Administration report of the forest circles in the Bombay Presidency including Sind for the year 1914-1915

TA LE OF CONTENTS.

CHAPTER I.

CONSTITUTION OF STATE FORESTS.

					, Pages.
Section 1.—Alteration in Area	4	•••	•••	***	18
" 2.—Forest Settlements	•••	•••	***	•••	3—1
" 3.—Demarcation	4 5, 4	•••	***	***	4-6
, 4.—Forest Surveys	•••	•••	***	•••	6
		 -			
	CHAPTER	II.		O	
Man	AGEMENT OF ST	ATE FOREST	ra.	\$ 1 m	
Section 1.—Regulation of Manager	ment—			to diff	J
Sub-section (a) Preparation an	d Control of Re	gular Wo	king Plans	عليم الأعلى المعلجية. • • • ومهميد	79
(b) Preliminary W			111	ARRANGE OF THE PERSON OF THE P	9
(c) Plans of Opera	tions		•••	•••	910
Section 2.—Communications and B	uildings—				
Sub-section (a) Roads and Bri	dges	•••	***		10-12
(b) Buildings		•••	•••	•••	12-13
(c) Miscellaneous	Works	***	•••	•••	14
Section 3.—Protection of Forests—	•				
Sub-section (a) General Protect	etion	***	***	***	15—21
(b) Protection from		•••	•••	•••	21-29
(c) Protection from	•	***	***	•••	3038
(d) Protection again	nst Injuries fro	m Natural	Causes	•••	83-34
Section 4.—Sylviculture—	-		•	•	
Sub-section (a) Natural Repro	duction			***	34—36
(b) Artificial Repr		•••	***	***	36—38
(c) Operations for		nt of the C	Frowing Sto	_	88-89
(d) Experiments	ono 122pro 1042	***	•••	•••	89-40
Section 5.—Exploitation—	•				
Sub-section (a) System of Mar	agement—				
·	rest Produce	***	***	***	40-44
	orest Produce	•••	***	*** .	44-45
Sub-section (b) Agency of Expl		•••		·	
(i) Department		•••	***	. ***	45-47
(ii) Purchase		***	•••	• •••	47-51
(iii) Rights an		***		***	51-52
(iv) Free Gran	_	•••	•••	•••	52
Sub-section (c) Outturn and So	urces of Figest	Produce	***	•••	5354
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	•	
	CHAPTER I	rt .			•
	OHAFIER I	111			
Financial Results		•••	***	***	54-62
		-			J
•	CHAPTER 1	V.			• ′
					# . #0 .00
Administration ,		•••	***	***	6 2— 69
н 1364—а					

CONTENTS.

CHAPTER V.

			-			
Remarks of the	Commissioner,	Northern Division	***	•••	* .	77
	Do.	Central Division	•••	•••	e's •	77-79
	\mathbf{Do}_{\bullet}	Southern Division		•••	•••	79—80
	\mathbf{Do}_{\bullet}	in Sind	··· <	•••	•••	8182
	•				4	
Annendices-T	Forms Nos. 7 to	27	•••		•••	87—178

ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE FOREST CIRCLES IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, INCLUDING SIND, FOR THE YEAR 1914-1915.

CONSERVATORS IN CHARGE OF CIRCLES DURING THE YEAR.

Northern Circle.

W. E. Copleston, Esquire, 1st July 1914 to 16th October 1914.

O. H. L. Napier, Esquire, 17th October 1914 to 22nd June 1915.

W. F. D. Fisher, Esquire, 23rd June 1915 to 30th June 1915.

Central Circle.

G. P. Millett, Esquire, 1st July 1914 to 25th June 1915.

O. H. L. Napier, Esquire, 26th June to 30th June 1915.

Southern Circle.

T. R. D. Bell, Esquire.

DEPUTY CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS IN CHARGE SIND CIRCLE.

D. A. Thomson, Esquire, 1st July 1914 to November 1914.

E. G. Oliver, Esquire, from November 1914 to 30th June 1915.

CHAPTER I.

CONSTITUTION OF STATE FORESTS.

1.—ALTERATION IN AREA.

Northern Circle.

An important event during the year was the territorial change ordered in Government Resolution No. 12823 of 22nd December 1914, whereby Kolába in this circle was exchanged for North and South Násik Divisions in the Central Circle with the exception of two ranges, viz., Akola and Rájur of the last mentioned division, which ranges were transferred to the Poona Division in the Central Circle. As a set off against the transfer of Akola and Rájur ranges from South Násik, the Kálwan range of North Násik was transferred to South Násik. These changes added largely to the forest area of the Northern Circle, which now stands at 3,021 square miles and 183 acres of reserved forest and 812 square miles and 594 acre, of protected forest as against 2,249 square miles and 235 acres of reserved forest and 798 square miles and 315 acres of protected forest of the previous year.

This report deals with the circle as it stood after these changes, with the exception that, for convenience, Kálwan has been included in North Násik.

In addition to the above, there were only some minor changes within the divisions by exchanges, additions and disforestments for local convenience.

Central Circle.

The re-constitution of the Central and Northern Circles sanctioned in Government Resolution No. 12823, dated 22nd December 1914, and under which the Central Circle gave up the two Násik Divisions, minus the Rájur and Akola ranges in the Ahmednagar District, receiving in exchange the Kolába Division, resulted in a considerable change in area as shown below. Apart from this, minor alterations in area occurred by the reservation or disforestment m 1364-1

of small areas in various districts; notably 2 miles 51 acres were added to reserved forest in Kolába, East Khándesh, Poona and Sátára, and 1 mile 122 acres to protected forest in Kolába, while 19 miles 216 acres of pasture forest were disforested in Ahmednagar and Sholápur, 1 mile 84 acres of reserved forest were converted into protected forest in Kolába, and 1 mile 57 acres were disforested in Poona partly in the interests of cultivation, partly for the Hydro-Electric Power Supply Company. Two thousand three hundred and fifty-nine acres of pasture forest in the Poona Division were transferred to the charge of the Revenue Department, while 442 acres in Poona, were re-transferred to that of the Forest Department. There still remains a considerable area in Poona to be handed over and this work is being effected gradually as the necessary arrangements for taking charge of the lands are completed by the Revenue Department.

Class of	Class of forest.		Area on 1		Added dur year		Excluded. the ye	during ar.	Area on 30th June 1915.		
Reserved Protected Leased			Sq. m. 6,180 99 0	acres. 549 237 232	Sq. m. 452 73	592 560	Sq. m. 1,245 87	133	Sq. m. 5,388 86 0	acres. 407 24 232	
•	Total	•••	6,280	378	526	512	1,332	227	5,475	23	

Southern Circle.

The total area of the forest was reduced during the year by 547 acres as shown in the following statement:—

Class of forest.	Area on 1st July 1914.	Added during the year.	Excluded during the year.	Area on 30th June 1915.
•	.Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Reserved Protected	2,859,299 85,480	1,616	2,162 1	2, 858,753 85,479
Total	2,944,779	1,616	2,163	2,944,232

In Kánara and Bijápur both the additions and exclusions are mostly due to rectifications caused by re-measurements of areas. A very small part of the area referred to in section (2) of Chapter I of the last year's report as proposed for afforestation in Belgaum was actually afforested. In Dhárwár an area of 282 acres of waste lands, scattered over several tálukas and not in demand for cultivation, was added to the reserved forest; simultaneously 1,079 acres of pasture forest, which was in charge of the Revenue Department, was disforested in the Ránebennur and Karajgi tálukas to meet the villagers' demand for cultivable area.

Sind Circle.

The alterations in area are:--

THE ALGUATOR	19 11	1 Alba al		· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		٠.	· * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
Class of forest.		Area on 1		Added d	uring ear.	Excluded the ye	during ar.	Area on 30 191	
Reserved	•••	Sq. m.	acres.	Sq. m.	acres. 256	Sq. m.	acres.	Sq. m.	acres. 275
Protected	۳4٠	0	585		••	1041	.	0 .	585
Total	•••	1,139	441	47	256	35	477	1,151	220

The additions are:	•				•		
		٠, ١	·	•4		Sq. m.	acres.
Alluvial accretion		٠,	•••	-	•••	. 36	,471
Reservation by notification	٠.٠	••	***		'	. 2	327
Rectification on re-survey	***		•••	· .	•••	· 8	=
	•.		•	Total	=	477	950
				10181	•••	47	256
The exclusions are:				•			
e for						Sq. m	. acres.
Erosion	414		***		•••	23	_
Disforested or transferred		•	•••	•	•••	5	274
Rectification by re-survey	***		•••		•••	6	,
the state of the s				Total	•••	35	477
The eroded area is classified	thus :					-	
220 02000 0200 0		i					Acres.
Growing valuable timber		•••		***		•••	3,700
New alluvium without trees		•••		•••			4,325
New alluvium with young gr	owth	440		***		•••	4,073
Coupes under regeneration		414		454		***	1,141
Blanks						***	1,831
			• ,			_	
		•		•	Total	•••	15,070

In the previous year the total erosion was 11,116 acres.

Value of material exploited from eroded areas (vide Government Resolution No. 804 of 2nd February 1910):—

Approximate area eroded after exploitation	***		стев. ,084		٠
			. a.	-	
Average value per acre as estimated prior to erosion	•••	5	7	5	
Estimated value of timber before exploitation		16,849	4	6	
Actual receipts	•••	17,692	0	8	

Six hundred and sixteen acres containing growth valued at Rs. 2,903 were eroded before exploitation was possible, the river action being very rapid.

Two thousand one hundred and twenty-three acres and 32 gunthás threatened with erosion were exploited. The resultant material was sold for Rs. 12,468-2-5.

Acquisition of kachas adjoining forests:-

Kacha claims pending a	t the end of l	ast year	***	•••	17
New claims made durin	g the year	***	**2	***	38
Decided in favour of the	Forest Deps	rtment	***	***	32
Decided against the For	est Departme	nt	***	• 1	1
Claims withdrawn	•••	•••	, •••	•••	10
Still undecided	***	•••	•••	•••	12

Eight thousand nine hundred and eighty-four acres and 18 gunthás were temporarily alienated to other departments.

2.—Forest Settlements.

Northern Circle.

This is practically complete in the circle. Only a few areas under acquisition remain to be dealt with.

Central Circle.

Settlement work covered 1 mile 590 acres of reserved forest and 1 mile 122 acres of protected forest, and consisted mostly of the acquisition by purchase or exchange of isolated numbers. The amount spent was Rs. 691. There is still in some divisions within the demarcation line a large area of occupied land of which the inclusion in forest is desirable. Occupants do not part willingly with these lands, funds for acquiring them are not available, while the teak growth, which is the property of Government, is deteriorating from theft or from being over-mature, and cannot be worked by the Forest Department for the reason that the right in the aftergrowth would then pass to the occupant who could either destroy it at will and so make the number valueless to the Forest Department, or preserve it and demand an extra price for acquisition. The proper policy to be followed would seem to be a final determination of the numbers within the demarcation line which are required for forest purposes, followed by a systematic programme of acquisition. The cost would be high to commence with, but would yield a good return to Government, and would also result in the forest areas being compact and definite instead of their being the patch-work they so often now are.

Southern Circle.

The only progress made-in settlement work during the year was notification under section 19 of 965 acres of scattered lands given up by cultivators in the several divisions of the circle. Settlement, at this rate, will take a long time to finish and make the protection and working of the existing forests a difficult task. To meet this difficulty special Settlement Officers have been proposed for Kánara and Belgaum. These proposals are presumably under the consideration of Government.

Arrears of settlement work in Kánara and Belgaum are shown in the statement below:—

· District.	· District.		Proposals for afforestation.		tion for lands w	sed for afforesta- n for occupied ds when they relinquished. Proposals for disforestment.			Remarks.
		pethás together.	ogether. of of survey of of survey of of	Number of survey numbers.					
Kánara	•••	9	342	1,895	96	421	43	91	Proposals as yet to be received for the Honava taluka au Bhatka
Belgaum		5	177	1,382	201	2,076	***		

Sind Circle.

Area awaiting settleme Area added by not Forest Act			Indian	3,293 6,086
	•	To	otal	9,379
Area actualy settled un Balance awaiting settle Expenditure	19 of the Ind	ian Forest	Act	1,607 7,772 <i>Nil</i>

3.—DEMARCATION.

Northern Circle.

The demarcation of the outer boundaries of forests in this circle has all been completed except for 128 miles in Násik (1 in North Násik and 127 in

South Násik). The Divisional Forest Officer, South Násik, however, reports that most of the said demarcation is really almost complete and that only intermediate cairns remain to be put up in certain parts.

Repairs to existing boundaries and the annual painting of cairns in red or white, as the case may be, cost Rs. 2,378.

Central Circle.

Expenditure under this head was Rs. 4,144, of which Rs. 2,241 was incurred on 223 miles of new work, and Rs. 1,903 on repairs to 4,736 miles of already demarcated boundaries. The new work was carried out in Poona 33 miles, East Khándesh 35 miles, and Kolába 155 miles; in other divisions, and now also in East Khándesh, nothing remains to be done. The addition of the Akola and Rájur ranges to Poona gives that division 696 miles of new work still to be carried out. Progress in Kolába was as satisfactory as could be hoped for, looking to the difficulty of obtaining competent surveyors, but 246 miles of boundary still remain undemarcated: the early completion of the work is very necessary from the point of view of preventing encroachments, wilful or accidental, but under present conditions can hardly be carried out within two years.

Southern Circle.

The revision and checking of boundaries in Kánara Southern Division and Dhárwár Division has resulted in an increase of 846 miles in the total length for the circle. The length artificially demarcated increased from 216 to 852 miles and the length of previously existing boundaries repaired from 870 to 977 miles.

The expenditure on new work was Rs. 2,483, all incurred, with the exception of Rs. 92 in the Southern Division of Kánara, on the Mysore frontier line, which works out at Rs. 109-10-0 per mile of the cut line. This rate is no doubt high but the nature of the country—hilly and precipitous—makes it necessarily so. The work is, however, nearing completion—scarcely 16 miles remaining to be cut and about 10 miles to be ranged.

In Kánára Northern Division the only demarcation work in arrears is a part of the frontier line between British and Goa territories. The work was taken in hand rather late in the season and only $4\frac{1}{2}$ furlongs were demarcated at a cost of Rs. 12.

In Kánara Eastern Division 31 miles of external and internal boundary lines were cleared without expense to Government. Besides this, a 132' strip around cultivated lands was demarcated along 45 miles in 16 villages in Yellápur range. Bettas assigned in past year as well as during the year were also demarcated to the extent of about 53 miles. There is demarcation work still to be done in about 62 villages of the Yellápur táluka in connection with the 132' strip and new bettas. But the Divisional Forest Officer reports that the 132' strip which is demarcated under Government orders is very little used for the purpose for which it was meant. Experience also shows that such a broad strip is quite unnecessary.

The only work done in Kánara Western Division was the re-clearing of 2 miles of Goa frontier line at a cost of Rs. 76. There is always some difficulty in getting the Goa authorities to send an officer to co-operate.

In the Belgaum Division 3½ miles of forest boundary line were cleared departmentally for Rs. 47. Seven miles of boundary line between Sávánt-vádi State and West Khánápur forests were ranged. Besides, old lines were cleared, cairns repaired and reserve forest stones erected in various places along a line of about 50 miles costing Rs. 111.

Rupees 45 were spent on 11 miles of new demarcation in the Dhárwár Division. Four miles of this was done in Hangal range with hewn stones at a cost of Rs. 39, and 7 miles in Kalghatgi, partly by guard labour and partly with the help of villagers, the expense being only Rs. 6.

In the Bijápur Division the work of clearing the boundary lines of prickly-pear and other obnoxious growth was done by guards over a length of 276 miles. Hired labour was employed to assist where the growth was too dense. The whole expenditure, including the erection of a few reserve forest stones, painting the existing boundary stones, etc., was Rs. 54.

Sind Circle.

Internal boundaries.—The forests are divided into half-mile squares by rides 20 feet wide. Twenty-one miles of new line were cut during the year free of cost. Two thousand eight hundred and fifty-one and half miles of previously cut rides were kept clear by free labour valued at Rs. 5,703. One hundred and thiry-one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three acres remain in which rides have yet to be cut. This area at present contains only young growth and will not be taken in hand till the stock is more advanced.

External boundaries.—Twenty miles and 166 feet were demarcated by 357 new boundary marks in newly afforested areas; 18,311 old boundary marks on 2,067 miles 1,010 feet of line were repaired free of cost.

4.—Forest Surveys.

Northern Circle.

No survey was carried out in the circle during the year.

The total expenditure under the head "Constitution of State Forests" for the circle was:—

			•			Rs.
Acquisition of	land an	d settlement	offices	•••	•	151
Demarcation.	•••	9 * •	•••	•••	•••	2,378
					_	
•				Tota	l	2, 529

Central Circle.

In the East Khándesh Division work was in progress by a Survey of India party over an area of 10 square miles, but maps have not yet been issued.

Southern Circle.

No new surveys were undertaken during the year by the Survey of India, nor was any expenditure on that account debited to the Forest Department. The changes shown in Form No. 10 are the result of the reduction of areas as per Form No. 7.

The total expenditure on the Constitution of State Forests was Rs. 5,692. In 1913-1914 it was Rs. 5,468.

Sind Circle.

The work done by the Working Plans Assistant and his staff is given below:—

Divis	ion.		River c		Forest bound- aries surveyed and checked.		Number of test trees measured.	Measurement of compart- ment lines.		npart- maps c	
		_	Miles.	Chains.	Miles.	Chains.		Miles.	Chains.		
Hyderabad	***	•••	125	14	804	9	1,387	476	32		2
Lárkána	•••	•••	19	61	79	80	*****	82	48	*****	•••••
Jerruck	•••	•••	•••	•••	Ì	•••	*****	***		79	*****

The survey of river frontages and marking of coupes was carried out as usual by Range Forest Officers; the number of miles of river frontage surveyed being 199 and that of coupes demarcated and laid out 92.

CHAPTER II.

MANAGEMENT OF STATE FORESTS.

1.—REGULATION OF MANAGEMENT.

(a) Preparation and Control of Regular Working Plans.

Northern Circle.

Preparation.—The working plan for the North Dángs, submitted last year, was sanctioned by Government in their Resolution No. 3317 of 19th March 1915. The cost incurred in its preparation was Rs. 109 per square mile.

The working plan for the South Dángs (an area of 230 square miles) which is being prepared by the Divisional Forest Officer, Surat, has, it is reported, made good progress during the year and is expected to be ready for printing before the end of the next season.

The working plan for the Central Dángs has yet to be prepared, but this is not urgent and will follow that of the South Dángs.

Control.—The prescriptions of sanctioned plans were carried out as far as possible. A few coupes in South Thana were withheld from exploitation owing either to their immature growth or their inaccessibility.

The work of collecting data for the revision of the Thána working plans entrusted to Mr. W. C. Milne is reported to be progressing satisfactorily. Mr. K. E. Kotwal, Extra Assistant Conservator, transferred to this circle from the Southern Circle, has been posted to the Working Plans Division as Mr. Milne's Assistant for this work.

The working plans of the above and below ghát teak for the North and South Násik Divisions require revision for various reasons. These matters will be considered next season by the Conservator while on tour.

Only about two square miles of forest remain to be brought under working plans in this circle.

No plan will lapse during the next three years.

Central Circle.

Working plans covering 157 square miles were submitted to, and received the sanction of, Government during the year, viz., a revised plan for the anjan and scrub forests, 107 square miles, of the Dhulia and Pimpalner ranges in West Khándesh; a plan for the working of 108 acres of casuarina forest of the Alibág range in Kolába; and a revised plan for the Satmala teak and mixed forests, 50 square miles, of the Chálisgaon range in East Khándesh. In addition, a plan for the teak and mixed sub-ghát forests, 3 square miles, of the Lonávla and Ambegaon ranges in Poona was drawn up and has received the sanction of Government after the close of the year, while one for the evergreen forests, 39 square miles, of the Mulshi range in Poona, and another, a revised plan for the Trans-Purna babul reserves, 4 square miles, in the Edlabad range, East Khándesh, are in the press.

Other work done during the year was a revision of the plan of the Chopda, Yával and Ráver ranges in the East Khándesh Sátpuras, but the new prescriptions not meeting in all respects the views of the Collector, some alterations may be necessary before the plan is ready for submission; it will however be disposed of during the current year.

In Poona the Divisional Forest Officer undertook the organization of teak bearing forests in four ranges, including them in the revision of the existing plan which the handing over to Revenue Department management of various areas has necessitated. For similar reasons he also was engaged on the re-arrangement of the babul forests under the existing plan; the work is well forward and its early completion is expected.

Good progress was therefore made, and the most important outstanding work is now the revision of the plan of the Shirpur and Shahada ranges in North Khandesh, which will be undertaken as soon as possible. The unorganized areas in the circle are still large, 1,369 square miles, but in the majority of them local conditions, such as inaccessibility or no present demand for the produce, or the prior necessity of working out the growth on adjacent revenue lands required for cultivation, or the immaturity of the growth, or the pending afforestation of adjacent waste lands, are factors which make the taking up of new plans of less relative urgency than the bringing up to date of existing ones.

The outbreak of war and the disorganization of trade that followed resulted, mainly in Khándesh, in contractors falling behindhand with the working of their coupes; apart from this the working of plans is generally up to date, though lack of demand for inferior species, again mainly in Khándesh; results in prescriptions not being carried out to the full.

Southern Circle.

Preparation.—One new working plan—the Yekkambi-Sonda high forest plan—was sanctioned by Government during the year. The area covered by this plan is 59 square miles and the cost was Rs. 148 per square mile. The following four plans being approved by the Collectors and the Commissioner are now in the press:—

- (1) The Chandavar fuel plan—for the supply of fuel to the Kumta town—coppice with standard system. Area, 12 square miles.
- (2) Plan for Block VIIA—Teak pole, coppies with standards. Area, 7 square miles.
 - (3) Gokák working plan.
 - (4) Nagargali high forests plan (Block XIX).

The Honávar-Bhatkal fuel plan is in the same stage as was reported last year. A revised plan for Blocks VIII, IX and XX of Kánara Northern Division has been drawn up and is under discussion.

Six more plans are in course of preparation:—

- (1) Kalghatgi range working plan—coppies with standards.
- (2) Bankápur and Hangal range forest working plan—coppice with standards.
- (3) Plan for the eastern portion of the Kirwatti jungles—two-storied high forests.
 - (4) Khanapur revised fuel plan.
 - (5) Golihalli-Godoli revised teak pole plan.
 - (6) Belgaum range working plan.

Numbers (1) to (3) are done by the Divisional Forest Officer, Working Plans, Mr. Miller, and numbers (4) to (6) by Mr. Hodgson, Divisional Forest Officer, Belgaum.

The Working Plan party was employed during the dry season in the Dhárwár Division doing enumeration work which they finished about the end of April and then moved to Kirwatti in Kánara Eastern Division where they completed, by the end of May, the field work for the revision of jungles on the Dhárwár border.

Control.—In Kánara Northern Division the work under high forest plans is well up-to-date except in Gund where the difficulty of obtaining carts and labour is great. Under the Supa fuel plan some of the areas proposed to be worked have not been touched as yet owing to the sparseness of the growth and the difficulty of obtaining contractors to work them. The Divisional Forest Officer, Kánara Eastern Division, reports that work is still behindhand in his division owing to difficulties of labour and transport; cattle disease in the Dhárwár frontier stopped transport of sleepers for some months. Coupes were

again not sold under the Sirsi town fuel plan of Kanara Southern Division, there being no demand. The provisions of the casuarina and the tali palm plans were carried out but the full number of palms were not disposed of. In Kanara Western Division the prescriptions of fuel and casuarina working plans were fully carried out. The high forest plans of Ankola and Kalanadi slopes are getting into arrears as the contractors were not able to extract more than half the quantity of material to be turned out. In the Belgaum Division work is reported to be somewhat in arrears in some blocks of the Khanapur fuel area owing to the slackness of a contractor. The existing plan in Dharwar range was worked up to with a very slight difference in the area due to the mistakes of the Rangers in the past when laying out adjoining coupes.

Sind Circle.

Except new kachas and recent reservations all forests in Sind are organized under regular working plans. The prescriptions of these were adhered to and the coupes duly exploited except in the Hyderabad Division where no sales could be effected as there were no purchasers. The demand for wood was less than usual owing to the war, and money was tighter. Dead wood was exploited in every division. The revision of the Jerruck working plan was completed during the year, and the fellings followed the revised prescriptions. The revised plan has been submitted to Government for sanction. The revision of the working plan of the Hyderabad Division was in progress during the year; the field work was completed by the end of March 1915. The report is now in course of compilation. The field work of the revision of the Larkana Division working plan was started in April last.

(b) Preliminary Working Plan Reports.

Northern Circle.

There were none.

Central Circle.

Remarks on these have been included above.

Southern Circle.

None.

Sind Circle.

Nil.

(c) Plans of Operations.

Northern Circle.

These were carried out as far as possible. Owing to financial stringency due to the war, a few contractors could not fell the coupes they had purchased, and a few others could not pay all the contract money within the year. In such cases, especially where the sale had taken place before the declaration of the war, they were allowed extensions to complete their contracts and to pay the outstandings during the following year.

Central Circle.

These were prepared in all divisions and carried out with a few minor and unimportant exceptions.

Southern Circle.

The Divisional Forest Officers generally report that the annual plans of operations have been worked up to, on the whole, without being much affected by the war. This is a matter for congratulation and was somewhat unexpected. In the Dhárwár Division some money was allowed to lapse owing to the H 1364-3

failure of subordinates to collect the full quantity of metal to be provided for roads. In the Bijápur Division the working of two babul coupes had to be abandoned for want of demand for the produce due to mills not working.

Sind Circle.

Plans of operations were submitted for each division, sanctioned and duly carried out with minor and unimportant modifications.

2.—Communications and Buildings.

(a) Roads and Bridges.

Northern Circle.

The total length of new roads constructed in several divisions of the re-constituted circle during the year was 37 miles at an aggregate cost of Rs. 18,294. Repairs to existing roads and cart tracks cost Rs. 3,029.

Surat, North Dángs.—1 mile $3\frac{1}{2}$ furlongs of the road from Mahál to Dhuldha was constructed for Rs. 1,547 and for the Kalibel-Bardipada road an entirely new line was taken over the ghát reducing the maximum gradient thereon from 1 in 4 to 1 in 13, the distance covered being 1 mile $5\frac{3}{4}$ furlongs and the cost Rs. 1,139.

Surat, Central Dángs.—A branch road from Mogarpada up the ghát to Mahalpada, a distance of 2 miles 6 furlongs, was constructed for Rs. 1,222. It is reported that this road alone rendered possible the extraction of about Rs. 12,000 worth of timber from the range.

A road from Borkhal to Holbari, two miles in length, including three pucca culverts and part of a fourth, cost Rs. 1,811, the low cost being reported to be due to the Ranger, Mr. S. N. Dubhashi, contributing much of the skilled labour with his own hands.

Surat, South Dángs.—5 miles of the Zharia-Málegaon road was constructed for Rs. 3,475 and Rs. 1,322 were spent on making the foundations and collecting materials for a bridge over Devipada nala on that road.

On the Galkund-Pandwa road 6 miles 7 furlongs cost Rs. 1,845.

Repairs to old roads in this range consisted also of re-construction of some portions of the previous year's road work between Waghai and Jamlanpada which had been washed away in the floods of 1914.

The Divisional Forest Officer also aligned parts of roads of an aggregate length of $25\frac{1}{2}$ miles for future construction.

Central Thána.—The Osarwira-Ghodpada road in the Mokháda range of which one mile was constructed in 1913-14 had to be kept in abeyance for want of funds. It will be completed as soon as these become available. Roads are urgently required in Blocks I and II of this range which have practically remained unsold since the introduction of the working plan. Five other roads were constructed for Rs. 4,115, the total length being 11 miles 5 furlongs.

The Divisional Forest Officer reports that he has collected data for the roads required in this part of the range.

South Násik.—Rs. 1,819 were spent on (i) Kamatpada to Chinchohol, (ii) Behelpada to Kakadpada, and (iii) Ambapani to Peint roads, a total length of $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles in South Peint, and Rs. 415 on Deola to Pálshet road in North Peint.

Repairs to old roads cost Rs. 70.

Central Circle.

Including repairs which cost Rs. 11,364, Rs. 17,435 were spent on roads as against Rs. 15,925 in the previous year, the decrease being due to the transference to the Northern Circle of the Násik Divisions where more works of this sort are in progress than in the Kolába Division which has come into the Central Circle.

In North Khándesh the conversion of the Wasardi-Bhurki fair weather cart track into a metalled road 3 miles long was continued at a cost of Rs. 1,557, and the work is now practically complete. The Hisala-Bhoiti road which will tap coupes due for exploitation during the next five years was improved at a cost of Rs. 885, a work which should result in enhanced sale prices of those coupes. 108 miles of foot-path, chiefly in the Akrani, were repaired for Rs. 1,428 and some of them widened with a view to their eventual conversion into cart tracks.

In East Khandesh no new roads were undertaken, but repairs to cart tracks in the three Satpura ranges were carried out at a cost of Rs. 1,238. The improvement of communications in these ranges is a matter which is urgently required and on which the revised working plan, which will shortly be submitted to Government, contains recommendations made by Mr. Copleston whose experience in such work in the Southern Circle is of the greatest value.

In West Khandesh half a mile of new road was constructed between the Nawapur depôt and railway station. Other work consisted of repairs to the Kalambari road in the Pimpalner range, and to the Charanmal-Borzar road in the Nawapur range, on the latter a masonry retaining wall being rebuilt and bridges and culverts restored.

In Poona the only new work was the construction of a short section of road in the Akola range at a cost of Rs. 200. 28 miles of the bridle path along the crest of the ghats were repaired at a cost of Rs. 1,112—a work which yearly proves of increasing convenience to the neighbourhood, and which seems destined for eventual conversion for cart traffic.

In Kolába repairs costing Rs. 113. were executed.

In Satara important work was carried out. The Vang valley road was extended by 1½ miles, bringing the total length open to 19 miles 7 furlongs. The road was used by the public for the carriage of ground nuts and other agricultural produce, while forest coupes in hitherto inaccessible parts of the valley fetched good prices instead of being unsaleable. The Koyna valley road was also extended by 3 miles 3 furlongs bringing the total length open to 17 miles 6 furlongs. This road, from its location between steep hills on one side and the Koyna river on the other, is much subject to damage from heavy rain and is very costly to keep in repair. For its further extension acquisition of malki and inam lands is necessary, and the preliminary measurements in this respect were carried out by a circle inspector, lent by the Collector, who has also provided Rs. 1,000 from local board funds for acquisition purposes in the current year.

The total expenditure on the Vang valley road was Rs. 3,214, including Rs. 1,830 on culvert construction and Rs. 954 on repairs; on the Koyna valley road Rs. 4,732, including Rs. 2,232 on culverts and Rs. 1,070 on repairs.

Southern Circle.

The total expenditure on roads, buildings and miscellaneous works was Rs. 94,841 against Rs. 76,928 and Rs. 67,158 of the two preceding years. Of this sum Rs. 15,378 was spent on new roads and paths and Rs. 33,160 on repairs. New buildings cost Rs. 29,981, while repairs took up Rs. 7,061. The expenditure on other works amounted to Rs. 3,560. Nearly Rs. 5,000 were contributed towards the repairs of local board roads which are of use for the transport of forest produce in Kánara. Temporary establishments and purchase of tools in connection with roads and buildings cost Rs. 700.

Twenty-six and a half miles of new cart-roads were constructed at a cost of Rs. 9,331 in Kánara; besides, 32 miles of cycle paths were traced for Rs. 127. Also seven bridges were completed in the Belgaum Division at a cost of Rs. 5,920. The proposed light railway line from Bhistenhatti to Dandeli was examined by the Deputy Chief Engineer, Madras and Southern Maratha Railway. He reports that there are no serious engineering difficulties but that the alignment should be most carefully surveyed and made by an expert Railway Engineer; the matter is now under consideration.

Sind Circle.

There are no works under this head. The 20 feet rides through the forests are available as roads and used as such. They are repaired, where necessary, free of cost.

(b) Buildings.

Northern Circle.

The cost of new buildings was Rs. 20,138 as per details below:—

1 Forest depôt at Fort Songad	in Surat Division	•••	•••	Rs. 2,669
3 Utaras (halt sheds) in do.	đo.	•••	•••	1,443
1 Cook room for the Ahwa jail	in do.	•••	***	200
1 Forest depôt at Boisar in No	rth Thána .	•••	•••	1,700
5 Kachha sheds for forest gu Thána)	ards (4 in North a	nd 1 in Cen	tral	361
9 Houses for forest subordinat North Thana (1), in Cent and in North Nasik (1)	tes in the Panch tral Thána (2), in S	Maháls (4) outh Thána	, in (1),	11,732
4 Forest posts—2 in South Th in the previous year and	ána and 2 in Centra completed in 1914-	l Thána, stai 15	ted	2,033
•		Total	•••	20,138

Repairs to existing buildings in the circle cost Rs. 6,269.

In North Thána a forest depôt building was completed by the Public Works Department at Sanján and handed over to this Department.

Central Circle.

The expenditure on account of new buildings was as below:-

	·				Rs.
North Khándesh-	•				
Four guards' posts	•••	•••		•••	2,956
Completion of Taloda	ranger's qu	arters	***	•••	177
East Khándesh-					
One guard's post	•••		•••	•••	~ 700°
West Khandesh-	•		**	-	•
Four guards' posts	tee		•••	•••	2,474
Two forest depôts		•••	•••		1,836
Poona-		•			••
Two guards' posts	•••	•••	444	•••	2,800
Kolába-					,
Three guards' posts b	uilt and one	completed	•••	•••	4,800

Rs

Sátára—

Three guard's posts 2,950

18,693

Repairs in all divisions 1,996

Total ... 20,689

In addition, works were done by the Public Works Department during the year at a cost of Rs. 2,587 (Rs. 1,442 in West Khandesh and Rs. 1,145 in North Khandesh).

Southern Circle.

Rest-houses.—A sum of Rs. 16,074 was spent on the construction of new rest-houses at Kalamkhand (Kánara Northern Division), Katur (Kánara Eastern Division), Santgal and Pattanpar (Kánara Western Division), Jamboti, Shiroli and Parla (Belgaum) and Rs. 662 on the repair and improvement of existing buildings.

Headquarter houses.—Quarters for rangers, foresters and clerks were newly built at Kadra, Ramangoli (Kánara Western Division), Nandgad and Khánápur (Belgaum) at a cost of Rs. 3,359. The old buildings were repaired at Rs. 1,589.

Subordinates' quarters.—The expenditure on new quarters for subordinates at Amgaum, Chitgeri, Amatgar, Bhatkal, Marakal, Naiti, Hosakambi (Kánara), Patne, Jamboti, Chinchwad, Bhuranki, Shiroli, Tavag, Kánbargi and Katgali (Belgaum) was Rs. 10,548 and that on repairs to existing buildings was Rs. 4,810.

Sind Circle.

Rs. 5,819 were spent on new buildings as under:—			
	Rs.	a.	p.
Construction of a wall round part of the Rahuja nursery	729	2	4
Construction of a kitchen for forest guard's quarters at	19	3	4,
Construction of the Raiswah naka building		15	
Construction of a kitchen at Karander ghat	73	5	4
Do. at Jagan ghat	68	5	· 4
Do. at Sadhar ghat	68	5	4
Construction of landhis at Sukkur and Begari nakas	11	7	10
Double house for forest guards at Bilawalpur in the Sehwan range	295	0	0
Purchase of land required for the divisional forest office and quarters at Larkana	2,806	0	0
Construction of a latrine near the Hyderabad range office	60	0	0
Construction of a house for the ghat munshi at Matiari in Miani range	182	0	0
Construction of an inspection bungalow at Mari in the Sakrand range	800	0	0
Construction of a protective bund to the Range Forest Officer's quarters at Manjhand	21	0	0
Fence round the range forest office at Bano	3 3 9	3	4
Total	5,819	0	9

Repairs to existing buildings cost Rs. 2,386.

The following works were carried out by the Public Works Department and charged to their budget:—

-			Rs.	a .	р.
Repairs to Divisional Forest Officer's bungalow	at Sukkur	•••	75	0	7
	•••	•••	26	10	0
	Total	•••	101	10	7

(c) Miscellaneous.

Northern Circle.

Three wells, one in the North and two in the Central Dángs, Surat District, which were commenced in the previous year were completed during the year under report at a total cost of Rs. 270 and one new well in Central Dángs and one in South Dángs were partly built during the year for Rs. 223. A well which was started at Kalamvihir in Central Dángs was abandoned as no water could be found.

In the Panch Mahals Division five Kachha wells were dug viz.: two in the Halol, one in the Kalol and two in the Godhra ranges at an aggregate cost of Rs. 176.

Repairs to old wells throughout the circle cost Rs. 295, and to wire fencing and compounds Rs. 123.

Central Circle.

In West Khándesh one well at the Navápur depot was completed, another at the Chinchpáda depot commenced. In Poona a well was improved in the Akola range. In Satara wells in the Karád, Pátan and Shirala ranges were deepened. The expenditure on the above was Rs. 916 for new work and Rs. 938 on repairs.

In Satara Rs. 29 were spent on the upkeep of camping grounds and in Kolába 5½ miles of wire-fencing was erected round the casuarina plantations at a cost of Rs. 419.

Southern Circle.

The expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 3,561 (new works Rs. 2,945, repairs Rs. 616) chiefly on digging wells, putting up bands to tanks, clearing compounds, fencing rest houses and other buildings and payment of rental for telephone connections.

Sind Circle.

The usual minor irrigation works were carried out by forest officials. These cost for new works Rs. 427 and for repairs to existing works Rs. 2,866, total Rs. 3,293.

Rs. 427 were spent during the year on the following works:-

Sluice over the Chandan vah in the Khathar forest, Katiar	ns.
range, Jerruck Division	354
Wooden sluice for the irrigation of the Jamshoro forest, Hyderabad range, Hyderabad Division	35
A kasi for the irrigation of the Shah Makai tali plantation, Hyderabad range, Hyderabad Division	38
Total	427

The following works were undertaken by the Public Works Department for the irrigation of forests, and debited to their budget:—

Construction	of a bund	alone	the hon	ndarı	z of ti	e ha 100	ี สะเรา ก		Rs.	a.	p.
Sukkur D		•••	•	•••	V2 U	***			612	14	8
Repairs to b along Cha	und on the nnel No. 1	e bound		the		i Ha			112	11	0
Rapairs to nel No. 1	forest sl		x-mile		left		o£		-	10	
Hel TAO. T				••• .		•••				12	
•						•	Tota	ı ₋	788	6	6

3. PROTECTION OF FORESTS.

(a) General Protection.

Northern Circle.

Statement of offences by nature and treatment and comparison with former years:—

	Савсв	A taken	into Co	urt.	Ct	rses co	B. npound	led.	Cı	C.	letcate	i.		To	tal.		
Divisions.	Injury to forest by fire.	Unauthorized felling,	Grazing without per-	Other offences.	Injury to forest by fire.	Uraulhorized felling.	Grazing without per-	Other efforces.	Injury to forest by fire.	Unauthorized felling.	Grazing without; per-	Other offerces.	Injury to forest by fire.	Ur authorized felling.	Graing without per-	Other offences.	Grand Total.
Panch Mabáis { 1914-15 1913-14	8	11	15	3	4	516 490	395 226	21 37	106 129	242 196	2		118	769 688	412	24 37	1,323
Surat { 1914-15 1913-14	31 25	6	1	2 1	5	25 74	29	7 20	3	6 8		1	80 88	31 88	29 31	10	100
North Thána { 1913-15 1913-14	. 3	5 7		2	8	92 153	168	26 40	60 47	102	•	2	61 52	100	100	28 46	400 578
Central Thán 1 {1914-15 1913-14	23 14	. 5 4	5 2	 1	1	218 281	223 251	19 19	80 63	140 177	1 . 2		110 78	363 462	220 255	19 20	721 815
South Thána {1914-15 1913-14	· 2	14 10	12 12		12 14	223 209	306 244	45 27	71 64	205 182	2	3	85 79	442 401	320 256	51 27	803 763
North Násik { 1914-15 1913-14	. 3	10 16	17 27	7		435 609	510 606	54 39	10 10	134	 2		22 18	571 759	635	60 48	1,180 1,455
South_Nasik {1914-15 1913-14	3	20 21	18 8	2	16 11	336 385	287 247	62 52	61 72	114 54	*	10 1	84 85	520 460	300 255	72 55	0×2 856
Total of 1914-15	73	65	70	14	43	1,025	1,917	231	403	905	В.	16	522	2,805	1,902	264	5,078
Total of 1913-14	62	66	53	13	43	2,201	1,783	234	389	887	7	8	494	3,154	1,810	255	5,749
Average of the past three years.	51	115	58	14	31	2,643	2,031	277	331	1,332	8	25	419	3,766	2,071	31!	0,507

There was a general absence of serious crime, the one case being promptly and effectively dealt with.

The total number of offences shows a decrease of 76 from that of the last year and of 894 from the average of the past three years.

Compared with the past year the chief decrease was 259 under unauthorised fellings, while there was an increase of 146 under unauthorized grazing. Fire and "other offences" showed slight increase. The largest of these variations being under 5 per cent., a feature of the year is the smallness of such variations. Even as compared with the last three years the largest variation is less than 14 per cent.

Cases taken into Court appear to have been reasonably and promptly dealt with. The percentage of acquittals only rose from 8.9 to 9.9, showing that cases were carefully considered before such action was taken. The variation in the total number taken into Court as compared with the previous year is negligible.

The number of cases compounded shows a slight decrease and of those undetected a slight increase.

Communal punishments consisting of the restriction of privileges for bad protection are gradually being extended with beneficial results.

Illicit fellings.

Little can be gathered from the comparison of the mere figures returned. Variation in the number of cases from last year's figures ranges from a decrease of 64 per cent. in Surat to an increase of 13 per cent. in South Násik.

In Surat the total number of cases is very small so that the percentage is magnified. Also the cases are comparatively trivial, mostly under tahal rules, and the reason given, viz., the special steps taken to give demonstrations and punish offenders especially in the Central Dángs is satisfactory.

In North Thana the Divisional Forest Officer is not at all satisfied that the decrease of 33 per cent. in the number of cases really indicates better protection and fears that slackness on the part of the staff may have left offences unreported.

North Násik shows a decrease of 25 per cent. on 759 cases. The Divisional Forest Officer's explanation of "strict supervision of subordinates over their respective charges" is not easy to accept after the experience of the Conservator who lately toured in the forests of the Kalwan range as Divisional Officer.

Central Thána shows a decrease of 21 per cent. on 462 cases. The Divisional Forest Officer remarks "unauthorized fellings have slightly decreased in all ranges * * and * call for no explanation".

South Thána shows an *increase* of 10 per cent. on 401 cases. The Divisional Forest Officer remarks "The increase appears in Sálsette and is entirely due to good work on the part of the Ranger and the subordinates under his guidance. In Murbád there is a decrease due to the corresponding opposite reason."

It is therefore feared that the decrease in offences reported is by no means a certain indication of improved protection. Every effort to correct this will of course be made.

Special measures to improve supply and thus reduce unauthorized fellings.

Tahal cutting.—Efforts to improve this operation were maintained throughout the circle where the practice exists. Both Surat and North Thana bear evidence that where the rules are not observed, the reason is disinclination on the part of the people and not ignorance. In view of the efforts made by Government officers the same is probably true everywhere.

Special coupes.—At material sacrifice of present Government revenues special coupes have been sold in several places for the supply of special depots for the sale of firewood at cheap rates where that commodity is scarce. Results up to date are not very successful but improvements in the system are being made. The scheme will be extended and requires to be continued for some years yet before material results can be expected.

Plantations for firewood.—Satisfactory progress is being made in establishing casuarina plantations on the coast. Some hope is also raised by report from the Philipines on a quickly growing tree (Lencaena glanca) which seems to offer the very crop we want and at the same time to be a valuable fertilizer. It will be tried.

Central Circle.

The following table gives the number of offences reported during the year as compared with those of 1913-14 and of the past three years for the circle as now constituted:—

	 		A. aken in	nto	Cas	es com Wa	B. pounde rned.	d and	,	Cases u	C. ndetect	led.		T	otal.		Grand total.		
Divisions.	Injury to forest by fire.	Unauthorized fellings or appropriately of wood and thereforest produce,	Grazing without permission.	Other offences,	Injury to forest by fire.	Unsuthorized fellin s or appropriation of wood and other minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission.	Other offences.	Injury to forest by fire.	Unatheograph fellings or appro- printion of word and other minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission.	Other offences.	Injury to forcet by fire.	Unauthorized fellings or appro- priation of wood and other minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission.	Other offencer.	1914-15.	1913-14	Average of past three years.
East Khán- desh.	2	17	7	3	4	281	228	109	36	112	***	3	86	410	235	115	798	83	-
West "	11	5	2	2	4	257	432	16	63	168	2	2	· 78	370	436	20	904	901	
North ,,	7	11	4	2	• 22	201	128	91	42	94	***		71	300	132	93	605	536	
Poona	5	27	26	8	20	928	770	73	63	196	8	3	88	1,151	B04	82	2,125	1,871	
Sátára	5	22	41	13	18	486	510	66	21	43	***		41	551	551	79	1,225	1,851	
Kolába	47	132	12	. 25	. 19	204	253	68	46	337	4	Đ	112	1,063	269	103	1,540	1,401	
Total	77	214	92	51	87	2,750	2,331	423	285	890	14	17	420	3,854	2,427	401	7,301	7,068	
Average of past three years,	36	242	113	48	82	2,511	1,901	583	250	696	12	10	377	3,449	2,025	630			6,490

While, as compared with the previous year, there was an increase of 259 cases under unauthorized fellings, illicit grazing and other offences there is a satisfactory decrease of 111 cases under injury to forest by fire.

The number of prosecutions instituted in offence cases was 434 against 552 in 1913-14 and the percentage of convictions was 91.5.

As compared with 1913-14 the number of cases compounded under section 67 of the Indian Forest Act increased from 4,667 to 5,061 and the amount taken in compensation increased from Rs. 25,536 to Rs. 29,086, the average per case being Rs. 5-5-0 in 1914-15 and Rs. 5-2-0 in 1913-14.

In 520 cases, as against 635 in the previous year, offenders were let off with a warning. In 1,186 cases, as against 1,199 cases in the previous year, no offenders could be traced. Regarding crime in the different forest divisions the following details are of interest:—

East Khándesh.—The total number of cases is about 10 per cent. below that of the average of the last three years.

West Khandesh.—The number of cases dealth with is less by 57 than in the previous year. The decrease is chiefly under A.—Injury by fire and D.—Other offences. This decrease is due to closer supervision exercised by the forest subordinates and good rain fell during the year under report. Unauthorized fellings show an increase of 3 over last year's figures. The number of prosecutions was 20 as compared with 19 in 1913-14. The amount of compensation recovered under section 67 of the Forest Act was 4,901. In 1913-14 the corresponding figure was Rs. 6,451 in 753 cases.

North Khandesh.—The total number of offences of all kinds reported was 605 as compared with 556 of the previous year and an average of 771 for the three preceding years. Out of 605 cases reported 136 remained undetected as compared with 93 of the previous year. Warnings were given in 48 cases and compensation amounting to Rs. 2,222-4-0 was recovered in 397 compounded cases. Prosecutions were resorted to in 31 cases including 7 cases pending from 1913-14, and convictions were obtained in 24 cases, implicating 62 persons. The percentage of convictions obtained was 96 as compared with 83 of the previous year.

Sátára.—Of 74 cases tried and decided, there were only two acquittals; thus the percentage of acquittal was 2.3 as against 5 during 1913-14.

H 1364-5

1,080 cases were compounded under section 67 of the Forest Act for Rs. 5,937 or an average of Rs. 5-4-0 per case.

Poona.—The number of prosecutions was 66 as compared with 37 in the previous year; the percentage of acquittals was 7.8 as compared with 2.7 in the preceding year; in every case in which an acquittal occurred the record of the case was obtained from the District Magistrate and carefully examined. Three offences were reported from forests in charge of the Revenue Department; these cases were taken into court and convictions secured in each case. In the Akola range owing to excessive; illicit fellings, grazing fees in 12 villages were enhanced under the orders of the Collector of Ahmednagar. The Jawle-Baleshwar punitive police post was continued during the year.

Kolába.—The total number of offences exceeded that of the previous year by 55 and the average of previous three years by 162. There was an increase of 40, 48, and 60 under fires, unauthorized fellings and grazing, respectively, and a decrease of 93 under other offences.

Carelessness in rab-burning is mainly the cause of the increase under fires, activity of the subordinates is the cause of increase under the 2nd and 3rd heads. The decrease under the 4th head is mainly due to decrease of encroachments due to progress in demarcation. The percentage of acquittals is 10.9 and higher than in the preceding year.

In 690 cases involving 2,002 persons compensation amounting to Rs. 2,569 was recovered as compared with 1,924 in the previous year. The increase in the amount recovered was due to compensation being recovered in cases of goat grazing instead of mere warnings given in the previous year and the increased compensation exacted for breaches of the tahal cutting rules in forests.

In the case of 14 villages communal punishment in the way of suspending the privileges and increasing the grazing fees was inflicted for damage done to forests by constant thefts of timber and by tahal cutting. Two villages were rewarded by the remission of grazing fees for good protection of their forests.

Measures to improve supply of fuel and rab and thus to reduce offences of unauthorized fellings.

Tahal supply.—In Kolába practical demonstrations by revenue and forest officers to villagers for the proper utilization of their tahal supply were given with, it is reported, good results. In eight villages communal punishment was resorted to for bad tahal cutting in malki lands and illicit cuttings in protected forest, while two villages were rewarded by remission of grazing fees for good tahal preservation in malki lands. 25 persons were rewarded with presents of turbans, silver kadas, etc., by the Collector of Kolába for good tahal preservation and assistance in forest protection.

Fuel.—Fourteen coupes in the Kolába Division were sold on special terms for the supply of cheap fuel and small timber for agricultural implements in a fixed number of forest and town depots for local use and 8,551 khandis of fuel and 890 pieces of timber were purchased from the same. In all the remaining contracts in the division a condition to the effect that contractors must sell fuel at Re. 1 per cart-load to villagers was inserted but it is reported that this facility was not taken much advantage of.

Southern Circle.

The following is a comparative statement of reported cases:—

				Injury by	Unauth	orized		Total.	
	Year.	·		fire.	Felling.	Grazing.	Other offences.		
1918-14	•••	***	***	862	3,507	1,275	398	6,042	
1914-15 Average of 1	911-12 to 19	13-14		696 795	3,186 3,25 1	1,491 1,272	338 312	5,711 5,630	

A favourable season and exertion on the part of subordinates account for the decrease in the number of fire cases. Illicit fellings decreased owing to improvement in protection. Stringent steps against trespasses in closed coupes brought to light a large number of grazing offences. The number of other offences reported is a mean between the figures of 1913-14 and the average of the previous three years.

The subjoined table gives the classification of offences compared with those of 1913-14 as well as with the average of the past three years:—

	Tak	en into C	ourt.	Compounded.				O Undotoce	d.	Total.		
Name of offence.	1914-15.	1013-14,	Average of past 3 years.	1014-15.	1913-14.	Average of past 3 years.	191 f- 15.	1913-14.	Average of past 3 years.	1014-15	1013-14.	Average of past 3 years.
I.—Injury by fire	26	29	27	60	114	81	010	719	087	693	603	705
IIUnauthorized fellings		160	177	2,513	2,836	2, 528	531	511	516	3,180	3,507	8,251
IIIUnauthorized grazing		: 51	48	1,407	1,211	1,215	19	13	0	1,491	1,275	1,372
IV.—Other offences	10	11	16	316	378	287	12	11	9	\$38	308	312
Total	243	251	268	4,208	4,537	6,111	1,172	1,251	1,251	5,711	6,042	5,0 30

Court cases have again decreased. There was a serious fraud detected in connection with bamboos at Londa during the year. The offenders were convicted. A forester was dismissed in connection with this and a guard's pension was refused. No other cases of special interest occurred. The results of cases tried are compared in the following statement:—

	,			191	4-15.	1913	3-14.	Percentage of acquittals.		
Div	ision.			Convictions.	Acquittals.	Convictions.	Acquittals.	1914-15.	1913-14.	
Kánara, Norther	n		•••	7	4	8	2	. 36.4	20.0	
Do. Eastern	•••		•••	8	2	17	1	20.0	5.6	
Do. Southern	٠		•••	91	24	80	25	20 9	20.8	
Do. Western	•••		•••	i 8	· 12	10,-	8	40.0	44.4	
Belgaum			•••	23	8	15	4,	25.3	. 21.0	
Dhárwá r	•••			22 .	3	13	2	12.0	13.3	
Bijápur	•••		•••	60	12	75	7	16.7	8.5	
Ratnágiri	•••	•	•••	2	***	2	•••	•••	***	
		Total	•••	231	65	220	49	22.0	18.2	

The percentage of acquittals has increased and is shared by all divisions except Kánara Western, Dhárwár and Ratnágiri Divisions. The Divisional Forest Officers are still discontented with the punishments awardan by the magistracy and one Divisional Forest Officer reports that may of the magistrates judgments were sent to the Collector and District Magistrate drawing attention to inadequate fines and dismissals with warnings.

The number of cases compounded was 3,951 as compared with 3,955 last year and an average of 3,534 in the three years ending 1913-14. The compensation accepted was Rs. 21,381, Rs. 20,147 and Rs. 16,679 respectively. 1,309 offenders in 553 cases were let off with a warning.

Sind Circle.

	Cases	taken	into Co	ourt.	Сав	B es com		ed.	Ca	ses un		d.		Tot	al.	· [
Division.	Fires.	Unauthorized follings.	Illicit grazirg.	Other offences.	Fires.	Unauthorized fellings.	Illicit grazing.	Other offences.	Fires.	Unauthorized fellings.	Illicit grazing.	Other offences.	Fires,	Unauthorized fellings.	Illioft grazing.	Other offences.	Grand total.
Sukkur	***	37	6	1		454	725	2	9	329	***		อ	819	731	3	1,562
Lárkána	•••	12	2	4		68	219	12	13	12	***	2	13	92	221	18	344
Hyderabad	***	15	1	16	***	221	747	13	1	8		5	1	244	748	84	1,027
Jerruck		4	5	2	•••	95	160	***	82	15		 ,	23	114	165	. 2	304
Total of 1914-15	•••	68	14	23		838	1,851	27	46	363	•••	7	46	1,260	1,865	57	3,237
Total of 1913-14	4	74	18	8	2	642	2,672	42	200	273		4	206	989	2,690	54	3,939
Average of past three years.	4	67	16	16	2	686	2,3 52	34	116	228	***	4	121	1,015	2,364	53	3,557

The grand total of cases is 702 fewer than in 1913-14 and 320 fewer than the average number of the previous three years.

Cases compounded fell from 3,258 to 2,639, but the amount of compensation accepted rose from Rs. 6,576 to Rs. 8,886. The average per case was Rs. 3-5-10 as against Rs. 2-0-4.

Under "cases compounded" there is an increase of 196 in the "Unauthorized fellings" showing greater vigilance and energy on the part of the staff. The "illicit grazing" offences fell by 821 (from 2,672 to 1,851). This is satisfactory and was to be expected in view of the facts that the grazing fees were reduced and the period for which the grazing permits are available was increased from 2 months to 12. The "undetected cases" show a decline of 61 (477 in 1913-14 to 416 this year). This is mostly accounted for by fewer fires (46 against 200). The "unauthorized fellings" which were undetected rose by 90 owing to the insistence of the Divisional Forest Officers (especially the Divisional Forest Officer, Sukkur, who was himself the first to discover many of the cases), on having every such case duly reported and registered.

In 78 cases offenders were warned and discharged. There were 105 such cases in the previous year.

The offences taken to Court are detailed below:-

Pending from last year	•••	•••	27
Cases of the year	***	•••	105
	Total	•	132

Of these 102 were decided during the year as against 127 in the previous year and 30 were pending at the close of the year. Of the 102 decided cases 87 resulted in conviction and 15 in acquittal, the percentage of acquittals being 14.70 as against 15 in the previous year. The percentage of acquittals in Sukkur, Lárkána, Hyderabad and Jerruck Divisions was 18.9, 28.6, 3.84 and 5.9 respectively as compared with 17.2, 12.5, 14.3 and 0.0 last year.

No new fire case was taken to Court during the year. The two cases pending from last year were decided in favour of the Department. In one case there were 30 offenders each of whom was fined Rs. 20. In the other fire case the one accused was sentenced to imprisonment for one month and a fine of Rs. 25.

Prosecutions for assault and obstruction of forest guards in the execution of their duty were four during the year as compared with eight in the previous year. All these resulted in convictions.

(b) Protection from Fire.

Northern Circle.

Prescribed Form No. 15 showing the number of fires with their origins is appended.

There was an increase of 28 fires and of 18,062 acres burnt as compared with the last year.

As under (a) Illicit Fellings mere figures convey very little, but the following notes seem worth consideration.

Panch Mahals.—There has been considerable improvement, but the exceptionally high figure of 9 represents the number of fires originating in malice, and far too many fires arise from causes unknown.

Surat only records one fire more than the past year, but an increase in area of 10,105 acres burnt or eight times the area of the last year. This is due to an abortive Bhil rising in December 1914 with the usual preliminary of forest firing. Though occurring in different localities, the outbreak must be recorded as one. Fortunately the forests were not in an inflammable condition and comparatively little was burnt except treeless high tops, etc.

North Thána showed less success than last year, two fires in Máhim accounting for 2,500 acres increase in area burnt out of a total increase of 4,185 acres, and seven additional fires in Umbergaon Range accounted for the remainder.

Central Thána showed the greatest increase, viz., 50 per cent. in number over the last year, but the area burnt is reported to be no bigger.

