....	5	15	1	14	...	....
		Grand Total....	76	132	74	53	986 8 0	895

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

Statement B.

STATE

Comparative Statement of Cognizable

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and	
							Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	4	6	7	8	9
	CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*							
1a	115, 117, to 119, I. P. C.	Substantive abetments	....	....	....	....	....	....
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	....	....	....	....	....	....
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps, and Government Notes	....	....	....	....	....	....
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	2	....	100	4	2
4	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	1	2	100	50	1	2
5	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	....	1	....	....	....	19
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Total	2	5	100	60	5	23
	CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*							
8		Murder by Thugs	....	....	....	....	....	....
9		,, Dacoits	....	....	....	....	....	....
10	302, 303, 396	,, Robbers	....	....	....	....	....	....
11		,, Poison	....	....	....	....	....	....
12		Other murders	....	....	....	....	....	....
13	307	Attempt at murder	6	1	20	....	19	1
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	1	50	....	4	..
15	376	Rape	....	....	....	....	....	....
16	377	Unnatural offences	....	....	....	....	....	....
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants, or concealment of birth ..	....	....	....	....	....	....
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	....	....	....	....	....	....
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	....	2	....	50	....	5
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	....	....	....	....	....	....
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ..	....	4	....	25	....	4
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession	1	....	100	....	1	....
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	1	....	100	....	5	....
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	4	3	50	33·3	7	3
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret, or for purposes of extortion	....	1	....	....	....	2
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	....	....	....	....	....	....
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	....	....	....	....	....	....
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	....	....	....	....	....	....
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	1	....	100	....	3	....
29a	304 A.	Causing death by rash or negligent act	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Total	15	12	50	30	39	17
	CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*							
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	....	....	....	....	....	....
31	399, 402	Preparation or assembly for dacoity	....	....	....	....	....	....
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. By poisonous or stupefying drugs	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Robbery with hurt. By other means	1	....	100	....	2	....
33	392, 393	Robbery .. .. In dwelling house	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Robbery .. .. On the highway, between sunrise and sunset ..	3	....	....	....	7	....
		Robbery .. .. Other robberies	....	2	....	....	....	3
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	1	....	....	....	4	....
35	454, 456, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or housebreaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	5	37	80	25·74	5	22
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ..	1	....	100	....	3	....
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	....	....	....	....	....	....
		Total	11	39	54·54	25·74	21	25

UPPER SIND

IENT B.

h'ime with Result of Police Operations.

Number of persons received by transfer.	Total.	Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1874	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
								Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
	2	4	2	50	100	50	100						
	2	2	1	100	50	100	100						
	19												
	23	5	3	60	75	60	100						
	1	18		5·27		5·55							
		4		25		25							
		1											
	5		2		40		100						
	4		1		25		100						
		1											
		5		100		100							
	5	7	1	28·56	20	28·57	100						
	2												
		3		100		100							
	17	30	4	40	23·5	30·77	100						33·90
		2		100		100		60		60		100	
		1						1,489		1,011		67·9	
	3								38		38		100
		4						849					
3	25	4	12	80	48	100	100	177	5,300	177	1,492	100	28·14
		3		100		100							
3	28	30	12	45	42·85	45	100	2,576	5,338	1,249	1,530	48·49	28·65

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year. Columns 6, 7, and 8 of Statement A.		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to cases decided.		Number and Number of persons arrested.	
			1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Class IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*						
38	334..	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	1	..	100	..	1	..
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
41	374..	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..
41*a*	323..	Hurt	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	1	..	100	..	1	..
		Class V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*						
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ..	..	2	..	..	..	3
43	379 to 382	Theft .. { Of cattle	46	74	64·44	40·0	89	95
		{ Ordinary	34	123	64·7	27·19	72	75
44	406 to 409	Criminal breach of trust	1	..	..	..	1	..
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	32	17	59·38	30·77	64	23
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	1	4	100	50	5	5
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..
47*a*	428, 429	Mischief	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	113	220	61·92	31·32	230	211
		Class VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*						
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves..	..	..	..	..	..	..
49	Chapter XIX., C. P. Code	Vagrancy and bad character	1	1	100	100	2	1
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act in force in the Province.	Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Railway Laws..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		——— Salt and Customs Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Stage Carriage Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 31 of Act VII. of 1867, and any other Municipal or Local Laws	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..
58	.. ..	Other special and local laws cognizable by	7	11	35·71	63·6	17	25
		Total ..	8	12	87·5	66·6	19	26
		Grand Total ..	150	288	62·42	33·8	315	304

UPPER SIND

B—*concluded.*

Number of persons received by transfer.	Percentage of persons arrested and brought to trial. Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.		Amount of property stolen.		Amount and percentage of property recovered. Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
1873	1874		1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874	1873	1874
9a	9b		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
FRONTIER—concluded.									Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
..	..		..	2	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		1	..	100	..	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	96		66	36	44·32	32·63	42·32	36·11	1,504	1,675	1,357	1,313	83·5	78·32
7	85		72	43	47·22	44·7	47·22	38·37	1,064	1,503	733	644	68·6	42·81
..	..		1	..	..	..	..	..	160	..	..	..	..	..
3	32		64	11	50	18·75	50	54·54	771	..	753	..	97·7	..
..	6		3	6	50	25	75	33·33	23	..	23	..	100	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	223		226	96	46·75	34·52	47·16	90·2	3,524	3,178	2,770	1,956	78·6	61·53
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1		2	1	100	100	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	25		11	15	64·7	60	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	26		13	16	66·94	61·53	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	817		306	131	42·9	35·38	44·29	85·49	6,100	8,517	4,019	3,486	65·89	40·93

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

STATE

Thuggee and Dacoity, administration of Poisonous or Stupefying

Description of Crime.	CASES.				PERSONS.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under Cols. 2 and 3, in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in Columns 2 and 3.	Arrested	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Thuggee .. { By strangulation.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thuggee .. { By poison.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on land ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacoity on water ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—											
(*a*) with murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(*b*) without murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other professional crimes, viz:—											
Kidnapping	..	1	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..
Cattle theft	2	14	14	2	*100	95	38	31	5	5	..

* Remaining at the end of last year 5
Arrested during year 95
100

Died, escaped, or transferred 31
Released by Magistrate 28
Remaining at the close of the year 5
Brought to trial 36
100

STATE

Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection of

PART I.
Additional Police collected for the Protection of Person

District.	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to Columns 5 to 8.		Total cost under Columns 9 and 10.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Fund.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
										Rs. a. p.	
Upper Bind Frontier ..	Beckel and Khahnor Bund.	Six months.	3,000 Works only commenced.	..	..	..	..	1	10	*175 0 0	Public Works Department.

* Monthly cost.

MENT C.

Drugs for Criminal purposes, and other Professional Crimes.

COMPARATIVE RETURN.

Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			Remarks.
1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	1872	1873	1874	
13			14			15			16			17			18
									Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	....	....	....	....

