Police Report of the Bombay Presidency Including Sind and Railways for the Year 1902 (1903)



Government Document

POLICE REPORT

OF THE

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY

INCLUDING

SIND AND RAILWAYS

FOR THE YEAR 1902.

PRINTED AT THE GOVERNMENzouthern Division

From

J. E. DOWN, Esquire,

Inspector-General of Police, Bombay Presidency;

To

S. W. EDGERLEY, ESQUIRE, C.I.E., I.C.S., Secretary to Government,

Judicial Department, Bombay.

Office of the Inspector-General of Police, Poona, 21st July 1903.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Police Administration Report for the Bombay Presidency, including Sind and Railways, for the year 1902, together with Statements noted Submission of the Report. below :-

> Statement A, Parts I to IV; Statement B, Parts I and II; Statements C, D, E and F; Supplementary Statement No. II; Statement of Infanticide.

Supplementary Statement No. II was not submitted last year, as its abolition was under contemplation, but as the statement has now been retained as one of the appendices to the Police Annual Report (vide item 169 of Statement I, accompanying Government Resolution No. 8151, of 23rd December 1902, Judicial Department) it has been submitted this year in the usual form.

I regret the delay in the submission of the Report to Government which has been occasioned by the Commissioner, Central Division's Report Leing received 5 weeks over-Delay explained. due in this office.

3. Mr. M. Kennedy acted as Inspector-General of Police from 1st January to 31st August 1902, and during the remainder of the year I was in charge. The post of the Assistant Inspector-General of Police, Administrative Branch, was held by Sir E. C. Cox from 1st January to 6th August and from 3rd October to 31st December 1902. From 7th August to 2nd October he was appointed a member of the Local Committee appointed under Government Re-solution No. 4769 of 26th July 1902, Judicial Department, to enquire into the administration of the Police of this Presidency. During this interval, Mr. F. A. M. H. Vincent acted for him. Mr. II. Brewin held the post of the Assistant Inspector-General of Police, Criminal Investigation Branch, for the whole year, with the exception of 3 months while on privilege leave from 24th September to 23rd December 1902, when Mr. J. A. Guider held charge of his office.

The officers who held charge of the various Districts and Railways in the Presidency during the year are shown in a statement attached to this Report as an appendix.

Crime.

Total Crime, Cognizable and Non-cognizable. Statement A, Parts I and III; and Statement B, Part I.

the The total number of cognizable and non-cognizable offences rigon during the year was 135,980 as against 142,09. the previous year, showing a net decrease of 6,1 cases. Examining figures by Divisions, the Cen; Division and Southern Division show a decreas, 5,672 and 5,077 cases respectively. In the Nor

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Division, crime rose from 35,547 to 40,054 cases in 1902, an increase of 4,507. In Sind, the figures have remained almost stationary, showing 25,244 cases for the year under report as against 25,237 in the preceding year. On Railways, the figures have slightly gone up from 4,106 in 1901 to 4,229 in the year under report. The decrease noticed above is chiefly in Class VI, under which the total amount of crime fell from 75,641 to 70,679. Under Indian Penal Code, the decrease amounts to 1,150 only. This is contributed by the Central Division, Southern Division and Railways. In the Northern Division and Sind, the amount of crime has increased by 524 and 1,833 cases respectively.

Statement A, Part I.

6. The total number of cases instituted before or taken up by Magistrates Cognizable Crime. has decreased from 11,780 in 1901 to 10,866 in 1902.

The decrease is general except on Railways, where the amount of crime has increased from 53 to 150 in the year under report. The decrease is most marked in the Central Division, viz., of 1,026 cases. The Northern Division shows a decrease of 164 cases, Southern Division of 241 cases, and Sind of 80 only. The increase on Railways is chiefly confined to offunces under the Railway Act, especially on the G. I. P. Railway. 953 cases were referred to the Police for investigation compared to 1,088 in 1901. Of the = 953 cases referred to the Police, only 135 ended in conviction. In the Northern Division, out of 129 cases so referred, only 11 ended in conviction. The Commissioner, Northern Division, remarks that Police interference in these cases could have been avoided, had the Magistrates closely examined the complainants. He hopes, however, for an improvement in this respect in the next year's report as the result of orders issued to the District Magistrates in pursuance of Government Resolution No. 6851, dated 31st October 1902, Judicial Department. Referring to this subject, the Commissioner, Southern Division, brings to notice that out of 492 cases referred to the Police for investigation in his Division only 45 ended in conviction. This, he observes, is indicative of want of careful examination by Magistrates of complaints before sending them to the Police. This defect was pointed out by him last year, but no attention seems to have been paid to it. The total number of cases coming before Courts for trial was 8,798 as against 10,040 in the previous year. Of the former number, 3,913 ended in conviction; the percentage of cases convicted to cases tried was 55 as against 57 last year.

Statement A, Part III.

The total number of cognizable cases reported to the Police or taken 7. up by them was under "all classes" 38,634 as com-Police Cognizable Cases. a further decrease of 1,842 cases. The above number is made up of 31,170 cases under the Indian Penal Oode and 7,464 under Class VI as compared with 32,488 and 7,988, respectively, in the preceding year. The decrease under "all classes" is confined to the Central and Southern Divisions, in which crime has decreased from 14,438 and 6,815 to 12,417 and 5,741, respectively, in the year under report. In the Northern Division there is an increase from 7,025 cases to 7,155, while in Sind crime has increased from 8,382 to 9,635 cases. On Railways there is a decrease from 8,816 to 8,686 cases. On closer examination of the figures it appears that the increase noticeable in the Northern Division is confined to Ahmedabad and Kaira, chiefly due to the growth of thefts and house-¹ seakings in the City of Ahmedabad and in the Kaira District, and is ascribed to the famine which prevailed and to the large number of immigrants in and near the City, some of whom must have resorted to theit to eke out a living. The decrease observed in the Central Division is ascribed to the disappearance of famine conlitions and to a fall in the number of prosecutions under Chapter VIII, Criminal redure Code. The decrease in the Southern Division is common to all dis-Except Belgaum, where the increase is nominal, and has been attributed to better condition of the lower classes owing to more employment ower prices and to the establishment of special measures of strengthening frontier posts and special patrols. The increase noticed in Sind is ned to Karáchi, Hyderabad and Thar and Párkar. In Karáchi, it is bed partly to strict registration of cattle-theft cases and partly to the ason. In Hyderabad, the increase which is chiefly in house-breaking

and theft cases is put down to poor inundation and consequent high prices, prevalence of plague and cholera, which afforded, in the evacuation of houses, an opportunity to offences, and to strict registration of cattle-theft cases. The increase in Thar and Párkar, which is also under house-breaking and thefts is attributed to bumper crops of the Nara Valley, attracting nomadic criminal classes from the desert.

8. Including pending cases of the previous year, the complaints for disposal totalled 42,051 compared with 41,100 in the

Police Cases for disposal. Police Cases for disposal. 35 of these (32 in the Northern Division, 1 in the Central Division and 2 in the Southern Division) was Police action ordered by Magistrates after the Police had refused to investigate. Out of 42,051 scase for disposal 31,489 are Indian Penal Code cases and 7,562 fall under Class VI as compared with 36,087 and 8,103, respectively, in the previous year Of the 34,189 Indian Penal Code cases, the Central Division is accredited with 11,846 cases, Sind with 9,002, the Northern Division with 5,412, the Southern Division with 5,198, and Railways with 3,031.

The number under Class VI is distributed as under :----

Northern Division		•••			2,211
Central Division		•••	***		1,907
Southern Division	***	***	•••		1,178
Sind	***	•••	•••		1,408
Railways		***	***	***	860

9. Cases struck off during the year under report numbered 13,491 as against 13,445 in the preceding year; of these 12,630 Police Cases struck off.

were under Indian Penal Code and 858 under Class VI. The Central Division shows the largest number of cases, viz. 4,728. Sind accounts for 3,933 cases, the Northern Division for 1,944 and the Southern Division for 2,432. Railways contribute only 457 cases. Though the net increase of 49 in the number of cases struck off is small, the figures taken separately for the Divisions and Sind show a remarkable variation as compared with last year, while the Northern, Central and Southern Divisions show a falling off under this head of 187,565 and 142 cases respectively. Sind shows an increase of 865 cases and Railways of 78. The increase in Sind is mainly attributed to the large increase of these cases in Karáchi, due probably to the registration of all cases of reported disappearance of cattle, a large proportion of which was subsequently ascertained to be cases of cattle straying. Nearly 1 of the cases struck off as false in the whole Presidency were so classed after trial. In 95 per cent. of the cases in which the Police reported the cases to be false or mistaken, the Magistrates accepted their opinions and classified them accordingly. Out of 419 cases, in which the Magistrates, not satisfied with the Police reports, ordered a trial, 256 ended in the acquittal or discharge of the accused. In connection with the classification of final reports of the Police, the Commissioner, Northern Division, notes that in 59 cases their final reports were not accepted by the Sub-Divisional Magistrates, whose interference in the matter resulted in securing convictions in 14 cases. This is encouraging, but enough has not been done in this direction. The Magistrates, the Commissioner fears, are too prone to classify cases as the Police dictate, and as showing the necessity for greater vigilance in this respect instances a case of true theft which was reported by the Police for classification as false, but the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, after sifting the whole facts of the case, tried it and convicted the accused. I entirely agree with the above remarks. The too ready compliance of Magistrates in classifying as the Police suggest constitutes a real danger which will grow if not checked.

10. "Maliciously False" cases amount to 950, showing a decline of 32 Maliciously False Cases. Cases as compared with the previous year, the largest number being in Sind, *viz.*, 360 as against 457 in the previous year. The Northern Division accounts for 113, the Central Division for 287, Southern Division for 162, as compared with 167, 100 and 142, respectively, in the previous year. On the Railways, the number is 19 only. In 394 cases, sanction was accorded to prosecute those who had made false complaints; in 119 by Magistrates and 275 by Superintendents of Police. In 335 cases. prosecution was undertaken but convictions were obtained in 102. In 124 out of 369 maliciously false cases in Sind, sanction to prosecute was applied for, but it was granted in only 60, and in 15 only convictions were obtained.

11. The average ratio of false cases to Police cognizable cases for disposal

Proportion of real and falso cases to cases for disposal.

for the whole Presidency has again risen from 30 per cent. to 32 per cent. in thelyear under review. Except the Northern Division, all the Divisions, Sind and Rail-

ways contribute to this increase. The Southern Division has the highest percentage of 38, followed by 37 per cent. in Sind, 34 in the Central Division and 25 in the Northern Division. On Railways, the percentage is 11.

12. This section was made use of in 122 cases as compared with 156 in 1901, of which Sind contributed 65, the Southern

Application of Section 250 of the O. P. C.

Division 17 cases and the Northern Division 10 as against 106, 21 and 6 in the previous year. The com-

missioner, Southern Division, considers that more use of this section is desirable as a deterrent to false complaints, and would result in reducing the work both of the Police and Magistrates. The Commissioner, Northern Division, observes that, although the total number of cases classed after trial as false was 554 in his Division, all do not come within the scope of this section. The remedy would appear to be for Court Prosecutors and Court Jamádárs to bring the provision to the notice of the Courts in cases ending in discharge or in all doubtful cases, as pointed out in Government Resolution No. 7373 of 18th November 1901 on the Police Report for 1900.

13. Eliminating cases "struck off," the total amount of real crime for Real cases for disposal. disposal under "all classes" amounted to 28,557 cases

as against 30,745 in the previous year, 21,853 being under Indian Penal Codo and 6,704 under Class VI as compared with 23,516 and 7,229 respectively in the year 1901. These figures show a total decrease of 2,188 cases in the year under report. The decrease is confined to the Central Division (1,765 cases), Southern Division (983 cases) and Railways (151). The Northern Division and Sind show an increase of 296 and 415 cases respectively. Dealing with Indian Penal Code cases alone, there is on the whole a net decrease of 1,603 cases. Taking Divisions separately, the Central Division shows a decrease of 1,454 cases, Southern Division of 996 and Railways of 298. In the Northern Division and Sind, there is an increase of 386 and 699 cases respectively. The decrease in the Central Division is observed in all the Districts of the Division, except Poona and Sholápur, where the figures of real crime have remained almost stationary. Under Class VI, the total decrease amounts to 525 cases. On Railways, there is an increase of 147 cases, chiefly due to the increase in the number of A'bkári and Opium cases on the B. B. and C. I. Railway, owing to quantity of ganja and bhang that could be carried without a license having been reduced from ten to three tolas, without travellers being at once aware of the alteration. The general decrease noticed under Indian Penal Code runs through all the classes except IV and is remarkable under Classes III and V. Under Class III, which relates to serious offences against persons and property, the number of real cases for disposal dropped by 525, and under Class V, which relates to minor offences against property, by 996 cases. The decrease under Class V is confined to the Central Division, Southern Division and Railways, the Northern Division and Sind showing an increase. A further detailed examination of the figures indicates that real cases of murder including attempts at murder and culpable homicides for disposal numbered 350 as against 406 in the previous year. Dacoities numbered 663 as against 1,305, the Contral Division alone being responsible for 507 of these, as compared with 1,101 in the previous year when famine conditions prevailed. The number in the Northern Division was 67, in the Southern Division 77, in Sind 7 and on Railways 5, as compared with 62, 108, 8 and 6 respectively in the provious year. The total number of robberies have fallen from 717 to 562 in the year under report, the largest falling off being in the Central Division from 500 to 334. Cases of house-breaking and thefts have increased from 5,373 to 5,629. Those of thefts and receiving stolen property have on the other hand decreased from 11,927 and 722 to 11,035 and 606 respectively in the previous year. Thefts on

Railways have decreased from 2,575 to 2,269 in the year under review, the number including 792 cases of thefts from running trains as compared with 1,103 in the preceding year. This falling off is satisfactory and chiefly noticeable on the Rájputána-Málwa Railway, where the number has fallen from 882 cases to 493. The Rájputána-Málwa Railway Police are entitled to credit for these results, inasmuch as there was a rush of traffic in passengers and goods at the close of the year under report owing to the Coronation Darbár at Delhi.

14. There is a slight improvement in the measure of success obtained by the Police in dealing with cases before the Courts

Cases decided by trial. in the year 1902. Altogether 20,157 cases were disposed of by trial, of which 16,240 ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 80.56 as compared with 79.38 in the previous year. This improvement is also noticeable under Indian Penal Code and Class VI. The largest measure of success under "all classes" (88.93) was achieved on Railways. Under Indian Penal Code, the percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases disposed of by trial varies from 69 in the Southern Division to 85 on Railways, the average for the entire Presidency being 77 as against 76 in the previous year. Under Class VI, the average percentage for the whole Presidency has risen from 85 to 87.

15. The general results for the the entire Presidency under the several classes show on the whole an improvement.

Turning to more important heads of crime, it may be observed that out of 350 real cases of murder and cognate offences for disposal, 331 were brought to trial and convictions were obtained in 56 per cent. as against 55 in the previous year. The highest percentage is 66 on Railways, while the lowest is 47 in the Northern Division. The results obtained in the Southern Division in this respect show a marked improvement over those of the previous year, the percentage having risen from 49 to 62. In Sind on the other hand, the per-centage has declined from 59 to 53. Under dacoity, with fewer cases to deal with, the Police have been distinctly more successful, the average percentage of convictions to cases tried in the whole Presidency having improved from 58 to 77 per cent. To this improvement the Northern Division contributes a rise of 11 per cent, the Central Division 28 per cent, and Sind 15. The Southern Division shows a falling off from 65 to 45. Out of 507 real cases for disposal in the Central Division 248 were tried, 214 ending in conviction, giving a percentage of 86, which may be regarded as satisfactory. Under robberies, the average percentage of convictions to cases tried in the whole Presidency has improved from 63 to 73 in 1902. The improvement is general, except for a small falling off from 75 to 71 per cent. on Railways. Altogether there were 562 real cases of robbery for disposal, and of this number 334 were in the Central Division, of which 152 were tried and 116 ended in conviction, giving a percentage of 76 as against 67 in the previous year. Under burglaries, there were altogether 5,629 real cases for disposal, of which 1,877 only came • to trial, 1,533 ending in conviction, giving a percentage of 81 as against 78 in the previous year. 'Under receiving stolen property, the average percentage of convictions stands at 74.40, which is about the same as in 1901. Under thefts, it has remained stationery at 82.

16. The total number of offences dealt with by the Police under these special laws have risen slightly from 3.054 to 3.089.

Action of the Police in dealing with offences under Salt, A'bkári, Customs and Opium Laws. special laws have risen slightly from 3,054 to 3,089. Out of 994 cases sent for trial 930 ended in conviction. In Kaira of the Northern Division, salt cases have increased from 39 to 156; a large number of these consists of removal of salt carth by Kolis from

the Banks of the Mahi River in the Borsád Táluka. An abundant crop of Mhowra is said to have induced offences under the A'bkári Act in that District.

17. Altogether 861 cases were tried in the Courts of Sessions, and con-

Sessions Cases.

victions obtained in 663, the average percentage of

from 75 to 77 in the year under report. The highest percentage, viz., 90, was obtained on the Railways, showing an improvement by 6 per cent. over the previous year. In the Central Division it has improved from 82 to 84, in Sind from

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59 to 62 and in the Northern Division from 67 to 70. These results may be considered satisfactory.

18. With the general decrease in crime, the total number of pending cases has declined from 4,818 in the previous year

Pending Police Cases. to 4,487 in the year under report. Of these only 1,740 were under investigation by the Police, 2,747 were pending with Magistrates (1,487 under trial and 1,200 awaiting final orders on final roports of the Police). With regard to pending cases with Magistrates, the Commissioner, Northern Division, remarks that, although there is some improvement in his Division in the number of finally reported cases, there are still several longstanding cases in which final orders ought to have been passed. As such delays militate against successful results he is inviting the attention of the District Magistrates to such delays. In the Sukkur District, final reports under Section 173, Criminal Procedure Code, are ordered to be sent through Inspectors, which course, the Commissioner in Sind observes, though entailing an increase in the number of pending cases for disposal stands as under for 1902:—

In the	Presidency Northern		***	•••		10.67
				•••	•••	7.94
	Central D			•••		8.86
	Southern .	Division		***		9.73
Do.		• • •	•••	***		17.16
Do.	Railways	•••	***		***	6.52

19. The total number of cases remaining undetected during the year under report was 8,030; of these 7,966 were under Indian Penal Code and 64 were under Class VI as Undetected Police Cases. compared with 8,689 and 57, respectively, in the previous year. The percentage of undetected cases to those for disposal works out 19.09 as against 19.79 in the previous year. The improvement is very small and disproportionate to the general decrease in crime. The proportion is highest on Railways and lowest in the Northern Division, the percentage varying between 39 for the former and 11 for the latter. The proportion of cases remaining undetected to true cases disposed of under Indian Penal Code is 43, the same as in 1901. It is doubtful whether the classification of undetected cases is always correctly made by Magistrates. This greatly depends on the care with which Police reports for excluding cases are scrutinised by the Superintendent and Magistrate who gives the final order. For instance, in Surat for the year under report, the ratio of undetected cases rose from 11.04 to 30.79 and in Sholápur from 9.78 to 29.44. I do not believe that the Sholápur and Surat Police have really fallen away in the successful detection of crime, or at any rate to the extent these figures would indicate. There is no reason why they should. The matter is, I have no doubt, one of classification, where, owing to the more careful scrutiny excreised by the Superintendents of those districts, the figure of undetected cases now shown probably more approximately represents the true state of things. The Superintendents' explanations of these figures may with advantage be given here. Mr. Gibbs, Superintendent of Police, Surat, writes :-

"I venture to think this difference has a great deal less to do with worse work on the part of the Police than my sending on papers to be recorded as undetected instead of being sent up for exclusion. I do not think it is my duty to necessarily send up papers with the opinion expressed by the Police Station Officer; I give my own opinion which the Magistrate can accept or not as he likes. It must always be remembered, if a clue to a case is not speedily got, there is every probability of a Police Station Officer working the papers up for exclusion so that his returns may not be spoilt."

Mr. Dubois, Superintendent of Police, Sholápur, explains that in previous years a proportion of the cases, the detection of which was doubtful, had never been brought on the register, and that the lower percentage of undetected cases was misleading. In the year under report 80 of the undetected cases reported by the Police as false were, as the result of the Superintendent's representations to Magistrate, classed as true. The matter is one which requires the closest scrutiny and care of the Superintendent and classifying Magistrate. There can be no doubt as Mr. Gibbs says that when the detection of a case appears difficult there is a strong tendency on the part of a Police Station Officer to work for "exclusion" in order to show good percentage results, and when such reports are too readily accepted the greater tendency will there be to employ ingenuity to procure misleading paper results, and less effort to detect true crime.

Statement B, Part I.

20. Non-cognizable crime has further dropped from 89,836 in 1901 to 86,980 in 1902. The fall is noticeable in the Central Non-cognizable Crime. Division, Southern Division and in Sind, it being most marked in the Southern Division, amounting to 3,762 cases. The fall in the Southern Division is due to the decrease of 51 per cent. in the number of cases under the Municipal Act. In the Northern Division, there is a rise of 4,541 cases, chiefly confined to Ahmedabad, where a large number of complaints under the Municipal Act was instituted. The increase is also due to arrears of Muni-cipal taxes having been recovered, under the District Magistrate's orders, by recourse to Municipal Magistrates. This system should be stopped under the procedure laid down in the Municipal Act, 1901, as remarked by Government in paragraph 3 of their Resolution No. 6851, dated 31st October 1902, Judicial Department, on the Police Administration Report for 1901. On Railways, the number increased from 237 to 393 in the year under report. Of the total number of non-cognizable cases, 503 were referred to the Police for investigation, of which number 273 were in the Southern Division alone. The total number of non-cognizable cases for disposal was 114,108 as against 1,96,930 in the preceding year. Of these 39,667 were tried, 27,690 resulting in conviction, giving a percentage of 69 as against 72 in the preceding year. As last year, the highest percentage of convictions is 87 on Railways as against 86 in the prcvious year, and the lowest 42 in the Southern Division as against 58 in the preceding year.

Persons.

21. The total number of persons appearing before the Courts in connection with all crimes, cognizable and non-cognizable, was 2,12,081 as compared with 279,544 in the previous year. The ratio of convictions to persons tried stood at 59 as against 61 in the preceding year.

Statement A, Part II.

22. Proportionate with the decrease in direct cases is the number of Persons concerned in cognizable cases reported to Magistrates or taken up by them direct. 22. Proportionate with the decrease in direct cases is the number of persons to be dealt with. The total number of persons concerned in these cases was 21,157 as compared with 21,904 in the previous year. The decrease is confined to the Central Division and Southern Division, particularly the former, where the number has

dropped from 8,700 to 7,450. In Sind, there is an increase from 5,862 to 6,479 and on Railways from 56 to 161. The Northern Division shows an increase of 73 only. The number of persons tried in the whole Presidency stood at 17,157, of whom 7,104 were convicted. The proportion of persons convicted to persons tried was 41 as compared with 44 in the previous year. This falling off is noticeable in all the Divisions and on Railways. In Sind, there is a slight improvement, the percentage for the year under report being 24.77.

Statement A, Part IV.

23. With less crime to deal with the total number of persons arrested by Persons in Police Cases. the Police suo motu during the year under report has dropped from 36,319 in 1901 to 33,266 in 1902. The drop is confined to the Central and Southern Divisions. In the Northern Division, in spite of decrease in crime, the number of arrests has risen from 7,456 to 7,930 in the year under report. In Sind and on Railways, the number of arrests is almost the same as in the preceding year, viz., 7,076 and 2,382 respectively. Persons arrested by order of Magistrates after investigation had been refused by the Police, or the Police had reported the charge to be false, numbered 884 as against 724 in the previous year. The total number of persons released by the Police without being brought to trial was 642 as against 686 in the previous year, giving a precentage of 1.92 as compared with 1.88 in 1901. The total number of persons for disposal was 39,002 as against 43,010 in the preceding year. The decrease is confined to the Central and Southern Divisions and to Sind, but it is most marked in the Central Division. In the Northern Division, the number has risen from 8,601 to 9,203. On Railways, it is 2,449 as against 2,384 in 1901. Altogether 33,920 persons were tried, of whom 24,155 were convicted, giving a percentage of 71.21 as against 68.47 in 1901. This improvement is contributed to more or less by all the Divisions, Sind and Railways. Under Indian Penal Code, the proportion of conviction works out at 66.75 as against 63.66 last year, and under Class VI, 85.24 as against 83.88 in the previous year. Taking Divisions, the largest measure of success in dealing with persons under "All classes" is gained by Railways, with the high percentage of 84.84. The lowest percentage is 62 and is obtained in the Southern Division. In Sind, the percentage has improved from 65 to 68. Under Indian Penal Code also, improvement is noticeable in the Northern and Central Divisions and in Sind. In the Southern Division, there is a falling off of 3 per cent. The best results, viz., 80 per cent., have been obtained on Railways. Under Class VI, the Railways, with a percentage of 92, stand first and the Southern Division with a percentage of 78 comes last.