South Thána only shows an increase of six fires or 8 per cent. over the last year, but the area burnt is doubled. The Divisional Forest Officer remarks:—

"Last year it was pointed out * * * that the occurrence of several fires had been suppressed by the subordinates, and it also appears that last year no fires which took place at the top of the hills outside the working plan area were reported. The increase in area, therefore, is probably not so great as would appear from these figures. At the same time the undersigned (Divisional Forest Officer) is not prepared to accept as reliable this year's returns from Murbád range. Only eight fires were reported, and of these the undersigned (Divisional Forest Officer) saw the scene of five, all in one small corner of the range. * Of the 11,348 acres burnt, Shahapur range is responsible for 8,707 and it was only in the Tansa catchment area and surrounding forests that any extensive fires took place.

"Elsewhere fires were, as a rule, promptly extinguished by the villagers. In one case an unfortunate man who had sought safety by climbing a tree was burnt to death."

North and South Násik.—These divisions showed an increase of 9, burning additional 1,350 acres and a decrease of 17 fires burning 1,000 acres less respectively. In these divisions fires are comparatively of small importance.

The usual methods of fire-protection were followed and on the whole with reasonable success.

The following statement required by Government Resolution No. 248 of 12th January 1904, shows the area protected:—

-	Total f	orest	Extent of valuable					Extent of forest burnt.				
Divisions.	area of division charge the F	the n in e of orest	the forest for Proportion of which conformal forest which is tinuous protection from from from from from from from from		has been protected		Extent of forest naturally immune from fire.	Open forest,	Closed forest.	Total.		
	Ac	res.	Acres.	Acres.	P	er cent.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		
Panch Maháls .	. 212	,200	212,20 0	162,757	or	76•7	***	7,279	3,449	10,728		
Surat	463	,507	463,507	454,693	or	98.0	•••	11,835	•••	11,835		
North Thána .	214	,149	214,149	202,079	or	94·3	***	4,523	2,567	7,090		
Central Thána.	238	,867	238,867	207,614	or	87.8	1,500	3,286	2,960	6,246		
South Thána] 218	,333	212,689	180,820	or	S5.0	4,356	7,314	4,034	11,348		
North Násik .	450	,144	.450,144	399,032	or	88.6		804	1,190	1,994		
South Násik .	287	,822	287,822	284,543	or	98•8	49,920	2,9 08	621	3,529		
Total .	2,085	,022	2,079,378	1,891,538	or	90.9	55,776	, 37,949	14,821	52,770		

Central Circle.

Though the number of fires decreased from 540 in 1913-14 to 429 during the year under report, still there was a serious set-back to fire-protection as the area of forest traversed by fire increased from 131,088 to 184,593 acres in 1914-15. Details of the origin of fires which occurred are given in the appendix in Form No. 15. The following statement shows the progress made in fire-protection in the last seven years:—

	Total forest area of the	Extent of valuable forest for	Proportion of valuable	Extent of forest		f forest bur the year.	nt during
Division.	division in charge of the Forest Department	which con- tinuous pro- tection from fire is desirable.	forest which has been continuously protected from fire for 7 years.	naturally immune from fire.	Open forest.	Closed forest.	Total.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres. Per cent.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
East Khándesh	488,634	367,918	327,084 or 88.9	•••	27,548	16,552	44,100
West Khándesh	* 346,655	206,107	9.043.68	•••	21,691	9,881	31,572
North Khándesh .	555,766	555,766	165,928 or 29 [.] 8	***	96,333	7,568	103,901
Poons	368,642	186,880	162,815 or 86.5	101,752	908	1,783	2,691
Satára ···	330,346	229,541	150,040 or 65.3	100,569	703	61	· 764
Kolába	269,288	263,734	260,327 or 98·8	5,353	1,392	173	1,565
Total	2,359,331	1,809,946	1,066,194 or 58 9	207,674	148,575	36,018	184,593

The amount spent on protective measures was Rs. 19,114 as against Rs. 20,077 in the previous year. The measures taken were the same as those which have been explained in previous years.

The reasons for the increase in the extent of fires in the year under report will be found in the following remarks of the Divisional Forest Officers:—

North' Khandesh.—"It was the general rule for the forests of North Khandesh to be burnt annually from end to end, and in order to prevent this special fire-protection measures were instituted in the year 1909-10. * * *

"The introduction of this scheme has resulted in a great reduction of fires as will be readily seen from the table below:—

	Year.		Area under regular protection.	Failures.	Percentage of failure.	Expenditure.	Exponditure por square mile.
1909-09 1909-10 1910-11	•••	•••	Acres. 489,424 474,556 556,766 (or 868 sq.	Acres. 221,919 171,650 105,895	45·8 86·4 19·05	Rs. 8,429 7,641 8,191	Rs. 4·48 10·31 9·44
1911-12 1912-13 1913-14 1914-15	***	* * * - * * # * *	acres.) 555,766 555,766 555,766 555,766	27,996 9,511 50,623 103,901	5.03 1.71 9.11 18.7	7,204 8,917 9,084 8,641	8·30 10·27 10·46 9·95

[&]quot;The rise in expenditure in 1909-10, is due to the introduction of the new fire-protection measures, and the change in area in 1910-11 is due to the reconstruction of the North and West Khándesh forest divisions.

"Although the number of fires this year only rose from 69 to 71, it is a matter of regret that a much larger area has been burnt, but the rains preceding the 1914-15 fire season were quite good in Khándesh and grass grew to an enormous extent in the forests. Correspondingly there were excellent fodder crops in the revenue lands and consequently very little grass was removed on permit, and hence there was a greater danger from fire.

"It will be seen from the subjoined table that the increases in area burnt are in Akráni, Taloda and Shahada ranges especially in Akráni range. The inhabitants of Akrani were kept hard at work putting out fires during all April and it is hoped that this labour will make the people more careful as nearly all the fires originated through carelessness. The large area burnt is due to several of the fires breaking out in very sparsely populated places and to the configuration of the country making it difficult to cope with the fires even after people were collected. The greater part of the fires in Shahada are due to fires spreading from Akráni. This is also true, but to a less extent, of Taloda. In Shirpur, East and West there is a reduction in the area burnt:—

•		Area bur	nt (acres).
Ra	inge.	 191 3-14.	1914-15.
Akráni Taloda Shahada Shirpur, East Shirpur, West	•••	 10,276 \ 666 775 24,577 14,329	65,280 14,816 10,046 3,953 9,806
	Total	 50,623	103,901

"For good fire-protection during the 1913-14 fire season numerous free grants of wood were given; 12 villages were granted the privilege of free grazing for their cattle during the ensuing season, i.e., 1914-15 and pugris were presented to the patels of Toranmal, Survani and Telkhadi for specially meritorious service. Under section 285 (e) of the Standing Orders of the Forest Department Rs. 409 were distributed among the patels of the Akráni for good fire-protection. On the other hand the inhabitants of nine forest villages showed great negligence in hastening to put out forest fires and hence the privileges of two villages were stopped and five villages were compelled to pay grazing fee at double rates under orders of the Collector, West Khándesh.

"For good fire-protection during 1914-15, 11 villages have been recommended for free grazing next year. For bad work 16 villages have been recommended for punishment by doubling grazing fees or stopping privileges next year."

West Khándesh.—"The entire forest area was under fire-protection. Special measures introduced in parts of Pimpalner and Sakri and the whole of Navápur and Nandurbár ranges in accordance with Government Resolution No. 8343 of the 22nd August 1907 were continued as hitherto. Fire lines, fire stations and drum stations were checked by the Divisional Forest Officer, Sub-Divisional Forest Officer, and Range Forest Officer and other subordinates at intervals.

"Outer boundaries, roads and paths were fire-traced along the length of 1,315 miles at a cost of Rs. 2,989. The expenditure on the maintenance of fire watchers was Rs. 1,296. Other items of expense including the erection of fire stations, the provision of drums, flags, the printing of fire notices, etc., amounted to Rs. 216.

"The total number of fire cases for the year under report was 78 involving 31,572 acres as compared with 101 involving 26,871 acres in the previous year. The decrease in the number of fires though counterbalanced by an increase in the area burnt may be attributed partly to the interest evinced by the forest staff in this phase of their duties, and partly to the deterrent effect of punitive measures on the villagers generally, though the latter reason does not apply to the villagers of Chaupala and Amli in Pimpalner and Valwa and Pangan in Sakri ranges as these villages alone accounted for over 10,000 acres of the burnt area.

"The causes of fires, as alleged, vary a great deal. Several fires have been attributed to ill-feeling between the villagers and forest subordinates. The year was one of normal rainfall, with but little demand for grass from the reserves, a circumstance which rendered the forest rather inflammable. A few of the larger fires occurred after the areas were fire-traced, and it is inferred that the villagers did not turn out promptly. The alarm given by beat of drum alone is not responded to spontaneously; the people require to be turned out by the forest subordinates, and if the latter happen to be away from the scene of the outbreak assistance is given, if at all, half heartedly."

East Khándesh.—"There were 72 fires burning 44,100 acres as compared with 97 fires burning 54,448 acres in the last year; * * * * The decrease in the number of fires and the area burnt was due to constant rain once or twice a month uptil April 1915."

Kolába.—" There were 112 fires which burnt only 1,565 acres out of the total forest area of 2,69,288 acres as compared with 72 fires and 1,014 acres burnt in the preceding year.

"In 49 cases out of these 95 offenders were traced. Offenders in 47 were prosecuted and in two compensation was taken, offenders in them being children.

"To ensure protection of the forests from fire, fire-traces 50' and 150' wide were burnt round closed compartments in each block and along both sides of the portions of the G. I. P. Bailway and Matheran Steam Tramway passing through forests. Traces round compartments under exploitation were burnt by the contractors themselves or by the subordinates at their expense.

"Out of the closed area of 33,142 acres only 173 acres were burnt by fires.

"Careless rab burning was responsible for 41 fires, sparks from railway engines for 4, and the remaining are attributable to unknown causes. Two fires were of 200 acres each. One was of over 100 acres, and 4 and 10 were of over 50 and 25 acres each. In the remaining the areas burnt ranged from a few gunthas to 25 acres. In several cases the fires were put out by the villagers themselves of their own accord either before the arrival of the forest subordinates or even before they knew of them. The reason for this readiness to put out fires is due to the fear of the huts of the wild tribes which are in dalhi assignments in the midst of forest being burnt as well

as of the neighbouring villagers' anxiety to preserve grass, dead leaves and dead wood which are required by them for rab, home consumption and grazing.

"In one case in Karjat which burnt 200 acres of forest, the careless throwing away of a lighted match while passing along a cart-track through forest in a carriage set alight the forest and burnt several huts in the vicinity with all their contents. The offender has been traced and is being prosecuted for it."

Satara.—"44 fire cases occurred during the year resulting in an area of 764 acres being burnt as against 72 cases covering 1,249 acres during last year. A single fire in Patan covered 286 acres and the subordinate at fault has been severely punished. Still, however, there is a decrease both in the total number of fires and the area burnt, and this improvement has, it seems, been brought about by the punitive measures taken during the year in respect of both levying double grazing and pound fees; these measures will, it is thought, have to be continued for some time more until the villagers realize their responsibilities in this connection. An amount of Rs. 20 was paid as rewards to deserving persons who rendered valuable assistance in putting out fires. This policy will have to be reasonably extended for improved results to be brought about. The forests of this division are not naturally subject to fires and the area burnt every year is capable of considerable decrease."

Poona.—"88 forest fires occurred traversing an area of 2,691 acres as compared with 129 fires traversing 3,883 acres in the preceding year. 'Hard times' in the past have taught most of the forest villagers the value of grass and grazing in the forest and to their readiness to turn out and extinguish forest fires must be put down the decrease in the acreage traversed by fire.

"In a division like Poona where grass and grazing play such an important role in the social economy of the district an expensive scheme of fire watchers and permanent fire lines is not necessary and only $38\frac{1}{4}$ runing miles of fire lines were required to be burnt departmentally at a cost of Rs. 146-6-0. Out of 88 fires reported 63 were undetected, while the offenders were detected in 25 cases. In 5 cases the offenders were sent up for trial and the offenders in 20 cases were dealt with under section 67 of the Indian Forest Act; the bulk of these were cases where fire spread from rab burning in malki lands and where the offenders did try to prevent fire entering the forest.

"Communal punishment had to be resorted to in the case of five villages in Máwal and Khed ranges and under the orders of the Collector of Poona the grazing fees in these villages were doubled for the year 1914-15. In other cases written notices were served on the villagers that, if further forest fires occur in the forests of their villages steps would be taken to have the grazing fees enhanced."

Southern Circle.

No change has been made in the system in force for fire-protection. The following statement shows the areas over which protection from fire was attempted, the areas successfully protected, the cost per square mile and the percentage of success as compared with that of 1913-14:—

n	ivislon.			empted to tested.	Area	burnt.		Area actually protected.		Percentage of success.		ost.		Cost per square mile protected.	
2	11181011.		1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1913-14	1914-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1912-14.	1914-15.	1913-14.	1014-15.	1913-14	
		_	Acres.	Acros.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			Rø,	Rs.	Rø,	Re.	
Kánara,	Northern		356,533	241,133	11,998	19,855	344,535	221,278	96.6	91.8	4.850	9,213	9	26.8	
Do.	Eastern	•••	417,788	225,940	6,001	10,374	411,787	215,672	98 ⁻ 6	95.4	5.451	0,688	8:5	19-8	
Do.	Southern	•*•	14,517	14,213	58	87	14.459	24,126	99.6	99-4	478	366	20.5	16.6	
Do.	Western		199,815	199,331	618	575	199,197	198,756	99-7	99-7	2.027	3,017	6.2	9.7	
Belgaum	•••		400,397	400,214	3.961	18,308	396,436	381,906	99-01	95-4	5.677	4,791	92	8	
Dhárwát		***	143,395	143,395	10,160	22,147	133,235	121,248	92.9	92-9	2,117	2,916	10.2	15	
Bijápur	****		14.032	9,230	432	5	13,600	8,225	96.9	99-9	207	95	9-9	7	
Ratnágir	i		12,052	12,051	10		12.042	12,051	99-9	1000	30	30	1.6	1.6	
	Total		1,558,529	1,241,513	33,238	71,351	1.525,291	1,173,162	97:9	94-3	20,832	27,013	87	14-7	

The chief feature of the year was the attempt at fire-protection on a larger scale with comparatively fewer failures. The principal contributors to the increase in the area attempted are the Kánara Northern and Eastern and Bijápur Divisions.

Though there is a decrease in the area burnt the season was not so successful as should have been considering the unusually heavy monsoon of the year and the almost monthly downpours of rain.

The presence of a large number of dead bamboos and of ill-disposed people in certain quarters combined with the scarcity of hands to extinguish fires were the main causes for the failures reported from Kánara.

In the Belgaum Division only 3,961 acres were burnt during the year while 18,308 acres were traversed by fire in 1913-14. This result looks excellent but for all that it was marred by the intentional and repeated firing of closed coupes in the East and Central Khánápur ranges which completely destroyed the young growth. People did not respond freely to the sound of the fire-drums. The conduct of the people of Khánápur with regard to fire-protection was really bad.

The area burnt in the Dharwar Division was 10,160 acres, less than half of the 22,147 burnt in 1913-14. This improvement is the result of the vigorous action in burning fire-traces early in the season and again in March and the checking of the fire-traces by the Divisional Forest Officer (Mr. Duxbury) personally.

In the Bijapur Division the number of fires as well as the area burnt were greater than in the previous year, but the Divisional Forest Officer reports that this should not be taken as a guide under normal conditions because the year 1913-14 was one of scarcity of fodder and therefore there was little inflammable material in the forests. On a comparison of figures for the past seven years it is noticed that protection from fire in this division is showing steady improvement since 1910-11.

The policy of rewarding villagers for good protection or punishing them communally for bad cases was continued in the several divisions of this circle as shown below:—

				1	Number	of villages.
	Divisions	•			Rewarded with free or concession grazing for good general protection.	Punished for bad protection by enhance grazing fees.
Kánara, Northern Do. Eastern Do. Southern Do. Western Belgaum Dhárwár	•••	•••			58 86 1 94 14	24 32 18 11 124 37
			Total	•••	253	246

In Kánara Eastern Division two forest guards were dismissed and one forester and two guards were fined a month's pay each for slackness in fire-protection. In the Belgaum Division patels and others, 11 in number, were given rewards of ornamented coats, turbans, etc., in the Collector's durbar for assistance in good protection. Mr. Edie remarks that the people are realizing that it pays them to protect the forests, but unfortunately there are some evil influences still at work amongst them and at times a whole village has to suffer for the misdeeds of a few ill-conditioned scoundrels. It is, however, hoped that public opinion will soon become too strong for these latter.

Some notorious villagers in the Bilgi petha of the Bijápur Division were warned by the Collector that, unless they showed an improvement in the matter of forest fires, the grazing fees would be enhanced. There was not a single fire there during the year. This is certainly due to the impression made on the people by the Collector's warning. It again proves that where the revenue authorities take an interest in forest matters, fires can be almost entirely put down, a fact already amply proved in the Kánara District.

Form No. 15 shows the number and origin of fires. Out of 696 cases of injury to forests by fire 12.3 per cent. only were detected and 3.7 per cent. were prosecuted. The following statement analyses the detection and disposal of fire offences:—

T)*	ision.		Total number	Number o	f detected	Percentage	Daniel and annual and a
		•	of fire offences.	Prosecuted.	Com- pounded.	of detected cases.	Result of prosecution,
Kánara, No	rthern	 	138	4	bea.	8.8	In 1 case the accused were fined Rs. 20 + 50 compensations; 8 are pending. Out of 3 cases pending at commencement of the year 1 was acquitted and in 2 cases 8 offenders were fined Rs. 84 + 7-12-8 compensation.
Do. Es	stern	***	9 0	1	13	. 156	Acquitted. The case which was pending at the opening of the year ended in acquittal.
Do. Son	nther n		188	11	15	13.8	Two cases were acquitted. In 4 cases 1 of- fender was sentenced to imprisonment and 8 offenders were fined Bs. 68-8.0. 5 cases were pending trial. In 2 out of the last year's 4 pending cases 2 offenders were fined Bs. 45. 1 case ended in acquittal. Fourth case was treated as undetected,
Do. W	estern	***	71	1	11	17*	Pending. 2 out of 4 cases pending at the opening of the year ended in conviction and fine of Rs. 6 + compensation Rs. 8-8-0, one in acquittal and one was withdrawn.
Belgaum	•••		129	6	17	18.	In 3 cases 2 offenders were fined Rs. 10 cach and 2 were sentenced to 7 days' imprisonment each. 8 cases are pending. The result of 6 cases pending at commencement of the year was:—In 2 cases offenders were fined Rs. 50, 1 was compounded and in 8 cases offenders were acquitted.
Dhárwár	***	•••	67	3	4	. 10.4	In 2 cases offenders were fined Rs. 5 each 1 was pending. Out of the 8 cases pending at the end of 1918-14, in 1 five offenders were fined Rs. 8 each + Rs. 10 compensation. Three offenders in 2 other cases were acquitted.
Bijápur	•••		32	***			Į.
Ratnágiri	***	_=+4	1		***	*49	·
.	Total	•	696	26	60	. 12.8	

The total number of cases reported shows a decrease of 166 compared with last year's figures, but the decrease occurs only in four divisions—Kánara Eastern and Western, Belgaum and Dhárwár Divisions—whereas Kánara Northern and Southern and Bijápur Divisions show increases. In Kánara Northern Division, Supa range is chiefly responsible for the increase where the people do not seem to realize the damage done by fire to forest growth; but it is hoped that this may be corrected shortly if Government sanction the proposals for a fifth division and Assistant Collector's charge or forest mahál in Supa. The fires in Kánara Southern Division were mostly in areas which were not specially protected. The number of fires in the Bijápur Division is not above the average of the past five years.

Areas enjoying continuous immunity from fire for a period of seven years are given in the following statement:—

,	Total forest area of the	Extent of valuable forest for	Proportion of valuable	Extent of	Extent of	forest burnt the year.	during
Division.	division in charge of the Forest Department.	which continuous protection from fire is desirable.	forest which has been continuously protected from fire for 7 years.	naturally immune from fire.	Open forest.	Closed forest.	Total.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres. Per cent.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres,
Kanara Northern	479,095	356,533	223,716 or 62.7	20,000	3,756	8,242	11,998
Do. Eastern	417,633	417,633	- 366,746 or 87.8	4,300	808	5,193	6,001
Do. Southern	624,951	5 55, 4 0 3	300,000 or 54·01	209,130	3,357	1,739	5,096
Do. Western	558,497	133,642	133,068 or 95°8	129,343	946	618	1,564
Belgaum	400,397	400,397	48,500 or 12·1	48,500	1,980	1,981	3,961
Dhárwár	144,029	144,029	39,925 or 27.7	14,849	9,944	216	10,160
Bijápur	139,464	137,173	112,659 or 82·1	2,290	659	1,310	1,969
Ratnágiri	12,052	2,546	•••••	9,508		10	10
Total	2,776,118	2,147,356	1,224,614 or 57.03	437,970	21,450	19,309	40,759

Sind Circle.

The results of the year and last year are as under:—

Division.	in depa fires cor	riginating rimental nservancy ations.	Fires outer fi	crossing re traces.	careles accid outside	due to seness or ent by ers or to a causes.	from i	riginating ntention nalice.		al for -191 5.		tal for -1914.
	No.	Area burnt.	No.	Area burnt.	No.	Area burnt.	No.	Area burnt.	No.	Area burnt.	No.	Area burnt.
		Acres.		Acres.		Acres.		Acres.		Acres.		Acres.
Sukkur	•••	***	1	1	8	87			9	88	43	1,094
Lárkáns 🛶	***	***		***	13	360		•••	13	360	27	1,513
Hyderabad	***	•••	•••	***	1	29		•••	1	29	39	1,778
Jerruck	3	100	***	***	б.	43	15	426	23	569	98	5,734
Total of 1914-1915	3	· 100	1	1	27	519	15	426	46	1,046	e#s	•••
Total of 1913-1914	4	342	3	128	114	4,537	85	5,112	***		208	10,119

The results of fire preventive measures were eminently satisfactory during the year, the total number of fires having fallen from 206 to 46 and the area burnt from 10,119 to 1,046 acres. This great improvement may be ascribed to—

- (a) a better inundation and, in consequence, a larger supply of grass;
- (b) opening of areas hitherto closed (being unfit to open), consequently a larger grazing area being available;
- (c) personal talks by the forest officers to the zamidars, maldars and villagers as to the damage done by fires and the consequences which would follow intentional incendiarism;
- (d) introduction of punitive measures in the shape of trebled grazing fees;
- (e) rewards at the Collector's darbars in the shape of "lungis" to certain zamindars for co-operation with the Forest Department in protective work and for assistance rendered.

The Divisional Forest Officer, Jerruck, remarks as follows:—

"In the division generally, and the Mulchand range particularly, the better results are due to the maintenance of unremitting efforts of the staff, from whose activities in regard to fire-protection work villagers and graziers may be expected to learn, and are already learning, that forest fires are regarded as a serious matter. In addition to the reduction in the number of fires, a welcome feature is a decrease of 50 per cent. in the area burnt in each outbreak. The value of fire-traces and clearance and widening of existing roads, paths, compartment lines and boundaries could not be better illustrated.

Preventive measures.—In the Jerruck Division 74 miles of old and new fire lines were cleared by free labour valued at Rs. 2,119 or Rs. 28½ per mile. 15 miles of new fire-traces were made along paths to ferries, roads and compartment and boundary lines. The expenditure incurred was Rs. 1,082 or Rs. 72 per mile.

The Divisional Forest Officer, Jerruck's remarks on this subject are as follows:—

"The system of fire lines now laid out is almost complete and little remains but their maintenance in future.

"The whole division now shows nearly 90 miles of completed work, by far the greater part of which has been got done by the free co-operation of zamindars and the labour of cattle graziers in return for small concessions. The cost of the work actually charged to Government during the year under report works out at approximately Rs. 72 per mile which to any one acquainted with the nature of this work in Sind will appear a very moderate figure. The work of clearance and cutting through miles of dense masses of rank grass intermingled with climbers and thorny species is laborious in the extreme, and its successful execution therefore reflects much credit on the rangers responsible for seeing it through, among whom Mr. N. C. Ramchandani, late Range Forest Officer, Mulchand, deserves special mention. The lower subordinates who viewed the introduction of these operations with dismay, are by now getting accustomed to the work and will be able very soon to carry it out and maintain the traces without so much direct supervision by the Range Forest Officer as has hitherto been necessary."

Fire watchers were also employed in this division. These men were also put on to actual clearance work as need arose.

The following statement shows the progress made in fire-protection during the last seven years (vide Government Resolution No. 248, dated 12th January 1904):—

<u></u>	•		Area of valuable forest for	Proportion of valuable	Extent of	Extent of forest burnt during the year.			
Division.		Total forest area.		forest which has been continuously protected from fire for 7 years.	forest naturally immune from fire.	Open fores:.			
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres. Per cent.		Acres.	Acres.	Actor.	
Sukkur		284,156	284,156	254,990 or 89 [.] 7	ו צו	23	60	88	
Lárkána	•••	146,175	146,175	144,794 or 99:0	formed shas.	360		360	
Hyderabad	•••	159,031	159,031	157,786 or 99-2	Newly forme	29	***	29	
rruck		147,498	147,498	43,191 or 20 [.] 9) ž	569	***	569	
. Total	•••	736,860	736,860	600,761 or 81.53		986	60	1,046	

(c) Protection from Cattle.

Northern Circle.

The following statement shows the number and kind of animals impounded from open and closed forest respectively compared with the previous year:—

Statement showing the number of animals impounded for illicit grazing.

d. Division.		Cows and bullocks.		Buffaloes.		Ġ	oats.	Sh	cep.	Other ani- mals.		Total.		Grand total	Grand total
		Open.	Closed.	Open.	Cleaed.	Open.	Closed.	Op n.	Closed.	Open,	Closed,	Open,	Closed.	for 1914-15.	for
Panch Maháis		198	3,659	89	1,835	3,540	876	562	i	2	3.	4,391	,374	10,765	5,371
Surat	-	86	. 81	15	9	191	Ω	167	. ***			459	99	558	692
North Thans		182	3,024	9	197	909	228	27	60			1,127	1,509	2,636	3,442
Central Thána		198	2,141	10	347	623	210					831	2,701	6,532	3,741
South Thans *	•	67	2,001	21	611	601	169				•••	689	2,781	3,470	8,151
Av. 10 407-11-	-		0,056		148	6,789	2,166	3,032	1,642		134	9,821	11,076	20,997	23,696
South Nasik ,		511	6,448	42	739	1,676	509	209	43	8	1	3,446	7,730	10,176	10,108
Total, 1914-15 .	1	1,242	22,343	158	3,876	14,329	4,167	3,997	1,746	10	138	19,764	32,270	52,034	
Total, 1913-14		1,417	20,069	505	3,225	10,731	6,655	5,135	2,293	120	12	17,908	32,251	***	60,162
Average of the past 3 years	,	1,331	21,660	440	3,406	10,850	10,405	4,285	5,152	16	. 213	16,922	40,839	57,761	**4

There was an increase of 4 per cent. of cases of cattle trespass as compared with the last year and a decrease of 10 per cent. as compared with the average of the past three years, but nothing to call for comment beyond the fact that the increase occurred chiefly in Panch Maháls and South Thána and in both cases is reported as due to better supervision. The Conservator fears that quite a lot of such offences go undetected.

Central Circle.

Out of the total of 5,475 square miles of forest area 659 square miles were closed to the grazing of all animals throughout the year and 118 square miles for a part of the year. The former comprises area under regeneration after exploitation and the latter represents lands which are worked primarily for the production of grass for cutting; and in these lands there is little objection to the admission of horned cattle to graze after the grass has been removed and grazing is therefore allowed in them for periods varying from two to four months, i.e., until the commencement of the rains. 1,788 square miles of forest in charge of the Revenue Department were open to grazing by all animals throughout the year.

The following statement gives the details of impoundings of cattle and an analysis of the results compared with the figures of previous years for the circle as now constituted:—

Statement of Impoundings.

Division.	Cowe	and ocks.	Buff	aloss.	Goats,		Shoop,		Other animals.		Total.		Grand
. # 4	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed,	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed,	Open.	Closed.	Opun.	Closed.	total.
East Khándesh	333	4,994	21	517	1,522	070	404	207	28	15	5,403	0,3.x3	8,704
West Khándesh	23	6,597		620	3,412	307	1,410	9		134	4,850	7,457	12,518
North Khandesh	·	3,776		995	524	70				2	824	4,8;2	5,376
Poons	(4,773	19	457	2,473	1,115	1,346	100	17	22	1,261	6,576	10,662
Sátára	26	1,091	21	267	1,269	138	4,030	150	1	0	0,237	2,210	8,477
Kolába 🛶 🔐 🔐	13	1,579	9	558	817	168	9	***	3	3	880	2,300	8,15 6
Total, 1914-15	811	23,830	. 63	3,412	10,017	9,505	8,198	545	-16	182	10,107	33,011	47,211
Total, 1918-14	1,633	19,223	183	3,087	11,651	2,294	8,913	77()	402	251	22,774	38,700	49,474
Average of past 3 years	1,820	20,719	216	3,283	9,447	5,341	8,191	2,292	101	213	19,974	31,563	61,720

On the whole the grazing arrangements are favourable. The figures for the year show an increase of 737 over the number of cattle of all descriptions impounded for illicit grazing in the previous year and a decrease of 2,515 animals as compared with the average of the past three years.

Further analysis of the cattle impounded gives the following comparative statement:—

Year.	Horned cattle.	Sheep and goats.	Other animals,
1914-15	27,668	21,315	230
1913-14	. 24,031	23,630	813
Average of the three previous years	. 26,047	25,274	404

Of horned cattle only 874 were impounded for grazing in open forests; the remainder was impounded for trespassing in closed forest.

The grazing of goats is prohibited in forests under any circumstances and the number impounded for breach of the rule was 12,552. Sheep grazing is allowed in certain forests only; 565 were caught in areas under closure for regeneration purposes and 8,198 in areas open for horned cattle only and not for sheep. The grazing rules are administered as lightly as possible and though further improvement in the reduction of impoundings is hoped for, still it cannot be anticipated with any certainty in view of the large number of cattle in the circle and the numbers of sheep and goats brought into the Deccan divisions by wandering graziers.

Southern Circle.

16.7 per cent. of the forests are closed to all animals throughout the year, a further 0.8 per cent. are closed for a part of the year only, 76.5 per cent. are open to all animals except browsers and the remaining 6 per cent. are open to all animals including browsers. The only changes during the year were caused by the closing of comparatively large burnt areas in Belgaum for the whole year and 32 square miles in Dhárwár for part of the year to all animals. In other divisions areas of felled coupes aggregating five square miles were added to closure.

The number of cattle that grazed in the forests during the past three years are compared in the following statement:—

	Year.		Horned cattle.	Sheep and goats.	Other animals,	Total.
1914-15	4-15		462,441	2,135	739	465,315
1913-14	•••	•••	434,899	2,182	400	437,481
1912-13	•••		456,100	4,440	968	461,568
			ŕ			,

There was a large increase in the number of horned cattle grazing in Belgaum owing to some confusion caused by orders or instructions issued by the Commissioner, Southern Division, to the effect that, subject to no limit, all people paying fees were entitled to grazing.

The number of cattle impounded for illicit grazing was:-

D.visi.m.j		Cowa bulk	and ocks.	Buffs	loes.	Go	ats.	She	ep.	Other a	nimels,	T	otal.	Total of open and	Total of open and
		Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed,	closed for 1914-15.	closed for 1913-14.
Kanara Northern			1,201	800	522	d in	43		***	*		244	1,766	1,766	1,011
Do. Eastern		•••	459	***	419		52	***	4				93 0	930	724
Do. Southern		17	97	26	22	172	***	440	***	4	***	219	119	338	234
Do. Western			112	•	81	***	144	. 100	23			***	215	215	209
Belgaum		168	3,857	26	1,256	***	201	***	733	***	1	194	6,138	6,332	5,3 6 8
Dhárwár		55	1,241	72	527	***	446	**-	112		,	127	2,326	2,453	1,892
Bijápur	•••	242	1,312	3	395	•••	1,971	474	825		47	245	4,550	4,795	3,282
Ratnégiri	•••	•••	19	}	1			***	•••	•••	•••	***	20	20	187
Total of 1914-1 5	•••	482	8,208	127	3,223	172	2,803	434	1,692	4	48	785	16,064	16,849	#****
• • • Total of 1913-14	•••	408	6,389	210	1,618	974	2,173	291	785	5	4	1,563	10,969		12,857
Average of past 3 years	s	569	6,400	127	1,962	689	4,730	2 31	2,349	4	19	1,619	15,479	•••	199,40

The cattle from open forests were impounded on account of non-payment of fees. Some people refused to pay the fees on the ground that their cattle were not in forest. The cattle were, however, caught while grazing in them and impounded.

The large increase in the impoundings from closed areas is due to the closure of burnt areas in Belgaum and Dhárwár Divisions. As these areas yielded fresh grass almost as soon as burnt, cattle resorted to them and impoundings were therefore fairly numerous. The people have learnt that grazing in burnt areas is an expensive luxury as they had to pay compensation at a rupee per head of cattle besides the pound fees.

Sind Circle.

Ninety-three per cent. of the forest area was open to grazing of cattle except goats and camels. The latter animals were admitted to 615 square miles and 168 acres or 53 per cent.

Impoundings are 1,539 more than last year. All divisions except Sukkur contribute to this. The causes advanced are vigilance on the part of the subordinates, strict supervision of the Divisional Forest Officers, a fine babul pod crop, and little or no rain in the hills from October to June. If rain does not fall in the hills the cattle of those parts come down to the forests of Hyderabad and Jerruck in large numbers.

The Divisional Forest Officer, Jerruck, remarks:-

"The large increase in the recorded number of cattle is due primarily to the active campaign conducted by all Range Forest Officers during the year in the strict collection of fees for all cattle using the forests. This campaign has resulted in bringing on to the books many cattle whose existence it was formerly found convenient and profitable to ignore; other contributory causes to this increase are to be found in the fact that there was little or no rain in the hills from October to June, and also that the forests contained a remarkably fine pod crop. The startling rise in the grazing revenue of the year, in spite of the reduced fees, has been made the subject of a special report. On the whole it seems that the annual grazing pass, in place of the old bi-monthly one, will prove a fairly popular measure."

The Divisional Forest Officer, Sukkur, states:

The number of animals impounded is less than the previous year which is due to most of the cattle having been registered by the maldars, who found the yearly grazing fees much cheaper than those levied under the bi-monthly system. The inundation of the year was also an unusually good one producing excellent pasture and thus minimising temptation for the maldars to graze their cattle in closed areas."

Proposals for the control of gormal (semi-wild cattle) were submitted to vide his No. 47 dated 6th January 1915.

Government Resolution No. 7743 to at once and the levy of enhanced fines was approved by Government. Cattle pounds have been opened in certain forests frequented by these cattle; in other cases District Magistrates have been requested to allow the opening of such pounds.

The animals impounded during the year compared with those of the preceding year are shown in the subjoined table as required by Government Resolution No. 4081 dated 22nd April 1908, Revenue Department:—

Division,			Cows and bullocks.		Buffaloes.		Sheop.		Goats.		Camels.		Other animals.		Total.		Total of open and closed.	
			Open.	Closed,	Open.	Closed,	Open.	Clowed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	1918-14	1914-16.
Sukkur		411	339	1,903	176	1,144	35		2,393	1,250	369	24]	47	50	8,409	4,588	10,329	7,097
Lárkána	348	.,.	87	487	86	203		2	602	1,211	71	263	1	21	847	2,192	2,218	8,039
Hyderabad	440	400	238	843	95	857	49	29	660	341	183	167	5	171	1,229	2,408	2,057	3 ,63 7
Jerruck	•••		436	191	102	248			416	869	119	233	5	8	1,078	1,540	1,142	2,627
Total of	1914-15	•••	1,150	3,424	459	2,457	84	31	4,071	3,671	741	904	58	250	0,563	10,737		17,800
Total of 1913-14		1,072	2,767	490	1,728	437	240	3,305	4,151	307	989	127	158	5,729	10,033	15,701		

Newly exploited coupes were fenced with the waste branch wood. The total length of such fences was 217 miles. Repairs to existing fences were made on 620 miles. This work was done free of cost with the help of maldars and coupe contractors.

(d) Protection against Injuries from Natural Causes.

Northern Circle.

This consists mainly of cutting creepers. In some divisions this was done by guards without expense to Government and in others by hired labour.

Central Circle.

The only work which can be undertaken is the construction of small stone dams or "táls" in nala beds to check the flow of water in monsoon and to prevent erosion. In the Sátára Division Rs. 175 were spent under this head and in the Poona Division close on three running miles in length of "táls" were constructed in the Khed, Junnar and Rájur ranges at cost of only Rs. 78-8-0. In the Junnar range some villagers repaired some "táls" and also constructed some new ones in forest free of cost showing that these "táls" are benefiting the fields lying below the forest boundary.

Southern Circle.

No special measures were undertaken to protect the lorests from damage due to natural causes. Divisional reports contain little of interest on this subject. As usual, creeper cutting was done by the guards in all the organised areas without cost to Government. Lantana is said to be spreading in the Haliyal teak-pole area. The guards cut back a portion but have made no impression on the bulk of it. The unusually heavy rains and floods of the year damaged tanks and forest buildings and also caused land-slips besides washing away portions of coast and riverside plantations. Wild animals trampled down some of the trans-plants. Casuarina trees in the Kasarkod plantation were noticed to be infected with cancer caused by wounds left after twisting and tearing of the lower branches by people stealing them for fuel. In the Bijapur Division prickly pear continues to be a bad pest; that along demarcation lines was removed by guards at a small cost. The exceptionally heavy floods of the Krishna killed the plants in the kurans on the river banks. No injuries by insects, blights or other natural causes are reported.

Sind Circle.

The cold weather was not severe and frost did little injury to young plantations and sowings except in a few places. The caterpillar pest was also less marked than usual. The high level of the inundation did much to destroy rats which had been causing considerable damage to the young babul by gnawing the stem below ground. Young tali seedlings in the plantations were covered with grass hoods to protect them against frost. The policy of early opening newly exploited coupes to horned cattle was persevered in. This thins out the grass and gives the young seedlings a better chance.

4.—SYLVICULTURE.

(a) Natural Reproduction.

Northern Circle.

- (i) From seed.—This, though variable according to factors of the locality, was satisfactory throughout the circle. The plan of staking newly found seedlings in the early rains and tending these by protection from sun and mulching the soil has met with considerable success. Every effort will be made to extend such operations.
- (ii) By coppice.—This is everywhere satisfactory, but final results must depend largely on artificial control of canopy and lateral freedom. The best method to meet requirements in the subject of experiments commenced some five years ago, but another five or ten years may be required before definite conclusions can be arrived at as securing our object.
- (iii) By root shoots.—Extensive enquiry has been made and is being continued throughout India into the surprising fact alleged by the Conservator of another province that teak produces root shoots. The result up to date as regards this Presidency is that one suspected root shoot has been discovered in the Panch Mahals; the Divisional Forest Officer of this division remarking, "It would appear from observations made that teak does not send out root shoots in this division. If it does at all, it is of very rare occurrence."

The same Divisional Forest Officer mentions "rohan" (Soymida febrifuga) as commencing to form pure woods in that division in two forests mainly by root shoots. The fact is very interesting in several respects and probably is a direct result of more frequent scanty rainfall in the past fifteen years than formerly.

Speaking generally, the production by root shoots, though common in several species including one or two of value such as Dalbergia latifolia and Ougeinia dalbergioides, is unimportant as a source of reproduction.

Central Circle.

East Khándesh.—The natural reproduction both by seed and coppies is everywhere good where fires have been prevented for some years.

West Khándesh.—Natural reproduction from seed and particularly from coppice was satisfactory, the rainfall being good and well distributed over the whole division.

North Khándesh.—The reproduction from seed is not so good as might be desired owing to fires and heavy grazing; but parallel with the improvement in fire protection there is an increasing proportion of promising young growth. This is especially marked in some parts of Shirpur East where there have been no fires for some years. In Taloda and Sháháda West a good quantity of tivas is springing up in patches; these are probably suckers from trees which were formerly continuously cut back.

Reproduction from coppice is excellent and to ensure greater success no coupes will in future ordinarily be sold on permits as it is found that more effective control can be exercised where the coupes are sold to and worked by contractors, as this latter ensures proper levelling of stumps and proper removal of fallen material.

Kolába.—Reproduction by seed of teak and injaili is good as is evident from the presence of seedlings all over the forests; in some forests teak seedlings were found crowded and they were transplanted elsewhere where required by beat guards under proper supervision.

Reproduction by stool shoots was very good in all compartments.

Sátára.—Natural reproduction is satisfactory in the evergreen forests below the gháts where there is no demand for grazing. Sandalwood seedlings have germinated in the forests near Sátára and in the Vang valley in Pátan and are stated to be doing fairly well.

Poona.—In the evergreen forests in the region of the ghats where the rainfall is heavy reproduction by seed was satisfactory; on the Sakhar Pathar plateau reproduction by seed of Memecylon edule was very profuse. Sandalwood is reproducing itself vigorously in many places in the division where the conditions of soil and shade are satisfactory. Reproduction by coppice was good in all the exploited teak coupes.

In general in the Central Circle natural reproduction has been fair in 1914-15 wherever forest fires have been kept out and wherever it has been possible to limit the number of cattle admitted to graze.

Southern Circle.

- (i) From seed.—This was again a poor seed year for teak and only an average one for matti, jamba, hunal and the less valuable soft woods. However the natural regeneration of teak was not so bad in the pole areas as in the high forest. In the former plenty of teak seedlings have come up originating probably from seed which has lain dormant for some years.
- and excellent in Kánara below gháts and good in other places where the areas were well protected against fire and grazing. The Divisional Forest Officer, Belgaum, reports that fires devastated many of the old coupes in the Khánápur Central and East ranges and destroyed both seedlings and coppice. In the Bijápur Division where the nature of forest soil is rocky, shoots in the newly cut coupes were about two feet high in April and looking healthy. Coppice growth in past fellings of the Dhárwár Division is reported to be vigorous and satisfactory. In the current year's coupes unhealthy and broken shoots were cut back with benefit to the dominant shoots left.

Sind Circle.

The area flooded was 568,856 acres against 414,356 acres in the previous year. Natural reproduction both from seed and coppice on the flooded areas was satisfactory throughout the circle. The inundation of the year was

abnormal both as regards height and duration. Rain also helped on the higher lands, and naturally sown seedlings made good progress.

(b) Artificial Reproduction.

Northern Circle.

- (i) Broadcasting of seed.—This method as a crop producer is unsatisfactory. Were it not so, our existing trees would produce all the regeneration that was necessary.
- (ii) Dibbling.—This method gives each seed a resting place and the percentage germination is over 75 per cent., but subsequent tending by shelter from sun, from suffocation by weeding, and from drought by mulching the soil is as necessary as for any other seedlings. Systematically and scientifically carried out, dibbling is the best substitute for natural reproduction by seed and deserves greater attention than it has received upto date.
- (iii) Transplants.—One Divisional Forest Officer lays great importance on this method and is enthusiastic over the results obtained by this method of reproduction, but the Conservator, while loath to damp any lawful enthusiasm, is of opinion that such operations must always be extremely local, expensive and only justifiable where other methods are unsuitable. Special interest will at the same time be felt in appreciating results produced and the promise they show, and an open mind kept for conversion if evidence in addition to past experience can be produced.

Satisfactory progress is being made in special plantations of casuarina and babul to produce a supply of firewood on the coast, and special measures will be taken to forward this work.

In spite of much and costly attention, rubber trees planted some years ago are steadily dying out, and are obviously quite unsuited to any part of this circle.

Central Circle.

The results were similar to those recorded in last year's report. A few interesting details are as follows:—

Kolába:—16,425 casuarina plants were reared in the nurseries and planted out in the Nagaon and Akshi casuarina forests in Alibág; the total cost of maintenance of nurseries was Rs. 526.

West Khándesh.—Cuttings of wad and pimpri and seedlings of mango and chinch were raised on fire lines; very many of these survived the hot weather. In the Umarpata reserve an area of 50 acres was ploughed up and sown; the results have been fair.

East Khándesh.—Babul coupes were ploughed and resown as usual; 49 acres were sown with seeds at a cost of Rs. 102-8-0.

Poona.—A few thousand teak plants were raised in the Hivre botanical garden in the Junnar range and planted out in the teak coupes under closure and regeneration with fair success.

All the babul coupes after clear felling were ploughed up and sown afresh. In the teak coupes patches, pits and mounds were made in selected situations and results in some cases are promising where the soil mulching process was done at the proper time and the plants shaded by grass screens in the hot weather. In all cultural operations took over 1,410 acres in the exploited teak and babul coupes and experimental areas, while in the agriculture-cum-forestry areas mixed seed, suitable to the factors of the locality, was sown over 273 acres by the concessionaires.

Southern Circle.

Regular plantations.—The casuarina plantations on the Kánara and Ratnágiri coast were extended by 37 and 3 acres, respectively, at a total cost of Rs. 10,412. The condition of the plants is reported to be very good except.

in the Harwada plantation in Kanara Western Division, where they either die or are dwarfed owing to unsuitable soil.

Cultural operations.—Kánara Northern Division.—The nursing of the natural teak seedlings in coupes and the high forests was continued and about 135,000 were so tended. In the high forest ranges nurseries were maintained and about 84,300 seedlings were transplanted in the burnt areas of the Kulgi and the Dandeli ranges and in the blanks formed by the falling of dead bamboo clumps.

Kánara Eastern Division.—As in Kánara Northern Division 43,000 of natural teak seedlings were tended in Kirwatti, Mundgod and Katur ranges. Others were dug up on the roadsides and elsewhere and planted in the jungles, and are doing well. In the nurseries 47,910 seedlings were raised; 50,106 teak and 11,817 junglewood seedlings from nurseries were also transplanted in open spaces in the high forest compartments and in pole coupes worked during the year. Also 44 bags of teak and 47 bags of junglewood seeds were dibbled in in various jungles.

Kánara Southern Division.—Work was undertaken on a small scale in coupes but the results were not promising. It is, however, still new to the staff.

Kánara Western Division.—A nursery was started at Ramanguli with 1,600 teak seedlings obtained from the neighbouring forests. About 6,000 plants were washed away by the extraordinarily heavy floods in August. The rest were transplanted in worked compartments of Block XXV, where 3,000 matti plants picked up on road sides were also put down; 4,800 teak and 300 matti plants which were put out and cared for in Navgadda and Kotebhávi coupes are reported to be doing well. About 40 bags of teak and 20 bags of matti seed was sown over a thousand acres in compartments of Blocks XXIV and XXV. Both teak and matti have germinated, the plants being 2 to 3 inches high. In Kadra range 6 bags of teak seed were sown and about 14,000 plants have appeared. These will be transplanted next rains.

Belgaum.—3,642 teak and 1,374 blackwood seedlings were put out in the teak pole coupes of Khánápur east and about half of them survived. In Khánápur central and west coupes about 10,000 junglewood plants were put out but only 1,800 survived. Plantation work is on the increase. Heavy rain and floods killed and washed away many of the teak and harda plants but the other kinds are reported to be doing better.

Dhárwár.—Sixteen maunds of teak, 10 maunds of matti and about two maunds of different kinds of junglewood seed were sown in blanks and suitable areas. Also 96 lbs. of sandalwood seed was dibbled in near bushes in the several ranges. The results are not yet apparent. In Dhárwár 1,200 teak, in Bankápur 1,400 teak, 240 matti and 55 honni, and in Hangal 295 teak plants were transplanted into worked coupes.

Bijápur.—About 44 maunds of ingli, nim, mashwal and other indigenous species were collected as usual by forest guards and sown in pits in cut coupes with no better results than in former years. About 4,000 seedlings of the shendipalm in the kurans and 75 in Anantpur plantation out of those sown last year are surviving. It is too early yet to judge whether they will all establish themselves. The agriculture-cum-forestry operations conducted in the babul coupes were continued with good success. The transplants of teak and blackwood as also the bamboo seedlings in Mámdápur are reported to be doing well. About 125 sandalwood seedlings have been raised in Anantpur, but it is doubtful whether they will be of any good value.

Ratnágiri.—There is nothing to add to last year's remarks except that the number of plants in the nursery at the close of the year was 2,890.

Sind Circle.

Regular plantations.—The only regular plantations in Sind are those of tali (Dalbergia Sisoo). There were 298 acres under regular plantations at the commencement of the year. Six acres were added and six abandoned, so the total at the close of the year remained unaltered.

The Kot-Sultan plantation was well irrigated by the Sher wah. Kandi, khair and siris seeds were sown, and tali seedlings and cuttings were planted to replace casualties. The plants germinated well but were unable to stand the frost of Upper Sind. Tali is the species which resists best.

The old established gardens were maintained as under:

Sukkur Division.		• .
		$\mathrm{Rs}.$
Rahuja at a cost of	•••	819
Hyderabad Division.		
Miani hungalow		
,, monument at a cost of	•••	1,201
mango garden Total	•••	2,020

Cultural operations.—478 acres were treated under the forestry-cumagriculture system, the assessment (amounting to Rs. 1,370) being credited to the Revenue and Public Works Departments by book transfer. This is for lands which get water from the Public Works Department canals. The results reported were fair in Sukkur, satisfactory in Lárkána, very satisfactory in Hyderabad and only middling in Jerruck. In the latter division the crops were in many cases submerged owing to breaches in the bunds. As these accidents were not the fault of the cultivators, the assessments were remitted. The work done in the Khathar and Khatro forests (Jerruck Division) was of the greatest value, and these forests now display (as the result of agri-sylvicultural operations started in 1911-12) over a very considerable area a ground-cover crop of vigorous young babul of all heights up to 20 feet, representing a potential future value of thousands of rupees. Further cultural operations in these forests including regeneration of felled areas will start on a much satisfactory footing as regards means of irrigation than has hitherto been the case.

The other system of cultural operations is broad-casting seed on blanks and exploited coupes which receive flood water. Under this system 2,104 maunds of babul and kandi seed were sown throughout the circle over an area of 9,105 acres. The results in all divisions were satisfactory.

. (c) Operations for the Improvement of Growing Stock.

Northern Circle.

In the North Thana Division cleanings were made in the two-year-old coupe of each block. Creepers are cut in the course of routine duties and the general plan under which all forests are worked provides for various works of improvement as a primary consideration.

Central Circle.

The cutting of creepers was carried out by guards during their inspection work and in addition Rs. 984 were spent on this work in the Kolába Division. Prickly-pear was eradicated to such extent as was possible with the means at disposal; thus in Poona Rs. 66 were spent in the eradication of prickly-pear and in Sátára Rs. 30.

Southern Circle.

In Kánara, Northern Division, bamboos were cut to free young teak plants in the Kulgi range and inferior trees resulting in 251,940 cubic feet of fuel were cut in the Dandeli range. Also creepers and Lantana were cut by guards to free young growth.

In Kánara, Eastern Division, 44,791 bamboos, 52,367 creepers, 7,058 inferior teak trees, 973 teak "poles, 7,542 branches and 1,750 useless jungle-wood trees were cut and 38,163 teak trees were freed, involving an expenditure of Rs. 986.

In Kanara, Southern Division, nothing more than outting creepers in worked areas seems to have been done.

In Kánara, Western Division, thinnings were made in teak plantations near Kadra and clearings in the *Casuarina* plantations in Kodibag, Chitakule and Harwada. In Sulgeri about 2,000 young teak saplings were freed from interfering growth. Due to labour scarcity further attempts were not possible, but matters are progressing.

In the Belgaum Division more work was done than last year. 36,814 creepers were cut, 10,315 broken trees and old stumps were cut level with the ground, 352 bamboos, 1,826 inferior trees and 2,060 badly grown trees were cut. In all 3,718 teak, blackwood and karimuttal trees were freed.

In Dhárwár Division good progress was made during the year and operations which were neglected for many years past were carried out personally by the Divisional Forest Officer; 311 teak trees were cut in plantations, 360 stumps were cut back and 14 junglewood trees were cut in clearing, while 14 more junglewood trees were girdled at a total expenditure of Rs. 88. The material cut fetched Rs. 1,197.

In the Bijápur Division eradication of prickly-pear in fuel coupes and on demarcation lines and creeper cutting were done as usual.

In Ratnágiri it is reported that guards cut creepers in their respective beats without any additional cost to Government.

Sind Circle.

Crepeers were cut in Lárkána, Hyderabad and Jerruck Divisions. There were also some improvement thinnings in the Hyderabad and Jerruck Divisions. A little revenue was derived from these latter.

(d) Experiments.

Northern Circle.

None were undertaken during the year.

Central Circle.

Experiments in the propagation of lac in forests were continued during the year. The following remarks of the Divisional Forest Officers on the results of lac experiments in their divisions are recorded:—

West Khándesh.—"Lác inoculation work was continued in the year under report. As lác on all plants inoculated had practically failed by June 1914, the trees were given rest till September. It was surmised that if more attention were given to the food of the insects in their early stage by a supply of tender branches, there would be a better chance of their development. With this idea in view, 500 trees of palas (Butea frondosa) were pollarded, and a month after 400 trees were inoculated with lác collected from outside forest and 100 with in-forest lác. The pollarding proved effective as the insects were seen swarming very well. In May 1915 black ants, the main enemy, preyed on such insects as were on low branches and small trees; insects on upper branches were more or less safe. In June 1915 lác, of which the insects were dead, or where the insects had crowded too much, was gathered in and amounted to 35 lbs. The experiment will be continued."

North Khándesh.—"Brood-lác is continuing to be tied on to suitable trees in all ranges and records kept, but the natural spread is slow. The best natural area is along the nállah near Khargaon in Shaháda West. The forest in that locality is poor, largely consisting of bor, and it might pay to give special attention to lác there."

East Khándesh.—"Experiments in the propagation of lác in the forests of Chopda range were continued during the year. The cultivation of lác on palas trees appears to have failed, while that on koshim is likely to succeed."

Other experiments in different divisions were as follows:-

Sátára.—Graft fruit plantations throughout the division are doing fairly well, and graftings from the cuttings of the developed plants have been continued. The English and Shaharanpur grafts secured during 1912-13 for the Gureghar orchard in Mahábleshwar are doing fairly well.

Kolába.—The result of the trial made to introduce ceara rubber, sandalwood and hirda in the Bandh-Tivre forests in the Dápoli range is that the plants are living so far.

Poona.—Experiments in connection with the successful germination of hirda are being carried out in the Junnar and Lonávla ranges and are fairly encouraging so far; hirda seems to demand an elevation of over 2,000 feet, reddish soil and a heavy monsoon rainfall for successful propagation.

Southern Circle.

In the Kulgi and Virnoli ranges of Kánara Northern Division, as the teak seedlings in the nurseries were rather large for transplanting, the tap-roots and stems were cut back. The experiment was a success and the transplants are doing well.

The Forest Economist, Dehra Dun, suggested that experiment should be made with wooden blocks for street paving. About 10,000 untreated jamba ($Xylia\ dolabriformis$) paving blocks $9'' \times 5'' \times 3''$ and an equal number of paving blocks of the same size treated with green oil were sent to the Bombay Municipality for trial. Another 20,000 blocks $6'' \times 5'' \times 3''$ prepared of teak refuse in the mills were also sent. The result of the experiment is awaited. If it proves successful, the Department will be able to utilise much of the teak that is now valueless.

Sind Circle.

Attempts were again made in the Hyderabad and Jerruck Divisions for the further propagation of the lác insect, and were attended with a little more success than in former years. It is hoped that the lác-bearing area may be gradually extended if adverse conditions do not arise. Lác appeared naturally on 260 trees in Hyderabad Division.

The seeds of five species of *Eucalyptus* were sown in the Sukkur Division. Those of two species germinated successfully. *Prosopis juliflora* was also tried but failed to germinate. This ought to do well in Sind, if once started. A further trial will be made. The plants of *bambusa arundinacea* and *dendro-oalamus strictus* which survived last year are reported to be still doing well.

5.—Exploitation.

(a) System of Management.

(i) Major Forest Produce.

Northern Circle.

Clear fellings.—These were confined to the babul coupes of North Násik where 13 coupes aggregating 75 acres were exploited.

Improvement fellings.—While all our working plans are based largely on felling for improvement of the existing forests, only the working of the forests of the North Dángs and eight anjan compartments of North Násik can be classed under this head, the exploitation being confined to mature and undesirable trees, the number of the former being few.

Selection fellings.—These, under plan, are confined to the Mokháda and Talasari maháls of the Central and North Thána Divisions, respectively, and the below-ghát teak forests of the Násik Division, but no exploitation is possible at present in the two first mentioned for lack of roads, nor is it desirable in view of the present growth or state of the market to take special steps to hasten matters. The inaccessibility of the last-named areas makes this the only possible method.

Coppice with standards.—This method of treatment is followed in over 90 per cent. of the area of the circle, and on the whole results appear to justify the plans in existence.

Unregulated fellings.—The last of the fellings for revenue by which contractors selected their own trees took place in the Central Dángs. Improvement fellings will now be substituted as soon as possible.

Fellings in the protected forest set apart for the supply of branches and leaves for burning on seed beds and timber and firewood for local requirements must come under this head as such regulations as exist cannot be classified as constituting any recognized method. The outturn is roughly equalised by the areas worked being numerous and spread over various terms of years, with a rough attempt to maintain the outturn and improve the stock for the purposes for which these forests are set apart.