STATE

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution,

District.	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.									Cost of Police.								
	Commissioner of Police, Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial Revenues.						Strength of Cantonment, Town, or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and travelling allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 2), and pay and travelling allowances of their establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents, (Column 3). (3)	Other expenses of Column 3.		Total pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4 and 6). (4)	Total pay of Constables of all Classes (6, 7, and 8)	Horses and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns 11, 13, and 14.	Average pay of	
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards (1).	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100. (1)	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and travelling allowances of their establishments (3).				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Upper Sind Frontier	..	..	1	3	43	69	..	..	..	..	..	..	*130	225	1,128	..	15	7

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay. (2) Column 12 includes local and personal [illegible]
(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowance. (5) Columns 34 to 37. A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants
(7) Columns 36 and 37, one policeman [illegible]

* Pay of 8 Police
† Monthly

STATE

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and General

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own departmental officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, 348, Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX. of Penal Code.		Other offences	
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire-arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4.	5	6.	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Upper Sind Frontier ..	4	112	115	1	..	1	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1

NOTE.—This Statement does not refer to Assistant District

MENT E.

and Employment of Police.

Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Columns 11 to 17.	Total cost.	Payable from Imperial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Distribution of Force. In District. Guards at District, Central, or Subsidiary Jails. Officers.	Guards at District, Central, or Subsidiary Jails. Men.	Guards over Look-ups and Treasuries or as Escort to Prisoners & Treasuries. Officers.	Guards over Look-ups and Treasuries or as Escort to Prisoners & Treasuries. Men.	On other duties. Officers.	On other duties. Men.	On Town, Municipal, or Harbour duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole district in square miles.	Population of whole district.	Proportion of Police (Officers and Men). To Area (6). Of the whole district.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (5).	Of Towns (5).	To Population (7). Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (5).	Of Towns (6).
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34		35	36		37
35	†1,518	1,518	..	..	..	..	..	1	81	34	..	1,913	95,584	16·49	28·56	11 men per square mile.	1 policeman to 824 inhabitants	1,034	318

‘ot travelling allowances. (3) Column 14 includes the cost of all enrolled Officers and Men employed on office duties.
(6) Columns 34 and 35 i.e., in Districts, one policeman to so many square miles, in Towns, so many policemen to one square mile. to so many of the population.

Munshis.
ost.

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

MENT F.

Internal Management of the Force.

Rewards. Number of Police rewarded during the year. By promotion.	By money rewards.	Education. Number of Police who can read and write. Officers.	Men.	Number of Police under instruction during the year. Officers.	Men.	Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service, and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	Number who have left the Force during the year. On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (Columns 7 and 8).	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Percentage in Hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
..	..	2	12	..	2	17	72	37	..	..	3	0	..	..	..	17	..

Superintendents, or Officers of higher rank.

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political S uperintendent, Upper Sind Frontier

STATE

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste

District.	Race.												Off					
	Europeans.					Eurasians.				Natives.								
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.		Subordinate Officers.															
	Military or Covenanted, Civil.	Uncovenanted.	On Rupees 100 and upwards.	Below Rupees 100.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	On Rupees 100 and upwards.	Below Rupees 100.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	On Rupees 100 and upwards.	Below Rupees 100.	Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Goorkhas.	Sikhs.
																Hin		
1	2	3	4		5	6	7		8	9	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Upper Sind Frontier	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	113	..	4	..	..	..	..

STATE

Statement of Dismissals and Resignations in the Subordinate

Year.	Total strength of the Force at commencement of the year.			Number of men included in Column 1 discharged on reduction.			Number of dismissals from all other causes.		
	1			2			3		
	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.
1874.. ..	116	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	..

Political Superintendent's Office,
dated Jacobabad, 3rd May 1875.

MENT G.

of Officers and Men employed in the Police.

Religion or Caste.																		
ers.						Men.												
doos.				Other Religions.				Hindoos.								Other Religions.		Remarks.
			Hindus of all other Castes.			Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajpoots.	Ghoorkhas.	Sikhs.				Hindus of all other Castes.		Grand Total Officers and Men.	
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	*105	..	1	..	3	..	..	..	4	..	..	116	*In addition to the strength given here, there are 8 Munshis, of whom 3 are Mahomedans and 5 Hindoos.

MENT H.

Grades of the Police of the Frontier District during the Year 1874.

Number of resignations.			Percentage of dismissals (from other than reduction) and of resignations together on the whole strength of each branch of the Force as shown in Column 1.			Remarks.
4			5			
Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	Regular Police.	Railway Police.	Municipal Police.	
8	..	..	1468	...	...	

FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

No. 511 of 1875.

Commissioner's Office,
Kurrachee, 7th May 1875.

Remarks by the Commissioner in Sind on the Annual Police Report for 1874 of the Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

The number of cognizable offences inquired into during the year under report was 288 against 150 in 1873. There were 317 persons arrested in 1874 against 315 in the previous year; of the former number 131 were brought to trial against 306 in 1873. The percentage of convictions to cases was 29, compared with 62·42 in the year preceding, and of convictions to arrests 61·53 to 68·94. The amount of property stolen and recovered was of the value of Rs. 8,517 and Rs. 3,485 against Rs. 6,100 and Rs. 4,019 in 1873.

2. All these figures show that the result of the working of the police has been very unsuccessful. The number of crimes have largely increased, and the percentage of convictions to cases has fallen as low as 29. Similarly more property has been stolen and less recovered than in 1873, the percentage of recoveries during 1874 being only 40·93.

3. The only percentage which is more favourable during the year under report is that which shows the ratio of persons convicted to those brought to trial. This has risen to 85·49, and is far higher in 1874 than in 1873. It shows that cases have been got up with great care before they were sent to the magistrates.

4. The number of murders is less by 5 than in 1873, but there is a marked increase in house-breaking, cattle-lifting, and almost all other serious crimes.

5. The Commissioner understands perfectly the difficulties with which the police had to contend, and which he is convinced are the main cause of the unsatisfactory nature of the report. The prevalence for months of disastrous floods over the whole district undoubtedly gave great opportunities to thieves, by forcing the people to move their property and cattle from place to place, by preventing them from giving early information to the police, and by delaying the police from tracking offenders. The growth of dense jungle in most parts of the district ash added another obstacle to the suppression of crime. Still, after taking all these into consideration, the Commissioner is unable to consider the result of the working of the police during the past year entirely satisfactory;

and he hopes that their success during the years when there may be fewer difficulties may, confirm the statement made by the Political Superintendent in his 10th paragraph that there is no falling off in their zeal or energy.

6. The Commissioner observes with regret the total disregard which has been paid to his repeated injunctions regarding the preparation of the statements attached to this Report. The orders of Government were obtained in their Resolution No. 260, of 16th January 1875, as to the system to be pursued in calculating percentage in Statement B, and those orders have been completely overlooked in the present Report.

7. The following inaccuracies are pointed out to the Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier District, and all the papers connected with his Annual Report are returned in order that after careful correction they may be re-submitted at his earliest convenience.

8. It appears from column 4 of Statement A, Part I., that 268 cases were reported to have been committed during the year, including cases received by transfer. Columns 6 and 7 show that 288 cases were investigated, in other words that 20 cases were investigated which were never reported to have occurred. This is clearly erroneous.

9. In this Statement (A, Part I.) one case of vagrancy is shown, *vide* Serial No. 49, whereas column 5 of Statement B shows no such case. On the other hand in Statement B, column 5, there is one case of "belonging to gangs of Thugs, &c.," Serial No. 48, which is not shown in Statement A, Part I. Which is correct? The figures may possibly have been transposed.