The total number of persons tried for murders and cognate offences, during the year under report, was 666 as compared with 816 in the previous year; of these, 297 were convicted, giving a percentage of 44 as against 42 in 1901. The lowest percentage of 26 is in the Northern Division. The percentages in the Central Division and in Sind are above the average, viz. 48. In connection with dacoities, altogether 2,161 persons were tried in the whole Presidency, 1,394 being convicted, giving a percentage of 64 as against 40 in the preceding year. There is a marked improvement shown in this respect in the Northern Division, Central Division and on Railways, where the percentages have risen from 36, 38 and 33 to 54, 71 and 50 respectively in 1902, on the other hand percentage in the Southern Division has receded from 53 to 42. In Sind, the percentage is 32. Under "Robberies" a less number of persons, viz., 635, were tried and convictions were obtained in 64 per cent. as compared with 57 in the preceding year. This improvement is chiefly accounted for by the rise in the Central Division and in Sind, where the percentages of convictions have gone up from 59 and 56 to 70 and 75 respectively in the year under report. In the Southern Division, the percentage is very low, viz., 38, 51 persons having been convicted out of 131 tried. For burglaries, altogether 3,445 persons were tried and 2,520 convicted, giving a percentage of 73 as against 72 in the previous year. The Northern Division has obtained the best results under this head; out of 812 persons tried, 636 or 78 per cent. were convicted, and is followed by Sind, where out of 690 persons tried, 519 were convicted, giving a percentage of 75 as compared with 68 in 1901. Under Thefts, the number of persons tried decreased from 13,136 to 11,458, and the percentage of convictions has practically remained stationary at 74.96. Except in the Northern Division, where the percentage of convictions has risen from 76 to 79, there has been a general falling off in the percentages of convictions under this head. The number of persons tried was the highest in the Central Division, viz., 3,778, of whom 2,835 were convicted, giving a percentage of 75 as against 76 in 1901. Following comes Sind, where out of 2,557 persons tried, 1,866 were convicted, giving a percentage of 72 as against 73 in the preceding year. On Railways, out of 1,022 persons tried, 840 were convicted, giving a percentage of 82, the same as last year. In all, 1,330 persons were tried for receiving stolen property and 956 convicted, giving a percentage of 71 as compared with 70 in the previous year.

2,731 persons were tried in the Sessions Court, 67 per cent. being convicted, Persons concerned in Sessions cases. 2,731 persons were tried in the Sessions Court, 67 per cent. being convicted, as compared with 57 per cent. for the previous year, thus showing a marked improvement. Of the 2,731 persons, 1,589 were tried in the Central Division and

^{1,251} convicted, the percentage of convictions being 78 as compared with 63 in the previous year.

Statement B, Part II.

24. The total number of persons who appeared before Courts in non-cognizable cases was 1,51,922, as against 2,19,325 in the previous year. Of these, 56,659 were tried and

Cases. 32,476 were convicted, giving a percentage of 57 as against 63 in the previous year. The decrease in the number of persons appearing before Courts is spread over all the Divisions and Sind. On Railways, the number has risen from 290 to 522. There is a marked falling off in the percentage of convictions in Sind, viz., from 62 to 47. The percentage of convictions in the Southern Division was very low, viz. 35. The number of persons discharged after appearance without trial fell from 48,601 in 1901 to 9,256 in 1902. This remarkable falling off is chiefly accounted for by the decrease from 45,869 to 7,761 in the Northern Division, which has not been explained. Notwithstanding a large decrease in the number of persons to be dealt with, the number of persons remaining under trial at the close of the year was 21,187 as against 19,901 at the close of the preceding year.

Statement C.

25. The total value of property stolen in cognizable cases amounted to Property Stolen and Recovered. tral Division and in Sind, the Southern Division and Railways showing a de-

crease. In the Northern Division, the value of stolen property amounted to Rs. 2,30,221 as compared with Rs. 1,84,185 in 1901, in the Central Division to Rs. 8,66,703, and in Sind to Rs. 4,17,919 as compared with Rs. 7,36,736 and Rs. 3,05,578 respectively in the previous year. The amount of property stolen on Railways was Rs. 1,02,547 as against Rs. 1,26,959 in the year 1901. Total recoveries in the whole Presidency amounted to Rs. 6,14,902 or nearly 33 por cent as against 35 in the previous year. The percentage of recoverics is highest in the Northern Division, viz., 42, which is, however, much lower than in the prcceding year, when the amount of recoveries reached 50 per cent. In the Contral Division and Southern Division, the percentage of recoveries is the lowest, viz., 29 per cent. in each, as against 29 and 37 respectively in the year 1901. The percentage of recoveries in Sind was above average percentage for the whole Prosidency, but shows a falling off of 1 per cent. over the previous year. On Railways, the percentage has improved from 26 to 30 in the year under report. The amount of property stolen in connection with non-cognizable crime was valued at Rs. 50,912 as against Rs. 24,239 in the preceding year. Recoveries amounted to Rs. 24,922, giving a percentage of 48 against 47 in the previous year. The largest amount of stolen property was in the Central Division, *viz.*, Rs. 38,577 and recoveries amounted to 58 per cent. Next to Central Division comes Sind, where recoveries amounted to about 11 per cent. only out of Rs. 7,000 worth of property stolen.

Statement D,

I am inclined to agree with the remark of Mr. M. Kennedy last year 26. that the figures in the statement are misleading. The Professional Crime. returns from the Central Division and Sind are altogether blank, in spite of a large number of dacoities in Khándesh and cases of cattle lifting in Sind, many of which must have been the work of professional criminals. In the Northern Division, altogether 11 dacoities, 1 robbery and 2 cases of cattle theft are returned as having been committed in Thána, though the total number of dacoities in the Division was 67. The Southern Division returns only 7 dacoities and 1 case of counterfeit coin as having been committed by professional criminals in the Bijapur District, while it appears from the Commissioner, Southern Division's remarks under "Serious Crimes" and "Criminal Classes" that at least 3 dacoities in Belgaum and 7 in Bijápur, and some of the dacoities and robberies in Dhárwár were committed by Kaikadis, a class of dangerous professional criminals. On Railways, 7 thefts have been shown as having been committed from passenger trains by professional thieves.

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Statement E.

27. The total Police force of the Presidency, inclusive of Railways and Sindstood at 22,308 officers and men, giving an increase of

Strength of Police. 161 officers and men as compared with the previous year's strength. This increase is distributed among all the Divisions, Sind and Railways. The total increase is accounted for by the employment of an Assistant Superintendent of Police in Belgaum and a Probationer in Ahmedabad, the creation of Court Prosecutor's appointments in Belgaum and Kaira, and by the incorporation of the Poona Intelligance Branch into the sanctioned force of that District. Some additional men were sanctioned during the year for Abkári Establishment in the Central Division and Southern Division. An additional force of 103 men was sanctioned for Karáchi, Hyderabad and Lárkhána Districts in Sind. There was a net increase of 15 men to the sanctioned force on Railways as detailed below :—

(a) Employment of two Head Constables and 17 Constables for the Anaud-Petlad-Cambay Railway, as sanctioned in Goveanment Resolution No. 1540, dated 15th April 1902, Financial Department.

(b) Entertainment of 2 Head Constables and 6 Constables for the pay office guard of the Southern Mahratta Railway, as sanctioned in Government Resolution No. 217, dated 15th January 1902, Judicial Department.

(c) Reduction of 12 Constables employed to accompany the Pay Clerks making payments beyond the Bombay Presidency—vide Government Resolution No. 7215, dated 17th November 1902, Judicial Department.

In addition to the sanctioned strength, a large number of extra Policemen were employed in several districts of the Presidency and Sind, in connection with Famine and Plague duty. The number in the Northern Division was about 109 for Plague and 672 for Famine duty. A number of armed men were transferred to Násik, Khándesh and Thána from other districts, in connection with operations against the Koli out-laws. On the Railways, in addition to the sanctioned Police strength, an extra force of Rámoshis was employed as usual.

Distribution of the force.

28. Statement E speaks for itself,

29. The total expenditure has risen from Rs. 43,48,738 to Rs. 46,75,436 Cost of the Police. during the year under report. The increase in cost is chiefly due to the entertainment of additional force.

30. The proportion of total reported crime to the Police Force employed on prevention and detection of crime in the entire Proportion of reported Cogzable Crime to Police enyear under review, as against 3.4 in the previous

nizable Crime to Police engaged in prevention and detection of Crime.

detection of Crime. In the Central Division and Southern Division, it comes to 3.82 and 3.12, respectively, in 1902. In the Northern Division, it is 2.55 and on Railways 1.83. The average proportion of true crime (Police cases only) for the whole Presidency comes to 1 Policeman to 1.89 crimes as

against 2.05 in the previous year.

31. The proportion of true Police cognizable crime for disposal to Popula-Proportion of true crime to mulation. Proportion of true crime to 706 population as against 1 to 759 in 1901.

This proportion in the Northern Division and Central Division has remained almost the same as in the preceding year, viz., 1 to 618 and 1 to 658 persons in 1902 as compared with 1 to 615 and 1 to 650, respectively, in 1901. In the Southern Division, the proportion has decreased from 1 to 1,184 to 1 to 1,285. In Sind, it has increased from 1 to 596 to 1 to 495.

32. Although the total number of punishments in the whole Presidency Funishments. The number of punishments in the Northern Division and Central Division dropped from 693 and 913 to 640 and 896, respectively, in the year under report. In Sind, the number rose from 691 to 759 and on Railways from 495 to 499. In the Southern Division, the total number of punishments has remained stationary at 469. Of the 3,263 punishments inflicted, 251 were dismissals, 2,873 other departmental punishments and 139 Judicial punishments as compared with 261, 2,838 and 162, respectively, in the provious year. Judicial punishments in the Central Division (54) were more numerous than in any other charge.

33. The total number of rewards by promotion has increased from 147 to Rewards. IGG in year under review. The increase of 19 is made up of 11 in the Northern Division, 3 in the Central Division and 18 in Sind and a decrease of 13 in the Southern Division. Money rewards were granted in 652 cases in the whole Presidency, the largest number (327) being in the Northern Division, followed by 151 in the Southern Division. The Commissioner, Southern Division, considers this number excessive and remarks that money rewards were given on an extensive scale in the Coast Districts, in spite of the orders discouraging their grant. 3,572 Good Service Tickets were granted as against 4,087 in the previous year, the largest number being in the Northern and Central Divisions, viz., 1,000 and 1,032, respectively. The decrease noticeable in the number of Good Service Tickets is found in the Northern, Central and Southern Divisions.

34. There is a slight improvement in the education of the force, as com-Education. pared with last year. 3,302 officers and 7,995 men, total 11,297, can read and write as compared with 3,223 officers and 7,655 men, total 10,878 in 1901, giving a percentage of 51 as against 49 in the previous year. Proportion of educated officers in the three Divisions of the Presidency Proper vary from 70 to 74, that of educated men is much lower, varying from 46 to 54. The percentage of educated men in Sind is 25, while that of educated officers is 60, indicating a backward condition in point of education as compared with the Presidency Proper. This is ascribed to the very small amount of educated officers and men is high, being 93 and 58 respectively. The figures for the whole Presidency give a percentage to the sanctioned strength, of 71 educated officers and 46 educated men, as compared with 70 and 44 respectively in the previous year.

35. The only guide in estimating the general health of the Police Force in each Division is the precentage of sickness given in Health.

column 36 of Statement F accompanying the Police Very remarkable variations in the percentages of sick-Administration Report. ness are shown in that statement. Some are inexplicable and, as remarked by the Commissioner, Northern Division, have no connection with the general health of the Districts. In Khandesh, the ratio fell from 43 to 30, while in Sátára and Sholápur, the percentages were 16 and 63 as compared with 57 and 17 in 1901 respectively. The abnormal increase in the latter is attributed to hard work and unhealthy surroundings. The Commissioner, Central Division, is not inclined to accept this as a correct explanation for the apparent deterioration in health, and states that though there was some increase in serious crime, but the volume of work was on the whole smaller than in the previous year and that the surroundings were not so bad this year, as to account for the extraordinary deterioration in health. The Commissioner in Sind remarks that increase from 36 to 42 per cent in the number of admissions into Hospital is solely due to a large increase in Karáchi. District, caused by men being now forced to go to Hospital, when reported sick, whereas formerly they were allowed to go to their homes. Casualties show 2 per cent., the same as last year. 213 men died of plague during the year under report, as compared with 60 in the previous year.

36. During the year under report, Government sanctioned "revolvers,"

as part of the armament of Head Constables, I and II

addition to "sword." The supply of bored out Martini Henrys and M. II. rifles and M. H. carbines, cavalry, in exchange for the present B. L. S. B. arms, has also been decided on. I have also proposed to substitute M. H. carbines, cavalry, in lieu of rovolvers for the Mounted Police, as a more suitable and effectual

Armament.

weapon. The supply of swords to the Unarmed Police was completed during the year under report.

37. The number of enlistments during the year 1902 was 1,997 as against 1,942 in the previous year, but there was a large num-

Vacancies. ber of vacancies, viz., 365 at the close of the year under report, as compared with 271 at the end of 1901. The Northern Division has returned the largest number of vacancies, viz., 123. In the Presidency Proper, including Railways, out of 1,484 officers and men enlisted during the year 996 were educated, showing an advance of 9 per cent. on the previous year. The largest number (360) of educated officers and men were enlisted in the Central Division. On Railways, out of 245 enlisted, 180 were educated.

38. Resignations numbered 599 for the whole Presidency as against 652 in the previous year. On this, question the Commis-Resignations. sioner, Northern Division, remarks as follows :-- "Policemen wantonly resign either in a spirit of defiance or to suit their own convenience and knowing the difficulty experienced in obtaining suitable recruits they come back either to their own or another District within a year and are readily re-enlisted because of their previous training, &c. The matter-of-course manner in which past service has been reckoned in such cases under Article 502 of the Civil Service Regulations encouraged this to some extent. Orders have been issued to counteract this,"

Statement of Infanticide.

39. This return is blank for the Northern Division, Sind and Railways. In the Central Division and Southern Division together, 6 cases have been returned. They are all cases of causing death of illegitimate infants.

In Statement A, Part III, 105 cases of exposure of infants or concealment of births and 483 cases of murder are returned. This would seem to indicate that more than 6 cases of infanticide actually occurred.

Inspection and Supply.

40. During the year under review, the following Districts and Railways were inspected by me and by Mr. M. Kennedy while acting for me :-

By Mr. M. Kennedy.

1. Panch Maháls.	1	7. Sátára.
2. Surat.	1	8. Palanpur Agency.
3. Ratnágiri.		9. Rewa Kantha Agency.
4. Kánara.		10. B. B. & C. I. Railway.
5. Dhárwár.	•	11. RM. Railway.
6, Belgaum,].	12. S. M. Railway.
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	*** **	

By Mr. Down.

	4. Ahmednagar. 5. Thána.
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In the Districts and on the R.-M. Railway and S. M. Railway, the offices of the Superintendents of Police, and of the subordinate officers at Head-quarters, viz., Head-quarters Chief Constable's office, Police Account office, Taluka and City Chief Constables' offices were examined. On the R.-M. Railway the offices of the two Assistant Superintendents of Police were also examined. On the G. I. P. Railway, the Hutgi out-post, on the B. B. & C. I. Railway, Police Inspector's office, and Station House office at Surat, and on the S. M. Railway, the sub-post of Bádámi and Police Posts of Bágalkot and Castle Rock were also examined. After each inspection, inspection notes were communicated to the Superintendents concerned for information and explanation, and except in case of Railways, a special report sent to the Divisional Commissioners, bringing to notice any defects or shortcomings coming under observation. In this connection there is nothing which calls for special notice in this report.

The paucity of men in reserve for purposes of training was everywhere observable, but as reorganization proposals to remedy this defect have been submitted to Government, it is hoped that sufficient reserve will shortly be sanctioned.

In the matter of supply of arms, clothing and equipments for the districts of this Presidency, exclusive of Sind and Railways, Rs. 1,04,820 were expended during the year under report from this office for the following stores which were either purchased locally or supplied by contractors through the Inspector-General.

Rs.

8,526 on accoutrements; 2,022 on swords for the unarmed Police; 1,83,614 on clothing; 658 on saddlery.

Total...1,94,820

CEIMINAL INVESTIGATION BRANCH OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE.

41. There has been no change in the numerical strength of this branch, which consists of one Assistant Inspector-General of Police, 3 Inspectors, 4 Head Constables, and a few subordinate Police working under the direct control of the Inspector-General of Police. This small staff has been fully employed on a variety of work in which their assistance has been solicited, including some cases of a difficult and intricate nature.

Amongst the more important investigations undertaken by this branch was the case of Imperator *vs.* Sanjana and others in which 5 accused were charged with forgery and allied offences. The ordinary difficulties encountered in the collection of evidence were in this case considerably augmented by reason of the fact that 2 of the accused were members of the Bombay Bar and the remainder well-to-do and influential citizens. After prolonged proceedings before the High Court all the accused with the exception of Sanjana (who had absconded while on bail) were convicted and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment.

Inquiry into the alleged perjury before the High Court of Bombay by one B. H. Kotwal was a sequel to the above case. In this connection some important documentary and other evidence was collected in the Province of Káthiáwár.

The Sholápur murder case, inquiries into which were instituted towards the close of the previous year and in which one Hiralal and others were charged with murder, terminated (during the early part of year under report) in the acquittal of the accused on technical grounds. The District Magistrate, Sholápur, expressed his appreciation of the manner in which the case had been handled by the officer deputed to detect the case in a letter addressed to the Inspector-General of Police in the following terms: —

"I note with much pleasure the Inspector's excellent work. He detected the real criminals beyond all moral doubt, and it was no fault of his that a conviction was not secured."

It came to the knowledge of the branch that coining was very rife in the Baroda State. Enquiries were instituted, and after considerable difficulty a goldsmith was arrested whilst actually at work, and was convicted and sentenced.

During the latter portion of the year the branch was engaged on an enquiry into an intricate arson case at Sholápur, after the local Police had failed to obtain any clue. As the result of the investigation made by this branch, the case was detected, the chief accused being one of the wealthiest and most influential citizens of Sholápur. The case was committed to the Sessions, and was pending at the close of the year.

During the greater part of the year one of the Inspectors of the branch was employed under Mr. Priestley and rendered assistance in the successful operations carried out by that officer for dealing with the Koli dacoit movement on the Thána-Násik Frontier.

a 681—4

Instructive and useful information and data has been and is being collected by this branch regarding the Bijápur Chapperbands and other criminal classes of the Presidency to enable the Police of the different districts the better to regulate and control the movements of such members of these tribes as are habitually addicted to crime.

The aid of the branch has during the year been invoked in a few cases of departmental enquiries into the conduct of the Police. The only one of these which calls for special mention here, is that of a Chief Constable of the Belgaum District charged with receiving stolen property and fabricating false evidence. The case, which is a strong one, was pending at the close of the year.

Besides cases of minor interest which need not be enumerated here, the branch was engaged in compiling concise histories of persons who for various reasons have become objects of interest to the Department.

Mr. Browin was the Assistant Inspector-General of Police in charge of this branch during the year, and fully maintained his high reputation as a detective, and a zealous and hard-working officer.

CRIMINAL IDENTIFICATION BRANCH OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE.

42. (1) No change has taken place in the sanctioned strength of the staff employed in this branch of my office, which still consists of one Inspector, 3 Head Constables and one Clerk. During the year under report, however, some additional allowances were sanctioned for the staff, *vide* Government Resolution No. 3309, dated 25th September 1902, Financial Department.

(2) There is still a large number of Anthropometrical Measurement Cards, viz., 12,663, on record in the Central Bureau : until these are replaced by Finger Tip Impression Slips, the old system of anthropometry will continue side by side with the later system of identification of criminals by means of Finger Tip Impressions. Anthropometrical cards are now prepared only for the purpose of identifying old offenders from the records of the Central Bureau. During the year 1902, 14,023 Anthropometrical Measurement Cards were gent to the Census Commissioner for India, vide Government Memorandum No. 22-M, dated 5th April 1902.

(3) No Measurement Cards were received for record during the year under report, but 172 Measurement Cards together with their corresponding Finger Impression Slips were received for the purpose of tracing old offenders.

(4) The number of Anthropometrical Cards in the Central Bureau at the end of 1901 was 14,188; out of these 1,520 were replaced by Finger Impression Slips, as compared with 2,704 in the preceding year, leaving 12,668 cards in the Bureau at the end of the year 1902. The number of Finger Impression Slips on record in the Bureau at the end of 1901 was 50,694. During the year under report, 12,759 were received as compared with 17,070 in 1901 and 19,828 in the year preceding it. Concurrently with the decrease in crime there has been a falling off in the number of slips for record, but the decrease in slips is disproportionate to that in crime. The decrease in slips is probably due to want of careful observance of the rules in connection with the preparation and despatch of such slips. The attention of Superintendents is being invited to the matter.

The total number of slips at the beginning of the year under report was 63,453. Of this number, 510 slips were destroyed by reason of deaths of convicts and ex-convicts, leaving 62,943 slips at the close of 1902.

(5) Of the 12,759 new slips received, 1,492 were received from the City of Bombay, 9,267 from the districts in this Presidency, and 344 from other Presidencies. Only 4 were received from Sind, and 67 from the Jámkhandi State. Last year only one slip was received from the Native State of Kolhápur. 1,520 were slips of ex-convicts. With the exception of 25 from the Bombay City and 3 from Hyderabad, all these slips were received from the districts of this Presidency. Of the 62,943 slips in the Bureau at the close of 1902, 61,795 were of ex-convicts and 1,148 of prisoners in jails. Duplicate Impression Slips of 157 convicts were sent to the Criminal Identification Department of other Provinces, as against 124 in the previous year. (6) The number of cases sent for identification in the Bureau increased from 4,813 in 1900 and 4,894 in 1901 to 6,349 in the year under report. This number included 838 foreigners as compared with 510 in 1901 and 356 in 1900. 459 cases including 22 foreigners were traced as against 261 in the previous year.

(7) All the 459 cases were traced by means of Finger Impression Slips. Out of the 459 cases traced, previous convictions were proved in 341 cases, but enhanced punishment was awarded in 197 cases only. In 74 cases the accused received less punishment; in 20, they received the same punishment. In 47 cases the accused were released or acquitted. In 35 cases previous convictions were called for in connection with proceedings under Chapter VIII, Criminal Procedure Code. 80 cases remained undisposed of at the close of the year under report.

(8) In 426 cases the accused were identified locally by Chief Operators, without reference to the Central Bureau, as compared with 402 in the previous year. Of this number, 406 were traced before conviction and 20 after the accused had been convicted and admitted into jail, as compared with 359 and 43, respectively, in the preceding year.

(9) The following table summarizes the progress in the working of this Branch:-

Number traced	Number of Cards or Slips received for trace.	Number of Cards or Slips received for second.	1	ar.	Ye	
	trical Cards.	Authropomei			•	
	126	6,164				1895
4	316	5,873				1896
5	357	8,432		***		1897
8	595	6,551		•••	•••	1898
	ession Slips.	Finger Impr				
10	931	8,747				1899
28	4,813	19,828		••		1900
26	4,834	17,070				1901
45	6,349	12,759				1902

(10) Last year Police officers from the Native States of Akalkot, Dharampur, Kolhápur and Indore were instructed in the Criminal Identification System. It is very desirable that the Finger Impression System should be extended to all Native States.

The number of Finger Impression Slips received from the Central Burcau for Sind during the year was 2,773. The total number on record at the end of the year was 11,464, and these have all been classified and arranged. 481 slips were received for identification and 229 were identified. 153 Police officers and 36 officers of the Postal Department were instructed in the system. The Commissioner in Sind observes that the system is yielding useful results.

Preventive Action.

43. In the Northern Division the registers of suspicious and bad charac-Supervision over bad checked and scrutinized by Inspectors and Superinten-

dents. In Thána the registers were found to have been cumbered with names which should not have been included, and the Superintendent has taken steps to weed them out. The Commissioner, Central Division, and the Commissioner in Sind, have not referred to this subject in their reports, while the Commissioner, Southern Division, refers only to Belgaum and Ratnágiri; in the former, it is said that steps have been taken to see that the work of the Police in this direction is real and in the latter the registers are reported to have been properly kept and supervision exercised over bad characters. From my personal examination of such registers at inspection, I find that the case of Thána is not exceptional. More careful scrutiny generally by Superintendents is required, and if the registers are to effectually serve the purpose for which they are intended, a mass of names which should not be there require to be weeded out.

On Railways, in addition to the registers mentioned above, registers of dismissed gangmen are maintained. No instance of mischief, in which dismissed gangmen were concerned, occurred on Railways.

44. In the Northern Division this useful provision has been employed Regulations XII of 1827. in the Broach District only, with the result that 30 undesirables addicted to crime have been brought under control. The Commissioner observes "The example of Broach may well be imitated in other districts." In the Central Division the regulations continue to be systematically worked in the Sátára District, where 444 persons were prosecuted during the year for breaches of the rules and 365 were convicted. On this subject the Commissioner, Central Division, observes :---"The local officers are still not in a position to give any definite opinion as to the practical utility of these rules, but steps have been taken to prevent abuse of powers conferred by them on Police subordinates." In the Southern Division the Commissioner observes : "Recourse was also had to Regulations XII of 1827 in Belgaum and Kolába with good results." In the latter district, the Commissioner remarks, Katkaris, Kolis and Kaikadis were dealt with under these regulations with a salutary effect. In the Dharwár District the Superintendent is now taking steps to work the regulations. In Sind the regulations were not in force during the year under report.

The extended use of this provision and its careful and systematic working would do much I consider, to bring under effectual control many gangs of habitual criminals and members of the criminal class who at present give trouble to the villagers and Police.

45. 3,408 bad characters were proceeded against during the year under Prosecution of bad report, as against 3,305 in the previous year; 68 per characters. bad report, as against 3,305 in the previous year; 68 per cent. or 2,328 of these were called on to furnish security (961 furnishing it and 1,367 going to jail in default) as compared with 70 per cent. in the previous year. The largest number proceeded against was 1,186 in Sind, followed by 809 in the Central Division and 717 in the Northern Division. On Railways, the number of persons proceeded against increased from 59 to 97 in 1902. The percentage of persons bound over to give security to those who were proceeded against was 79 in the Northern Division, Central Division, and on Railways, 71 in the Southern Division, and in Sind 51.