The following table classifies the various systems in force according to the areas affected:—

			Moth- clearing by con men	fellings mpart- ts.		iform thod.	G:	roup othod.		ection thod.	Sicon	mplo pice.	N N	ppico ith dard:	impre	hod of evenent ling.	AFOR BY	ndor
Divisio	m,		Area in square miles.	Percentage of total area under sylvicultural eystem,	Area in square miles	Percentage of total area under sylvicultural system.	Area in square miles.	Percentage of total area under sylvicultural system.	Area in equare miles.	Percentage of total area under sylvicultural system.	Ares in square miles.	Percentage of total area under sylvicultural system.	Ares in square miles,	Percentage of total area under sylvioultural	Area in equare miles.	Percentago of total area ander systems	Area in square miles,	Percentage of total area under sylviculture
Panch Maháls	•••	•>•	j									***	27 8	83.7	20	7.9	28	8'4
Surat		•••	•••									,,,	68	0.3	150	22.0	407	68'7
North Thána	***	•••							25	7:1			307	01.7		***	3	0.1
entral Thána	***	•••			***				13	3.6		***	356	95.4		184	4	11
outh Thána	•••	•••	***						9	0,8			826	95.6		200	12	8.0
North Násik	•••	•••	4	1.0			10				 ,	···	284	40.2	47	6.7	368	52.
outh Násik	•••	•••	·			. ***			215	47*8			143	31-8			92	20.
	Total		4	-1	·				256	7.9			1,762	54-1	232	7.1	1,004	80.

Central Circle.

Clear fellings were undertaken in babul forests only and the results were as follows:—

	Division.			-, <u>:</u>	Number of coupes.	Area involved.	Recoipts.
East Khándes	h	•••	•••		5	Acres.	Rs. 778
Poona		•••	•••		49	. 532	21,312

Besides the above, the babul growth in reserved forest to be transferred to the Revenue Department in 14 villages of the Poona Division was sold standing for Rs. 5,717. Half an acre in the Akshi casuarina plantation of the Kolába Division was clear-felled and realized Rs. 475.

Improvement fellings.—Poona.—The extraction of dead and fallen trees was made in the riverain babul forests in the Dhond, Háveli, Khed and Purandhar ranges where high floods had caused much damage. 124,417 cubic feet of wood was extracted and sold for Rs. 6,468-4-0. In the Akola range three coupes were worked for the supply of fuel to the Akola town H 1364-11

people. 3,062 cubic feet of timber from these coupes were sold for Rs. 344-4-0 and 12,600 cubic feet of fuel were stored in the Akola depôt for retail sale.

Five riwal coupes in Lonávla and two survey numbers, which will be submerged in the Shirwata lake, comprising 583 acres in all, were sold standing and realized Rs. 2,747-8-8.

West Khándesh.—The extraction of dead-wood was carried out under contract in the reserved forests in the Nandurbár, Nawápur and Sákri ranges; 501,500 cubic feet of firewood were extracted and Rs. 12,505 realized by the sale of the same.

Sátára.—Departmental cuttings for the supply of firewood to the hill station were made in the Mahábleshwar plateau forests according to the prescriptions of the existing working plan. The retail sale depôt which was started in March 1914 at Mahábleshwar was extended and had at the close of the year to deal with head-loads from privilege holders in addition to the disposal of split wood from the coupes. The depôt was in charge of a special forester under the direct supervision of Ranger Gonsalves. 8,120 cubic feet of split wood from the coupes sold for Rs. 392-12-0, while 592 maunds of head-load wood were sold for Rs. 202-3-0. Contract agency is adopted in dealing with the Panchgani fuel depôt sales where split wood was sold at the rate of annas 8 per maund of 80 lbs.

Selection fellings.—These were made in accordance with working plans as follows:—

West Khándesh.—Six anjan coupes in the Dhulia and Pimpalner ranges aggregating 1,750 acres were sold for Rs. 1,520. The material extracted amounted to 45,100 cubic feet.

East Khándesh.—Twenty-three coupes were sold standing for Rs. 22,875.

North Khandesh.—Twenty-eight coupes were sold standing for Rs. 30,781, while five coupes were worked on the permit system and realized Rs. 3,614.

Coppice fellings.—These were made in accordance with working plans as follows:—

Kolába.—Seventy-five coupes were sold for Rs. 1,11,150.

Sátára.—Eighteen coupes were sold for Rs. 13,559.

West Khándesh.—Five coupes in Pimpalner were sold for Rs. 3,730.

Poona.—Twenty-seven coupes were sold for Rs. 24,049.

Unregulated fellings.—Poona.—6,653 teak trees standing in malki numbers were disposed of to the occupants for Rs. 6,653. 6,800 royalty trees in the Akola and Rajur ranges were sold standing for Rs. 1,552.

In the Hivre botanical garden in the Junnar range some diseased, dying and over-mature trees were removed departmentally and the resultant material sold for Rs. 781-6-0.

West Khándesh.—Royalty trees in revenue waste assigned for clearance were sold for Rs. 1,19,396.

Sátára.—Five hundred and nine teak trees and 74 sandalwood trees standing in malki numbers were disposed of to the occupants for Rs. 631-8-6.

Southern Circle.

The systems of management have not been changed during the year.

Selection fellings.—Teak, blackwood and hard junglewoods like matti (terminalia tomentosa), nana (lagerstræmia microcarpa), jamba (Xylia dolabriformis), etc., are worked departmentally under this system and under girdling schemes in the high forests of Kánara, which prescribe a minimum girdling limit for teak of 6' in girth. Species other than the abovenamed are

also worked out under the selection system only when there is a demand. The work done during the year was:—

	Division.	·		Number of trees cut.				
	Division.			Teak.	Blackwood.	Junglewood.		
	Organized are	<i>a</i> .						
Kánara Norther Kánara Eastern Kánara Western	do.	***	***	4,965 2,04 3 307	517 23	1,248 112 400		
		Total	•••]	7,315	540	1,760		
	Unorganized ar	rea.						
Dhárwár		•••	•••	500	•••	•••		
•	To	tal of 1914-15		7,815	540	1,760		
•	· To	tal of 1918-14		6,478	579	1,866		

Clear fellings.—These were made only in the coast casuarina plantations of Kánara on an area of 15 acres realising Rs. 277 per acre and in babul forests of Bijápur, where 33 acres were exploited fetching a net revenue of Rs. 7,898 or 239 per acre.

Improvement fellings.—These were carried on in the organised high forest areas of Sambrani. Dandeli, Mundgod and Kirwatti ranges in Kánara where 5,347 teak and 320 junglewood trees were, simultaneously with selection fellings, cut as being either of inferior species or trees with low spreading crowns which interfered with the growth and development of the more valuable species.

Coppice fellings.—This system is more widely employed than any other and is admirably suited to the demands of the population and the nature of the smaller forests in most divisions. The area worked during the year of report is compared with that of the previous year in the following statement:—

			-			
			Area in	Revenue	per acre.	
	Division.		acres.	1914-15.	1913-14,	Quality.
Orgo	anized area.		-	Rs.	Rs.	
Kánara Northern	Division		. 799	188	184	Teak poles.
Kanara Northern . Kanara Eastern	ع ا	••	955	21	10	Teak poles and fuel.
Kanara Western		••	1,221	37	41	Timber and fuel.
Lanara Western	40, ,,,	•	123	325	210	Logs, poles and fuel.
Belgaum		ر	120	1 020		1 6 7
Deigaum	•••	- 1	2,165	92	91	Railway fuel.
Dhárwár	•••	•••	641	100	72	Logs, poles and fuel.
	Total of 1914-15	••.	5,804	89		
•	Total of 1913-14	•••	6,082	•••	83	
Unorgo	anized area.	1				
Kánara Southern I	Division	•••	628	16	18	Timber and fuel.
Belgaum			3,672	4	8	Local fuel.
Dogadin Dhárwár	•••		880	· 22	14	Poles and fuel.
Bijápur	•••	•••	520	6	6	Fuel.
w.	Total of 1914-15	***	5,200	7		
-	Total of 1913-14		6,265	•••	9	
	•	,		1		

Unregulated fellings.—Sandalwood operations which are not confined to particular areas come under this head. 132 khandies of heart-wood from mature and dead sandal trees were extracted during the year besides 192 trees which were sold standing to be worked by the purchasers. The bulk of small timber requirements of the Kánara ryots are met by unregulated fellings under the Kánara protected forest rules.

Sind Circle.

Clear fellings.—15,082 acres of forest were exploited under this system in accordance with the provisions of the working plans, as compared with 13,613 acres during the previous year.

Improvement fellings.—The removal of standing and fallen dead trees was carried out in every division. The area worked over was 14,205 acres against 10,769 acres in 1913-14.

Thinnings were also made in some forests of the Jerruck Division by contract agency. The operations extended over 100 acres.

Unregulated fellings.—Under this head come clearance of trees from erosion strips, free grants, and wood cut to meet urgent demands of the Public Works Department. The area so cleared was 5,208 acres against 3,831 acres in the previous year.

(ii) Minor Forest Produce.

Northern Circle.

This is worked without fixed plan as public demand, consistently with the well-being of the forests, requires.

Central Circle.

Full details are given in Form No. 20 in the appendix.

. The most important items are :-

			•	Rs.
Grass and grazing	•••	•••	•••	2,83,952
Bamboos	•••	•••	•••	13,084
Hirda and shekekai	•••	•••	•••	7,874
\mathbf{M} howra seed	•••	•••		5 ,25 1
Rosha grass	•••	***	•••	5,809
Babul pods, leaves, bark, etc.	•••	•••	•••	9,023

Grass and grazing are dealt with further on in the Report.

Mhowra seed.—The mhowra seed collection was made departmentally as usual in North and West Khándesh. The crop was a very poor one and the rates realized were also poor in the extreme owing to the dislocation of the mhowra seed trade consequent on the war.

The following statement gives the details of the mhowra seed collection in North and West Khandesh as compared with the previous year:—

			1913-14.	•		1914-15.	
Division.	•	Balance from 1912-13.	Cost of collection.	Revenue.	Balance from 1913-14.	Cost of collection.	Revenue.
T (7.16)	 	Lbs.	Rs.	Rs.	Lbs.	Rs.	Rs.
West Khandesh— Collected, 1913-14	5	111,135	2,778	((-))	32,108	,	
Collected, 1913-14	···{	292,971	6,499	(Collected 1914-15)	111,42 2	5	*****
		404,106	9,277	24,357	143,530	3,557	3,390
North Khándesh-	(84,847	2,221	}	19,912	498	·
· Collected, 1913-14 ···	₩{	201,958	6,908	(Gollected 1914-15)	in 61,067	1,667	*****
•		286,805	9,029	17,587	80,979*	2,165	1,860

^{*} Including 3,480 lbs. lost owing to dryage.

The sale prices realized were less by Rs. 472 than the cost of collection.

Hirda:—The effect of the war was also to disturb the hirda trade which had been declining yearly owing to the restricted demand for it in Bombay for shipment. Collections are made in the Sátára Division by contractors and in the Rájur range of the Poona Division departmentally on the royalty system by arrangement with the villagers. The whole of the Rájur collection remained unsold at the end of the year. The crop also was a poor one.

Rosha grass.—The demand for this article of forest produce is also on the downward grade though, if improved methods of extracting the oil were introduced, there is no doubt that the product would yield a considerably higher value as the methods now followed by the purchasers of the grass are crude in the extreme. The Forest Economist at Dehra Dun has made attempts to induce a Bombay firm to erect proper stills and to work on scientific lines. Revenue: realized under this head rose from Rs. 3,866 in the previous year to Rs. 5,809 in the year under report.

Southern Circle.

The systems of collection of revenue for minor produce followed were the same as described last year: that is, by means of permits for bamboos, quarry produce and grazing and by sale of monopoly leases for collection of fruits, honey, etc., in all the divisions. The total revenue from this source was Rs. 1,64,776 against Rs. 1,80,915.

Sind Circle.

Lac, fish, babul, bahan and kandi pods, sar and kanh grass are farmed out to contractors; other grass is either allowed free or sold on permits at fixed rates. Grazing is free or on permits.

(b) Agency of Exploitation.

(i) Departmental Agency.

Northern Circle.

This is restricted to exceptional cases and circumstances; the only undertaking of importance as regulated and likely to continue for some years was the working of improvement fellings in the North Dángs.

The exceptional circumstances are the prospective value of these forests, the paucity of contractors and labour and general inaccessibility of the area, combined with the comparative absence of sound mature trees due to unregulated fellings for revenue in the past, accentuated by fires which are now under control.

The results of the work were a great improvement over those of the last year due chiefly to the more efficient supervision of the present Ranger and the growing experience of the staff.

Central Circle.

The exploitation operations undertaken departmentally were of small extent and importance, all works in the forest being carried out as far as possible by the agency of contractors. The only departmental operations during the year were the extraction of 124,417 cubic feet of babul fuel in the riverain babul forests of the Poona Division necessitated by erosion of the river banks, and the selection fellings in the Mahábleshwar forests of the Sátára Division, in certain forests of the Akola range in the Poona Division and in the Mátherán plateau forests of the Kolába Division which were made for the supply of fuel required to meet local requirements.

Of minor forest produce mhows seed and grass (when required for famine fodder operations) are alone collected departmentally and information regarding these has been given elsewhere.

Southern Circle.

The following table compares the quantity and value of material removed as well as the expenditure incurred for extraction by this agency during the year of report with the average of the past three years:—

		Averag	e of three j	preceding y	ears.	1			1914-1	5.		
	Balance.	Exploited during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Cost.	Re- ceipts.	Balance.	Exploited during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Cost.	Re- ccipts.
Mojor.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	Rs.	Rs.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	Rs.	Rs.
Timber	723,956	1,198,629	1,922,585	976,322	3,83,743	10,27,133	447,066	893,126	1,340,192	746,622	360,838	995,953
Fccl	747,879	3,727,309	4,475,188	3,585,379	1,31,806	2,46,495	1,043,713	3,212,110	4,255,823	3,698,728	117,447	262,430
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Sandalwood, Value	261	38,515	38,776	38,684	1,606	- 39,583	192	28,826	29,018	29,963	2,192	28,903
Minor.	Number	Number	Number	Number			Number	Number	Number	Number		
Bamboos		981	981	981	954	40						***
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Grass and other minor produce		10,870	10,873	10,221	7,668	10,221	1,958	2,119	4, 077	3,896	2,005	4,103

Timber from high forest working plan areas of Kánara and all sandalwood is exploited departmentally and sold at appointed depôts. The extraction of fuel is confined to the requirements of the Madras and Southern Marátha Railway locomotives. Bamboos for supply on indents to town municipalities for plague operations were not extracted during the year. The working of grass and other forest produce is still in an experimental stage.

The quantity of timber exploited in 1913-14 was again incorrectly given by the Divisional Forest Officer, Kánara Northern Division, to the extent of 262,957 cubic feet, the real quantity being only 858,636 cubic feet, while that exploited in the year of report is 893,126. The difference is only trivial. The percentage of timber exploited departmentally to the total outturn was 53, i. e., nearly the same as in past three years.

In the figures under fuel, also, there was a false increase shown of 43,870 cubic feet in the exploited material during 1913-14 in the Kánara Northern Division. Even so, the quantity exploited in the year of report is less by 652,139 cubic feet. This shortage is due to labour difficulties. Most of the labour and transport usually comes from Goa but, this year, owing to a false impression, source unknown, these people had that they would be recruited for the war, even higher wages offered had but little effect in securing coolies. At the same time the Railway Company refused to pay a higher rate for the fuel, thereby preventing the Forest Department from offering higher wages to the contractors. The public generally pay a much higher price for fuel than the Railway Company.

The outturn of sandalwood is, as stated last year, always fluctuating. Both the outturn and prices were lower than in the previous three years.

Grass was cut, baled and carted to Belgaum for sale to district officers and was sold at a profit. The ensilage experiment was not a success financially, the realizations being only Rs. 120 against an expenditure of Rs. 322. The people seem to have a prejudice against the use of silo grass but perseverance will, it is hoped, remove it. Ensilage would ensure a good reserve of fodder for times of scarcity and the product would be useful even in ordinary years every hot weather for local use.

The departmental experiment of collecting karanj seed was successful and led to the sale of the monopoly to collect; but silk-cotton did not find purchasers.

The following statement compares the output of the saw-mills, both now working at Gobral, where they were moved during the year under report:—

Matoriale	Materials.						
6 feet teak sleepers ,, rejected 7 feet teak sleepers ,, rejected Bridge sleepers Tramway sleepers Junglewood sleepers Planks Scantlings Battens Felloes Spokes Junglewood paving blocks Teak paving blocks		Number "" C. ft. "" Number	18,128 954 213 22 10 5,612 9,293 11,917 140 291 20,300 18,700	10,170 1,162 721 565 3,920 5,000 2,615 11,658 5,669 175			

Though the outturn of the mills was little better than in the previous year, it did not come up to expectations. In 1911-12 when there was a single mill working the outturn in sleepers alone was 52,716 and in 1912-13, even under adverse circumstances, it amounted to 48,223. In 1913-14 there were two mills running but the work done was comparatively poor. This is explained by the fact that the mills were moved which took up some time and interfered considerably with the output. Even allowing for this setback, however, the outturn should have been far better. It is hoped that, with closer supervision in the future, matters will improve in this respect.

The work of the Government elephants was again not satisfactory, there being a loss of about Rs. 600 on the year's operations. This is due to a change in range officers, the present one lacking experience and energy; the unavoidable lack of supervision, due to a doubled charge held by the Divisional Forest Officer, had its effect also. Nor was there any profit in the working of the Government buffaloes for they only just paid their way. Constant supervision is necessary always; without it these animals never pay.

Sind Circle.

The only departmental operations were for the supply of fuel to Government steamers on the Indus. The quantity supplied was 360,440 cubic feet, value Rs. 11,238. The expenditure incurred was Rs. 10,453. Arrangements were made by the Divisional Forest Officer, Jerruck, for the supply of fuel by a forest contractor at favourable rates for the local board ferry at Tanka.

(ii) Purchasers.

Northern Circle.

Quantities of all the produce of the circle are given under "(c) Outturn and Sources of forest produce."

Central Circle.

Practically the whole yearly outturn of forest produce in the Central Circle is obtained by the agency of contractors and purchasers.

The following statement shows the number of coupes offered for sale, those actually sold and the receipts:—

Div	isiou.		umber of coupes offered for sale.	Number of coupes sold.	Receipts.
East Khándesh West Khándesh North Khándesh Poona Sátára Kolába		•••	31 15 33 92 18 80	28 11 33 81 18 75	Rs. 23,651 5,250 34,395 48,108 13,559 1,11,150
•	Tot	tal	269	246	2,36,113

The reconstitution of the Central and Northern Circles is responsible for the decrease in the number of coupes offered for sale; the increase in receipts is due to the better quality of the standing growth in the Kolába coupes as compared with the coupes in the divisions transferred to the Northern Circle.

Royalty trees in lands outside forest were disposed of to the extent with the receipts shown as under:—

Divisi	on.	Number of trees sold,	Receipts.
East Khándesh West Khándesh North Khándesh Poona Sátára Kolába	•••	1,560 110,500 3,145 6,800 588 1,774	Rs. 366 1,17,807 1,059 1,552 631 4,496
	Total .	124,362	1,25,911

As compared with 1913-14 there is a decrease of 45,151 in the number of trees sold and of Rs. 24,302 in the receipts due to the fact that the number of trees sold in malki numbers in the Kolába is far less than in the South and North Násik Divisions transferred to the Northern Circle during the year under report. The bulk of the operations took place in the West Khándesh Division and the operations formed the chief source of revenue in that division.

Grass and grazing.—The receipts for each division were as shown below:—

Divisi	on.		Grass.	Grazing.	Total.
East Khándesh West Khándesh North Khándesh Poona Sátára Kolába	•••	•••	Rs. 63,203 14,174 6,484 26,952 8,285 1,419	Rs. 41,206 13,458 29,695 24,901 15,925 12,158	Rs. 1,04,409 27,632 36,179 51,853 24,210 13,577
_	Tota	1	1,20,517	1,37,343	2,57,860

Here again the decrease of Rs. 59,329 as compared with the figures of the former year is due to the reconstitution of the Central and Northern Circles as the revenue under this head is much greater in the divisions transferred to the Northern Circle than in the Kolába Division.

The total number of cattle which grazed in the forests of the Central Circle on payment of fees was 800,839, and free grazing was allowed to 51,968 cattle.

Bamboos were removed by purchasers to the number of 1,415,567 and Rs. 13,041 were obtained.

Receipts from other minor produce such as rosha grass, hirda, apta and temburni leaves were as follows:—

	Division,	•	•' .		Receipts.
				_	Rs.
East Khándesh	***	•••		•••	1,667
West Khándesh	•••	•••			3,374
North Khándesh	•••	•••			4,876
Poona	•••	•••			4,969
Sátára	1	•••		•••	6,977
Kolába	•••	•••		•••	2,030
			Total		23,893

Southern Circle.

The removals from forests by purchasers are compared in the statement below:—

		Average of past	three years.	1914-15.			
Produco.		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.		
Major.	·	C. ft	Rs.	C. ft.	Rs.		
Timber	•••	682,614 4,246,053	2,17,977 72,206	769,810 6,192,057	2,72,822 94,581		
Total	•••	4,928,667	2,90,183	6,961,867	367,403		
Minor.		Number.		Number.			
Bamboos Grass and grazing Other minor produce	•••	4,525,899	52,000 70,316 61,987	5,160,909	56,245 66,640 41,891		
Total		•••••	1,84,303	••••	1,64,776		
Grand total			4,74,486		5,32,179		

Removal by this agency is one of the safest indications of real progress, and it is by this means that it is most desirable that the demand for forest produce should eventually be met. It is, therefore, gratifying to note that the figures for timber have risen from 682,614 cubic feet, the average of the past three years, to 769,810 cubic feet in the year of report. The rise in the outturn of fuel, which has also been accompanied by a rise in revenue, points to a more than sustained demand for that kind of produce. Both in number and value the output of bamboos has been normal. The reasons for the fluctuations in the revenue from grass and grazing are the same as reported last year. The decrease in the receipts from the sale of minor products is ascribed to the block in trade generally due to the war crisis.

Sind Circle.

Receipts from the sale of coupes and dead wood are shown below:—

	Division.		Description of area expl	oited.	Acreage.	Value realized		
Sukkur Lárkána Hyderabad Jerruck	•••	•••	Coupes Burnt area Central passage Coupes Burnt area Dead wood Coupes Dead wood	•••	6,785 315 1,535 3,489 1,848 2,421 2,210 1,452	Rs. 67,000 1,555 3,000 19,774 4,457 12,500 }		
	· Total, 1914-15	•••	*****		20,055	1,76,435		
	Total, 1913-14	•••	* *****		28,826	2,75,805		

There is a fall in the area exploited (and consequently in the revenue realized) as compared with last year, because the green wood coupes of the Hyderabad Division could not be sold, the offers for them being absurdly inadequate. The demand for wood was less than usual owing to the war, and money was scarce. No fuel was supplied to the Military Department by coupe contractors through this department.

The revenue realized by the sale of fuel under the permit system was Rs. 7,265 against Rs. 9,732. The decrease is mostly in Sukkur Division on account of the closing of Rahuja and Jhali gháts. Hyderabad also showed a decrease owing to plague in Matiari and Hála.

Grazing.—The grazing fee collection was as under:—

	Division.	•	1913-14.			
Sukkur Lárkána Hyderabad Jerruck	•••	•••	•••	Rs. 10,498 6,721 14,626 5,648	Rs. 10,415 6,833 14,700 9,194	
	·	Total		37,493	41, 142.	

The changes in the Sind grazing regulations advocated by the Forest Con(1) His No. 4179, dated 19th December 1913.
(2) Government Resolution, Revenue Department,
(2) Government Resolution, Revenue Department,
No. 1578, dated 18th February 1914.

the Commissioner in Sind were in force during the year under report through-

out the circle.

A comparative statement showing the old and new rates is appended:—

	.]			Old rates of	grazing fees.		New rates of	New rates of grazing fees.				
	į		Ist cl	ss forests.	2nd cla	ss forests.	1st class forests.	2nd class forests. Fees per year.				
			Fees month.	Fees per year.	Fees per month.	Fees per year.	Fees per year.					
Camels Buffaloes Cows and locks. Horses Donkeys Sheep	bul-	Rs. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	a. p. 6 0 3 0 1 6 1 6 1 0 0 3	Rs. a. p. 3 0 0 1 8 0 0 12 0 0 12 0 0 8 0 0 2 0	Rs. a. p. 0 4 0 0 2 0 0 0 9 0 0 9 0 0 6 0 0 2	Rs. a. p. 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 6 0 0 4 0 0 1 4 0 2 0	Rs. a. p. 3 0 0 1 8 0 0 12 0 0 12 0 0 8 0 0 . 2 0	Rs. a. p. 3 0 0 0 12 0 0 6 0 0 4 0 0 1 0				

It will be observed that there is an increase in the grazing revenue of the year in spite of the reduced fees. Jerruck Division alone contributes 62 per cent. to the increase. In this connection reference is invited to the remarks of the Divisional Forest Officer, Jerruck, under (c) Protection from cattle. Formerly passes were issued for periods of two months and the fees were often collected by forest guards. As the period is now 12 months the number of passes to be issued has been reduced by 5, and it is possible for the Range Forest Officer personally to collect all fees. This is insisted on and is the principal reason for the increased collections.

Minor forest produce.—The revenue derived from minor forest produce farmed out and from assessment levied on lands leased out for cultivation is detailed below and compared with last year's results:—

	Produce			1913-14.	1914-15.		
-		•		Rs.	Rs.		
Lac	***	***	•••	51	35		
Babul pods	***	***	•••	19,568	21,488		
Grasses	•••	•••	•••	3,903	3,674		
Fishery	***	***	•••	.5,209	5,905		
Cultivation	•••		•••	18,432	9,088		
•		· Total		47,163	40,280		

A smaller area than in 1913-14 was given out for cultivation in the Sukkur and Hyderabad Divisions.

(iii) Rights and Privileges.

Northern Circle.

These remained as before. There were no complaints. Full details are to be found under Forms 19 and 20 and statement under "(c) Outturn and sources of forest produce."

Central Circle.

The value of the produce removed under privileges was:-

Timbe r			•••	Rs. 214
	144			
Fuel		***	***	15,523
Bamboos	• • • •	•••	•••	17
Grass and grazing		***	•••	22,335
Minor produce	***	***	•••	6,519
			. •	44.400
_		Tota	l	44,608

Southern Circle.

No rights have been admitted to forest produce in the forests of this circle. The estimated quantity removed and its value are practically the same as in the previous year.

			•	1914-	15.
	•			Quantity.	Value.
	Majo	r.		C. ft.	Rs.
Timber Firewood	•••	,	•••	300,000 3,041,686	[72,000 6,46,353
	Mino	r. ,		!	•
Bamboos Grazing Minor produce	***	***	•••	3,000,000	15,000 3,00,387 1,80,000

Sind Circle.

The extent and value of forest produce and grazing enjoyed free under privileges are:—

Grazing ... 12,376 animals ... Value 6,505
Firewood ... 34,632 cubic feet ... , 401

(iv) Free Grants.

Northern Circle.

Nothing of note can be recorded under this head. Statistics are given as for "Rights and Privileges".

Central Circle.

Free grants of forest produce were made to deserving persons to the value of Rs. 6,212 as compared with Rs. 13,000 in the previous year.

Southern Circle.

The following statement summarises the quantity and value of produce given free during 1914-15 as compared with the average of the past three years:—

<u>,</u>		1	Average of past	three years.	1914-	15.	
	Produce.		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
•	Major.	}	C. ft.	$\mathbf{Rs.}$	C. ft.	'Rs.	
Timber Fuel		•••	29,328 17,842	11,618 288	36,955 35,049	10,8 58 438	
	Total	•••	47,170	11,906	72,004	11,296	
	Minor.		Number.	, '	Number.		
Bamboos Grazing Other minor p	oroduce	•••	36,744	431 6,900 962	72,341	515 7,907 1,616	
•	Total	•••	•••	8,293	****	10,038	
	Grand total	•••	900 000	20,199	*****	21,334	

In Kánara, to encourage an interest in fire protection, a number of free grants of timber were made and the result was quite evident in Gund where not a single acre of forest was burnt. In Belgaum free grants were made liberally except in villages where protection was bad. In other divisions the grants were made with care after due scrutiny.

Sind Circle.

Free grants are shown below:-

Produ		1	Extent.	Value.			
Fiodi			, Extent.		1913-14.	1914-15.	
Grazing Minor produce Timber, firewood	•••	 Jo :	1,131 animals 1,330 bundles 5,918 cubic feet	•••	Rs. 5,346 81 2,031	Rs. 529 91 764	
•				ĺ	7,458	1,384	

In addition to the above free grazing was allowed to forest contractors to the value of Rs. 1,378.

(c) Outturn and Sources of Forest Produce.

Northern Circle.

The outturn from all sources of forest produce during the year 1914-15, compared with that of the previous year, was as follows:—

		Material.												
Agency of exploitation.		Timl	oer.	Fa	el.	Total v	rood.	Bamboos,	Grant and graning.	Minor produce				
		Cubic feet in solid.	Value in Rupees.	Cubic feet in solid.	Value in Rupees,	Cubic feet in solid.	Value in Rupees.	Value in Rupees.	Value in Rupecs.	Value is Ruposs				
Government	•••	141,982	1,08,186	120,060	901	262,043	1,09,086	40	•••	21,680				
Parchasers		2,461,604 52,828	12,33,133 14,540	3,725,834	11,033	0,100,433 52,308	12,44,166 14,540	30,980 30	93,378 5	23,230				
Privilege holders	B14	76,220	2,28,660	0,013,672	2,51,000	0,980,793	4,79,600	6,360	3,07,009	45,000				
Total for 1914-15	ţ	2,735,201	15,84,519	10,750,466	2,63,033	13,494,610	18,47,453	43,310	4,00,393	89,04				
Total for 1913-14	•••	2,715,181	17,09,198	13,025,935	2,62,779	15,741,166	19,71,077	38,903	3,70,500	76,77				

.. 400₁058.

Central Circle.

The outturn from all sources of forest produce during the year 1914-15, compared with that of the previous year, was as follows:—

		_ '					. 3	laterials.							
Agency of exploitation.		. Timber.			Fuel.			Total wood.			Bamboos.			Grass and grazing.	Minor pro- duce.
			Value Rupe		Culta	Value Rupe		0-14-	Value in Rupees.			Value in Rupces.		37-1	Value.
		Cubic feet solid.	Total.	Per 100 cubic feet.	Cubic fcet solid.	Total.	Per 100 cubic feet.	Cubic feet solid.	Total.	Per 100 cubic fect.	Num- ber.	Total.	Per 100.	Valuo in Rupees.	In Ru- poes,
	1913-14	10,893	2,002	18'3	266,660	18,866	7:07	277,553	20,869	7:8	180	1	•5		41,064
Government.	1914-15	28,635	2,941	10•2	274,734	18,093	6.2	303,419	21,034	€.8	10 0	7	7	21	6,277
ſ	1913-14	1,002,501	3,16,871	31.6	2,522,084	74,620	29	8,524,565	3,91,391	11.1	1,230,051	11,213	-9	2,63,741	27,697
Purchasers . {	1914-15	1,049,855	3,26,670	31•1	3,088,546	66,895	2·1	4,138,401	3,93,565	0.2	1,415,587	13,011	-9	2 ,57,861	23,604
	1913-14	36,088	5,811	16-1	1,220	41	3.3	37,306	5,852	150	13,565	137	1	6,701	307
Free gran- tees.	1914-15	13,3)7	2,154	16-1	860	21	2.4	14,107	2,175	15.3	1,000	18	1.1	3,732	287
	1913-14	2,700	145	5. 8 ·	538,105	13,504	2.2	540,805	13,649	2.5	3,600	13	•3	35,091	4,706
Privilege holders.	1914-15	3,951	214	5'4	604,393	15,623	2.2	608,334	15,737	3.2	4,050	17	*4	22,335	6,619
	1913-14	1,052,182	3,24,829	38.6	3,329,049	1,06,931	32	4,385,231	4,31,760	8.8	1,247,396	11,364	•9	3,06,520	74,074
Total {	1914-15	1,095,798	3, 31,9 79	30.2	3,960,523	1,00,532	2.2	5,062,321	4,32,511	8.2	1,421,317	13,083	.0	2,83,033	35,977

Southern Circle.

The following tabular summary shows the outturn of the different classes of forest produce from the forests during the year as compared with that of the preceding year:—

	Timber.		Fael.		Total wood.		Bamboos.		Sandal-	Minor forest	Grazing
Agency of exploitation.	Cubic feet.			Value.	Cubic feet.	Value.	Number.	Value.	wood value.	produce. Value.	value.
		Rs.		Rs	i	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Re.	Rs.
Government	893,126	9,85,953	3,212,110	2,63,430	4,105,230	12,48,383	•••	•••	28,963	2,902	1,20
Parchasers	769,810	2,72,832	8,192,057	94,581	6,931,667	3,67,403	5,160,909	50,245	***	41,892	06,64
Free grantees	36,955	10,858	35,019	438	72,004	11,296	72,341	515	***	1,616	7,90
Privilege-holders	300,000	72,000	3,041,686	6,46,353	3,341,686	7,18,353	3,000,000	15,000	***	1,90,000	8,00,387
Total of 1914-15	1,993,691	1,341,633	12,480,902	1,003,802	14,460,793	2,345,438	8,233,250	71,760	28,963	2,25,410	3,76,1 3(
Total of 1913-14	2,305,459	14,96,473	12,683,190	9,89,051	14,988,649	24,85,524	7,052,997	71,128	38,972	2,40,928	3,70,69

Sind Circle.

The outturn from all sources of forest produce is compared with that of 1913-14 in the following statement:—

	•			•	Ма	terial remove	ed.				
	Agency by which material removed.		Timber.		Fac	Fael.		wood.]	Grazing.	Total.
Amout M.	,,,,,,		Cubic feet.	Value.	Cubic feet.	Value.	Cubic feet.	Value.	Minor produce.		
				Ps.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Government	-11	***	2,501	209	292,931	11,560	295,432	12,469	1,284	•••	13,753
Purchasers	•••	•••	120,381	72,720	11,377,958	2,31,165	11,507,339	3,03,685	25,800	41,141	3,70,826
Free grantees	•••	***	5,918	764		*****	5,918	764	91	1,907	2,762
Privilege holders	***	•	899:14	******	31,632	401	34,632	401	»46 •	6,505	6,906
Total of l	1914-15		137,800	74,393	11,705,521	2,43,126	11,843,321	3,17,519	27,175	49,553	3,94,247
Total of 1	013-14	204	205,025	83,465	15,690,596	2,35,300	15,885,611	3,18,765	21,764	58,589	4,02,118

The quantity and value of material removed by the Public Works Department from the areas temporarily alienated to it along bunds and canal banks were as follows:—

	Material.		Quantity.	Value.
Timber *		Pieses.	10,915	Rs. 1,091
Branch wood	***	Bundles.	12,530	775
Earth	•••	C. ft.	9,641,405	2,411
·		Total	•••••	4,277

CHAPTER III. ·

FINANCIAL RESULTS.

Northern Circle.

The following statement compares the financial results of the year under report with those of 1913-14 and with the average of the preceding five years:—

	Head.			1914-15.	1913-14,	Average of five preceding years.
Revenue	400 /	***	•••	Rs. 15,68,776	Rs. 17,45,034	Rs. 14,18,903
Expenditure.	·		•••	2,21,664	2,18,823	2,31,028
D'Apenditure.	***	J B		4,15,537	4,12,469	8,91,549
	Total	, Expenditure	•••	6,37,201	6,37,292	6,22,577
,		Surplus	•••	9,81,575	11,13,742	7,96,326

N. B.—The above figures include the following on account of royalties on forest produce from lands outside forest:—

Revenue Rs. 2,13,621
Expenditure 2,695

A classification of revenue and expenditure of the year is given below:

						VENUE.			r is given		•
			Particu	lars.				Rec	cipts.	Percenta	go.
Major produce Minor produce		···		841	•	•	•••	13	Rs. 8,53,253 2,15,523		3·3 3·8
•						Total	•••	18	5,68,776	100).
				I	І.—Ехрен	DITUR	A .	•			
	-		Particul	lars.				Ch	arges.	Percenta	ge.
Extension and of Improvement Exploitation	eonst	itutio	n	***	·	Total	•••		Rs. 2,529 97,184 1,21,951 2,21,664		1·1 43·8 55·1
			-	11	I.—Expe	NDITUR	в В	·.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			Particul	lars.				Ch	arges.	Percento	ge.
Administration Executive Protective	•	•••					•••		Rs. 48,113 1,59,418 2,08,006		11·6 38·4 50·0
						Total			4,15,537	1	۰00
Figures as follows:—		the	vario	bus	divisions	compa	red	with	the last	year	ar
Division.			Year.		Receipts.		E	ependiture.		Net res	n]te.
· Division.			rear.	:	mecerpus.	A		В	Total.	2100 1031	4,05.
					Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	R4.	
Panch Maháls	•••	{ 1918 { 1914	3·14 1•15	•••	1,00,047 1,18,185	24 ,61 18,4 5	5 ;i	51,943 51, 483	76,563 69,939		3,484 3,246
Surat	•••	{ 1913 } 1914		•••	1,78,799 1,76,163	83,12 1,09,48	8 3	57,746 59,728	1,40,872 1,69,211	+87	7,92 7 3,95 2
North Thána	•••	{ 1,918 { 1914	l·15	•••	6,58,741 5,98,732	29,15 19,16		52,065 50,728	81,222 69,895	+ 5,77 + 5,28	,537
		C 7 01 0	11		0.20.025	01.01	. [F 0 00"	70 210	1.9 60	ROZ

interesia	V	Danista		Expenditure	•	Net results.
Division.	Year.	Receipts.	A	В	Total.	Area resuras.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R4.
Pauch Maháls	{ 1913-14 1914-15	1,00,047 1,18,185	24,615 18,453	51,943 51, 483	76,563 69,939	+ 23,484 + 49,246
Surat	{ 1913-14 } 1914-15	1,78,792 1,76,163	83,126 1,09,483	57,746 59,728	1,40,872 1,69,211	+ 37,927 + 6, 95 2
North Thána	{ 1913-14 { 1914-15	6,58,741 5,98,732	29,157 19,167	52,065 50,728	81,222 69,895	+ 5,77,51 9 + 5,28,837
Central Thána	(1913-14	3,38,935 2,62,865	21,917 23,596	56,393 56,33 4	78,310 79,930	+2,60,625 +1,82,935
South Thana · · · · ·	(· 1913-14	2,41,979 2,08,836	23,318 13,700	55,91 4 61,883	79,132 75,558	+1 62,847 +1,83,253
· North Násik · · ·	1913-14	93,253	16,841	38,469 35, 829	55 310 48,563	+ 37.943
South Násik	(1913-14) 1914-15	77,883 1,82,005 1,24,433	12,734 20,346 22,027	59,275 51,439	78,621 78,466	+ 20,320 + 53,384 + 50,067
			2,18,823	4,12,469	6,31,292	
Total*	{ 1913-14 } 1914-15	17,45,034 15,68,776	2,21,661	4,15,537	6,87,201	+11.13.742 +9.31,575
Average of past five years	*****	14,18,903	2,31,028	3,91,549	6,2 2,577	+7,96,326

^{*}This is inclusive of the figures for the Direction, Working Plans and Famine Fodder Divisions.

Although on paner, by mere figures, there is a decrease shown in revenue of Rs. 1,76,258 (gross) and Rs. 1,82,167 net respectively and an increase (slight) under both A and B of expenditure, such apparent results are wholly fallacious.

The financial results of the year were most satisfactory. Fortunately the outbreak of war came after the mass of the fellings were sold, and only one division (Central Thána) shows any real decrease (and that a small one) due to that necessary evil. Though facilities for payments had to be given to contractors owing to sudden financial stringency with negligible exceptions, all contractors eventually paid up without difficulty and realised good profits; and the loss in Central Thána was more than covered by better prices in almost all other divisions under the head "Timber and Firewood." The only real effect of the war was felt under "Minor Forest Produce" chiefly in the two Násik Divisions under mhowra seed and rosha grass. The loss of the ranges of Rájur and Akola to the South Násik Division reduced the revenue of the circle by Rs. 16,000.

Examining results by divisions, the following remarks may be recorded:—

Panch Maháls.—Instead of disposing of felling areas by acceptance of sealed tenders, open auction was introduced and the revenue under that head was doubled. How far the change of procedure explains the increase is not certain, but it was probably the main contributing cause.

Surat.—The apparent decrease is chiefly due to timber being taken to the railway for sale for the first time and thus realisation of value was not effected within the year. Also merchants being displeased with loading arrangements (a matter since remedied) offered slightly less prices and a bill for Rs. 13,780 was outstanding at the close of the year. On the other hand, there was a far greater value of timber exploited, the saw mill worked far more successfully and the actual results of the year were not only infinitely better in material than before, but the whole working on a far sounder footing and the promise of the future is excellent.

Thána.—North Thána deficit is only due to fewer trees outside forest offered for sale and to postponements of payments on account of the war which have since been realised. Central Thána has already been mentioned; its deficit was due to the disturbing influence of the war among small and timid people. South Thána revenue was really greater than usual, but postponements on account of the money stringency meant outstandings at the close of the year, all of which have since been realised.

Násik.—War produced a lack of demand for mhowra seed and rosha grass, which more than accounted for the fall in revenue. The loss of Akola and kájur ranges again more than accounted for the decrease in revenue, while the smaller receipts from mhowra seed accentuated the result.

Central Circle.

The financial results of the year (excluding famine fodder operations) as compared with those of 1913-14 and with the average of the preceding five years are as follows:—

	Head.			Average of five preceding years.	1913-14.	1914-15.
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Revenue		•••	•••	6,97,052	8,13,798	7,77,531
T) 3'4		(A	•••	1,40,582	1,48,798	1,27,320
Expenditure	•••	(B	•••	3,61,530	3,80,444	4,07,938
	Tota	I, Expenditure	•••	5,02,112	5,29,242	5,35,258

The gross revenue compared with that of the previous year was lower by Rs. 36,267 and the gross expenditure, under A—Conservancy and Works and B—Establishments combined was higher by Rs. 6,016. The surplus revenue for 1914-15 amounted to Rs. 2,42,273 and was less than that of the previous year by Rs. 42,283. The proportion of net revenue to gross revenue is 31.2 per cent.

The decrease in revenue is chiefly under I (e)—Grass and Minor Forest Produce and II (a) and (b)—Timber and Fire-wood and practically occurred in the three Khandesh divisions owing to the poor crop of mhowra seed, reduced prices received in grass sales for kurans and the lower prices received for coupes, a fairly large number of coupes remaining unsold as the prices offered were inadequate. The following remarks of the Divisional Forest Officers are recorded:—

East Khándesh.—" Timber.—Decrease is due to reduced prices received for coupes chiefly in Chopda range."

"Fire-wood.—Decrease is due to non-sale of some of the coupes in Edlabad and the disforested lands in the Chálisgáon range."

"Grass.—Decrease is chiefly due to reduced prices received in grass sales from kurans and other closed portions. Last year the receipts were high owing to wild speculations."

West Khándesh.—"The net receipts show a decrease of Rs. 45,699. This is due to small price obtained for the mhowra crop. The five coupes due for exploitation in the Nandurbar range remained unsold as the prices obtained were inadequate."

North Khándesh.—"The decrease is due to the ordinary biennial poorness of the mhowra seed crop and to the decrease in the price of fire-wood coupes which were on the whole of poorer quality this year. On the other hand, decrease in the revenue is to a certain extent counterbalanced by a somewhat larger demand for grass."

Poona.—"The total gross revenue and surplus have again beaten any previous record; excluding the figures for Rájur and Akola the figures for the Poona Divsion proper show a gross revenue of Rs. 1,27,860 and a surplus of Rs. 53,000, satisfactory increases of Rs. 9,237 and Rs. 9,017 in gross revenue and surplus respectively in favour of the year. Increase is due to satisfactory prices realized for coupes and the sale proceeds of babul tree growth on lands to be transferred to Revenue Department for management."

Kolába.—"The gross revenue is the best on record in this division. The increase over the previous year was Rs. 12,741. The improvement was chiefly due to excellent prices obtained for coupes."

Sátára.—"The small increase in revenue is chiefly due to better prices obtained for coupes."

The decrease in expenditure under A—Conservancy and Works was mainly under A I (e) and A VII (a) and (b) and was due to the following causes:—

- A I (e).—The poorer crop of mhowra seed entailed less expenditure on collection.
- A VII (a) and (b).—The curtailment of expenditure ordered under the head of "Communications and Buildings" consequent on the war.

The increase in expenditure under B—Establishments is due to the reconstitution of circles whereby a larger establishment came into the Central Circle than what left it and also to the appointment of higher paid officers to charges in the circle.

The following are the figures of revenue and expenditure in connection with famine fodder operations. The figures pertain to the famine fodder operations of the previous year but which remained unadjusted at the close of 1913-14. These figures have been accounted for in the famine fodder

report of 1913-14 approved by Government in their Resolution No. 1954 of 18th February 1915 in the Revenue Department:—

	• "		•	•		
•	•	Head.			1913 14.	1914-15.
				· h.	Rs.	Rs.
	Revenue	.•••	•••	•••	58,046	30,998
	Expenditure	. •••	•••	•••	73,370	27,200
						<u>' </u>

Further classification of the forest revenue and expenditure is as follows:—

I.—Revenue.

-		• .	,		Receipts.	Percentage.
Major produce Minor produce	•••	•••	•••	•••	Rs. 4,14,606 3,62,925	53·3 46·7
	. \.		Tota	1	7,77,531	100-

II. - EXPENDITURE.

A.

				Charges.	Percentage.
Extension and constitution Improvement Exploitation	•••			Rs. 4,834 94,057 28,429	3·7 73·9 22·4
•		Tota	1	1,27,320	100.

В.

. •				Charges.	Percentage.
Administration Executive Protective	 •••		•••	Rs. 54,899 1,44,766 2,08,273	13·4 35·4 51·2
	 ,	Total	•••	4,07,938	100-

Southern Circle.

The financial results of the past two years and the average of the five preceding years are as follows:—

	Year.			Revenue.	Expen	diture,	Surplus.	Percentage of surplus to gross revenue.
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1914-15	•••	•••		18,68,706	A 6,86,099 \\ B 3,80,500 \	1 ,66,599	,02,107	. 43*
1913-14	***	. ***	•••	20,18,753	A 7,26,496 } B 3,64,494 {	10,90,990	9,27,763	46.
Average of	1908-0 9 to	1912-13	•••	15,47,706	A 5,89,852 B 3,30,097	9,19,949	6,27,757	41.

The above figures show a falling off in the revenue, expenditure and surplus of the year compared with those of 1913-14. The percentage of net to gross revenue also decreased from 46 to 43.

Analysed according to detail of main budget heads the receipts and charges compare with those of 1913-14 as below:—

• Budget heads.			Amor	n	
		•	1913-14.	1914-15.	Difference.
•			Rs.	Rs.	
Receipts I	•••		14,33,620	12,81,448	1,52,172
II	***	•••	5,42,493	5,32,180	— 10,318
III IV	•••	•••	821	925	+ 104
- V	•••	•••	11	11.	•••••
•	••• ,	•••	41,808	54,142	+ 12,834
	Total, Receipts		20,18,753	18,68,706	- 1,50,047
Expenditure A I	***		5,58,504	5,02,483	— 56,021
II	•••		6,445	7,292	. "
III	•••		54	` 158	+ 847 + 104 + 2,350 + 17,914
VI	•••	•••	10,097	12,447	+ 2,350
VII	•••	•••	76,928	94,842	+ 17,914
VIII	•••	•••	56,436	51,980	— 4,456
IX	•••	•••	18,032	16,897	— 1,135
• •	Total A	•••	7,26,496	6,86,099	— ,40,397
Expenditure B I			3,12,556	3,23,948	+ 11,392
II	***		38,143	42,849	+ 11,392 $+ 4,706$
III	•••		13,795	13,703	92
•	Total B		3,64,494	3,80,500	+ 16,006
Ţ	otal, Expenditure		10,90,990	10,66,599	_· 24,391

Revenue.

The decrease below last year's figures is in the Northern Division of Kánara attributable to the Gund timber not reaching the sale depôt, to no demand for and consequently no sale of blackwood due to the European war and, also, to a smaller number of sleepers supplied to the railway. In the Eastern Division of Kánara the decrease is attributed to poor demand for timber and fuel at places like Hubli as a result of the disorganization of the cotton trade. In the Western Division of Kánara the timber sold at the Kodibág depôt was almost entirely junglewood, whereas usually a large proportion is teak. When it is remembered that the average price for teak is Rs. 100 per ton and that for junglewood is only Rs. 40, the decrease in revenue is explained. The poorer prices for the fuel coupes obtained during the year, the postponement of payments of the instalments due from the farmers of the minor products on account of the war-conditions and the smaller number of fuel coupes sold account for the decrease in the Belgaum Division. It will thus be seen that the fall in revenue is due to temporary causes beyond the control of the Department.

There was an increase under miscellaneous revenue amounting to Rs. 12,334, most of which occurred in the Belgaum Division due to compensation recovered from the Madras and Southern Marátha Railway on account of forest land transferred to them, contributions received from the District Local Board for repairs to their roads placed under the management of the Forest Department, and fines inflicted on contractors for breach of contract terms.

Expenditure.

The expenditure of the year was less than that of the previous year by Bs. 24,391. The Arbyle and Gund timber did not reach the Kodibág depôt in due time and was not consequently paid for during the year: which explains the decrease under A-I. Expenditure was curtailed under orders of Government as far as possible under A-VIII, A-IX and B-III. The increase under A-II is attributed to remuneration paid to village officers for collecting forest revenue, to more material purchased and to labour engaged for marking coupes; and that under A-VI to the purchase of carts and cattle and the cost incurred on account of feeding and upkeep of the latter. Though curtailment was insisted on, works which had been once commenced had to be finished, swelling the charges under A-VII. The excess under B—Establishments was in consequence of (1) a senior Imperial Service officer being appointed to the Dhárwár Division, (2) part salary of an officer paid by the Accountant General in the past year being adjusted in the year of report, (3) charge allowance paid to an officer for holding charge of two divisions; and (4) increase in the rates of pay of establishments under the time-scale, etc.

The following statement shows the proportion of revenue and expenditure under the different heads:—

					<u> </u>	
	Particulars.				Total.	Percentage.
	Reve	nue.			Rs.	
Major produce Minor ,, Miscellaneous	***	•••	•••	•••	16,44,749 1,69,815 54,142	88 9 3.
		. *	· Tota	al	18,68,706	100
•	Expen	diture.		-		
• .		7.				•
Extension and con Improvement Exploitation	stitution 	•••	•••	• • •	5,692 1,58,027 5,22,380	·5 14·8 49 •
	j	В.				
Administration Executive Protective	***	•••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•••	55,318 1,85,368 1,39,814	5·2 17·4 13·1
	· •		' Tot	al	10,66,599	100

The revenue outstanding at the close of the year was Rs. 2,55,995-15-1 against Rs. 3,93,773-7-3 at the opening of the year, and occurs chiefly in Kánara and Belgaum Divisions on account of timber sold mainly from depôts and partly from coupes and minor produce purchasers. A sum of Rs. 1,922-15-8 was written off during the year under the orders of the Conservator as irrecoverable.

Outstandings on account of contractors and disbursers amounted to Rs. 1,95,228-3-8 or Rs. 24,156-8-0 more than last year. The large increase of above Rs. 30,000 in Kánara Northern Division has not been explained. The advances to disbursers are small, but those made to contractors, especially in Kánara Northern and Eastern Divisions and Belgaum, are large as the men employed there on the extraction of teak, etc., timber and fuel have to be largely financed by Government.

The value of timber and other produce at sale depôts at the close of the year is estimated to be Rs. 8,48,942 or Rs. 2,19,891 more than last year. This increase is almost entirely due to the large stock of Gund and Arbyle teak which did not reach the sale depôt in time and partly to blackwood which could not be sold for lack of demand.

The value of the live stock at the close of the year was increased by Rs. 694 and that of dead stock by Rs. 36,968. The percentages written off for depreciation vary considerably in the different divisions.

Sind Circle.

The revenue and expenditure for the forest year compared with those of the preceding year and with the average of the past five years are as under:—

	Head.	•		Average of past 5 years.	1913-14.	1914-16.	
	¢•			Rs.	Rs.	. Rs	
Revenue	•••	•••	•••	4,07,179	4,14,151	4,18,718	
Expenditure A	•••		•••	48,529	47,815	42,745	
Expenditure B	•••	•••	•••	1,54,448	1,76,498	1,79,389	
,	Total,	Expenditure	•••	2,02,977	2,24,313	2,22,184	
Surplus	***	***	•••	2,04,202	1,89,838	1,96,584	

The slight increase in revenue is accounted for thus:-

- (a) Better prices received for the coupes and dead wood actually sold in spite of the fact that the coupes in Hyderabad could not be sold.
 - (b) Supply of more wood to Government steamers.
- (c) More thorough collection of grazing fees although the rates were lower.

The decrease of Rs. 5,070 under A.—Conservancy and Works is due to the postponement of new works for economy's sake on account of the war.

The increase of Rs. 2,891 under B.—Establishment is due to—

- (a) Increases of pay to officers of the Imperial and Provincial Services and to members of the clerical establishment under the time scale.
- (b) Travelling expenses of Messrs. Thomson and Robinson to attend the Forest Conference.
- (c) Full rent paid by Government for the houses occupied by foresters in charge of ranges under Government Resolution No. 10458, dated 19th September 1914.

The revenue and expenditure of the year are further classified as follows:-

L-REVENUE.

	Particulars.						Percentage.
						Rs.	
Major produce Minor produce	•••	•••	•••		•••	3,17,611 1,01,107	76 24
atmor pro-			,	Total		4,18,718	100

II.—EXPENDITURE A.

Particulars.					Charges.	Percentage.
Extension and constitution Improvement Exploitation	•••	•••	Total		Rs. 32,522 10,222 42,745	76 24 100

III.—EXPENDITURE B.

	Part	iculars.			Charges.	Percentage.
					Rs.	
Administration Executive Protective	***	•••	•••	••	74,820	19 42 39
	<u>.</u> -		• 5	Fotal	1,79,389	100

The revenue outstanding on 30th June 1915 was Rs. 60,942 against Rs. 1,51,427 on the same date last year. This represents instalments payable by coupe contractors and others which are not due or recoverable until after the close of the year.

Bhai Jethmal still owes Rs. 6,500 for the lác contract of the Jerruck Division for 1908-09. His appeal was dismissed and the Collector of Hyderabad has therefore been requested to recover this amount, plus interest, from Jethmal and his surety Lekhraj Khimandas.

A sum of Rs. 3,038-4-0 was due from Mr. Chandiram Karamsing for a coupe contract of 1909-1910 in the Jerruck Division. The appeal preferred by him was decided in his favour by the Judicial Commissioner in Sind (vide Government Resolution, Legal Department, No. 435 dated 23rd April 1915).

CHAPTER IV.

ADMINISTRATION.

Northern Circle.