10. The printed foot-note, Statement A, Part I., has been overlooked, annas and pies being excluded as directed in this note, change the grand total of column 27 from Rs. 3,486 to Rs. 3,485.

11. In Statement B the percentage in column 7 appears to have been calculated in direct contravention of the system laid down in Government Resolution No. 260, of 16th January 1875. The percentage of convictions to cases decided should be given, not of convictions to cases investigated.

(Signed) W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

No. 1470 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

FROM

THE POLITICAL SUPERINTENDENT,
Upper Sind Frontier,

To

THE POLICE COMMISSIONER IN SIND,
Kurrachee.

Political Superintendent's Office,
15th May 1875.

SIR,

In re-submitting the Police Report received under your No. 511 of 7th instant, I beg, with reference to paras. 3 and 4, respectfully to remark that the high percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial is secondarily due to the large number of persons (134) released by Magistrates before trial, consisting principally of 19 persons charged with rioting or unlawful assembly, with thefts 59, receiving stolen property 15, and with offences under special laws cognizable by the Police 10. In respect to these 134 prisoners no evidence was forthcoming upon which trials might have been instituted against them, but this was due to circumstances over which there was no control.

2. The release of these persons without trial affects very materially the percentages. Under ordinary circumstances an average result of convictions would have been obtained, and by fixing this average at 40 per cent, only the result of the percentage in which conviction was obtained to cases decided would have been 82·98 and the percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested would have been 88·93. The increase in crime has principally been in cases favoured by exceptional causes and the cattle thefts may have been simple cases of straying and ordinary thefts cases in which property was for a time left ownerless.

3. It is noted (paras. 6 and 11) that the percentages have not been calculated in accordance with Government Resolution No. 260, of 16th January last, which provides that cases still in custody of the police, &c., are not to be included in calculating the percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained to cases decided. Taking the total of columns 6, 7, and 8 (Statement A) less cases shown in column 9*a* would give the figures upon which Government

wishes the percentage in column 7 (Statement B) to be calculated; there were 288 cases investigated, of these 9 cases remained undecided, leaving 279 cases decided, then 8,200÷279=29·39 as given in (Statement B) column 7.

4. In respect to para. 8 of your remarks under reply, Statement A, column 5, gives the number of cases reported in previous years and brought under inquiry during the year. Column 6 cases inquired into without report being made. Column 7 cases of which no previous information was given to the police, and offences which may be inquired into and tried wherever the accused person may happen to be; and lastly cases in which the police refuse to inquire should be given in column 8. Hence columns 5, 6, 7 and 8 are intended for miscellaneous cases not provided for by column 4, and should therefore I am of opinion not be included in that column.

4. The figures entered against Serial No. 48 appertain to No. 49; this has been indicated in Statement B.

5. In respect to the deductions cut from the pay of the mounted Police, *vide* your minute apparently overlooked, I reported on this matter some time ago, and you were pleased to decide that a statement should be submitted showing in what respect the police of this district are not on the same footing as the police in other districts. I quite concur with you in thinking that the Beluchis employed are superior for the locality than the higher paid mounted Police of other districts, and do not think that it would ever be advisable to force upon them uniforms to which they have a dislike. I simply pointed out, *vide* letter No. 3184, dated 18th November 1874, that the subscriptions to the Pension Fund should only be cut from their net pay, and not on pay and horse allowance. At the same time I think that if a small increase was added to their present pay, some of the men might be made to keep better horses than what they do now.

6. Your second minute in respect to patels has also apparently been overlooked, and will be acted up to.

I have the honour to be,

Sir.

Your most obedient Servant,

(Signed) FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,

Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

No. 620 of 1875.

Judicial Department.

From

Colonel Sir W. L. MEREWETHER, K.C.S.I. & C.B.,
Commissioner in Sind.

To

The POLITICAL SUPERINTENDENT,
Upper Sind Frontier.

Commissioner's Office,
Kurrachee, 24th May, 1875.

Sir,

In reply to your letter No. 1470, of 15th instant, I have the honour to inform you that you are in error in asserting that—

"Government Resolution No. 260, of 16th January, which provides that cases still in custody of the police are not to be included in calculating percentages in column 7 of Statement B. Therefore the total of columns 6, 7, 8 of Statement A, Part I., less cases in column 9 (*a*) would give the figures upon which Government wishes the percentages in column 7 of Statement B to be calculated."

2. In other words you appear to be under the impression that column 9 (*a*) Statement A, Part I., gives cases "in custody of the police," and if they be deducted from the total of cases in columns 6, 7, and 8, we have the number of cases "decided" alluded to in heading of column 7 of Statement B, and to illustrate your view you add—

There were 288 cases investigated, of these 9 remained undecided, leaving 288—9 = 279 cases decided, then 8,200 ÷ 272 = 29·39. But this calculation is erroneous, 279 not being the number of cases "*decided,*" but the number of cases "*investigated*" after deducting the 9 cases pending trial. Therefore the percentage 29·39 is calculated on cases *investigated,* not *decided,* the very system Government have vetoed in para. 3 of their Resolution 260. 279 is the number of cases investigated by the police, being the total of columns 6, 7, and 8, but of these some must have been discharged by the police without committal to a magistrate and were consequently never decided cases.

3. The other Superintendents of Police have calculated in the manner indicated in my letter to your address No. 511 of 7th instant.

4. In your 3rd para. you are also in error in stating "columns 5, 6, 7, and 8 are intended for miscellaneous cases not provided for in column 4, and should therefore, I am of opinion, not be included in that column."

5. The totals of columns 4 and 5 must agree with the total of 6, 7, 8, and in the latter columns the total of columns 4 and 5 are merely classified according to those investigated by the police *suo motu*, those investigated by them on the order of a Magistrate on complaint or under Section 68, *i.e.*, without complaint (you should remember that section 68 has reference to the old Criminal Procedure Code of 1861, and not the later of 1872), and lastly those investigated by order of the magistrate after the police had refused to inquire.

6. I may point out that you have not acted up to your opinion either quoted above in Statement A, Part I., for column 4 is made to include the total of column 6, and reference to former years' printed reports will show you it should be done.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

No. 1616 OF 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

FROM

THE MAGISTRATE OF THE UPPER SIND FRONTIER DISTRICT.

To

THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE IN SIND,
Kurrachee.

SIR,

In compliance with your letter No. 620, of 24th instant, I have the honour to return duly amended the Police Statements for 1874.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Magistrate of the Frontier District.

No. 682 of 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner's Office,
Kurrachee, 5th June 1875.

MEMORANDUM.

The Commissioner has again to return the statements forwarded with the Political Superintendent's letter No. 1616 of 1875, and reported therein as "duly amended". It is to be regretted that the corrections required and pointed out as necessary by the Commissioner have not been yet made. A glance at Statement B suffices to show that all the percentages in column 7 of Statement B have been left untouched with the sole exception of the grand total. This seems inexplicable, as it might reasonably have been supposed that an alteration in the grand total necessitated an alteration in the other percentages of the columns.

(Signed) W. L. MEREWETHER, Colonel,
Commissioner in Sind.