46. Of 24,155 persons convicted during the year under report, 2,572 were

Habitual offenders. Habitual offenders. sponding figures for the previous year being 25,507, 2,598 and 946, respectively. The improvement is encouraging, but there is no doubt the classification of habituals has not been attended to as carefully as it ought; of this I have had unmistakeable evidence when examining registers at my inspections. In this connection the Commissioner, Northern Division, remarks as follows:-

"The numbers in Ahmedabad and Kaira districts were, 59 and 63, respectively, in excess of those in 1901. In the other districts there is a decrease notably in Thána from 119 to 79. This may be due to three causes—want of promptitude on the part of the Police in sending the finger-impressions to the Chief Operator with a view to the trace slip being found; indifferent operators at Táluka Headquarters, and undue haste on the part of Magistrates i closing a case before the Chief Operator's reply is received. In Broach specially the second v as found to prevail, and the Superintendent had the mon trained at Headquarters by the Chief Operator.

"In a case in Thana District which came to my notice a 2nd Class Magistrate evinced improper haste and sentenced a man with a long list of previous convictions to seven days" imprisonment only on his more statement that he had not been previously convicted. Had he had the patience to wait till the information which he knew had been called for from the Chief Operator was received, the result would have been different.

"The number classed as habitual offenders was 163 against 234 in the year before. The Superintendents ascribe this decline to the Magistracy not giving sufficient attention to the point. The Superintendent of Police, Knira, has instructed his Court Prosecutor and Jamadárs to bring the rules to notice, and other Superintendents should do the same.'

General.

Criminal classes and influx of suspicious foreigners.

47.

Among classes addicted to crime, Kaikadis, Bhils, Kolis, Pathans and Chapperbands are mentioned as having given trouble. In this connection the Commissioner, Northern Divi-

sion, observes that criminal classes as such are not found in his Division, nor has there been any influx of criminal classes and suspicious foreigners noticeable in any district during the year, though it is believed some of the house-breakings in Thana were committed by such persons. In Surat and Broach, Káthiáwáris were found in large numbers, but they departed with the beginning of the rains without committing any serious crimes. Referring to the case of raiding by some Bhils from Udepur, alluded to in last year's report, the matter was decided by the Border Court against the interests of the British villagers. There was no noticeable influx of foreigners to any district of the Central Division except in Khandesh, where Purbhias of Upper India gave much trouble. Among the resident criminal classes, a few bands of Kolis were active in the Ghát Tálukas of the Násik District, but were broken up by Mr. Priestley, who was placed on special duty in this connection. The Mangs and Rámoshis of Sátára were successfully kept under control by the enforcement of the provisions of Regulations XII of 1827. The Commissioner, Southern Division, refers to Pathans in Belgaum, Chapperbands in Bijápur, Kaikadis in Bijápur, Dhárwár and Kolába, Katkaris and Kolis in Kolába as having given trouble. In Bijápur a gang of Kaikadis was responsible for 7 of the heaviest dacoities committed during the year under report. About the end of that year, Dhárwár was visited by a gang of Kaikadis from Bellary and the Nizam's territory. Pathans seem to have attempted to enter Ratnágiri. They were, however, warded off above the Ghats by the villagers at once informing the Police of their advent. In Sind the Lurs or Hurs are the only declared criminal class, but since the application of the Criminal Tribes Act to them, they have ceased to give trouble. In Sukkur another class of criminals called Lohar and Jafari Burdis have come to notice. They have, it is said, for years past been systematically addicted to the commission of murders, robberics and thefts, and it is apprehended that it will be soon necessary to apply the Act to them also.

48. Out of a total of 1,418 cases regarded as serious crimes, the scenes of 605 were visited by the Superintendents and Assist-Personal investigation of ant Superintendents of Police. The least activity serious crimes.

in this respect is noticeable in the Central Division, where 493 serious crimes were so left unvisited. The reasons generally assigned being that accused were known or arrested, accused confessed his guilt, &c. I am afraid that some officers are still far too prone to leave the investigation of serious cases to their subordinates, and either do not proceed to the scenes of crimes at all, or, if they do, pay a hurried flying visit which for the purpose of directing and controlling the investigation is of no practical value whatever. The following remarks made by the District Magistrate, Thana, and quoted by the Commissioner, Northern Division, practically re-echo the instructions which are laid down in detail in the Police Manual for the guidance of officers, and which I regret to say I have had too frequently during the year under report to invite the attention of Superintendents and Assistants who have failed to personally investigate such as they ought.

"It is not always wise to accept the local officer's report that a confession has been made and the facts are clear, for confessions are often retracted when it is too late to follow up links in the chain of evidence, which has been let slip on the supposition that the confession needed little evidence to support it. I would reiterate the remark that cases in which a confession is said to have been made constitute the very class in which the higher officers' presence is most required, to insure the confession is genuine and voluntary."

Adverting to rule (4) on pages 322 and 323 of the Police Manual of 1902, I give below the names of probationers and Assistant Superintendents of Police (not in independent charge) who investigated cases shown against them. ∎ 58**1—**5

Mr. Vincent (Khándesh)	••	Three cases, of which 2 ended in conviction and one in discharge.
Mr. Rushton (Khándesh)	••	Six cases, of which one ended in conviction, one in discharge, 2 are pending and 2 remained undetected.
Mr. Dudley (Khándesh)	••	Two cases, both ended in conviction; also assisted the District Superintendent of Police in investigating a case of robbery.
Mr. Clarke (Poona)	••	Nine cases, of which 6 ended in conviction, one remained undetected, 2 were pend- ing.
Mr. Wilson	• •	None, but assisted the District Superintend- ent of Police in investigating 4 cases of murder, of which 2 ended in conviction.
Mr. Culloch (Karáchi)	••	Six cases, 4 convicted, 2 dismissed.
Mr. Gordon	•	Was exempted by the Commissioner in Sind, as he had served 3 years as an Inspector.

Messrs. Gadney and Holman were for the greater part of the year under report in independent charge of the districts of Sukkur and Upper Sind Frontier, respectively, and though they entered upon the investigation of important cases while they were Assistants in the districts of Hyderabad and Sukkur, respectively, they did not conduct or conclude the investigations in the manner laid down by Government.

49. The inspection of Police stations and outposts by Superintendents Inspection of Police stations and outposts. And Assistant Superintendents of Police is reported to have been on the whole sufficient. Out of 412 Police stations and 1,327 outposts in the whole Presidency,

349 Police stations and 996 outposts were visited and inspected. This shows a slight falling off as compared with the previous year. The Commissioner in Sind observes that the amount of inspection done was as much as Superintendents of Police and Assistant Superintendents of Police were able to do. On Railways, out of 44 Police stations and 244 outposts, 41 Police stations and 234 outposts were visited and inspected.

50. Shops licensed to deal in arms and ammunition are returned at 328,* the same as in the previous year. Of these, 220 were

Inspection of Arms and Ammunition Shops. The largest number (172) of shops is in the Central Division, the fewest (27) in the Northern Division; Sind has 50 and the Southern Division 79. The number of licenses issued for arms including fire-arms was 3,052 in the Northern Division, 3,506 in the Central Division and 2,941 in Sind. The figures for the Southern Division are not given.

In 117 cases, prosecutions were instituted under the Arms Act and convictions obtained in 88. As the complete information on this point is not available, it is impossible to compare this year's figures with those of the previous year.

51. There were 8 Court prosecutors working in the Presidency Proper during the year under review, 3 in the Northern

Court prosecutors. Division, 4 in the Central Division and one in the Southern Division, 2 additional Court Prosecutors having been sanctioned in that year, one for Kaira and the other for Belgaum. These officers conducted 656 cases, 538 of which ended in conviction, or 82 per cent., as compared with 78 in 1901. Towards the close of the year under report another Court Prosecutor's appointment was sanctioned provisionally for the Násik District. The need for Court Prosecutors for Dhárwár and Sholápur has been represented to the Commissioners, Southern Division and Central Division. There are no Court Prosecutors on Railways and probably none in Sind.

[•] Supplementary Statement No. II. appended to the report shows 352. The difference of 24 is due to discrepancies in the Southern Division and in Sind between the figures given in the report and the statement.

52. The system of Court Jamadars is not in force on Railways, nor does Court Jamadars. it appear to be in force in Sind. The number of such officers employed in the Presidency Proper during the year under report was 226 and total number of cases conducted by them was 6,058 as compared with 6,358 in the previous year. The percentage of convictions to cases conducted by these Jamadars was 79 as against 82 in the previous year.

53. Training Schools were open in most districts, in some cases throughout the year, and in others for broken periods, as cir-

Training Schools. Gumstances permitted. With the disappearance of famine and other disturbing conditions, these Schools will now, there is reason to hope, settle down to regular work. Considering the unsettling course of events since the schools came into existence, the progress made has on the whole been encouraging. In Sind, the schools were established at Karáchi and Jacobábád in 1902, where every recruit, before being sent out for duty, is required to go through a training in Law and procedure.

54. In Sind, the drill of the Armed Police is reported to be generally good. Drill. Drill. That of the Mounted Police, except those at Headquarters and of the Unarmed Police is poor for want of sufficient reserves.

I have observed a distinct and steady improvement in drill at the Headquarters of districts. At talukas and out-posts, the drill of the Unarmed and Armed still leaves much to be desired. I take inspection parades and drill while on tour, at which defects coming under my notice are pointed out to Superintendents and to the officers and men concerned.

55. With the exception of Khandesh, which was exempted on account of Ball Practice. Ball Practice. Ball Practice. Ball Practice. Bresidency Competition for prizes. further declined from 774 to 705 during the year under report. falling off is probably due to men, being largely employed for long periods on special duty, preventing their receiving sufficient musketry instruction. The number of men qualifying as marksmen has also (probably owing to the same cause) proportionately decreased from 272 to 226 in 1902.

The first Presidency prize in the Foot Police competition was carried off by Thána and in the Mounted Police competition with revolvers, by Poona. Sind had a separate Annual Shooting Competition, with the S. B. weapon, the first prize being won by the Karáchi Police and the 2nd, 3rd, and 5th, by the Hyderabad Police. In the Mounted Police competition, the Hyderabad Police won the first two prizes, the 3rd being carried off by a Sowar of the Sukkur District. In the competition with special rifles, all three prizes were won by the Hyderabad District. Marksmanship in Sind has improved, the number of marksmen having increased from 329 to 371 in the year under report. The Railway Police did not enter for any shooting competition.

56. The condition of accoutrements, to the inspection of which I give Condition of Arms and Accoutrements. Accoutrements. Accoutrements and Accoutrements.

viceable. The old S. B. which were getting worn out have now been ordered to be replaced by M. H. arms, and with this improved arm it is hoped there will be a marked improvement in future years in the shooting of the men. During the year, armourers' shops were opened in some districts and are gradually being introduced in all districts for the execution of ordinary repairs.

57. Some progress was made in the matter of Police buildings during Police Buildings. In the Northern and Central Divisions, Rs. 64,981 were spent on original works and Rs. 10,591 on repairs; but no information on the subject has been furnished by Southern Division and Sind. 115 Police Stations and out-posts that were

damaged by the cyclones in the Karáchi District in Sind, are being repaired at

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a cost of Rs. 13,000. Quarters are required in every division, and especially in the Southern Division and on Railways, where their want is greatly felt.

59. Escapes from Polico custody numbered 133 as compared with 166 in Escapes and Recaptures. 1901 and 250 in 1900. The number recaptured was 88 in the year under report. The percontage of recaptures to escapes during the year is 66 as against 81 in the previous year.

59. In 199 cases the village Police inclusive of Pagis in Sind, were reward-

Village Police. Punished for deriliction of duty. And opinions made in past year regarding this body of village servants.

60. During the year, about 2,66,795 summonses and warrants were served Miscollancous work done by the Police. by the Police and 35,533 stray dogs killed. Of the latter number, 19,232 were in Sind. The number of stray dogs given as killed does. not represent the figure for the whole Presidency as information for some districts is not available.

The Railway Police enquired into 3,329 missing goods cases, of which 60 only turned out subsequently to be cases of thefts. There is, I am glad to say, a continued and steady decline in the number of missing goods cases referred to the Police for enquiry.

Concluding Remarks.

61. The salient features of the year's crime and work may be summarised as follows:—

(1) In Khandesh, the operations against dacoits were brought to a close by the capture of the dacoit leaders, Arjunia, Himtya and Vishram, and by the capture or disposal of their gangs. The good work done in this connection by officers and men were duly recognized in various ways.

(2) At the beginning of the year under report, Koli gangs under the leadership of Gogia Gowari and others began to give considerable trouble on the ghauts, committing during the year 11 dacoities, 6 murders, 1 robbery, and 1 theft. Special Police Parties under Mr. Priestley were deputed to put down these gangs, and succeeded in accounting for 15 of the gangs, 3 were shot dead, 4 were captured and hanged, 5 were sentenced to transportation for life and 1 to imprisoment for 10 years.

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(3) Daji Vithu Sinde, a Maratha, against whom, the Poona Police proposed to proceed for unlawful possession of arms having murdered a Police Constable went into outlawry, when he was joined by others, and the gang committed several murders and harassed the country side for months. He was eventually captured by Mr. Priestley, after the close of the year.

(4) Two cases of human sacrifice took place in the Poona District during the year. In one, a child was killed, and in the other, a man was murdered, in the hope of finding secret treasure. In both cases, the accused were discharged or acquitted.

(5) Sixteen Miana outlaws who were captured by the Ahmedabad Police after strenuous efforts, and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment, effected their escape from the Petlád Jail in the Baroda Territory, where they had been sent for trial on charges pending in that State and handed over to the Baroda authorities. After their escape, in spite of efforts made in various directions to effect their recapture, they made their way to Káthiáwár and were at large at the close of the year.

As regards Sind, the year under report was uneventful except for the unprecedented cyclones, in the Karáchi District, which caused damage to several Police Stations and out-posts.

With a general improvement in seasonal conditions there has been a decrease in the bulk of crime, and an appreciable falling off in serious crime of

all descriptions (particularly dacoities), as also a general improvement in percentage results in dealing with persons and cases. On the other hand there was a rise in the amount of property stolen and a falling off in the percentage of recoveries.

The Commissioner, Northern Division, remarks that the 2 outstanding facts of the year are,—(1) the famine in Ahmedabad, Kaira and Panch Maháls, which resulted in some increase of crime, but the effects of which were generally minimised by the excellent relief arrangements made by the Collectors and the Public Works Department with the active and loyal co-operation of the Police; (2) The deterioration in Thána, one patent cause of which he holds to be the frequent changes of Superintendents. The dearth of recruits generally is a pressing trouble and from every district but Kaira, there are reports of vacancies which cannot be filled.

The Commissioner, Central Division, refers to the operations in Khándesh against dacoits which were brought to a close by the capture of the leaders. Mr. Luck to whom the chief credit for the success of these operations was due, has been decorated with the Kaiser-i-Hind medal of the first class, and the good work done by other officers and men engaged under him was recognized in various ways. In Násik Mr. Priestley almost entirely freed the district of the dacoit bands which were hovering about the ghauts, and subsequently captured Daji Shinde, who with his associates had harassed the country side in the Poona District. All the districts of the division were visited by severe plague epidemics, and in various ways imposed a severe strain on the Police, which was cheerfully borne in spite of risk of infection, of which the large number of plague deaths is an indication.

The Commissioner, Southern Division, remarks he is inclined to think, that all things considered the working of the Police in that division was satisfactory during the year under report.

The Commissioner in Sind observes that that the year has been an uneventful one, except for the unprecedented cyclones in the Karáchi District.

> I have the honour to be, Sir, Your most obedient Scrvant, J. DOWN,

Inspector General of Police.

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APPENDIX REFERRED TO IN PARA 4.

Northern Division.

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		PEBIOD.			
Distrtct.	Names of Officers.	From	То		
(Superintendents. Mr. R. P. Lambert Ráo Bahádur Mansukram		24th September 1902. 7th November 1902.		
	Mulji. Mr. R. P. Lambert	8th November 1902	31st December 1902.		
Abmedabad {	Assistant Superintendents. Ráo Bahádur Mansukram Mulji.	1st January 1902	31st December 1902.		
	Extra Assistant Superintendent.				
	Khán Sáheb Maneksha Dhunjisha.	4th May 1902	Slst October 1902.		
Bronch	Superintendent. Mr. II. R. Hume	The whole	Vear.		
Kaira	Superintendent. Mr. D. G. Ommanney		year.		
	Superintendents.				
Panch Mahála		5th February 1902	4th February 1902. 11th February 1902.		
	Mr. J. W. Fellows	12th February 1902	31st December 1902.		
Surat {	Superintendents. Mr. J. V. Cooke " H. M. Gibbs		12th March 1902. Slst December 1902.		
	Superintendents.				
(Khan Bahadur R. H. Kot wal.	- 1st January 1902	5th January 1902.		
		6th January 1902 10th February 1902	9th February 1902. 13th May 1902.		
Thána {			26th May 1902. 15th June 1902.		
	Mr. F. A. M. H. Vincent. Khán Bahádur R. H. Kot wal.		4th August 1902. 10th October 1902.		
	Mr. L. H. Spence " F. L. Goldsmid	11th October 1902 1st December 1902	30th November 1902. 31st December 1902.		

District.	Names of Officers.	Ры	эр.	
7) 180 J IC 0,		From	То	
Th & n a-con- tinued.	Assistant Superintendents. Khán Bahádur R. H. Kot- wal. Mr. L. H. Spence ,, G. H. White	1st Jaunary 1902 30th October 1902 18th November 1902 .	29th October 1902. 17th November 1902. 31st December 1902.	

	
Northern	Division-continued.

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Centi	ral.	Di	rt 8	ion.	

		Superintendent.		
Ahmednag	ar	Mr. A. H. M. Ostreham	1st January 1902	Slst December 1902.
		Superintendents.	· ·	
	ſ	Mr. W. H. Luck ,, H. Pogson		3rd June 1902. Slst December 1902.
		Assistant Superintendent, E. D.		•
		Mr. K. C. Rushton	1st January 1902	Slat December 1902.
Khándesh]	Assistant Superintendent, W. D.		
		Mr. F. A. M. H. Vincent . ,, G. H. White	12th June 1902	11th June 1902. 15th November 1902.
•		"O. E. Dudley … Risaldar S. K. Bapat …	16th November 1902. 18th November 1902.	17th November 1902. 31st December 1902.
		Additional Assistant Superintendent.		
	l	Risaldar S. K. Bapat	1st January 1902	17th November 1902.
	•	Superintendents.		
	ſ	Mr. G. H. White "W. H. Luck	lst January 1902 5th June 1902	4th June 1902. 31st December 1902.
Násik	{	Assistant Superintendent.		
	Į	Mr. E. Priestley	April 1902	31st December 1302.
		Superintendents.		
	ſ	Mr. R. MacTier , W. M. F. Clarke	1st January 1902 2nd Septembor 1902	1st September 1002. 30th September 1902.
Poona	{	"M. Kennedy Assistant Superintendent.	1st October 1902	31st December 1902.
	l		lst January 1902	31st December 1902.

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Distric t.			Per	NOD.
		Names of Officers.	From	То
Sátára	{	Superintendents. Mr. T. G. Foard ,, E. V. Mackay Assistant Superintendent.		10th February 1902. 31st December 1902.
		Mr. E. Priestley	1st January 1902	4th April 1902.
Sholápur	{	Superintendents. · Mr. F. L. Goldsmid ,, W. A. Dubois	lst January 1902 30th May 1902	

·				
Belgaum	·{	Superintendents. Mr. II. M. Gibbs ,, G. N. R. Lambert ,, R. MacTier	lst January 1902 8th March 1902 8th September 1902	7th March 1902. 7th September 1902. 31st December 1902.
Bijápur	•••	Superintendent. Mr. J. B. W. Biddle	The whole	year.
Dhárw ár	{	Superintendents. Mr. J. W. Fellows ,, C. C. Boyd, District Magistrate. ,, Digby Davies Assistant Superintendent. Mr. G. N. R. Lambert	 1st January 1902 2nd February 1902 11th February 1902 15th September 1902 . 	Ist February 1902. 10th February 1902. 31st December 1902. 31st December 1902.
Kanára	•••	Superintendent. Mr. J. B. Jenkins	. The whole	year.
Kolába	{	Superintendents. Mr. F. C. Griffith Ráo Babádur S. C. Chitnis. Mr. F. A. M. H. Vincent.	1st January 1902 20th September 1902 9th October 1902	19th September 1902. 8th October 1902. 31st December 1902.
Ratnágiri	{	Superintendents. Mr. C. S. Marston , J. K. N. Kabraji, Dis- trict Magistrate. , T. S. Greenaway	1st January 1902 1st June 1902 2nd June 1902	31st May 1902. 31st December 1902.

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		Period.						
District	Names of Officers.	From	To					
	Superintendent.							
ſ	Mr. T. J. B. Thatcher	lst January 1902	31st December 1002					
Karáchi {	Assistant Superintendents.							
l	Mr. R. L. McCulloch " S. F. Ellis	1st January 1902 29th November 1902 .	81st December 1902 Do.					
•	Superintenden's.		•					
ſ	Mr. E. H. Ingle ,, A. H. Gordon ,, K. A. Reinold	lst January 1902 8th October 1902 3rd November 1902 .	7th October 1902. 2nd November 190 31st December 190					
Hyderabad {	Assistant Superintendents.	••						
	Mr. F. M. Gadney , A. II. Gordon	1st January 1902 11th July 1902	22nd April 1902. 31st December 100:					
	Superintendents.							
Sukkur	Mr. J. A. Guider ,, II. C. Mules ,, F. M. Gadney	1st January 1902 20th September 1902 3rd October 1902	19th September 19 2nd October 1902 31st December 190					
Surran	Assistant Superintendent.							
Į	Mr. W. C. Holman	1st January 1902	29th April 1902.					
	Superintendent.							
Lárkhána	Mr. E. F. Green	Throughout	the year.					
	Superintendent (ex-officio).							
	The Deputy Commissioner Thar and Párkar.	, Throughout	the year.					
Thar and Pár	Assistant Superintendents.							
· l	Mr. J. A. Wallinger ,, F. M. Gadney ,, F. C. Griffith	24th April 1902	23rd April 1902. 30th September 19 31st December 190					
	Superintendent (ex-officio).							
ſ	The Deputy Commissioner, Upper Sind Frontier.	1st January 1902	31st December 190					
Upper Sind Frontier.	Assistant Superintendents.							
	Mr. K. A. Reinold	1st January 1202	30th April 1902.					

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Ra	ilways.	
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	Railways.	۷	
		Peri	od.
District.	Names of Officers.	From	То
	Superintendents.		
G. I. P. Railway	Mr. H. J. H. Henderson	lst January 1902.	8th February 1902.
	". F. G. Collet "	. 9th February 1902,	
	", T. G. Foard	17.L Dahman	
	Superintendents.		
B. B. & C. I. Rail-	Mr. M. D. Daetor		21st January
way.	", W. A. Heyland	1902. . 22nd January 1902.	1902. 31st Dccember 1902.
<u></u>	Superintendents.	-	·
RM. Railway	Mr. J. R. Tregcar	1st January 1902.	31st December 1902.
	Assistant Superintendents, Induro.		
	Mr. T. S. Greenaway ,, J. W. Pett, Inspector, i temporary charge.	. 1st January 1902. n 30th May 1902	29th May 1902. 3rd June 1902.
	,, C. S. Marston	4th June 1902	31st December 1902.
	Bandikui.		
	Mr. W. Høyter i	1st January 1902.	31st December 1902.
	Superintendent.	-	
S. M. Railway	Mr. C. A. B. Bootter	Throughout	the year.

APPENDICES.

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(ii)

STATEMENT

		1 ART 1		<i></i>			<u>1</u>	
Serial Number-	Law under which puulwhable,	Description of Crime,	Number remaining for disposal from previous year.	Number of complaints and cases instituted and more instituted and mote by a Magistrate.	Number of complaints dismissed after examining the complainant (Section 203, Criminal Procedure Code).	Number of cases referred for investiga- tion to the Police.	Number otherwise investigated before issue of process,	Number dismissed after Investigation under Section 203, Criminal Proceedure Code.
1	2	8	•	Ġ	6	7	8	9
1	115 117 118, 119	committed, etc. Abetting commission of cognizable offence by public, etc.				••••		•••
		Total	•••			•••	••••	•••
2 8 8 3 5	<i>Tranqūilli</i> 131 to 130, 138 231 to 254 253 to 2634	Navy. Offences relating to coin Offences relating to stamps				 ₂		 ₂
30 30	467 and 471 489A to 489D	Promissory Notes. Offences relating to Currency Notes	1	4	1 	•••	, 1 	***
4	212, 216 and 216A , 224, 225, 225B and	and Bank Notes. Harbouring an offender Other offences against public justice.		· 2 38	•••		1	2
6	226.	Rioting or unlawful assembly	51	814	128	87	61	96
7	159.	Personating public servant or soldier		8				
	410, 170, 174							
		Total	58	. 875	130	42	63	100
8 9 10 11 12 13	302, 803, 396 {	Murder by thugs Murder by thugs ,, dacoits , robbers , poison Attempts at murder,		1 1 6 8	···· ···· ···· 2	1 1 1	9 10 9 70 9 80 9 80 9 80 9 80	1 1
14 15	804, 3 08 876	Culpable homicide Rape by a person other than the husband.	1 4	78	2	1		 1 6
16 17	877 317, 318	Unnatural offences Exposure of infants or concealment	6+1 8=5		· • 1	•••	•••	•••
18	305, 306, 809	of birth. Attompt at, and abetment of,	***	. 8		1	•••	•••
19	829, 831, 833	extorting property or confession	***	3	1	•••	1	1
20 21		or deterring public servant. Grievous hurt Administering stupefying drugs to	11 	114 1	3	9	8 	8
22	827, 830, 832	cause hurt. Hurt for purpose of extorting pro- perty or confession or deterring	4	32	6	8	4	6
23 24		public servant. Hurt by dangerous weapon	8	106	10	8	12	13
25	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction Wrongful confinement and re- straint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	10 	113 • 11	28 1	23 9	8 3 	46 1
92		extortion. Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.		1	***	***	•••	 .
27 28		Habitually dealing in slaves Oriminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit		 171	10	10	9	"1 1
29	304A, 338	theft or wrongfully confine. Rash or negligent act causing death	1	7	3		1	1
Ī	ļ	or grievous hurt. Total	64	598	68	60	66	96
		1			·	<u>ب</u>		

RETURN OF COGNIZABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR

PART I .- Return of Cases instituted by Complaint

(iii)

1902 FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, INCLUDING SIND AND RAILWAYS. to a Magistrate or by a Magistrate suo motu in the year 1903.