The administration of the Northern Circle was carried out by the following officers during the year:—

```
1st July to 16th October 1914 ... Mr. W. E. Copleston.
17th October 1914 to 22nd June 1915 ... Mr. O. H. L. Napier.
23rd June to 30th June 1915 ... Mr. W. F. D. Fisher.
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The charges of forest divisions and sub-divisions were held-by the following officers:—

Panch Mahala	1st July 1914 to 10th December 1914 Mr. D. R. S. Bourke. 11th December 1914 to 30th June 1915 Mr. R. W. Inder.
Tanch manais)	11th December 1914 to 30th June 1915 Mr. R. W. Inder.
Sub-Division	1 iso July 1914 to Suth June 1919 Mr. D. J. Fatel.
(1 1st July 1914 to 31st October 1914 \ Mr. G. E. Marjoribanka
Surat }	1st July 1914 to 31st October 1914
· (17th November 1914 to 30th June 1915 Mr. G. E. Marjoribanks, 1st November 1914 to 16th November 1914. Mr. R. K. Kanitkar.
Sub-Division	lst July 1914 to 30th June 1915 Mr. R. K. Kanitkar.
	lst July 1914 to 30th June 1915 Mr. J. B. Brooks.

•	•
Sub-Division	1st July 1914 to 30th June 1915 Mr. L. S. Koppikar.
(1st July 1914 to 14th September 1914 Mr. W. C. Milne.
Central Thána	15th September 1914 to 9th December 1914, Mr. R. W. Indor.
)	10th December 1914 to 8th January 1915 Mr. P. E. Aitchison.
Ţ	9th January 1915 to 30th June 1915 Mr. B. H. Dalal.
S. I. Tri	3rd July 1914 to 31st March 1915 Mr. D. M. Bijoor.
Sub-Division {	1 st July 1914 to 2nd July 1914 Mr. V. G. Bhalerao.
(
South Thana	1st July 1914 to 9th October 1914 Mr. A. N. Master.
Sub-Division	10th October 1914 to 30th June 1915 Mt. P. E. Aitchison.
	1st July 1914 to 30th June 1915 Mr. K. B. Gokhale.
North Násik	1st July 1914 to 14th October 1914 Mr. C. G. Dalia.
(15th October 1914 to 30th June 1915 Mr. H. A. Bhadbhado.
+	5th October 1914 to 1st February 1915 Mr. C. E. L. Gilbert. 1st July 1914 to 4th October 1914 Mr. H. A. Bhadbhade.
South Násik	9-3 M.L 707 E 4 MAIN RE 1 2028 M. 127 PA CO 1 .
1 7	25th March 1915 to 22th March 1915 Mr. W. E. Copleston. 25th March 1915 to 22nd June 1915 Mr. W. F. D. Fisher.
	192nd Tong 1015 to 90th Tong 1015 Van To D & Doodle
}	1 1st July 1914 to 11th September 1914 Mr. N. E. Shrigley.
i	12th September 1914 to 4th October 1914 Mr. R. A. Shirali.
Sub-Division	5th October 1914 to 13th October 1914 Mr. H. A. Bhadbhade.
	14th October 1914 to 8th November 1914 Mr. R. A. Shirali.
į	9th November 1914 to 30th June 1915 Mr. D. N. Damle.
Working Plans .	1st July 1914 to 30th June 1915 Mr. W. C. Milne.
MOLKING LISHS	29th October 1914 to 30th June 1915 Mr. K. E. Kotwal (attached
	to Working Plans).

All, except one Divisional Forest Officer of the Provincial Service, worked very satisfactorily, and the Conservator wishes to specially acknowledge the good results obtained in the Dángs of Surat District. Mr. Dubhashi, Ranger, Rs. 80 grade, requires special mention for excellent road work in the Dángs. Mr. Ameen, Forester, Rs. 40, did extraordinarily good work in reorganising the work of the saw mill, more than doubling the output. The Divisional Forest Officer pays him a specially warm tribute of praise.

The divisional offices of Panch Maháls and Surat were examined during the year.

Casualties were: —Deaths, 18, retirements, 19, resignations, 17, dismissals, 9, services dispensed with, 32; total 9 per cent. nearly.

Discipline.—Degraded 9, fined 169; total 16½ per cent. nearly.

Recruitment and education.—Two stipendiary students having completed the Dehra Dun course were given rangers' appointments.

Two new stipendiary students were selected for the Dehra Dun course of 1915-17.

Eleven guards and three men from Native States underwent four months' training at Thána, of which 10 and one respectively were granted the usual certificate.

Central Circle.

Mr. G. P. Millett held charge of the Central Circle from 1st July 1914 to 25th June 1915 when he proceeded on two years' combined leave and Mr. L. Napier held the charge for the remainder of the year.

Mr. Starte was in charge of the North Khandesh Division throughout the year.

The East Khándesh Division continued to be held by Mr. Fisher until 24th March 1915 when he was transferred to Násik; Mr. Pethe held charge from 24th March 1915 till he was relieved by Mr. R. P. Dalley on 25th June 1915, who remained in charge till the end of the year.

The West Khándesh Division continued to be held by Mr. Sothers till 30th November 1914 when he was appointed as a Censor; he was relieved by Mr. A. F. Gonsalves who remained in charge for the rest of the year.

The Poona Division continued to be held by Mr. T. N. Koppikar until 7th November 1914 when he was relieved by Mr. D. A. Thomson, on return from Sind, who held charge for the remainder of the year.

Mr. Pethe held charge of the Sátára Division until 30th October 1914 when Mr. R. P. Dalley relieved him, who was in turn relieved by Mr. C. E. L. Gilbert on 20th June 1915 on his return from deputation as Superintendent of Mahábleshwar.

The charge of the Kolába Division was held by Mr. V. d'P. Rebeiro until 22nd October 1914 when he proceeded on combined leave; Mr. C. G. Dalia succeeded him and remained in charge for the remainder of the year.

The Working Plans Division was held by the following officers:-

Mr. A. F. Gonsalves until 22nd October 1914.
Mr. W. E. Copleston , 26th March 1915.
Mr. G. P. Millett , 9th June 1915.
Mr. V. d' P. Rebeiro , 30th June 1915.

Protective establishment.—Owing to the reconstitution of the Central and Northern Circles ordered by Government in their Resolution No. 12823 dated 22nd December 1914, Revenue Department, the North and South Násik Divisions (with the exception of the Rájur and Akola ranges included into the Poona Division) were transferred to the Northern Circle and Kolába was included in the Central Circle. This caused a change in the strength of rangers and foresters, which was reduced from 38 and 109 to 37 and 104, respectively; but the number of guards was increased from 980 to 1010. Likewise in the office establishment the number of head clerks, senior clerks, junior clerks and peons was reduced from 9, 40, 57 and 6 to 38, 38, 54 and 58, respectively.

Government in their Resolution No. 4588 dated 24th April 1915 have decided that the services of forest guards on Rs. 12 and above should be considered as superior. Government also sanctioned in their Resolution No. 4364 dated 17th October 1914, Financial Department, the services of the temporary menials in the Working Plans office being considered as permanent.

Imperial Forest College, Dehra Dun.—No passed student selected for training from the Central Circle joined the circle during the year as the student deputed for training for the period 1913—15 was withdrawn owing to inability to follow the course. Owing to the reconstitution of the Northern and Central Circle Mr. Gupte, a candidate deputed for training from the Northern Circle for the period 1913—15 was posted to the Mahád range in the Kolába Division on 19th April 1915.

Foresters' class.—The Foresters' class was held at Násik and was opened on 16th June 1914 under the control of Mr. R. A. Shirali, Sub-divisional Forest Officer, South Násik, and supervised by Mr. H. A. Bhadbhade, acting Divisional Forest Officer, South Násik. There were fifteen students (all Government students). Of these 11 passed the final examination and 1 was sent down before the completion of the course owing to his inability to follow the same.

Criminal offences.—A junior clerk in the Edlabad range of the East Khándesh Division was prosecuted for the misappropriation of Government money under section 409 of the Indian Penal Code in the Court of the First Class Magistrate, Bhusával, and convicted after the close of the year.

Kolába Division.—A round guard on Rs. 12 in the Roha range was prosecuted under section 385 of the Indian Penal Code and sentenced to undergo three months' simple imprisonment and Rs. 45 fine in addition. One beat guard in the Mángáon range was prosecuted under section 415 of the Indian Penal Code and fined Rs. 100. One beat guard in the Roha range was prosecuted under section 167 of the Indian Penal Code, but he was acquitted.

The following table shows the casualties during the year:-

Deaths.	Resignations,	Dismissals.	Retirements.	Total.	
11	9	35	22	77	

The North and West Khandesh, Poona and Satara Divisional offices were inspected during the year.

Hunting and shooting.—Fifty-eight shooting licenses were issued as compared with sixty-three in the previous year. In only two cases in Poona had action to be taken where the offending parties expressed their willingness to take out shooting licenses when found trespassing in reserved forest.

Recruitment of the protective establishment is still as difficult a problem as ever; wages all over are high and the general tendency is for the labour wage to rise, while the rate of pay offered in the Department is so low in comparison that very few satisfactory recruits come forward. With the ever increasing intensity of management of the present day, a better class of recruit is indispensable for the better working and improvement of the forests, and this will never be secured until the starting pay is made more attractive and raised to Rs. 10 at least and the service considered as superior, for purposes of pension.

The following remarks have been made by the Divisional Forest Officer, North Khandesh, who is also in charge of the Akrani pargana:—

"The Akrani pargana which comprises 194,683 acres of reserved forest and 50,000 acres of revenue land continued to be administered entirely by the Forest Department. Owing to the mahal still being inaccessible for carts from the plains the reserved forest is not yet systematically exploited, but the jungle in the revenue area has been put under a simple working plan sanctioned in June 1913 for supplying free firewood and hutting material on low fees to the local population. The first distribution of material took place during the fair season just closed, and general satisfaction seems to prevail as no complaints were received. Next year's coupes have been demarcated by the surveyors, but only one of them will be exploited as, owing to lack of demand, most of last year's coupes were only partially worked.

"During the year 1,075 acres of the revenue jungle were burnt.

"The improvement and extension of foot-paths in Akráni has again been pushed on vigorously, the chief improvements being made between Gauria and Kakarpati and between Mundalwad and Khandbora. The latter was aligned by the Revd. A. P. Franklin and when widened will make a good cart track in place of the former precipitous foot-path.

"The Public Works Department have commenced to align a road from Kothar up to Chanselli, but progress is slow and the work does not keep pace with that on the Dhadgaon side of Chanselli. The proposed Dára-Mándvi road will have to be postponed until more funds are available. When it is prepared some of the best teak of Akráni can be exploited.

"The assessment received from cultivated lands at the rate of 4 annas per acre amounted to Rs. 3,219, being an increase of Rs. 391 on the year 1913-14 and Rs. 712 on 1912-13. The rate of the assessment is too low in many villages, and during my recent tour special attention was given to this matter and also to the question of advisability of the introduction of the permanent survey settlement.

"The collection of tagái outstandings made good progress and Rs. 7,412 capital plus Rs. 1,072 interest were repaid. During the year fresh tagái advances amounting to Rs. 6,520 were made.

"The contribution to the local fund amounted to Rs. 199.

"The Revd. A. P. Franklin of Mundalwad has been given some advances out of the fund for irrigation in precarious tracts and has built some pukkah dams across streams. The lands irrigated have produced good crops; and it has been noticed that the more energetic bhils and pawars in several villages within a radius of 10 or 15 miles have copied the idea, but they have not applied for grants to construct extended or pukkah tais.

"Several of the bhils around Mundalwad have seen what good crops can be obtained after tilling the land with light steel ploughs and they have asked to borrow them.

"The raius and general crops were good. The crop of mhowra flowers was good but the prospects of the fruit developing are poor.

"In view of extensive illicit distillation of mhowra liquor it is proposed to increase the number of liquor shops. This is in some ways to be regretted. It is doubted whether a larger

number of liquor shops will prevent illicit distillation unless the liquor be sold very cheaply. The bhil likes a little excitement and would prefer to manufacture his liquor for nothing. Extra vigilance on the part of the Excise Department seems to be the real cure. On the Nerbudda side some of the people expressed the wish that they might be allowed to tap toddy trees as they preferred it to mhowra liquor and said it was less intoxicating.

"The experiment in cattle breeding which was started five years ago was continued, but is not so successful as might be desired. The Sonkhairi bull with some 30 cows was placed at Bijri. Six of the cows were covered and 3 calves (2 male and 1 female) were produced, whilst 3 cows died of disease. The Thilari bull was placed at Kundol with about 30 cows and 9 were covered. Two died of disease, whilst 7 calves (3 male and 4 female) were produced. Out of the 10 calves born 7 are still living as against 15 last year. During the ensuing rains 1 bull will be placed at Dhadgaon under the personal supervision of the ranger, and 1 will be placed at Mundalwad in charge of Revd. A. P. Franklin, and it is hoped that better results will be obtained.

"Education is advancing steadily, and at a darbar held in April prizes were presented to the scholars and at the same time three patels were rewarded with puggrees for zealous fire protection, general good work and sobriety.

"On the whole the year has been one of steady progress."

All Divisional Forest Officers have worked well this year, and have striven to improve the efficiency of forest administration and of forest protection in their charges. The Sub-Divisional Forest Officers have also worked generally in an efficient manner. The work of Range Forest Officers has not always been satisfactory. While some have worked well and earned commendation and merited promotion, warnings have had to be administered to others where their work failed to reach the required standard.

The work of the clerical staff has been performed satisfactorily and carefully.

The relations of forest with revenue officers have been most satisfactory in all districts.

Southern Circle.

Mr. T. R. D. Bell held charge of the circle throughout the year.

Messrs. Edie, Butterworth, Hiley and Miller held charge of Kánara E. D., Kánara S. D., Kánara W. D., and Working Plans Divisions, respectively, throughout the year.

The important division of Kánara N. D. was held by Mr. Edie upto 10th November 1914 and by Mr. Dodgson for the rest of the year.

Mr. Hodgson was in charge of the Belgaum Division up to the 13th May 1915 when he went on 6 months' combined leave and Mr. Edie held charge of the division in addition to his own.

Mr. N. D. Satarawala held the Dhárwár Division until 27th October 1914 when he made over charge to Mr. Duxbury, who remained until the close of the year.

Mr. S. P. Limaye held charge of the Bijápur Division for 11 months. He was on privilege leave from 20th May to 19th June 1915, during which period Mr. G. C. Shannon, Assistant Collector, held the charge.

The Collector in charge of the district continued to be Divisional Forest Officer, Ratnágiri.

A new Sub-Divisional Forest Officer was posted to E. D., Kánara. Mr. K. E. Kotwal held it from 10th August to 15th October 1914, and Mr. F. X. Saldanha from 16th October 1914 to 9th January 1915, after which the latter proceeded on combined leave for 6 months.

No other changes occurred among Sub-Divisional Officers.

Of the three candidates who were going through the Rangers' course of 1913—15 at Dehra Dun two passed out successfully with Higher Standard certificates and were posted to Kánara as Range Forest Officers. The third failed to pass in the final examination. The one candidate of 1914—16 years' course

now at Dehra is said not to be doing very well. Two more have been sent up to Dehra Dun during the year under report.

The candidate, Mr. Yeshwant Rudrapa Diverkar, B.A., nominated for the Provincial Forest Service course, underwent satisfactorily his six months' practical training in this circle and joined the Imperial Forest College in July 1915.

The Vernacular Forestry Class was as usual in charge of Mr. R. R. Hattiangadi, Sub-Divisional Forest Officer, Belgaum. There were 11 students, of whom 10 passed. The men sent up were as usual of poor calibre and, in spite of the above results, even the best of them had not really the education or intelligence to profit much by the course. As Mr. Edie remarks, those who are clever enough to assimilate the matter taught are too often not practical enough to apply it properly.

The Conservator visited all the divisions of the circle except Bijápur and Ratnágiri.

All divisional offices were inspected during the year, while 13 range offices with 45 round daftars were also inspected by the Personal Assistant with a view to establish uniformity in procedure and curtail unnecessary office work. This, it is expected, will lead to very good results.

Though malaria was more prevalent in the forest tracts during the year casualties were comparatively few. Only 8 guards and 1 peon died against 15 men in the previous year. Other casualties were: 14 men retired and 19 resigned.

Punishments were: -28 men dismissed, 28 degraded, 24 suspended, 31 superseded, 9 discharged and 358 fined as against 17, 33, 15, 9 and 345 last year.

Criminal offences.—Two forest guards were prosecuted for taking bribes in S. D., Kánara; one of these was acquitted and the other was sentenced to two months' imprisonment in addition to a fine. A forester and two guards were prosecuted in Belgaum for trespass and assault but were acquitted on appeal to the Sessions Judge. Another guard in Belgaum was prosecuted by the police for the accidental shooting of a villager, but the case was discharged. In the Bijápur Division two guards were convicted for accepting bribes and another for trying to steal a wind-fall babul log.

Hunting and shooting.—Fifty-eight shooting licenses were issued during the year, while 70 was the number in 1913-14. The decrease is due to the absence of military officers on field service. There were two cases of infringements of game rules brought to light during the year which ended in the recovery of fines of Rs. 50. In the previous year four such cases had been reported and Rs. 225 had been recovered as fine. Rewards for detection of illicit shikar were paid during the year to (1) customs subordinates of Goa frontier, Rs. 100, and (2) a forester in E. D., Kanara, Rs. 20. A similar reward of Rs. 30 had been made to the customs subordinates of Castle Rock in 1913-14.

The relations between the revenue and forest officials as usual have been satisfactory.

Services.—All the gazetted officers of the Imperial staff have worked well. Among the Provincial men I would mention Messrs. Chandawarkar, Hattiangadi and Hemmadi as being particularly good. The first, attached nominally to my office as personal assistant, has got through a prodigious amount of work in the task assigned him of detailed examination of all offices in the circle with a view to systematising procedure of all sorts. The last has been most energetic at outdoor work on roads, buildings and sylvicultural operations.

Amongst the rangers I have pleasure in commending Mr. Taggarsee again; Messrs. Hasabnis and Damle have also done well, Mr. Rego in Mundgod exceptionally so.

In the clerical line praise is again due to my head clerk, Mr. K. R. Bellare, who is under extension and is likely to remain so as long as is

permissible under the rules because of his ability, knowledge and perfect English writing.

Sind Circle.

Mr. D. A. Thomson held charge of the Sind Circle from July 1st, 1914, to November 1914 when he was relieved by Mr. E. G. Oliver on the latter's return from leave; Mr. Oliver held charge for the remainder of the year.

The divisions and sub-divisions were held by the following officers:-

Mr. H. L. Newman whole year. Jerruck Dr. N. Gustasp whole year. Mr. M. D. Jagtiani whole year. Hyderabad*** ... Lárkána .4. Mr. A. C. Robinson whole year. ••• Sukkur Mr. V. R. Mirchandani whole year. Sukkur Sub-Division ••• ... Mr. D. J. Navani whole year. Working Plans ...

Every division was visited, and all the divisional forest offices were examined by the Deputy Conservator of Forests during the year. They were all in a satisfactory state and no irregularities of any importance were discovered.

The following range forest offices were also examined by the Deputy Conservator:—

Unerpur range

Hyderabad range

Sehwan range

Lárkána Division.

Stipendiary student G. G. Badlani completed his training at Dehra Dun on the 31st March 1915 and reported himself for duty on the 10th April 1915. He obtained the Higher Standard certificate and was appointed ranger on Rs. 50 (vide Government Resolution No. 6796 dated 23rd June 1915).

One Government stipendiary student G. C. Madhok was sent to Dehra Dun for training as a ranger.

The casualties of the year were as follows:—

Mr. Hiranand Chandumal, Ranger (Jerruck Division), died on the 31st August 1914.

Mr. Satramdas Gulrajmal, junior clerk (Lárkána Division), died on the 15th May 1915.

One forest guard died of sun-stroke in the Lárkána Division and one of fever in the Sukkur Division.

Five forest guards died in the Hyderabad Division-

1 of dysentry.
1 of plague.
1 of consumption.

I f brain fever, and
1 of sun-stroke.

The work of the Range Forest Officers, with some marked exceptions, has generally been favourably reported on by the Divisional Forest Officers.

In a total of 386 men punishments have been inflicted as below:—

Dismissals
Reductions
Fines
... 24
... 121

There is no noticeable improvement in efficiency in the lower ranks. It is not at present possible to get good class men for forest guards in Sind, and very few of the sub-rangers can read and write. Unskilled labour and mere coolie work being so highly remunerated, the pay of a guard is no attraction at all and we cannot get the class of men we want.

The work of all Divisional Forest Officers continued to be satisfactory during the year; and it is solely due to their personal exertions that some real progress has been made towards increased efficiency. I gratefully acknowledge the assistance I have received from them. It is no reflection on the good work of any officer if I specially mention Mr. Robinson's work in Sukkur. It is the largest division in Sind (8 ranges), and the physical, mental and moral attainments of his protective staff are poor owing to the difficulty of getting men to serve in

Upper Sind. In consequence the work falls more directly and heavily on the Divisional Forest Officer in Sukkur than in other divisions. Under these circumstances it reflects great credit on Mr. Robinson that he has brought about the improvement that he has done.

The work of the clerical establishment has been satisfactory during the year, but, as pointed out last year, the clerical establishment in Sind is not on the average equal to that in the Presidency. This will of course be remedied in time. At present there are quite a number of men in the Department who only know vernacular and are of very limited use. No man is nowadays appointed a clerk unless he knows English well. There are some tried and proved men who are capable of good work and they give it; and there are some quite smart young men who will train on with more experience.

The relations between the Forest Department and other Government Departments were amicable and satisfactory.

CHAPTER V.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Northern Circle.

The feature of the year was the removal of the head-quarters of the Conservator, N. C., the Working Plans and two Thána Divisional Odicers to Násik and of the Násik Divisions from the Central Circle to the Northern Circle in exchange for Kolába Division from Northern Circle to Central Circle. This should have a far reaching effect in benefiting the health of officers concerned, to the great benefit of Government work, without any corresponding drawbacks.

Panch Maháls.—In his No. F. O. R.-P. R. dated 17th August 1915, the Collector writes:—

- "2. The outstanding features of the report are that the number of animals impounded was doubled, that fire protection improved considerably, and that the revenue derived from coupe sales doubled itself.
- "3. Owing to years of famine and scarcity grazing offences were probably in previous years not treated too seriously and were fewer because of concessions. After a fair and a good year in the following good year some strictness was necessary. Hence the increase.
- "4. I do not see figures for previous years, but accept Mr. Inder's gratifying statement that five protection improved considerably. After making allowance for the effect of the rain that fell at intervals in the hot weather, there still remains a good balance to the credit of the measures taken.
- "5. Two of the tables have got into wrong places (vide paragraph 33). In paragraph 84 the number rewarded might have been stated.
 - "6. A most satisfactory feature is that there was a surplus of nearly half a lakh.
- "7. Mr. Bourke held charge till December 10th; so most of the touring was done by Mr. Inder, whose report shows that he takes a creditable interest in his work. Mr. B. J. Patel has as usual made himself useful."

Surat.—In his No. P. R. (Forest) of 11th August 1915, the Collector writes:—

- "2. The undersigned regrets that as he has not yet seen any of the forests in the district he is unable to add anything of his own personal knowledge. Judging by the facts given in the report, it is evident that the division is prospering under Mr. Marjoribank's able and energetic administration.
- "3. The forest subordinates mentioned in paragraph 87 did good work at the time of the bhil rising, and the Divisional Forest Officer himself deserves every credit for the prompt and successful way in which he handled what would have been a serious outbreak."

The Divisional Forest Officer remarks:-

#92. Though the revenue of the division is not developing quickly the prospects for the future are good. It has to be remembered that until last year there had been an annual deficit # 1364-18

for nearly 15 years continuously, and that this was so in spite of the facts that the Dangs forests were being worked on a system which could not be allowed to go on indefinitely, i.e., a system under which contractors chose their own trees, and invariably took the good, irrespective of maturity, leaving the rest to deteriorate. The closing of these highly popular coupes, coming at the time of introducing fellings in one range, has been a severe test of the financial success of the latter; and it is, therefore, encouraging to have a surplus at all. As soon as the South Dangs working plan is introduced there will be a largely increased surplus, but the success of the plan depends mainly on the roads now being constructed without which it would be a mistake to introduce the plan. These roads have, however, so far progressed that no less than 3 out of 6 of the blocks ought to be under exploitation by the season of 1916-17."

Elsewhere the Divisional Forest Officer has suggested the desirability of the Dángs being made a separate forest division, so that that an officer may be able to give his undivided attention to them. The matter is receiving separate attention. It would probably be a very profitable investment, giving an immediate return.

Thána.—In forwarding the three administration reports for the three Thána divisions the Collector remarks as follows:—

- "2. The administrative feature of the year is the removal of the head-quarters of two of the three divisions to Nasik.
- "3. The war has retarded the continuance of the expansion of forest revenue. Compared with last year's figures the district gross revenue has decreased by Rs. 1,69,986. The expenditure has decreased only by Rs. 13,318. The net revenue has fallen from Rs. 10,00,597 to Rs. 8,43,929. The Divisional Forest Officer, Central Thana, will have no occasion to complain next year about the unfair competition of the Jawhar State forests contractor as the Raja of Jawhar has cancelled the ten years' monopoly.
- "4. From the revenue point of view the construction of some important forest roads is very desirable, specially in the Mokháda petha. This year only Rs. 3,000 were spent on the Kasára-Váshella forest road in Central Thána, a larger allotment being apparently not available. The local board Udhwa-Kása road in North Thána could not be, and is not likely to be, taken in hand in the immediate future for want of funds. The Public Works Department estimate is Rs. 1,82,269.
- "5. The area of land excluded from forest amounted to 90 acres, most of which was acquired for roads and for the G. I. P. Railway...
- "6. Though in the district as a whole the number of forest offences is reported to have decreased from 2,156 (it was 2,318 in 1912-13) to 2,079 and the number of impoundings in the district has gone down from 10,334 to 9,638 (it was 12,989 in 1912-13), the total in South Thana exceeds that of last year by 135 cases and the three years' average by 159. If, as the Divisional Forest Officer says, the increase in reported offences is due to the energy of Range Forest Officers, Sálsette and Shahapur, the decrease of forest offences in the district cannot be due to increased vigilance. The remarks in paragraphs 14, 15 and 78 of Mr. Aitchison's report are valuable. Again, the number of prosecutions does not bear any ratio to offences. For instance, the number of prosecutions in Central Thana has increased by over 50 per cent in spite of unauthorised fellings and illicit grazing having decreased during the year. The Divisional Forest Officer says that this was not due to greater vigilance on the part of the protective establishment.
- "7. The number of fires went up from 209 to 259 but the area destroyed by fire rose to the almost upprecedented figure of 24,684 acres as against 14,523 acres of last year. A circular has been issued to Taluka Magistrates pointing out the inadequacy of punishments inflicted in those important cases which are so difficult to bring home to the accused. Of the 11,348 acres burnt in South Thana, Shahapur range alone is responsible for 8,707 acres. Explanation is furnished by the Divisional Forest Officer and probably the period of risk was lengthened by the late break of the monsoon; but the Collector is of opinion that greater endeavours should be made to clear the forests of dead bamboos, which is a very inflammable material. The subordinate protective staff is also not efficient, as it must be difficult to get a good beat guard on Rs. 9 a month, just as it is to get a decent police constable for Rs. 10.
- "The Bassein fire scheme alluded to in last year's review was extended to Váda, Khardi and Mokháda ranges in Central Thána and to Máhim and Dahánu ranges in North Thána. The scheme is to be extended to Umbergaon. Along with this, the system of inforest cultivation mentioned in the Central Thána report may be tried in the rest of the district as an additional protection against fires.
- "8. The fuel depôts established by Government at Máhim, Dahánu, Umbergaon, Shelwal, Rankol and Bordi, all in North Thána, proved successful, excepting that at Bordi, where sales were small. Depôts were also opened at Virár and Bassein road stations in Central Thána, but the Divisional Forest Officer considers them still in an experimental stage. The Collector endorses the North Thána Divisional Forest Officer's opinion that the value of

the free grants to the very poor people which officers are permitted to make should be increased. The Collector also agrees with the South Thana Divisional Forest Officer's remarks in paragraph 72 of his report.

- "9. Of the three forest officers Mr. Brooks was in charge throughout. The change in South Thana fortunately took place at the commencement of the touring season. The death of Mr. Gokhale, Sub-Divisional Officer, is regretted.
- "10. People now thoroughly understand, and in most places observe, the rules of tahul cutting. The only taluka where tahul was very badly cut was Mokhada petha. The Collector at his petha darbar has publicly warned the people. If improvement in tahul cutting does not take place next year, stringent measures will be taken to safeguard tahul in the petha. The relations between the Forest and Revenue Departments were harmonious."

That the outbreak of a war which has temporarily disorganised the trade of the world should give an echo in our timber trade was only natural; but even that echo has already largely died away, and no serious result remains.

In the body of this report attention has been drawn to the disparity in reasons given by divisional officers for various increases and decreases in the number of forest offences. The Conservator is inclined to agree with the Divisional Forest Officer, South Thána, and gives little value to actual figures. Prosecutions are generally confined to old offenders or where deterrent punishment is required for the check of vicious practices.

The increase in the number of fires and area burnt is regrettable, but is of no serious import to one who has known Thána for many years. With the co-operation of táluka officers general progress is bound to continue in spite of occasional retardation.

The scheme of fuel depôts is receiving careful attention.

Násik.—The Collector in his No. 6426 of 10th August 1915, forwarding the forest divisional reports, remarks as follows:—

"Owing to the changes in the area of the division the statistics are too uncertain to justify many remarks.

"The figures about fires would be more interesting if a distinction were made between fires which are seriously destructive and those which are not. At present the entire forest area of the division is described as valuable. Yet the ordinary and inevitable fires on bare hill tops, though they may do some damage, ought surely not to be put in the same class as fires in teak forests or kurans. If the description cannot be alfered, the Divisional Forest Officer might supplement it with some notes showing how much damage was done."

Fires in the Násik District, owing to the comparatively small amount of grass, are never serious to the degree that they are in the rest of the circle; whereas fires in grass producing areas are nearly as serious as those in teak forests from a local point of view, owing to the poor nature of the soil (which can only improve with fire protection) and the great demand for fodder. The bare hill tops provide a lot of excellent fodder and thatching grass; and though to the forester it is interesting and necessary to be able to study the fire record of a particular forest from the general point of forest management, it is as necessary to combat fires in one place as in another, and it is doubtful if any useful end would be gained by dealing with fires in general reports according to the several classes of forests. Had the Divisional Forest Officer, South Násik, been longer in charge he would probably have given some notes on the nature of damage done.

Central Circle.

No general famine fodder operations were necessary. Only in the Poona Division, owing to scarcity of fodder in the Sholápur District, famine fodder operations which were started in the previous year were continued for two months during the year under report. Grass was purchased at Talegaon from contractors and despatched to Pandharpur, Jeur and Sholápur; the purchase rate was Rs. 6-4-0 per 1,000 lbs. baled and delivered into trucks. The receipts and expenditure in this case came to Rs. 11,015 and Rs. 14,350, respectively.

Mr. Bhiladwalla collected 25,00,000 lbs. of grass, of which he baled 21,40,000 lbs. into 8,873 bales, for which he was paid Rs. 5-8-0 per 1,000 lbs.,

the rate sanctioned in Government Resolution No. 11078 of 13th November 1914, Revenue Department; 3,60,000 lbs. of loose grass were paid for at the sanctioned rate of Rs. 3 per 1,000, and this latter was afterwards pressed and baled.

Two new forest settlements, each for 15 families, one at Shahana and one at Dondwada in the North Khandesh Division, were established so as to ensure better fire protection and to secure more labour for forest works.

Southern Circle.

There are still some small areas left in which the dowgi bamboo (bambusa arundinacea) has not seeded. A careful record of its seeding has been kept for the last four years which will be of benefit in future. The exact period of the seedlings is not yet known; it is, however, somewhere between 30 and 34 years. Medar bamboos (dendracalamus strictus) have also seeded everywhere, and the records will enable its periodicity to be fixed likewise.

Rinderpest was bad this year in Dandeli in the Kánara Northern Division and many of the contractors' animals died. It spread to the bison and dozens of dead ones were found in the jungles round about up to Tavargatti. Some Government buffaloes were attacked. Inoculation saved them however. Work was, of course, much interfered with in consequence of this epidemic and many logs that should have reached the depôts failed to do so.

Ten pairs of bullocks were purchased for the cart-depôts sanctioned in Government Resolution No. 2198, dated 9th March 19 4, and new carts were built for them. The carts and cattle were generally engaged on forest works and helped in transporting kit for district officers occasionally when required for that purpose.

The forest railway line from Bhistenhatti to Dandelli mentioned last year was inspected by an experienced officer of the Madras and Southern Marátha Railway, and he reported very favourably on the project, but advised a pucca survey being made by a Railway Engineer. The proposal has not yet been forwarded for sanction to Government.

The Forest Economist visited the Northern Division, Kánara, during the season to inspect some experiments being carried out in connection with the seasoning of various species of timber. Those selected for trial were nana (Legerstræmir lanceolata), dhamni (grewia tiliæfolia), sissam (dalbergia latifolia), karimuttal (ougeinia dalbergioides), jamba (xylia dolabriformis), honni (pterocarpus marsupium), kindal (terminalia paniculata), ippi (bassia latifolia) and heddi (adina cordifolia), and were collected by the Divisional Forest Officer at Gobral. Mr. Pearson at the same time started and directed another experiment in wooden paving-blocks for the Bombay Municipality. These were cut from old felled or girdled jamba trees at the saw mills and were boiled in green oil to further season them. Others were cut from refuse teak and some 40,000 were despatched to Bombay to be laid down in some streets experimentally. The jamba seems to be unsuitable as it cracks badly, but no report has yet been received from the Municipal Engineer. Indeed, the blocks, it was found, had never been laid down at all up to last June. If they prove successful, and there seems to be no reason why, at any rate, the teak should not, and a demand arises in the future, a large mass of teak blocks, lying in the jungles, from the bottoms of old logs could be advantageously utilised and would . produce a considerable revenue. At present they are unsaleable.

At the time of the visit from the Forest Economist, Mr. Maitland Kirwan, Forest Instructor, Dehra Dun, had brought a batch of Provincial students down to Kánara for a tour, which was, as reported by him, very instructive and in every way satisfactory.

Soppu assignment groups made by Mr. Kotwal in Ankola and Kumta were divided into such number of parts as would facilitate their working by rotation for cutting soppu (leaf manure).

Betta proceedings went on satisfactorily and the work in the Sirsi Taluka was practically finished. The revision has been marked by a great many offences connected with new lands given out. One vahiwatdar, an influential Havik, was fined Rs. 200 in addition to a month's imprisonment. It is hoped that this example will serve as a check to others.

Road-making and the acquisition of land for that purpose to facilitate free exit of coupe-produce to the river Shirawati in Kanara has led to considerable good results. By spending about Rs. 1,500 for acquiring a piece of land and making a road a single coupe was sold for Rs. 2,115, whereas a better stocked coupe did not fetch more than Rs. 975 before the road was made.

The mono-rail was not used during the year owing to the breakdown of a bridge at Nagargali.

The wild Beráds did not come on forest works this year saying they were afraid of being impressed into the army. Mr. Hodgson in Belgaum was hard put to it to obtain sufficient labour for his contract works, the chief ones of which are for supply of fuel to the railway. Local cartmen refused to work, because they did not feel inclined, and all efforts at inducing persuasion failed entirely. There will probably be trouble in working up to the usual indent in the year 1915 and afterwards because of these labour troubles.

Mr. Hodgson's experiments in making charcoal are continuing although he was not successful in disposing of what he manufactured at a profit. He made some for the Gokák Mills but it was found unsuitable to their boilers and could not therefore be used. There is a lot of illicit manufacture of charcoal, especially in the Native States forests, which makes it difficult to find a sale for our stuff locally but the business is bound to pay, and pay well in the end. Mr. Hodgson has been sending all kinds of wood to the Forest Chemist to test their calorific values. He also sent a plant he found to be very common on the gháts to the same Chemist, who tested it for camphor and is coming down in November 1915 to experiment with a still. This plant is a small woolly herb called in the vernacular panjrut; its scientific name is blumea malcolmi. Experiments with strobilanthes are to be carried out at the same time, some of the species yielding essential oils used in perfumery.

The "effective stove" purchased last year worked all right, but the woll-fed local cattle would not eat the pear even when mixed with cotton-seed.

The thick lantana on a selected piece of land has been burnt for two years in succession to see if it can be exterminated. But the stuff is coming up thick again this rains and looks as if it would form as dense a thicket as before. The experiment will be carried on for some years more.

The Bilki mahál which is administered by the Divisional Forest Officer, Eastern Division, Kánara, has a population of only 475 souls, which is just sufficient for agricultural purposes, and a few of the people only work in the forests during the slack season. But its administration by the Forest Department has, all the same, facilitated forest work there. It would further be helped if the Divisional Forest Officer could be given magisterial powers. Skilled labour whenever required has to be obtained from either Goa or below-gháts. The Devikop mahál placed under the Forest Department in Dhárwár Division contains no permanent population, all the villages being deserted. Until these villages are re-populated (it is hoped to effect this in the future) no forest labour can be expected. The formation of a forest mahál in the ghát parts of the Belgaum Division has been sanctioned and will shortly take effect.

No work has been started by the lessee who was granted a license for gold mining in some of the Hungund forests of the Bijápur Division.

Practically nothing is being done on manganese either in Yellapur or Talewadi in Belgaum.

The handing over of the Ratnágiri forests to the Revenue Department has been recommended and is under consideration.

To conclude, the Southern Circle is making considerable progress these last years. Many roads have been built and are annually repaired; bridges of wood are put up at small cost, buildings are erected for inspection purposes and for the housing of rangers, foresters and guards; the water-supply in the jungles is being conserved by the erection or repair of bunds or dams (many of the old dams are in deserted villages and form considerable reservoirs of water and new wells are sunk); there are two lines of telephone (very useful for controlling fires and facilitating communication with subordinates), and sylvicultural operations, such as planting, cleaning, clearing of valuable species, creeper-cutting and formation of nurseries, are well looked after and successfully carried out. Things look more like scientific forestry now and the teak pole areas and high forests where teak grows show what has been done and is being done. The road-schemes are nearing completion; the house-building programmes are progressing very satisfactorily indeed. Belgaum Division, up to the time of Mr. Hodgson's arrival, had hardly a single forest house in it. It is now fairly well supplied and there is more to come. The roads have improved immensely and several have been added. And what is a very important matter, the subordinate personnel is also gradually improving generally with the increase of housing comfort and pay. The expenditure on communications has been heavy this year, but the benefits accruing to Government far outweigh that disadvantage. More money will have to be spent to get the full results in a decrease of the proportion of expenditure to receipts. It is bound to come in the near future.

'The Collectors of districts have made no remarks of interest upon the divisional administration reports this year.

Sind Circle.

During the year it was decided that Karáchi should be the head-quarters Vide Government Resolution of the Working Plans Assistant, so that he should No. 6880 dated 25th June 1915. he in constant touch with the head of the be in constant touch with the head of the circle.

No fuel was supplied to the Military Department by coupe contractors through the agency of the Forest Department.

Chil and deodar logs and sleepers were, as usual, imported from the Punjáb for local use.

Large quantities of timber and fuel were exported from the Khairpur State to the Larkana District.

The new grazing rules were introduced in their entirety from 1st July 1914 and have worked smoothly and well.

The appeal preferred by Lekhraj Khimandas, surety of Bhai Jethmal, lác contractor for 1908-09 in the Jerruck Division, was dismissed by the Judicial Commissioner's Court. The Collector of Hyderabad has been requested to recover the amount plus interest from the defaulter as soon as possible.

The appeal preferred by Chandiram Karamsing, contractor, Jerruck Division, for the recovery of Rs. 3,038-4-0 was decided against the Forest Department by the Judicial Commissioner's Court (vide Government Resolution, Legal Department, No. 435 dated 23rd April 1915).

(1) Vide Government Resolution, Public Works Department, No. A.—11364 dated 7th February 1918, paragraph 3.

(2) Government Resolution, Public Works Department, No. A.—4717 dated 22nd April 1914.

(3) The Commissioner in Sind's No. W.—632 dated 11th July 1914.

Arrangements were made to give instruction in

arboriculture to subordinates of the Public Works

Department, District Local Boards, and Municipali-

ties during the year.

Classes were ordered to be opened on 1st September 1914 at (1) Miáni Garden (Hyderabad Division) for Lower Sind, and (2) Ráhuja Garden (Sukkur Division) for Upper Sind. The abnormal rise of the Indus, however, made it impossible to open the class at the former place as everything was under water.

The class at Ráhuja (Sukkur Division) was opened on the fixed date and nine students were present. Of these four were either recalled to duty or were given leave by the officers who sent them, and one was sent back as he could not follow the course of instruction. The remaining four men attended the class for six weeks and were then examined by Messrs. Thomson and Robinson. They all passed in theoretical and practical work as laid down in the Bombay Presidency Manual.

It should be observed that much of the time of the Sub-Divisional Forest Officer, Sukkur, and the Range Forest Officer, Abad, was taken up with the class, to the detriment of their legitimate work. If the arboricultural class is to become a yearly undertaking the appointment of a specially qualified Ranger will be necessary.

The following are the remarks made by Collectors and by the Doputy Commissioner, Upper Sind Frontier, when forwarding the administration reports of the Divisional Forest Officers:—

Sukkur Division.—By Mr. C. S. Campbell, Collector of Sukkur:—

"Out of the areas notified under section 4 as mentioned in the statement under paragraph 10, settlement proceedings in regard to those of the Shikarpur taluka have already been submitted to the Commissioner in Sind; while for the taluka of Rohri Division they are in the Deputy Collector's hand and will be submitted shortly.

The gormal question is under consideration and settlement."