No. 1968 of 1857.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

FROM

THE POLITICAL SUPERINTENDENT AND MAGISTRATE, FRONTIER DISTRICT,

TO

THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE IN SIND.

SIR,

With reference to your Memorandum No. 682, of 5th instant; I have the honour to return the police statements, and report duly altered as regards sub-totals and entries in Statement B, column 7. The cases discharged by the police are 2 under other robberies, 2 under lurking house-trespass, 17 under thefts of cattle, 6 under ordinary thefts, and 2 under receiving stolen property.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) FRANCIS LOCH, Colonel,
Political Superintendent, Upper Sind Frontier.

(True Copies.)
W. B. MULOCK,
Assistant Commissioner in Sind.

No. 7793 OF 1875.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 22nd December 1875.

READ the Annual Reports on the state of Crime and working of the Police in the several districts in the Northern, Southern and Sind Divisions of the Bombay Presidency for the year 1874.

RESOLUTION.—Owing to some delay in referring back district reports for further information, and subsequently to delay in printing the lengthy tables, the reports of the three Police Commissioners did not reach Government in a complete state until the beginning of October. It will be convenient to review the Police Report for Sind together with those of the Northern and Southern Divisions. Government regret to observe the inaccuracies which have been admitted not only into the body of the Sind Police Report, but into the statistical tables, but a separate Resolution will be issued on this point.

STRENGTH AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE FORCE.

2. The first matter which calls for notice is the distribution of the total Police force throughout the Presidency. Complaints have been received from Sind and from several of the districts in the Northern and Southern Divisions of the insufficiency of the existing strength of Police for the performance of the multifarious duties imposed on them. Part of this increase of labour is due to the natural progress of the districts, the greater readiness with which the people come forward with complaints, the increase of population, the growth of large towns and improvements in the efficiency and working of the police force. But in the past year new and exceptional causes have been at work. The alteration in the Criminal Procedure Code, which has made the offences of hurt and mischief cognizable crimes, has led to a very large and general increase of cognizable offences, whilst it has reduced materially the percentage of convictions to arrests. In 1873 more than 45 per cent of non-cognizable crime consisted of the offence of hurt, and of the 29,606 persons prosecuted for that offence only 20 per cent were convicted. The effect on the Police returns for 1874 which Section 46 of Act XI., 1874, would produce was anticipated in the review of the Police reports of last year and must not be lost sight of when comparisons are drawn between the statistics now submitted to Government and those of preceding years. Amongst special causes of

increased crime the most conspicuous were the operations of Honya Kenglia and his followers about the Ghâts, who not only committed many dacoities themselves, but for a time spread so wide a feeling of insecurity that other bands of criminals committed dacoities in their name; whilst in Kurrachee the unsettled state of Beluchistan frontier politics led to an increase of cattle-lifting and attacks upon the person. At the same time, owing to an excessive rise in the river Indus and heavy rain in the frontier hills, unprecedented floods swept over Northern Sind, driving the inhabitants from their villages and offering peculiar facilities to thieves and cattle-lifters. To this cause is ascribed an increase of 50 per cent in the offence of cattle-lifting and the marked increase in the crimes of theft and lurking trespass which are reported from the Upper Sind Frontier. Before, however, the insufficiency of the Police in any particular locality can be accepted as a fact requiring alteration, it is necessary that the intervention of the police should be carefully confined to their proper and legitimate functions. In Ratnágiri it appeared that the police were employed in collecting postage under Act XIV., 1866, although the formal complaint by the Post Master General, or by his order, provided for by the Act, was not insisted on. In some other districts complaints are made that the time of the Police is wholly occupied in serving municipal summons. The attention of the Police Commissioners should be drawn to the subject of the better distribution of the forces, and it must be borne in mind that the first step is to limit the employment of the regular force maintained from Imperial revenues to the exercise of their primary functions of protection of life and property and detection of crime; and where municipalities and towns are sufficiently wealthy to contribute to the maintenance of the Police which they require this economy should be effected. Should these reforms still leave the Police insufficient, it will then be necessary before Government can sanction any general increase to ascertain if the force in some districts may not be reduced in order to strengthen that of other collectorates. A consideration of the ratio which the Police bear to population is not in itself a sufficient test of the proportion required by a district. Some of the largest districts have the smallest population. Again, a long frontier which marches by the side of a native or a foreign State is an element of weakness, as is shown by the dacoities in Kaládgi and Belgaum, and the cattle-lifting in Sind. The number of subordinate jails, the frequency of crime, and the necessary transport of convicts from one jail to another as well as the character of the people, are also facts which will require consideration before it can be safely asserted that any particular force is more or less than is absolutely required. The question is one which will shortly engage the attention of Government and should not be lost sight of by the Commissioners in the course of their present tours.

3. The accompanying table will show how the total Police force, consisting of 18,388 men and officers, inclusive of all cantonment, local, and special Police, is distributed throughout the three divisions of the Presidency, and what proportion the Police force of each district bears to the population and area in square miles of such district. The statistics are useful not merely with reference to the complaints of an insufficiency of the Police force already alluded to; but, in order to enable Government to compare the work performed in one district with that reported from another, the relative condition of the two forces must be taken into consideration. It will be seen that the widest difference prevails in the distribution of the Police between one district and another. In the Upper Sind Frontier the ratio of Police to area is one to every 16·5 miles, whilst in the Panch Máháls it is one to two square miles. The character of the latter district, which is interlaced with native territory and affords peculiar facilities for crime, whilst the bulk of its inhabitants are Bhils and Naikras, explains the disproportion and illustrates the remark that a bare comparison of the proportion which the force of different districts bears to their area and population is not a sufficient criterion of the necessity which exists for maintaining a larger or smaller force. In all the Northern districts of Guzerat the strength of the force seems large compared with other parts of the Presidency. Taking the ratio of the force to population, the district which again appears the best off is the Panch Máháls, where the proportion is one policeman to 280 inhabitants, whilst in Belgaum the ratio is one policeman to 1,403. In the Northern Division Násik is the least fortunate in its strength as compared both with its population and its area, but Tanna and Colába suffer also under nearly similar disadvantages, and it will be seen that the proportion of crime to population is heavier in Colába and Tanna than in any other district of the division except Broach. The proportion of cognizable crime in Násik to population is one to 361, whereas in Kaira the proportion would be ½ to 362. In the Southern Division, Ahmednagar, Kaládgi, and Belgaum have the weakest force, whilst Kanara and Poona are the best provided. The Police force throughout Sind is weak. The total force of Police in the whole Presidency, including cantonment, water, and local police, and exclusive of the Bombay City and G. I. P. Railway and B. B. and C. I. Railway Police, numbers 18,388 officers and men. The nine districts of the Southern Division, which contain nearly 44 thousand square miles, absorb 38 per cent of the whole force. The Northern Division, which is smaller in area by 10,000 square miles than the Southern, employs 2 per cent more of the force than the Southern, and 18 per cent more than Sind, the area of which is much larger even than that of the Southern Division. The difference is, however, explained by the paucity of population in Sind, which is less than one-

third of that of the Southern Division, and by the intermixture of Native States with our districts in Guzerat, which largely increases the duties of the Police in the Northern Division. From the Punjab Police Report for 1874 just received it appears that the sanctioned strength of 19,930 Police officers and men for an area of 102,255 square miles with a population of 17,611,498 would give a ratio of one policeman to every 884 persons or to every 5 miles.