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ration		after tri to be m	ld that	NUMBE	ан ор Со маттар 1	GAIRTAR	3 O7733 38 7815	іс на сом- D.	a that were at close of		2.3 and 2.9,	Crimin				
oder lovestig car.	for trial.	 Court 	the Court he Tence only '	Not refe the Poi invention	iice for gation.	Beferred Police Investi	e for gation,	nvictions to 15 and 16.	hie offences i on or trial at	ithdrawn		Bection 217,				
Number of cases under investigation at the end of the year.	Number remaining for trial.	Number declared by a Court pever to have occurred or takes of law or fact.	Number in which the Court held that a mon-cognizable offence only was com- mitted.	Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Ending in convic- tion.	Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Ending in sourie- tion.	Percentage of convictions total of columns 15 and 16.	Number of cornizatie offeree that under intestigation or trial at ck the year.	Compounded and withdrawn.	Dispond of under Rections Criminal Procedure Code,	Disposed of ander Section 217, Criminal Procedure Code.	Transferred.	Died.	Letapel	Without detail.
9(a)	10	11	12	13	16	16	16	17	18	19	30	, 11	11	n	36	28
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•••	2			1	1											
•••	42	•••	2	17	18	2	•••	•••	• 5				•••			
9	632	•••	1	493	47	25	G	19.85	69	6		•••	2			3
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10	693		3	522	71	27	6	18-18	66	6			8			8
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1	113 1	•••	•••	61 1	21 •••	•••	8	100.00	9	38	•••		•••		•••	2
3	21		•-•	10			•••			•••		•••	•••	•••		***
		199	•••	10		1	1	50°00	6	•••	•••	•••		***		***
2	89		2	37	8	4	1	20-00	5	32	1	***	•••			8
7	42 8	••• •••		30 5	5 2	 		100-00	14	•••	••• •••	 	•••	• • • •	···•	

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•	103	***	•••	69	52	5	2	23-67	16	1	1	••		•••	•••	•••
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STATEMENT

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Serial Namber.	Law under which punishabio,	Description of Crime.	Number remaining for disposal from previous year.	Number of complaints and cases instituted suo mots by a Magistrate.	Number of complainta dismissed after examining the complainant (Section 203, Criminal Procedure Code).	Number of cases referred for investigation to the Police.	Number otherwise investigated before issue of process.	Number dismissed after investigation under Section 203, Criminal Procedure Code.
1	2	8	4	6	6	7	8	9
30 81 82	CLARS 111.—Se and Iroperty 305, 397, 398 309, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity. Robbery with hurt { by poisonous or stupofy- ing drugs.	_	′19 1 	- 1	 	••••	11
33	302, 303	Robbery { tween sumet and sumet for sumet and sumet for sumet and sumet and sumet and sum the	, ¹	20 19	5 1	10 5	···· ···· 7	2 8 14
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to		· 6 8	72 123	13 19	25 11	16 12	85 23
33	433, 435 to 440. 428, 429	fences. Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.	8	00	7	9	5	6
30	454, 455, 407 lo 400 .	Lurking bouse-trespass- or house- breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made pre- paration for hurt.		70	1	8	8	14
37	419 to 452	House-trespass with view to com- nit an offence, or having made		52	5	2	1	. 1
88	412, 413	preparation for burt. Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	I	3	1-4	•••	•••	٦
89	311, 400, 401			2			•••	301
	CLARS IV Mi	Total nor Offences against the Person.	43	472	56	81	49	114
40 41	341 to 344 336, 837	Wrongful restraint and confinement Rash act causing hurt or endanger- ing life.	17 	405 4	50 1	49 1	22 	70
42	874	Compulsory labour						·
	CT LOD V Minu	Total		409	<u> </u>		22	70
43		Lurking house-trespass or house-	1	22	1	4	2	5
41	270 to 922	breaking.	25	289	34	21	50	58
43 43a	406 to 408 409	Theft ordinary Criminal breach of trust Criminal breach of trust by public servant or by banker, etc.	54	1,200 886 96	118 134 11	287 215 5	93 168 8	261 334 8
46 46a 47 48	419, 420 447, 448	Receiving stolen property	8]5 63	147 317 1,756 12	5 60 129 2	16 36 68 1	4 68 47	8 80 82 1
1	1	Total	274	4,815	524	653	410	837
	T	utal of Indian Penal Code cases	458	7,169	829	886	640	1,217
		r Offences not specified abore.						
49 60	295 to 297 Cases under Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Offences against religion	6 61	10 432	3	5 15	1 2	6 5
51 53 53 54 55	Cegnizable offences under the Act	Offences against Gambling Acts Excise Laws Opium Laws Railway Laws Salt and Custom	 19 3 10) 3 203 22 145	··· 3 1 ··•	 11 27	 	••• ••• •••
56	specified opposite.	Laws. Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878).	10	494 22	•••	2	 1	•••

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tigation a		after triat to be mis-	held that a was com-	Nсывь 	в о р Сој М1 т твр	GNIZADI. THAT W	07753 688 781		t clime of		and 2.	Crimica				
inder inves	or trial.	 Court 	the Court I nee only	the Fo Investi-	gation.	Poli investi	d to the ce for igntions	wirtions to and 16.	de affences that or trial at clu	hd rawn.	ertinu 23 Cole	ectin 267,				
Number of enses under investigation at the end of the year.	Number remaining for trial.	Number devlared by a Court never to have occurred or takes of law or fact.	Number in which the Court non-cognizable offence only witted.	Ending In discharge or acquittal.	Ending in convic- tion.	Ending in discharge or acquittal,	Ending in convic- tion.	Perrentase of convictions total of culumns 15 and 16.	Number of cornizable under investigation o the year.	Compounded and withdrawn.	Dispeed of ander extin Unmined Procedure Liele	Dispard of anker of Fracedure Cola	Traitarel.	Ŀiel.	Fa-jel.	جنمايا بدياريا
9(1)	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	Ŷl	22	23	24	28
_						I										
1		•••	*** ***		 	•••	•••	•••	4	•••	··· ···	•••	•••• ••••	•••	•••	· • •
***	1		•••		***	•••	•••		•••			•••	•••		•••	•••
•••	•••							••••	•••			•••		•••		
2 	6 4	·	- 115 - 126	4 3	1	 	1 	100·00 •••	2		 					•••
4	26			17	5	2	1	83.83	5	•••		•••_				
8 , 9	86 82	1		60 41	14 84	6 1	1	14.28	6 7	•••		1		•••• 		
	60	•••		24	82	8		•••	1	•••		····				
1	46	2		31	12	•	1	100-(0	3							
***	4	•••	•••	2	1			•••	1	•••		•••				
•••	2	•••	•••		2											
14	331	3		187	109	12	4	25.00	29			1		·	1	2
1	301 8	••••	1 1	109	26 1	6	5	45'45	12 	110 1	1	8				30
	304	·	 	 209	<u></u> 27	<u></u>	<u></u>				<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
		····				7	5	41.00	13		1	3			<u> </u>	30
1	16		2	9	4	1		***	3			•••	•••			
2 16 19 	220 997 420 84	 2 1	1 8 	84 316 288 41	114 524 58 27	5 65 17 	4 36 5 3	44-44 34-61 22-72 100-00	15 67 63 10	 2 2 	••• 	 1 2 	2	···· 1	 1 	· • • • · • •
1 5 2	141 187 1,605 9	*** ***	 '''' 	47 120 555 8	76 31 224 1	2 5 10	8 1 2	80-00 16 63 16-0	7 22 54	 10 273	···· 11	 41 	·	1	3	
46	3,679	3	12	1,471	1,059	105	69	85-32	241	587	11	41	2	2	4	137
59	5,487	6	18	2,530	1,377	163		33 73	408	756	14	45	4	2	5	177
··· 7	7 473	···	 	6 79	 314	 2	 10	63-33		1 14	•	•••	 		Ť	
• • • • • • • • •	13 219 21 147	•••	••• •••	2 31 6 4	11 356 15 335	 1 	 10 	90-90 50-90	 8 	 12 		• •	•••• •••	 1 		
•••	504	•••	•••	51	450	3 1	25 1	59+29 50+00	 1	•••		•••	· •••	···•	1	••••
***	24	•••		1	20	2			1			•	•			

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STATEMENT

Rrial Numters	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Number remaining for disposal from previous year.	Number of complaints and ceses insti- tuted suo motu by a Magistrate.	Number of complaints dismissed after examining the complainant, Scotion 203, Criminal Procedure Code.	Number of cases referred for investiga- tion to the Police.	Number otherwise investigated lefore issue of process.	Number dismissed after investigation under Section 203, Criminal Procedure Codo.
1	3	8		5	6	7	8	• 9
67	CLASS VIOther 269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 280, 289, 291 to 294, section 34 of Act V of 1661, and offences under any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	2	130	2	1	••••	1
53	Offences under other special and local laws declared to be cognizable. . (Detail.)	Criminal Procedure Code V of 1398, Forest Act VII of 1878	 56 8 	4 1,615 18 5 1 2 2 1 9 8 8 86 7 18	7	4	···· 2 1 ····	··· 4 ··· 3 ··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··
		Total of Class VI	162	8,197	19	67	7	20
		GRAND TOTAL	•618	10,366	848	. 953	647	1,237

* The difference between the total of column 4 of this statement and that of column 18 of the previous year's is due to the erroneous inclusion of 5 cases in the previous year's is due to the course line of the contral Division and to the consistion of 10 cases in Sind from this year's statement, as they have all been shown in dormant flag.

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(vii)

A-concluded.

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•	gation af		or trial. r a Court after trial utred or to be mis- t.	eld that .	NUMBER OF COGRIEARLE OFFENCES COMMITTED THAT WEES THIRD.				BD.	trial and		and 1%	Criatu				
	ndor invosti r	for trial.		the Court b Tence only	Not referred to the Police for investigation.		Referred to the Police for investigation,		rictions to and Id.	comizable offenses investigation or tri year.	bd a to	e Cole.	ection 217, Crimina				
	Namber of cases under investigation the end of the year.	Number remaining for trial.	Number declared by a fourt after never to have occurred or to be takes of law or fact.	Number in which the Court held that a non-cognizable offence only was coun- mitted.	Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Ending in convic- tion.	Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Ending in convic- tion.	Percentage of convictions total of columns 15 and 10.	Number of comi were under inves close of the year.	Compounded and withdrawn	Dispuel of spike actions (3) Criminal Providura Coda.	Disposed of under Frocedure Codes	Trusterred.	Died.	Eastrel	Without detail
	0(a)	10	11	12	38	15	15	10	17	18	19	90	21	23	23	26	25
		129	•••		16	99	1	8	75 [.] 00	4	5				•••	•••	1
	ter	4					2	2	50-00			•••	•••		4+5		•••
	2 	1,658 19 2 1 2	1	••• ••• ••4 •• • •• •	277 3 	1,142 14 2 1 2	•••• ••• •••	 		53 1 	180 	•••	8 	۲ ••• •••	1	•••• ••• •••	92
	***	2	***	•••	•••	2		•••		•••	111		•••	•••	•••		
	•••• •••• ••••	1 9 8 39 7	402 400 400 400	400 709 740 84 <u>8</u>	1 5 8 9 8	 5 80 4	144 444 444 444 444	+ 5 5 + 4 5 4 5 5 + 4 5 + 4 5 + 4 5 + 4 5	1 949 8-1 948 449	 	6-18 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18	••• ••• •••	800 968 968 408 409	••• ••• ••• •••	••• ••• ••• •••	••• ••• ••• •••	15 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5
ŧ	•••	18	•••	•••	8	15		•••	•••		•••	•••	•••				
•	9	8,811	1		500	2,401	12		80.05	127	219	••••	8	2	2	7	3
	98	†8 , 798	7	18	3,036	8,778	177	135	43-26	535	968	14	51	6	•	12	180

† This number does not include 3 cases transferred from the file of Mr. C. M. Thatte, late Honorary Magistrate, Nasis. Their farther disposal is not known.

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C. A. B. BEATTY, for Inspector-General of Police.

(viii)

STATEMENT

(RETURN OF COGNIZABLE CRIME FOR THE

PART II.-Return of Persons concerned in cases instituted

·				P PEBSONS T WHOM I INSUED,		BEB OF SONS				
Serial Number,		Description of Crime.	Wärrant. Summons,		Against Summons whom comply		Number of persons appearing before Court (either personally of by Pleader).	Number concerned in cases pending at beginning of yoar.	Total before Courts.	
1	3	8	4	5	8	7	8	9	10	
1	115 117 118, 119	Abetment of cognizable offence net committed, &c Abetting commission of cognizable offence by public, &c Concealing design to commit cog- nizable offence, &c	•••	•••	••••	••••	•••	····	•••	
	l CLABS I.—Offences Tranguillity, S	Total against the State, Public Safety and Justice.		<u> </u>						
2 8 3a 3b 3c 4 5 6	131 to 130, 138 231 to 251 255 to 203 A 467 and 471 489A to 489 D 212, 216 and 216 A 224, 225, 225 B and 226 143 to 153,*157, 158,	Offences relating to Army and Navy	10 4 11 26 2,475	 13 1,897	1 84	··· ··· ··· ··· 26	 9 4 11 2 89 4,312	 	 9 4 12 2 42 4,591	
7	159. 140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	8	1	•••		9		. 9	
	Cr. Lan II — Saniou	Total • Offences against the Person.	2,536	1,911	- 35	26	4,386	279	4,669	
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	302, 303, 396 (307 304, 308	Murder { by thugs by dacoits poison Other murders Attempts at murder Culpable homicide Rape by a person other than the		····	 	···· ··· ··· ···	 10 6 6	1 5 2 1 1	1 5 3 11 6 7	
16 17	377 317, 318	husband	7 3	 1	•••	•••	 4	8 	15 4	
18 19	305, 306, 309 329, 331, 333	Attempt st, and abetment of, suicide	6	2	•••	•••	8	•	8	
20 21 22		or deterring public servant Grievous hurt Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt		6 201 	• • •	2	4 263 1	••• 85 •••	4 298 1	
23	201	Hurt for purpose of extorting pro- perty or confession or deterring public servant	42 60	28 190		•••	` -70 246	11 2	81 248	
24 25	303 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extor-	137	13	8	8	134	10	144	
26		tion	13 	21 5	•••	***	34 5	•••	S1 5	
27 28	871 353, 354 358, 357	Habitually dealing in slaves Criminal force to public servaut or woman, or in attempt to com-	••• 961	•••	•••	•••		•••		
29	301 4, 339	mit theft or wrongfully confine Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt	261 4	133	4	5	3S3 6	19 1	404 7	
		Total	619	602	16	15	1,190	96	1,286	

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YEAR 1902, FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, INCLUDING SIND AND RAILWAYS).

by complaint to a Magistrate or by a Magistrate suo motu.

Number lischarged or cequitted.	Number convicted (including thuse prdered to give security for good behaviour).	Percent- age of number eonvicted on total of Columns 11 sud 12.	Number under trial at close of the year.	Com- pounded and withdmwn	Disposed of underfections 253 and 259, Criminal Procedure Code.	Disposed of under Soction 237, Crimi- nal Procedure Coda,	Trans- • forred.	a Escaped	Died doring trial.	Appeared without the issue of Process,	Diret beforo trial.	Rowans
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		20	9 1	22	23
			•,•		***				+=+		****	
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									¦			
5	,	44.44	•••				•••					
4	4	14.43	•••	• • • •	•••		•••	***	•••	•••	•••	
2	•••		10		•••			•••				
1	1	50.0	***			•••		•••			1	
20 8,743	17 360	45·94 8·77	5 891		•••		3	···· 5	····	····	•••	
6	3	1	[ł
3,781	385	33·33 9·23	***		····	<u> </u>			 			-
		8.23	406	89	````		8	5				
3		40	1			•••	***	***	··· ,			
	•••		*** ***		•••	***	***		···· *			}
3 7		36-36	· · · ·		•••	+++ +++						1
3 1	3 1	50°0 50°0			•••	•••		***	•••			ļ
7	. 8	53-33	***									
* -7											•••	
2	' 2	50.0	***					•••			•••	
1	7	87 5	•••				•-•	***	•••		•••	
••• ·		(4	í ,							•	Ì
	54	24-21	8		•••	•••	***	***	•••	1 1		
1		•••	•••	•••	•••							
63 114	13 18	17·10 13·63	5 18			 	834 888	8.14 1.46		 		
106	19	15-2	19			•						
12	15	05·50	7		•••				•-•		p4	l
•••	5	100-0			•••				***			
•••		***	•••	•••	***	• • •	• • •	i •••		•••		{
248	86	25•74	31	83	1			•••	•••			
<u> </u>	238	16.68	1				· 94				·	
745		24*21	- 59	200						1		

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STATEMENT

	,			P PERSONS 7 WHOM 185UBD.	NUMI Publ	BBR OF Sons			
Serial Number,	Law under which punishable,	Description of Crime.	Warrant,	Summons.	Agninst whom warrant issued bat could not be executed.	Evading service of summons or not comply- ing there- with, and whose attendance was not eventually obtained.	Number of persons appearing before Court (either personally or by Pleader).	Number concerned in cases pending at beginning of year.	Total hefore Courts.
1	3	3	6	8	6	7	6	9	10
	CLABS III Series Property, 09	a Offences against Person and against Property only.							
30 31	395, 397, 898 399, 402		4 8	···	.8	•••	45	88	83
32	394, 397, 398	by poisonous	• •••		•••				•••
33	302, 303	Robbery { in dwelling house on the highway between sunset and sanrise	10	***	····	···· ····		•••	31
31	270, 281, 28?, 430 to	other robberies Serious mischief and cognate	83				83	- 4	87
83	433, 435 to 440. 428, 429	offences Mischief by killing, poisoning, or	138	101		2	237	23	260
3 6	454, 455, 457 to 460	maining any snimal Lurking house-trespass or house- breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made pre-	1	62	1	•••	153	11	164
37	419 to 452	paration for hurt House trespase with view to commit an offence, or having male pre-	73	15			89	7	96
38	412, 413	paration for hurt Receiving stolen property by dacoity	107	15	••••	•••	122	4	126
39	311, 400, 401	or habitually		 	····	•••	, 3 2	I	4 2
		 Total	585	193	4	2			803
	CLASS IVMinor	Offences against the Person.			¦	·		·	
	1	Wrongful restraint and confine- ment	87	573	2	12	[.] 646	17	663
42 :		ing life Compulsory labour	•••	5	•••	•••	5	···•	5
		Total	87	678	2	12	651	17	668
	CLASS VMinor C	fences against Property.						·	•
41	379 to 382	Lurking house-trespass or house- breaking Theft { of cattle ordinary Criminal breach of trast	18 291 1,468 408	6 38 467 141	 15 20 12	2 5 1	22 313 1,912 538	 36 154	22 349 2,071
454	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servant or by banker, &c.	70 167	• 19 51	92	1.0	80	43 10	55 3 90
434	419, 420 417, 418	Cheating	225 423	36 3,163 21	6 5	 1 24	218 254 3,559 21	10 17 224	223 271 3,783 21
		Total	8,070	3,941			6,917	496	7,418
		Fotal Indian Penal Code Cases	 6,896	7,225	126	88	13,919	973	14,904

(xi)

A-continued.

<u>_</u>		<u>, </u>		1								
Nomber dischargod or sequitted.	Number convicted (including those ordered to give security for good behaviour).	Percent- age of number sonvisted on total of Columns 11 and 13,	Number under trial at close of the year.	Com- · pounded and withdrawn	Dispused of under Sections \$53 and 259, Crisinal Procedure Code.	Disposed of under Section 247, Criminal Pr.codure Code.	Trans- forred,	Escaped,	Died during brial.	Appeared without the targe of process.	Elied Leforg krist,	R <i>tu</i> ara
11	13	13	14	15	. 18	17		19	20	21		
81	81	50.0	21	•••								
		•••		***	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	
	•••	 12 [.] 90			 	•••	 			•••	•••	
27 9	. 4	J0'0.			•••		•••		•••	•••	•••	
64 219	12 25	15 [.] 79 10 [.] 24	10 14		· •••	 1		···· ,	1	••••	1+4	
94	57	87.74	10	8		•••	•••			•••	 	
47	43	50*52	.1			•••				1		
87	, 13	13.0	23	8	•••	•••	•-•			4.4		
2	1	83-33	1	·	•••			•••				
	2	100.0	***	•••		•••	•••			2		
580	194	25-06	80	. 6		1		1	1		•••	
]			
260	46	- 15-03	26	824	Ş	5		•••		•••		
8	I 	25·0 	•••	1	•••		 		·	•••	••• •••	
263	47	15 16	26	825	2	5			·		•••	
11 168 1,037 448	10 168 891 80	47-81 50-0 46-21 15-15	1 13 107 39	 1x		 	 3				···· 1 ···	
66	29	83·33	6		***		•••				***	
88 189 1,462 18	133 43 450 8	60.73 19.67 23.53 14.28	8 36 122 	1,638 	···· 87	· · ·	4 9 9 9 4 4 4 4 7 9 5 8	•••• ••• •••	1 	2 	0	۰
8,175	1,809	81-23	332	1,658	53	 85	•	••••	2	9	1	
	2,673	23*20	913	2,278	 63	 91		 6		13	1	

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STATEMENT

			AGAINB	PERBONS WHOM ISSUED,	1 10-	iber op Lsons,			
Forial Num- ber,	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Warrant.	8ummons.	Against whom warrant issued but could not be executed,	Evading service of summons or not comply- ing there- with, and whose attendanco was not eventually obtained.	or hy Pleader).	Number concerned in cases pending at beginning of year.	Total before Courts,
ı	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	19
	CLASS VI.—Other	Offences not specified above.							
49 GU	295 to 297 Cases under Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Offences against religion Vagrancy and bad character	827	18 320	 83	2 16	16 687	8 74	24 774
51) 52		Offences against Gambling Act Excise Laws	9 69	14 124		1	36 217	· 18	36 235
63 64 65	Cognizable offences under the Act speci- fled opposite.	Opium Laws Railway Laws Salt and Custom	13 33	8 113	 	•••	23 151	3	23 154
56		Arms Act, 1878	108	225		•••	656	15	671
57	(269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and offences under any other muni- cipal or local laws,	Forest Act VII of 1878	- 21 8 156	8 182 3,792	***	1 	29 140 3,916	2 1 117	81 141 4,033
63	Offences under other special and local laws doclared to be coguiz- ablo.	1808 Public Conveyance Act VI of 1863. A'bkári Act V of 1878 District Municipal Act III of 1901 Registration Act III of 1877	10 1 2 *** 2	 8 24 8	*## *** *** ***		10 9 26 8 2	 	10 9 26 8 2
	(Detail.)	Native Passenger Ships Act X of 1887 Merchant Shipping Act VII of	2		•••		2		2
		1880 tamp Act II of 1899 District Police Act IV of 1890 Prevention of Cruelty to Animals	••• •=• ••B	2 1 2	••• •••	••• •••	2 1 2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2 1 2
		Act XI of 1890 Salt Act II of 1890 Police Act VII of 1867	 	7 30 18		•••• •••	7 40 18	···· 4 ··· 4	7 44 18
,		Total of Class VI	771	4,859		55	5,998	242	6,253
		GEAND TOTAL	7,667	12,084	160	143	*19,917	1,218	+21,157

The difference in the total of column 9 of this year's statement and that of column 14 of previous year's statement is due to the causes mentioned below - 27 persons were erromeously emitted from the last year's statement in the Northern Division, 3 unaccounted for in the Southern Division. 13 persons shown last year in Sind on dormant file and reappeared and sent up for trial during 1902.

(xii<u>i</u>)

A-concluded.