Sukkur Division.—By Mr. J. R. Martin, Deputy Commissioner, Upper Sind Frontier:—

- " Paragraph 7.—Settlement of claims.
- (1) The kacha claimed in front of Gondak forest is under dispute with Bahawalpur State. No final orders can be passed till this dispute is settled.
- (2) That in front of Sadhuja forest is to be inspected by the Deputy Commissioner in the coming touring season.
- 3. Paragraph 10.—No petition of objection has been received as regards the areas notified under section 4 of the Indian Forest Act and a final notification will shortly issue under section 19.
- 4. Forest cases.—A difficulty in securing the attendance of Forest Department complainants and witnesses in these cases was again experienced.

The slackness of certain subordinates in this respect and the consequent delay in disposing of cases was brought to the notice of the Divisional Forest Officer who issued necessary orders on the subject.

- 5. Paragraph 55.—The proposal to establish special pounds for "gormal" has been dealt with in this office No. 4456 of September 16th, 1915. The existence of such "gormal" in this district has still to be proved. Till it is it seems rather premature to appoint a staff and establish expensive pounds for their capture.
- 6. Paragraph 99.—The Deputy Collector, Kandhkot, also commends the good work done by Mr. Khair Mahomed in the difficult Kashmore range.
- 7. The reduction in grazing fees has been much appreciated by those concerned and has already led to a considerable decrease in forest offences."

Lárkána Division.—By Mr. C. H. Blathwayt, Collector of Lárkána:—

"It is hoped that the kacha questions still undisposed of (paragraph 6) will soon be settled."

Lárkána Division.—By Mr. A. Mackie, Collector of Nawábsháh:—

"The increase in income is practically all due to increased sale of firewood."

Jerruck Division .- By Mr. J. W. Smyth, Collector of Karáchi :-

"Paragraph 24.—There has been a slight increase in the number of offences which has been satisfactorily explained by the Divisional Forest Officer.

Paragraph 28.—It is satisfactory to note that the measures adopted last year for checking injury done to forests by fire have shown better results. The rewards which the Collector presented in durbar for assistance to the Forest Department are a pleasing feature of the year's work.

Paragraph 91.—The relations between the Forest and other Departments in this district have for many years been cordial. The year under report has been no exception to the rule."

The following are the remarks made by the Collectors of Karáchi and Nawábsháh when forwarding the annual administration report of the Hyderabad Forest Division:—

Hyderabad Division.—By Mr. J. W. Smyth, Collector of Karáchi:—

"In this division there is only one range (Unerpur) belonging to the Karáchi District.

Paragraph 9.—The claim of the Forest Department over the Mahrabpur kacha has been partially settled in this office No. 3437 dated 14th instant. There is, however, a portion of this kacha which is under dispute. It will be settled when the further information called for from the Divisional Forest Officer is received.

Paragraph 13.—In the absence of separate details of each forest it cannot be ascertained how much of the unsettled area belongs to this district. It however appears from the records of this office that there is only one case awaiting final settlement. In this case the notification under section 4 has been issued (vide Government Notification No. 1909 dated 17th February 1915. The final notice under section 19 will be issued shortly.

It is satisfactory to note that there was a falling off in the total number of offences in the whole division, but owing to the absence of separate details for each forest it cannot be ascertained how far the improvement affects the forests of this district. It would appear, however, from the table given in paragraph 38 that there was no offence caused by fires in this district during the year, while there were 5 such offences last year."

Hyderabad Division.—By Mr. A. Mackie, Collector of Nawabshah:—

"Paragraph 27.—Extraordinary fall in the number of fires is very creditable. The decrease in other offences (except illicit fellings) is also satisfactory.

Paragraph 46.—Action to remedy the defect appears necessary. Attention is, in this connection, invited to paragraph 67 of the report."

REMARKS OF THE COMMISSIONER, NORTHERN DIVISION, ON THE FOREST ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE NORTHERN . CIRCLE FOR THE YEAR 1914-15.

No. F. O. R.-47.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Camp Mehmedabad, 18th November 1915.

Submitted to Government.

The report calls for no special comment from the Acting Commissioner. I regret the delay in submission which is due to my prolonged absence from head-quarters during October on special duty in Poona and Mahábleshwar.

F. PRATT,
Acting Commissioner, N. D.

REMARKS OF THE COMMISSIONER, CENTRAL DIVISION, ON THE FOREST ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE CENTRAL CIRCLE FOR THE YEAR 1914-15.

No. 4771 of 1915.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Camp Rahuri, 22nd November 1915.

The following review of the Administration Reports of the Northern and Central Forest Circles for the year 1914-15, so far as the areas in the Central Division are concerned, is submitted to Government in the Revenue Department.

- 2. The outstanding feature of the year's administration was the reconstitution of the two Forest Circles sanctioned in Government Resolution No. 12823, dated 22nd December 1914, whereby the Central Circle gave up the two Násik Divisions (with the exception of the Rájur and Akola ranges in the Ahmednagar District) to the Northern Circle in exchange for the Kolába Division, the effect of the transfer in respect of areas being an appreciable reduction of the total area of the Central Circle and an addition to that of the Northern Circle. The transfer was a measure resulting in considerable administrative convenience. Taking into account minor alterations due to afforestation, deforestation, and other transfers (including the transfer in the Poona District of 2,359 acres of pasture reserves from the Forest to the Revenue Department) the area of the Central Circle was reduced from 6,280 square miles last year to 5,475 square miles at the end of the year under report. The transfer of those forest lands which are to be handed over to the Revenue Department for management is being gradually effected as the Revenue Department arranges to take them over.
- 3. Two hundred and twenty-three miles of the outer boundaries of forests were demarcated during the year at a cost of Rs. 2,241 against 124 miles at a cost of Rs. 1,000 in the preceding year. It is satisfactory to note that of the 853 running miles in the Násik Division which were left unfinished at the end of last year all except 128 miles have been completed, and even as regards the atter only intermediate cairns remain to be put up.
- 4. Fair progress was made in the preparation and revision of working plans in the Central Circle. The reasons for giving priority to the bringing upto date of existing working plans over the taking up of new ones have been # 1364-20

explained by Mr. Thomson. The revision of the working plans of the Shirpur and Shahada ranges in the North Khandesh Division and of teak in the Nasik Divisions is the most important outstanding work, and it will, it is hoped, be taken in hand during the current year. The situation created by the war prevented the contractors working up their coupes to the full extent.

- 5. No orders have yet been received from Government in respect of the proposal to provincialize the Borzar Charanmal section of the Pimpálner-Nawápur road in West Khándesh. This road passes through important forests, and their exploitation will be greatly facilitated if the road is transferred to the Public Works Department and kept in good repair. Some work on this road was done during the year under report by the Forest Department. A sum of Rs. 20,689 was spent in the Central Circle on new buildings and repairs to existing buildings as against Rs. 32,511 during the past year.
- 6. A statement showing forest offences committed in the districts of the Central Division has been prepared in this office and appended* to this review to facilitate comparison of this year's figures with those of last year. It shows that there was an improvement in the effectiveness of forest protection during this year, the total number of offences having declined from 8,318 to 7,817, a reduction of 6 per cent. The reduction in the number of offences of injury by fire from 582 to 423 was counterbalanced by the fact that the area burnt this year (1,88,551 acres) was much larger than that (1,42,268) burnt in 1913-14. This was entirely due to increase in the North Khándesh Division from 50,623 acres in 1913-14 to 1,03,901 this year. The reason given for this increase amounts in short to this that owing to the favourable rains of the preceding season there was an abnormal crop of grass, and this uncut grass made the forests specially inflammable. This reason may perhaps be the true one. The Conservator remarks:—

"It was the general rule for forests of North Khándesh to be burnt annually from end to end."

Grass is a product the storage of which has been exercising the minds of all officers for years past.

			Current year.	Past year.
East Khándesh West Khándesh North Khándesh Poona Sátára North Násik South Násik	***	•••	8,794 12,516 5,376 10,862 8,477 20,897 10,176	11,498 9,940 3,028 11,178 10,066 23,696 10,105
			77,098	79,810

7. There was a small reduction in the number of cattle of all descriptions and sheep and goats impounded during the year in the Central Division—77,098 against 79,510—during the past year, as shown by the figures in the margin.

- 8. There was a falling off in the receipts from hirda (Rs. 7,874 against Rs. 17,929 in the previous year and Rs. 10,979 in 1912-13). The reason for this is reported by the acting Conservator of Forests, Central Circle, to be disturbance of the trade in this commodity owing to the war and the restricted demand in Bombay for shipment abroad.
- 9. Excluding famine fodder transactions the year's working in the Central Circle as now constituted resulted in a decrease of Rs. 36,267 in receipts over those of the preceding year and in an increase of expenditure to the extent of Rs. 6,016. The net surplus was Rs. 2,42,273. In the two Násik Divisions, now forming part of the Northern Circle, the receipts fell considerably, from Rs. 3,35,232 in 1913-14 to Rs. 2,86,719 in 1914-15. There was a small decrease in expenditure also—Rs. 1,24,146 against Rs. 1,34,442 in 1913-14. The decrease in revenue in the Central Circle, which occurred principally in the three Khándesh Divisions, is attributed to poor crops of mhowra seed, reduced prices received in grass sales for kurans, and lower prices received for coupes, a fairly large number of which remained unsold as prices offered were considered inadequate.

As the Kolába Division is beyond the jurisdiction of this office it would be as well if the Conservator of Forests, Central Circle, gave figures for that division and the rest of the Central Circle separately in future reports. The figures given separately for each forest division in the report of the Northern Circle have enabled this office to extract figures of the North and South Násik Divisions with which alone this office is concerned.

General remarks.

- 10. There is little of special interest to note except the transfer of the headquarters of the Northern Circle, the Working Plans and the two Thána Divisional Officers from Bándra to Násik. This transfer will no doubt be beneficial to the health of the officers concerned. The monsoon of 1914 having been favourable there was no demand for Government grass and no general famine fodder operations were necessary. In the Poona District alone the operations of the previous year were continued for a couple of months on account of the scarcity in the Sholápur District, and these operations resulted in receipts being less than expenditure to the extent of Rs. 3,335.
- 11. Relations between forest officers and the general administration continue to be excellent. The acting Commissioner has no recent personal experience of the forests of his division, but feels confident that they are being managed with efficiency and zeal.

C. N. SEDDON, Acting Commissioner, C. D.

REMARKS OF THE COMMISSIONER, SOUTHERN DIVISION, ON THE FOREST ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE SOUTHERN CIRCLE, FOR THE YEAR 1914-15.

No. 4571 of 1915.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT, Belgaum, 12th October 1915.

The gross revenue of the department fell from Rs. 20.2 lákhs to 18.7 lákhs; and the net surplus from 9.3 to 8 lákhs. This surplus is, however, still nearly two lákhs in excess of the average of previous years. It is satisfactory to find that the dislocation of business owing to the war has had so slight an effect on the successful operations of the department.

- 2. The cost of exploitation has indeed gone up owing to the difficulty in securing labour—a difficulty which is reported to have been accentuated owing to false rumours regarding the impressment of coolies for the war. An outbreak of rinderpest amongst the cattle of the contractors in the Northern Division of Kánara also caused much trouble. In the last three years the average of timber exploited was 12 lákhs of cubic feet at a cost of Rs. 3.8 lákhe or Re. 32 per cubic foot. This year 9 lákhs of cubic feet were exploited for Rs. 3.8 lákhs or Re. 42 per cubic foot—an increase of over 30 per cent. in cost.
- 3. On the other hand, receipts increased. Against an average outturn of 9.7 lákhs cubic feet for Rs. 10.3 lákhs receipts, or a rate of Rs. 1.05 per cubic foot, the outturn was 7.5 lákhs cubic feet for Rs. 9.9 lákhs, or Rs. 1.3 per cubic foot; an increase again of 30 per cent. Fuel also sold at somewhat better prices.
- 4. The improvement in the removals by purchasers was also satisfactory, both in the quantity and the value.
- 5. The Conservator records much activity in the improvement of communications and the water-supply, and the construction of buildings.

- 6. Protection of forests.—Forest offences show a general decrease this year, and forest fires declined by 20 per cent. The area burnt is less than that of last year by more than 50 per cent., while the area protected exceeds the figures of last year by more than 3 lákhs of acres, with a substantial decrease of expense. This satisfactory result is attributable to the system of communal punishments and rewards. The frequent down-pours of rain during the year, as the Conservator of Forests remarks, contributed towards this result; but credit is undoubtedly due to the close supervision over forests and establishments exercised by the forest officers. Proposals for the appointment of another Divisional Forest Officer in Kánara are now before Government.
- 7. The Conservator alludes to the "confusion caused by orders or instructions issued by the Commissioner, Southern Division, to the effect that subject to no limit all people paying fees were entitled to grazing." The Commissioner issued no fresh orders or instructions, but directed compliance with the Government orders on the subject contained in Government Resolution Nos. 8952 dated 15th September 1909, 9360 dated 15th October 1910, and 5183 dated 3rd June 1914, which had been ignored or contravened by the forest officers. As Government have now revised these orders further comment is unnecessary.
- 8. Exploitation.—Departmental Agency.—Experiments on ensilage are being conducted at Tegur in Dhárwár in the neighbourhood of the Kánara and Belgaum frontiers by the Agricultural Department, and it is desirable that the experiments made by the Forest Department should be conducted in consultation with the Agricultural Department.
- 9. Administration.—The record of punishment is again excessive. Attention is invited to the remarks recorded last year.
- 10. General Remarks.—The question of the management of the Ratnágiri forests is under consideration.
- 11. The administration of the department by all grades of the superior officers has been most satisfactory.

H. S. LAWRENCE, Acting Commissioner, S. D.

REMARKS OF THE COMMISSIONER, SOUTHERN DIVISION, ON THE FOREST ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE CENTRAL CIRCLE (ONLY SO FAR AS THE KOLABA DIVISION IS CON-CERNED) FOR THE YEAR 1914-15.

No. 4590 of 1915.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT:

Belgaum, 13th October 1915.

The Commissioner has no remarks to offer on the Kelába forests.

'H. S. LAWRENCE, Acting Commissioner, S. D. REMARKS OF THE COMMISSIONER IN SIND ON THE FOREST ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE SIND CIRCLE FOR THE YEAR 1914-15.

No. 3253 of 1915.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT:

Office of the Commissioner in Sind,
Government House,

Karáchi, 12th October 1915.

Submitted to Government.

- 2. Compared with the remarkable amount of settlement work done last year extending over 35,000 acres, the progress made under this liead during the year under report was somewhat inadequate, as only 1,607 acres were dealt with out of an area of 9,379 acres due for settlement. The area to be divided into half-mile squares increased from 1,30,372 to 1,31,833 acres. It contains only young growth, and it is proposed to postpone demarcation operations till the stock is more advanced.
- 3. Forest offences during the year totalled 3,237, or 320 less than the average for the last three years. The considerable reduction in cases of illicit grazing was probably due to the reduction of grazing fees and the extension of the period of grazing permits from two to twelve months. Increased vigilance on the part of the staff resulted in the punishment of 280 cases of unauthorized fellings above last year's numbers. Cases compounded under section 67 of the Indian Forest Act show a decrease of 642, but the amount of compensation received rose from Rs. 6,576 to Rs. 8,886. Of 132 cases taken to Court (including 27 cases pending from last year), 87 resulted in conviction, 15 in acquittal, and 30 were still undisposed of at the close of the year.
- 4. Exceptionally good results of fire conservancy are recorded, the number of fires falling from 206 to 46 and the area burnt from 10,119 to 1,046 acres. This remarkable improvement is largely attributable to the growth of natural grass outside forest areas owing to a favourable inundation and the opening up of certain closed areas, as well as to the grant of rewards for assistance rendered, and the enforcement of penalties where deserved.
- 5. The number of cattle impounded rose from 15,761 to 17,300, the number in the Larkana, Hyderabad and Jerruck Divisions increasing from 5,442 to 9,303 and that in the Sukkur Division decreasing from 10,329 to 7,997. The increase in the former was due partly to the absence of rain in the hills and the attraction of a fine babul pod crop in the forests. In the Sukkur Division where there was excellent pasture as a result of the favourable inundation, the extension in the term of the grazing pass from two to twelve months, referred to in paragraph 3 above, has proved acceptable to the cattle-owners, who find it cheaper and more to their interest to register their cattle than to have recourse to illicit grazing and the risk of having to pay pound fees. The measures for protection against gormal (semi-wild cattle) suggested by the Sind Forest Conference of 1913 having been approved by Government, pounds have been opened in several forests, and others will follow as soon, as they are required. The levy of enhanced fines in the case of certain forests of the Hála, Sákrand and Kandiáro ranges has also been sanctioned by Government.
- 6. The attempts made during the year in the Hyderabad and Jerruck Divisions for the extension of the lac bearing area were attended with some measure of success.
 - 7. The area exploited during the year fell from 28,826 to 20,055 acres, and the value realized from Rs. 2,75,805 to Rs. 1,76,435. The fall is attributed to a decrease in the demand for wood owing to the war and to the facts that # 1364-21

the greenwood coupes of the Hyderabad Division could not be sold owing to inadequacy of the prices offered and that no fuel was supplied to the Military Department by coupe contractors through the Forest Department.

- 8. The total receipts rose from Rs. 4,14,151 to Rs. 4,18,718, while expenditure decreased from Rs. 2,24,313 to Rs. 2,22,134. The increase in revenue was the result of a more thorough collection of grazing fees, an increased supply of wood to Government steamers and improvement in the prices for coupes and dead wood outside the Hyderabad Division. The decrease in expenditure was due to the postponement of certain works not immediately necessary.
- 9. The revised working plan of the Jerruck Division, referred to in Chapter II of the report, was submitted to Government under the Commissioner's endorsement No. 2703, dated the 17th August—21st September 1915.
- 10. The circle has been efficiently administered by Mr. Oliver. Relations between the Forest Department and the Revenue Department continue to be most satisfactory.

R. P. BARROW, Commissioner in Sind.

Number of forest offences committed in the Central Division.

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	,	A Cases taken i	into Court.	Í	•	B ses compounde	.•			Cases und	etected.			Tota	il.		Grand total.
Divisions.	Injurý	Unauthorised fellings or appropriation of wood or other minor forest produce.	Grazing without	Other offences.	Injury	Unauthorized fellings or appropriation of wood or other minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission.	Other offences.	Injury to	Unauthorized fellings or appropriation of wood or other minor forest produce.	Grazing Without	Other offences,	faract	Unauthorized fellings or appropriation of wood or other minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission.	Other offencer.	1914-15.
East Khandesha ,	2	17	7	3	4	281	228	109	80	112	•••	3	36	410	235	115	796
West ,	- 11	5	2	2	4	257	. • 432	16	68	108	- 2	2	78	870	436	20	904
North	7	ී. 11	4	2	22	204	128	91	42	94	•••	'	71	809	132	93	605
Poons	16.	27	26	6.	20	928	770	73	63	196	8	8	88	1,151	804	82	2,135
Sitter	К,	22	41	13	18	486	510	66	21	43			44	551	551	79	1,225
North Násik	ر کر نے 1	10	17	8	Б.	465	· 510	54	16	96	ļ 		22	571	527	60	-1,180
South 20	7	20	19		_ 16	886	287	62	61	114	•••	10	84	£20	306	72	982
Total	38	112	116	39	89	8,007	3,865	471	296	763	10	18	423	3,882	2,991	521	7,817
Figures for 1918-14	61	165	190	3 9	93	3,201	2,899	492	438	727	13	10	582	4,093	3,102	641	8,318

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 7.—Area of Reserved Forest, 1914-1915.

Division.	Range.	Civil District or Territory.	Name of Forest.	Aroa on	let July	Added during the year.	Excluded or trans- forred to other heads.		30th June 115.	No. and date of Notification of addition or transfer.	Romarks,
		Territory.		Acres.	Equivalent in square miles.	Aores.	Acres	Acres.	Equivalent in square miles.	•	
i	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	0	10	11	19
NORTHERN - CIRCLE.				∆cres.	Sq.m. a.	Acres.	Acres	Acres.	8q. m. a.		
Panch Maháls	a 14 PM	Panch Ma- húla.	Reserved	212,200	831 360	(a) 2	`(b) 3	212,100	831 359	(a) 8054 (b) 0207 2-7-1014, 7-7-1014, (b) 8828 13-10-1014.	
Surat	pět con	Sprat	Do.	51,791	80 591	***	 	51,791	80 5 01	808778	
Do. Dángs (leased)		Dánge	Do.	211,795	330 595		•••	211,705	330 805	******	
North Thána	******	Thána	Do.	214,141	33 4 3 81	8	.	314,140	834 890	150 ts 20-12-1914.	
Central Thána	ggr obb	Do	⊅о	236,344	389 194		28	236,816	860 156	8803 31-0-1014.	
South Thána	******	Do	Do	212,684	332 204	(a) 8	(6) 1	212,691	339 211	(a) 2555 (b) 8040 8-8-1015, 22-0 luid.	
North Násik	400 bbs	Násik.	Do	487,122	761 82	(a) 79	(b) 223	490,979	760 879	(a) 2801 (a) 0879 0-3-1918, 20-7-1914, (b) 6760 (a) 0690 22-7-1914, 20-7-1914, (a) 19606 (a) 18040	
			_			 				0-11-1914, 29-12-1014, (b) 6922 (b) 8947 25-7-1914, 22-9-1914, (a) 5050 80-5-1915.	
South Násik	,,#	Násik	Do	295,671	461 631		•••	295,671	401 031	***************************************	•
Abmodabad	******	Ahmedabad	Do	12,009	18 579	•••	67	12,032	18 512	0037 20-7-1014,	
		}	Total, Norther Circle.	1,933,847	8,021 407	97	821	1,939,028	3,021 183	·	
CENTRAL CIRCLE.							}				
East Khándesh	**************************************	Enst Khán- desh.	Reserved .	511,064	798 344	* 919	† 5	511,978	799 618	**************************************	
West Khandesh	*****	West Khán- desh.	Do.	•• 404, 597	772 517		•••	491,597	772 617	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7 3
North Khándesh	900 +TP -	Do	Do.	555,768	869 246	 		855,765	808 216	A40****	
Poona	***************************************	Poons and Ahmed nagar.	, Do	458,472 §191,347	711 432 298 627	• 79	1858	848,040	1,009 250	*15 \$995 4-1-1915, 15-10-1914, 1218 2708 1-2-1915, 5-3-1915, 1-9-1914, 26-8-1914, 7448 2556A 11-9-1914, 3-3-1915, 9-32 9791A 10-10-1914, 13-10-1915, 9210 8092 17-3-1915, 20-7-1914, 8713 19-9-1914,	†161 acres referred to the reuti- fication.

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 7.—Area of Reserved Forests, 1914-1915—continued.

Division.	Bange,	Civil District or	Name of Forest.		ı 1st July 14.	Added during the year.	Excluded or trans- ferred to other heads.	Area on 3	30th June 115.	No. and date of Notification of addition or transfer.	Remarks .
		Territory.	Toleat.	Acres.	Equivalent in square miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Equiva- lent in square miles.	or enables.	
1	2	8	4	5	6	s 7	8	9	10	11	12
CENTRAL CIRCLE—contd.				Acres.	Sq.m. a,	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Sq.m. a.		
Sátára _{aic}	400 ag	Sátára	Reserved	454,239	709 479	*199	†2	454,426	710 26	*5825 6613 8-6-1914, 16-6-1914, 9531 2700 7-10-1914, 5-3-1915, 2898 2859 8-3-1915, 8-3-1915, † 26477 A	
•			(Leased)	233	0 233	··· ,	***	232	0 232	P97-14	
Kolába	* **300	Kolába	Reserved	§288,541	s 450 541	†144	*821	287,864	449 504	†11975 44 8-12-1914, 6-1-1915, *7425 2848 10-8-1914, 9-3-1915, 8067 29-8-1914,	† 100 acres n ferred to th rectification.
Ahmednagar and Sholépur.	**1 904	Ahmed n a gar an Sholapur,	il TV.	510, 4 32	797 352		*12,376	499,056	778 136	*5997 7487 26.6.1914, 11-8.1914, 9693 5492 14-10-1914, 17-6.1915, 7700 19-8-1914, 79914, 8393 8903 2-0-1914, 21-9.1914, 11974 3789 3-12-1914, 31-3-1916.	
•											§ G. R., R. I No. 1282 of 22nd Decer ber 1914.
			Total, Cer Circle.	ntral 3,461,690	5,408 -570	1,831	14,062	3,448,959	5,88 6 6 39		
SOUTHERN CIRCLE. Kánars, N. D	06m 19 0	Kánara	Reserved	472,731	7 738 417	; (a) 29	(8) 20	472,746	738 426	(a) 5470 & 5472 12-6-1914, (b) 6305 8068 8-7-1914, 29-8-1914, 10536 5172	
• .								ļ _		2-11-1914, 10-5-1915,	
Kánara, E. D	800176	Do.	Do.	414,36		(c) 641	(a) 795	414,208	647 128	(d) 8866 9219 21-9-1914, 30-9-1914, 5566 19-5-1915.	(c) Mistakes i measurement now rectifies and rectifies tion of forme
Kénara, S. D	SOLICE	Do	Do	555,48	967 669	(0) 5	(f) 30	555,484	967 534	(c) 6032 9530 30-6-1914, 7-10-1914, (f) 8864 9218 21-9-1914, 30-9-1914, 1217 5188 1-2-1915, 10-5-1916.	mistakes.
Kánars, W.D	400 144	Do	Do.	552,340	863 20	(g) 11	(h) 60	553,291	862 641	(g) 6683 10537 2C-7-1914, 2-11-1914, (h) 10806 4715 9-11-1914, 27-4-1915.	Also mistake in measur ments hav now been rect fied.
Belgaum	agipad	Belgnum	Do.	434,164	678 244	(i) 261	(j) 78	434,347	6 76 4 27	(i) 9200 10533 30-9-1918, 2-11-1914, (j) 8807A 11589 21-9-1914, 25-11-14, 2163 6437 22-2-1915, 14-6-1916.	·

APPENDICES.

Form No. 7.—Area of Reserved Forest, 1914-1915—continued.

Division,	Range.	Civil District	Name of Forest,	Area or	n let July Dis.	Added during the year.	Excinded or trans- formation other heads.	Area on	. 30th June 918.	No, and date of Notification of addition or transfer.	Romarku,
		Territory.		Aores.	Equivalent in square miles,	Acros.	Acrea,	Acros.	Raniva- lent in square miles,		
1	3	3	4	5	6	7	8 .	0	10	11	19
SOUTHERN				Acres.	8q.m. a.	Acres.	Acrus.	Acres.	8q.m. a.		
CIRCLE—contd. Dharwar		Dharwar •••	Reserved	241,840	37 7 6 9	(k) 383	(1) 1,070	.240,552	876 682	# 4494 B019 31-0-1014, 10-0-1014, 19130 5-19-1016, 14-19-1014, 000 1010 20-1-1016, 17-2-1016,	
· 								 		21/4 & 3160 22-2-1910, 1 0000 12320, & 13224 8 7-1014, 0-12-1014, 17000 20 12-1014,	
Bijápur	904 x 4 7	Bijapar	Do	176,806	276 160	.(m) 837	(n) 100	177,093	270 453	# 1080 27-1-1015, # 1503 4013 0-2-1016, 3-0-1010,	
Ratnágiri		Ratnágiri	¹⁹ Do	12,052	19 532	<u>-</u>	•••	12,653	18 632		}
GENERAL STREET	7		Total, Southern	2,859,299	4,467 419	1,616	2,162	2,859,753	4,408 818		
SIND CIRCLE.		Sukkur	Circle.	9,400	14 440			9,390	14 430	No. 11919 of 2-12-1914	Disforented.
SUKEUT	*****		Other Forests	1 '	1	+2,018	-4,000	222,680	847 570	*****	+ Galand b
		Upper Sind		50.100	81 352	+587	-1,200	51,519	80 810	******	netten of the river. - Lost b
		Frontier.			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		ļ——		action of the
}		,	Total	286,200	447 210	2,605	5,324	293,571	443 51	į	
Lárkána	****** ,	Sukkur	Forests	82,426	50 428		**	32,420	50 420		
\		Larkans .	Soi	4,922	7 442	808	1	5,320		No. 5782 of 10-0-1916.	
			Bagi	1		1,168		1,188	1 548 6 108	Do. Transferred to the Re	Lost by
			Dostt	6,611	10 411		2,080 —93	4,038	8 108	vonue Department, vide Commissioner in Sind's No. 3712 of 25-10-14.	action of the
		,	Amrote	14,754	23 84		790	18,064	21 524	Transferred to the Revenue Department, wide Commissioner in Bind's No. 40125 of 28-11-1914.	
1			Forests	38,094	59 334		-902	87,192	58 72		-Tost by
. (-	Nawabshah.	Forests	49,702	77 422	+3,800	-1,465	52,047	61 207		river. + Gained by setion of the
			Total	146,709	220 140	5,386	5,920	146,175	229 255	, .	rivor.
į,							-	50.050	100.000		
Hyderabad	*****	Hyderabad, Karáchi	1	(115 802	+5,676	-225	79,353 1,864	123 633	No. 2709 of 5-3-1915.	
	•	Ruiacai ,	Kailo Bada Kajri Khasin	1,346 445	2 66 0 415	18 		445	0 445	No. 11919-A of 2-12-1914.	Of this 5 gunthes dis-
}			Other Forests	25,956	40 350	+1,540	69	27,427	42 847	****	forested, - Lout by
1			1	}	{				1		action of the river. 4 Gained by
}		Nawabshab.	Foreste	. 48,717	76 77	+1,725		50,442	78 522	*** **	action of the
	•	}	Total	150,366	234 606	8,959	294	1/0,031	244 311	ļ	
Ferruck	*****	Hyderabad.	Forests	18,372	28 452	• 305	† 688	17,999	28 69	sar+40 1	* Addition due to actual wur-
}	•	Karáchi		4,500	7 820	3		6,691	7 401	No. 9321 of 13-10-1914.	+ Gained by action of the
]]	ri. Other Fore s	122,279	191 39	+78	7,006	124,629	194 408	and pag	river. —Joseph by
.	•		3	, 2. 7		1		, - {			action of the alver, † Exclusion due
			Total	145,461	227 171	13,386	11,339	147,409	230 209	}	to notum: sur-
		j 1	LOIEI '***	A 20, 10 L	20/ 1/1	10,000	*******			Į.	
į		1. !	Total, Sind	728.816	1,139 4/36	80,336	22,477	738,275	1,150 275	1	1

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 7-A.—Area of Protected Forest, 1914-1915.

Division.	Range.	Civil District or	Name of Forest.	Ares on 191		Added during the year.	Excluded or trans- ferred to other hends.	Area on 3 191		No. and date of Notification of addition or transfer.	Remarks.
		Territory.	r orest.	Acres.	Equiva- lent in square miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Equiva- lent in square miles.		
1	2	3	4	Б	6	7	8	9	10	11	.12
NORTHERN CIRCLE.				· Acres.	Sq.m.a	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Sq.m. a.		
Surat Dánge (leased).	*****	Surat	Protected	208,013	325 · 13	. •••	•••	208,013	825 13	******	
North Thána	******	Thána	Do	93,488	146 48	•••	9	93,479	146 39	11419 5878 21-11-1914, 25-6-1914, 10688 5-11-1914	
Central Thána	435,474	Do	. Do,	64,933	101 293		2 5	64,908	101 268	1298 7046 9-2-1914, 29-7-1914, 8091 8865 29-8-1914, 21-9-1914, 5999 and 5992A 31-5-1915.	
South Thána •••	161-226	Do	Do	98,083	153 163	(à) 1 0	(b) 38	98,085	153 165	(a) 10082 (b) 6455 21-10-1914 13-7-1914, (b) 7826 (b) 8949 22-9-1914, 22-9-1914, (b) 2708 (b) 5170 6-3-1915 10-5-1915, (b) 5999 31-5-1915.	•
South Násik	*****	Násik	. Do	55,798	87 119	•••	9	55,789	87 109	1908 17-2-1915.	
			Total, Northern Circle		812 635	40	. 81	520,274	812 594		
CENTRAL CIRCLE.		Sátára	Protected	659	1 19		***	659	1 19		
Poons	4	A h m e d		- 140	11 100			7,140	11 100	*****	
Kolába 🚥 …		Kolába	Do	46,518	72 438	† 762	* 15	47,265	73 545	† 12544A 2849A 16-12-1914, 9-3-1915, * 6390 8435 25-7-1914, 8-9-1914, 9-10-1914, 3-5-1915, 6628 18-6-1915. * Two acrees referred to rectification. ‡ G. B. No. 12823 R. D. 22-12-1914.	
•		}				. <u>-</u>				-	
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.	·		Total, Central Circle.	54,317	84 557	762	15	55,064	86 24		
Kanara, N. D)			Protected	6,349	9 589			6,349	-9 589		
Kánara, E D		· .	Do.	3,426	5 226		1	3,425	5 22 5	10534 6468 2-11-1914, 14-6-1915.	
Kánara, S. D	*****	Kanara	Do	69,487	108 367	•••		69,487	108 367	2155 2707 22-2-1915, 6-3-1115, 5173 5724 and 5725	•
Kánara, W. D)		A. X.	 Do	6,206	9 446			8,206	9 416	10-5-1915, 24-5-1915.	
Belgaum 🚥 👐	**********	Belgaum .	Do	12	0 12			12	0 12	******	
. COMP CURCUM			Total, Southern Circle.	85,480	133 360		1	85,479	133 \$59		
SIND CIRCLE.	*****	Upper Sin Frontier.	d Dickenson	585	0 585	•••		585	0 595	•	•
			Total, Sind	585	0 585			585	0 585		,
			GBAND TOTAL	660,697	1,032 217	E02	97	661,402	1,033 282		

FORM No. 7-B.—Area of Forest Proper, Reserved or Mixed Fuel and Fodder Reserves under the management of the Forest Department for 1914-1915.

Division.	Civil District or Territory.	Name of Forest.		ı lst July	Added during the year.	Excluded or transferred to other heads,	Area on 8		No. and date of Notification of addition	Romarka,
•			Acres.	Equivalent in square miles.	Acres,	Acres.	Acres.	Equivalent in equaro miles.	or transfer.	
, 1	2	3	4	5	6	. 7	8	0	10	11
NORTHERN CIRCLE.			Acres.	Sq.m. a.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres	Bq.m. a.		
Panch Maháls	Panch Mahála	Reserved	212,200	831 860	2	8	212,199	831 859	******	
Surat	Surat		463,507	724 147			463,507	724 147	*****	
North Thána	Thána	Protected	214,141	834 381	8	•••	214,149	834 389		3
Central Thána	Do		238,895	873 175	•••	28	238,867	878 147	No. 7. Do.	
South Thána North Násik South Násik	Do Násik Do	_	450,287	841 86 703 367 449 462	79	222	218,833 450,144 287,822	841 93 703 224 449 462	110.	
CENTRAL CIRCLE.		Total, North- ern Circle		3,258 58	97	254	2,085,021	3,257 541		
East Khandesh	East Khán- desh	Reserved	487,720	762 40	919	5	488,084	763 814		,
West Khán- desh.		Do	346,655	541 415	•••	***	845,655	541 415	4 > 1 4 0 4	
North Khán- desh.	Do	Do	555,766	868 246			5 55,766	868 240		
Poons	Poons and Ahmednagar.		238,925 *131,999	373 205 206 159	521	2,803	368,612	576 2	2	* Fide Bovernment Resolution No.
Sátára	Sátára	Do	330,159	515 5 59	i -	2	330,346	5:6 100		12:78, dated 22nd December 1014,
Kolába •	Kolába	Reserved	269,965	421 525	144	821	269,288	420 496	,,,,,	}
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.	٠.	Total, Cen- tral Circle.	2,361,189	3,689 2 29	1,773	3,631	2,359,831	8,686 291		
Kánara, N. D	Kánara		479,087	748 867	29	21	479,095	748 875	••••) ;
Kánara, E. D	Do	Protected. Do.	417,786	652 506	643	796	417,633	652 853	******	
Kánara, S. D	Do	Do, ·	624,975	976 835	в	30	624,951	976 311	*****	
Kánara, W. D	Do	Do	558,547	872 467	11	61	558,197	872 417	###·##	
Belgaum	Belgaum	Do.	400,215	625 215		79	400,397	625 397	*****	
22	Dhárwár	Reserved	143,747	224 387	282	•••	- 141,029	225 29	200.00	
	Bijápur	Do.	139,536	218 16	5	77	139,464	217 581		
Ratnágiri	Ratnágiri	Do.	12,052	18 532	···	***	12,052	18 532	******	
SIND CIRCLE.	•	Total, Southern Circle.	2,775,945	4,337 26	1,237	1,064	2,776,118	4,337 438		
ŀ	Sukkur and Upper Sind		286,875	448 155	• 2,605	* 5,324	281,156	· 443 636	*Vide Form No. 7.	•
Lárkána •	Frontier. Sukkur, Lárkána and Nawáb-	Do	146,703	229 149	# 5,386	• 5,920	146,175	228 255	••••	
Hyderabad •••	shah. Hydera b s d, Karáchi and	Do	150,368	234 600	8,959	= 294	159,031	218 311	•••••	
Jerruck •••	Nawábshah. Hyderabad and Karáchi.	Do	145,427	227 147	• 13,386	• 11,339	147,474	230 274	••••	•
	ĺ	Total, Sind	729,377	1,139 417	30,336	22,977	736,836	1,151 198		
,	ļ	Circle. Grand Total	7,951,689	12,424 329	33,443	27,826	7,957,306	12,433 188		

FORM No. 7-C.—Area of Fodder Reserves and Pasture Lands under the management of the Revenue Department for 1914-1915.

Division.	Civil District or Territory.	Name of Forest.	Area on 1s 1914.	t July	Added during the year.	Excluded or transferred to other heads.	Area on 30t		No. and date of Notification of addition	Remarks.
ļ			Acres.	Equivalent in square miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Equivalent in square miles.	or transfer.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
NORTHERN CIRCLE.			Acres.	Sq.m. a.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Sq.m. a.		
Surat	Surat	Reserved	8,092	12 412			8,092	12 412	*****	
North Thána	Thána	Protected,	93,488	146 4 8		9	93,479	146 39	Vide Form	
Central Thána	Do	Do	62,382	97 302		25	62,357	97 277	Do.	
South Thána	Do	Do	92,441	144 281	40	38	92,413	144 283	Do.	
North Násik	Násik	Do	36,835	57 , 35	•••	·	36,835	. 57 855	*****	
South Násik	Do	Reserved and	63,647	99 28	7	9	63,638	99 278	Vide Form	ı
Ahmedabad	Ahmedabad	Protected. Reserved	12,099	18 57:	9	67	12,032	18 512	No. 7A.	
•		Total, Northern	368,984	576 34	4 40	148	368,876	576 236		
CENTRAL		Circle.								
CIRCLE. East Khándesh	. East K hn	Reserved	23,344	36 30			23,344	36 304		
	desh.		147,942	231 10	1	"'	147,942	231 102		
West Khandesh	desh.		216,547	338 22	7 1 0050	856	284,538	444 378	*****	-
		r De	66,458	103 56	'		124,971	195 171	•••••	\
'	Sátára	D		195 17	1	15	65,841	102 561	•••	
	Kolába	Protected.	1	101 45	ì	12,376	498,056	778 136	******	,
Ahmednagar an Sholapur.	d Ahmednaga and Shola pur.	r Reserved	510,432	797 35	2	12,370	498,056	778 136	******	
		Total, Central	1,154,818	1,804 25	3,121	13,247	1,144,692	1,788 372	:	
SOUTHERN CIRCLE:							-		. ,	
n.	Belgaum .	Reserved	33,962	53 4			33,962	53 42	*****	
Dhárwár '	Dhárwár .	Do	97,602	152 32		1,079	96,523	150 523	******	
Bijápur	Bijáp ur	Do	37,270	58 1	50 382	23	37,629	58 509	•••••	
		Total, Southern Circle.	168,834	263 5	14 392	1,102	168,114	262 434		
SIND CIRCLE		, ,				}				
		Malir	24	0	24	•••	24	0 24	•••••	
		Total, Sind Circle.	24	0 ;	24		24	0 24		
·		GRAND TOTAL	1,692,660	2,644 5	3,543	14,497	1,691,706	2,627 426		

ABSTRACT OF FORMS Nos. 7, 7-A, 7-B and 7-C.

•		,		In charge of	the Forest Dep	artment.	. • •
Division.	•.]	Reserved Forest.		Protecto	ed Forest.
	•	Forest pr	oper.	Pasture reserves.	Fuel and Fodder reserves.	Forest proper.	Pasture reserves.
NORTHERN CI	RCLE.	Sq.m.	a.	Sq.m. a.	Sq.m. a.	Sq.m. a.	Sq.m. a.
Panch Maháls Surat North Thána Central Thána South Thána	•••	331 399 331 369 332	359 134 389 156 211	•••••	3 0	325 13 3 631 8 522	•••••
North Násik South Násik Ahmedabad	••• •••	703 448 	224 472		0 630 3 630	 337 526	•••••
r	Potal	2,010	. 20	•••••	0 000	001 020	······································
CENTRAL CIR	RCLE.			·		•	
East Khándesh West Khándesh North Khándesh Poona Sátára Kolába		763 410 868 564 515 417	314 388 246 542 87 39		131 27 3 449	11 100 1 19	•••••
Ahmednagar and Sh	olápur		••	•••••	• •••	•••	*****
	Total	3,539	336	•••••	134 476	12 119	•
SOUTHERN CI	RCLE.					· · · · · · · · ·	
Kánara, Northern Kánara, Eastern Kánara, Southern Kánara, Western Belgaum Dhárwár Bijápur Ratnágiri	•••	738 520 550 703 625 200 214 13	426 0 20 634 385 625 215 532	127 128 317 564 158 617 	9 511 3 569 5 0	108 367 0 12	9 589 5 225 9 446
!	Total	3,567	277	618 202	18 240	108 379	24 620
SIND CIRC	LE.						
Sukkur Lárkána Hyderabad Jerrnck	•••	228 248 230	51 255 311 274		•••	0 585	••••••
	Total	1,150	251	•••••		0 585	*****
GRAND T	OTAL	11,173	249	618 202	157 60	459 329	24 620

7-B and 7-C for 1914-15.

1	n charge of the Re	venue Dopartme	nt.	-		•
	Reserved Fores	t.	Protected Forest.	Total F		Romarks.
Forest proper.	Pasture reserves.	Fuel and Fodderreserves.	Pasture reserves.			
Sq.m. a.	Sq.m. a.	Sq.m. a.	Sq.m. a.	Sq.m.	8.	
•••	3 53	9 359	 146 39 97 277	331 736 480 470	359 556 428 424	
•••	Sq.m.	Acres.	144 283	485	376	•
•••	10 385 	355 1 424 18 512	87 109	760 549 18	579 100 512	
•••	13 438	30 15	475 68	3,854	137	-
	Sq.m. 57	Acres.	•			
•••	36 304 231 102 444 378 189 516	5 295	•••	709 772 868 1,020 711	618 517 246 380 277	
	29 16 Sq.m. 778	Acres. 136	73 545 	523 778	409 136	
•••	931 36	5 295	73 545	5,475	23	
	Sq.m. 778	Acres.		,		
 1 0	50 42 150 523 58 509	2 0		748 652 976 872 678 375 276	375 353 311 417 439 552 453 532	
1 0	259 434	2 0		4,600	232	
 0 24	•••••	•••	•••	443 228 248 230	636 255 311 298	
0 24			•••	1,151	220	
1 24		r. 	548 613	15,060	612	
	Sq.m. 2,077	Acres. 429				1

FORM No. 8.—Statement showing the Progress made in, and the

			•	Areas finali	LY SETTLED	During the :	YEAB,	r
Name of Forest Division.	Name of Civil District or Territory.	Area already settled at commence- ment of the year.	Number and date of Government order according final sanction to the	Name of Forest settled.	Area in square miles.	Expenditur during the y finally	ear on areas	Entire cost per square mile of areas finally settled during the
	•		Settlement.		·	Accounts.	Accounts.	Jear.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
NORTHERN CIRCLE.		Sq. m.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Reserved Forest.							}	
Panch Maháls	Panch Maháls	332	140	414100		••••	/	•••
Surat	Surat	412	***	*****	***	Pet	•••	•••
North Thána	Thána	335	···	*****	.20	•••	•••	2 2000
Central Thána	· Do	369	• •	******	***	***		•••
South Thána	Do ,	332	2555 3-3-15	Raye	8 640	•-•		•
			6679	Salvari		***	***	•••
			2891 9-3-15 10805	Rouzana	79	***	•••	•••
North Násik	Násik	1,558	9-11-14 5050 30-5-15	Karmala	640	100	•••	•••
	٠.		6680 20-7-14 13046 29-12-14	Bilwadiwani		748		***
South Násik	Do	462	***	440000			ļ , ·	
Ahmedabad	Ahmedabad	19		•••••			·	***
•	Total	3,819		·	87 840.	. •••	•••	•••
Protecte d Forest.								
	Surat	325	•••	*****	•••		***	
North Thána	Thána	. 146	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••
Central do	Do	102		······	•••	• .	•••	
South do	. Do	. 153			•••	· 		
South Násik	Nasik	. 87		•••••	; 	•••	•••	
	Total	. 813	•••	******		***	,,,	
•	Total, Northern	1 4000	•••	*****	87		••• .	

	Arbas	UNDERGOING SETTL	ement.		•	
At commencement of	the year.	Taken in hand the year.	during	Expenditu during th areas un Settle	re incurred to year on dergoing ment.	Romarke.
Name of Tract.	Area in square miles.	Name of Tract.	Area in square miles,	In Forest Accounts.	In other Accounts.	
10	11	12	18	14	15	16
				Rs.	Rs.	•
I	•••	******	4+1	169	***	
•••• · ***	•••	••ग्र••	•••	•••	•••	
. A runi	•••		***	***	***	
*******		see- 69	•••	***	'4	
***************************************		*****	 •••	•••	•••	
******		****	•••	-	***	
kore ···	2 <u>4</u> 6 <u>4</u> 0	***100	***	•••	ook	
*****	. •••	ese1 0 9			•••	
*****	***	*****	•••	***	•••	
	•••	*****	•••		•••	
**************************************						,
100-14	•••	*****		•••	,. ,	•
eeg++b		h <i>ere o</i> d	•••		•••	
,,,,,,,,,	24 640	400***		***	***	
******	•••	140-96		***	•••	
****		180-46	•••	•••	•••	
				>+0	···•	
,,,,,,,		******	***	***	•••	
,, eee		•••••	•••	***	***	
san ***		000140	,,,,		***	
*****	24 840	102109		•••	•	

FORM No. 8-Statement showing the Progress made in, and the

		·		Areas finally	Y SETTLED	DURING THE	YEAR.	
Name of Forest Division.	Name of Civil District or Territory.	Area already settled at commence- ment of the year.	order according	Name of Forest	Arca in square	Expenditu during the y finally	re incurred ear on areas settled.	Entire cost per square mile of areas finally
. •	, · ,	one year.	final sunction to the Settlement.		miles.	In Forest Accounts.	In other Accounts.	settled during the year.
. 1	2	. 3	4	5	6	7	8	9
CENTRAL CIRCLE.	·							
Reserved Fore .								
East Khándesh	East Khándesh .	\$00	5165 50-14 9925 7-10-14	Neher-khed, &c	1279	•••		•••
West Khandesh	West Khandesh .	773	•••	******	***		•••	·
North Khandesh	North Khandesh	868	 .	******	***		•••	•••
Poona	Poona	1,009	2708 5-3-15 1218 1-2-16 9694 14-10-14 14 4-1-15	Agalambe, &c	79 040		•••	•••
Fátára •	Sátára	711		Ruwale Ambavde Khurd, &c.	189	•••	•••	•••
Kolába	Kolába	450	11975 3-12-14 44 51-15	Akshi, Alibág, &c.	43		,	***
Nagar and Sholapur	Nagar & Sholápu	778			***	•••		
	Total	5,389			1 ⁵⁹⁰ 640.			•••
Proteoted Forest.								
Eátára		. 1		•••••		•••		
Poons	Poons	11	***	******	. •••			P++
Kolába	Kolabi	74	2848A 9-3-15 12554 16-12-14	Aghai Budruk, Bid Khurd, &c.	1 <mark>123</mark> 640		***	
•	• Total	86	•••	******	1 <mark>722</mark>		•••	
	Total, Central	5,475			3 72 640	•••		ļ

Expenditure incurred on, Forest Settlements during 1914-1915-continued.

	AREAS U	NDERGOING SETTLES	CENT.			
At commencement of the	he ycar.	Taken in hand the year.	during	Expenditu during the areas un S. ttle	re incurred o year on dergoing ment,	Remarks.
Name of Tract.	Area in square miles.	Name of Tract.	Area in square miles.	In Forest Accounts.	In other Accounts,	
10	11	12	13	14	. 12	16
		•		<u> </u> 		
******	3 <u>69</u>					8-0-14, 10-0-14, 7-10-14, 8-3-14, 2888 & 2880 8-3-15 - 8-3-15
*****	364 640	••• ••	•••			·
-04++0	610 6	******	•••			
*****	234 840	<u></u>	326 U LÕ			
•••••	89		53 040			
•••••	, •••	••••	40_ 640	***		
434448					•••	
	4 142	•	417 640			
					·	
000100	***		***			
14****	-20	,,	•••			
.,,	, age					
	4 142 6 60	******	417 610			

FORM No. 8.—Statement showing the Progress made in, and the

				Areas finally	SETTLED DU	EING THE YEA	R.	
Name of Forest Division.	Name of Civil District or Territory.	Area already settled at com- mence- ment of the year.	Number and date of Government order according final sanction	Name of Forest settled.	Area in square miles.	Expenditur during the yo finally s	ear on areas ettled.	Entire cost per square mile of areas finally
` '	•	,	to the Settlement.			In Forest Accounts	In other Accounts.	during the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.		Sq. m.				Rs.	Rs.	Ŕs.
eserved Forest. Känara, Northern	Kánara	739	5470 & 5472 12-6-14	Haliyal ·	29 640	***	•••	•••
Do, Eastern	Do	647	***	*****	•••	***	•	
Do. Southern	Do	868	6032 & 9530 30-6-14 7-10-14	Sirsi	5 640		7 400 ***	
Do. Western	Do	863	6683 & 10537 20-7-14 2-11-14	Belur & Honeballi .	- 1 640	•••		•••
Belgaum	Belgaum	678	9216 10533 30-9-14 2-11-14	Shewale	261 640	•	, tes	
Dhárwár ···	Dhárwár	877	4424 5612 11-5-14 16-8 14 12135 12449 7-12-14 14-12-14 969 1910 28-1-15 2156 22-2-16	gi and Kod.	28 <u>2</u> 640	•••	400	•••
Bijápus	Bijápur	276	1030 · 27-1-15	Badami	387 640		•••	
Batnágiri	Ratnágiri	19	•••	******		• • • •	•••	•••
	Total, Reserved Forest ?	4,467			1325	•••	•••	
Protected Forest. Kánara, Northern.	Kánara	. 10	•••		•••	•••		•••
Do, Esstern	. Da	5		•••••		***		•••
Do. Southern	. Do	109	•••	*******	3			•••
De. Western	. Do	10	·	******	•••	•••	• •••	
Belgaum	Belgaum	12 640			•••	·	 .	
	Total, Protected Forest	134 12		100110				
	Total, Southern Circle		•••		1 325	•••		

Expenditure incurred on, Forest Settlements during 1914-1915-continued.

	AREAS	UNDERGOING SETTLE	MBNT.		·	
At commencement of	the year.	Taken in hand the year.	during	Expenditur during t on areas u Settler	ro incurred the year indergoing nent.	Romarks.
Name of Tract.	Area in square miles.	Name of Tract.	Area in square miles.	In Forest Accounts.	In other Accounts.	
10	11	13	13	14	15	16
				Rs,	Rs.	
Aurana Mariana	201 640	400.10	•••	***	, •••	19 acros 29 gunthas were disforesteduring the year.
***************************************	7 7	· ••••	. •==	150	100	2 acros 17 gunthas 12 annas wer disforested during the year.
escut.	17	707349		•••	•••	80 acres 21 gunthus wore disferente during the year.
cussod P		401100	•••	•••	***	50 acres 5 gunthas were disferested during the year.
p 404140	122		***	•••		48 acres 14 gunthas were disferente during the year and 29 acres 3 gunthas were lost by correction o the area previously gazetted.
881148	157 640	450000	***	•••	400	1,078 acres 89 gunthas were disferent ed during the year.
9007.00		54 94 6 6	***	•••	•45	90 acres 84 gunthas were disforeste during the year.
	. <u>2</u>	*******	494	. ***	•••	
54444	995 1280			***	•••	
00(=00	* ***	*#5***	- 400	•••	***	
*******	•••	*****	•••	***	***	
bacea.	***	g p por del	••• ·		##	10 gunthas were disferented durin the year.
, see+64	***	*******	····	•••	***	16 gunthas were disferested durin the year.
999166	•=•			•••	***	•
6964.00	· •••	******	•••	•••		
	995	45	•••	•••	•••	·

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 8.—Statement showing the Progress made in, and the

-		1		ARBAS FINALLI	SETTLED D	URING THE Y	EAR.	
Name of Forest Division.	Name of Civil District or Territory.	Arca already settled at com- mence-	Number and date of Government order according	Name of Forest	Area in	Expenditum during the y	re incurred ear on areas settled.	Entire cost per square mile of areas
		ment of the year.	final sanction to the Settlement.	settled.	miles.	In Forest Accounts.	In other Accounts.	finally settled during the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8.,	9
SIND CIRCLE.		Sq. m.			Sq. m. a.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Sukkur	Sukkur and Upper Sind Frontier	447	•••	444***	•••	300	700	
		•					. · · · ·	
							14.	
	Total	447	•••	*****		196 0		-41
Lárkána	Sukkur, Lárkána and Nawábshab.	229	5382 10-6-14	Deh Soi •••	0398		•••	•••
•		. 12.		Deh Bogi				
•	Total	329		2 5 *****	2 306 640	***	445	•••
Hyderabad	Hyderabad, Karachi and Nawabshah.	235	2709 5-3-15	Deh Railo	0.5	•••	•••	
		i		Deh Bada	0 13	udgyth Tri		
*	,		:		}			
	Total	235	•••	* ,	0 18	•••	•••	
Jerruck 🥻	Hyderabad and Karáchi,	227	9821	Deh Khonani	0 3 640	•••	444	
, v				4 4		, i., '		<u>.</u>
	Total	227	•••	\$484.00 2	3 040		***	***