Table showing the distribution of the whole police force:—

STATEMENT I.

Division or District.	Total Force paid both from Imperial and other than Imperial sources.	Ratio of Force to Population.	Ratio to Area.	Of the total Force in column 2 the following are paid from Local or Special Funds.
Northern Division	7,508*	1 to 768	1 to 4·5	* This number includes the Police Commissioner.
Southern Division	6,845†	1 to 982	1 to 6·42	† Ditto.
Sind	4,035	1 to 546	1 to 11·6	
Ahmedabad	1,228	1 to 676	1 to 3·13	
Kaira	754	1 to 1,038	1 to 2·03	
Panch Máháls	860‡	1 to 280	1 to 2	‡ An additional force of 36 police are paid for from other than Imperial funds.
Broach	417	1 to 840	1 to 3·26	
Surat	649	1 to 935	1 to 2·5	
Tanna	800	1 to 1,059	1 to 5·1	
Colába...	306	1 to 1,145	1 to 4·84	
Násik	771§	1 to 952	1 to 10·5	§ An additional force of 46.
Khandesh	1,722	1 to 597	1 to 5·9	
Ahmednagar	630‖	1 to 1,228	1 to 10·55	‖ 28 police paid from local sources.
Belgaum	669	1 to 1,403	1 to 6·86	
Dharwar	793¶	1 to 1,246	1 to 5·75	¶ 43 Local Police.
Kaládgi	655	1 to 1,245	1 to 8·69	
Kanara	697	1 to 571	1 to 6·08	
Poona	1,107P	1 to 819	1 to 4·60	P 62 ditto.
Ratnágiri	765	1 to 1,332	1 to 4·95	
Satara...	1,038	1 to 1,075	1 to 5·18	
Sholapur	490A	1 to 1,353	1 to 8·01	A 3 ditto.
Kurrachee	1,377B	1 to 309	1 to 10·9	B 235 ditto.
Hyderabad	888C	1 to 815	1 to 10·9	C 94 ditto.
Shikarpur	1,138D	1 to 682	1 to 7·73	D 140 ditto.
Thar and Párkar	516E	1 to 350	1 to 24·6	E 31 ditto.
Upper Sind Frontier ...	116	1 to 824	1 to 16·5	

4. Turning from a consideration of the forces available for the repression and detection of crime to the statistics of crime throughout the Presidency, there appears at first sight an increase generally of 2,285 cases of crime whether cognizable or non-cognizable. The increase in the Hyderabad district alone amounts to 3,508 cases, and but for this increase the statistics of crime generally would have shown a large decrease in 1874. In the district of Tanna the increase amounts to 1,310 cases, and in Khandesh to 873. On the other hand, in Poona there is a decrease of 1,347 cases, and in Sholapur and Kaira of more than 700. The extraordinary increase in the district of Hyderabad is however merely nominal, being for the most part the result of careless preparation of returns of non-cognizable offences for previous years. At the same time, with the exception of Tanna, the actual increase of cognizable crime in Hyderabad largely exceeds that reported in any other district, the increase being 901 cases. Nor can this be explained simply by the alteration in the Criminal Procedure Code. But it is satisfactory to notice that the increase consists mainly in offences of public or local nuisances, which rose from 162 in 1873 to 964 in the year under review. Lurking and other house trespasses show an increase of 76 cases, which is partially attributable to the facilities for theft offered by the inundations, whilst cases of hurt under Section 324 of the Penal Code rose from 16 to 40 cases. The local authorities complain of the insufficiency of the Police, and it appears from the returns of previous years that crime is steadily increasing. Of the total Police force of 888 officers and men, 94 are employed in municipalities other than Hyderabad, and locally not on district work, but even taking the whole force as the basis of comparison, it is shown that the proportion of the Hyderabad Police to area is less than that of any district in the Northern or Southern Divisions, whilst the proportion to population is 1 to 815. The increase in Tanna is also more apparent than real, and so far as cognizable crime is concerned arises from the transference of 1,123 cases of mischief and hurt from uncognizable to cognizable offences. But for this new provision of the Criminal Procedure Code, cognizable crime in Tanna would only show an increase of 15 cases, under the headings chiefly of dacoity, theft, and the receiving of stolen property. The general increase noted above is due to the inclusion of cases compounded or withdrawn under Sections 188 and 210 of the Criminal Procedure Code; and it is presumed that the Police Commissioner, Southern Division, and the Commissioner in Sind have issued similar orders in their divisions to those contained in Mr. Ashburner's Circular 211 of 11th February 1875. The large increase in Khandesh is to be accounted for in the same manner, there having been no less than 1,395 offences compounded or settled out of court. It is, therefore, satisfactory to learn that crime in

CRIME.

1874 was in reality less than in 1873, and the statistics of the year under review, if prepared in the same manner as those of the preceding year, would show in the Northern Division a decrease of 2,576 crimes as compared with 1873, whilst in the Southern Division there would be a decrease of 2,902 offences. Against this decrease of 5,478 must be set a real increase in Sind of 713 cases, leaving a balance in favour of the year under review as compared with the previous year of 4,765 crimes.

5. The following statements will, however, exhibit the nominal totals of all offences committed and reported in the year of 1874. The net total of all offences, whether cognizable or uncognizable, was 69,710, of which 41,298 were cognizable. Cognizable offences exhibit an increase on the previous year of 6,654 cases, which but for the operation of Section 46, Act XI., 1874, would show a large decrease. Similarly the general increase in crime of all sorts, which amounts to 2,285, is accounted for by the order of the Police Commissioner directing the inclusion in the returns of all cases compounded or withdrawn under Sections 188 and 210, Criminal Procedure Code. If this order had not been issued, the increase of 2,285 cases would have become a decrease of 4,765.

Statement showing the number of crimes of all classes, cognizable and non-cognizable, reported to have been committed in 1874 *in the entire Presidency.*

STATEMENT II.

No.	District.	No. of Crimes reported in 1874.	Increase in 1874.	Decrease in 1874.
1	Poona	5,470	...	1,347
2	Sholapur...	1,703	...	774
3	Kaira	1,949	...	715
4	Ratnágiri	1,771	...	431
5	Dharwar	2,960	...	396
6	Ahmednagar	3,743	...	340
7	Ahmedabad	3,315	...	293
8	Násik	3,249	...	225
9	Broach	1,898	...	153
10	Kanara	1,563	...	37
11	Belgaum	2,368	...	18
12	Thar and Párkar	457	26	...
13	Surat	2,975	48	...
14	Shikárpur	4,619	83	...

No.	District.	No. of Crimes reported in 1874.	Increase in 1874.	Decrease in 1874.
15	Colába	2,302	119	...
16	Panch Máhála	918	121	...
17	Upper Sind Frontier	364	169	...
18	Kaládgi	2,561	196	...
19	Satara	3,662	245	...
20	Kurrachee	6,275	316	...
21	Khandesh	4,331	873	...
22	Tanna	5,767	1,310	...
23	Hyderabad	5,490	3,508	...
		69,710	7,014	4,729
	Net...	.....	2,285	

N.B.—The Sind returns do not show non-cognizable offences in which Police were not employed (Magisterial).