Number discharged or acquitted,	Number convicted (including those ordered to give security for good behaviour).	Percent- age of number convicted on total of Columns 11 and 12.	Number nnder trial at close of the year.	Com- ponuded and withdrawn.	Disposed of under Sections 353 and 259, Criminal Procedure Code.	Pisposed of under Section 247, Criminal Procedurs Code,	Trans- ferred	Ecapel.	Died during Wiel,	Appeared without the lance of process.	Net Ivfore trut	Rswarr
11	13	13		15	16	17	19	19	30	81	23	23
23 153	1 540	4-16 77-92		 20	044 949	- 14	• •••	7	•••	 89	 	
18 40	23 186	63-88 82-80	6	• 2	940 878	•••	***	•••	"1	13 26	•••	
9 19	14 135	60·86 87·66	1	•••	908 44 8	••• •••	\$4 \$	•••	484 848			
82	634	95-19	. 2	8	***	•••	***		•••	813	•••	
8 21 860	25 111 2,668	89·28 84·09 75·62	8 4 115	5 881	0-0 1-0 		···· ··· 4	•••	 	*** *** 8	*** *** ***	
4 5 6 8	6 4 19 5 2	60°0 44°44 76°0 62°50 100°0	 	 	8-06 1-15 1-16 8-04 8-04	•,• ••• •••	005 646 	 	448 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444		, , , ,	
•••	2	100-0			*	• p 1			•••			
1	2	100-0 100-0	 •r•	••• •••	4 	>+++ +++=	808 000 989	•••	 	1-0 777 871	•••• •••	
8 11 8	4 83 15	57·14 75·0 83·33	000 928 	 	 	*** ***	••• •••	•••• •••	1-17 1-18 1-18	 	 	
1,209	4,431	78.56	185	411		- 4	4	7	2	414	•••	
10,053	7,104	41 ·40	1,128	2, 689	59	95	11	13	5	457	1	

C. A. B. BEATTY, for Inspector-General of Polico.

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[RETURN OF COGNIZABLE CRIME

Part III.—Return of cases reported at a Police Station

			ce Station e) pending		REPORTE				otherwise than	(i.e. of	Not s (ACCUS) UNDER S	BRT TO BD, 17 /	MAGIE	TBATE LDAGE BIMINI	
	Law under which	Description of Crime.	od at a Folice in by the Police) ion from 1901.	by	ignted the lice			estigrated at a 5) to total.	Station Officer othe	ted by the Police	ate ordered false, mis- le.	tried	• sent f cused	h Magis for the s and tri is case,	ao- }
Serial Number.	punishabic.		Cases (originally reported at a or taken up on enspiciou by the I under Police investigation from 1	pan tì	Under Magistrate s order alter investi- gation had been refused by the Police.	Not investigated.	Total.	Percentage of cases investigated at once on report (Column 5) to total.	Cases taken up by upon report.	H	In which case to by taken, or	In which no such order w but the case was not Magistrate.	Convicted.	Not convicted.	Pending at close of the year.
-		8					8		10			13	14	15	16
ſ	116	Abetment of cognizable offence not com- mitted, &c.			•••			•••		•**			• •••		
-1	117	Abotting commission of cognizable offence					•••	•••		. ***				•••	
{	118, 119'	Concealing design to commit cognimble olience, &c.		•••	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u></u>						
·		Total -Offences against the State, Public			_ <u></u> _				<u> </u>		<u> </u>				<u> </u>
9 8 8a 36	255 to 2534	Offences relating to coin	·····	 112 8			113 8	1062° 100°	54 1 1	"170 4 1	85 3		111		
80	4SBA to 4HBD	missory Notes. Offences relating to Currency Notes and Hank Notes.					•••	•••							
4	212, 216 and 216A. 226, 236, 2268 and	Harbouring an offender		93 9			9 03	100- 100-	10 43	19 105	2 9		·		,
	200, 149 to 163, 167,		62	419	8	6	426	98-35	91	674	824			 15	
7	1 69, 169, 140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier		15			15	100•	2	17	8				
		Total	90	658	3	6	663	8 8-94	203	BC0	375	•	4	16	
	CLASS II	Serious Offences against the Persons			-			*	—			- <u> </u>			—
8 #]()]()]1	302, 803, 390	Murder		10 14 10 241		::::	10 14 10 211	100° 100° 100°	 1 8 1	 14 19 13 297	<u> </u>				
	807 804, 808	Attempts at murder	84 9 14	4L 130	 		41 13.)	100-	22	47	1 11				,
10	878	Raps by a person other than the husband		64 24			H4 24	1.0° 100*	5	88 25	48		""ı	1	••••
17 18 19	317, 316 805, 800, 800 829, 851, 833	Grievous hart for the purpose of extort- ing property or confession or deterring	- B	81 97 7	-		81 07 7	100- 100- 100-	24 45 2	116 150 8	43		1 1 1	"" ""	111
- 20	825, 326, 335		co	681	8		684	99.20	8	759	287		1	10	2
21 23	827, 330, 932	hurt. Hurt for the purpose of extorting property	18	82 82		 1	48 83	100* 09*79	3	116	27	•••	(3	 3	- 1
29 94 25	824 863 to 869 846 to 848	Wrongful confinement and restraint in	47	379 101 6			879 105 6	100- 100- 100-		439 139	147			5	R
20	878. 373	secret or for the purpose of extortion. Belling, letting, or uniawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	1	5			6	100-	3		· •				
27 2×	371 863, 864, 968, 867,	Habitually douling in slaves		830	·" 1		831	95-69		 89([·	I	10	~ 1
2 51	Sola, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death of grievous hurt.		72			72	100.	9				3	9	
	CL	Total -Serious Offraces against Person and	270	2,413	4	5	2,452	19.03	216	2,93	8 881	1	9	83	6
	Prop	erty, or against Property only,		1	1	1]	`		-	-)			
83 21 24	895, 807, 808 300, 403 806, 307, 308	Preparation and assembly for decoity		(45 6 	••• •••	1	410 5 	100	124		/		8 	.1	
83	302, 303	in dwelling house	11 18 19	89 117 143	 		89 117 144	100* 100* - 89*80	1 1 21		5 6	l			
31	270, 251, 252, 434 to 453, 435 to	other robberies	52 44	895 2:7		8	613 207	99-01 110-			9 17		1	2	
83	440, 425, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or main						ł		[ł		
80	434, 403, 437 20 1000			361 5,828		8	961 5,840	09-45 09-79						1	1
37	419 to 452	or having made preparation for hurs. House-trepara with view to commit an offenes, or having made preparation for		170			150	93-14							
	412, 413	Reviving stolen property by deculty of		ĺ.,											
36	311, 400, 401	i papituany.		11 10			11 19	100° 100°		1:		·	 1		
		\ \							-						
	:	Total	1,178	7,5-4	3	:2	7,909	81.03	626	9,69	1,832	1	8 23	39	2

(xx)

A.

FOR THE YEAR 1902.]

or taken up by the Police, in the year 1902, for the Bombay Presidency, including Sind and Railways.

Cases, other than those in Columns 12 to 16, in which the offender was not detected or appro- hended.	Cases atill under investigation by the Police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in Court at beginning of year.	Total of cases before the Courts.	Number ending in discharge or acquittal.	Number ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to total of Columns 22 and 23.	Number declared by Court after trial merer to have occurred, or to be mistakes of law or fact.	Number in which the Court held after trial that a non-organizable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at close of the year.	Number of cases in which final reports were sui- mitted by the Police to the Maximuse for the per ander report but in which final orders of Marintanes were not recared before the close of the fear.	Rumber of cases in which scensed died before trial.	Came in which accused second before trial.	Cases compounded.	Cases with Lawn.	Transferred before trial.	Trasterred during trial,	Cares in which permed Gird during trial,	Cases in which accord every of dering trial.	يقادمهما عسماحا لتعتاييه للمناه والجمار
17	18	19	3 0	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	80	20	30	81	81	83	34	34	3/1	्य
		V"		***	-14						854 PRE	•••			-					
•••	•••	•••					•••		-	•••	B## 126				***					•••
·····			494	····		•**			: - :								 		 	
		·												—						
	~ 5	120 2		128 9 1			62·39 100·	***		"i1 1		•••	984 199	684 117	•••	 			. 14 1 14 1 14	***
	*** ***	9 1	***		1		100.	- 1	***	1++	911-986 949.446		••• •••	11	 	694	•••		•••	
···· •••19				19	 6	 19	••• 66•66		1		660 pag	***	***						•••	
6	10 13	124 190	16 28	140 218	18 90	114 77	87-69 46-10	19 67	12	8 29	1 20		1	 33	1	•••		· · ·	•••	·••
1		12		12		7	63-63			_1	1									
20	30	466	58	619	161	284 	63-82	126	16	60	, 28		1	53	1			<u> </u>	***	
*** 5 1 44 9 8 3 *** 45 23 7	:4 1 :22 1 0 :4 1 : 36 3	5 11 11 174 29 110 35 14 42 101 5 364 16	**** *** *** *** *** *** *** **	19 18 19 817 32 139 139 14 14 45 105 5 307 17	 6 8 65 17 40 19 19 11 11 28 6 7	8 6 90 93 98 19 9 83 78 78 160 7	78. 78. 78. 78. 78. 78. 77. 20. 90. 90. 78. 77. 20. 90. 90. 90. 90. 90. 90. 90. 9	8 8 9 9 1 1 10 23 5 64 6		 8 1 8 19 8 4 1 44 8	 11 1 5 7 1 4 8 21 6			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1			······································			11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
8	5	79	10	89	\$3	43	66·87	81	10	6	•			•			- 1		-	
11	15 6	228 55 8	21 11 8	219 60 6	47 31 1	63 87	ホ7・27 6」・71 80・0	40 20 1	7	20 7 1	18 7 1	1		116	 	100 100 100		:		
		7	1	8		5	62.90	1	-									•	•••	· · •
5	 6	258		275	108		65-91			- 24	····- •	 	104 880	 0			Ξ		- ,	1 ma 1 ma
	. 84	55	4	69	24	28	5 3 -0	17	6		3			•					***	
1:0	119	1,690	203	1,793	614	808	61-11	401	ы	200	100	4		2:0	6	1		•	3	2
343 1 34 45 49 116 51	3 : 4 2 4 3	275 6 	144 1 6 4 19	427 7 49 36 74 173	5 540 ¹ 42	2(4) - 8 84 39 51 111	77-23 78-0 65-0 87-87 8 + 59 71-01	40 1 1 10 27	1 1 1 1 7	82 3 7 3 7 3 7			111111		2 	*			1	
21 11	14	61		50	38	비	80.00	24		•	•				•••					-··
3,193	19 473	238 1,867	13 107	239 1,994	73 341	153 1,533	67 99 81*67	10 8/4	3	• 111	20 205			1	-			— ,	·•••	 1
0	8	101	11	119	41	61	53'91	35		11		ļ								
	ı	10	8	13	6	6	for .					-	-		-	Ì			1	
	-	29		28	1	ສ	92-	1	-										-	
3,591	0:0	2,596	821	1 91-					<u> </u>			¦	·	·	-	·	-	-' 		-
				\$,217	6-10	1,277	77-59	481	19		371	1 1		16	1		·	2	1	

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(xvi)

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STATEMENT A

			ice Station be) pending		REPORTI	ID D			Officer otherwise than	lice (i.e., of	(ACC UNDE	USED, J	PANT.	BISTRAT RELBAN CRIMI ODE).	85D
	Law under which	Description of Crime.	ted at a Police I a by the Police) p on from 1901.	Po Po	tigated the lice			estigated at 5) to total.	on Officer oth	investigated by the Police (i.e., of and 10).	ate ordered s false, mis- le.	order was passed. ras not tried by	sent Cuseo	ch Mag for the d and to he case	ried
Serial Number.	punisbablo.		Cases (originally reported or taken up on suspicion b under Police investigation	Upon the report.	Under Magistrate'r order after investiga- tion had been refused by the Police.	Not investigated.	Total.	Percentage of cases investigated at once on report (Column 5) to total.	Cases taken up by Station upon report.	Total of cases investiga Columns 4, 6 and 10).	In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mis- taken, or non-cognizable.	In which no such order but the case was n Magistrate.	Convicted.	Not convicted.	Pending at close of the year.
1	3	8	6	6	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	18	14	15	18
	CLANE IV	Minor Offenose against the Person.		1			[1						i
40 41 42	941 to 944 330, 337 974	Rash act causing burt or endangering life.	23 1 	188 69 1	149 024	9 	197 69 1	95.43 100° 100°	28 10	239 80	120 17	1	¹	11 	
		Total	24	258			267	1.0.62	38	820	137	8		 	
63	4	-Minor Offences against Property.				}									
44		ing.	109 A	831 5,995		30	8 31 6 ,005	100° 99.75	8	868 4,481	60 1,874	1		 17	
45 65a	406 to 408	Theft dordinary Criminal breach of trust	1,041 81 7	10,931 607	"19 6	1 4 8	11,011 624	99·18 97·27	765	12,746 766	8,276 875	18 1 1	25 4	99 18	2 9 1
40	411, 414	vant or by banker, do.	66	929	***	1	830 830	100 [.]	47	83 1,042	9 171	ļ			414
46 a 47 65	619, 630 617, 648 601, 602		26 43 2	229 607 24	1		223 612 25	99*55 99*10 96*	29 73	271 723 26	62 387		1 9 8	5 5 6	1 ""8
		Total	1,757	17,660	28	100	17,785	99-29	1,013	20,454	6,212	27	41	 150	16
		Total of Indian Penal Code Cases	8,319	28,901		161	39,076	99-39	3,094	34,948	9,445	48	78	249	25
		-Other Offeness not specified above,		1				ļ	ļ						
49 80	205 to 207 Cases under Chap- ter VIII (B), C. P. G., and Act IX of 1874.	Offences against roligion Vagrancy and bad character	9 21	12 77	+++ ++#	***	19 77	100* 100*	3,915	14 8,013	8 51	54- 97-	· 1	 	144 144 1
51 82	Cognizable	Offences against Gambling Acts	1 29	40 1,821	 1	***	40 1,822	100° 99 94	74 638	115 9,489	' · 2 110	₉			
53 54 55	offences un- dur the Act - specified op-	Opium Laws	8	104 288	494 888	555 111	104	100	61 63	169 843	11 26		••• •••	7	1
68	posite,	Arms Aot, 1878 (II of 1878).	23	184 193	444 444		184 193	100+	270 227	468 449	6 15		••• •••		• • • •
87	240, 277, 279, 240, 253, 245,														
	286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 84	Public and local nuisances								l	ł	1	ł		
	1801, and of fine	Fuolic and local nuisances *** ***	13	123			123	100-	46	190	54	,			
	any other mu- nicipal or local laws											[[
	1	Explosives Aot	•••		•••	-			6	5					
- i	other special	Bombay Regulation XII of 1827	 1	65 8	220 898	:		100	84 93	84 179	*** ***		995 685 579		- 114 - 146 - 147
	declared to be	Police Act VII of 1867			*14 040 741	11	8 4 70	109* 100* 100*	6 	10 4 100	494 898				
	- 11	Cantonment Act	146 247	2	- 144 - 440		1	100* 100*	. 6 	8	… 1	1446 1446 1446		•••	
ļ		DOLLDRY CITY FULLOW AUX 11. 100 p.		1	<u></u> j		1	100*		1	***	***		**1	***
'. 		Total ".	99	8,016 	1		8,017	99-96	4,447	7,561	279	2	9	7	1
		GRAND TOTAL	8,417	31,917	85	1a	82,093	99-44	8,541	41, 910	9,724	50	87	256	26
 C.	olumn 4 of this year	's statement is made up of				<u> </u>						·			t

3,419 -3 erroneously included in the statements of the Presidency and Sind for last year.

3,417

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The difference of 8 between the figures in column 27 of the previous year's statement and column 20 of this year's statement is due to the addition of one cars which was omitted in the last year's statement of the Central Division and addition of two cases of 1800 in Sind which were detepted in 1902,

(**:v**:i)

-concluded.

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8,030	1,740	20,711	1,573	21, 294	2,917	16,240	80*56	3,607	t 21	1,461	3,260	•	1	86 0	41	น	1	n	34	7
64	42	7,197	574	. 7,71	909	6,071	87-08	440	9	571	20	-	+	308	11	1		,	1 4	1
		4 34 179 8 2 100 6 2 1	······································	4 86 179 8 101 0 2 1		4 80 169 6 3 84 6 1	100* 90*90 94*41 100* 93*30 83*39 100 0 100*9	1 1° 1 :° 1 !!		:" : ¹ : 1 : ¹		11111111	1111111	11111111	1 11111	11111111				
3	•	` 116	10	126	82	85	72-64	. 29	8	6			•••	3	-4			3	***	
9 18 	1 17 17 17	110 3,819 355 271 450 410	4 60 4 1 9 95	114 2,379 169 979 458 434	21 171 29 16 21 65	90 2,160 190 214 438 847	81'08 92'65 81 78 93'84 95 37 60'81	17 1/5 23 8 20 45	*1 ***	2 43 	······ 1 1 .····· 3			1			11111	1	•••• 3 ••• ••• 1 3	:;; : ;
*		R 3,062	1 459	9 8,431	4 533	3 ,280	49 85 81-u5	4 125	ana ana	1 663	0001100g 	=		194	·ï.	-	,	·•• 1	. 30	
7,966	1,698	13,575	996	14,573	3,014	10,169	77.13	2,307	111	690	1,2 40			4/13	10			14	<u></u>	-
17 19 7 8,859	9 18 1 932	164 262 19 B,4 81	20 11 2 414	194 178 14 0,895	42 87 4 1,642	109 119 10 6,767	72* 63*97 71*43 80*45	35 60 8 1,8/8	19 1 4	39 8 870	18 21 3 	1 	:: :: -	1 70 101	8 1 7		, 245 244 242 242			
83 4 19	28 3 23	257 - 21 797	17 1 44	274 29 841	82 6 203	108 14 590	67*20 70`0 74`40	77 5 165	د ۰۰۰ ۶0	18 3 41	43 1 23	• 511 • 149	 	4 	1 14		::: 1			471 690
183 675 2,607	19 818 530	93 1,991 5,484	9 100 210	102 1,491 5,694	82 806 903	68 1,095 4,594)	66-81 79-15 83-60	29 231 735	1 20 89	4 84 184	17 501 405	 	•• •	1 13		1			 	
7	8	142	7	149	87	43	58.75		1	14	13		: :	63	-					
8	6 2	87 54	8 1 	93 55 1	23 18 1	24 19	61*06 59*87	93 10 1	*** ***	10	10 9		11	34 19	•		1			**
17	18	19	20	21	29	28	1 23	25	30	117	23	10	30	aı	31	83	#4	85	M	87
which the offender was not detected of appro- bended	Cases still under investigation by the Police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in Court at beginning of year.	Total of causes before the Courts.	Number ending in discharge or sequitial.	Namber ending in conviction.	Ferentage of cases ending in conviction to total of Culumus 22 and 23.	Number declared by Court after trial never the	Number in which the Court held after trial that a non-cognizable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at close of the fear.	Number of cases in which final reports zers sub- mitted by the Police to the Maximizates for the year noder reports but in which fina. orders of Mariatentos seen nod received before the close of the year.	Number of cases in which accused died before trail.	Cases in which accused accord before trial.	Cases companyed.	Cases with laws.	Transferrad before trial.	Transferred during trial.	Caesa in which accord da's dartag trial.	Case is which accessed everyond during trush	Caess is the accused became letator.

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STATEMENT

[RETURN OF COGNIZABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1902 FOR

PART IV .- Return of Persons concerned in Cases reported

				Passon By the	A3530783	i	Matten Officer and sequence to		jahrado's	Î	3	
Seriel Number.	Law unler which paulabable,	Description of Crime,	Arress E Folco cardof, or on built under Bartiss PR. Criminal Providers Coda to Arrelating of your as caroora- of the court of your as caroora- up by the Polica.	Upon the separt or other informa-	Under Macintruc's orders alter threather the has been released by the Folice or the Folice has reported the sharps to be hairs.	Person and arrested because abread (in successing the year).	Person missed by the Batha under Benton JM, and met an appent by Maglacrita	Premisy of column 1 to minu	Persons released by the Magin order before trial.	Presso en bull er elli in Polito at dien ef you.	Person speads under oder	Persons whose eases were under before the Oouris of beginning of
1	•	8	•		•	۲.	•	•	30 .	n -	21	18
.}	115 117 118, 119	Abstances of cognizable offence not committed, &c. Absting commission of cogniz- able offence by public, &c. Concessing design to commit cognizable offence, &c.	•••	- == - == - ==	, , , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 = 1 1 = 1 1 = 1	••• •••	105 146	 	•••• •••
		collected analy to					·		_>			
		Total		•••	•••	***	i		***	96%	•••	•••
_	Tronguill	ios against the State, Public ily, Safety and Justice.				•						
2	231 to 254	Offences relating to Army and Navy. Offences relating to coin		 -145		••• 1	•••	4-83	•••	•# #	•••	
9 A 8 H	255 to 208A	Do. Stamps Do. Government		-1-0- 1	· •	4. 199 -	- 7 		005 . 441 445	-1000 - 101 - 101	745 488 -	16
80	489A to 489D	Promissory Notes, Offences relating to Currency							140		***	
4	212, 216 and 216A .	Notes and Bank Notes. Harbouring an offender		59	•••			4.04	•••		•••	
ې ۲	228.	Other offences against public justice. Rioting or unlawful accombly	9 94	197 1.389	• 116	11	1 48	60 8-09	***	1		28
	and 159.	Personating public servant of		17			•••		100	***	150	2 17
	• •	soldier. Total		1.790	119	3 0	61	3.00				
	CLASS II.— Series	e Offensse against the Person.		4,780							150	257
8 0 10 11 12	805, 308, 896 ···· }	Marder by thage w desoits w zobbers poleon		92 53 93 838		···· ···· 10	, 	9-61 9-61	*** *** *** ***	••• ••• •••	 ··· 1 ··· 2	. <u>18</u> 18 18 106
13 14 16	804, 908 see 876 ees see	Attempts at murder Unipable homicide Rape by a person other then the bushand.	1 6 m	86 946		1 1	1 6 1	5*55 3*91 4*34	***	"" "] ""	2 	8 37 6
	877 517, 818	Unnatural offences Exposure of infants or sumenal- ment of birth.		- 17 - 5 0	- 1 - 1	***	· 1	÷.	649 199	 	,	
18		Attempt at, and abstment of, suicide.	1	106		***	- 7	6 60	-40	1		. 8
19	329, 381, 388	Grievous hart for the purpose of extorting property or confession		*		•••	•••	1-1	***		•••	
30 11	325, 326, 385	or deterring public servant. Grievous hare Administering stapsfying drage	16	806 22	· 62	1	2 9	8-84 	talk.	- 18	33	70 1
3		to cause burt. Hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deter-	18	811	•	1	3 7	1279		4		41
,	384	ring public corvent. Hart by dangerous weapon	2	406	9	•••	5	1-21	***	8	34	44
	363 to 369 346 to 548	Kidnapping or abduction	846 717	118 7		8	5400 545	-	4 100 1 00	••••		18
	372, 3 73	straint in secret or for the pur- pose of extertion. Selling, latting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostion- tion.		10						•••		1

(xix)

THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, INCLUDING SIND AND RAILWAYS.]

at a Police Station, or in Cases taken up by the Police.