	Total, Sind Circle	1,138			2 327		•••	***
	GRAND TOTAL	15,846 12 640	,	******	7 171	•••		·

APPENDICES.

Expenditure incurred on, Forest Settlements during 1914-1915—concluded.

•	Apple	UNDERGOING SETTLE			. ,	
	SABAG	VADERGUING SETTLE	MART.			•
At commencement of t	he year.	Taken in hand the year.	during	during the	reincurred e year on dergoing mont,	· Remarks.
Name of Tract.	Area in square miles.	Name of Tract.	Arca in square miles.	In Forest Accounts	In other Accounts.	2
10	11	12	18	14	15	16.
				Rs.	Rs.	
hikárpur Táluka	2 140 (Taluka Kashmore .	8 830			
hotki Táluka	0 185 640	•		<u> </u>		
Rohri Táluka	0 74	,			. •	
Pano Akil Taluka	0.25	•				
	8. 1		 			
101100	2 874	*****	8 830	•••	•	
Labdárya Táluka •••	2 306 610	Táluka Mehar	0 2 040	***	***	
		•	•			•
	2· ·606 640	******	0 3	***		
*****) 10¢		7,-	
Hyderabad Táluka 🚥	0 32	Deh Ghaliun, Tá- luka Hyderabad. Deh Jamalabad, Táluka Hala.		••• ,*	•••	
	±,	Táluka Hala. Deh Hala Purono	L2	***	1,00	
Kotri Táluka •••	0 19	Deh Tanghiani, Táluka Kotri, Manjhand Mahál.	i •	•••	·-;	
	0 60	*****	0 834 640			
Shorbari Táluka	3 640		***		***	
	-			' <i>k</i> .		
	3 040		#			
	5 83 640	*****	9 828	•••	•••	
******	14 29 12:0		10 103	***	•••	

FORM No. 9—Record of Demarcation and Maintenance of Boundaries, 1914-1915.

										
Division.	Length of Boundaries artificially demarcated	Length of previously existing Boundaries	Length of previously existing Boundaries	Total length of artificially marked Boundaries	Length of Boundaries still to be demarcated	Length of natural Boundaries not requir-	Total length of Boundaries at the close	Expenditure (ON DEMARCATION	Romarks.
_	during the year.	repaired.	not repaired.	at the close of the year.	at the close of the year.	ing artificial marks.	of the year.	On new work.	On repairs.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	. 11
NORTHERN CIRCLE.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Fanch Maháls	*****	3	¥56	. 929	460.000	101	1,060	******	26 0 0	
Surat	******	835	******	835	955-088	103	939	****	149 0 0	
purat	•••••	•	******					,	11000	
North Thána	******	, 968	******	968	400-00	. 19	987	*****	682 0 0	<u>}</u>
Central Thána		875		875		114	989 *	,	533 0 0	ľ
Contral Trans	*****	, 610		1	•••••	, 112	, 000	pas+00	333 0 0	
				•						
South Thána	444 1306	98	##*E94	*898	000100	59	957	******	302 0 0	. '
North Násik	******	1,759	*49000	1,750	_	116	1,876	 	267 0 0	
	,	-,,		-, ,			.,	•		
South Násik	****	48	2,019	2,065	127	206	2,398	*******	419 0 0	
Fotal, Northern									<u>'</u>	
Circle	******	5,384	2,975	8,359	128	718	9,205	*****	2,378 0 0	
CENTRAL CIRCLE.				•					-	•
Ensi Khandesh	35	2,148		2,183	ab a+++	107	2,290	200 0 0	42 0 0	
Vest Khándesh 🚥	*****	769	*******	769		67	836		. 263 0 0	
vorth Khándesh 🚃	preses	509	900 544	309	160,000	52	361	••••	387 0 o	
'00ra •••	. 83	******	3,685	3,718	. 696	615	5,029	429 0 0	216 0 0	
átára 🖦		5	4,249	4,254		80	4,334	******	428 0 0	
•	D10048	'	3,225		•				•	
Telába	. 155	1,505	419389	1,660	,246	72	1,978	1,612 0 0	567 0 0	
Circle Central	223	4,736	7,931	12,893	942	÷ 993	14,828	2,241 0 0	1,903 0 0	
SOUTHERN CIROLE.) 	
anara, Northern	******	4	1,429	1,433	29	92	1,554	, ******	12 0 0	Rs. 151-9-0 charged under
	,			<u> </u>				-		Rs. 151-9-0 charged under A VIII-a is on account of marking 132 strip round cultivations and battas.
Do. Eastern)	. 31	1,547	1,578	8	48	1,629		585024	• •
							* **			Does not include Rs. 21-0-6 on account of stationery and convey- ance of kit.
						,			3 .	
Do. Southern	838	=40 000	4,805	5,648	10000	112	5, 785	2,891 0 0	******	
										•
	<u> </u>	1	1	1	<u>l</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	'	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

FORM No. 9.—Record of Demarcation and Maintenance of Boundaries, 1914-1915—concluded.

Division.	Length of Boundaries artificially demarcated during the	existing Boundaries	Length of proviously existing Boundaries not	Total length of artificially marked Boundaries	Longth of Boundaries still to be demarcated	Length of natural Boundaries not requir-	Tofal length of Boundaries at the close	Expanditure of during T	и Ввилисатіон на тван.	Romarks,
	year.	repaired.	repaired.	of the year.	at the close of the year.	ing artificial marks.	of the year.	On new work.	On repairs.	
1	2	8 .	4	5	6	. 7	8	9	10	. 11
SOUTHERN . CIRCLE—concluded.	Miles,	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Milos.	Rs. a. p.	Ra, a, р.	
Kánara, Western		2	1,718	1,715	*****	183	1,897	800.100	76 0 0	
Belgaam **-	3	50	1,709	1,762	127	340	3,029	4700	111 0 0	Excludes charges for quarrying and entriage of domarcation stones, wages of surreyor's
Dhárwár	11	614	36	661	43	4	707	45 0 0	20 0 0	Excludes charges for quarrying and carriage of domarcation stones, wages of surveyor's orderlies, carriage of surveyor's kit, printing of afforcation prope- sal forms and unarking domarcation lines to be out.
Bijápur	******	278	644	920	6	25	950	, 404-04	54 0 0	
Batnágiri 🏎 🐠	068 FFS.	******	140	140	******	70	210	•••••	P 040100	
٠.						·	,			
Total, Southern Circle	852	977	12,023	13,852	208	678	14,731	2,483 0 0	283 0 0	,
sind circle.	Miles. ft.	Miles. ft.	Miles.	Miles. ft.	Miles.	Miles. ft.	Miles. ft.			
Sukkur	5 1,156	929 5,090		935 966	******	165 4,801	1,121 487	******		
Lárkána ··· ··	11 2,970	499 4,610	*****	511 2,309	•	79 1,204	500 8,513		AND -MI	
Hyderabad	0 2,640	345 1,124	******	845 3,764		184 4,839	530 8,328	*****	*****	·
Jerruck	2 3,960	292 787		294 4,697		196 1,768	491 1,178	******		
Total, Sind Circle	20 166	2,067 1,010	******	2,087 1,176	****	648 2,042	2,733 3,218	*****	234 PMB .	
Grand Total	1,095 168	13,164 1,010	22,932	37,191 1,176	1,276	3,030 2,042	41,407 3,218	4,724 0 0	4,693 0 0	

FORM No. 10 .- Statement of Forest Areas Surveyed and

											AR]	EAS ST	URVEYED	AND UND	er su	RVE	
	Spe	CIAL S	URVEYS-	-Maps o Riment	N 4" SCALE OB OF FOREST SU	OVEE, BY S	UBVBY	OF		Ori	DINABY,	, inclu	dad in Dist	RICT SURVEYS.			
Division.			ith Inter	ior Deta	ils.			Boundary Surveys.			Interi	ails.	Boundary Surveys.				
	With details of Growing Stock. Growing Stock. Total cost		f Growing details of Stock. Growing Stock.		Total cost.	Of the Total		With of Great	details owing ck.	detai	nout ils of wing ock.	Total Cost.	Previous.	Of the	Total		
.	Pre- vious.	Of the year.	Pro-	Of the year.			year.		Pre- vious.	Of the year.	Pre- vious.	Of the year.	00502		year.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13 .	14	15	16	17	
NORTHERN OIRCLE.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Rs. a. p.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Rs.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Rs.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Rs.	
Panch Maháls	•••			_.	4*****	******			***	***	•	•••	*****	***			
urat	***			·	*****	******			••	·•				***			
North Thána	***			,		*****			•••	•••			. *****	. •••	:		
Central Thána 🚥	***	ł			***	*****							441449				
South Thána	***	Ì		***	****	******		 	•••	***			*****	•••	!	***	
Vorth Násik 🔐	***				*****					***) i		•••]		
South Násik			***		****	****	•••		***	***				***			
hmedabad					*****	*****	٠,٠			414	 		*****				
Total, Northern		1		<u> </u>													
Circle CENTRAL CIRCLE. Reserved Forest.	_ -	<u> :</u>			******	*****						 -	*****				
East Khandesh			229		*****	*****					497	10	Not known		27		
Vest Khandesh			676		******					***	1		100110	96		i	
North Khandesh			645		}	•••••				Ϊ)]	***	"	
Poona		1	525				l		·			···	. •			•••	
244		•••	530		******	*****	-				•••	""			"'	***	
) ·		1		******	******	`	**		···	"	"	•••••	ļ . "	***	***	
Kolába			450	***	#D144	ê111 07	•••		·"	***	•••		******	"	.**	•••	
Nagar & Sholápur			737	""	******	******		· ··	***		•	•••	•••••	•••	""		
Total	•	***	3,792	***	344.41	*****		444		•••	498	10	*****	96	27		
Protected Forest.		-	-				-				 					-	
Bátára 🚥 🚥			1		*****	******							*****				
Kolába	.[₹		74			******			•••				y ı	***		·	
Poons			11		*****	******					 						
Total			86		*****	*****	- 									- <u></u>	
Total, Central Circle	.		3,878			•				1 	493	10		96	27		
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.					·					_					-		
Kanara, Northern	·\		\	***	é		·]			*****				
" Bastern	·			 .	`												
" Southern "	·				*****	•••••					ļ. 						
" Western		•••			******	******					***		***				
Belgaum		•••	•••		/ •••••	*****							·				
Dhárwár	•••	,,,			******		***				•••		•••••			***	
Bijápur	·					*****		ļ					*****		į		
Ratnágiri 🚥						*****											
Total, Southern Circle					******	*****							•••••	•••			
SIND CIRCLE.	'							1.									
			 		•	3	}			ļ			•••••				
Jerruck		1]	*****	•••							***		***	
Jetruck			•••		******		1		1								
Sabi	1				******	******											
Sukkur Lá:kána Hyderabad		1		1	1	l	i			İ			*****		1	1	
Sukkur Látkána						*****	•••	1]		ĺ			i			

under Survey during the year 1914-1915.

•		COST.	1					•		EAB	HE YI	NG T	
	•			Total forest area at	Areas		evers by	TUER SU	ASS OR O	LOG.	TH VE	Спа	
Remark .	Entire cost of			end of the year as per	remain- ing to be taken	voys.	dary Sur	Bour	ls.	r Detai	Interio	With 1	·
	all durveys to end of the year.	Of the year.	Previous.	Nos. 7	under Survey.	Total Cost.	Of the	Pre-	Total Cost.	nder nch.		h or er.	
			•				year.	vious.		Of the year.	Pre- vious,	Of the year.	Pre- vious.
31	80	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18
	Ra. a. p.	Rs. s. p.	Rs. a. p.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Bs.	Sq. m.	8q. m.	Rs.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	q. m.
	******	848+1+	*****	832		•••	,	•••		•••	•••	{	***
	700.000	111110	11148	737	***		· æ	***			•••	145	
	*****	***	*****	491	***	***		•••		•••	•••	***	***
	****	111100	******	471	•••	•••	···· `	***	***	***	•••		•••
	*****	444,04	*****	485		***		·	•••		***		***
	*****	*****	**1,00	760	***	•••	·••		•••	•••	494	•••	
	*****	400***	414110	540	***	•••		***	•••	. ***		•••	***
·		******		19				_ <u></u>		<u></u> _	<u></u> _		114
	****	*** ***		3,631		•••		•••	***				-41
						· ·							
			04.004.0.0	000	0.7		·		,		!		
	24,081 0 0		24,084 0 0	800	87	• •••	***	400	M#	***			901
	63,604 0 0 1,371 0 0		68,694 0 0 1,871 0 0	778 868	909	***	***	***	***	•••		r**	***
	1,371 0 0	Nu	1,371 0 0 1,11,200 0 0	1,009	-223	110		***	•••	***			
	C2,509 0 0	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	62,563 0 0	711	191_	•••	***	***	***	•••	····	614	***
Not knowne	NII		Nil	450	. •7	***	***		•••	•••	•••	***	***
TOU EDONNIA	91,230 0 0	} [91,210 0 0	778	41			444	411	***	•••	•••	•••
									***	•••	•••		
•	8,54,239 0 0 17,085 0 0	*****	3,54,239 0 0 •7,085 0 0	6,389	ยุยิธ	***	•••	•	***		***		
	3,01,323 0 0		8,61,823 0 0										·
	****	*****	******	1		***	***		***			***	**1
	*** ***	*****	411.75	74	***				***	***			
		,,,,,,	******	11			***	***	*				•
	******	*****	•••••	.86									
	8,61,323 0 0		3,61,828 0 0	5,475	966							-:	- -
			-										~
	•]			5	***	•••	***	•••	***				
	9.70 404 0 0	•	0.80.404 # *		744	•••			·		***	100	***
	8,79,404 0 0	******	8,79,401 0 0	3,219		•••	***	***		***	***	***	***
				}	•••	•••	. <u></u>	***	***	***	***		•
	57,104 0 0	***	57,104 0 0	679		***			***			***	
	28,095 0 0	******	26,095 0 0	876	***			•••	•••	***		**	,
	ant ***	****	*****	277	276				***		***	***	
	591 0 0		581 0 0	19					•••		•••	***	***
	4,63,194 0 0	,,,,,,	4,63,184 0 0	4,600	278	,,,,							
				- 						<u></u>	- -		
	11,997 0 0	,,,,	11,997 0 0	230		2,902		208	9,095				g c n
	*****	gas+++		414		-			2,000		\	- +17	652
	*****	******	*****	229	***			-	***			***	***
	200 and	*****		243		***			***	-		.***	-
				اا			,						
	11,997 0 0 8,26,504 0 0		11,597 0 0	1,151		2,903		208	9,095				652

^{*}Represents cost of arrear mapping and cannot conveniently be distributed among the several Divisions of the Central Circle including gouth and North Nasik.

FORM No. 11.—Progress made in Working Plans, 1914-1915.

•	WORKING I	DE WHICH PLANS HAVE TIONED BY PERMENT.	AREAS TO WORKING I BEING CO	PLANS ARE MPILED.	Areas for which Working Plans have	Areas for which Working Plans are	Total forest area	Entire cost per square mile of	Remarks.
Divisjon.	At com- mencement of the year.		At com- mencement of the year.	Taken in hand during the year.	still to be taken in		as in Forms Nos. 7 & 7A.	Working Plans completed	·····
· 1	2 .	8	4 >	5	8	7	8	9	10
•	Eq. m.	Eq. m.	Sq. m.	8q. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Rs. a. p.	
NORTHERN CIRCLE.				ļ			}		
Panch Maháls	882	•••	•••	. •••	•••		832	Not available.	
Sgr at North Thána	22 7 885	100	230	***	1	266	724 335	109 0 0 Not avail-	
Central Thána South Thána	869	•••		- ;	₁	4 9	878 g 341	Do. Do.	
South Thana North Násik South Násik	467	•••	. ••• . •••	***	•••	236 69	708 450	Do. Do.	
						F24	(ð) 8,258	109 0 0	(b) This is exclusive of the area in
Total, Northern Circle	2,442		230			584	(0) 0,258	100 0 0	charge of the Revenue Depart-
CENTRAL CIRCLE.	!		 					}	
East Khándesh		50		***	***	14	768 542		
West Khandesh North Khandesh	564	107	52	***	151 304	211	868 576	•••	
Poona Sátára · Kolába ···	64		02		100	852 .5·8		***	
							_	 	
Total, Central Circle	2,107	157-2	52	. 400	555	814-8	(b) 3,686		(b) This is exclusive of the area in charge of the Revenue Depart- ment.
SOUTHERN CIRCLE		1			}				
Kanara, Northern Kanara, Rastern			9 18	•••	63	308	748 652	216 0 0	
Kánara, Southern		\$8	97	***	98	708 508	976 878	156 0 0 194 0 0	
Belgaum	1 400		149 121	803 138	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	45	876	96 U O 89 O O	
Bijápur Ratnágiri	•••	***	***		277		277	***	
Total, Southern Circle.				436	548		_	-	<u> </u>
SIND CIRCLE	Sq. m. ac		Sq. m. ac.		Sq. m. ac.	Sq. m. a	e. Sq. m. ac	Re. a. p.	- }
					(†1 265	1			
Sukkur	*420 48	•	***	, •••	‡0 585	20 60	1	1	406 acres disforested, vide Government Resolution No. 11919 of 2nd December 1914. Hence
Lárkána ••• •	203 17	8	***	•••	.†4 44	§22 8	5 228 255		a decrease of 4 acres in the last year's figure which was 420
Hyderabad	- 225 14	2	•••		1 7 425	§15 38	4 248 811		square miles 468 acres. New reservation notified under section 19 of the Indan Forest Act.
Jerrack	¶183 21	4	T228 243	. ***		2 5	5§ 280 291	27 15 1	‡Area of protected forests. § Newly acquired kachas which, though handed over to the
Total, Sind Circle	1,031 850	B	228 248		14 39	60 48	6 1,151 22	27 15	Forest Department, have not been notified yet as reserved forest.
GRAND TOTAL	6,623 85	8 216 2	912 243	436	1,119 89	3,270 30	8 12,695 2	201,209 0	
									when the working plans were originally introduced in 1903-08. Area in column 4 is present area
									of forests in the division and all the working plans are being
							1		revised (vide paragraph 6 of las year's report).
									I This is exclusive of the area in charge of the Revenue Depart ment in the Northern and

FQRM No. 12.

		New Work	s undertaken during t	TB YEAR.			
Division.	Balldings.		Road	s and Paths.		Other Works.	
	Description of Building.	Exponditure incurred.	Description of Road or Path.	Length of Road or Path.	Expenditure incurred.	Expenditure incurred.	Total expended on New Works,
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8
NORTHERN CIRCLE. Panch Maháls	Houses for Forest Subordinates	Rs. 5,101		Miles.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	Total	5,101	·			176 0 0	5,277 O 0
Surat {	Forest Derôt at Fort Songad 3 Utaras (Halt sheds) Ccok room for Ahwa Jail	2,669 ' 1,443 200	Cart roads	20	12,360 O O		17,165 0 0
	Total ••.	4,312	, .	20	12,360 0 0	493 0 0	17,165 0 0
North Thána {	Forest Depôt at Boisar Houses for Forest Subordinates Kacha houses for Forest Subordinates	l <u>a</u> 'aaa			******	•••••	4,014 0 0
,	Total	 -	Cart roads			52 0 0	4,014 0 0
Central Thána }	Houses for Forest Subordinates Do. do. (in part). Kacha houses for Forest Subordinates	1.651	Cart roads	12	4,115 0 0	53 0 0	
South Thána	Total Houses for Forest Subordinates	<u> </u>		12	4,115 0 0		
North Násik South Násik	Do. do	707	Cart roads	5	7,819 0 0	,	1,431 0 0 777 0 0 1,819 0 0
	Total, Northern Circle	20,138		37	18,294 0 0	722 0 0	39,154 0 0
CENTRAL CIRCLE. East Khándesh	Forest Guards' quarters, 2 rooms- accommodation for two Forest Guards at Toranmal in Jamuer Range	700	400000	******			•••••
							_
					•		
· .	Total	700				100	700 0 0

	H.EP	AIBS MECUTED DURING	THE YEAR,					
Buildings.		Roa	ds and Paths	•		Othor Works		Daniel a
Description of Building.	Expenditure incurred.	Description of Boad or Path.	Length repaired.		diture urred,	Expenditure incurred.	Total expended for Repairs.	Remarks.
9	10	11	12	,	18	14	15	16
	Rs.		Miles.	Rs.	8. p.	Rs. a. p.	Ra a p	
Divisional Forest Officer's bungalow.	88	Cart roads	8	34	0 0	102 0 0	514 0	
Iouses for Forest Subordinates	290		•••		•••	•••••		
· [378	[]	8	34	0 0	102 0 0	514 0	- - -
lest Houses	4,159	Cart reads	214	1,681	0 0	239 0 0	6,079 0	0
ţ	4,159	[214	1,681	0 0	239 0 0	6,079 O	o
Iouses for Forest Subordinates	495	Cart tracks	16	764	0 0	******	1,259 0	•
	495		16	764	0 0		1,259 0 (
Houses for Forest Subordinates	620	Cart roads	•••	448	0.0	61 0 0	1,129 0	
•	620	Ì	•••	448	0 0	81 0 0	1,129 0	
Houses for Forest Subordinates	275	Cart roads	•••	82	0 0	16 0 0	823 0	5
Do. do	17 325	**************************************	 8		··· o	******	395 0 (
	6,269	}	246	3,029	0 0	418 0 0	9,716 0	D
•		,		1)		į
Repairs to bungalows at Vaizapur, Chopda Range.	. 52	Chopda Range— Lasur to Nate- shwar and	8	42	0 υ	>*****	*****	
Repairs to bungalow at Ganpa- puri, Raver Runge.	7	Satrasen. Varad Chinch- pani Ganya-	Б	68	0 0	*****	*****	
Repairs to bungalow at Langda- amba and Mahumandali, Yawal Range.	120	manya Ghat. Raver Runge— Kusumba Garbadi and	. 12	118	0 0	******	*****	•
Repairs to Depôts in the following ranges:—	-	Bahiram to Pal. Warkundya to Majal.	•••	68	Q 0			
Chopda 38 Ráver 28		Majal to Tin-	••.	62	0 0			
Yáwal 6	72	Lalmati to Sahasraling.	•••	88	0 0	****	*****	
Repairs to Forest Guards' quar-	Î	Pal to Tinsha- mali and		137	0 0	*****		
ters in the following Ranges:		Eshasra ling						• .
Chopda 53		Mawal Range-	,	**	, ,	İ		
Ráver 26	79	Asarbari Nirgudi.	4]	0 0	*****	******	•
Regains to Forest Guards' huts in		Nirgudya Mahu- mandali.	6	ł	0 0	******	,,,,,,	
the following Ranges:		Marudhar Ma- thani.	11		0 0	*****	******	
Re 6		Mathani to Tinshamali.	5		0 0	•••••	******	
Chálisgaon 33		Tinshamali to Shuttlewort h	15	100	0 0	*****	******	
Jamner 08	107	Ghat. Shuttleworth	6	50	0 0	*****	*****	-
other charges, carriage, etc	211	Ghat to Mongramal.				į		
		Totyabari to Coupe No. 8.	7	_	0 0		*****	
		Northern boun- dary of block	18	40	0 0	•••	*****	
		No. IV.		1,233			1,881 O O	

FORM No. 12.—Communications

,		New Wor	ES UNDERTAKEN DUBING	THE YEAR.			
	Buildings		Roa	ds and Paths.		Other Works.	
Division.	Description of Building.	Expenditure incurred.	Description of Hoad or Path	Length of Road or Path.	Expenditure incurred	Expenditure incurred.	Total expended on New Works.
. 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	· 8
CENTRAL CIRCLE—contd.		Rs.		Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
{	Part construction of a Forest Guards' post at Nanchal.	150	Nawapur Depôt road.	3	1,570	******	
	Part construction of a Forest Guards' post at Harpada.	324			,	i	
.	Part construction of a Forest Guards' post at Ashte.	1,100					
Vest Khándesh	Part construction of a Forest Guards' post at Narayanpur.	900					. '
	Part construction of a Depôt at Lakad- kote.	718					
	Part construction of a Repôt at Chinch- pada.	1,118					
Ę	Two wells at Nawapur and Chinchpads.	*****		******	480199	86 6	*****
•		•			·	•	
- .							Į.
	m.4.1	4 010		 			
•	Total	4,310		3 .	1, 570	866	6,746
*	Forest Guards' quarters in the following Panges:—		Shirpur East Range				
	Re.		Hisala-Bhoitiread.	1	885	102006	
<u> </u> 	Akrani 678 Shirpur, East 900		Shirpur West Range—				
North Khandesh,	Shirpur, West 697		Wasardi-Bhurki road.	. 3	1,557	******	******
	Taloda 681	2,956	·	·		-	
{	Range Forest Officer's quarter at Taloda.	177	·				
	·				·		
				ļ. 1			
		,					
				•			•
							
	Total	3,133		4	2,442	٠٩٠٠٠٠ خر	5,575

	Repa	IRS EXECUTED DURING	THE YEAR.				
Buildings.		Ros	ds and Paths.		Other Works.		Romarks,
Description of Building.	Expenditure incurred.	Description of Road or Path.	Length repaired.	Expenditure incurred.	Expenditure incurred.	Total expanded for Repairs,	
9	10	11	12	18	14	15	10
	Rs.		Miles.	Rs.	Ra.	Rs.	
Repairs to Laling bungalow Repairs to Depôts at—	48	Repairs to Kalam- bari road-	12	250	•••	*****	
Re.		Repairs to Borzar Charanmal road.	214	817	*****		
Nandurbár 69 Khandbara 50 Nawápur 78	197		•				
Repairs to Forest Guards' huts							
Dhaner 16 Haldani 11 Karanjali 32	59						
Repairs to huts at—	• .						
Rs.	•						
Dahyana 12 Hatti 13 Karanjali 25	50	,		·		:	
Repairs to Range Forest Office	15		. •	`-			
Repairs to a well at Wardhana	****	*****	•••	******	150	*****	
•	. 369		818	1,067	150	1,586	
-Repairs to a hut for Government bulls.	13	Repairs to foot- paths in the Akrani Range.	90	1,058		,,.• ••	The difference of Rs. 91 in North Khandesh between the figures under AVII-b and VII-s in form No. 24 of the
Repairs to a bungalow at Toran- mal. Repairs to Forest Guard's and Taláthis' quarters in the follow-	2	Repairs to Ranipur to Toran- mal paths in the	14	, ¹⁵¹	••••	******	Accountant General and this form is due to the sum under AVII-b being shown by the Accountant General under
Taláthis' quarters in the follow- ing Ranges:—		Shahada Range. Repairs to Kothar- Chanseli road in the Taloda	4	219	*****	•••••	AVII-o,
Akrani 14 Shahada 15 Shirpur, East 16 Do. West 70 Taloda 6	. 107	Range.			•		
Repairs to Forest Depôts in the following Ranges:-							
Shahada 15 Shirpur, East 1 Do. West 3 Taloda 28	47	:					
	169	.	108	1,428		1,597	

		Naw Word	KS UNDERTAKEN DURING	THE YEAR:			
į.	Buildings,	·	Ros	ids and Paths.	·	Other Works.	Matal annual
Division.	Description of Building.	Expenditure incurred.	Description of Road or Path.	Length of Road or Path.	Expenditure incurred,	Expenditure incurred.	Total expend- ed on New Works.
1	2	3	4	5.	6	7	8
CENTRAL CIRCLE—contd.		Rs.		Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Forest Guards' posts in the following Ranges:—	•	Mehenduri-Shara n- khel road in Akola Range.	4-1-07	200	*****	*****
	. Rs.		reguide.	ļ .		<u>'</u>	•
Poona ··· ···	Mawal 1,450		1	-		,	
	Ambegaon 1,350	2, 80 0					
Į	One well in Akola Range	***	******		*****	50	*****
į		· '	ł	•			
	-						
	,		•	}	•		
	·			:			. ,
	•		(. ·	•		<u> </u>	
•		l			_		• .
•		<u>:</u>		·			
	Total	2, 800		- 	. 200	50	` 3,050
•							
ſ	Forest Guards' posts in the following Ranges:—		Constructions of the following roads:	1	***		
]	Rs.		Vang Valley road.	}	430		400000
0.44	Fátára 950 Shirala 1,000		Koina Valley	. 3}	1,429	£== \$4 \$	******
Satara	1		road.				
	W81 *** *** 900	2,850			·		
•	Part construction of Forest Guarde, posts in Satara Bange.	100	,				
							•
•							
				,			
•							
•	•				 -	 	<u> </u>
•	Total	2,950	-	5	1,859	Çelesp	4,809
•	Forest Guards' posts as under:-				•	,	,
	Rs.						
Kolába	Bhirse 850 Mahan 1,050].				
{	Pen 1,450 Roha 1,450	4.665	1				•
		4,800	!				
	Total	4,800		101100	*****		4,80 0
	Total, Central Circle	18,698		. 91	6,071	916	25,680

	REPAI	IRS EXECUTED DERING	THE LRIB.				
Buildings.		Ros	ide and Paths.		Other Works,		Romarka,
Description of Building.	Expenditure * incurred.	Description of Roads or Path.	Length repaired.	Expenditure incurred.	Expenditure incurred.	Total expended for Repairs	asvirmi g.v.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Rs.		Milcs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Repairs to bungalows:-		ļ	.		1	•	The difference of Rs. 72 in the
Bhimashankar in Ambegaon Range.	. 19	Repairs to roads and paths as under:—				ļ	Poons Division between the figures under AVII-a and in form No. 24 of the
Hivre in Junuar Range Ambavne in Mulshi Range	26 13	Bhimashan kar ,Bungalow road in the	1	7		•••	Accountant General and this form is due to the sum under AVII-s included by the Accountant General under
Vite in Akola Range	15	Amb e g a o n Range. Bhorgiri-Lanoli	9	290	******	****	AVII-b.
Repairs to Forest Guards' posts in the following Ranges:—	99	bridle path, Khed Range. La noli-Bhima-	10	492		*****	
Lanoli Range	3	shankar path, Lanoli Range.	• 9	250			
Haweli Range	8	Wandre Khind to Kusur road,		250	•••••	****	·
Akola Range	į	Mawal Range. Ambit Rajur road and Ambit Ku-	•••	79	******	******	1
		sumshet road in Rajur Range,					
	183		28	1,112	******	1,295	
1			•				1
Repairs to Forest Guards' posts, huts and Depôts in the follow- ing Ranges:—		Repairs to the following roads: Vang Valley road.	19	2,784	*****	******	
Rs 67 67 Karád 44 Mahábleshwar 87		Koin a Valley road. Repairs to the Inspection paths	14	8,803	******	*****	
Pátan 20 Sátára 5 Shirála 3 Wái 3	272	under:	. 10 80 10	80 120 85 89	*****		
Deepening of wells at-	` }	Shirála	25	50		*****	
Karád	*****	******	::: :::	******	864 420 4	******* ******	
Shirála Upkeep and repairs of camping grounds.	***		•••	••••	29		
ground	272		138	6,411	817	7,500	
Repairs to Forest posts such as	355	Kondvi-Diwan- mal road and	7	113			•
Repairs to Forest posses white washing turning tiles, etc.		Bandh-Tiwari road, Nagotna and Dapoli Ranges respec- tively.					
		. 1					
	355		7	113	•••••	468	
-	1,996		381,	11,364	967	14,327	

		Naw Wos	ES UNDERTAKEN DUZING	THE YEAR.		· .	
Piv's'on.	Buildings.		Roa	ds and Paths.		Other Works.	
	Description of Building.	Expenditure incurred.	Description of Road or Path,	Length of Road or Path.	Expenditure incurred.	Expenditure incurred.	Total Expended on New Works.
1	2	. 8	4.	5	6	7	8
SOUTHERN CIRCLE. Kánara, Northern	Rest-houses Houses for Subordinate Establishment .	Rs. 1,093 888	Hudsa Joida cart	Miles,	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
	Houses for Subordinate Establishment		-				
	Total	1,981		1	362	976	3,319
Kánara, Eastern	Rest-houses Houses for Subordinate Establishment	3,895 1,085	Cart roads Cycle paths	15 28	636 97	******	******
	Total •••	4,980		43	733	495	6,208
Kánara, Southern	Houses for Subordinate Establishment .	730	Cart roads	63	5,825	******	•••••
	Total	730		61/2	5,825	••••••	6,555
Kánara, Western	Rest-houses Houses for Subordinate Establishment Head-quarter House		Cart roads Cycle paths	4. 4.	2 ,508 30	*****	
	Total	6,696		8	2,538	282	9,516
Belgaum	Rest-houses	8,102 620 6,872	Bridges on cart	••••	5,920		,
•	Total :	15,594	_		5,920	1,142	22,656
Dhárwár	425100		*41****	******	******		******
		3			·		
	Total			* ******		. 50	50
Bijápur		**************************************	1	*****	*****	*****	*****
Ratnágīri	484	9.	***************************************	*****		040178	
	Total, Southern Circle	29,981		58}.	15,878	2,945	48,304

. 24

	Rep	TIME EXECUTED	NI E UC	G THE TEAR.				
Buildings.			Roads	and Paths.		Other Works,		Romarks,
Description of Building.	Expenditure incurred.	Description Road or Pa	of th.	Length repaired.	Expenditure incurred.	Expenditure fucurred.	Total expended for repairs.	
9	10	11		12	18	14.	-15	16
	Rs.			Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Ra,	,
Rest-houses Houses for Subordinate Establish	230 1,381	Cart roads	•••	90	9,436		*****	
ment. Head-quarter Houses	392				_			
	2,003			90	9,436	510	11,949	
.		1				•		
Head-quarter houses and houses for Subordinate Establishment.	985	Cart roads	•=-	42	5, 25 5		*44***	
	985			42	5,255	85	6,275	
Head-quarter houses and houses for Subordinate Establishment.	379	Cart roads	•	6	134	•••••• •	******	
` 								
	- 879	:		6	134	43		
Rest-houses Head-quarter houses and houses for Subordinate Establishment.	216 769	Cart roads	•••		5,602	******	••••••	Rs. 5,000 contributed for repairs of Local Board roads and Rs. 454 on account of pay of temporary Establish- ments have been excluded.
	985		ļ		5,602	20	6,007	
		0.4	•	, #0	10.010	{	•	Rs. 218 of account of the
Rest-houses	158 - 1,022 881	Cart roads	***	76	10,318	} ,•••••	* ******	purchase of tools and road sollers have been excluded
	2,061	•		76	10,318	4	12,378	
Rest-house Head-quarter houses Houses for Subordinate Establishment.	58 175 367	Cart roads		8	2,4 20		*****	Rs. 28 on account of the pur- chase of tools have been excluded.
.	600		ŀ	8	2,420	4	8,024	
.]	•		Ī					•
Houses for Subordinate Establishment		******	 	·•• •		••••	88	
Houses for Subordinate Establish- ment.	. 10	· ••••••		• 1. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, ,	•••••	10	•
	7,061	-	Í	222	33,160	616	44),837	

Form No. 12.—Communications

SIND CIRCLE. Sukkur Cor pc Cor Add Sc Oth	Description of Building. 2 Instruction of a portion of a compound wall in Rahuja Nursery. Instruction of Raiswah Naka Iditions to the rest-houses for Forest Subordinates. Total		Description of Road or Path.	Length of Road or Path.	Expenditure incurred. 6 Rs.	Other Works. Expenditure incurred. 7 Rs. a. p.	Total expended on New Works. 8 Rs. a. p.
SIND CIRCLE. Sukkur Cor pc Cor Add Si	enstruction of a portion of a com- bound wall in Rahuja Nursery. Enstruction of Raiswah Naka Iditions to the rest-houses for Forest Subordinates. Cher petty works	Rs. a. p. 729 2 4 345 15 11 229 3 4 11 7 10	Road or Path.	Boad or Path.	6 Rs.	Expenditure incurred. 7 Rs. a. p.	8 Rs. a. p.
SIND CIRCLE. Sukkur Cor pc Cor Add Si	enstruction of a portion of a com- cound wall in Rahuja Nursery. Construction of Raiswah Naka Iditions to the rest-houses for Forest Subordinates. Cher petty works	Rs. a. p. 729 2 4 345 15 11 229 3 4 11 7 10	•	Miles.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Sukkur Cor po Cor Add So Oth	onstruction of Raiswah Naka Iditions to the rest-houses for Forest Subordinates. Ther petty works	729 2 4 345 15 11 229 3 4 11 7 10	******	Miles.		_	-
Add Si Otil	Iditions to the rest-houses for Forest Subordinates. Ther petty works	229 3 4 11 7 10 1,815 13 5			-		,
	Total						,
	Total						
	•			•••••• 	******	******	1,315 13 5
Lárkána Pu F I	urchase of land for the Divisional Forest Officers' office and Quarters at Larkana.	2,806 0 0		******	******	*****	
	onstruction of rest-houses for Sub- ordinates.	295 0 0			·		
	. Total	3,101 0 0		******		*******	3,101 0
Hyderabad C	Construction of an inspection bungalow at Mari.	800 0 0	*****	******	********	73 0 0	••••
	Construction of rest-houses for Forest Subordinates. Other petty works	81.0					
	Total	1,063 0 0				73 0 0	1,136 0
Jerruck A	Additions to rest-houses for Forest Sub- ordinates.	339 3 4	**1eeb ·			854 0 0	693 3
	Total	839 8 4				854 0 0	693 3
	Total, Sind Circle	5,819 0 9	•		******	427 0 0	6,246 0

and Buildings during 1914-1915—concluded.

		REPAIRS EXECUTED	DURING THE 7	rear.			
Buildings.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Roa	ds and Paths.		Other Works.	Total	: К епить «
Description of Building.	Expenditure incurred.	Description of Road or Path.	Longth repaired.	Expenditure incurred.	Expenditure incurred.	expended for Require,	1 · 1
9	10	11	12	18	14	15	10
Repairs to inspection bungalows and houses for Forest Subordi- nates.	Rs. s. p. 478 15 5	410000	Miles.	Ra.	Rs. s. p. 475 13 0	Rs. a. p. 954 12 5	_
					•	·	
- -	478 15 5			*****	475 18 0	954 12 5	
Bepairs to houses for Forest Sub- ordinates.	658 '5 1	******	•••	*****	765 1 4	1,426 6 6	
				,	•		
-	65 8 5 1		•••	*****	768 1 4	1,426 6 5	
Repairs to inspection bungalow and houses for Forest Sub- ordinates.	958 5 8	******	•••	*****	435 0 0	1,393 5 3	
·	-	•					
	968 5 8			*****	435 0 0	1,893 5 3	•
Repairs to houses for Forest Sub- ordinates.	289 15 2	******	***		1,187 6 8	1,477 6 5	•
		•		·			
	289 15 2			****	1,187 6 8	1,477 6 6	
	2,385 8 11	•	•••	*****	2,866 4 7	5,251 13 6	
.	17,711 8 11	ļ	849	47,553	4,867 4 7	70,131 13 6	

FORM No. 13.—Prosecutions for breaches of Forest Rules during 1914-1915.

			New Cas	ES OF TE	B YEAR.		ļ		Disposed	OF DU	RING TH	E YRAB	le ·		
	Cases pend-		Unan- thorized	Grazing without				Conv	ictions.	Acq	uittals.	T c	otal.	Cases pend-	drawn,
Forest Division,	ing from 1913- 1914.	Injury to forest by fire.	felling or appro- priation of wood and minor forest produce.	permis- sion or	Other offences.	Total new cases of the year.	Total cases.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	ing at close of year.	Cases withdrawn,
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
NORTHERN CIRCLE.												 -		{	
anch Maháls \dots (A) \dots (B) \dots (C) \dots	68 	8 4 106	11 516 242	15 395 2	8 21 	-37 936 350	40 1,004 350	32 887 	73 1,854 		8	35 887 350	81 1,854	117 	•••
Total ::.	71	118	769	412	24	1,323	1,394	919	1,927	3	8	1,272	1,935	122	•••
urat $\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} (A) & \dots \\ (B) & \dots \\ (C) & \dots \end{array} \right\}$	3 3	31 5 3	25 6	28 	2 7 1	34 65 10	37 68 10	35 59	93 166			36 59 10	94 166	9	
Total	6	39	31	29	10	109	115	94	259	1	1	105	260	10	ļ
forth Thána $\dots \begin{cases} (A) & \dots \\ (B) & \dots \\ (C) & \dots \end{cases}$	31 	3 60	92 102	168	26 2	7 289 164	9 320 164	263 	13 481 	2	5	263 164	18 481	57	•••
Total	33	64	199	169	28	460	493	269	494	2	5	435	499	58	<u> ••</u>
Central Thans $\dots \begin{cases} (A) & \dots \\ (B) & \dots \\ (C) & \dots \end{cases}$	(a) 5 (a) 2	· 23 · 1 86	5 218 140	5 223 1	19	33 461 227	38 463 227	29 463	37 1,104	5		34 463 227	48 1,104	4	
Total	7	-	363	229	19	721	728	492	1,141	5	11	724	1,152	4	<u> </u>
South Thána \dots $\begin{cases} (A) & \dots \\ (B) & \dots \\ (C) & \dots \end{cases}$	(b) 5 (b) 19	12 71	223 205	12 806 2	3 45 3	31 586 281	605	518 	1,5SO •••	4	6	30 5 8 281	95 1,580	87	•
Total			·	320	51	_		544	1,669	4	6	-[1,675	93	
North Násik (A) (B) (C)	1:	1 5 16	10 465 96	510 	6 54		1,034	1,034 	131 2,655	2 	3	1,034 112	134 2,655	3	::
. Total		_	- \	527	60	1,180	1,191	1,074	2,786	2		_	2,789	3	
South Násik $\dots \begin{cases} \begin{pmatrix} A \end{pmatrix} & \dots \\ \langle B \end{pmatrix} & \dots \\ \langle C \rangle & \dots \end{cases}$		7 16 61	386	287			75L	41 751 		•••	47	47 751 185	155 2,129		
Total		-	_	-	_	-		-	2,237	6	_\	983	2,284	-\	
Total \dots $\begin{cases} (A) & \dots \\ (B) & \dots \\ (C) & \dots \end{cases}$	123	73 3 403 403	1,925	1,917	234	4,122	2 4,245	3,975		23	81	232 3,975 1,329	625 9,969		
Total, Northern Circle	150	522	2,895	1,992	264	5,678	5,829	4,184	10,513	23	81	5,536	10,594	293	
CENTRAL CIRCLE.															
East Khándesh $\begin{cases} (A) & \dots \\ (B) & \dots \\ (C) & \dots \end{cases}$		5 2 4 80	281 281 211	1 228		623	2 622	622	73 1,929	3		31 622 145	1,929		;
Total		5 30	410	235	115	79	801	650	2,002	3	17	798	2,019	3	
West Khandesh (A) (B) (C)		2 11	1 25' 3 103	433		70	9 709	709	64 1,328		1	. 15 709 175	1,328		'
Total		2 7:	370	430	3 20	90	4 906	728	1,392	-	.	809	 -	3 7	7 .
North Khandesh $\{A\}$. $\{C\}$.		7 29	2 204	1 12	3 9:	2 2 1 44 13	5 448	448	986	3	•••	25 445 136	986	5	-
Total	[7 7			2 9:			_	1,04	3 7		3 . 606	_	1 6	_

⁽A) Cases taken into Court.
(B) Cases compounded.
(C) Cases undetected.
(a) 2 cases subsequently transferred to B.
(b) 4 do. do. A.

FORM No. 13 .- Prosecutions for breaches of Forest Rules during 1914-1915-continued.

	•	•		NEW CA	SES OF T	HE YEAR.				Disross	D OF D	TE DRIED	IN YEA	B.		
70	Tu. 1 .	Cases pend-		Unau- thorized felling	Grazing without permis-			Total	Conv	ictions.	, A cq	uittale.	T	otal,	Cases pend- ing at	1
Forest	Division.	ing from 1913- 1914.	to forest by fire.	or appro- priation	sion or in tracts in which grazing is pro- hibited.	Other offences.	Total new cases of the year.	cuses.	Cases.	Persons.	Casos.	Persons.	Casca.	Persons.	olono of your.	ì
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
CENTRAI	L CIRCLE—															
ona	{ (A) (B) (C)	2 	5 20 63	27 928 196	26 770 8	6 73 8	04 1,791 270	66 1,791 270	1,701	3,957		::: :::	64 1,791 270	162 8,957	2 	
•	Total	2	88	1,151	804	82	2,125	2, 127	1,850	4,098	5	11	2,120	4,100	2	1
satára	{ (A) (B) (C)	12	5 18 21	22 *486 43	41 510	13 66	81 1,080 64	93 1,080 64	1,080	183 1,638	2	2	74 1,080 64	1,638	19	
	Total	12	44	551	551	79	1,225	1,237	1,152	1,821	2	2	1,218	1,828	10	
Colába	{(A) (B) (C)	• •	47 19 46	132 594 337	12 253 4	25 68 9	216 934 896	296 934 396	934		25	38	228 934 396	2,002	68	
• •	Total	80	112	1,063	269	102	1,546	1,626	1,137	2,407	25	. 38	1,558	2,445	69	
Total	1 { (A) (B) (C)	108	77 87 265	214 2,750 890	92 2,321 14	51 423 17	434 5,581 1,186	542 5,581 1,186	5,581		87	75	5,581 1,186	11,840	105	1
Total, Cen	tral Circle	108	429	3,854	2,427	491	7,201	7,309	5,98	12,768	87	75	7,20	12,843	105	
	ern CIRCLE. orthern (A) (B) (C)	8 88 3	4 114		2 173	19	6 263	14 351	27	516	4	8 8	274	510	8 77	'l
	(C) Total	99	114	18	175	20	138	501		528	4	8	389	·	113	
Kánara, En	stern {(A) (B) (C)		1 13 76	. 4 81 33	4 55	. 1	10 160 112	11 166 119	13:	31	2	8	10 183 111	36 210	 82 7	-
	Total	14	90	118	59	15	282	296	140	271	2	5	253	276	89	
Kánara, So	$_{\text{uthern}} \begin{cases} \text{(A)} & \dots \\ \text{(B)} & \dots \\ \text{(C)} & \dots \end{cases}$	96 891 10	11 15 162	59 1,078 92	1 48	169	73 1,910 254	169 1,701 264	1,333	210 2,467	24	 :::	116 1,838 204	2,467	58 866	
	Total	497	188	1,229	49	171	1,637	2,134	1,42	2,677	24	79	1,712	2,756	419	
Kanara, W	estern {(A) (B) (C)	11 2	1 11 59	24 561 55	1 29	1 28	27 629 114	88 631 114	631	24 1,529	12	23 :::	80 631 114	1,529	6	
	Total	13	71	640	30	29	770	783	649	1,553	12	23	776	1,576	G	-
Belgsum	{(A) (B) (C)	15 287 12	6 17 106	11 348 148	14 775 17	 22 3	21 1,162 274	46 1,449 286	1,343	2,663	8	.:: :::	31 1,343 282	2,658	15 106 4	- -
	Total	314	129	507	806	25	1,467	1,781	1,366	2,094	8	19	1,656	2,713	125	-
Dhárwár	{(A) (B) (C)	9 50	3 4 60	11 152 126	99	33 . •••	20 288 186	29 338 186	305	991		 	25 805 164	991	4 33 22	
	Total	59		289	103	35	494	5 53		[3	16	494		r9	- 1

н 1364-31

FORM No. 13.—Prosecutions for breaches of Forest Rules during 1914-1915—concluded.

				NEW CA	BES OF TH	B YEAR.	 -			Disp	OSED O	F DURING	тнв Ү	BAR.		
		Cases pend-		Unau- thorized felling	Grazing without				Conv	rictions.	Acq	quittals.	T	otal.		Cases
Forest 1	Division-	ing from 1913- 1914.	Injury to forest by fire.	or appro- priation of wood and minor forest produce.	permis- sion or in tracts in which grazing is pro- hibited.	Other offences.	Total new cases of the year.	Total cases.	Саяев.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	close of year.	with- drawn.
	1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
SOUTHER —(cont	N CIRCLE			}		 								I		
Bijápur	{ (A) (B) (C)	. 5 33	32	33 213 57	39 228 2	1 28 5	73 469 96	78 502 96	455		12	41	72 455 96	205 1,574 	6 47	•••
	Total	. 88	32	303	269	34	638	676	515	1,738	12	41	623	1,779	53	
Ratnégiri	{ (A) (B) (C)	22	 1	 9 2	•••	3 6 	3 15 3	3 37 3	34	8 35	•••	•••	2 34 3	35	1 3 	,
	Total	22	1	11		9	21	43	36	43		•••	39	43	4	
Tota	1 (A) (B) (C)	145 879 32	26 60 610	142 2,513 531	65 1,407 19	10 316 12	243 4,296 1,172	\$88 5,175 1,204	4,507	545 10,005	65	191	296 4,507 1,137		88 664 66	4 4 1
Total, South	ern Circle	1,056	696	3,186	1,491	338	5,711	6,767	4,738	10,550	65	191	5,940	10,741	818	9
	CIRCLE.	. 12		37	6	1	44	56	80	73	7	21	37	94	19	
Eukkur	{ (A) (B) (C)		9	37 454 328		1 2 	337	1,181 337	30 1,181 		•••		1,181 337	1,376		***
	Total	12	9	819	731		1,562	1,574	1,211	1,449	7	21_	1,555	1,470	19	•••
Lárkána	{ (A) (B) (C)		13	12 68 12	2 219 	12 2	18 299 27	22 299 27		307	6	10	21 299 27	50 307	1	•••
	Total	4	13	92	221	- 18	344	318	314	847	6	10	347	<u>357</u>	1	. •••
Hyderabad	{(A) (B) (C)		1	15 221 8	747 	16 13 5	32 981 14	34 981 14	981	59 988	 	2	27 981 14	61 988 	7	848 446 479
	Total	2	1	244	748	34	1,027	1,029	1,007	1,047		2	1,022	1,049	7	•••
Jerruck	{ (A) (B) (C)	9 2	23	95 15	5 160	2	11 255 38	20 257 38	256	41 274 	1 	i	17 256 38	42 274	3 1 	***
	Total	11	23	114	165	2	304	315	272	815	1	1	311	316	4	} •••
	{(A) (B) (C)		46	68 838 863	14 1,851 	23 27 . 7	105 2,716 416	132 2,718 416	87 2,717	213 2,945	15 		102 2,717 416	247 2,945	30 1	
· ·	nd Circle	 	46	1,269	1,865	57	3,237	3,266			15	34	3,235		31	
GRAND TOTAL	· ⟨ (A) · (B) · (C) ·	1,004	176 193 1,324	489 8,026 2,689	7,496 38	98 1,000 52	1,004 16,715 4,103	1,317 17,719 4,135	***	***	140	381	1,067 16,780 4,068	2,611 34,759	246 935 66	
	(1,349	1,693	11,204	7,775	1,150	21,822	23,171	17,707	36,989	140	381	21,915	37,370	1,247	

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 14.—Area of Forest Tracts protected from fire during 1914-1915.

Division.	•	Forest Re	nges.	Year in which protection commenced.	Area protected during 1913-1914.	Area attempted to be protected.	Failures.	Area actually protocted.	Cost		Remarka.
1		2		3	4	8	6	7	8		9
NORTHER					Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Ra, a.	p,	
Panch Mahála	{	Godhra Kglol Hálol Dohad Jhølod	***	***	87,603 19,321 24,485 42,522 25,008	89,256 21,683 28,306 46,242 26,862	1,214 1,470 2,501 4,630 913	88,042 2 0,088 25,805 4 1,812 2 5,949	4,484 0	0	
	•		Total .		198,939	212,100	10,728	201,471	4,484 0	Ü	
iurst •••	{	Dángs Ran Mándvi Bulsár-Chi		***	418,151 40,814 2,812	419,808 40,887 2,812	11,838	407,975 40,887 2,810	3 0,232 0	0	
		Ì	Total .	•	461,777	463,507	11,835	451,672	0,232 (0	
North Thána	{	Máhim Dáhánu Umbargaoi	***	** ***	74,784 78,778 57,724	76,440 •79,484 58,225	4,579 642 1,869	71,861 78,842 56,346	2,596 0	0	
		<u> </u>	Total .	***	211,236	214,149	7,090	207,059	2,596 0	U	
Central Thána	{	Bassein Wáda Khardi Mokháda	*** *	000 000 000 000 000 000	54,077 76,238 67,051 85,404	54,350 79,729 68,745 86,038	894 2,509 2,878 465	58,462 77,219 66,967 35,578	4,635	0	
•		}	Total .	•••	232,765	238,867	6,246	232,621	4,635	0	
Scuth Tháua	{	Sálsette Kalyán Bhiwndi Sháhapur Murbad	***		14,669 33,216 43,345 06,664 54,896	14,733 81,691 40,151 70,250 55,864	469 552 1,225 8,707 395	14,204 81,139 88,926 61,543 55,469	11 '	0	
			Total	***	212,790	212,689	11,348	201,341	8,794	0	
North Násik		Málegaon Nandgaon Baglan Kalwan Chandwad Yeola	***		109,565 65,459 119,853 107,174 21,772 25,829	65,474 120,401 107,049	897	64,427 120,004	738	0	
•		· }	Total .		449,652	450,148	1,994	418,149	738 0	0	
South Nasik	{	Násik Igatpari Siunar Dindori North Pein			40,943 53,430 81,508 51,308 106,834	41,567 53,629 81,625 53,734 107,267	845 576 103 1,590 109	40,722 63,063 81,522 61,838 107,158	1,444 0	0	
	•		Total		284,073	287,922	8,529	284,293	1,444 0	0	
		Total, North	he rn Circ	le	2,051,232	2,079,376	52,770	2,026,606	23,923 0	0.	.1

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 14.—Area of Forest Tracts protected from fire during 1914-1915—continued.

Division.	Forest Ranges.	Year in which protection commenced.	Area protected during** 1913-1914.	Area attempted to be protected.	Failures.	Area actually protected.	Cost.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4 .	5	6	7	8	9
•	•	[Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs. a. p.	
CENTRAL CIRCLE.			·					
	Chálisgaon Chopda Edalabad Erandol	•••	37,677 87,450 39,439 29,246 13,249	38,250 107,700 41,346 38,799	1,110 8,040 1,659 2,755	37,140 99,660 39,687 36,044	375 0 0 1,168 0 0 220 0 0	•
East Khándesh •••	Jalgaon Bhusáwal Jámner Parola Ráver Yáwal	***	22,169 40,582 37,405 68,565 57,490	64,409 43,920 76,210 78,000	847 511 16,928 12,250	63,562 43,409 59,282 65,750	62 0 0 620 0 0 877 0 0 *12 0 0	• Charges for printing fire
-	Total	•••	433,272	488,634	44,100	444,534	3,334 0 0	notices.
	Dhulia Sindkheda	1 6 ***	75,766	75,818	484	75,334] :	·.
West Khandesh {	Sákri Pimpalner Nandurbár Navápur	5	135,009 59,711 49,298	145,901 63,558 61,878	24,521 3,017 3,550	121,380 60,541 67,828	4,502 0 0	
-	Total		319,784	346,655	31,572	315,083	4,502 0 0	
ſ	Akráni	***	184,408	194,684 71,680	65,280 14,816	129,404 56,864	2,207 0 0 1,543 0 0	
North Khandesh	Sháháda		71,014 82,286	1	10,046	73,015	1,646 0 0	}
MOLDI DISAMOSI III	Shirpur, East		167,435		3,953	192,582	(1,192 0 '0	
	Total		505,143	555,766	103,901	451,865	8,641 0 0	
Poona	Dhond Indapur Sirur Shrigonda Haveli Junnar Khed Lonávla Mával Mulshi Purandhar Bhimthadi Akola Sangamner		38,769 7,362 1,957 8,293 25,507 40,204 34,983 46,211 26,114 7,787 2,565 66,719 64,509	1,957 3,293 290 26,480 39,051 35,493 47,148 26,116 8,100	149 2 610 232 1,204 236 28 23 23 89 69 49	38,704 7,295 1,957 3,293 290 25,870 38,819 34,289 46,884 26,093 8,011 2,565 66,822 65,059	125 0 0 12 0 0	
	Total		866,270	368,642	2,691	365,951	146 0 0	
Sátára •••	Jávli Karád Khatáv Mahábleshwar Pátan Sátára Shirála Tásgaon Wái		58,328 28,936 5,381 42,983 74,391 45,184 36,209 4,581 32,917	28,960 5,381 43,202 75,113 45,300	134 81 896 223 20	58,320 28,960 5,381 43,121 74,717 45,077 86,191 4,581 83,234	163 0 0 4 0 0	
	Total		328,910	330,346	764	829,582	173 0 0	, -

FORM No. 14.—Area of Forest Tracts protected from fire during 1914-1915—continued.

Division.	Forest Ranges,	Year in which protection commenced.	Area protected during 1913-1914.	Area attempted to be protected.	Failures.	Area actually protected.	Cost.	Remarks.
	2	3	4	5	, 6	7	. 8	9
CENTRAL CIRCLE			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs. a. p.	
- Kolába	Alibág Pen Panvel Karjab Khálápur Nágothna Roha Mángaon Mahád Dápoli Mátherán		27,386 30,598 27,978 31,996 21,706 35,204 39,040 26,031 25,750 2,122 1,106	27,489 29,964 27,572 32,520 21,839 35,226 39,281 26,290 25,877 2,122 1,108	82 152 400 400 99 116 130 19 146 1 20	27,407 29,812 27,172 32,120 21,740 35,110 39,151 26,271 25,731 2,121 1,088	188 0 0 225 0 0 163 0 0 389 0 0 104 0 0 358 0 0 424 0 0 331 0 0 90 0 0	
	Total		268,917	269,288	1,565	267,723	2,318 0 0	
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.	Total, Central Circle		2,222,296	2,359,331	184,593	2,174,738	19,114 0 0	
Kánara, Northern {	Haliyal Supa Sambrani Kulgi Dandeli Gund Virnoli	1888-89 1887-88	37,131	42,576 122,569 47,321 29,518 51,745 22,325 40,479	911 4,163 675 1,105 5,135	41,665 118,406 46,646 28,413 46,610 22,325 40,470	1,614 0 0 522 0 0 1,084 0 0 211 0 0 864 0 0 275 0 0 280 0 0	Rs. 28 spent or account of printing fire patrol brok has been excluded
	Total	•••	221,278	356,533	11,998	344,535	4,850 0 0	
	Yellapur Block 13. Do. 17. Do. 12. Unorgainzed forests Kirwatti Block 13. Do. 14.	1897-98 1902-03 1914-15 1888-89	28,293	138,440	2,451	135,989	493 0 0	
Kánara, Eastern	Do. 15. Do. 16. Unorganized forests . Bhartnalli Block 18. Do. 16. Do. 21. Unorganized forests . Mundgod and Katur Block 22. Do. 23. Do. 24.	1902-03 1914-15 1894-95 1902-03 1914-15 1888-89 1902-03	35,055	72,327 91,972 115,049	1,414 315 1,821	70,913	1,274 0 0 580 0 0 3,104 0 0	
t	Teak pole area Unorganized forests	1909-10	<u> </u>					
	Total	1000.07	215,572	417,788	6,001	411,787	5,451 0 0	
Kánara, Southern	Sirsi Siddápur Honávar Bhatkal	1906-07 . 1910-11 1900-01 1899-00	3,586 165 6,448 3,927	3,666 225 6,597 4,029	23 35	3,643 190 6,597 4,029	115 0 0 30 0 0 168 0 0 160 0 0	
	Total		14,126	14,517	58	14,459	473 0 0	,
Kánara, Western {	Kárwár Kadra Ankola	1887-88 1887-88 1888-89 1899-00	7,160 28,644 156,436 6,516	7,644 28,739 156,870 6,562	78 427 113	7,644 28,661 156,448 6,449	554 0 0 499 0 0 547 0 0 427 0 0	•
	Total		198,756	199,815	618	199,197	2,027 0 0	
Belgaum	Khanapur, Eastern Khanapur, Central Khanapur, Western Gokak	1888-89 1886-87 1910-11 1889-90 1894-95	83,246 44,310 75,927 84,232 94,191	84,371 47,216 77,497 97,023 94,290	243 1,681 1,75 5 241 41	84,128 45,535 75,742 96,782 94,249	1,083 0 0 1,370 0 0 1,664 0 0 670 0 0 890 0 0	Rs. 751 spent on fire flags, tin plates, fire drums, printing notices and rewards to helpers in fire protection have been excluded.
•	Total		381,906	400,397	3,961	396,436	5,677 0 0	
Dhárwár	Kalghatgi Bankápur Hangal Kod	1888-89 1907-08 1913-14	29,096 97,688 17,183 11,675 16,176 9,430	94,692 46,800 20,133 13,453 18,012 10,305	3,167 3,086 389 542 3,376 1,600	33,325 43,714 19,744 12,911 14,636 8,705	862 0 0 681 0 0 257 0 0 251 0 0 65 0 0 1 0 0	Rs. 131 spent on fire drams and flags have been ex- cluded.
	Total		121,248	143,395	10,160	133,235	2,117 0 0	

FORM No. 14.—Area of Forest Tracts protected from fire during 1914-1915—concluded.

· Division.		Forest Ra	nge8₊	Year in which protection commenced.	Area protected during 1913-1914.	Area attempted to be protected.	failures.	Area actually protected.	Cost.	Remarks
		2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
SOUTHER!	ued.	<u>.</u>			Астев.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs. a. p.	
	Sì	Bágalkot .	••	1889-90	1,985	2,720	85	2,635	111 0.0	
Bijápur	" ````````	Bádámi .		" ···	6,240	11,312	347	10,965	96 0 0	
	1	T	otal		8,225	14,032	432	13,600	207 0 0	
Ratnágiri		Khed Chiplún Sangameshva Ratnágiri Rájápur	140 44 140 140 150 140	1892-93	473 6,435 798 8,101 277 822 11	474 6,435 798 3,101 277 822 11	10	474 6,435 788 8,101 277 322 11 625	10 0 0	
	- {	Málvan d	· · ·	1 1	· 625 9	. 625 9	•••	9	10 0 0	
		נ	otal		12,051	12,052	10	12,042	80 0 0	
		Total, Southe	rn Circle	•	1,173,162	1,558,529	83,238	1,525,291	20,832 0 0	
SIND CIRC	LE.						:			
Sukku)		Ghotki Sadhuja Rohri Abad Sakkur	*** ***	Not known 1885-86 & 1887-88.	1	44,395 31,107 58,288 30,540 40,022 27,787 23,255	18 13 2 52 1	44,877 81,094 58,288 90,540 40,020 27,785 23,254 28,760	******* ****** ****** ****** ******	Jarmar Forest trans- ferred from Ghotki to Mirpur Range and Sundrau Forest transferred from Kashmore to Ghotki Range,
	•		Total .	·	285,781	284,156	88	284,068		
Lárkána •••	{	Garhi Yásin Lárkána Radhan Sehwán Kandiáro	1.0 . 1.0 .	Not known	82,424 27,971 20,992 21,417 42,392	82,426 25,401 22,615 22,933 42,800	268 2 50 40	32,426 25,133 22,613 22,883 42,760	000, 000, 000, 000, 000,000	
Hyderabad	{	Sakrand Hála Miáni Hyderabad Unerpur		Not known	47,997 44,837 25,878 2,223 27,653	50,442 50,964 26,166 2,223 29,236	29	50,442 50,935 26,166 2,223 29,236	**************************************	
		,	Fotal .		148,588	159,031	29	159,002	.,,,,,	
Jerruck •••	{	Tatta Sháhbandar Mulchand Katiar	•••	Not known	50,102 25,066 43,252 21,297	35,840 20,341 48,126 48,191	61 292 216	85,779 20,049 47,910 43,191	301 2 0 171 4 8 1,145 2 8	
	•	i			139,717	147,498	569	146,929	1,617 8 11	
		Total, Sind C			719,28 2 6,165,972	786,860 6,784,096	271,647	735,814 6,462,449	1,617 8 11 65,486 8 11	

FORM No. 15.

		(.	A)	1	(B)	· 						INC IN	SIDE TH
		by acc	caused ident or	the fo	entering prests by	<u> </u>	0w	ing to	erelesanes	s or acc	cident.	,	
Division or Circle.		careles but	ough sness in ning lines.	exter	ossing ior fire- ices.	emple the for pure	orkmen byed in rests, by masers, rs, etc.	travell pas thre	llagers, ers, etc., ssing ough orests.	By r en	railw ay gines.	0	ightning r by balloons