Statement showing the number of cognizable crimes alone reported to have been committed in 1874.

STATEMENT III.

District.	No. of Cases reported in 1874.	Increase in 1874.	Decrease in 1874.	Proportion to Population of the District.
Ratnágiri	919	133	...	1,109
Kaira	1,065	...	516	735
Sholapur	1,116	...	190	594
Belgaum	1,691	364	...	555
Thar and Párkar	343	...	81	527
Kaládgi	1,552	461	...	526
Satara	2,229	532	...	500
Khandesh	2,115	343	...	486
Dharwar	2,126	356	...	464
Panch Máhála	568	48	...	437

District.	No. of Cases reported in 1874.	Increase in 1874.	Decrease in 1874.	Proportion to Population of the District.
Ahmedabad	2,188	11	...	379
Kanara	1,060	229	...	376
Násik	2,033	587	...	361
Surat	1,752	288	...	346
Upper Sind Frontier ...	288	144	...	332
Ahmednagar	2,452	343	...	315
Shikarpur	2,553	...	116	304
Poona	3,146	151	...	288
Broach	1,335	364	...	262
Hyderabad	2,853	901	...	253
Colába	1,309	498	...	229
Tanna	2,769	1,138	...	189
Kurrachee	3,836	666	...	111
	41,293	7,557	903	
	Net ...	6,654		

6. As the criminality of a district is better tested by the cognizable crime with which the Police are primarily concerned, the proportion which that class of crime bears to the population of each district has been shown in Statement III. The extremes are represented by Ratnágiri and Kurrachee, and this is the more noticeable because in 1873 Ratnágiri also stood first on the list at a time when the addition of the offences of mischief and hurt had not introduced into the statistics the alterations which have since been effected. Tanna, on the other hand, has sunk from the seventh place to the lowest but one. The explanation of this fall is to be found in the addition of 1,123 cases of mischief and hurt to cognizable crime. Were it not for this the excess of cognizable crime in Tanna over the returns of 1873 would be only 15 cases. Government noticed, with surprise, the high place occupied by Tanna in 1873, remarking that habits of drunkenness were prevalent in that district, and the manner in which the alteration of the Criminal Procedure Code has affected Tanna proves that the form of crime—hurt and assault—prevalent in the district is such as might be expected to accompany the habits alluded to. In no other district is so marked a contrast exhibited between the criminal returns of 1873-74.

Sholapur, on the other hand, has improved from the ninth place to the third, although the actual proportion of crime to population

has not decreased much, being 1 to 594 in 1874, as against 508 in the preceding year. Kaira has risen from the eleventh place to the second; the causes of this will be explained below. Kanara occupies exactly the same place in both years, although its proportion has deteriorated from 1 to 479 to 1 to 376. Colába has lost seven places, of which four are due, however, to the introduction of the Sind Division for the purposes of comparison in this review. Poona and Ahmednagar remain where they were, but Ahmedabad shows an improvement.

Poona.

As regards Poona, notwithstanding that owing to the introduction of hurt into the statistics of cognizable crime, its position remains unaltered, yet in reality a marked decrease of serious crime is observed. This decrease is most creditable to Colonel Stanley Scott and his subordinates, on whom heavy extra labour was imposed throughout the most inclement season of the year, by the operations of dacoits in the Ghâts. There were 2 less murders, and 4 cases less of culpable homicide in 1874, whilst other serious offences against the person show a decrease on 1873 of 46 cases. In minor offences against property the decrease was 443, the decrease in cases of ordinary thefts being 462. The amount of stolen property was, as might be expected, less than in the previous year by more than Rs. 20,000, whilst the percentage of recovered property showed an improvement of 3 per cent.

Sholapur.

In Sholapur the strength of the Police force is relatively weak as compared with Poona, being 1 to 1,353 of the population as against 1 to 819, and therefore the decrease of crime in that district, and the increase of convictions, reflect the greater credit on Captain Codrington and his subordinates. There were 190 fewer cases of robbery and theft, and accordingly the value of stolen property was 50 per cent less than in the previous year. Serious offences against the person show an increase of 6, whilst there were 18 cases less of lurking house-trespass. Under the heading of public nuisances there was a falling off of 49 cases. These results are more satisfactory than those obtained in Kaira, inasmuch as the Police force in Kaira is in relation to area very much stronger than in Sholapur.

Kaira.

Government concur with the Police Commissioner in the credit due to Major LaTouche for the results obtained in this district. In lurking house-trespass there was a decrease of 133 cases, in theft of 285, in housebreaking of 116, and cattle theft of 93 cases. On the other hand, serious offences against the person show an increase of 13 cases, of which no less than 11 were murders. As has been noticed in

other cases, the amount of property stolen decreased enormously being 59 per cent less than the amount stolen in 1873, whilst the value recovered showed an improvement of 30 per cent. In three other districts, Ratnágiri, Dharwár, and Ahmednagar the decrease of crime is marked. In the first named district the cases of ordinary theft are 99 less, of cattle-lifting 9 and of lurking house-trespass 9. In Ahmednagar there is the large decrease of 314 cases of theft of cattle and of ordinary theft. In Dharwar there are 71 cases less of ordinary theft, but cattle theft remains the same as in 1873, whilst the offence of lurking house-trespass shows an increase of 55 cases. As a general rule, the decrease of theft and cattle theft and lurking house-trespass in all the districts of the Northern and Southern Divisions is very marked. The reason of this is probably to be found in the plentiful crops which marked the season of 1874. The exception to the rule just brought to notice, in the case of Dharwar, is carried still further in the case of the neighbouring district of Kaládgi, which has fallen from the second place in 1873 to the sixth in criminality. Cases of lurking house-trespass under Section 454, Penal Code, show an increase of 127 cases ; and under Sections 453, 456 of the Penal Code an increase of 52. There were also 146 more cases of theft in the year under review. Except Kanara, which shows a slight increase of 8 cases, no other district in the Southern Division shows an increase in the crime of ordinary theft ; but in the Northern Division, Colába and Panch Máháls show a slight increase, and Tanna and Ahmedabad a more serious increase of 166 and 96 cases respectively under this head. Captain Hay was in charge of Kaládgi for most of the year, and though the force of Police is remarkably small in comparison with the size, population and frontier difficulties of the district the results are unsatisfactory. Great stress is laid on the criminality of the Lamanis, Waddars, and Kaikaris, who live in the Nizam's territory, and make raids across the border. A similar complaint is made by the Superintendent of the Dharwar District, who recommends the introduction into this Presidency of the Criminal Tribes Act (Act XXVII. of 1871). Mr. Giertzen, of Dharwar, speaks of the Bedars, Kaikaris, and Kowis as giving much trouble in the same way. Government desire that the Police Commissioner, Southern Division, should call for a detailed report from the Superintendents of Dharwar, Belgaum, and Kaládgi of the habits of these wandering and criminal classes, and submit it for separate consideration with such recommendations as he may wish to offer. In Kanara, Major McGillivray deserves commendation for his success in capturing some Lambánis in the Nizam's territory, who committed a dacoity at Menshi. A second dacoity at Karvalkop was brought home to some more of the same class, who apparently came from Mysore. That Officer should

Dharwar, Ratnágiri, Ahmednagar.

also be called upon to submit a report on the subject, to be forwarded to Government with those called for from Kaládgi, Dharwar, and Belgaum.