	Total number of persons tried.	Number disobarged or acquitted.	Number convicted (including those order- ed to give security for good behaviour).	Percentage of number couvicted on total of columns 15 and 18.	Number of persons convicted who have been arrested by the Police on report or information (column 5).	Rumber under trial at alone of the year.	Died before trial.	Banpel before trial.	Traouterred before trial.	Died during trial.	Zeenped during trial.	Compounded or withdrawn.	Pardaset.		Trundervel to Magidi.	Estantikian refeert.	firmine of prove curieted at no
	14	16	16	17	18	19	20	21	52	35	34	26	8 3		*	50	80
-	Ren "	402 400	746 	485 #54	• 3.4 • 4.5 • 4.6	••••	135 444	•••	 		 	•••	· · · ·		 	••• •••	>++ +++ +#0
• 1		 	, 		 						<u>}</u>						
-	124	fað.	•••	*** ₅	,495	494) V I	•••	••••	•••	***		•••	•••• /	••••	 /
	···			, 57•63					1.07		•••		•••			•••	
	1	*** 1	1	1994 1994	1	1	15.00 1746/0	898 984	***	100 104	•••		•••	144 145	•••		•••
	•••	468	410							- 100	·						
·	80 202	12 49	18 353	60-00 75-74	18 149	17	 440	···· 1			••• •••	"1	+13 148	***	•••	100 105	
	1,409	907	502	86.62	877	218	490 -			4		220					UR (
	· 16	8	. 8	50.0	. 8	1						•••	*a u	•••	646		***
•	1,803	1,038	765	42.42	628	250		1		6		921	•••			1.01	85
	30 32 29 852	31 22 26 189	 9 10 8 163	80-0 81-25 30-34 46-30	••• 9 8 2 148	18 90 2 91		 	634 940 984 785	 1 1 9	 B			 	 	••• ••• ••• •!•	 1 6
	32 191 46	21 90 25	11 '''101 11	84*87 52*87 45 *65	10 `95 19	6 50 5	 1	548 668 617		""ı			548 488 477	888 888 849	*** ***	104 75 760	
	18 53	3 19	11 84	84·61 62·26	11 92	4	•••	*** ***	***		•••	1	*** ***	500 677		000 141	
	101	28	78	77-98	78	1	- 99	•••		6		· 1	-03	1	***		1
	25	\$1	- 4	16-0	· 4			•••	-44	•••			***	***	***	•••	6 14
	566 16	242 10	824 6	87-21 87-50	283 6	107 7	102 702	 0a4	• •••	:	 	837 •••	6.01 1 - 1	***	 	···	23
	220	111	109	49-54	98	· 25		•••	• •••		8 mg	***	***				14
	245	158	67	\$ 5·51	74	41		•••	*89	1		186					9
	114 8	60 5	54 8	47·86 37·50	47 1	17				3		***	- 18 - 18	• • • •	 	···.	•••
	11	5	6	84·54	6		•••		••••			•=0					

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STATEMENT A-PART IV

1			Procedure Procedure of its center	Ривоона ач тал	ATTENTED Police	e alteconde the year).	L Office		Magistrate'	, auto	5	of year.
Sectal Namber.	Law noder which puulshabis.	Description of Crime,	Persons in Police custorly, or muler Section 170, Crunical Pr Code, at beginning of year as o ed in cases reported to or i taken up by the Puice.	Upon the report or other informa- tion.	Under Magistrate's orders after investigation has been refused by the Folice on the Folice has reported the charge to be failes.	Persons not avreated because ab (is onese occurring during the	Persons released by the Station Office ander Section 169, and not required to appear by Mariatrato.	Percentage of column 5 to column k.	Persons released by the Mag order before trail.	Persons on hall or still in Police custody at close of year.	Persons appesting under order Magnitude.	Persons whose cases were under before the Courts at beginning of
1	3		•	6	C	7	8	9	10	11	12	15
	CAASE II.—Beriou	offmose against the Person-										
27 28	871 353, 354, 356, 857 .	Habitually dealing in elayes Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	16	, ^{***} 677	•••• •	9	 8	-62	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	 1	 18	74.
20	804 A, 836	10.1 · · · · · · ·	1	79	. 6	444		6-41		2	5	4
	(Tr Ant TIT0	Total ious Offences against Porson	66	8,134	129	82	J04	8-81	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	40	. 90	456
	and Property,	or against Property only.									•	
8U 81	305, 897, 305 ···· 309, 402 ···	Propernion and assembly for deceity.		1,496 19	61 	16 	56 	8*74 ***	9 •••	. 51 	2 	857 2
82	994, 897, 898	Bobbery with ing drugs.		. 6	***	949	•••	• • • •	***	,	•••	
		hurt by other		Ĵ18	1	2	. B	2-65		1		16
38	892, 893	Bobbary in dwelling house on the highway be- tween sunset and		88 164	644 193	***	 13	7-81	854. 489.	 	· 4 8	- 2 0
		other robberies	194	828	je	7	19	5-79	•••	8	5	49
1	to 438, 435 to 440.	Sorious mischief and cognate offences, Mischief by killing, poisoning, or		109 456	19	441	. 1	9-17	•••	- 1	5	-10
	1	maininglany animal.			. 7	8	23	5 ·04	•••	1	18	27
86	454, 455, 457 to 400.	Lurking house-trespass or house- breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made		8,471	51	14	6 0 ·	1.72	•• •	. 12	30	202
37 4	149 to 158	preparation for hurs, House-trespase with view to commit an offence, or beying	1	202	5	•49	5	2'47	·		9	. 19
38 4	112, 413	made preparation for hurs. Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	488 ·	19	8		140	252		101 919	•••	
89 :	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gauge of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieres,		129	•••	10		99	•• •	-		rés
		Total	897	6,594	158	60	179	241	9	69	61	1,213
	CLASS IV,-Minor	Offences against the Person.										
		Wrongful restraint and confine-	••••	191	a	•••	15	6-80	***	643	84	16
	I	Rash act causing hurt or endan- goring life.	· •••	78	•••	445	845		***	1	1	1
_ ·	079 THE SHOL	Compulsory labour	***	1	•••	***	•••	••••	***	•••	•••	-
		Total	t =5	870	- 41	545 ⁻	18	4-81	101	1	85	17
49		Offences against Property.					Ì			•		
!		Lurking house-trespass or house- breaking.	•••	193	•••	1	8	8-43		•••	2	15
	379 to 382	Theft af cattle	6 49	2,505 8,617	49 252	41 71	10 186	•39 2•15	· ·· 1	4 28	29 139	175 889
45	106 to 409	Criminal breach of trust		827	21	8	7	2•14	1	1	8	17

	·															
Total number of persons tried.	Number discharged or acquitted.	Number convicted (including those ordered to give scarily for good behaviour).	Persentage of number courtleted on total of entumna 16 and 16.	Number of persons consicted who have been arreated by the Police on report or information (column 5).	Namber under itial at close of the year.	Died betore trial.	Bacaped before trial,	Transferred before trial,	Died daring trial.	Keesped during trial.	Osmpounded at withdrawn.	Particierd,	Benare handle	Transferred to Muglik.	Ret radition referend.	Ramber of private consisted of and explicitly of surre-
16	16	16	17	. 18	19	20	21	829	38	36	56	10	17	38		3 22
· 547 78	296	251	45-88	224	5 9		1.00 244				• •• 6		•••		1 00 4 00 4 00	*** 23
2.709	1,988	1,321	48.76	1,179	462	8	, ,		16	 5	638	<u> </u>				₿.,
2, 144 17 6 98 63 167 921 123 473 3,445 170 24 103	760 7 1 24 47 45 123 78 155 925 112 12 25	1,384 10 5 74 86 112 199 45 820 2,520 68 12 77	P4-55 53-82 83-33 75-51 43-37 71-33 61-99 36-58 67-36 73-14 49-57 50-00 75-49	847 9 5 72 85 107 188 42 902 2,442 55 10 77	460 8 26 10 16 42 10 8 239 38 1 8	4 1 1 	700 200 200 200 200 200 200 200		21 1 4 1 8 1		9 9 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1	19 18	 	•••• •••• •••• ••• ••• ••• ••• ••• •••	1 	
7 165	2,313	4,852	67-71	4,191	861	9	* 1	1	81	16	43	87	1	444	2	27
152 50 1	115 28 1	37 22 	24:34 44:00	84 23 	80 7 					: :	87 22 				•••	··· 8 ···
· 203	. 144	59	29.06	56	87	· n	***		•••	•••	109		***			2
119 2,597 8,601	47 688 2,180	72 1,909 6,681	60°50 78 50 78 39	68 1,773 6 436	4 143 884	 1 4		••• ••• 28	 1 3	•••	12 2		 1 2	1 		1 15 26
336	1:9	207	61·60	197	19	. 208		1	•	1	7		•••			1
3 5ð	4-6 ap		-	-												

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, INCLUDING SIND AND RAILWAYS)-continued.

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STATEMENT A-PART IV

			on hail oredure mernet aken up	PERAON BY TR	ARRESTED POLICE	seconded tear).	Station Officer not required to	0 Q.	Magistrate's	custody	r of the	ler tria) fycar.
S. rial Namler.	Law under which pussisluble,	Description of Crime,	Persona in Police custorit, or on huil under Section 170, Criminal Procedure Code, at beginning of year as concerned in cases reported to or in cases taken up her the Police.	Upon the report or other information.	Under Magistrate's orders after investigation has been refused by the Police or the Police has reported the cluarys to be false.	Persons not arrected because absconded (in cases occurring during the year).	Persons rulessed by the Station under Section 109, and not req appear by Mugistrate.	Percentage of column 8 to column 5.	Persons released by the Mag order before trial.	Persons on bail or still in Police custody at close of year.	Persons appearing under order Magistrate.	Persons whose cases were under tri before the Courts at beginning of year.
1	<u> </u>	8	6	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	CLASS V Mine	or Offences against Property— continued.										
45A 46	409 411, 414	Criminal breach of trust by public servant or by banker, &c. Receiving stolen property	8	27 J,829	 20	 13	••• 24	 1·80	•••	••• 4	••• 15	2 61
4 6A	419, 420	Cheating		238	12	5	2	•84	•••	•••	5	22
47		Criminal or house-trespass	•••	424	86	•••	3	÷70		•••	20	17
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle			•••		•••	•••		···· ′		4
]		Total	51	J3,658	890	145	235	1.72	2	31	218	700
		Total, I. P. Code cases	541	25,436	837	247	582	2.28	. 11	142	5 54	2,643
	CLASS VI.—Old	er Offences not specified above.			,							
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion		8	5				•••	***		2
L 0	Cames under Chapter VIII (13), O. P. O., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	8	2,644	9	4	2	•87	•••	23	449	427
61 62 63 64 64 65 65	Cognizable of fences under the Act sproified opposito.	Offences against Gambling Acts . ————————————————————————————————————	"Jo 1 "1 1	608 2,675 169 393 468 415	26 7	2 1 8	9 34 1 2 4	1•48 1•27 •59 •50 •85 •96	···· ···• ···· ···	 	1 3 1 1 8	50 65 5 3 9 25
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and offences under any other Muni- cipal or Local laws.	Public and local nuisances	•••	134	•••	1	4	2.09	•••	•••	•••	11
58	othor special and local laws doclar- ed to be cogniz- sble. (Detail.)	Public Convoyance Act VI of 1863. Bombay Regulation XII of 1827. Forest Act Postal Act Explosives Act Cantonment Act Police Act VII of 1867 Telegraph Act Bombay City Police Act	* 	188 9 2 4 6 104 2 1	 		····	····		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	 2 1
		Total of Class VI	19	7,830	47	12	60	•78	•••	. 85	495	600
<u> </u>		GRAND TOTAL	560	83,266	884	239	643	1.92	11	177	1,049	8,243

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Total number of persons tried.	Number discharged or acquitted.	Number convicted (including those ordered to give security for good behaviour).	Fercentage of number convicted on total of columns 15 and 16.	Mamber of persons convicted who have been arreated by the Fulice on report or information (column 5).	Number under trial at close of the year.	Died before trial.	Escaped before trial.	Taunterred before trial.	Died during trial.	Bersped darfag trial.	Compounded or withdrawn.	Perdonek	Tracus function	framiered to Kegiki	Katradition refreed.	Newton of persons australial of box. superside data aus
14	15	10	17	18	19	20	31	29	30	14	86	56	57	58	10	3 91
27 1,330 219 837 42 18,868	10 874 82 152 14 8,676	17 936 187 185 28 10,192	62-97 71-87 62-55 54-89 66-66 78-49	17 901 125 170 28 9,717	2 57 47 22 628		···· 2 ··· ··· 2	 		 2 9	 7 135 168	··· ··· ···	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 1	···· ··· ··· ···	 17 38 1 484
25,748	8,559	17,189	66•75	15,771	2,238	. 17	- 4	85	60	80	1,0)8	42	0	1	. 2	224
18 2,952 825 2,676 174 874 469 422	5 563 156 219 36 87 26 69	6 2,339 2,427 138 397 443 853	61-53 80-92 75-04 90-69 79-91 90-10 99-14 83-64	8 1,826 2,383 136 888 437 840	2 417 20 50 10 5 295	···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	 		1 1 6 1	 19 1 1 1	 317 9 8 4 		···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	···· ··· ··· ···	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	···. ··· I ··· 7 ···
129	87	93	71-31	86	T		346	6 29	1		•	•••		•••	6 2-	3
188 - 33 7 2 4 6 95 2 1	18 8 1 11 	175 80 7 2 4 5 84 3 1	98-08 90-90 100-00 100-00 88-33 88-42 100-00 100-00	176 	i ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;			•••• ••• ••• ••• ••• •••			·** 9 ·** ·** ·** ·**		E	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•••• •••• ••• ••• ••• ••• ••• ••• •••
8,172	1,206	6,965	85-24	6,288	549		8	1	•	22	185	2			1-1	11
88,920	9,765	24,155	71-91	22,064	2,787	17	•	26			1,228	44	9	1	3	2:17

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(BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, INCLUDING SIND AND RAILWAYS)-concluded.

C. A. B. BEATTY, for Inspector-General of Police.

STATEMENT B.

Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1902 for the Bombay Presidency, including Sind and Railways.

Part I .- Return of Non-Cognizable Cases.

			1	RNDING INGIPSI OF TAA	* AT				Nou-Co	/	Num	1	QAB3 A	THESE T CLO TELE T		or fact.	At a cogniz-				3 and 359.	P. C.	
	Law noder which	Description of Crime	in # by of	nder resti- stion order Ma- trate.		during the J	intrate of his from the Pul	for investigation.	(i.e., total of Co	rithout trial.	e or soquittal.	Ē	inv	der esti- ions		by Court neve mistakes of law	be court boyu un ommitted.	vitbdrawn.			ar Bretions 368 rs Coda.	under Section 247, O.	
serial Stuedoe.	punishable.		With the Police.	Otherwise under in-	Cader tria).	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by the Mag or upon information	Referred to Police f	Total for disposal 8).	Number dismissed without trial.	Ending in discharge or sequittal.	Ending to evolution	With the Police.	Otherwise under In- vestigation.	Under trial.	Number declared by Court never occurred or to be mistakes of law or	Aumber in which the ble offence was en	Compounded and	Transferred.	Died.	Disposed of under Criminal Procedure	Disposed of under	Escaped.
1	1	3	4	8	6	1	8	D	10	11	15	18	16	18	10	17	18	19	20	21	92	28	34
{	115 an au	Abeimont of non-cognizable offence not committed, &c .			51	3	*	-	3	ria	1	I			,,			•	-44	-	•••		t iio
1	ł	Alatting commission of non-cognizable offence by public 20			- 49-	-		-			n 1	á.		2=4							,		***
ι	118,119	Concealing design to commit non-cognizable offence			;																	***	***
	Pauldia 7	Total Igances against the State, Tranquillity, dr., dr.						- <u>-</u>				^			<u> </u>								
8	137	Monter of Ship	***		,		- 48. - 19	199 199	- 49% - 19%		914 915	3	•••	·	-	••• •••	_	••• ••	••• •••		рот 116		
4	172 to 196, 201 to 204, 218 to 218, 2280,		3	'n	58	804	38	18	608	61	806	446	1	2	, 00	8		80		9		1	***
	to 323, 👘	Offences by public servants	100		9	95	4	8	108	8	56	8 6	-	2	. 8	1		ψı	•••	- 04	• 454	115	*84
6	10 111, 481 10 444	i frauluient deeds, and dis-												•	,								2
7	406 to 477a	Position of property Porgery or framinisatly runing forged documents not	1	1	28	620	17	8	471	84	918 . '	160		8	46	5		1	•••	1	***	***	•
		being Government Promis- sory Notes, and faisifying necounts		8		96		4	116	\$6	46	82	1	8	6			. 9		- 194	- 10 0		
8	264 to 207 m	Offences rointing to weights and measures	84 L	-		147	- 16	1	196	6	44	115	-	***	2			-184 ·		114	-	-15	***
10	140, 183g to 180, 100.	markit	4944 4344	-	;	4 196	- 54		4 257	·	8 53] 196	1	548 141		• 4 4		1.07 . 449		-250 774	- 492 2 10 4	412 1.11	119 117
		Total -Serious Offenous against	7	17	116		128	36	8,030	138	726	980	2	18	126	•		89		8		1	2
21	312 to 316	the Person. Causing miscarriage	44+ 44	-	•	9	1		10 8	-	4			ì	3				in.		, -u		1-4 1-1
320	8.0	Rapo by the husband					 1				 6			- <u></u> -						•••		•••	···/
18	CLARE III 884 to 880	-Serieus Ofeness against Property. Extortion an en en			11	97	 1	19	118	1 17	58												
	•	Total - Hinar Offices against				97	1	12	119	37	\$3	19		4					: 3				
14		the Person. Wrongful confinement	" }'			9,618	•••		3,609	- 306		- 141	: :				- 14	1,586		41-	~ 9	194	
10	834	liuri on grave or sudden provocation	ïı		802	14 18,981		101	26 19,413		6 8,674					 11. 4	}	5			403		
		Total r Offences against Property.	19	48	496	10,001	_	160	28,128	8,117			8	86	400	-		11,997 13,558			412	102	19
141	417.418	Cheating Criminal minappropriation of property	5	8 9	9 61	388 804	1 16	10 8 8	364 893	104		25 168	1	2	6			5					, 1
20	428, 497, 434 . I	Mischief (simple)		16	5 0 1:0	8,966 8,501		47	9,894 9,471	2.59 576	666	283 416		3 	\$7 63			1,193		1	5 13	81 89	
91 24	2948	r Offences not specified slove. Offences against religion Criminal breach of contract						*							8			1,905	سيسا				
23 23	403 to 400	of service in the of contract Offenses relating to marriago. Defamation in the top		"ïo	· 1 95	18 1,092	.	:	14 1,933	2 595 53	10 972 68		"		70			370		- "ı	50		-,
25	510. 000 to	Intimidiation, insult and annoyance	- 18	10	11 90	187 5,441		116	207 6,673	601	1,285	 808	-	1 10	7 204			68 8,117	4	1	91	1	
	278, 2%4, 267, 2%8, 200,		1	4	18	340	•	1	370	48	71	333		***	0	•••		11		[-	
년 : 1981 -	Compterville	Keeping a lottery office Security for keeping the peace on conviction				145 100	 23	1940 1-11	••• 196		 26	 93				 		,		- 411A - 3444			
54	Chapter X.	Public nuisances	***	8	1	97	•••	•••	101	d	\$ 3				10	1 1			-			-	
30	– Chapter XII,	Disputes as to immoveable property	-	1		20	3	1	28	T	7	n											-
.11	Chaptor XXXVI, CJ	Maintenanos of Wires and abildron on on on	924	-	11	833	••	-	844	40					2		-	31	ł		1	•	r
32	P.C. Cases under Chapter								ł]	ł		1			ŀ		1	1	[
	XLII, C. R. C.	Total of Class VI				0 7,052		 180	6.034	1,313	1,966	840		-		<u> -</u>	-		<u> </u>				
	Total of Acta (wide dotails on next page)	73	1,648	17,420	51,641	607	30	8,038 18,903	9,680		845		38 8,939	20: 31,91	·	-	8,00 6,24		406	144	₋┝──	0,229
		Graud Total	120	1,069	18,333	36,114	6 6 d	509	114,109	13.93	11,977	17,090	26	3,042	23,05	31 0	•	24,60		40	576	5 ≌4	9,2:0

C. A. B. BEATTY, for Inspector-General of Police.

(XXV)

STATEMENT B--continued.

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Part I.-Return of Non-Cognisable Cases-continued.

·				(NG AT 0 0 1			of bis on p	g	Colimna			гала 139,	383 0	100 AT	CLOSE.		1				1		-
	Law under which	•	inve tio: ord	der stigt n by er of strate.		completat during	Magistrate of Information fi	ter investigation	(Le, Intel of (without trial.	88		Lave	dor Aige- 31,			the Court held a was committe	-			C.	Berlion 207, Urla	
Sarial Rumber.	which punish- able.	Description of Crime,	With the Police	Otherwise under Investigation.	Under trial.	41 JA	Taken up by the Ma motion or upon in Police.	Baterred to Poline Io	Total for disposed (i. a to a).	Ranber dismined w	Ending in discharge quittal.	Rading in emricito	With the Police.	Otherwise mader investigation.	Cadar trial.	Number declared have occurred or have or fact.	Rumber ta which the state	Cuspensated and wi	Trademet.	Jur.	Dispand of under R. Leasens President	Printed of make B	74447
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	Offences w	nder other special or ioeal sognizable by the Police.																					
1		eels Act, XIX of 1898			3		hey			_		g	-			***		-	ш				
5		ans Aot, I of 1871			26	1,328			1,361	-40	411	260	-		- 41	urt -	-	814	198	1	1	•	***
•	Tressare Tr	ove Act, VI of 1878	-	s-1	1	8			•	-	1	8	-	-	1	-		-	-		771	-	
4	Poresi Aat 1		489	•	10	440		~	476	, 10	68	296	+++	•	10	240	-	105			••••		6
- F	Opium Act, Merchant Al	l of 1678 hipping Act, VII of 1880				1	-		3	-	-		3	•••	1					-	839 <u>5</u> 100		* *
T		panies Act, VI of 1883			 1		-			490 114						**							
8	Telegraph 4	lot, XIII of 1885	-			8	-						rter					**	-				
		Act, XIII of 1689		-	ųm	1,740	n	-	1,771	•••	240	1,611	-		17	+=	-	-	-	-	8 -1	-	
10	Bailway Act			-	8	341	337	-	451	47	4	885	-	41	-	-		•	-181	1	teg.		
11 18		. IX of 1894	100 107			10 56	 20	-	18	- 111	-	18 97		-		***		-	-		***		-
18	Stamp Act,					*	-			1	•	26	840 1460					1		449	-	1	
26	Indian Past	ories Act, XY of 1981			14	· •	3	-	. 8	-	2		800		1			-		***	-	-	-14
35		e Aet, V of 1861	-		•••	2		44	- 1	-	1	-		-		-		8 85	-		9-4		•••
36		ontract Act, XIII of 1959 of Cruelty to Animals Act,	**	• #0	802	1,994 509	3/1 199	~	1,608	47	248. 43	800 866	eta:		140			714	-	····			
47 19	i XI of 1890.	A(4, X of 1889	- 414, - 444		- 449 ⁻			•449.'	. (02 50		1		, en 1	-				1988 1944				-	-
19		symme Aci, VI of 1868			4	1,100			1, 116		108	986		1	•			10	-	-		1	
. 20	District Pol	tee Act, VII of 1867	цай.	1	3	621	1	4	695	13	78	. 512	Ŧ		11	t ==		2	-	-	•**		***
. #1	· ·	as Act, VIII of 1867		•••	13	600	air.		ens (37	\$17	101	4 ·**		•		-	67	ы	-	***		***
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20 24		et, VII of 1879		"	17				90 345	17	191	100		- 1				•	-	-	401		64.9
35	Municipal	Acts, VI of 1979, II of 1884	-	8,408	16,826	36,458	\$51		60,017	9, 250	1,902	11,123		3, 998	20,766		-	4,160	4	409	1=\$	20	9,139
36	and IfI of	1901. st. IV of 1887		11							35					-		-10	سر		-		. т
#7	- · · · · ·	itation Act, 1 of 1899				- 6		**		T		89		_	,		-	-	-	~*	•		-
2 8	Salt Act, II	of 1890		-		15	- 64	_	· • •		•	50	-	-		-	-	•••		-	***	-	
39		los Ast, IV of 1899	6 6	1 0	180	1	.74	7	7,910	355	505	6,711	***		165	***	-	#		•	-		~
8 0		Act, I of 1877 Act, III of 1877	1	-		67	-		41 4				484			-			***		P+8		
81 29	Court Feen	-	144 144]	-					•••	_				-
23		aga ≜et, XVI of 1961	-			•	-		•	-	-		-	·	-	- 216		-		-		-	• • •
34		i,∀of1878 in	1	-		#	-		17	-	4	5	-			84.1	-		~		Ş ing		
- \$6	Decan Age of 1979.	tionitarists' Ballef Act, XVII	-		-	*	-	-	28		10	10	-		,	-	· • •	Ŧ		-		-	
- #6	Tolls Act, 1		-	-	. 1	1			8	-	1	-	-		1	•	-	-	.74		***		
\$7	P	gulation Act, XII of 1827	-	-	4	481	-	***	476	-	- 44	87 4	**	-	12	***		•	•••	-	6×4		
30	Laws regard	ling Births and Deaths				19 100	-		10 101	-)0 71	1		1	~	-	 19	1			•	
40		ruga Art, VIII of 1966		-			1	-		-	1	1	-	-	1	-			-				
41		lot, XIII of 1860	-	-	••	•	-	-			38	34	-	-	-		-	14		-		1	***
40	1	enger Ships Art, X of 1867	-	-		1	-	-	1		1	-	-	-	-		-	••=	-		•••		
43		enman Act, I of 1859	-	-	-	1 0	-	-	. 🗩	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-						
64 45	• • • •	i Sali Act, XVI of 1879 ng on the Indus Act, I of 1889	-	-	*	4	-	-	1						-	-				-		-	-
4		aduation Ast, IV of 1879			-	36			16	-	-	33			_	-		-		-	-		
47	Criminal Tr	ibu Art, XXVII of 1871			•	- 46	-	-	-	-	•	-		-	-	-	-	-		-			-
-	Arma Art, J		-	-		1	-	-	1			4	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-		-
-		estion Ast, II of 1991 the Lond Revenue Code		-	-	1	-	~	1	-	-	4	***	-	-	-							
90 41		Regulation, III of 1478		-				-	1	-		 	-										
		Total al Acto	73		17,480	61,041	407		70,202	9,890	4,185	24,111			21,210	ļ	-		•	446	:	100	V,129
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Explanatory note of the difference between the figures in Columns 4, 5 and 6 of this year's statement and those in Columns 14, 15 and 16 of last year's.

	1902.			1901.	-
Column 4.	Column 5.	Column 6.	Column 14.	Column 15.	Column 16.
127	8,669	18,332	127	8,699	18,341

The difference in columns 5 and 15 is due to 31 cases in Sind having been shown on dormant file and to the omission of 1 case in the statement of the Presidency for 1901.

The difference in columns 6 and 16 is due to 11 cases in Sind having been shown on dormant file and to the omission of 2 cases from the previous year's statement of the Contral Division.

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STATEMENT B.

Return of non-Cognizable Orime for the year 1902 for the Bombay Presidency, including Sind and Railways.