		No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burn: in acres.	No. of fires.	Ares burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Arca burnt in acres
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	. 8	9	10	11	12	13
NORTHERN CIRCLI	Ē.												
anch Mahals urat North Thana central do outh do North Násik outh Násik	•••	10 1 24 5 3	305 21 572 150 310	8 6 6 17 	862 126 399 1,449 382	10 2 2	1,7(2 11 167	27 8 8 3	2,557 2 343 584 112 741	8 9 2 2	307 19 22 107	***	
Total	l .	43	1,588	53	3,218	14	1,880	57	4,339	15	455		•••
CENTRAL CIRCLE	•				 -								
Cast Chándesh Vest do Vorth do Voona Stárs	**	13	16,826 218 1	2 1: 21	12,325 35,781 336	17 31 2 	2,£08 31,867 28	12 7 21 33 23 49	2,172 484 15,025 1,103 160 877		 80 90	***	
Tota	ıl	14	17,045	34	48,442	5U	34,403	145	19,826	5	170		***
SOUTHERN CIRCLI	e.			<u></u>			<u>·</u> _						
Anara, Northern Do. Eastern Do. Southern Do. Western Belgaum Dhárwár Bijápur Batnágiri	**** *** *** ***	6 5 5 1	37 93 6 127 103 126 80	6 2 6 1 1	240 22 332 12	1 4 3	75 3 17 18	57 20 73 2 12 9 5	4,978 304 1,478 1 205 1,650 173	7 1 5	24 15 457	10 6	19 15
, Tota	i	24	572	16	616	. 9	108	178	8,789	13	496	17	29
SIND CIRCLE.													
ukkur árkána yderabad erruck	•••	<u> </u>	100		1	1	 30	4		•••			•••
• Total	l .,.	3	100	1	1	2	31	4	13	•••	•••		•••
. Grand Total	l	84	19,105	104	52,277	75	36,422	384	32,967	33	1,121	17	29
			1	!					·				1

,		:	By Intenti	onal Firi	ng.		,	,	<i>'</i>			
In ord	ler to w grass.	In order out gam reduce	to turn	Malici fire	ously	·	otal.	Causes U	nknown.		otal and (C).	Remarks
No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	•
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
10	791	 1 4 3 9	371 2 1,597 272 42	9 · 34 ··· ··· 1	568 11,833 	58 36 21 5 16 6	5,505 11,835 1,153 35 2,455 384 808	33 36 75 47 13 49	4,056 5,790 5,240 7,294 1,270 2,339	109* 36† 64 110 85 22 84		* Plus 9 account breaches Rules which area. burnt. † Plus 3 account breaches Rules
10	791	21	2,284	44	12,426	161	22,175	253	25,989	510	52,770	which area burnt.
	**** *** *** ***	4	1,125 1,125	22 . 2 . 10	6,844 135 535	29 29 58 47 23 53	4,680 7,328 48,152 1,752 160 967	28 49 2 19 21 59	10,269 24,244 19,750 602 604 598	72 78 71 88 44 112	44,100 31,572 103,901 2,691 764 1,565	
***		5	1,126	34	7,514	239	63,039	178	56,067	465 —36 429	184,593	In E Khand e for the c tractors
5 2 1 2	8,448 70 60 	 15 2 1	2,760 50	10 4 2 1	2,335 177 126	63 57 85 6 • 23 15 13	8,501 4,492 1,811 18 415 4,438 806	46 30 100 59 101 41 17	3,220 1,416 3,257 1,419 3,443 5,264 1,071	138 90 188 71 129 67 32	11,998 6,001 5,096 1,564 3,961 10,160 1,969	
10	3,578	18	4,454	17	2,763	262	20,481	394	19,090	696	40,759	area bu
	423	•••	•••	1		1 20	1 469	7 13 1	86 360 29	9 13 1 23	88 360 29 569	in South e Circle wh the ar shown Form N 14, name 33,238 acr represen the ar burnt c of the ar special protected
14	423		•••	1	3	21	470	21	475	46	1,046	
34	4,792	44	7,864	96	22,706	683	106,165	846	101,621	1,717‡ —36	279,168	In Ea Khande for the co

[‡] Plus 12 on account of breaches of Rules in which no area was burnt.

FORM No. 16.—Area closed and open to Grazing during 1914-1915.

•								ARKA IN	SQ	UARE MILES	•		•			
Dîvi	sion.			Closed t	o al	l animals.		Closed o	nly goa	to browsers ts or sheep).		Open to a animals.	11	Total are	В.	Remarks
		•		Whole yes	Br.	Part of ye	ear.	Whole ye	ar,	Part of year	ır.	Whole yes	ır.			
	1	-		2		3		4		5		6	_	7	_	8
NORTHER Reserve				Fq.m.	a.	Sq.m.	a.	Sq.m.	a.	Sq.m. 1	a.	Sq.m.	a.	Sq.m.	а.	
Panch Maháls	···	949 5 K.		87	0	13	0	232	0	•••	1	*****		332	0	
Surat	•••	***	•••	10	0	58	0	*****	^	331	0	13	0	412 835	0	
North Thána . Central do	•••	***		82 93	0	3	0	250 276	0		\cdot	*****	- 1	369	0	
cuth do.	•••	•••	•••	98	0	*****		234	0	*****		*****	0	832 761	0	
North Nasik South do.	•••	•••	•••	296 99	0	13	0	418 830	0	******		47 20●	8	462	ŏ	
Ahmedabad	•••			99	J		•	41.140	J	*****	-	19	ŏ	19	0	
•					_ 0	27	0	1 740	_ 0	331	ᇬ	99	0	8,022	0	
Total, Rese				765		87		1,740	.	991	-				Ť	_
												325	0	825	0	
Surat North Thána	***	•••		*****				•••••		*****		146	ŏ	146	ŏ	•
Central do.	•••	•••	•••	*****		*****		. 4	0	*****		. 97	0	101	0	
South do. South Násik	•••	•••	•••	*****		*****		9	0			144 87	0	153 87	0	
Ahmedabad	•••	•••	•••	******		*****		******		******	ļ	*****	٦	*****	٦	,
Total, Prote		'orest	•••			••••		13	0		_	799	0	812	0	
Total, No	orthern	Circle	•••	765	0	87	0	1,753	0	331	0	898	0	3,834	0	
CENTRAL	L CIRC	CLE.														
Reserve	о Тові	st.														
East Khándesh	***	•••	•••	228	0	72	0	464	0			86	0	800	0	
West do. North do.	•••	***	•••	93	0			449	0			231	0	773 868	0	}
Poons	•••	***	•••	142 37	0	45	0	726 483	0	*****		444	0	1,09	Ö	1
Sátára	***	***	•••	106	0			410	0	*****		195	0	711	0	
Kolába Ahmednagar-Sho	olanur	***	•••	53	0	1	Ð	367	0			29	0	450 778	0	
Total, Reser	-	rest	•••			118	0	2,899	0	******	_	778 898	0	3,834	_	}
PROTECTI					_	- 110		-,000	_		_		_		_	
Poona	***	***	•••					11	0					11	0	
Sátára	***	***	•••			******			٠,	*****		1	0	1	0	1
Kolába .	•••	* ***	***	*****				*****		•••••		74	Ō	74	0	
Total, Prote			•••	*****		*****		11	0		_	75	0	86	0	
Total,	Central	Circle	•••	659	0	118	0	2,910	0		_	1,788	0	5,475	0	
SOUTHE	RN CI	RCLE.		<u> </u>	,											}
Kanara, Northe		***	•••		0	1		465	0					748	0	ŀ
Do. Eastern Do. Souther		144	•••	1 70	0			379	0	•••••		•••••		652	0	
Do. Wester		••• ,	•••	43	ŏ			960 830	0	*****		••••		976. 878	0	
Belgaum	•••	•••	•••	109	0			517	0			53	0	679	0	1
Dhárwár Bijápu r	•••	***	•••	l š	0		0		0	******		151 59	0	376 277	0	
Ratnágiri	•••	***	•••		ŏ		_		-	*****		10	ŏ	19	ŏ	1
Total, So	outhern	Circle	•••	772	0	35	0	-\	0	·[278	0	4,600	0	
SIND	CIRCI	ι Ε .		7-7-					,							,
Sukkur				53	71	[•	900	0×-	-		300	200	440	200	
Larkana	•••	***	***	12	Б 63			208	275 9			182 : 145 :		443 228	255	
Hyderabad	•••	***	•••	8	477	*****		54	10	******		185	164	248	811	
Jerruck	. ···	***	•••	*****		*****	•	128	567	*****		101.	371	230	298	
Tota	d, Sind	Circle	>	74	471	****		461	221		_	615	168	1,151	220	}
	TDAND	TOTAL		2,270	471	. 240) 0	8,644	221	831	0	8,574	168	15,060	220	
•	A INTERIOR			-,0				0.001-		1 00	•	D'DIE	T 40	201000		

^{*} An area of 8 sq. miles and 123 acros has been specially kept open to sheep grazing under Government Resolution No. 8809, dated 12th September 1906,

FORM No. 17.

						·-								·		
		·· <u>·</u>				GRA	ZING O	N PAYMENT	- Минвив	OF ANIMA	<u>. </u>		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			
}	•		At f	ull rates.							At privi	leged rate	18.		•	
Division.							_	· .				211		Fees 1	eceived.	
•	Buffa- loes.	Cows and Bul- locks.	Goats and Sheep.	Camels.	Other Ani- mals.	Fees rece	eived.	Buffaloes.	Cows and Bullocks.	Goats) and Sheep.	Camels.	Other Ani- mals,	Actua	ıl.	Value at	
1	2	8	4	5	6	7		8	9	10	11	12	13		14	
NORTHERN CIRCLE.						Rs.	a. p.		,				Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.
Panch Maháis	1,338	2,733	•••	•••	•••	2,663	0 0	1,089	3,666	•••			654	0 0	2,922	
Surat	***	•••	- ***	•••	••••	·	•	478	4,218	*** .			1,654	0 0	4,696	
North Thána	•••	92	•••	•••	•••	57	0 0	116	667	•••			238	0 0	562	0 0
Central do. · ···	126	3,962	•••	•••	***	2,622	0 0	614	2,621	•••				0 0	2,317	
South do	102	1,462	***	•••	•••	1,041	0 0	,		•••	•••	•••	1,698	0 0	_,	
North Násik	209	404	•••	***	42I	1,034	0 0	17,165	137,031	127,564	•••	3,049	36,216	0 0		
South do	•••	• 98	•••	•••	•••	98	0 0	9,069	73,211	5,270		191	12,918		 -	
Total, Northern Circle	1,775	8,751		•••	421	7,515	0 0	29,935	225,630	132,834		3,210	54,010	0 0	2,87,814	b o
CENTRAL CIRCLE.			ļ								İ					
East Khándesh	1,459	11,793	•••	***	103	13,355	0 0	31.300	180,611	l		286	27,851	0 0	2,12,197	0 0
West do	61				378	1,817	0 0			5		921	11,641			
North do		59,866		7	1	29,695	0 0			.				••		•
Poons	49	132	***	•••		181	0 0		139,637	43,400		619	24,720	0 0	1,62,072	0 0
Sátára	***	5	•••	ļ		5	0 0	<i>.</i>	l			198	15,920	0 0	1,23,555	0 0
Kolába		124				124	0 (i	1	110			12,034	0 0	89,554	0 0
Total, Central Circle	11,408	73,278		7	2,603	45,177	0 (105,293	562,711	43,515		2,024	92,166	0 0	6,72,773	0 (
		1	- ·						<u>'</u>							
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.		ر			}			<u></u> ,				1	4,984	^ ^	20 071	
Kánara, Northern Division.		96	•••	•••	•••	296	0 (,871		***	"	'			
Do. Eastern do	i	•••	•••	***	•••	••••		1	,130	12	***	"	3,593			
Do. Southern do		90	***	··· ·	***	45	0 (i	,621	69	***	""	12,597 6,292		1	
Do. Western do	i .	4.0	•••	.***	· · .	••••		1	414	***			'			
Belgaum	1		•	•••		6,195		1	,637	460	***	***	3,893		,	
Dhárwár		94	***	•••	***	994			704	•••	`**		12,220	0 0	· ·	
Bijápur		24	1,579		12	1,331	0 0	95	555	15	•••	727				0 (
Ratnágiri	<u> </u>		***	•••					20		·		54,741	0 0	<u> </u>	
Total, Southern Circle SIND CIRCLE.	21,6		1,579			8,861	0 (398	952	556	·	727	03,/91		8,99,881	
611	e 1177	10,022	20.000	710	050],,,,,,				}] .				
T 6 Jenna	K GO1	· 1	2 0,069	113 807	976	10,415			•••	•••	···	""				
T 1	, 5005				32	6,833		1	***	""	•••	•••			. """	
Jerruck	5 071	'	48,457 . 11,090	998 872	5 44	9,194		1	•••		•••					
Total, Sind Circle	22,794	28,710	95,666	2, 285	1,057	41,742	0 (•••			•••		<u></u>
Grand Total	166	3,366	97,245	2,292		1,02,695			2,521	176,905	•••	5,991	2,00,91	700	13,60,468	3 0 (

	8 2/				GRA2	ing Free—	-Nимвев о	F ANDIALS.					
	By	right und	er Settler	nent.			During ple	asure of Go unde	vernment, Settlemen	or otherwis	e than .		Grand Total of
Buffaloes.	Cows and Bullocks,	Goats and Sheep.	Camels.	Other Ani- mals.	Value of Fees at full rates.	Buffaloes.	Cows and Bullocks.	Goats and Sheep,	Camels.	Other Animals.	Value of Fees at full rates.	Total Value of Fees at full rates.	Value at full rates.
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
					Rsa. p.		•				Rs. a. 1	p. Rs. s. p	Rs. a. p.
`		•••		•••	*****	27,321	98,138	***	***		76,390 0	0 76,390 0 0	81,975 0
***	•••	•••			·	2,606	39,008	4,217	•	· 71	45,902 0	0 45,902 0 0	50,598 0 (
•••		•••	•••		*****	9,549	65,416	·	. •••	\	52,821 0	0 52,821 0	53,440 0
•••	•••				******	37,591	37,258	•••		29	72,031 0	0 72,031 0	76,970 0
***	•••	•••			••••	7,420	71,584		 ,	•••	54,015 0	0 54,015 0	59,446 0
•••	·	***		•••		***	•••		·		*****		1,90,170 0
	•••	. 				1,050	4,500		·	300	5,850 0	0 5,850 0	89,739 0
•••		***				85,537	315,904	4,217		400	3;07,009 0	0 3,07,009 0	6,02,338 0
		•											
						0.000	6.700		İ	23	9,145 0	0 9,145 0	2,34,697 0
. ••	•••	***	"	***		2,323	6,799		"		16,476 0		0 1,03,688 0
***	•••	***	""		******	970	15,446	. 5	'''	. 55	2,500 0		32,195 0
***	***	***	""	"		2,294	17,494	192		18	137 0	1 -	0 1,62,390 0
•••	•••	. ***		""	****	28		•••		""		-	1,23,560 0
625	1,855	•••	•••	***	9.400 0.7	, 540	0.100	***	***	***	3,732 0	0 6,212 0	95,890 0
625	1,855	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ- **•	2,480 0 0	·	3,189			96	31,990 0		0 7,52,420 0
020	1,000		 '''	ļ -	2,480 0 0	6,158	43,037	197	. 	90	31,000 0		0,1,02,120
				İ					ļ			1	
100	***				*****	9	,803		•••		9,803 0	0 9,803 0	0 43,970 0
•••		•••			*****	6	,682			•••	6,682 0	0 6,682 0	0 31,815 0
***	•••				• •••••	•••	. · · ·	 ·				Destine	94,735 0
***	•••	•••		••••		•••	140				*****	144140	49,414 0
•••	•••	***			. •••••	25,	354				25,354 0	0 25,354 0	63,501 0 0
•••	•••	***	•••		*****		- • •	•••			******	*****	69,698 0 0
•••	•••					·	•••			•••	******		97,628 0
***		•••		<u> </u>	*****				<u></u>	<u> </u>		·	20 0 0
		***		<u></u>		41,	839 ·	•••			41,839 0	41,839 0	4,50,581 0
											•		7. 400 0
1, 524	6,222	•••		5 8	4,973 0 0	1	147		•	90	78 0	,	1
863	2,333	•••	•••	1	832 0 0		72			115	95 0		1
12	295	•••	***	***	120 0 0		98'	 .	255	16	485 0		1
534	460	61	2	11	580 0 0	. 337	957	304	191	2,033	1,249 0	0 1,829 0	11,023 0
2,933	9,310	61	2	70	6,505 0 0	479	1,274	304	446	2,254	1,907 0	0 8,412 0 0	49.554 0
3,558	11,165	61	2	70	8,985 0 U	494	228	4,718	446	2,750	3,82,745 0	0 3,91,730 0	18 54,893 0

н 1364—84

FORM No. 18.—Statement showing Area of Plantations in the Bombay Presidency, including Sind, for the year 1914-1915.

·	· .				IN ACRES		DUI	ENDITUBE RING THE BAB.	TOTAL E	FROM	Revenue during the	Total revenue from date of	Remarka
Division.	Kind of Plantation.	1	In 1st July 1914	rmmg	Excluded during the year.	Area on 30thJune 1915.	Crea- tion.	Upkeep.	Crestion.	Upkeep.	year.	creation of plan- tation.	nemarka.
1	2	-	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
NORTHERN CIRCLE						·	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Panch Maháls Surat North Thána Central do South do South Násik	Do. Do. Do.	•••	4,531 1,422 11 9 90 100	172	•••	4,703 1,422 22 9 90 100	132 1,150 232 188	497 0 0 279 0 0 140 0 0	11,036 848 1,294 1,955 127	12,964 8,064 497 6,878 9,496 119	•••	•••	<u> </u>
	Total .	•••	6,163	183		6,346	1,702	2,296 0 0		38,018			
Panch Maháls North Thána Central do South do North Násik	Do. Do. Do.	•••	950 809 3,621 57	172 105 241 673 180	80	172 1,055 241 673 157	130 545 265		265	111 42 	***		
	ì	•••	4,937	1,371	4,010	2,298	940	2,449 0 0	.	153 38,171			}
CENTRAL CIRCLE.	Total, Northern Circle	•••	11,100	1,554	4,010	8,644	2,642	2,445 0 (27,107	30,171		·	}
East Khándesh West do	7)^		•••	•••	 		•••	*** **	***	***		***	į
North do	Do.		•••					*****			***	545 545	}
Sátára Kolába	. Do.	•••	229 85			239 91	338 264	276 0 0	1,805	1,384	613	961	
	m	•••	814	16		330	602	276 0 0	1,805	1,384	613	961	
East Khándesh West do	Do		62 •••	623	•••	49 623	92 355 11	******		•••	***	***	
North do Poons Satára	Do.		•••	1,633 1,079		1,633 1,079	1,023 1,925	*****	•••		•••	***	
,	Total		62	3,384	62	3,384	8,406	10 0 0			***		
	Total, Central Circle		376	8,400	62	8,714	4,008	286 0 (1,805	1,384	613	961	
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.													
Kanara, Southern Do. Western. Bijapur Ratnagiri	. Do. Do.		594 290 10 147	28	***	603 318 10 150	143	2,858 0 0	8,637	18,099 3,074	1,980 45 54	14,281 5 431 6,440	
	Total	•••	1,041	40	•••	1,081	10,412	3,143 0 (71,140	~21,173	1,979	21,157	
Kánara, Eastern Belgaum Bijápur	Do.	•••	•••	7,028 6 540	•••	7,028 6 540	2,078	*****	2,078	70	•••	•••	
	m-4-1		•••	7,574		7,574	2,313	ļ———	2,078	70	···		1
SIND CIRCLE.	1	•••	1,041	7,614	.	8,655	12,725	3,143 0 (73,218	21,243	1,979	21,157	1
Sukkur	Regular plantations Do.		. 230 13		1	233 13	199	812 0 0	5,518	49,907 2,005	415	6,687	
Hyderabad Jerruck	l 10-	•••	34 21	1		30 22	26 20		945	9,117 3,679	455		
	Total .	•••	298	6	6	298	248	4,319 0 (10,384	63,708	868	10,014	j
Sukkur Lárkána Hyderabad Jerruck	Do. Do.		8,740 8,210 4,346 12,654	3,004 1,740 2,574 1,099	2,487 1,515	8,752 2,463 5,405 13,335	207 825 609	1.581 0 (1,208 638 2,328 4,014	89 2,778 9,196 8,795	•••		
•	Total .		28,950	8,417	7,412	29,955	1,645	1,770 0	8,178	15,808	•••	***	
		(-	29,248	8,423		80,258	1,893		18,562	79,516	868	10,014	4
	GRAND TOTAL	•••	41,765	20,991	11,490	51,268	21,268	11,967 0	1,20,692	1,40,814	8,460	82,132	

FORM No. 19.

FORM No. 19.—Outturn (in cubic feet, solid) of Timber and Fuel

		Tix	BER IN T	HE ROU	GH :	Logs.	TIM	BER IN T	HB ROT	вн: Ро	LES.	SAT	wn or so	, BVAB:	BD T	IMBEB.
Di v ision.		Government.	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government,	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government.	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total,
1		2	8	4	5	*6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
NORTHERN CI	PAT.F	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C.ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C.ft.	C. f.,	O.ft.	C.ft.	C. ft.
NORTHERN OF			}			j 		\	! :) 			ľ	
Panch Mahála	***	604	22,664	•••		23,270	28,974	116,413	2 34	•••	145,621	•••		•••	•••	***
		.]		ļ	<u>{</u>								'			•
Surat	***	2,10	2,142	•••	•••	4,245	•••	40,134	1,021	•••	41,155	***			 	•••
North Thána	•••		19,219	•••	•••	19,219	3,179	475,241	•••	•••	478,420		•••			***
Central Tuána •••	P00 .	60'	1,598	•••		2,205	2,513	143,121	*10	•	145,634	27	70,825		•••	70,852
South Thána •••	194		29,911	•••		29,911	124	146,983	•••	•••	147,107	•••	4£,338			49,338
North Násik	***		•••	•••		 	258	111,087	1,823		113,168	•••	 		 	
South Násik •••	***	***	792,555		\ \ \ \ 	792,555	2,699	9,464	2,303	***	14,406	•••	***			700
							-				!					
Total, Reserved	Forest	3,31	6 868,089	***	•••	871,405	37,747	1,042,443	5,381	***	1,085,571	27	120,163		•••	120,190
•			-		-							_	·			
Frotected For North Thana	est.		4,428			4,428	316	54 ,820	1,033		56,169	}	<u> </u> 			
•	: :]		***			ļ) -	}		•••	***	•••
Central Thána		***	•••	•••	"		•••	16,447	13	•••	16,460	•••	8,920	35	•••	8,955
South Thans	***		78,860	,	•••	78,860	1,476	97,255	36,688	***	135,419	•••	72,985		•••	72,935
Total, Protected	Forest		83,288		•••	83,288	1,792	168,522	87,734	•••	208,048		81,905	35	•••	81,940
Unclassed Fo	rest.				1.					•		_				
Panch Maháls	***	•		<i>i</i>			•••		5,797	•••	5,797	•••		***	•••	***
North Thána ` •••	•••		1,417		•	1,417	100	37,155	·••	•••	87,155		•••		•••	
Jentral Thána	•••		41	•••	•••	41	·•• 	15,416	8,451	110	18,807	 .				•••
* Total, Unclassed	Forest		1,458	***		1,458	***	52,571	9,248	•.,	61,819	•••	•••	•••	 	•••
. Leased Fores	<i>t</i> .															
Surat •••		71,424	46,165	•••	76,22 0	193,809	***		***	***		2 7 ,676			<u>.`.</u>	27,676
Total, Northern	Circle	74,740	999,000	•••	7 0,2 2 0	1,119,960	39,539	1,263,536	52,363	•••	,355,438	27,7(8	202,068	35	••• •	229,806

	Misc	CELLAN	eous.	_ ′	, <u></u>	Ton	TIT LA	IBER.		 _		Fu		 _	1
Government.	Purchasers,	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government,	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total,	Government	Purchasers.	Free gruntees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Total Outturn.
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
	C. ft.	٠		C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.
•••	***	100	***	***	29,580	139,077	234		168,891	32,860	680,580	•••	1,467,100	2,180,540	2,349,431
•••	***	***	•••	····	2, 103	42,276	1,021	449	45,400	8,681	96,023	***		104,704	150,104
•••	•••	•==		***	3,179	494,460	•••	•••	497,639	1,319	614,316	•••	1,173,587	1,789,222	2,286,861
100	***	•••	***		3,147	215,544	•	fay	218,691	565	1,224,029	•••	173,200	1,397,794	1,616,485
•••	•••	•••			124 258	226,232	1,823	***	226,356	80	581,700		2,440,800	3,022,580 56,200	3,248,936 169,368
***		•••	, ***		<u> </u>	111,087			113,168	2,595	53, 605	•••	***		
***	•••	•••	***	400	2,699	802,019	2,303	***	807,021	69,800	15,176	***	19,903	104,879	911,900
		•••		***	41,090	2,030,695	5,381	***	2,077,166	115,900	3,265,429		5,274,590	8,655,919	10,733,085
• • • •	+49	•••	***		316	59 ,2 48	1,033	848	60,597	•••	3,130	**	117,332	120,462	181,059
set	***	•	*	***	•••	25,367	48	***	25,415		***	•••	21.650	21,650	47,065
- ==	100	***			1,476	249,100	36,688	***	287,264		258,915	•••	••• 	258,915	546,179
	100	144		•••	1,792	333,715	37,76 9	•••	373,2 76		262,045	•••	138,982	401,027	774,303
	• •••	•••	***		•••	• # #	5,7 97	***	5, 797	} ••• 	400	***	400	•••	5,797
•••	***	***		B4#	•••	38,572	***	***	3 8,572	•••	450	***	***	•••	\$ 8,572
•••	***	•••	•-•		•••	15,457	3,451		18,908	***	198,360			198,360	217,268
		144	•••		403	54,029	9,248	•••	63,277	***	198,360	•••	•••	198,360	261,637
*****	***			•••	99,100	46,165	•••	76,220	221,485	4,160	***	••	1,500,000	1,504,160	1,725,645
•••	•••				141,982	2,464,604	52,398	76,220	2,735,204	120,060	3,725,834	1.0	6,913,572	10,759,466	13,494,670

н 1364—35

FORM No. 19.—Outturn (in cubic feet, solid) of Timber and Fuel

	1 .							·		 _					 ī
•	Тім	BER IN TH	в вопе	H:	Loes.	Тімв	ER IN THE	POUG!	ı Po	LES.	SAWN OR SQUARED TIMBER.				
Division.	Government.	Parchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government.	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government.	Purchasors.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total,
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
CENTRAL CIRCLE.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.		C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.		C. ft.					
East Khandesh	•	•••	•••	•••	***	2,090	184,312	[.] 950		187,852		***	•••		***
			. 										•		•
West Khandesh	920	*** v			. 920	•••	153,330	4, 280	•••	157,610		. •••	•••	•••	***
North Khándesh	. 81	5,977	2 67	11	6,336	45	82,311	958	110	83,454	•••	41,14 9	5 68	3,500	45,517
Peona ••• ••• •		6,4 23	•••		6,423	24,919	240,090	828	•••	265,837	•••	•••		,	•••
Sátára «» »» «	•••		•40	•••		27	171,577	4, 0 4 7	•••	175,651	***	***	***	•••	***
Kolába		27,319		•••	27,319	603	137,367	1,409	•••	139,379	***	•••		***	***
Total, Central Circle	1,001	39,719	267	11	40,998	27,684	· ·	12,472	140	1,009,283		41,149	568	3,810	45,517
											r				
		}				•									

during the year 1914-1915 and Agency of Exploitation—continued.

	Mis	ORLLAN	Bous.	- ,		Тот	AL TIMBE	P.,				FUEL.			TOTAL.
Government.	Purchasers.	Free grantees,	Right-holders.	Total.	Governmont.	Porchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government.	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Ontturn.
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
	C. ft.	C. ft.		C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	.C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.
***	983,740	•	***	983,740	2,090	184,312	950	***	187,352	160	546,657	860	•••	547,67 7	73 5,029
													.	<u> </u>	
100	325,000	1,000	••• i	3 2 6, 100	920	153,330	4,280		158,530	880	555,460	***	10,000	566,340	724,870
•••	84,245	600	4,050	88,895	126	129,437	1,793	3,951	135,307	40	344,239	1404	186,168	480,447	615,754
}										<u> </u>			<u> </u> 	 	
		. 		,							{ ! !			} . } ,	
184	2,3 32	•••	•••	2 ,332	24,919	246,513	828	••• 	272,260	164,342	768,790	•••		933,132	1,205,392
400	20,250	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	***	20,250	27	171,577	4,047) 	175,651	75,797	11,234	•••	100,000	187,031	862,682
			•												'
965,		*44	•••	***	603	164,686	1,409	 	166,698	33,515	360,166	•••	358,215	1,251,896	1,418,59 4
							_								·
100	1,415.567	1,600	4,050	1,421,817	28,685	1,049,855	13,307	3,951	1,095,798	274,734	3,086,546	860	604,383	3,9,66523	5,062,821
												i			
i		 	 												
					(<u> </u>	columns 22					•			<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Norg.—The figures in columns 22—26 and 32 are exclusive of the figures in columns 17—21.

FORM No. 19 .- Outturn (in cubic feet, solid) of Timber and Fuel

				Tı	MBER IN	THE R	обен: Г	ogs.	TI	IBER IN T	THE RO	и сн: Ро	l r s.
•	Divisio	n,		Government.	Parchasers,	Free grantees.	Right-bolders.	Total.	Government,	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total,
	1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
SOUT	HERN C	IRCL	E.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C.ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	O. ft.	C. ft.	C, ft.
Kánara,	Northern	•••	•••	395,027	99,071	385	***	494,483	4,724	72,566	3,822	***	81,112
Kánara, I	Eastern	***	•••	148,960	23,053	***	•••	172,013	8,512	74,459	1,835	•••	84,806
									•				
Kánara, S	Southern	***	•••	23,990	69,807	8,093	•••	101,890	•••	•••	•••	***	•••
Kánara,	↓ Western			69.468	168,106	9,347	***	246,921	7,648	527	•48		0.155
						0,02,		220,022	,,,,,,	0			8,175
Belgaun	1	***	***	9, 639	90,288	132	***	100,059	15,155	33,051	10,974	***	59,180
Dhárwái		*#\$	***	7,18 6	36,316	•••	***	4 3,502	4,937	79,596	550	***	85,083
									·.				
Bijápur		***	701	•••	•	***	•••	-1-	•••	4,078	219	***	4,297
			`						; [-	
Ratnágiri	i 400	***	***		114	***	•••	114	***	866	1,450	•4•	2,316
Total,	Southern	Circle	е .,,	654,270	486,755	17,957	•••	1,158,982	40,976	265,143	18,850	-	324,969
							i.		•				
						{					•		

APPENDICES,

ring the near 1913-1914 and Agency of Ranloitation continued:

Sawn (or Squat	BED]	TMB	en.		Miscellaneous	•
Government,	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government,	Purchasers,	Free grantees.
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
C. ft.	C. ft.	— C.ft.		C, ft.	·	C. ft.	
94,015	***	•••	•••	94,015	*******	404104	***** .
98,855		•••	• ••• ·	98,855	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 15 11 13 Rejected billets No. 249 Chips stacks	******	••••••
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 33 17 23	******	•
	***		·••			1,945	40
5,010	8,214		•••	13,224	Sandalwood— Trees 182 Pieces and Butts 66.	*******	•••••
	7,623	148	-41	7,771	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 82 0 27 Rejected pieces and Roots 2,567 Bachi Chips bags 83	****	
	·-••		•••	•••		Sandalwood— Trees 10	
•••	***	***	•••	-5.	##\48 6	130	******
197,980	15,837	148		213,865	Sandalwood— Kh, mds, lbs. 131 10 7 Sandalwood Trees 182 Pieces, roots, billets, &c. 2,882 Chips stacks 4 Chips bags 83	2,075 Sandalwood— Trees 10	
					-		

MISCELLANEOU	18—continued.		Total Timber.					
Right-holders	Total.	Government	Purchasers.	Free grantees.				
. 20	21	22	23	24				
	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.				
	******	. 493,766	171,637	4,207				
*#4:00	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs 15 11 13 Rejected billets No. 249 Chips stacks	256,327 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 15 11 18 Rejected billets No. 249 Chips stacks 4	97,512	1,835				
*****	Sandalwood— Kh. mds, lbs. 33, 17 23	23,990 Eandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 33 17 23	69,807 -	8,093				
•н	1,945	77,116	170,578	9,347				
**************************************	Sandalwood— Trees 182 Pieces and Butts 66	29,804 Sandalwood— Trees 182 Pieces and Butts 66	131,553	11,106				
698 6*	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 82 0 27 Rejected pieces and roots 2,567 Bachi Chips bags 83	12,123 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 82 0 27 Rejected pieces and roots 2,567 Bachi Chips bags 83	123,535	6 98				
10112.00	Sandalwood— Trees 10	0×4×00	4,078 Sandalwood— Trees 10	219				
********	180	******	1,110	1,450				
70+199	2,075 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs 131 10 7 Sandalwood Trees 192 Pieces, roots, billets, &c., 2,882 Chips stacks 4 Ohips bags 83	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 131 10 7 Sandalwood— Trees 182 Pieces, roots, billets, &c. 2,882 Ch ps stacks 4	769,810 Sandalwood— Trees 10	36,95 6				

during the year 1913-1914 and Agency of Emploitation—continued.

Total Timb	EB—continued.			FUEL.	•	<u> </u>	1
Right-holders.	Total	Government.	Purchasefa,	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Total Outturn.
25	26	27	28	. 29	30	31	32
	C. ft. 669,610	C. ft 390,120	C. ft. 530,525	C. ft.	C. ft.	. C. ft. 920,645	C. ft. 1,590,255
******	355,674 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 15 11 13 Rejected billets No. 249 Chips stacks 4	•••	188,957	17,625		206,582	562,256 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 15 11 13 Rejected billets No. 249 Chips stacks 4
******	101,890 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 33 17 23	78,639	990,855	12,370		1, 081,36 4	1,183,254 Sandalwood— Kh. mds, lbs. 33 17 23
00000	257,041	16,240	1,949,603	. 3,179	•••	1,969,022	2,226,063
	172,463 Sandalwood— Trees 182 Pieces and Butts 66	2,683,439	2,098,087	750		4,782,276	4,954,739 Sandalwood— Trees 182 Pieces and Butts 66
•••••	136,356 Sandalwood— Kh. n.ds. lbs. 82 0 27 Rejected pieces and roots 2,567 Bachi chips bags 83	***	344, 889	1,125	•••	346,014	482,370 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 82 0 27 Rejected pieces and roots 2,567 Bachi chips bags 83
•••••	4,297 Sandalwood— Trees · 10	43,672	80,047			123,719	128,016 Sandalwood— Trees 10
******	2,560	•. * ,	9,594	•••	•••	9,594	12,154
***189	1,699,891 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 131 10 7 Sandalwood Trees 192 Pieces, roots billets, &c. 2,882 Chips stacks 4 Chips bags 83	3,212,110	6,192,057	35,049	***	9,439,21 6	11,139,107* Sandalwood— Kb. mds. lbs 131 10 7 Sandalwood Trees 192 Picces, roots billets, &c. 2,882 Chips stacks 4 Chips bags 83
							40- 44

This is exclusive of 300,000 c. ft. of Timber and 3,041,686 c. ft. of Fuel shown under Privilege holders in the statement for the Southern Circle in Chapter II, Section S (c)—Outturn and sources of forest produce.

н 1364—36

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 19.—Outturn (in cubic feet, solid) of Timber and Fuel.

,			Tr	MBER IN	THE BO	ven:	Logs.	 -	BER IN T	is rou	э п : Ро	oles.
	Division.		Government.	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government.	Purchasers,	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total
	1		2	3	4.	5	.8	7	8	9	10	• 11
·		*	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. it.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.
sì	IND CIRCLE.	ı				•						
6ukkur	••• {Actuals Estimate	•••	990 101	119 11,057	20	•••	1,129 11,158	8 681	26,481	492 903	•••	495 28,068
	Total	•••	1,091	11,176	20	•••	12,287	684	26,484	1,395	•••	28,563
Lárkáva	{Actuals Estimate	***	26	••• 10,325	140	•••	166 10,325	404	 38,221	822 2,390	•••	1,226 40,611
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Total	•••	26	10,325	140		10,491	404	38,221	3,212	•••	41,837
Hyderabad	d {Actuals Estimate	•••	151 28	140 2,300	71	***	862 2,328	***	 40	••• 275	• 	315
	Total		179	2,440	71		2,690	***	40	275		315
Jerruck	Actuals Estimate	•••	64	250 27,680	597		941 27,680	•••	9,845	200	•••	10,045
•	Total .	•••	64	27,960	597		28,621	•••	9,845	200	101	10,045
	Total, Sind Circle	***	1,360	51,901	828	•••	54,089	1,088	74,590	5,082	•••	80,760
	GRAND TOTAL	•••	781,371	1,577,375	19,052	76,231	2,404,020	109,287	2,672,256	88,767	140	2,770,450
V			. !			-						

APPENDICES.

SAWN	OR SQUAR	ED T	'IMB	SB.	· M	ISCHLZANEOUS.	
Government,	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government	Purchasers.	Free grantees.
. 12	13	14	15	- 16	. 17	18	19
C. ft.	C. ft.	C.ft.	C.ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	Q ft.
***	•••		•••	•••	****	*****	446+99
	***			•••	*****	*******	******
53	2,890 2,890	•••		53 2,890 2,943	100		8
					,106		
***	•••					149-14	*****
53	2,890		3,800	2,943	100 Sandalwood— Kh. mds, lbs,	1,417,642 Sandalwood trees—10.	8
	.				131 10 7 Sandalwood trees—182. Pieces, roots, billets, etc.— 2,882. Chips stacks—4. Chips bags—83.		

MISCRLLANEOU	s—continued.	TOTAL TIMBER.								
Right-holders.	Total,	Government,	Purchasers.	Free grantees.						
20	21	22 '	23	24						
	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.						
		:								
*****	******	993	119	512						
-=+ 142	*****	782	37,541	903						
	*******	1,775	37,660	1,415						
			*							
	8	483		970						
,	*****	. ******	51,436	2,390						
******	8	483	51,436	3,360						
440		151	. 140	71						
	••••	. 28	2,340	275						
	••••	179	2,480	346						
***	•••••	64	280	597						
121120		******	87,525	200						
tes	*****	64	37,805	797						
149440	8	2,501	129,581	5,918						
4,050.	1,423,400 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 131 10 7 Sandalwood trees—192. Pieces, roots, billets, etc.— 2,882. Chips stacks—4. Chips bags—83.	1,066,294 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 131 10 7 Sandalwood trees—182. Pieces, roots, billets, etc.— 2,882. Chips stacks—4. Chips bags—83.	4,413,650 Sandalwood— trees—10.	108,578						

APPENDICES.

during the year 1914-1915 and Agency of Exploitation—concluses.

TOTAL TIME	ER—continued.			TOFAL.			
Right holders.	Total.	Government.	Purchaser s.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total,	Outturn.
25.	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
	C. It.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. £t.
							Z:
*****	. 1,624	94,980	2,994,350		-	3,089,330	3,090,954
*****	39,226	3,963	1, 152,105		•••	1,156,068	1,195,294
*****	40,850	98,943	4,146,455	,	•••	4,245,398	4,286,248
	•	 -		-			
•••••	1,453	•••	*****	***	. 	*****	1,453
·	53,826	55,523	1,900,745	***	34,632	1,990,900	2,044,726
446>##	55,279	55,523	1,900,745	•••	34,632	1,990,900	2,046,179
	362	84,600	3,000			87,600	87,962
*40.,4	2,643	1,195	1,118,161	•••	, •••	1,119,356	1,121,999
*****	3,005	85,795	1,121,161	·		1,206,956	1,209,961
	_			-			4
4*	941	52,400	2,494,400	***	***	2,546,800	2,547,741
*****	37,725	270	1,715,197	•••	·'	1,715,467	1,753,192
	38,666	52,670	4,209,597	•. •••		4,262,267	4,300,933
,	137,800	292,931	11,377,958		34,632	11,705,521	11,843,321
80,171	5,668,993 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 131 10 7 Sandalwood trees—192. Pieces, roots, billets, etc.— 2,882. Chips stacks—4. Chips bags—83.	3,899,835	24,382,395	85,909	7,552,587	35,870,726	41,539,419 Sandalwood— Kh. mds, lbs. 131 10 7 Sandalwood trees—192. Pieces, roots, billets, etc.— 8,282. Chips stacks—4. Chips bags—83.

Note.—The figures in columns 22-26 and 32 of the Grand Total are exclusive of, the figures in columns 17-21 for the Central Circle.

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 20.—Outlurn of Minor Forest Produce during 1914-1915.

				PRODUC	E REMOV	ED OR UT	ILIZED.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Description of Produce.	By Govern Agency		Ву р	irchasers.	By free-g	rantees.	By right	-holders.	Total.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
NORTHERN CIRCLE.		Rs.	- [Rs.		Rs.	}	Rs.		Re.
State Forests.	1		{ {		•		}	1		
Palm leaves		•••		1,20 2 474		•••		:::	•••••	1,20 2 474
Karvi Frass and grazing	*****	•••	***	93,378		5		3,07,009		4,00,392
Samboos	***	49	{ ·{	36,880	•••	30	} •••	6,360	•••••	43,319 11,123
pta and Tembhurni leaves		. •••	••• [11,123 2,379	•••	***	***		••••	2,37 9
lirda nuts	••••	***	:::	2,318 262		***			*****	262
Chilhari bark Ihowra seed	*****	21,623		631	•••	•••	***		•••••	22,254
stones •••	*****	400		875	· · · ·	16	···	i •••]	•••••	891
ali wood ·	••• ••	•••		80 559		***	{ ···	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*****	80 752
langanese	*****	-40) ···	752 30		•••		:::		30
Kusari flowers Vild plantain leaves	******	•••	:::	72		:::	} :::		*****	72
Vild plantain leaves	***	66	\ \	685		5		44,000		44,756
Rosha grass •••				500		•	ļ	•••		500
arwad Bark . ••••	*** ***	***		552	•••	•••		•••	•••••	552 237
Babul Pods			 	237		<u> </u>		· ···		
. Total, State Forests	•••••	21,738		1,59,112		56		3,57,369		5,29,275
Leased Forests.										
Ypta Tembhurni leaves	.	•••		424				ļ l		424
Thowra seed		***	•••	187)		•••	•••	•••••	187
Mhowra flowers •••	• •••••	•••	••• {	813	} •••	•••		•••	·····	313 175
Rosha oil	•••	•••	***	175 2,277	•••	! ***			}	2,277
Miscellaneous ···	******	***	\ <u>`</u>			}_ <u></u> _	***			
Total, Leased Forests	*****	:••		8,376						3,376
•					-		 			
Total, Northern Circle	-45,17	21,738		1,53,488		56	ļ	3,57,369		5,32,651
CENTRAL CIRCLE.		<u> </u>		.	1		1		}	7,874
Hirds and Shikekai Silk cotton	*****	•••	::	7,874 15	•••				}	15
Sing cotton .	Lbs.	· · · ·	"	10	""	""	""	""	Lbs.	
Mhówra seed •••	,	5,251	\ \	*****	} :]		221,029	5,251
Rosha grass	****** •		\ ··· \	5,809	•••) ··· 。		1,383		5,809 9,028
Leaves, pods, bark, etc Fruits	*****	26		7,611 890		3	1 :::	1,383		1,000
Earth, stone, murrum, etc	*****			1,416		284		43	*****	1,748
Grass and grazing		24		2,57,861		3,732		22,335		2,83,952
Bamboos ••• Tahal •••	*****	7	\ ••• \	13,042	•••	18		1,780		13,084 1,787
Tabal Miscellaneous	i			7 271	***	•••		3,203		8,474
	Lbs.							-		
Total, Central Circle	221,029	5,308	•••	2,94,796		4,037		28,871	•••••	3,33,012
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.							}			
Bamboos	*****		5,160,909	56,245	72,341	515			52,33,250	56,760
Grass and grazing	*** **	1,201	•••	66,640	•••	7,907	'	}	1 1	75,748 14,855
Harda, Shikekái, Cinnamon, Honey, Wax, Surgi, Nuxvomica, Ramfal and		•••		14,852	\ . •••	1 "		-	aan er	14,00
Rampatri.			}	6,658		472	,			7,13
Capping fees		•••		1,215	} :::	3/2	1) :::		1,21
anes			***	731	M	\ ''' 4		•••		78
3kins		٠		14						
'ali palm leaves and Shindel			1	900		1		•••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	90

FORM No. 20.—Outturn of Minor Forest Produce during 1914-1915—continued.

•	•			Pro	DUCE REMOV	ED OR UTI	LIZED.			<u></u>
Description of Produce,	By Gove		By pure	hasers.	By free-	grantees.	By right-	holders.	To	tal.
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
SOUTHERN CIRCLE—		Rs₊		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Baini trees		}		12 19		250			******	12 269
reepers	***	•••		63	•••	1	::	•••	*****	64 166
horns Indi seeds	•••		*****	157 30	••• }	9	•••	•••	******	30
umri leaves		***	******	1,617	***	***	} ::: }	•••		1,617
ali palm trees	***	•••		3,204		844	} ·•• {	•••		4,04 8 980
um Iulgai seed	***	2,724	*****	980 982	••••	•••				3,706
Bandurbi	•••	•••		644	•••	•••		•••		644 178
ilk cotton	946	178	******	8,874	•••	•••	l :::	•••		8,874
ábul pods ••••	•••	•••		560	***	•••				560
ori fruits	•••	•••	*****	15	•••	***		•••		16 7
fanure Tali Chekke	•••	•••		7 4	•••	***	\ ::: \		******	4
Vonte Shibs	•••	•••		1		•••	} }		•••••	99
oppu ••• Vaivdung	-76	•••	*****	38 25	•••	***	} }		***	88 28
agadful		***	*****	31	:::	•••			*****	31 22
arvi	•••	•••	· •••••	22	••• [•••		•••	*****	
rickly pear	***	***	*****	. 7 126		•••				126
amarind	***			6		***			•••••	•
Inttal leaves	***		•••••	1 9	•••	***		•••	*****	\$
fiscollaneous •••	***	•••	*****	87	}	36	***	•••	.,,,,,,	128
							 		 -	
Total, Southern Circle		4,103	, 701107	1,64,776		10,038				1,78,917
							-			
SIND CIRCLE.										
· C Vegetables, fruits and		215	*****	******	•••					21
Babul seed		13		*****	***				12	· 200
Rohuja garden contract.		200	Contract.	1,650	•••			•••		1,650
Lopping of Bohan Kandi	***	***	228	16	***			•••	228	10
branches. Jow brushwood	64 loads.	4	492	31	15] 1			507	36
Do.			34 cart loads.	15	2 cart leads.	î			36 282	· 10
Kanh		•••	282 200 bundles.	18 12		•••			200	12
Dah grass Babul pods	:::	***	Contract.	560		·	•••		Contract.	56 15,46
Grazing		•••		10,415	***	78	<u> </u>	4,973		10,20
Total	•••	432	******	12,717	•••	80		4,973		18,202
e Pakul mada			Contract.	1,167			·		ogel#B	1,16
Babul pods Kana sur		* *#*	Do.	728		***		•••	*****	725
Kanh grass		•••	Do. 102 mds.	14 102]]	***	***	•••	102	10
Babul seed	•••	. •••	Contract.	6	} }	***]]	•••	****	1
Babul and Kandi			316	18	•••] •••	•••	816	
Ber fruit Babul and Kandi branches. Kanh grass	ا ا	•••	80 bundles.	. 39	1,309 bundles.	82		•••	1,889	12
Jow brushwood		•••	400	25	\ · · ·	***	•••	•••	400	2 3
Paban ····	•••	***	Contract.	. 32 6,833		95	***	832		7,76
Grazing	100	***		*****	50 loads.	3	•••		50 loads.	
								ļ	1	9,97

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 20.—Outturn of Minor Forest Produce during 1914-1915—concluded.

_					Produc	E REMOVED	OR UTILIZ	ED.	· · · · ·		
3	Description of Produce.	By Gove		By pur	chasers.	By free-	grantees.	By right-	holders.	Total.	
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
_	1	2	· 3 ·	4	5 .	6	7	8	9	10	11
	SIND CHICLE—	Mds. s.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Mds. s	Rs.
[Babul seed Neni seed Fruit of Miani Bunga	5 seers.	4 2 12	•••••	•••••• •••••		•••	***	••• •••	? mds. 5 seers.	4 2 12
Hyderabad.	low garden. Fruit of Mango Garden. Mangoes Fruit, Kathri garden	Do. 700 Contract.	227 13\ 200	******			 			700 470 mds.	227 13 200 388
Hydo	Babul pods Kanh and Sur grass Jow brushwood		•••	Contract. Do. 125 bundles. 3,902	15,226 1,177 8 261					125 bundics. 3,902	15,226 1,177 8 261
l	Lopping of kandi, babul and Bohan branches. Grazing	1		Branches.	14,700		485	1	120	1	15,305
	Total		846		31,372		485		120	••••	82,823
Jerruck.	Babul pods Sur and Kanh grass Babul and kandi bran		•••	Contract. Do.	4,535 105 12	4 carts.	4		•••	****	4,535 109 12
Jor	ches. Paban and Bih Mango fruit Lac	:::	6	Contract. Do. Do.	5 2 35	••• •••	•••	===	 	******	5 2 41
	Grazing		•••	*****	9,194		1,249		5 80	•••••	11,023
	Total		6	•	13,888	•••	1,253		580		15,727
	*Total, Sind Circle		1,284	•••••	66,941	·	1,998	,	6, 505		76,728
,	- GRAND TOTAL		£2,433		6,80,001		16,129		3,92,745	••••	11,21,308

FORM No. 21.—Account of Timber and other Produce cut or collectes by Government Agency and brought to Depôts, sold locally, or otherwise disposed of during the year 1914-1915.

					•								
Name of Division or	1	Balance at commence ment of the year in Forests and Sale Depôts.	Received during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Balance in band at close of the year in Forests and Sale Depôts.	Name of Division	or Range.	Balance at commence- ment of the year in Forests and Sale Depôts.	during	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Balance in hand at close of the year in Forests and Sale Depots.
1 .		2	3	4	5.	6.	1		2	3	4	5	6
NORTHERN CIR	CLE.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	SOUTHERN Č	IECLE.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.
Surat North Thána Central Thána South Thána North Násik	700 001 100 000 100 014 100 014 100 015	25,896 364 677 90 5,127	29,583 101,202 8,495 3,147 1,600 258 2,699	29,580 127,098 3,859 3,824 1,609 348 7,826	29,580 70,548 3,357 3,824 1,600 348 373	56,550 502 7,453	Timber Kanars, Northern Teak Blackwood	•	161,060° 33,616°	492,356 24,913	563,416 73,529	314,130 12,058	249,286 61,471
· T C	otal	32,154	141,981	174,135	109,630	64,505	Junglewood	*** ***	23,685*	50,497	80,182	45,323	34,859
Fuel,				 -		<u> </u>		Total	223,361	493,766	717,127	371,511	345,616
Surat North Thána Central Thána South Thána	++1 #44 444 	21,940 29,120 435	32,860 12,811 1,319 565 80	54,800 40,961 1,754 565 80	54,800 19,296 1,392 565 80 2,595	21,725 362	Kanara, Eastern l Teak	Division —		205,536	339,929	206,823	132,006
N 41 NT/ 11	•••		2,595 69,800	2,595 69,800	60,545	9,255	Blackwood Junglewood	*** ***	60 (214)	2,818 47,975	2,849 '80,587	43,522	2,227 3 7,085
, · 😭	otal	50,495	120,060	170,555	139,213	31,342	·	Total	165,937	256,327	422,264	250,986	171,298
Minor Forest Pro-	được.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Kánara, Southern	Division—					
Central Thána North Násik	*** *** *** ***	••• ••• •••	1,156 55 3,242 18,976	1,156 55 3,242 18,976	55 3,242 18,392	1,156 584	Teak Junglewood	*** ** *** **	359 3,716	23,990	359 27,706	9,641	321 18,065
T	otal	•••	23,429	23,429	21,689 C. ft.	1,740		Total	4,075	23,990	28,085	9,679	18,386
Total, Northern C	•	C. ft. 62,649	C. ft. 262,041 + Rs. 23,429	C. ft. 314,690 + Rs. 23,429	248,843 + Rs. 21,689	C. ft. 95,847 + Rs, 1,740	Kánara, Western Tenk Blackwood Junglewood		895	14,228 1,872 61,016	24,156 2,767 92,681	16,096 1,993 57,565	8,070 774 35,316
CENTRAL CIRC Timber.	,ue.						o ungrewood	***			-	-	
Vest Khandesh Forth Khandesh Joona	 	300	2,090 920 126 24,919 27	2,090 920 123 25,219 27	691 920 128 24,999	1,399 220 27	Belgaum Division	Total	42,688	77,116	119,804	75,611	41,160
Colaba	otal	743	28,685	29,428	27,732	1,696	Teak Blackwood Junglewood	*** ** *** **	2,729	6,884 2,755 20,165	1 2,275 5,484 22,238	10,036 4,878 14,311	2,239 606 7,925
Firewood.						-	}	Total	10,191	29,804	39,995	29,225	10,770
Vest Khändesh North Khändesh Poona Satara	 	20,331 21,270 4,185	160 880 40 1,64,342 75,797 33,515	160 880 4/) 1,84,673 97,067 37,700	80 850 40 1,73,725 70,794 35,945	90 10,949 26,273 1,765	Dhárwár Division Teak Junglewood	*** *** **** ***	752 62	11,329 794	12,081 856	8,741 858	3,840
. , , , _T	otal	45,786	2,74,734	3,20,520	2,81,464	39,058		Total	814	12,123	12,937	9,597	3,340
Minor Forest Pro	duce.		` Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Total, Timber						
West Khándesh North Khandesh		***	4,789 2,062 53	4,789 2,062 53	4,789 2,063 53	:::	Teak Blackwood Junglewood	010 boo	310,783 42,272 94,011	610,333 42,356 210,437	951,116 81,629 304,448	555,854 19,550 171,218	395,262 65,078 133,230
T	otal		6,004	6,904	6,904			Total	447,086	\$93,126	1,340,192	746,623	593,570
	rations.		14,351 12,850	14,951 12,850	14,351 12,850	. 	Fuel. Kánara, Northern Kánara Southern	Division .	106,760° 44,475	\$90,120 78,639	496,880 123,114	482,840 123,114	14,040
т. т	otal	 C, ft	27,201 C. ft.	27,201 C. ft.	27,201 C. ft.	 C. ft.	Kánara, Western Belganm Division Bijápur do.	do	26 892,450	16,240 2,683,439 43,672	16,268 3,575,889 43,672	14,935 3,034,167 43,672	1,333 541,722
Total, Central Ci	irole	43,529	303,419 + Rs.	343,848 + Rs.	309,196 + Rs	40,752	-duker nor						

The figures shown as balance in last year's return being wrong are corrected now.

FORM No. 21.—Account of Timber and other Produce cut or collected by Government Agency and brought to Depôts, sold locally, or otherwise disposed of during the year 1914-1915—concluded.

Name of Division or Ranga.	Balance at commence- ment of the year in Forests and Sale Depôts.	Received during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Balance in hand at close of the year in Forests and Sale Depôts.	Name of Division	n or Range.	Balance at commence- ment of the year in Forests and Sale Depôts.	Received during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Balance in hand at close of the year in Forests and Sale Depôts.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1		2	3	4	5	6
SOUTHERN CIRCLE	Rs.	Rs.	Rg.	Re.	Rs.	SIND CIT		C. ft.	C. ft.	C. 1t.	C. ft.	C. ft.
Sandalleood.			}	<u> </u>	}	Sukkur		088,E	1,775	3,655	3,479	176
Karfara, Eastern		3,254	3,254	3,254		Nausháhra	111 ***		483	515	465	50
DivisionValue. Kanara Southern	***	,,,,,,,	, 0,202	, 0,202	"	Hyderabad	end 614		179	197	74	113
Kánara, Southern Division	60	4,690	4,750	4,745	5	Jerruck	110	Į į	64	64	64	******
Belgaum Division 😁 🚜	132	2,227	2,359	2,309	50							
Dharwar do 29		18,655	18,655	18,65 5	···	<u> </u>	Total	1,920	2,501	4,421	4,082	339
TotalValue.	192	28,626	29,018	29,963	55	Fucl	•			 -	- 	
					 	Sukkur	***	6,034	98,943	104,977	104,209	769
		}			ļ	Nausháliro	*** ***	65,270	55,523	120,793	97,103	23,690
					Į	Hyderabad	100 000	24,494	85,795	110,289	78,446	31,843
Minor Forest Produce.	3					Jerruck		37,775	52,670	90,445	89,482	963
Belgaum Division. Grase Value.	1,958	_ 2,119	4,077	3,896	181		Total	133,573	292,931	426,504	\$80,239	57,265
			!			Minor Forest	Produce.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
					(Sukkur	Value	. 70	443	518	454	50
Drift and waif wood and					,	Nausháhro	,	6	1,290	1,296	1,238	58
confiscated Forest Produce.						Hydembad	***	150	1,700	1,850	1 ,824	26
Kanara, Northern DivisionValue.	65	•••	65	65		Jerruck	*** ***	1	759	760	760	90 9 201
Kánara, Western Division ••• ••	•••	453	4 53	345	108	Tota	alValue.	227	4,192	4,419	4,276	143
Belgaum Division 🚥 "	14	163	177	142	35							
Bijápur do ,,	***	211	211	211	-	Total, Sin	d Circle	C ft. 135,493	C. ft. 295,432	C. ft. 430,925	C. ft. 873,321	C. ft. 57,604
. • Total	79	827	906	763	143			† Rs. 227	Rs. 4,192	+ Rs. 4,419	+ Rs. 4,276	+ Rs. 143
Total, Southern Circle	C. ft. 1,490,779 + Rs. 2,229	C. ft. 4,105,238 + Rs. 31,772	C. ft. 5,596,015 + Rs. 34,001	C. ft. 4,445,550 + Rs. 33,622	6. ft. 1,150,665 + Rs. 879	Grabi	TOTAL	C. ft. 1,755,460 + Rs. 2,456	C. ft. 4,966,128 + Rs. 93,498	C. ft. 8,721,678 + Rs. 95,954	C. ft. 5,976,710 + Rs. 93,692	C. fc. 1,314,868 + Rs. 2,263

FCBM No. 22.—Abstract showing the Value of Timber and other Produce at Sale Depôts for the year 1914-1915.

			AT COMME		On han	D AT CLOSE YEAR.	OF THE	DIFFEI IN VA		
Description of Timber and other Produce.]	No.	Cubic feet.	Value	No.	Cubic feet.	Value.	In favour of the year.	Against the year.	Remarks.
1		2	3	4		6	7	8 '	9	10
NORTHERN CIRCLE.				Rs.			Rs.	Rş.	Rs.	* .,
Timber Fuel	• • •	***	27,378	19,847		64,505	47,780	27,933	0171	Net difference in favour of the
Minor Forest Produce	•••	***	54,680 	5,096	***	31,342	2,925 1,740	1,740	2,171	year—Rs. 27,502.
Total, Northern Circle	•••	***	82,058	24,943	• 4 •	95,847	52,445	29,673	2,371	
CENTRAL CIRCLE				· ·						
Timber.			·	·						
East Khándesh North Khándesh	••-		2	•••	1,305	1,399	363	363		b
Poons	***	68	300	75	209	220 27	14	5	, 6L	
Kolába	•••	100	441	235	16 24	50	5 24		211	
Total, Timber	•	68	743	310	1,554	1,696	406	368	272	
Firewood.				- -	_	İ	1			l i .
East Kháudesh Poona	•••	•••	20,331	3	4	80 10,948	12 674	12 671		·
Sátára Kolába	•••	•••	21,270 4,185	1.196 1,569	•••	26,273 1,755	1,580 658			
Total, Firewood	•••		45,786	2,768	4	39,056	2,924	1,067	911	Net difference in favour of the
Mhowra.							 -	-	-	year—Rs. 1,127.
West Khándesh North Khándesh	•••	***	Lbs. 32,108 19,912	2,000 498	•••	Lbs. 75,337 19,870	3,000 373		125	
Total, Mhowra	***	•••	52,020	2,498	•••	95.207	3,373	1,000	125]
Seeds.		•								
Vest Kildedel	••-	K. m. lbs. 1 6 22	1		K, m. lbs	•	})] [
West Khannesh		5 4 18		454	1 5 26	***	***	•••		11
Poona Sátára	•••	17 3 12	***	* •••	54 3 0 1 17 4	••••			•••	} }
Total, Seeds		23 74 24	***		61 9 21		•••		•••	}}
Total, Central Circle	•••			5,576			6,703	1,127		
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.			<u></u>						-	
Timber.					}					
Teak	•••	67,898	310,783	4,35,759	91,602	895,262	6,22,535	•••)
Blackwood Junglowood	•••	2,306 3,243	42,272 94,011	50,321 75,337	3,439 5,410	65,078 133,230	77,480 1,06,586		•••	
Total, Timber	•••	73,417	447,066	5,61,417	100,451	593,570	8,06,601	245,184	***	
Fuel	•••		1,043,713	65,405	•••	557,095	41,982	•••	23,443	Net difference in
Fandalwood Va	lue.	***************************************		192	•••	***	55	•••	137	favour of the year— Rs. 2,19,891.
Minor Forest Produce Va	ue.		***	1,958	•••	***	181	•••	1,777	
Confiscated Forest Produce				79		•••	148	64		
Total, Southern Circle	Ì			6,29,051		•••	8,48,942	2,19,891	·]
Total, Southern Circle	<u>. "</u>				•••		0,70,092	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

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FORM No. 22.—Abstract showing the Value of Timber and other Produce at Sale Depô! for the year 1914-1915—concluded.

		D AT COMME		On han	D AT CLOSE YBAR.	OF THE	Differe Valu	noe in Jr.	
Description of Timber and other Produce.	No.	Cubic feet.	Value.	No.	Cubic feet.	Value.	In favour of the year.	Against the year.	Bemarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
SIND CIRCLE.			Rs.			Bs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Babul logs	5	. 41	11	13	134	. 33	•••	***	1
Tali logs	1	15	10	. 8	8	6		•••	
Bahan logs	1	в	2	•••	•••	•••	•••		}
Kandi logs	4	6	. 2	48	50	13	•••		
Asri logs	2	4	1	1	. 3	1	***	•••	
Bahan rafters	945	472	-90	•=•	•••	•	:	.44	1
Jow rafters	2,713	1,356	108	211	105	7		***	
Bahan dasas	1	8	1	•••				646	
Bahan posts	12	12	12	15	15	4		•••	
Lye props	1	. 1	1	. ***	•••	***			
Kandi cart axles	2	1	1	9	9	3			
Babul cart axles	*** .	• • •	•••	15	15	. 4	•••	·•·.	