The large increase of theft in Tanna and Ahmedabad is not explained in the report of the Police Commissioner, N. D., but it is satisfactory to observe that owing to the exertions of the late Captain Segrave the percentage of stolen property recovered in Ahmedabad was more than 58 per cent, being an increase of 29 per cent on 1873, notwithstanding the larger value of property stolen, whilst in Tanna the percentage was only 39·6 against 47·4 in the previous year.

DETECTION OF CRIME.

7. Leaving the statistics of crime to consider the result of the action of the Police in detecting the perpetrators of crime, the following table exhibits the result of cognizable cases in which convictions were secured, as well as the proportion of persons convicted in such cases :—

Table showing the proportion of cases reported, convicted, and of cases investigated, convicted in each district.

COGNIZABLE CRIMES.

STATEMENT IV.

District.	Percentage of Cases reported, convicted, 1874.	Percentage of Cases investigated, convicted.	
		1873.	1874.
Kaira	65	41	65
Shikárpur	64	59	64
Panch Máhál	48	68	61
Tanna	43	67	61
Ahmedabad	60	81	60
Hyderabad	60	57	60
Surat	49	66	60
Ahmednagar	56	7	56
Kanara	53	61	53
Sholapur	52	43	52
Kurrachee	48	47	48
Belgaum	46	54	46
Násik	43	58	43
Khandesh	43	49	43
Thar and Párkar	42	49	42
Satara	39	40	39
Ratnágiri	37	51	39
Colába	35	41	35
Poona	32	32	32
Broach	31	42	31
Upper Sind Frontier	29	62	29
Kaládgi	28	35	28
Dharwar	26	23	26

Table showing the proportion of persons apprehended, convicted, and of persons actually brought to trial, convicted in each district.

COGNIZABLE CRIMES.

STATEMENT V.

District.	Persons arrested, convicted.		Persons brought to trial, convicted.	
	1873.	1874.	1873.	1874.
Kurrachee	59	65	73	77
Hyderabad	64	65	75	74
Shikárpur	63	65	67	70
Kaira	71	62	88	95
Tanna	60	62	85	79
Sholapur	48	55	54	58
Panch Máhála	63	52	89	88
Kanara	62	52	73	67
Ahmedabad	59	50	85	87
Surat	56	49	61	61
Satara	50	47	63	57
Khandesh	59	46	76	69
Belgaum	56	44	62	54
Násik	55	41	60	51
Ahmednagar	47	41	60	62
Dharwar	42	39	85	69
Colába	36	37	76	84
Kaládgi	38	35	41	37
Upper Sind Frontier	46	34	47	92
Ratnágiri	44	33	49	39
Broach	50	31	54	34
Poona	38	31	48	38
Thar and Párkar	39	31	44	38

It will be observed that the results compare unfavourably with the returns of the preceding year. This is not attributable to any falling off on the part of the Police, but to the change introduced by the new Criminal Procedure Code, which has transferred to cognizable cases crimes of hurt, in which, owing to the frequency of frivolous or false complaints, convictions are, comparatively speaking, rare. Moreover, the habits of the population of each district are so different that the alteration does not affect all in the same degree. His Excellency the Governor in Council does not, therefore, propose to criticize at any length these statements, because the results of this year afford no basis of comparison with the past. But State-

ment No. IV. has been prepared so as to show the order in which each district stands, and when the returns of future years are received, a comparison of their results can be based on it. It is satisfactory to observe that Kaira stands first, and the success of the Police in detecting robberies and all other offences, except murder, is creditable to Major LaTouche. There were, however, 25 murders and homicides against 11 in the previous year, in addition to 4 of these offences brought under enquiry during the year. There is some mistake in serial number 14 of Statement A, Part I., but it would appear that convictions were obtained in only 9 of the murder cases and in 6 of the culpable homicide.

The action of the Police in detecting crimes of murder in all the districts except Sholapur, where the Police were successful in detecting the murderers in every case, has not been so satisfactory as could be desired.

The following table shows the number of murders which occurred in the three divisions of the Presidency in 1874 contrasted with 1873:—

	Northern Division.	Southern Division.	Sind.	Total.
1873 ...	70	92	25	187
1874 ...	75	89	35	199

In the Northern Division convictions were obtained in less than 50 per cent of these cases, in the Southern Division in 50 per cent, and in Sind in 46 per cent, but there were 8 cases pending trial in the Shikárpur District at the end of the year.

In Sind, with two exceptions, all the murders were connected more or less directly with actual or supposed intrigues with women. In the Southern and Northern Divisions the majority of cases were of a similar character, the next largest class of murders being the murder of children for their ornaments. In the district of Tanna two unfortunate women were murdered on the ground that they were witches. But the statistics of crime show the most marked increase in connection with the alleged oppression of money-lenders. Not only are several dacoities and offences of serious hurt attributed to this cause, but 7 murders of Bunyas and Shroffs are reported, two in each of the districts of Satara and Kaira, and one from each of the districts of Poona, Ratnágiri, and Ahmedabad. The Police were,

however, successful in securing convictions in most of these cases. To the same feeling of intolerance of the usurious practices of money-lenders are ascribed the most important dacoities which occurred in 1874.

In the Northern Division there were 67 dacoities and in the Southern 62, making a total of 129 cases against 112 in the previous year. The most important of these dacoities were those committed by the gang of Honya Kenglya in the Ghát districts of Poona and Tanna. Large rewards were offered, and a special Police force organized for the capture of Honya and his chief followers. Eight men of the particular gang were captured and 38 Koli dacoits who attempted to imitate his example. These strong measures restored confidence to the villagers living along the Ghâts, but up to the present time Honya himself, though nearly captured on several occasions, remains at large.

In Sholapur a money-lender's house was attacked and sacked by his creditors, seven of whom were convicted of dacoity.

In Belgaum dacoities increased from 5 in 1873 to 14, and in two of these cases temples were forcibly entered and the priest ill-treated. The Police failed in every single case of the 8 which are admitted to have been committed by professional dacoits. This unsatisfactory result is surpassed by the Police of Kaládgi, who failed to detect the criminals in 10 cases out of 11. The dacoities occurred in February, March, April, and May during the tenure of the office of Superintendent by Captain Hay, whose explanation on the subject should be called for by the Police Commissioner.

STOLEN PROPERTY.

8. It is not necessary to discuss at any length the returns of stolen property recovered, not only because the proportion of recovered to stolen property is a doubtful test of the activity and success of the Police, but also because the following statement sufficiently exhibits the results of the year. The test fails inasmuch as the property stolen in a single case sometimes amounts to half of the whole amount of stolen property reported in the year, and though full recovery may be made in the whole of the cases except one the percentage will remain low. Moreover, in some cases the reports of the value of stolen property are more exaggerated than in others. It will be observed that the Police have been most successful in Thar and Párkar, Shikárpur, Kaira, Kanara, Poona, Ahmedabad, and Hyderabad, whilst, as compared with 1873, Kaira and Ahmedabad stand pre-eminent.

The Upper Sind frontier district, which compares to a disadvantage with other districts in nearly all respects, has fallen off in regard to recovered property, although its percentage is still high.