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	1000 007 10 07	Pari	II.—B	oturn q	f Po		rned is	5 R.08+	Cogni	mbie (Cases.								
			the year (sit.,	Pane Adati Whose Pi 18001	127 1002200	od hacanae ab g or not com- ne during the against whom fanding at end	Coart	the appar	7 44 7 14		and a press		efibdrars, acap-	The sector		Pection 317 C			
rial Mumber.	Law under Which punishable,	Description of Crime,	Persons concerned in ca the at beginning of the ; under trial or against ; see had issued).		Da Magistruk's Botton or information	Ferrors not arrest sounded, or evading phytographic arrestory part: also thous processes war out of the year.	Appended before the	Persons discharted	iopulated or dischar	Overviewed.	Percentage of sumber sumber achieve who benned (Colomos & au	And the set of the set	ampounded and of ed. Ac. building Count.		Dynamic and	Dervend of moder P. C.	Terretory I	Lawyod Aning Wa	Put the star star
-					•	7		•	10		29		10	18	36	17	38	10	30 4
1	•							 								<u> </u>			Γİ
ſ	115 ¹	Abstrassi of non-cognizable offence not committed, e.e.		6			•	-	•	1	18-84	-				•••			
2	117	Absting commission of non- cognizable offence by public, &c.		-	-	-	-	-		-	•	-	-				-		
	110, 110	Consessing design to sommit non-cognizable offence.								**	-	-		•=		-	•		* ,-
-		Total		•			•				26.00	***					: !		
	151 to 180, 505	near spainst the State, Public anguillity, da., da. (Offences syninet the State			_	422160				-		-	-	411				-	-
· 8	187	Harbouring deserters by Master		 1,542			1.846	-	 670	 705	••• 88-07	·	~	 				115 647	
4	178 to 190, 301 to 204, 218 to 215 256 A, 237 to 239		1	1											_		847	•••	
•	161 to 169, \$17 to	Offenete by public services		99 1 319	1	1 51	114 587	10	71 900			T 6	-	- 1	-				1.
•	195 to 300, 205 to 311, 481 to 454	and claims, and traudulant deeds, and disposition of pro-		{]											
7	465 to 477A	Porgery or fraudulently using forged documents not being Government Promissory Motes,	•	346	-		178	•	214	20	19-84	39	-	1	117	-	-		
	956 to 967	and fabrilying accounts.	1 1	155	17	1	178	-	81	196	12-01	5	-	-				-	
•	483 to 489	measures. Making or using false trade-		87	-			-		64				•••	•••	-	-	464 143	•••
10	149, 158A to 156 169.		259	806	380		1,070		3,850	1.000		107					-		•
	GLASS IL-Seri	oue Ofenen against the Person.									# 17	•					:	10a	
21 12	[070	Causing miscarriage Buying or disposing of slaves Raps by the husband						Ξ		=	-	=		Ξ	=		44 8	**	
120	\$70 ₁₄₂ as	. Heps dy the herman		18		*****	18				10.01	•					i	-	
	CLASS IIL Se	riests. Offenoes "against "Property.						.			17-61	10			_			•••	
18	864 'to 869	i Extortion Total	19	171			105		194			18				-			
	CLASS IV M	nor Official applies the Person.															-		
14 15 16	362, 355, 368		- 1 19	5,502 30	Ξ	·····	3,010		1,050		4785 9010	284		8,784		226 	•		•••
15	334	Voluntarily sousing hart	1,977	45,689	10		44,940	1,418	9,016		_	791		30,944	7~0			10	
	a an Tair	Total or Ofenen against Property.	1,490	49,051	38		49,911	2,608	10,075	1,100	4·10		17	H4,094			-		
18	417, 418	Chesting	8H 119	\$1.7 1,097	10	11	998 1,144	4	275 876		10-06 20-24	11 47	1	10	- 7	~,	6 143	-	
19 20	620, 457, 486	property. Migchief (simple)		6,100			5,370	300	1,441	•••		296	-	8,104			-		
		Total er Ofenen net specifiel skrw,		8,407	*		6,700	911	3,000		10-72	14		b,190		*	-	-	
11 20	298,	ومراسلتا ورقيق والمساوية		3	=			า๊ม		-	n	-	=	4	11	=	-		•••• ••
	408 to 488	offences relating to marriage .	845	1,077	19	-	8,2 %) 349	11	701	บก	1 VÖ	210 6	-				10 16	=	
34 56	\$00 to \$08	Intimidation, insult and energy-	30	10,814	4) 4Ĭ 1	10,505 601	240	1,700	6446 2011	4°65 74*18	394 8	- 10	4,494 19	344				
*	271 to 276, 278 284, 187, 386, 390	Public and logal subsences Keeping a lottery office	- 26			*	_			•••					140	-	•••		
竹 単	Cases under Chapter VILI(6)	anourity for Lapping the place	" 19	197	••			1	n			4				-	-	-	
9	C. F. C. Coose under Chop ter X. C. F. C.	Public zzienania	1	118	-		334	-			47-10 47-24	16 3	-	~		~	1 1		
30	Cases under Chap ter XII. G. P. O	perty,	27	64 200		 1	74	u u	100		18-75	8	1		-				- -
1	Chang under Chap tor XXXVI C. P. C.	dree.									-	-			-				
22	Cares ander Chaz	er XVII, 0, P. 6 Tobil of Close VI	Tal	13,700	-		34,470	815	4,074	1,570	979	644	16	7,947	344	17			
	Officer sales	other operated or local laws wet sizehie by the Polish,					1	Γ											
	• •	ide Dotaile organist.)																	<u> </u>
		Total of Asta	23, 234		•	••	77,488	·			d 1			7,971	1	8 44-1 5 98-1	[9,344	
		Quary Tourse	36,518	1,27,910	1,140	1,610	1,01,000	9,346 	54,141	133,478 	- 5-14 	1 X1, 187		1 11,0T	1.07				
	,		1		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					_	د مرد رو <u>ن</u>							

Norm.--The difference of \$2 persons in the figures of grand total in estance 8 and these in columns 1X, X, XI and XIII plus persons concerned in encapter, withdrawn, du., is accounted for by the fact that the disputal of \$5 persons concerned in encapter half dot in the Forthern Division has not been about to cultures IX to XIII of statement 5. Part II, for that division.

C. A. B. BEATTY, for Inspector-General of Police.

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STATEMENT **B**-continued.

Part 11.-Return of persons concerned in non-cognizuble cases-continued.

Image: State of the s	E Disposed of under Sections 253 and 2 2 9 of Criminal Procedure Code.	Disposed	Code.	🐱 🛛 Transferred.	19 Escaped.	Died during trial.	Appeared without process.
Twa under which muchapile Description of Crime. Interpretation (cliption of crime.) One biology (cliption of crime.) One biology (cliption of crime.) 1 3 3 6 0 1 1 1 1 2 Second of the four of the statistication of crime.) 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	16 2.9 of C	Disposed	Criminal Procedure	—		Died during trial.	out proces
1 3 3 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 18 14 16 1	16 2.9 of C	Disposed		—		Died during tr	
1 3 4 5 6 7 6 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 1 3 4 5 6 7 6 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 1 3 4 5 6 7 6 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 1 Consting Veneous Act, X tot 1833 9 0 115 1,929 4 205 352 22.99 854 2 Breach of Contract Act, X tot 1833 9 0 115 1,929 4 205 352 22.99 854 3 Indian Police Act, V of 1861 147 2.434 71 2.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000	18			—		Died	red with
Chileners under other special or local laws not cognizable by the Polics. 1 Consting Versels Act, X at 1933 2 Breach of Contract Act, X1II of 1850 3 Indian Polics Act, V of 1961 3 Indian Polics Act, V of 1961 4 Cattle Transma Act, I of 1871	 3		17	18	19		Aplea
1 Coasting Versels Act, X at 1833 2 0 1 5 8 50.0 2 Breach of Contract Act, X111 of 1950 466 1,670 115 1,929 4 205 352 22.29 220 854 3 Indian Police Act, V of 1961 2 2 2 2 2 854 3 Indian Police Act, V of 1961 147 8.434 71 9.400 10.10 10.10 </td <td>3</td> <td> .</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>20</td> <td>0 21</td>	3	.				20	0 21
1 Coasting Vessels Act, X X of 1833 2 0 5 8 50°0 2 Breach of Contract Act, XIII of 1850 466 1,670 115 1,929 4 205 352 22:29 229 854 3 Indian Police Act, V of 1961 2 2 2	3	.			 I	÷	÷
2 Breach of Contract Act, XIII of 1950 466 1,670 115 1,929 4 205 352 22:29 229 854 3 Indian Police Act, V of 1961 2 2 3 1 2 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3	3	1.					
3 Indian Police Act, V of 1861		8 2	279	••••	•••	9	1
6 Cattle Treasure Act. T of 1971 147 9 4 95 71 9 400 20 7 010 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	1			•••	•••		
	6		158			1	
6 Optum Act, Lof 1978 1 2 8 8		.		•••			
6 Treasure Truve Act, VI of 1878 8 139 1 144 14 131 94-24 1	i	.					
7 Merchant Chipping Aut, V11 of 1880 6 4 8 75.0 1							
6 Indian Factories Act, XV of 1881		.					
9 Indian Companion Act, VI of 1882 9 11 21 6 15 100.0 10 71 5 10 0		.			•••		
10 Telegraph Act, XIII of 1855 2 2 3 100:0							•
12 Contonment Act X III of 160 and and a food and a foo		•		•••	•••		•
13 Hallways Act. IX of 1900	•••	•	···	•••	•••		•
14 [Provention of Crusty to Animals Action 12 (1991) 1 (1991) 1 (1992) 1 (1		•		1	•••		. 10
		•		•••			
15 Prisons Act, IX of 1804 21 21 5 16 76-10					94 8		
16 Criminal Procedure Code, V of 1898					· •76		
17 Stamp Δet, 11 of 1899 87 10 24 64/96 1 1 18 Public Convergence Act. VI of 1895 90 1 * 44 87 10 24 64/96 1 1			1	•••			
19 Divisited Bullion and TTT 4 target 1,200 7 [1,204] 8 140 [1,102] 88:58 7 9			1				-
20 Village Police Act VIII of hurr 20 4 4 4 4 2			6		•••		
21 Evening Act 11 of 1949	• • • • •		6	•••			,
C 1 Man Land A 17 Anna 2 20.0 B		.		,			
111 of 1001.			6		2,152	420	·
23 Vaccination Act, I of 1877 47 47 95 22 46.80 24 Land Revenue Code, V of 1970 1 47 95 22 46.80		1.					
26 Industry 61 1010 11 111 8 4 171 87 121 69:94 6 6				1.00	•••		
20 Gambling Act 17 cf 100 c 177 c 234 c5 18 c 2 m 7		Ì	10		•••		
27 Village Saultation Act. Tof 1880		.		•••		ļ	.]
27 Sult Aot, II of 1900		.					.
20 District Police Act, IV of 1890		.			•••		
80 Registration Act, 111 of 1877			9			2	i
31 Forest Aut, VII of 1878 89 865 48 850 340		•		•••	•••		• •••
33 Court-foce Act		1 -	-		3		·
53 Stage Carriage Act, XVI of 1802		•		•••	•••		
34 A bkári Act, V of 1878			•••	•••	•••		
Ut 1570			•••	•••	••••		
36 Tolls Act, 111 of 1875 11		1.	•••	-	•••		•
37 Bombay Regulation Act, XII of 1827 4 802 Sold to state		-		•••			• 1
38 Lans regarding Births and Deaths		•		•••			• •••
3.) Cantonment Codo		•	•••	•••	•••		
40 Polsonous Drugs Ast, VIII of 1800 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			•	•••			
Arineen Act, Attion 13:0 07		.	", İ		[
a Mutrie Instonger Ships Act, X of 1887	1		1	•••	••••		1
41 Variab Distance 1 7 of 1870 1 14 2 18 m 13 99.55		1					
43 Merchant Seaman Act, I of 1833							
40 Transport of Salt Aot XVI of 1870		Ì					Ì
47 Criminal Triber Act. XXXII of 1871							.
43 Indian Arms det, XI of 1873				144			. ¦
49 Bombay Boiler Inspection Act, II of 1891					***		• •
to Rules under the Land Revenue Code		. .					•
61 Sind Frontier Regulation Act, III of 1872 21 58		, ,				-	• {
Total of Acts 22,331 66,452 617 612	-	- -	<u></u>	<u>.</u>	<u></u>	_	
1 01/05 01/05 01/1 01/2 01/2 01/2 01/2 01/2 01/2 01/2	- L 9	9	450	1	9,185 	i⊩€	6 14

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The difference in the figures shown against grand total in column 4 of this year's statement and those shown in columns 7 and 13 of the previous year's statement is explained below :—

- 8-Wrongly included in columns 7 and 13 of the previous year's statement of the Northern Division.
- 48-Six were erroneously included in the previous year's statement of the Central Division and 42 persons did not appear before Courts.
- 399—These persons were omitted from this year's statement, as the cases against them were disposed of before their appearance before Courts.
- 60-Two persons died, against one summons was not served, and eases against 57 persons were shown on dormant file.

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STATEMENT C.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		r <u> </u>	r	····		·	
	Offenc o ,	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of onses in which proporty was recovered.	Percentage of cases In which pro- perty was recovered to cases in which pro- perty was stolen,	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property stolen.	Remarks.
-	1	11	111	14	v		VII	VIII
•• - ••	A.—Cognizable,				Rs.	Rs.		
1. T.	a. In conjunction with lurking house trespass or house-break- ing.		2,190	45 [.] 67	8,52,594	2,56,833	30•06	Recoveries made out of the property stolen in the previous year, Rs. 28,235. Recoveries of the property stolen out- side the districts, Rs. 47,612. Property recovered without the inter- vention of the Police in Magisterial cases, Rs. 1,065.
	d. In conjunction with receiving of stolen property.	111	799	•=•	6,197	35,763	577-10	
	c. Other thefts	11,803	7,772	65 84	5,70,766	2,46,595	43·20	, ·
2. Re	obbery	671	230	84 ·27	2,72,629	23,419	. 8-59	
	b. Other robbery	562	276	4 9 ·11	59,062	11,865	20.08	
3. Crit	minal breach of trust	410	. 251	57.04	82,074	35,272	30.79	
lic a	minal breach of trust by pub- ervant or by a banker, mer- t or agent.	52	28	53 ^{.8} 4	11,166	1,782	15-95	•
5. Che	ating	26	17	65-38	9, 620	489	5-08	-
0. Mu	rdor s	2	1	50•	29	2	6-89	
	pable homicide	1	1	100•	4	4	100•	
8. Kidn		1	•••	•••	4	•••		-
9, Bom	bay City Police Act	•••	4	•••		3,378	405	
	Total	18,464	11,569	62*65	18,64,145	6,14,902	82.98	
1	3.—Non-cognizable, (c)							
10. Ex		50	15	80.	1,745	736	42.17	Property recovered without the inter-
11. Cri	minal misappropriation	300	159	53.	48,515	23,813	49.08	vention of the Police, Rs. 168.
12. Ch	esting	14	10	71.42	652	372	57-05	
	Total	364	184	50·54	50,912	24,921	48.94	

•

Property Stolen and Recovered for 1902, for the Bombay Presidency, including Sind and Railways.

C. A. B. BEATTY, for Inspector-General of Police.

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STATEMENT D.

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(xxxii)

STATEMENT

			A868.				•			
	Committed during the provious two years,		Number in which o was ob			Persons.	•			RETURN
	andin	Occurred during the year,	Of those in Column II.	Of those in Column III.	Number con- cerned in cases in Columns II and III.	Con- victed.	Under trial or arrest at close of the year.	Person trial arrested	s broug after bei by the l	ing
1	2	8	4	5	6	. 7	8		9	
								1900.	1901.	1902.
								<u>.</u>]	NORT	HERN THA
Thuggee { (a) By strangulation. (b) By poisoning Other Professional crime -	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	····	•••	•••	•••	•••
Dacoity Robbery Cattle theft, &c., &c	•••	11 1 2	• • • • • •	•••	} 28	{	} 16	{ ⁵ 	•••	$\left.\right\}$ 16
						AHN	IEDAB	AD, KAI	IR A , I	
									CEN	ITRAL N
					ł				SOUT	HERN
										BIJA'
Other Professional crime- Dacoity Counterfeit Coins		. 7	•••	• 3 1	10 1	7 1	•••	. 	•••	10 1
						BEL	GAUM,	DHAR	VA'R,	KA'NA
	•									N
					,					SI
		-								N
				Sommer				TT 117 4 37		RAIL
				HTU04	ERN M	LAKAT	TA KA	ILWAY,	ים ים,	N.
										G. I. P.
In passenger train	•	7	•••	6	13	5	2	29	46	13

(Return of Professional Crime for the year 1902, for the Bombay Presidency

D.

including Sind and Railways.

OF POLICE WORK FOR THREE YEARS.

·									
Pet	rson s c onvicto	ed.	Value o	f Property S	tolen.	Value o	f Property r		Kir X
	10			11			12	-	1.3
1900.	1901.	1902.	1900.	1901,	1902.	1900.	1901,) <u>1942.</u> (
DIVISIOI NA.	N.		Rs a. p.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	
•••		•••	•••		•••				
{	 	•••	129 13 0	2,782 1,597	3,811 210 455		115	131 1 0	
MAIIA'L	S, BROAC		. (
il. DIVISION	۲								
<i>l</i> .	A•		; 						
DIVISIO] PUR.	N.								
		7 1	 	••••	7, 938 	•••	•••	411 5 0	
RA, KOL	A'BA ANI	D RATN	A'GIRI.		4			1	
il.					 				
ND. i/.					1			1	
WAYS.							1	!	
	Y AND R	AJPUT	A'NA-MA'I	LWA RAI	LWAY.				
i7.									
RAILWA [*] 25	Y. }	5	3,712	1,170 .	2,022	3731		n na sije Mare dat	1

C. A. B. BEATTY,

 $\underline{a} : \forall b : p_i$

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STATEMENT

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Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution,

Inspector-General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector-General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector-General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector-General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector. Inspector-General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector-General, Deputy Inspector, Coreral, Dispector, or Chief or European, Dispector, or Chief or European, Corecal, Dispector, or Chief or European, Inspector, or Chief or European, Corecal, Dispector, or Chief or European, Inspector, or Chief or European, Inspector, or Chief or European, Corecal, Dispector, or Chief or European, Inspector, or Chief or European, Inspector, or Chief or European, Corecal, Dispector, or Chief or European, Inspector, Corecal, Inspector, Coreca, Inspector, Coreca, Inspector, Coreca, Inspector, Coreca, Inspector,	18 19	61 Foot and Water Constables.
uspector-General, Deputy and Assista indication of Liverborh, Deputy and Assista figure of Superintendental figure of Inspector, and Assista figure of Inspector, and Assistant inspector, or Chief or European Dispector, or Chief or European Dispector, or Chief or European inspector, or Chief and Lumounted). Tember of Hounted and Lumounted). Tember of Mounted Constables, immer of Foot Constables, immer of Foot Constables, immer of Foot Constables, immer of Foot Constables, immer of Foot Constables, immer of Foot Constables, immer of Foot Constables, immer of Foot Constables, immer of Foot Constables, immer of Subordinate Officers (Colinearies) interfect Superintendent onal Establishments, ital Pay of Constables of all classes (ital Columna XIII and XIV, P	18 19	i
		19
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 18 17	- 1 -	
	879 86 119	Rs. 19-57 22-15
	419-28 122	22.16
	871 78 120	20.86
Thank	860 43 124	24-49
Total	·	
Central Division,		
Abueshingar 1 2 15 102 9 625 814 3 13 12,206 50,704 78,439 8,492 1	130- 122	12.
h biandceb up up up 1.6 A 96 963 70 7 000 9 000 9 000 000 000 000 0000	107-8 118	
	340·3 119 [.]	19·8
	638·66 128	28-
Sholing	890 [.] 119 [.]	19-78
Total	885 116	16.
Southern Division.	<u> </u>	
Heigaum	101.0 119	12.89
		12 65
Dharwar		17•09
Kái arns 1 2 12 146 544 705 10,031 44,508 62,110 4,892		15 01
Kolába 1 1 8 104 444 558 8,373 40,839 55,898 3,571 Ratnágiri 1 8 18 161 606	125	25-87
Tatal Tatal Tatal Cost 7/1 Tatal 9,485 61,011 68,998 5,663	113	13-9
Sind		***
Karáchi		
Hyderubad in 11 12 4 16 210 250 2 12,000 2 12	i	10·16 09·64
Sukkur		21-57
Laikana 1 8 18 109 104 831 563		27 24
Thar and Farkar 1 9 13 117 209 147 548		12-77
Cipper Stud Frontier		23-93
Total	294 46 116	18-03
0. I. P. Bailway		
H, B, & C, I. Railway 1 3 4 87 627 15,802 83,196 53,939 2,348	· •	05°S4
R. M. Enilsoy		10.33
N. M. Railway		67 42
Total		14.97
Grand Total 47 6J St 6 4.3.2 1.07 10.626 13 22,309 SS 183 4.26,646 12,53,784 22,00,708 2,20,209		03-08
• This number includes 2 Probabilionary Assistant Superintent 2 of A D D	•••	•••

This number includes 2 Probabilionary Assistant Superintendents of Police.
This number includes 1 Assistant Superintendent of Folice.
This number includes, 1 Probabilionary Assistant Superintendent of Police.
This number includes, 1 Probabilionary Assistant Superintendent of Police.
There is no increase of 6 efficies and 2 men, code towernment Resolution, No. 2941, dated 15th August 1903, Judicial Department.
The men of Malegaon Contempent bare been absorbed, code towernment Resolution, No. 8059, dated 16th Incender 1902, Judicial Department.
Con Chief Constable and 3 Head Constables added to the force, reds Covernment Resolution, No. 805, dated 6th January 1902, Judicial Department, and 2 Head
Con tables withdrawn by the orders of the A'bkari Commissioner.

(xxxv)

and Employment of District, including Sind and Railway Police in the year 1002.

<u> </u>			;						1	ISTRIBCY1	o x ox F	084 B.				· •• •• •• ••		
ded in	-	Provin		District Force. Cinards over Lock-ups														
her than those inclu	Provincial Reveauer.	a than Imperial and I		Onarile at District, Central and Subsidiary Jaile,		Bo	Bosorve, and T Bosorve, and To include 26 sleo P		r Lock-nps uries, or Prisoners are (17. of Colucts (12.), emen on duty,	• Palice employed in Courte,		Engaged in pretention and detection of Crimes		To	ta],	Og Town, Mannegal or Bathogr duty,		
Contingencies and all Expenses other than these included in Columns 13 to 17.	Total Cost payable from Imperial and Provincial Rereause.	Total Cost payable from other sources than Imperial and Provin- cial Revenues.	Grand Total (Columns 21 and 22).	Officers.	Men.	ОШости.	M en.	Officers	Xen.	Officers.	M cr.	0@rem.	Xen.	0 16er	¥m.	0⊈ cen∎.	M ea.	la Cant emerie
20 ·	21	23	23	24	25	28	27	28	29	80	81	82	83	86	35	30	37	84
Rs. 29,400 9,842 19,401 10,200 20,581 10,924 1,01,809	Rs. \$,55,669 1,37,344 1,27,207 96,004 1,80,875 1,72,363 9,71,261	Rs. 430 1,239 , 877 2,085	Rs. 2,55,519 1,33,583 1,27,207 98,981 1,90,675 1,72,362 9,73,827	5 9 1 9 3 13	29 13 8 13 - 9 70	23 23 19 15 7 14	. 75 104 89 83 53 106 509	38 23 24 11 27 40 163	161 77 110 40 101 141 630	\$ 19 1 18	16 35 7 9 07	210 04 89 79 145 133 745	680 358 303 311 518 430 3161	877 181 134 106 181 100 1.033	911 873 836 341 713 8-6 8-6			
17,509	1,67,530	8,607	1,71,197	1	4	28	191	26	79	1	•••	125	ພາ	179	636			1 11
81,612	8,60,023		8,60,029	8	20	84	154	60	201 181	1		3-1	847	3-1	1,345		-	-
23,179 15,040	1,69,687 2,22,410	1,697 26,176	1,71,954 2,48,580	10	25 40	6 28	51 148	46 83	153		6 33	143	304 600	200 205	6.7 1,020			1
22,083	2,12,600		9,12,600	1		23	140	50	177	**4	-	149	478	223	710		-	
8,477	1,23,196		1,22,198	9	6	15	60	18	79	***	8	9-3	813	127	400			444
1,25,190	12,64,445	31,540	13,85,985	27	110	132	685	<u></u>	954	3	36	963	8,177	1,378	4,907			1 10
12,461 19,838 15,600 20,723 14,593 14,659	1,89,561 1,41,605 1,74,064 1,35,125 1,23,203 1,39,715	2,208 7,137 	1,39,561 1,41,605 1,74,004 1,42,203 1,23,203 1,39,715	1 4 4 1 5	9 13 24 14 6 17	17 10 10 6 11	98 59 63 50 96 48	37 34 51 37 24 85	113 138 187 105 77	13 	13 30 13 14 13	107 119 145 106 77 123	829 819 859 269 251 394	101 100 210 100 113 105	501 527 0(13 511 416 0(15		···· ····	
97,803	8,51,008	9,403	8,10,463	19	81	60	393	218	0(1	19	1	670	1,015	97.8	8,3-4			1
29,969 17,849 (23,246	2,47,409 2,41,623 1,63,938	8,220 6,491 950	8,55,62) 2,47,114 1,60,908	2	16 17 59	27 64 37	 193 139	96 16 10	234 123 68	1 1		114 15) 79	6-3 (33) 3-0	211 216 130	973 108 548	1 1	****	1 1
10,553	1,65,896	1,401	1,67,300		.,	3 1	19	30	96			ы	8:4	137	615			
6,947	1,39,097	2,430	1,41,627	-		3 J	10	19	10 6	-	•	ស 	34	131 01	616 •77	0	-	-
7,651	98,977 10,51,060	3,527 23,128	1,02,5 4 10,74.084	8		02 193	21 377	<u>14</u>	71 6.2			23	178	8.7	2.7			:1 34
£6,785	10,01,000		49,18,004									·					<u></u>	'
39,621	43,500	1,01,4/9	1,44,9:9			141		3	35			105	445	306	123	-		
\$0,719	40,203	¥3,951	1,31,216			-		٠	31		-	- 44	<i>L-</i> 0	91	616	-		-
10,30	33,175	85,618	1,34,9=3			24	4 4	1	31 - 55	-		- +6 - CS	49	111 60	404 907			
6,539 77,531	22,/94	51,7+1 3,3`,0 9	77,375 4 81,573	 			9 57	15	127			821	2-3 1,757	3.0			[···· ···
11,034	1,00,000						1 ,011	·'					·	·				

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(xxxvi)

STATEMENT E-concluded.