The Panch Máháls district, which was not very successful l
was still less so in 1874, whilst Dharwar has slightly improv
should also be noticed that whilst the value of stolen pr
the Northern Division was Rs. 2,61,462, showing a very
crease on the returns of 1873, the value in the Southern
was 4,32,022, being a slight excess of Rs. 900 on the previous y

STATEMENT VI.

Percentage of stolen property recovered.

	Percentage of stolen property recoverd in 1874.	Increase on 1873.	Decrease on 1873.
Thar and Párkar	76·95	·06	...
Shikárpur	68·73	...	2·8
Kaira	68·43	30·04	...
Kanara	60	10	...
Poona	59	7	...
Ahmedabad	58·64	·28·66	...
Hyderabad	57·86	...	9·54
Ratnágiri	57	...	10
Colába	55·89	27·06	...
Sholapur	55	2	...
Kurrachee	54·2	·3	...
Násik	54	16	...
Satara	53	6	...
Broach	48·8	...	·6
Ahmednagar	47	...	...
Upper Sind Frontier	40·93	...	24·95
Belgaum	40	...	10
Tanna	39·6	...	7·8
Kaládgi	38	·5	...
Khandesh	34·7	...	3
Surat	34	·5	...
Panch Máháls	29·91	...	6·14
Dharwar	26	3	...

COST OF THE POLICE.

9. In reviewing the cost and employment of the Police, Government are placed at a disadvantage in consequence of the different principle adopted by each of the three Commissioners in submitting his report, and orders to ensure greater uniformity will be issued in a separate resolution for future guidance.

It should be clearly shown in future reports how the rank and

...e force as regards the nature of its employment are dis-
... as regards employment, thus—

General Police Duties.
Jail Guard.
Treasury and Miscellaneous Guards.
Purely Municipal Duties.
Cantonment Duties.

The question of transferring jail guards from the direct control of the District Superintendent and placing them under Superintendents of Jails, vested with the powers of an Assistant Superintendent of Police, which must be considered sooner or later, will then be more easily dealt with when the exact distribution and cost of each class of the Police is shown. The total expenditure on Police during the year was apparently as follows :—

Strength of Police.	Total cost.	Cost per man.	
7,507	Rs. 12,61,755	Rs. 168	Northern Division.
6,844	Rs. 11,05,629	Rs. 161-7 as.	Southern Division.
4,035	Rs. 8,26,023	Rs. 204-11 as.	Sind.
18,386	Rs. 31,93,407		

This excludes the salaries of the Police Commissioner and includes the cost of all cantonment or other Police paid for from other than imperial sources.

EDUCATION.

10. The number both of officers and men who are returned as educated or under instruction, shows a marked improvement on the previous year. In the Northern Division 56½ per cent of officers are educated and 30 per cent of the men. In the Southern Division the ratio of officers who can read and write is over 55 per cent and of men a little more than 28 per cent. The returns given in Statement F of the Sind Report would, if reliable, show a percentage of educated officers amounting to 39 and of men amounting to only 13. But it is to be feared that the results, so far as Sind is concerned, are even worse than are shown at pages 22 and 23 of the report, as Statement F contains several inaccuracies. The reason why constables in Sind are more backward in education than those in the Northern or Southern Division, may be traced in part to the constitution of the

force, of which more than 71 per cent are Maho
the Southern Division there are but 33 per cen
and about the same in the Northern. In the South
the state of the education of the Belgaum Police is the
factory, whilst that of Ahmednagar reflects credit on it
tendent. In the Northern Division, Broach, Surat, and Ki
merit unfavourable notice, there being 143 officers in the last
tioned district who can neither read nor write. This is explained
by Major Probyn by the large proportion of Bhils contained in the
force, whilst the accuracy of the returns of the education submitted
in past years is doubted. In Ahmedabad, on the other hand, a
marked improvement is to be traced.

As regards discipline, the reports are on the whole satisfactory. The questions of introducing new blood into the Dharwar Police, and of the punishment of the Kanara Police by fines, may be left to the discretion of the Superintendents. The conduct of the Násik Police appears to have been good, and the position of the Vinchurkar's Police is engaging the attention of Government. His Excellency in Council concurs with the Police Commissioner that the charges of inefficiency against the Kaládgi Police are too vague, but the fact is unfortunately demonstrated by the report for the year 1874. Government hope that an improvement will be observed in next year's report, during which the force will have been entirely under Mr. Kennedy's superintendence.

SUICIDES AND ACCIDENTS.

11. A statement of suicides and accidental deaths is a useful accompaniment to a Police Report; but the Acting Commissioner, Northern Division, has omitted all notice of these statistics from his report, whilst in Sind they are not uniformly supplied. Apparently in Kurrachee and Hyderabad alone 479 accidental deaths were reported, and the largest number of deaths by snake-bite reported from any part of the Presidency occurred in Hyderabad, namely, 147 deaths out of 420 cases reported. A special report should be submitted on this matter, in order that it may be ascertained whether special rewards for killing any particular class of snakes would have any appreciable effect in diminishing the evil. In the whole of the Southern Division only 299 fatal cases of snake-bites are reported—Ratnágiri standing first with 91 cases and Satara second with 57 cases. With reference to Satara, it is observed that the superstition of the people prevents their availing themselves of the remedies which Government have placed within their reach, inasmuch as they prefer to await the action of the poison in their temples to alleviating the effect by application of the medicines offered to them. Satara occupies the first placeboth in number of deaths from wild beasts (8) and in the number of accidental deaths, namely, 339. There

...des. It is probable that the place which this dis... is due rather to the regularity with which such ... been reported to the Police than to their exceptional fre... compared with other districts. The total number of ... deaths reported from the Southern Division was 2,139 ... suicides 425.

12. No allusion is made in any of the reports to the operation of the Arms and Arms Continuance Acts. Government desire that attention should be called to this subject in future reports.

13. In conclusion, His Excellency the Governor in Council has read with satisfaction the Police reports for the year 1874. The diminution of crime whether cognizable or uncognizable is real, and would be noticeable in the returns but for accidental changes of procedure which have affected the preparation of statistics. With the exception of murder and dacoities, there has been a marked reduction in the number of serious offences, whether against property or the person. Whilst the value of stolen property has declined, the percentage of recovery has increased. The conduct of the rank and file of the force has been generally good, and their officers for the most part zealous and efficient. His Excellency in Council has read with satisfaction the creditable notice which the Police Commissioners have taken of Colonels Coles and Harpur, Major LaTouche, Captains Daniell, Wise, and Codrington, and Mr. Down.

Government have already given public expression to the great loss sustained by the public interests and the Police Department in the death of Captain Segrave, whose energy and devotion to his duties are abundantly testified to in the Police Report. The thanks of Government are due to the Police Commissioners for their reports, and Mr. Robertson's review of the returns of the Northern Division is especially deserving of a favourable notice.

W. LEE WARNER,

Acting Under-Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner of Police, N. D.
The Commissioner of Police, S. D.
The Commissioner of Police in Sind.
The District Magistrates.
The District Superintendents of Police.
The Secretary to the Government of India (by letter).
The Under-Secretary of State for India (by letter).
A. Wingate, Esq.
The Editors' Table.