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Paovinca (District). 1 S Northern Division. Ahmedubad Faira Funch Mahála Funch Mahála Broach Gurat Total 1 Central Division. Ahmedusgar Total 1 Náslk Fútara Sholápur	lation of whole Province (or District).	19 Number of Police Stations.	E Number of Outposts	🐯 Of the whole Province (District)	Of Frovince (District), exclusive both of the of th	Of Towns, exclusive of the Force ontside Towns.	Of the whole Province (District).	Of Frorince (District), exclusive both of the od Population and the Force in Towns.	enclusive of the Force outside Towns	Total amount of Cognizable Crime reported (Column V of Part I and Columns VIII and X of Part III of State- ment A).	Proportion of Cognizable Crime to the Police Force engaged in the prevention and detection of Crime (Columns XXXII and XXXIII).	BBMABES.
Paovinca (District). 1 S Northern Division. Abmedabad Fauch Mahála Biroach Fuach Mahála Biroach Total 1 Centeal Division. Abmediagar Khándesh Násik Sutar Total 1 Násik Sutar Sutar Sutar Sutar Sutar Sutar Sutar Sutar Sutar Sutar Sutar Sutar Sutar Sutar Sutar Sutar Sutar	40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 4	41	Number	Of the whole Province (District).	Of Province (District), exclusive both of Arrs and the Force in Towns.	erclusive of the Force	the whole Province (District).	District), exclusive both of and the Force in Towns.		amount of Cognizable Crime reported (Colu art I and Columns VIII and X of Part 111 of t A).	o the Police detection of	Bemarks.
Northern Division. Ahmedabad Kaira Pauoh Mahdia Broach Broach Burat Total 1 Central Division. Ahmedaagar Khindesh Násik Poona Satára Total 8	1,840 795,06 1,605 710,33	<u> </u>	4	48			0	Of P.	Of Towns,	Total of P	Prop Cou	
Ahmedabad Kaira Panoh Mahála Biroach Gurat Total 1 Central Division, Ahmeduagar Khándesh ' Poona Sútara Sholápar Total 8	1,605 710,33 1,606 201,02	16			4	45	40	47	40	-	60	51
Panoh Mahála Broach Burat Thána Total 1 Centrat Division, Abmeduagar Abmeduagar Násik Poona Sholápur Total Sholápur Total	,606 201,02		83	4-45	10.47	17-25	807-39	1,438*83	60 5 ·17	1,796	2.02	Besides the amount in column 16, Rs. 8,084 were spent for pay of Pagis employed on Famine works in Abmedabad and
liroach Gurat Thána Total 1 Centeal Division. Abmeduagar Khándesh ' Násik Poona Sútára Total 8		_	4	8·64 4·04	4.03	1'09 -13	1,591°84 657*	1,627*45 636*	1,451·35 800*	1,771	8.83 11.4	Rs. 7,200 in Kaira.
Thina Total 1 Central Division, Ahmednagar Khändesh Näsik Poona Sätära Sholäpur Total 8			1	4.28	6.50	\$0.8	911.76	1,376-27	411.02	907	2.83	
Total 1 Central Division, Ahmednagar Khöndesh ' 1 Násik Poona Sútára Sholápur Total 8	1,60 2 637, 01		88	1:39	•28	18.82	919·08	1,127.55	690-66	977	1-41	•
Central Division, Abmednagar Khándesh ' Násik Poona Sútára Sholápur Total 8	8,673 811,43	8 14	4	0 -35	19-36	-1	1,448-89	3,690.60	136'87	2,418	4-29	
Abmednagar Khändesh ' 1 Näsik Poona Sätära Sholäpur Total 8	8,512,00	00	193			***		<u> </u>		8,435*	2.92	*This total comes to 8,439 (7).
Khándesh ' 1 Náslk Poona Bátára Sholápur Total 8			1		10.00		1 -05-0	1.070-10		1		
Násik Poona Sútára Shotápur Total 8	0,045 837,00 0,041 1,427,38		29	19-39 8-59	19 [.] 58 9-68	*08 8*84	1,537-2	1,872-19 1,140-58	595 ·45 1,740·8	1,829	2*44 5*29	
Poona Bùtàra Shotàpur Total 8	,940 810,50		60	11.08	13.08	10	1,529"	1,764	636.	6,175 2,786	5.19	
Sholápur Total 8	1,810 995,83		45	0.27	9.35	84-4	1,104-1	1,648-06	393-1	2,967	177	
Total 8	.988 1,140,5 5	9 16	89	6.01	64.6	-69	1,843'34	2,067-41	825-27	1,555	2-5	
	,541 720,09	7 19	16	10-43	15-27	-03	1,657	1,983	956*	1,678	8*86	
	8,941,44	120	808	9.01			1,429*29	*** ***		15,890	8.83	† This total comes to 59,44,467 (7).
	049 903,97	3 19	43	10-66	19-95	3 ·13	8,279-76	2,669-61	670*24	1,676	8.84	
Automa -	660 736,43		51	18.1	15-9	-5	1,706-3	1,918-1	396-8	1,188	9.75	
	6.3 1,113,20		45	9.13		-	2,308-92	1,105'39	2,714-68	1,672	8.11	
Kämra	,018 454,40	16	89	9.69	11.77	2 ·86	1,139*07	1,921-49	723-54	1,193	2 ·98	
	,131 605,56		25	6-55	9-63	6-87	1,663*	2,265	727.	1,393	4.34	•
	,822 1,166,80	-	83	7.6	7.4	4:04	2,257	<u>2,700</u> .	734.	1,143	<u><u> </u></u>	
Total 24 Sind,	,916 5,060,65	- 79	9 36			•=•				8,164	3.13	
	.971 446,513	19	79	- 14-44	25·38	678	538-62	701-90	824-97	3,161	8.81	
Hyderabad	291 989,030	9 6	. 61	18-14	16- <u>8</u> 1	21.2	1,448'07	1,733-7	599-45	8,918	5.73	
	730 523,348	13	52	15-33	25-81	0.40	1,192-13	1,640.18	541-83	1,538	8-50	
m - • • • •	090 058,083	1 1	70	19-41	•••		1,600*20	1,670.68	559*35	3,187	5.33	
there are an	690 303,894 620 832,048	23 8	59	35·93	17:00		955-10	941466 9 4 8 4 - 0 4		862	2-31	
	302 3 ,210,910	103	89 363	13·11 16·45	17·22 21·55	12-94 13-15	1,160.23 1,091.60	1455-64	224-73 436-21	884	4:43	
Railwoys.										12,567	4.27	
G. I. P. Railway	864	8	89	1.44	· · · ·			******	848 145	1,077	1.80	145 Railway Stations.
R M Ballana 1	013	38	69	1.28				***	40.000	1,064	1-63	163 do.
S.M. Dullman	405	11	34	2• 78	•••			···	P49 1-10	1,490	2-95	194 do.
	.034	<u> </u>	<u>59</u>	1.93						185	-58	97 do.
Grand Total 130		411	1,328	1-03 0-57§			•••	******		8,836 48,801	1-83 	699 do. The difference between cols. 6 to 9 and 34 and 35 is due to 6 clerks on S. M. Bailway who form part of the ano- tioned strength but who

NOTE, - The total amount of crime entered in column 49 of Statement E is 48,892 cases, while the total number offences as entered in column 5 of statements A - Part I and columns s and 10 of Statement A - Part III for the whole Presidency including Sind and Railways for 1802 is 49,000. The difference of 103 is due to the omission of 109 cases in the Northern Division and the erroneous inclusion of one case in the Southern Division, in column 49 of Statement E for 1902. I This is exclusive of the lengths in miles of Railways. 5 This is calculated on the total area exclusive of the length in miles of Railways to the total force exclusive of Railways.

C. A. B. BEATTY, for Inspector-General of Police. ÷

STATEMENT F.

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(xxxviii)

STATEMENT

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and General Internal Management of the

			TOTAL E	STBENGTI	ife	A		T 0¥ T	II FORC	¥.					1	PUNISU PUNISU	N B N TO			-		
		Sanc	tioned.	Act	ual,	With) Fire-ari	ns,		ih Fire- ns.			degrad Buspe der	ied, or ied, or onded part-		Pun	ished j or	udicial Sessio	ly by a na Cou	Magist rt.	rate	
Próvince (I	District),					orided with Riflee (secrice, &c.).	provided with conding Smooth- r Carbinea	Number provided with Muz- zle-loading Smooth-bores.	provided with	r provided with	D mis		menta dep men punis any oti provio Section	diy, or art- itally	Un		Un Seci 330, 33 Penal	tion# 1, 848,	Chapt of F	der ter IX 'enal de.		her nces.
- 		Office rs.	Men.	овен.	Men.	Number provided w (Special Reserves,	Number Breech-lo bores or C	Number pr	Number Ewords.	Number Batons on	Ufficera,	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officera.	Men.	Опоств.	Nen.
1		2	8	•	5	6	7	8	Ð	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Nurthern 1	Division.				<u> </u>)	Ì	/	j		<u>.</u> 	İ	<u> </u>								<u> </u>
Altracdatad	••• •••	277	961	275	940		804		872			7	17	106		1			•			3
Kuira	•••• •••	151	672	151	571	26	216		303	67	г. 14	5	8	68	•••	4					•••	
Tauch Maháli	s	134	526	133	496	4 6	310	i	252	12	1	12	6	58								5
Broach	••• •••	108	891	105	958	21	136		811	18		6	27	62		484					•••	3
Furat		161	713	177	704	21	237	1	491	14	1	5	16	147	•••	1					1	1
Tháng 🚥	••• •••	190	686	160	656		873		491	20	••4	7	8	64		•••			•••		•••	2
	Total	1,039	3,839	1,030	8,725	114	1,674		2,600	231	2	43	60	405		8					 1	14
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>									<u> </u>			—						
Central 1	Division,]		ļ		ļ	}	ļ	,]	ļ)
Ahmednagar			084	175	623	24	298		203	(▲) 284	1	3	18	78	1	•••	•••	•••	- 11		1	6
Khandesh		952	1,958	851	1,832	40	614		787	(D) 859	5	21	23	173	•••	1	2	1	•••	2	•••	10
During	*** ***		067	109	623	40	811		(c) 605		•••	15	21	64	•••	•••			•••		•••	4
ruona		205	1,020	203	1,008	41	872		510	(в) 850		6	17	221	•••	8			•••		1	6
Sitara		222	799	221	798	41	875	{	(-) 009										-			
bholápur	419 \$1		499	120	405	21	174		(1) 603 305	···	3 9	4	11 29	25		1			••••	•••	1 2	4
	Total		4,087	1,301	4,879	215	3,07		2,013	(F) 124 1,123	12	54	118	07 658	<u> </u>	 10					5	3 33
Southern 1		<u> </u>																		2		
Belgaum	*** ***	164	581	169	883	14	233		84	412	1	•	20	51	1	· 3						2
Bljápur	1=8 874	160	527	160	526		226		289	172	2	5	23	69				 , '			1	1
District	ha s 814	210	6 3	201	619	11	803		485	73	1	8	7	63		1					•••	2
Kanara		160	846	159	540	21	227		360	95		1	9	03		1		•••	49.6		1	1
Koláha	••• •••	113	413	m	440		179		228	159		1	5	23					***	-14	***	1
Ratnágiri		165	605	159	597	17	284		88	433	1	8	6	27		1		i				
	Total	979	9,944	959	3,303	63	1,453		1,493	1.345	8	29	70	356	1	6					2	7
Sind				'								[
Karáchi	n	211	938	9 10	823		(o) 47 L		(3) 208	331	1	10	28	110	1	8				1		5
Sukkur	ł										-		~		•			•••	•••			
Lirkháns	···· ···	130 127	586 493	129	571	4+4	(4) 325	**1	(<i>j</i>) 379		1	14	21	136	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•	1
liyderahad	•	230	435 900	126	425	***	(m) 274		(*) 269	5 *1	1	3	6	38	sta	1	•••		•••		•••	2
Thar and Park		131	416	236 127	800 403	+11 (+) 090	(r) £37 (r) 135		(\$) 401	113	•••	16	40	152	•••	20			•••		***	2
				127	403	(g) 390	(P) 135	•••	16	**5	2	6	10	42	***	1		•••			•••.	1
Upper Sind Fr	ontier	62	277	69	270		(1) 205	•••	(m) 120	•••		5	18	56								
	Total "		<u> </u>								***					***	•••	***				
Bailm		8:47	9,513		3,409	330	1,950	***	1,476	445		61	129	<u>534</u>		25						11
G. I. P. Railwi																						
B. B. & C. I. 1		104	523	101	512		•••	•••	[*] 28	600	1	25	13	91		•••						
RM. Railway		94 113	014 403	93	603		•••		20	689		19	16	203		8			•		•••	
B. M. Railway			408 307	112	498	•••	18	•••	109	483		13	•	49	H1	-			•••			6
****	Total		1,141	89 363	305				18	825			9	- 45	1							1
) — — — '		1,918		43	<u> </u>	179	1,090	1	54	42	802	1	3		•••			•••	7
GRAND	TOTAL	0.37	17 601	4,102	17,201	193	7,192		8,900	5,303	33	2:16	438	3,136		49					8	72

The difference between the total of columns 2 and 3 and the total of columns 6 to 10 is due to 4 clorks in the Bouthern Maritha Railway who form part of the sanctioned strength have not yet between the state of columns 6 and 5 and the total of columns 6 to 10 is due to 4 clorks in the Bouthern Maritha Railway who form part of the sanctioned Division which is unexplained
(·) let of these provided with swords also, and 13 with betons also,
(·) 2.75 of these provided with swords also,
(·) 18 of these provided with swords also,
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(·) 18 of these provided with swords also,
(·) 18 of these provided with swords also,
(·) 18 of these provided with swords also,
(·) 18 of these provided with swords also,
(·) 18 of these provided with revolvers also,
(·) 18 of these provided with revolvers also,

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Force for the Rowlin D 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	F.		
Force for the Bombay Presidency, including Sind, and Ruilways for the year 1002.	Force for the Bombay Presidenc	y, including Sind, and	Railways for the year 1902.

R1	EWARDS.	Edu	CA7101		ź		New	BRE WI DL	10 IIA¥8 8174 TB	с Бярт (18 у 84)	тиц } в.	'encu	Parent	7468 1 51888	0 1010 0111 0	Vici	Scine,	
Remarded during the year.		ycar. read and write.		ed during the year.	service and under teo years.	service and upwards.	Jratuity.	a without Peurloa or		otherwise than under tumna.			o Haspital.	sick.				Ramana,
By promo- tion.	By Khulate, prusents, kood con- duct stripes or moncy	Officers.	Men.	Number enlisted	Of one year's se	Of ten years' a	On Penuing or Gratuity.	By resignation Cratuity.	By diamleasl.	By diarharge othera	By describun.	By death.	Admissions into Hospital	Daily average	Deatha	08 - 1	¥.a	
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	83	84	35	30	37	33	39	ŵ	41
39 5 7 3 3 8 59	296 187 177 113 819 243 1,327	227 110 87 98 133 114 767	32 15 18 35 23	5 58 7 C6 9 40 8 50 8 48	311 209 217 483 447	459 3.6 294 2.0 3.19 350 2.013	30 11 41 15 17 10 124	88 13 14 18 84 19 135	7 5 13 6 7 44	28 8 9 1 44	 3 3	31 16 25 8 29 9 113	53 - 61 18 - 63 47 - 21 23 - 54 69 - 15 54 - 43	*14 -08 -19 -06 1-57 *14	2-63 2-21 8 07 1-9 3-17 1-06 <u>2-42</u>	8 1 4 1 9	21 1 50 23 9 30	 Phirasted in and I Court Fromoutor and cluded in commun 6 to 10, do. Bhirasted in not included in columns 6 to Do. do. Do. do. Do. do. Do. do. Phirastedia and B Court Proceedior Included in columns 6 to 10.
2 21 8 16 14 2	95 814 141 · 185 102 197	130 240 139 215 157 84	58 26 57 47	5 200 92 8 116 9 76	* 825 877 704 515	362 440 895	9 30 23 29 7 13	18 20 2) 54 5	3 27 15 8 7 9	2 8 	 9 1	9 89 25 18 41	27:81 30:87 46:40 34:70 16:68 63:44	*07 .08 *18 *106 *67 *17	1-13 5-20 3-06 1-41 4-01 2-73	• 1 2 3 1	31 96 34 13	unarmed, (c) I bhiractodár is unarmed. (b) I Courb Prosecutor and I Bhirmatchir 6 Otherm of the Intelligence branch unarmod.
63 1 1 5	1,094 178 79 151 77	964 139 89 138 138	81: 25: 35:	3 70 3 39 9 63	277 237 953	3:59 409 406	110 19 22 21 -6	123 18 15 14	66 7 9 1	11 6 1 3	<u>4</u> 	199 29 6 83 17	[37:81 30:16 20:14 54:85 50:07	•20 •68 •37 1•24 •13	4 105 8 19	11 1 9 1	84 8 9 16 4	in columns 5 to 10. Bhirastelár not included in columns 6 to b
1	216 105 805	84 136 696	390	17	243	230 497 \$,818	7 1) 94	50	1 4	ء 14	 7	9 8 104	73'17 48:96	11 •13	90 1.04	2 0 19		
8 6 1 4	346 48 33 99 16	127 87 80 144 61	191 139 144 291 79	147 69 107 110	419 268 200	507 305 244 391 194	21 20 16 19	42 34 13 40 39	11 15 4 16 8			17 7 14 83 11	49-64 75-66 14 53 37-84 29-36			1 1 1 4	10 16 10 	 27 fiffieers of Clerical Fatablishment and officer and 13 Water Solids motion e-columns 6 to 10. 19 tifficers of Clerical Fatablishment not be edite columns 6 to 10. 80 officers of Clerical Fatablishment, 18 o without arms and 13 officers and 1
3	63	61	59	25	204	109	2	8	5	3	-	8	36-33	·07 z	'69		1	(Options Fostew) not included in error 8 to 10, 14 (Privers of Cleries) 1 which track included in constraint to 10,
20	634	*534	149	513	1,976	1,870	π	178	59	36		646	4: 6;	11	<u>10</u>		+1	* This total connect to 504 (7).
5 2 8 2 2	317 106 83 60	87 91 110 63	822 617 176 216	65 108 30 43	820 8-3 319 175	229 206 205 205 207	10 13 23 	25 42 21 28	24 12 13 6		1 	16 11 11 8	PJ 61 61~23 61 31 69 49		2:61 1:78 1:60 2:60 2:19	3 1 	10 11 2	812 Adminutema. 247 Do. 252 Do. 213 Do.
18	305	861 3,302	1,121	715	1,1:6	613	47	116	56 351	3	1	**	68 59	14	2 11		21	1,259 Do.

(m) 146 of these are provided with swords also.
(m) 16 of these are provided with revolvers also and 97 with balous also.
(7) These men have swords also.
(7) If of these are provided with swords also.
(7) 12 of these are provided with swords also.
(a) 0 do. revolvers also.

C. A. B. BEATTY, for Inspector-General of Police.

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Statement showing the number of cases in which women were tried and convicted for the murder of their children during the year 1902, by Criminal Courts in the Bombay Presidency, including Sind and Railways.

-		· · ·						<u></u>	
Borth Nation Der	District.	Name of Accused.	Date of Offence.	Child, legitimate or illegitimate,	Bection under which convicted.	Sentence.	In the case of legitimate child, whether Busions Judge has or has not recommended reduction of sentence by the Local Government.	Sentence as modified by the Local Government,	Brief account of the case.
1 .	}	 	· · · · · · _ · _ · _ · _ · _	NORTH	ERN DIV	TRION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		≜hm	edabad, Ka	-			at and Tha'r	18.	
	1			CENTI	RAL DIVI	BION.			
			Ahmedn		k, Kha'nde	sh and She	ola'pur.	r	
	-				• Nil.				
1	Poona	Godu, wife of Bows.	81at July 1902.	Illogi timate.	302, Indian Penal Code,	Transport a- tion for life.		7 years' rigo- 7 rous impri- sonment.	
2		Thuku, wife of		_		1			77
×	Do	Aluinge,	19th Nov- embor 1902.	Do	Do, 1131	Do, ,. .	1893148.0	Appeal pend- ing in the High Court.	death of the child by
3	Sa'ta'ra	Jainabai, wife of	23rd Sentem.	Do	Do	Do	11114	5 6 54	The accused through fear
		Balabhai.	ber 1902.	_ 201 , ,	1/0, 1 14	10,		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	of scandal strangled the child and with the assist- ance of a midwife threw
}						60 () 1 ()			the dead body into the river,
{			(,		•	
				SOUTH	EBN DIVI	ISION.		•	•
			1	Belgaum, K	la'nara and Nil.	Kola'ba		a	e, `` γ =
4	Bija'pur	Bharmava kom Fakirgouda of Manga lg u d d, Taluka Badámi.	29nd June 1902.	Illegitimate ,	802, Indian Fonal Cola.	Transporta- tion for lite.	Recommen d a- tion was made by the Sessions Judge.	rigorous	child and threw it into
			-	غد . بع	- Naca - 2 - 1	an an Array		No. 6285, dated 22nd October 1902.	
5 1	Dha'rwa'r.	Tuka va kom Cholappa.	5th August 190 2.	Do	Do• •••	Do	No recommend- ation was made by the Scssions Judge.		The accused, a widow, murdered her illegitimate child by inflicting injury on its head and back immediately after its
	1		.	•		1 S = 1		ш н (birth
6]	Ratna'-'	Yamuna kom Babu Jambala.	21st May 1902.	Legitimate .	Do,	Do,	Do,	Seven years' rigoroue imprison-	The accused threw her legitimate child into a well as she was unwilling
		. ·			atson a Anna anna anna anna anna anna anna a			ment, eide G. B., J. D., No. 5621, dated 4th Septemb e r	to support it.
Í		. 1	ť	. 1	् इरसक	· •	;	1902.	
	a			·	sind, _{Nil} ,		•		¥
ł		٩.		G	AILWAYS			•	
				Д	AILWAI Ni.	71 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	si si si si si si si si si si si si si s		i i
 , I ,		·			AT NE .	·	· · ·		

C. A. B. BEATTY, for Inspector-General of Police.

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- ANNUAL POLICE STATEMENT-SUPPLEMENTARY No. II.

Showing the Number of Licenses issued under the Arms Act in the Bombay Presidency including Sind and Railways for the year 1903.

	•			Lien	rus Leve	AND RAIN	I¥43.	5	CASIN			Barranes, '
	•				Postmasion of A	or carrying		Total number of			Number of	
Diet	trict.			Dealing in Arms and Ammuni- tion.	F(Pe-6,722).	Other Arma	Missel- laneous Journeys, 84,	cases in- stituted in respect of Licenses shown in solamns 8-5.	Number of comm in which fines were imposed.	"Amount of fixes imposed.	licenses including both Bro- arms and other arms,	NewNer of Svearing everyd by licenses Ignigel fri ynamalog or dwrtylag of arma.
Northern	Divis	Hon.								Re e p		,
Ahmedabad Kaira Panch Mahála Brosch Surat Tháng	200 125 200 200	>=> === === ===	1 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4	6 1 5 5 1	312 76 79 158 967 796	656 846 217 385 44	181 6 2	35 ••• ••• •••	34 111 111 111 111	168 0 0 	115 45 • 36 98 85	880 90 78 189 801
1.0808 986	140	Total	525 110		1,680	1,482	189	35		165 0 0	80 285	806 1 ,886
Central .	Divis	ion, .										•
Násik Poona Sátára		005 408 408 409 916 616	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	81 41 13 45 20 22	430 1,078 293 215 450 994	158 794 944 95 143 196	3 5 6 1 1			52 0 0 50 0 0 65 0 0 50 0 0	104 699 93 68 79 177	461 3,482 814 908 607 3,116
		Total	399	172	8,480	1,561	18	52	14	991 0 0	1,915	4,158
Southern	Divi	B 1 071a				•	{					
Bijápur Dhárwár	130 176 176 171 171 171	tot 640 440 446 648 648 648		18 10 38 10 6 23	489 428 577 595 596 1,125	159 168 291 19 87 24	15 9 • 99	 19 5	8 10 5	- 45 0 0 106 0 0 85 0 0 80 0 0	36 75 156 6 34 9	6800.pp Cval105 Sabirt8 Sabirt8 Sabirt8 Sabirt8 Sabirt8
-		Total	848	105	8,801	628	82	80	22	296 0 0	\$16	gm+++
. Si		730 100 440 440 440 440 440	Dan bar đec tra bus	19	418 975 888 5 415 187 865	67 44 18 28 19 161	487 80 9 10	14 8 7 0 	10 8 5 	635 0 0 40 0 0 831 0 0	 : 139	Bosidas the sum- ber of licenses shows there are B license hold- ere for repairs to arms.
		Total	¥=1	48	3,028	885	682	20	· 18	998 0 0	129	f #8
Bei	lways.	•								e.	ļ	
G. I. P. Railwa B. B. & C. I. B. RM. Railway S. M. Railway	ilway	Total			11 1 15	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	810 800 800 800	: : : :	000 000 000 000	488449 338449 598449 698449 698449	 	0 1 5444 Gmp. + 19 Grapost Granos
		Total		852	10,881	6,008	510	122	78	1,681 0 0	1,946	5,958

A. This face was imposed in 3 ences. In 3 ecces the se acquitted. 3. 105 Homes are for gams as well as swords, -G. 3 cases are pending. of wave anteneed to a term of imprisonment. In the sumaining 5 the accurat were

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C. A. B. BEATTY, for Inspector-General of Police.

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