Total, Timter 🐽	3,687	1,920	239	318	339	: ,71	•••	168	Net difference
. Firewood and Charcoal.	Mds.								
Loco-fuel	***	133,539	8,722	***	55,917	1,602	•••	***	
Firewood	5	34	1	200	1,348	19	, ,	•••	
Total, Fuel	5	133,573	3,723	200	57,265	1,621	•••	2,102	·
Minor Forest Produce,	Mds.		•	Mds.					
Babul, Kandi and other seeds	193	'	167	159	} 	143			}
Babul bark	80	•••	60	•••		***		•••	
Total	273		227	169	•••	143	101	. 84	
Total, Sind Circle	***		4,189	•••	440	1,835		2,354	
GBAND TOTAL	, ***	,,,	668,759	***	•••	909,025	250,691	4,525	Net difference in favour of the year— Rs. 2,46,166.
				=				1	

FORM No. 23.—Abstract showing the Value of the Live and Dead Stock for the year 1914-15.

		THE YEAR.		AND AT THE YEAR.	DIFFERENCE	in Value.	,
Description of Live and Dead Stock.	}				<u></u>		Remarks.
	No	Value.	No.	Value.	In favour of the year.	Against the year.	-
1 .	2	3	4	5	. 6	7	. 8
NORTHERN CIRCLE.		Rs.	a	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Live Stock.	}			,	<u> </u>	· .	
Bullocks	4	3 09	4	394	85		
Dead Stock.					<u> </u>		
Buildings Tents and Rahutis Stores, Tools, Plant and office		2,75,310 4,557	282 3 2	2,95,116 4,023	19,806	534	
furniture	1	60,928		61,732	804	•••	
Empire Typewriters	. 4	800	4	800	•••	•••	
Copying Machines	0	•••	8 7	•••	,	•••	
Carts	. 7	133	7	183	•••		
Total, Dead Stock	329	3,41,728	346	3,61,804	20,610	534	
Total, Northern Circle	. 333	3,42,037	. 350	3,62,198	20,695	534	Net difference
CENTED AT CIPCLE				٠, ٠			the year- Rs. 20,161.
CENTRAL CIRCLE. Dead Stock.		·	,				
Buildings	109	1,46,467	146	1,70,152	23,685		
Tents	. 9	2,300	. 8	2,140		160	
Rahutis (Kabul Pal fan)	27	1,853	28	• 2,100	247		
Tools, Plant and office furniture		- 39,929	***-	33,77 5	•••	6,154	
Remington Typewriters	10*	***	8*	•••			* Price no known.
Empire Typewriters	•••	***	1*				
Copying Machines	7*	. •••	5 *		•••		
Cyclostyles	6*	•••	. 4*	•••		•••	
Boat with fittings	•••	••••	1	1,371	1,371	•••	
Boom furniture	`	•••	•••	815	815		
Total, Central Circle	168	1,90,549	201	2,10,353	26,118	6,814	Net difference in favour of the year-Rs. 19,804.

FORM No. 23.—Abstract showing the Value of the Live and Dead Stock for the year 1914-15-concluded.

		ON HAND AT MENT OF T	•	ON HAND A		DIFFERE VAL		•
Description of Live and Dead Stock.		No.	Value.	No.	Value.	In favour of the year.	Against the year.	Remarks.
. 1	•	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
SOUTHERN CIRCI	E.	·	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Live Stock.					}	į		
Elephants Buffaloes	••	35	6,000 1,99 6	52 52	6,000 2,690	•••	•••	
Total, Live St	tock	. 37	7,996	54	8,690	694		,
Dead Stock.		370	9 65 1907	3 82′	2,96,357			
Buildings	••	ي ا	2,65,907 2,152	9	2,212	•••	··· ·	
Rahutis	••	17	1,210	20.	1,732	•••	•••	
Tools, Plant and office furn	iture		87,141	•••	91,860	•••	•••	11
Typewriters Monorail materials	•		25,382	7	25,382	•••	•••	Net difference in
Duplicators	••	6	20,002	6	20,002		•••	Rs. 37,662.
Carts	·	. 19	1,263	29	1,816	•••		11 .
Guns	•	1	133	4 1	133	.***		11 .
Bicycle Iron Safes	••	1		4	129 535	•••		}
Total, Dead S		40:	3,83,188	462	4,20,156	36,968		
Total, Southern C	ircle	468	3,91,184	516	1,28,846	37,662	···	
· SIND CIRCLE	•		\					
Lire Stock.								
Bullocks Camels		12	276	12 36	274 1,390	•••		7
		- 	1,428				<u></u>	
Total, Live S Dead Stock.	tock .	52	1,704	48	1,664		40	-
Buildings	•	102	45,810	103	49,405	•••	•••	1
Tents	•	,)	2,954	14	2,954	•••	•••	
Stores, Mathematical	•	ĺ	5,359	646	5,361	***	•••	1100
Tools, Plant and office furn	iture .		13,373	2,699	13,344	•••		Net difference is favour of the year-
Remington Typewriters	•	ì	Not known.]	Not known.	••• .	•••	
Empire Typewriters	•	1	Not known.		Not known.	•••	. •••	
Copying Machine	•	1 .	Not known.	1	Not known.	•••		
Miscellaneous	•	\- 	834	467	1,401	•••		-
Total, Dead S			68,330	3,936	72,465	4,135		
Total, Sind C	1		70,034	3,984	74,129	4,135	40	j -
GRAND T	OT II.	4,850	9,93,804	5,051	10,75,526	88,610	6,888	Net difference in favor of the year- Rs. 81,722.

FORM No. 24.

FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the

·		FURM NU. 24.	-Summary of	Cevenue and D2	penarante of the
Budget Head.	Direction.	North Thána Division,	Central Thána Division.	South Thána Division.	Panch Muháls Division,
NORTHERN CIBCLE.	Rs. a. p.	Rze a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
REVENUE.				1	
L-Timber and other					
Produce removed from the Forests by	,			•	
Government Agency-	411.450	- 1,380 15 6	1,135 4 3	1,201 12 Q	7,331 11 0
b. Firewood and charcoal	98 6 416	*****	152 9 0	5 12 0	edo 111
d Sandalwood	*****	41444	500.000 500.000	*****	*****
c. Grass and other minor produce	••••	*****	54 12 0	***	******
Total, I	*****	1,390 15 6	1,342 9 3	1,297 8 0	7,831 11 0
II.—Timber and other Produce removed from the Forests by Consumers or Pur-			•		,
chasers— a. Timber b. Firewood and	elet.	5,71,337 8 9	2,42,978 4 11	1,93,498 5 9	91,823 3 4
charcoal	000000	1,098 19 2 11,257 3 4	699 2 3 0,246 15 9	418 8 6 303 1 0	1,031 13 0 1,726 5 8
d. Grazing and fod- der grass	*****	10,348 7 0	3,451 3 0	2,864 13 0	6,330 14 0
e. Other minor pro-	44,000	183 3 0	. 2,635 3 3	3,002 1 0	4,719 13 2
f. Other items g. Commutation	414+44 42 14+4	*****	*****	******	3,110 13 2
fees · ·		.,,	*****	*****	
Total, II	*****	5,94,223 3 8	2,56,300 12 2	2,00,236 13 3	1,05,631 0 2
III Drift and Woif Wood and Confiscat-			_		
ed Forest Produce		2 4 0	3 19 9	0 12 0	8 5 0
Total, III		2 4 0	3 12 9	.012 0	8 5 0
IV.—Revenue from Forests not managed by Government— a. Duty on foreign					
timber and other forest produce b. Revenue from		*54 954	20.000	455.00	
shared and pri- vate Forests	*****	**************************************	32 12 0	054	
Total, IV		*****	82 12 0	0 5 4	******
VMiscellaneous-				•	
a. Fines and forfei- tures b. Refunds		634 5 0 438 8 5	522 2 0 196 9 9	1,409 0 0. 155 10 0	107 12 0 20 1 8
c. Other sources	. 275 0 0	436 8 5 2,035 1 8	4,558 1 0	5,737 9 1	20 1 8 5,086 6 8
Total, V	275 0 0	3,125 15 1	5,276 13 8	7,301 3 1	5,214 3 11
Grand Total, Revenue.	275 0 0	5,99,732 4 10	2,62,865 11 6	2,08,536 9 8	1,18,185 4 1
EXPENDITURE.	1				}
A.—Corservance and Works.					
* 1.—Timber and other Produceremoved] 				
from the Forests by Government Agency—		940 10 0	etilet and on	ene = c	1000 - 0
b. Firewood and charcoal	#10100 B	249 12 6 0 4 0	50G 18 3 8 0 0	383 5 0	1,080 8 8
e. Bamboos 🚙	864-014 864-014	4444	en, est	996 a 962 a a	1 10 8
d. Sandalwood c. Grass and other minor produce	******	******	48 14 0	440 pau	965100
Total, A-I	******	250 0 6	563 11 3	383 5 0	1,083 8 4
11Timber and other					
Froduce removed from the Forests by Consumers or Pur-		<i>:</i>		, i	· .
Chasers or Fur-	Pagosa	6,358 4 1	4,707 13 0	5,300 4 7	9,516 14 3
Total, A-II	201149	6,358 4 1	4.797 · 13 0	5,300 4 7	3,516 14 8
. III.—Drift and Waif				. •	
Wood and Confiscate ed Forest Produce	901 603	720	2 10 6	. 12 5 6	•••••
Total, A-III	421 520	7 2 0	2 10 6	12 5 6	******
IV.—Revenue from Forests not managed by Government.— a. Duty on foreign					•
timber and other forest produce b. Revenue from	****	******	\$3141	1	839448
shared and pri- vate Forests	*****	801.078		411450	400 000
Total, A-IV	en né	. 210.21	\$50 per	905450	*****
			36, •	<u> </u>	t i

different Divisions for the Forest year 1914-1915.

North Nasik Division,	South Násik Division.	Surat Division.	Working Plans Division.	South Násik Famine Fodder Division.	Direction Famine Folder Division.	Total for the Forest year 1914-1915
Rs. a. p.	. Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a, p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. p
			-			
		1				
				,		•
11 0 0	66 10 0	· 90,967 13 8	664109	7	*****	_ 1,08,185 2 5.
180 0 0	542 1 0 49 6 0 10 8 0	20 1 7	444 144 424 144 424 144	,,,478 U416	#1 *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *	900 7 7 49 6 0 10 8 0
3,241 10 3	18,382 4 11	*****	•••••	•••••		21,678 11 2
3,432 10 3	19,050 13 11	·96,997 15 3	* ***.**			3,3 0,824 8 2
:						
	•					
14,523 0 0	61,173 7 3	57,796 13 3	******	494 744	•••••	12,33,134 10 3
5,871 9 0 65 12 0	. 1,684 7 6 5,000 8 5	29 4 0 12,129 10 3	******	, pag ****	******	11,033 8 5 36,879 •8 5
43,910 1 6	24,503 0 6	1,971 4 8	408000		255.00	93,377 10 8
2,162 5 6	6,150 0 7	4,347 15 5		919148 	*****	23,230 9 11
. ******	****	******	932.00	941>14 942	*****	F*****
66,477 12 0	98,601 8 3	76,274 15 7	******	******		13,97,654 15 8
133 11 9	149 15 9	342 6 0	*****		*****	641 3 3
133 11 9	149 15 9	342 6 0	*****	411.40	911111	641 3 3
•		·) 		
****	अपर्वशत्र	\$00.05E	-	•••••		********
545000	*****	42 8 11	425444		444.000	75 10 3
	****	. 42 8 11	*****		U 400 10 10	75 10 '8
•						
474 S 0	· 2,013 9 0	663 1 9. 518 14 6	444.54 444.54	1,210 3 0	190 11 0	5,842 6 3 2,767 15 5
7,864 6 7	4,578 14 5	1,333 13 4		,111ag	******	30,960 4 9
7,838 14 7 77,883 0 7	6,630 13 11 1,24,438 2 10	2,515 13 7 1,76,103 11 4	41,404	1,210 3 0	190 11 0	39,579 10 5 15,68,775 10 9
		1,70,100 11 4				
						•
		•				
806*18	143 7 3	51,057 12 4	******	*****	Postered	53,420,11 0
37 1 O	1,371 4 7	786 3 0	417 100	*****	******	2,201 7 3
******	** ess	gest00 ag0105	******	404340	441114	******
8,347 3 1	11,320 9 2	613 9 0	*****	69 7 0		20,429 10 3 76,054 12 6
8,384 4 1	12,834 5 0	52,497 8 4				
471 11 6	2,291 3 10	4,855 14 8	*****	40041.0		27,592 1 11
	2,291 8 10	4,855 14 8	******			27,593 1 11
471 11 6		i				
471 11 6	i		4			
	7.00	190				24 5 0
******	100	1 3 0	71000 0		414144	

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FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the

		1	2 4	tevenue and Exp	
Budget Heads.	Direction.	North Thána Division.	Contral Thána Division.	South Thána Division.	Panch Maháls Division.
EXPENDITURE—continued. A.—CONSERVANCY AND WORKS—continued. V.—Rent of leased Forests and Payments to Share-	Rs. 3. p.	Ŕs, a, p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a, p.	Rs. a. p.
holders in Forests manag- ed by Government	***		17-100	245 15 8	
Total, A-V	,	.,	·	245 15 8	
VI - Live-Stock, Stores, Tools and Plant -			•		•
b. Feed and keep of	******	*****	•••	•••••	240 0 0
c. Purchase of stores,	1,428 4 3	163 8 0	205 13 0	73 6 0	321, 3 0
tools and plant	1428 4 3	162 3 0	205 13 0	73 6 0	277 7 9
VII.—Communications and Buildings—	122				838 10 9
a. Roads and bridges b. Buildings c. Other works	******	784 9 0 4,509 0 2	4,563 11 10 5,123 13 8 113 10 0	32 5 6 1,705 10 2 15 9 6	34 7 6 5,479 5 9
Total, A-VII		5,273 0 2	9,800 3 6	1,753 9 2	279 8 0
VIII.—Organization, Im-		3,2,0 0 2			5,792 5 3
of Forest— a. Demarcation b. Cost of Forest Settlements and Compensation for land and	*******	682 7 0	832 0 3	302- 6 6	28 0 0
rights		******	, 14 0 0	13 4 3	88 5 7
d. Working-plans c. Sowing and planting	93 4 10	660 0 6 1,274 4 9	402 13 5 389 14 8	655 15 6 182 0 6	52 1 6
f. Protection from fire	*****	2,596 4 6 787 0 0	4,634 10 4 979 2 0	3,793 14 6 32 5 0	1,220 11 9 4,483 11 4 7 14 0
Total, A-VIII	93 4 10	6,000 0 9	6,953 i 8	4,978 14 2	5,678 12 2
IXMiscellaneous-	Į.	į		Į	
6. Law charges b. Other charges	*****	1,116 9 6	1,273 3 7	952 8 0	1,346 11 6
Total, A-IX	******	1,116 9 6	1,272 3 7	953 8 0	1,346 11 6
TOTAL, A.—CONSERVANCY AND WORKS					7,510 11 0
B.—Establishments.	1,521 • 9 1	19,167 4 0	23,595 8 6	13,700 4 1	19,455 9 8
I.—Salaries— a. Conservators b. Superior Officers c. Subordinate Forest and Depôt Establish-	17,098 3 8	11,558- 2 9	14,930 8 7	17,583 2 0	14,123 14 11
d. Office Establishmenta.	7,530 10 2	23,482 0 10 6,057 9 11	25,156 14 7 0,781 8 2	30,883 14 6 5,905 6 0	22,126 7 7 6,681 6 1
e. Deputation and Special Allowances £ Exchange Compensa- tion Allowance—	504 8 4	710 2 3	978 10 1	354 5 4	8 15 10
1. Conservators 2. Deputy Conserva-	******	******	******	acot by	998 ves
S. Assistant Conservators	******	******	******	******	******
4. Extra Assistant Conservators		,	*****	******	900 are
				<u>""</u>	••••
Total, B-I II.—Travelling Allow-	25,133 6 2	41,807 15 9	47,797 4 5	54,224 11 10	42,940 12 5
. a. Conservators b. Superior Officers c. Subordinate Forest and Depôt Estab-	2,296 12 5 47 10 0	2,547 0 0	2,301 1 7	2,495 7 9	2,484 2 0
d. Office Establishments. c. Forest School (Dehra-	1,017 15 4	2,625 9 7 826 3 11	2,580 0 5 834 8 2	1,980 13 1 709 6 9	2,769 4 7 858 1 4
Dun) f. Plague allowance g. Grain Compensation .	*******	75 0 0	······ 0 4 3	298 4 9	******
Total, B-II	8,962 5 9	6,074 14 6	5,715 14 5	5,472 0 4	6,111 7 11
III.—Contingencies—					
a. Stationery b. Carriage of Tents and Records	41 8 0	346 6 2	416 2 0	309 8 6	324 10 0
e. Rents, rates and	606 0 4 1,297 8 6	307 11 11	529 8 0′	263 12 2	467 4 11
d. Pay of Police Guards. c. Official postage f. Sundries Payments to Officers of	340 14 0 425 7 10	945 2 6 796 0 11	980 8 6 574 10 7	267 10 0 947 5 0 328 9 11	953 6 0 622 15 3
other Provinces ***	0.571 0 0	*****	*****		******
Total, B-III Total, B-ESTABLISH- MENTS	2,771 6 8	2,845, 1 4 50,727 15 7	2,820 13 1	2,186 8 7	2,430 11 3
GRAND TOTAL OF EX-	32,788 11 8	69,895 8 7	70,929 8 5	75 593 9 10	51,492 15 6
			10,820 5 5	75,583 8 10	69,038 6 0

different Divisions for the Forest year 1914-1915-contd.

North Násik Division.	South Násik Division.	Surat Division,	Working Plans Division.	Sonth Násik Famine Fodder Division.	Direction Famine Fodder Division,	Total for the Forest year 1914–1915.
Rs. a. p.	Bs. s. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Re. a. p
					,	
	*****	18,034 6 8	******	24443	2-11 TV6	18,280 6
		18,034 6 8		,	777.000	18,280 6
*****	****	1 200.000		, ,		240 Q
******		220 14 9		******	1	•
18 0 0	212 9 6	1,256 15 11	53 8 0		*******	542 1
18 0 0	212 9 6	1,477 14 8	53 8 0	4, 414	1	3,688 S 4,470 5
	, .	•				
794 7 0	1,889 5 3 324 13 0	14,040~11 8 8,469 14 8	alo 166 100 - 16	*****	*****	21,322 9 26,407 0
.1	******	732 5 8	414	00+100	******	1,140 0
794 7 0	2,213 2 3	23,242 15 7	. ******	407.114	*15.11	48,869 10
268 8 3	419 0 9	, 149 0 6	*****		****	2,378 0
****	4544.0	86 0 0	700-00		704*44	150 9
7 5 9	448 4 9	3II 13 1	865 8 7	,coq400 pm 202	*****	3,403 15
265 3 3 788 8 0	158 0 0 1,443 11 9	1,570 11 3 6,232 6 3	******	******	934 PPE	5,184 3 23,923 2
459 15 0	172 11 0	207 15 6	******	,,,,		2,639 14
1,730 8 3	2,671 12 3	9,507 14 7	865 8 7	420 418	******	37,679 13
*****	******		******	, H4 44	. Maria	8,693 0
1,334 12 6	1,802 12 6	875 1 9	-7 ïı o			
1,334 12 6	1,802 12 6	875 1 9	-7 11. 0	100 = 74		8,693 0
12,793 11 4	22,026 13 4	1,09,482 15 8	911 6 7	69 7 0		2,21,664 7
5,509 5 4 20,509 7 8	13,813 3 B	16,838 10 8	10,514 7 6	212 00 A	******	17,098 3 1,04,668 7
5,085 12 9	21,963 2 0	23,023 4 3	840 7 9	p14*86	*****	1,68,474 11
10 9 11	6,186 15 8	6,669 8 8	1,395 5 10	******	44+144	52,243 14 9,670 I
10 611	1,344 1 10	5,577 1 4	151 10 4	100419	******	,
*** ***	sec e ta	. 891049	E45200E	1 0 10 010	*****	••••
*****	411.100	*** ***	******	•021006 ·		*****
`8 89 68 9	47024,	417-44	******		*****	*****
	40.000 % 0	**************************************	******	6014**		3,50,155 6
31,205 3 8	43,207 7 2	51,108 8 11	12,731 15 5	******		3,00,100 0
1,196 9 0	2,700 0 9	2,624 5 4	2,649 11 9	200420	*****	2,296 12 19,035 0
1,613 3 8 474 6 2	2,390 8 1 .713 5 3	3,006 4 9 991 13 9	236 4 2 485 7 1	e 2- 644 44644 '	105.000	17,201 15 1 6,911 3
*****	170 0 0	150 0 0	******		404101	521 4 170 0
3,281 2 5	5,973 14 1	6,772 7 10	3,371 7 0	*****	******	46,138 10 3
						B 600. 0
227 3 6	356 12 8	237 2 8	31 1 9	******	******	2,380 · 2 · 3
97. 6 6	287 15 0	428 7 6	203 9 0	******		3,219 11 2,916 6
60 0 0	135 0 0	14 0 0	. 820 0 0	*****	#****** #*****	******
717 5 0 203 0 6	952 12 0 545 5 3	622 9 0 548 14 11	4: 0 0 1:2 6 0	919,24	*****	6,533 14 (4,192 7
1,339 15 6	2,357 12 11	1,848 11 1	741 8 9	*****	******	19,243 9
35,629 5 7	51,459 2 2	59,727 21 10	16,844 15 2	*****	******	4,15,536 9
<u> </u>		1 60 010 71 1	17,758 4 9	. 69 7 0		6,37,201 0
48,503 0 11	73,465 15 6	1,69,210 11 1	TINO TO W.	7 69 1 0	******	COLIENT O

FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue, and Expenditure of the

Budget Head.	Direction.	North Khándesh Divisiou	West Khándesh Division-	East Khándesh Division.	Kolaba Division.
CENTRAL CIRCLE.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. P.	Rs. a. p.	Bs. a. p.
REVENUE.		ļ			i
(r—Timber and other Produce removed from the Forests by Govern- ment Agency—	`				
a. Timber	*141**4	11 1 0	46 4 0	3 12 0	474 0 6
b. Firewood and charcoal	******	200	43 12 0 7 4 2	0 12 0	5,655 10 0
d. Sandalwood c. Grass and other	l•a {	e	******	*****	******
minor produce		1,800 2 6	3,890 14 0		21 6 0
Total, I		1,873 8 6	3,488 2 3	4 8 0	6,154 0 6
II.—Timber and other Produce removed from the Forests by Consum- ers or Purchasers—	l í		•		
a. Timber b. Firewood and char-	****	80,945 15 9	1,23,126 13 6	9,394 2 6	1,16,490 7 0
coal	******	5,554 15 3 644 8 6	14,468 8 0 2,147 8 0	15,267 14 6 9,952 11 6	684 4 9 28 8 0
d. Grazing and fodder- grass	****	38,179 6 0	27,632 1 6	1,04,409 8 6	13,577 6 0
duce	*****	4,876 5 0	8,374 11 0	1,688 14 0	2,029 11 8
f. Other items g. Commutation fees	******	900000	*****	******	******
Total, II		78,204 2 6	1,70,749 10 0	1,40,600 14 0	1,32,810 5 0
III.—Drift and Woi Wood and Confiscated Forest Produce		226 5 9	260 2 3	425 5 3	864 8 7
Total, III		226 -5 9	260 2 3	425 5 8	861 3 7
IV.—Revenue from For ests not managed by Government—		,			
s. Duty on foreig					******
forest produce b. Revenue from share		1,787 14 0	*****	1,000 0 9	
and private Forest	·		*****		3 18 4
Total, IV	·	1,787 14 0		1,600 0 9	3 13 4
FMiscellaneous- a. Fines and forfortures		. 602 12 0	1,078 8 0	1,365 0 0	1,079 3 0
c. Other sources		4 5 9 7,857 3 6	14 7 11 8,167 8 0	0 1 5 4,858 16 6	10,208 6 6
Total, V	1,437. 3 0	7,964 5 3	9,260 7 11	6,224 0 10	11,287 9 6
Grand Total, Revenue	1,437 8 0	90,055 15 0	1,83,758 6 4	1,49,944 12 10	1,51,119 15 11
EXPENDITURE.					
A.—Combbevancy and Works.	1	`			
I.—Timber and other Produce removed from the Forests by Government Agency— a. Timber	e L			,	
b. Firewood and char coal	1	1-4,	****	209 18 0	28 18 0
e. Bamboos	******	6 6 0	6 0 2	\$1200E	2,577 9 4
e. Grass and other	r	2,061 9 8	4,789 7 9	******	******
Total, A-I		2,007 15 8	4,795 7 11	209 13 0	2,606 6 4
II.—Timber and othe Produce removed from the Forests by Con	n				
sumers or Purchasers	·	5,577 14 1	2,083 10 4	2,390 0 0	8,197 6 3
Total, A-II		5,577 14 1	2,688 10 4	2,390 0 9	9,137 6 3
III.—Drift and Wai Wood and Confiscate Forest Produce	f i	100 pag		2 10 0	2 18 6
Toal, A-III				2 10 0	2 13 6
IV.—Revenue from For ests not managed by Government—	v 				
a Distor on fount.				1	1
tuber and other forest produce b. Revenue from share and private Forest produce	d	***************************************	- beseed	p-44	111114
timber and othe forest produce b. Revenue from share	· ·····	oderse topode	*******	99×104	**************************************

different Divisions for the Forest year 1914-1915 -contd.

Sátára · Division.	Poons Division,	Working Plans, Control Circle, Division,	West Khandesh Famine Fodder Division.	Poona Famine Fodder Division.	Total for the Forest year 1914-15.	
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Ro. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
.					1	
	,					
,				! !		
204220	2,405 13 3	*******	*****		2,940 14 9	
4,273 11 0	8,116 6 6	#e+#2= ######	251.00G	44400b	18,092 S 6 7 4 2	
414144	1 13 6	* *****	******	400.00	*****	
4,273 11 0	10,524 1 3	*****	16,030 4 0	10,946 10 5	32,254 2 5 53,294 8 TO	
						
	-					
14,412 9 0	32,297 8 0				3,28,670 7 9	
257 6 6	30,662 7 5	*****	49***	readed.	66,895 8 5	
223 8 0 24,210 12 3	44 10 0 51,852 11 3	******	2 May 9 8 20	ng geed .	13,041 6 0	
6,977 3 9	4,969 1 9	******	******	***************************************	2,57,861 8 6	
******	******	******	491746	*****	100117	
46,081 7 6	1,19,828 6 5	*****		# + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 +	6,88,362 13 5	
101 14 0	. 493 4 9		*****		2,371 3 7	
101 14 0	498 4 9	******	45-11-	***************************************	2,371 3 7	
	}	•		.		
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* 4	***************************************		. ******	******	3,387 14 9	
*11-004	44 11 2	******	es1632	******	4886	
*****	44.11 2		631000	*****	3,436 7 3	
		,			•	
21 4 0	553 8 0 11 1 4 13,898 11 7	17 6 9 26 0 0	4,021 10 0	**********	4,700 3 0 4,248 9 5 52,114 14 8	
6,333 2 8	14,463 4 11	43 6 9	4,021 10 0	******	61,063 11 1	
56,818 11 5	1,45,851 12 6	43 6 9	20,051 14 0	10,946 10 5	8,08,528 12 2	
			 -		. ,	
-		•		}	4	
}						
ĺ		. "				
*	67 8 0	******	******	449 1490	296 2 0	
2,109 1 0	1,834 13 3 9 0 0	**************************************	423142 020400 642442	\$00.00 \$00.00	6,521 7 7 21 6 2	
********	52 14 8	215***	12,850 0 0	14,350 8 6	34,104 8 2	
3,100 1 0	1,954 3 6	******	12,850 0 0	14,350 8 6	40,943 7 11	
•	i		. }	'		
139 6 3	381 5 5	******	100,00	ver.***	13,714 11 1	
139 6 8	391 5 5	******	,.,,,,,		13,714 11 1	
				}		
*****	7 5 6	******	**************************************		13 13 0	
,,,,,,	7 5 6		******		12 13 0	
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<u> </u>	41544	******	,j.	******	*11.460	
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FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the

Budget Head.	Direction.	North Khandesh Division.	West Khandesh Division.	East Khandesh Division.	Kolába Division,
				Rs. a. p.	Po v n
EXPENDITURE— continued.	Rs. a. p.	Rg. 2. P.	Rs. a. p.	Was as he	Bs. w. p.
-Conservancy and Works-continued.			·	ł	
-Rent of leased Forests and Payments			, ,		
to Shareholders in			ĺ	.	•
Forests managed by Government	******	****	*****	•••••	10,241 13 9
Total, A-V	***			,,,,,,,	10,241 13 9
Live-stock, Stores,					
Tools and Plant-				1	,
cattle	t=4744		*****	******	******
b. Feed and keep of cattle	******	*****		*****	******
e. Purchase of stores, tools and plant	240	110 1 0	217 4 0	133 13 0	163 1 3
Total, A-VI	2 4 0	140 1 0	217 6 0	133 18 0	163 1 3
II.—Communications					
and Buildings-			{		
a. Roads and Bridges	und 944	3,869 13 0	2,626 14 9	1,293 1 5	113 8 4
b. Buildings	******	3,211 6 1 91 8 0	4,079 10 0 1,016 0 6	1,347 9 6	5,154 14 8
1		7,172 6 1	8,332 9 8	2,580 10 11	5,268 1 7
Total, A-VII					
III.—Organization, Improvement and					
Bztension of Forest-	*****	397 0 6	262 15 0	241 12 0	2,178 18 7
b. Cost of Forest			1		
Settlements and Compensation for				••••	
e. Surveys	*****		**************************************		**************************************
d. Working Plans	200 240	504 9 6	243 13 7	757 10 3	628 6 4
ing f. Protection from	*****	11 7 0	855 8 0	102 8 0	539 15 0
Fire	*****	8,641 3 8 23 4 9	4,501 9 0 5 0 0	3,334 8 0 4 10 0	2,318 0 0 1,406 3 6
g. Other works				4,410 14 3	7,071 6 5
Total, A-VIII		9,567 9 5	5,36- 8 7	9,410 19 3	7,071 6 8
X - Miscellaneous -	******				
b. Other charges	849 4 10	1,028 4 0	963 10 0	2,130 O 6	2,243 11 0
c. Grain Compensa-	\$00 4.0	*****		******	
Total, A-IX	349 4 10	1,028 4 0	963 10 0	2,130 0 6	2,248 11 0
COTAL A.—CONSER-			·		
VANCY AND WORKS	351 8 10	25,554 2 3	21,766 2 1	11,987 14 5	80,784 12 1
-ESTABLISHMENTS.					
a. Conservators	24,393 5 4	•		******	11,757 10 8
b. Superior Officers.	8,120 0 0	9,424 10 8	9,720 4 2	16,659 4 8	11,787 10 8
Forest and Depôt Establishments	717	20,871 4 2	21,282 13 6	30,482 8 3	40,704 11 4
d. Office Establish- ments	9,219 0 6	5,977 13 0	5,195 1 6	7,162 1 4	8,074 9 0
& Deputation and	5,210 0 0	0,877 14 0	3,100 1	7,102 1 4	0,012 0
Special Allow-	4,761 5 4	2,117 9 8	1,979 12 0	53 4 10	178 12 10
f. Exchange Com- pensation Allow-			:		
ânce—			(•	•
1. Conservators	******	*****		******	••
2. Deputy Conservators	per ***	*****		****	*****
3. Assistant Con-	P07 eee	\	******	aps 446	***
4. Extra Assistant Conservators	*****			*****	*****
Total, B-I	46,490 12 9	38,391 4 6	38,177 15 1	51,356 0 1	60,715 12 7
		00,001 4 0	30,177 10 1	01,300 U I	
II.—Travelling Allow- ances—	0.000.00	1	ŀ		}
b. Superior Officers	2,829 12 4	2,636 14 1	2,539 8 0	2,228 10 6	1,948 2 1
c. Subordinate Forest and Depôt					
Establishments.	14 8 9	2,917 10 11	2,508 11 5	3,000 o 5	2,405 6 9
d. Office Establish- ments	.710 7 B	694 3 8	618 13 10	630 8 10	835 12 6
e. Forest School, Dehra Dun	131 1 6	89 12 2	86 11 7	*****	
f. Plague allowances.	75 0 0	******	*****	******	10 0 0
tion		8 11 9			
Total, B-II	3,760 14 8	6,342 4 7	5,751 12 10	5,867 14 9	5,194 5 4
III.—Contingencies—	00 0 4	900 11 #	900 ***	401.14.5	400 0
a. Stationery b. Carriage of Tenta	22 2 6	822 11 7	202 15 4	401 14 8	490 0 11
and Records c. Rents, rates and	228 2 2	293 4 6	222 1 2	240 10 9	199 11 0
d. Pay of Police	1,980 0 0	215 0 0	144 0 0	84 0 0	ļ
guards	870 0 0	507 14 0	050 4 0	931 15 0	1 076 10 0
f. Sundries	616 12 0	501 14 0 523 4 8	658 4 0 467 6 8	931 16 0 552 10 8	1,074 10 0 344 4 3
Payments to Officers of other Provinces,			*****		 .
Total, B-III	8,217 0 8	1,866 2 4	2,694 11 2	2,211 2 8	2,108 10 2
	·		·		
TOTAL, B ESTABLISH-					_
GRAND TOTAL OF	63,468 11 8	46,599 11 6	45,624 7 1	62,485 1 1	68,018 12 1

different Divisions for the Forest year 1914-1915—continued.

` <u> </u>	**	<u> </u>			
Sátára Division.	Poona Division.	Working Plans Central Circle Division.	West Khándesh Famine Fodder • Division.	Poona Famine Fodder Division.	Total for the Forest year 1914-1915.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rз. а. р.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	100 11 0				
3,334 4 1	199 11 8			******	13,775 13 6
3,834 4 1	199 11 8		1/1388		13,775 13 6
*****	*****	******	061 988		
*****		*****	206 200		******
56 7 0	203 5 0	42 12 6	******	*****	958 15 9
56 7 0	203 5 0	42 12 6		171,140	958 15 9
8,269 2 7	1,239 15 9				17,362 2 10
8,269 2 7 8,222 5 6 817 8 9	3,055 8 9 49 10 0	******	200.00	******	20,671 6 1
12,309 0 10	4,345 2 6		2000	*******	1,974 6 3
				*****	10,007 15 2
427 11 6	614 14 6	hoheep	******	******	4,143 3 1
701410 M. 000141	690 10 0	******	******		690 10 O
101 14 9	220 0 9	772 9 7	,	*****	3,236 0 9
2,262 12 10	1,022 14 3	D7+ 20m	*****	*****	4,294 12 1
173 0 0 139 9 9	146 6 0 381 15 6	*****	* *****	******	19,114 8 8 1,963 11 6
3,105 0 10	3,118 18 0	772 9 7	******	***************************************	33,444 14 1
2,163 4 8	2,603 0 6	174 12 6	******	******	11,656 0 0
6 8 0		<u> </u>		*****	680
2,169 12 8	2,6\3 0 6	. 174 12 6	******		11,662 8 0
23,223 0 8	12,812 15 1	990 2 7	J2,850 0 0	14,350 8 6	1,54,521 2 6
6,123 5 4	19,112 8 0	8,909 0 6		******	24,383 5 4 89,826 12 0
23,741 3 2	36,396 10 4	2,201 9 4	414140	241540	1,75,687 10 7
5,780 13 7	7,042 10 0	1,477 9 5	******	******	49,929 10 1
595 12 2	268 10 8	233 13 11	051444	410.004	10,188 1 0
	*****	****	40/200	410000	
##		******	*****	•••••	
480 110	•••••		*****	******	•
••••	*****	411111		w····	et-101
36,241 2 3	62,820 6 7 .	12,822 1 2	111.00	*****	3,50,015 7 0
1,686 0 0	3,070 9 6	1,380 1 11	611088 841 ²⁰ 8	4412 00	2,829 12 4 .15,484 14 1
2,777 7 9	3,119 1 5	978 1 8	******	***	17,628 0 8
397 5 10	618 3 4	460 11 4			4,985 14 0
_53 2 7	55 0 0	******	******* ,	,.,44 2 147 ¹¹ 4	807 9 3 86 13 5
501 4 6	4 009 14 9	9.719.34 8	*****		505 0 3
5,298 15 6	6,892 14 3	2,718 14 6,			
288 12 7	513 9 9	7 14 6		. ******	2,248 1 5
278 13 0	267 13 6	306 6 G	******	*****	2,036 14 7
280	123 0 0	******	, ,,,,,,		2,548 8 0
806 15 0° 650 0 3	1,211 1 0 389 14 9	115 0 0 147 6 8	\$10.00E	411416	5,669 11 0 3,591 11 1
		610 11 D			70.004.74.2
1,925 0 10	2,505 7 0	576 11 8	* ,.	•••••	16,094 14 1
49,405 2 7	72,219 11 10	16,117 11 4		******	4,07,033 5 1
66,688 3 3	85,031 10 11	17,107 18 11	12,850 0 0	14,350 8 6	5,62,459 7 7

FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the

					
Budget Head.	Direction.	Working Plans Division,	Dharwar Division.	Bijāpur Division.	Belgaum Famine Division.
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Re. a. p.
REVENUE. 1.—Timber and other Pro-			Į.	ŧ	
duce removed from the Forests by Government Agency—					
a. Timber	*****	*******	7,186 14 0	**************************************	*****
c. Bamboos d. Sandalwood	******	******	18,651 11 6	13,053 8 8	**************************************
c. Grass and other minor produce	******	******		210.000	499 4 10
Total, I		*****	25,841 9 6	13,053 8 9	499 4 10
II.—Timber and other Pro- duce removed from the Forests by Consumers or Purchasers—	· .		-	·	
a. Timber b. Firewood and char-	err _{pes}	4 = 4 > 5	05,938 6 8	1,741 8 0	*****
coal	920 100 1110 10	******	9,581 2 3 2,560 9 6	4,245 6 11 110 6 0	******
d. Grazing and fodder grass	200 114	******	13,685 2 6 3,912 1 7	15,320 9 3 14,586 5 11	*****
A Other items	874 sag	******* ******	3,412 1 7	, 49,000 D II	*******
Total, II	100-00	******	93,700 6 6	36,004 4 1	,
III.—Drift and Waif Wood and Confiscated Forest Produce					
Total, III		*****	39 6 0	211 5 6	*****
17.—Revenue from Forests not managed by Govern- ment—	396*29		3, 0, 0		******
 a. Duty on foreign tim- ber and other forest produce b. Revenue from shared 	600 005	*15004	, .	***************************************	******
and private Forests .	PROFILE	****	*****	.***·n	*****
Total, IV	450.46	***	******		
V.—Miscellaneous—	Í		j		
a. Fines and forfeitures b. Refunds c. Other sources	1,686 2 9	80 2 2	180 0 0 18 8 1 1,477 10 5	110 0 0 13 6 0 1,926 1 8	
Total, V	1,686 2 9	80 2 2	1,678 2 8	2,049 7 8	
Grand Total, Revenue EXPENDITURE.	1,686 2 9	80 2 2	1,21,257 8 6	61,318 9 6	493 4 10
A.—Conservancy					
I.—Timber and other Pro- duce removed from the Forests by Government Agency—					
a. Timber b. Firewood and char-	C194P0	******	1,492 1 9	884448	******
coal c. Bamboos d. Sandalwood	924.674	******	18 12 0	2,549 4 10	*******
e. Grass and other minor produce	410 400	******	1,122 10 9	99×199	687 15 0
Total, A-I		*****	2,673 8 6	2,519 4 10	687 15 0
II.—Timber and other Pro- duce removed from the Forests by Consumers or					
Purchasers	*****	******	310 7 6	160 1 0	
Total, A-II	ļ		310 7 6	160 1 0	
111.—Drift and Waif Wood and Confiscated Forest Produce	,pp. 444	Stropp	880	6 6 0	*****
Total, A-III	1000	*****	8 8 0 1	0 6 0	
IV.—Revenue from Forests not managed by Govern- ment—					1
	•	1	!	Ī	
a. Duty on foreign tim- ber and other forest produce		A013918	790.004	201 200	41:416
ber and other forest	Massa **********************************	900 MB	#00,000 000,000	596 ppg - 131 418	401416

different Divisions for the Forest year 1914-1915-contd.

Belgaum Division. Raturgiri Division. Eastern Division. Suthern Division. Kánara, Southern Division. Res. a. p				,			
11,966 0 11	Belgaum Division.	Ratnegiri Division.	Eastern	Northern	Southern	Western	Forest year
11,968 0 11	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
11,088 0 11 2,005,09 15 2							
\$ 2,00,000 15 2 \$ 2,000 10 0 \$ 3,120 10 0 \$ 4,532 10 6 \$ 1,411 4 3 \$ 2,05,530 6 3 \$ 3,050 12 0 \$	71 000 0 11			}			
\$\frac{2}{5}\$\frac{1}{5}\$\frac{1}{1}\$\frac{1}{1}\$\$\frac{1}{1}\$\$\frac{1}{1}\$\fr	-		ł	}	J ·]	1
3,896 13 0	******	·········	******	•••••	ļ	*****	1
\$\frac{3.57}{3.55} \frac{8}{5} \frac{1}{2}\$,	1	}		1	
44,097 4 7			·]	- I	-} 		-J
10 10 0 0 10 10 0 0 13 585 10 0 13 585 10 0 2 779 7 0 11,104 14 8 4241 14 6 14,041 11 6 10,041 11 1 10,041 11 1 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				3,000		07,000 4 2	12,01,948 0 5
10 10 0 0 10 10 0 0 13 585 10 0 13 585 10 0 2 779 7 0 11,104 14 8 4241 14 6 14,041 11 6 10,041 11 1 10,041 11 1 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10,041 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	41.007 4 7	980 K 9	10.001 0.0				
0.10 2 0		!		1	1		1
8,497 1 0		.27 8 6					
89,888 910	9,437 1 0	7 2 0	2,185 8 8	3,073 7 0	6,089 2 2	2,601 0 8	41,891 8 0
143 0 0	89,886 8 10	510 14 0	34,772 10 4	-	-	·} 	-
142 0 0 15 14 0 15 18 0 501 2 2 925 3 8 10 15 10							
					15 8 0	501 2 2	925 3 8
10 15 10	142 0 0	15 14 0	·	*****	15 8 0	501 2 2	925 3 8
1.245 13 0		10 15 10					1
27,605 3 2 300 11 8 2,512 6 6 5,423 15 6 7,333 16 7 5,324 8 3 5,414 11 1 9 3,45,070 4 2 945 4 10 4,12,088 2 3 7,66,068 15 10 54,355 14 0 1,15,597 11 10 15,63,706 0 8 10,086 2 2			[
27,605 3 2 300 11 8 2,512 6 6 6,423 15 6 7,333 16 7 5,524 8 3 54,141 11 9 3,45,070 4 2 945 4 10 4,12,088 3 3 7,60,068 15 10 54,355 15 0 1,15,397 11 10 13,63,705 0 8 6,899 3 1	14 0 7	7 8 1 362 3 7	93 1 0	2,491 3 9	23 14 6	7 12 0	2,749 8 2
6,869 3 1 1,39,478 14 11 1,95,917 2 10 3,777 4 0 33,363 6 11 3,80,838 3 6 11,068 2 2 202 12 9 433 11 5 248 11 1 22,515 7 3 113 4 0 264 8 3 1,17,447 6 6 202 12 9 2,191 12 3 2,191 12 3 1,517 5 1 2,005 0 1 1,00,405 4 8 1,89,741 7 8 2,18,482 10 1 4,374 3 6 33,628 1 2 6,01,483 7 4 2 3,221 8 6 1 3 0 343 4 9 190 9 3 2,555 1 11 510 0 6 7,291 15 7 3,221 3 8 1 8 0 343 4 9 190 9 3 2,555 1 11 510 0 6 7,291 15 7 2 10 10 0 6 0 1 15 0 7 4 0 48 4 0 188 6 4 128 6 128	27,665 3 3	369 11 8		5,423 15 6	7,383 15 7	5,324 8 3	54,141 11 9
91,986 2 3 22,515 7 3 118 4 0 264 8 3 1,17,447 6 6 22,191 13 3 1,17 5 1 202 12 9 2311 5 2,191 13 3 1,00,405 4 8 1,30,741 7 8 2,18,432 10 1 4,374 3 5 33,628 1 2 5,02,432 7 4 2 3,221 8 8 1 3 0 343 4 9 190 9 3 2,535 1 11 510 0 6 7,291 15 7 3,221 3 8 1 3 0 343 4 9 190 9 3 2,555 1 11 510 0 6 7,291 15 7 92 10 10 0 6 0 1 15 0 7 4 0 46 4 6 158 6 4 62 10 10 / 0 6 0 1 15 0 7 4 0 46 4 6 158 6 4	3,45,079 4 2	945 4 10	4,12,058 2 3	7,66,068 15 10	54,355 11 0	1,15,207 11 10	18,68,706 0 8
91,986 2 3 22,515 7 3 118 4 0 264 8 3 1,17,447 6 6 22,191 13 3 1,17 5 1 202 12 9 2311 5 2,191 13 3 1,00,405 4 8 1,30,741 7 8 2,18,432 10 1 4,374 3 5 33,628 1 2 5,02,432 7 4 2 3,221 8 8 1 3 0 343 4 9 190 9 3 2,535 1 11 510 0 6 7,291 15 7 3,221 3 8 1 3 0 343 4 9 190 9 3 2,555 1 11 510 0 6 7,291 15 7 92 10 10 0 6 0 1 15 0 7 4 0 46 4 6 158 6 4 62 10 10 / 0 6 0 1 15 0 7 4 0 46 4 6 158 6 4							
322 10 4	6,869 3 1	species	1,39,478 14 11	1,95,917 2 10	3,777 4 0		
1,317 5 1			*****	· ·	*****		
1,00,405 4 8 1,39,741 7 8 2,18,432 10 1 4,374 3 5 33,628 1 2 5,01,483 7 4 3,221 3 8 1 3 0 343 4 9 190 9 3 2,555 1 11 510 0 6 7,291 15 7 92 10 10 0 6 0 1 15 0 7 4 0 46 4 6 158 6 4 02 10 10 (0 6 0 1 15 0 7 4 0 46 4 6 153 6 4	1	1			l .		
3,221 8 8 1 3 0 343 4 9 190 9 3 2,535 1 11 510 0 6 7,291 15 7 3,221 8 8 1 3 0 343 4 9 190 9 3 2,555 1 11 510 0 6 7,291 15 7 92 10 10 0 6 0 1 15 0 7 4 0 46 4 6 158 6 4 02 10 10 / 0 6 0 1 15 0 7 4 0 46 4 6 138 6 4]	
3,221 3 8 1 3 0 343 4 9 100 9 3 2,555 1 11 510 0 6 7,291 15 7 92 10 <td< td=""><td>1,00,100 1</td><td></td><td>1,00,112</td><td>2,10,100</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	1,00,100 1		1,00,112	2,10,100			
3,221 3 8 1 3 0 343 4 9 100 9 3 2,555 1 11 510 0 6 7,291 15 7 92 10 <td< td=""><td>3.221 8 8</td><td>130</td><td>343 4 9</td><td>190 0 3</td><td>2,535 1 11</td><td>. 510 0 B</td><td>7,291 15 7</td></td<>	3.221 8 8	130	343 4 9	190 0 3	2,535 1 11	. 510 0 B	7,291 15 7
92 10 10 0 6 0 1 15 0 7 4 0 46 4 6 158 6 4 02 10 10 / 0 6 0 1 15 0 7 4 0 46 4 6 158 6 4						510 0 6	
02 10 10 / 9 6 0 1 15 0 7 4 0 46 4 6 158 6 4							
02 10 10 / 9 6 0 1 15 0 7 4 0 46 4 6 158 6 4	99 10 10		0.6.0	1 15 0	7 4 0	46 4 6	158 A 4
ORGANIA STREET S							
	991114	Pathanta	******	*****	,	estre	, , 9011004
****** ****** ****** ****** ****** *****	*****	410401		,i		·	••••
	****	******		*****	A 1914	****	*****

FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the

					
Budget Head.	Direction.	Working Plans Division.	Dhárwár Division,	Bijápur Division.	Belgaum Famino Division.
EXPENDITURE —contd.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs, a. p.	Rs. a. a.
A.—CONSERVANCY AND WORES—contd.		Ì			
V.—Rent of leased Rorests and Payments to Share- holders in Forests man-		}	,		
aged by Government	*****	+10++0			******
Total, A-V	tet ser	500116		******	******
VI.—Live-stock Stores, Tools and Plant— a. Purchase of cattle	424174	*****	844 148	******	816048
b. Feed and keep of cattle	414144	****	*45,45	949450	84+410
c. Purchase of stores, tools and plant	3,153 10 0		341 9 10	72 2 0	*****
			841 9 10	72 3 0	
Total, A-VI	8,153 10 0				
VII.—Communications and Buildings— a. Roads and bridges b. Buildings	******	*****	2,448 2 3 599 14 0	. 38 0 0	01070B
c. Other works			54 4 0		
Total, A-VII	*****	*****	3,102 4 8	38 0 0	******
VIII.—Organization, Improvement and Ex- tension of Forest- a. Demarcation b. Cost of Forest Settle- ments and Compensa- tion for land and	******	******	74 8 6	54 3 9	
rights	Addres	*****	997 10 2	. 549***	******
d. Working-plans	000700 010 ²⁰ 0	2,713 5 4	60, 400 450 acc	******	******
f. Protection from fire- g. Other works	ongson Derson Ongson	42000	2,218 8 1 89 10 5	234 12 6 207 6 0 24 9 0	8900cc \$ 800.800 4000c8
Total, A-VIII		2,743 5 4	3,410 5 2	520 15 8	
10000, 1200		2,725 0 %			******
IX.—Miscellaneous— a. Law charges b. Other charges	-10 10 O	*****	870 15 I	587 8 8	
Total, A-IX 🐽	-10 10 0	***	- 870 15 1	587 8 8	11.11
TOTAL, A.—CONSER- VANCY AND WORKS	8,143 0 0	2,743 5 4	10,612 10 4	3,934 0 9	697 15 0
B.—ESTABLISHMENTS. I —Salaries— a. Conservates b. Superior Officers c. Subordinate Forest and Depôt Estab-	20,900 0 0 1,596 10 8	7,160 0 0	12,056 8 1	5,030 5 2	. 400.00 401.000
lishments d. Office Establishments	1,619 12 8	2,496 2 2	17,334 1 8	9,258 8 10	****
e. Deputation and Special Allowances. f. Exchange Compensation Allow-	7,603 1 1	1,337 12 11 8 8 13 4	4,826 8 6 288 2 9	8,155 9 9	1000P
ance— 1. Conservators 2. Deputy Conserva-	******	******	100114	54444	*****
tors 3. Assistant Conser-	posase.	*****	*****	******	****
vators 4. Extra Assistant	401***	•••••	*****	******	*****
Conservators	*****	*****	*****	#ADEBO	***
Total, B-I	31,719 8 0	10,997 12 5	35,404 10 7	17,444 7 9	******
II.—Travelling Allow-					
a. Conservators b. Superior Officers c. Subordinate Forest and Depôt Estab-	2,438 10 8 512 10 0	1,867 0 0	1,655 15 8	1,161 4 8	000100 000007
lishments d. Office Establish	639 12 8	080 . 0 8	1,417 13 .9	785 12 9	*****
ments	965 9 0	425 5 8	801 14 11	862 4 8	25+2=0
(Dehra Dun) f. Plague allowances g. Grain Compensation	55 6 9	******* ******* *******	75 0 0 30 0 0	24 8 2	*****
Total, B-II	4,612 1 1	2,972 5 11	8,540 11 11	2,283 9 8	1117**
III.—Contingencies—	10 9 9		300 0	, , , , , ,	•
b. Carriage of Tents		******	133 15 9	8 9 8	* ***
Taxes d. Pay of Police-	250 2 8	402336 #*4088	154 12 0 12 0 0	93 11 8	
e. Official Postage f. Sundries Payments to Officers	803 13 6 403 7 9	34 14 0	585 1 0 244 12 0	557 0 0 188 8 0	00 -pec 1000-r 4000-r
other Provinces	******	*****	F14 ***	******	******
. Total, B-III	2,238 1 8	34 14 0	1,130 8 9	847 12 11	
Total, R—Establish	88,569 10 4	14,005 0 4	40,076 15 8	20,575 13 11	
GRAND TOTAL OF EXPENDITURE	41,712 10 4	16,748 5 8	£0,083 0 7	24,500 14 8	687 15 0
· ·			;	ļ	

different Divisions for the Forest year 1914-1915—contd.

	-					
Belgaum Division.	Ratnágiri Division.	Kánara, Eastern Division.	Kánara, Northern Division.	Kánara, Southern Division.	Kānara, Western Division.	Total for the Forest year 1914-1915.
Rs. a. p.	R3. a. p.	Rs. a, p	. Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p	. Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
- seath	******		******	******	£	******
******	******	******		******	******	190906
******	******	632 0 0	414 0 0			
******	*****	720 9 2]	******	1,046 0 0 5,493 3 0
482 9 0	0 12 0	1,025 9 3	359 5 6	290 4 0		
452 9 0	0 13 0	2,378 2 5	5,545 15 4	290 4 0	182 5 4	12,447 5 11
16,451	10 0 0	5,987 15 0 5,964 6 8 530 3 11	3,987 13 2	1,108 7 0	13,140 3 9 8,131 13 5 3/2 0 0	37,393 6 6
35,252 6 0	10 0 0	12,482 9 7	15,288 7 2	7,110 14 0	21,677 1 2	94,841 10 2
377 12 1	******	151 9 0	12 0 0	2,412 8 8	76 '2 0	3,158 11 10
831 7 2 5 0 0	500 pep	11 8 0	287 8 0	405 4 9	963-9 9 565-98	2,533 6 1
905 13 4 6,428 0 7	416 3 11 30 0 0	2,077 14 3 5,450 14 0	3,106 1 10 4,877 9 1	10,529 7 3 473 0 0	3,138 7 2 2,027 4 8	2,748 5 4 20,408 12 3 21,743 10 5
257 1 0 8,835 2 2		998 0 9 8,677 14 0	******	084	******	1,387 13 6
	1 100 11	- 0,077 14 0	8,283 2 11	13,820 12 10	5,241 13 10	51,979 11 6
4,251 12 9	471 6 11	1,818 12 2	3,779 2 4	3,159 12 2	119 0 0 1,849 13 0	119 0 0 16,778 4 1
4,251 12 9	471 6 11	1 1,818 12 2	3,779 2 4	3,169 12 2	1,968 18 0	16,897 4 1
1,53,631 1 1	929 9 10	1,65,442 8 7	2,51,501 14 1	81,318 4 4	63,154 7 6	6,86,098 12 10
17,730 5 2	000109 800 AM	12,294 6 11	12,620 6 4	10,419 5 8	6,218 1 0	20,990 0 0 86,025 12 0
30,234 6 4 5,839 8 11	2,746 8 3 427 0 0	21,323 15 1 5,479 3 5	31,709 2 2 6,309 6 5	20,795 13 8 4,493 14 3	23,177 0 8 5,361 5 8	1,60,694 6 8 44,833 I 11
779 13 7	200 200	6,232 4 0	8,918 1 5	6 13 4	873 0 10	11,495 1 3
1023149	***		,			
600 ⁴⁵⁴	negone	*****	- sed-sed	100111	10000	300 res
3040 29	******	*****	994145		*****	101798
54,577 2 0	3,173 8 3	4F 920 TO F	*****	*****	05 100 B B	3 0 00 040 5 10
		45,328 13 5	54,457 0 4	35,715 14 11	35,129 8 2	3,23,948 5 10
2,531 10 0	speaks tookin	2,227 0 9	1,656 15 4	2,585 5 0	1,894 4 0	2,435 10 8 16,092 1 0
9,670 8 5	413 12 4	1,833 6 7	4,052 15 2	2,424 2 11	2,207 11 10	19,076 0 8
938 11 8	. 990	424 2 9	716 2 5	746 2 5 .	639 15 1 199 3 2	5,579 13 7 538 6 4
19 8 0 2 0 0	duc 944 nas 994 pag 911	115 0 0	50 0 0	75 0 0 16 15 0	199 8 2	121 13 9 2 0 0
7,162 6 1	423 5 4	4,599 10 1	6,476 0 11	5,647 9 4	4,931 2 1	42,818 14 0
283 6 6	76 10 5	189 0 0	299 13 11	219 10 8	210 14 0	1,430 10 3
225 14 6	13, 0 3	179 11 9	59S 5 3	359 11 9	323 12 9	2,199 2 2
200	1000cc		080	190,000	961 ***	781 8 0
1,237 5 9 841 5 0	101 0 0 26 5 10	749 2 0 201 4 11	756 6 0 352 2 2	1,101 1 6 239 6 11	585 2 0 280 7 6	6,510 13 9 2,777 12 1
2,589 15 9	217 0 6	1,318 2 8	2,006 3 4	1,919 14 10	1,400 4 3	15,702 14 3
64,329 7 10	3,813 14 1	51,246 10 2	62,939 4 7	43,483 7 1	41,460 14 6	3,80,500 2 1
2,16,900 8 11	4,749 7 11	2,16,689 2 9	3,14,441 2 8	74,801 11 5	1,04,615 6 0	10,69,598 14 11

FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the different Divisions for the Forest year 1914-1915—contd.

	_ 		₍	·				
Budget Head.	Direction.	Jerrack Division.	Hyderabad Division,	Sukkur Division,	Thar and Párkar Di vision.	Larkhána Division.	Working Plans Division.	Total for the Forest year 1914-15.
SIND CIRCLE. REVENUE.	Rs. a. p.	Bs. a. p.	Rs. s. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. p.
1.—Timber and other Pro- duce removed from the Forests by Government Agency—			, .					
a. Timber b. Firewood and char-	804.000	*****	500	712 6 8	******	45 5 7	840100	762 11 10
coal	96910 9	3,121 12 10	2,338 7 8	8,427 7 10	F04 ppq 445 ppq	2,599 15 9	*****	11,387 12 1
d. Sandalwood c. Grass and other minor produce	******	6 15 10	845 12 0	428 2 0	\$00.04 \$00.04	******	******	1,279 18 10
Total, I	*****	3,127 12 8	3,089 3 8	4,588 0 1	*****	2,645 6 4	******	13,430 5 9
11.—Timber and other Pro- duce removed from the Forests by Consumers or Purchasers—								
a. Timber b. Firewood and charcoal. c. Bamboos	1 444+28 244*28 264*40	18,933 13 11 78,167 0 8	27,875 5 1 41,966 6 10	18,829 9 6 85,510 13 10	417 2 0° 835 5 0	7,091 4 4 25,520 0 5	444.44 4 444.44 4 444.44 4	72,137 2 10 2,31,999 10 9
d. Grazing and fodder grass c. Other minor produce	****** .	9,193 12 10 4,694 2 8	14,700 5 6 16,672 5 3	10,414 9 0 2,303 8 3	2,806 8 0 1,714 12 0	6,933 6 11 2,131 8 0	500 sec	43,948 10 3 27,516 4 7
f. Other items g. Commutation fees	*****	******	******	******	*****	******	400.000	001000 01000
Total, II 🟎	*****	1,10,988 14 1	1,01,214 7 1	1,17,057 8 7	5,773 11 0	41,663 8 8	***	3,76,600 12 5
III.—Drift and Waif Wood and Confiscated Forest Produce		8 1 3	10 10 0	176 9 8	••••••	127 10 0	*******	32 2 14 6
Total, III	5M+++	8 1 3	10 10 0	176 9 3		127 10 0	*****	322 14 6
1V.—Revenue from Forests not managed by Govern- ment—					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
a. Duty on foreign thm- ber and other forest								•
b. Bevenue from shared and private Forests		*****	140 see	******	*******	*****	494,999	
Total, IV .:	<u> </u>	*****	*****	*****	******		*** ***	******
V.—Miscellaneous—		·						
a. Fines and forfeitures		710 13 0	223 12 0	194 0 0	415***	110,000	50× 159	1,318 9 0
b. Refunds c. Other sources	200 44 4	8,356 10 10	4,095 0 11	0 15 6 10,963 1 8	*****	7 0 0 8,062 9 4	******	27,220 1 3
. Total, V	ļ————	4,073 7 10	4,318 12 11	11,163 1 2		8,669 9 4	*****	28,363 9 9
Grand Total, Revenue	138 10 6	1,18,198 8 10	1,08,683 1 8	1,32,965 8 1	5,773 11 0	53,009 12 4	******	4,18,717 10 6
EXPENDITURE.							•	
A.—CONSERVANCY AND WORES.		,	Ì	,				
I.—Timber and other Pro duce removed from th Forests by Governmen Agency.—	e .							
a. Timber b. Firewood and char		,,	111-11	126 7 2	bosson	*****	****	128 3
coal	. 441744	1,984 8 0	2,455 13 9	2,358 0 8	******	1,808 8 2	25 / 40 Q	8,606 14 7
d. Sandalwood e. Grass and other minor produce		410.10	*****	******	PMose	61415B	*****	******
Total, A-I	<u> </u>	1,984 8 0	2,455 13 9	-{		1,808 8 2	******	8,733 6 9
II.—Timber and other Produce removed from the Forcets by Consumers						•		
or Purchasers		9 4 0	-	-	<u></u>	0 8 0	*****	124 9 0
		, ,	an a 0	19 4 0		0 8 0	191498	124 9 0
III.—Drift and Waif Wood and Conjucated Fores Produce		******	24 2 0	410,00		1 4 0		25 0 0
Total, A-III	<u> </u>	477.74	24 2 0		*****	1 4 0		25 6 0
IV.—Revenue from Porest not managed by Govern ment—								
a. Duty on foreign tim- ber and other fores								
b. Revenue from shared	i	*****	*****		844482	310114	*****	******
and private Forests		111100		*****	******	*****	*** ~~	*****
Total, A-IV	******	*****	, ******	*****	******	*****	111111	, , ,,,,,,
	,	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1	! 	1

FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the different Divisions for the Forest year 1914-1915—concld.

								
Budget Head.	Direction.	Jerruck Division.	Hyderabad Division.	Sukkur Division.	Thar and Parkar Division	Larkhána Division.	Work ng Plans Division,	Total for the Forest year 1914-15.
EXPENDITURE—contd.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. p.	Bs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. p.	Rs. a. p.	Bs. a. p.	Es. a. p.
A.—Conservancy and Works—contd.) 		
V.—Rent of leased Forests and Payment to Share- holders in Forests managed							,	
by Government Total, A-V a.	411110		*****	· ****				******
VI.—Live Stock, Stores, Tools and Plant— a. Purchase of cattle b. Feed and keep of	644468	************************************	100 0 0	194 494			******	100 0 0
c. Purchase of stores,	******	7 1 6	16 9 5	156 I 8	. 454444	31 1 6		210 14 1
tools and plant Total, A-VI	82 12 0	141 8 0	854 0 0 470 9 5	322 5 6		158 5 6		1,027 13 6
10(2), 4-41				478 7 2		198 9 6		1,838 11 7
VII.—Communications and Buildings— a. Rosels and bridges						•		-
b. Buildings	019700 009718 011708	629 2 6 1,541 6 3	2.021 5 3 508 0 0	1,794 12 10 4/75 13 0	474*** 212**** 29\$348	3,759 5 1 768 1 4	******	8,204 9 8 3,293 4 7
Total, A-VII	*****	2,170 8 9	2,529 5 3	2,270 9 10		4,527 '6 5	*****	11,497 14 3
VIII.—Organization, Improvement and Extension of Forest—	•				-			
a. Demarcation b. Cost of Forest Settlements and Compensation for land and	******	******	******		******	*******	*****	*******
rights 6. Surveys	******	*****	580 0 0	******	******	444.44	*****	580 0 0
d. Working Plans e. Sowing and planting. f. Protection from fire	******	1,327 8 10 1,204 8 3	2,549 8 6 1,990 1 8	727 3 0 2,664 4 8	******	573 11 1 498 2 7	444-44-	5,177 15 5 6,357 1 2 1,6!7 4 3
g. Other works	******	1,617 4 3	1,633 10 2	*****	******	1,099 13 6	******	2,733 7 8
Total, A-VIII		4,149 5 4	6,758 4 4	8,391 7 8		2,171 11 3		16,465 12 6
I.S.—Miscellaneous—					******			
a. Law charges b. Other charges	26 7 9	1,021 5 6	1,252 2 6	3 4 6 1,532 9 0	*****	723 4 0	******	3 4 6 4,555 12 9
Total, A-IX	26 7 9	1,021 5 6	1,252 2 6	1,535 13 6		723 4 0		4,559 1 3
TOTAL, A—CONSBRVANCY AND WORKS	109 3 9	9,483 9 1	13,580 14 3	10,180 2 0	******	9,390 16 3	*****	42,741 12 4
B.—Establishments.								·
2.—Salaries. a. Conservators	F11.100	540154			*****		****	
 Superior Officers Subordinate Forest and Depôt Establish- 	18,203 3 5	12,660 0 0	11,093 8 9	12,665 11 5 21,976 15 8	1,611 0 0	5,899 5 8 9,816 2 6		60,521 13 3 58,915 6 6
d. Office Establishments. c. Deputation and Special	6,577 6 5	14,656 15 2 4,480 8 5	11,054 5 2 4,993 10 9	5,815 2 4	1,071 0 0	4,655 9 8		27,028 5 2
Allowances	1,960 10 8	665 4 2	190 6 8	******	******	-0 11 5	. ******	2,815 10 1
tion Allowance— 1. Conservators 2. Deputy Conserva-	996+44	••••	400170	30-700	. •••••	*****		******
tors 8. Assistant Conserva-	******	•••••		******	*****	441994	****	405=10
tors 4. Extra Assistant Conservators		******	*****	******	******	******		/
						20,170 6 0		1,49,281 3 0
Total, B-I	26,741 4 6	32,968 11 9	27,931 15 4	40,457 19 5	1,611 · 0 0	20,110 0 0		-,,
II.—Travelling Allow-								*****
a. Conservators b. Superior Officers c. Subordinate Forest and	2,909 3 4	2,200 0 0	2,625 14 0	2,257 9 4	*****	1,294 10 0	*****	4.826 3 10
Depôt Establishments.	991 15 5	1,020 10 3 475 13 10 40 2 10	947 5 7 935 13 6	1,736 15 1 841 10 2	******* ******	1,112 4 11 563 14 8		3,869 3 1 40 2 10
r, Forest Schools (D.D.). f. Plaque allowances g. Grain Compensation	******	680	******	******	******	900 qq ,	******	8 U
Total, B-II	3,960 2 9	3,752 2 11	4,509 1 1	4,838 2 7		2,970 18 1		20,028 6 5
III.—Contingencies -	,	`					•	,
a Stationery	13 5 6	92 15 3	123 13 6	169 14 9	*****	90 4 6-	****	490 5 0
b. Carriage of Tents and Records c. Rents, Rates and Taxes	444 4 2 1,675 0 0	292 7 6 715 1 2	429 12 2 264 0 0	332 11 0 181 2 10		203 6 11 539 9 7	*****	1,703 9 9 3,374 13 7
d. Pay of Police guards.	251 0 0	443 5 6	370 14 6	837 5 0	*****	555 6 0 350 2 10	******	2,16 1 15 0 2,050 7 1
7. Sundries Payments to Officers of other Provinces	314 9 9	870 1 0	512 11 3	503 14 3	*****	290 3 10	000114	******
Total, B-III	2,698 3 5	1,916 14 5	1,701 3 5	2,023 15 4		1,738 13 10	·	10,079 2 6
TOTAL, B.—ELTABLISH.	33,339 10 8	39,637 13 1	38,542 8 10	47,317 15 4	1,611 0 0	24,890 0 11		1,79,388 11 10
GRAND TOTAL OF EXPENDITURE	83,638 14 5	43,121 6 2	47,123 2 1	57,498 1 4	1,611 0 0	34,271 0 2	******	2,22,183 8 :
						·		

FORM No. 25.—Annual Account Current for the Forest year 1914-1915.

. • 1				Ъ	D
NORTHERN CIRCLE.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	B. T. Dafum da and Describe elec-	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
To Opening Balance	••••	964 6 7	By I. Refunds and Drawbacks— Refunds—		
, VIII.—Assessed Taxes—Income Tax—			Divided Heads, Forests		2,170 13 6
Deduction by Gov- ernment from Sala- ries and Pensions		3,318 2 5	" II. Forest (as per Annual Summary Form No. 24).	•••••	6,37,201 0 6
Tax on other sources of income, recoveries by Revenue Author-			" 32. Miscellaneous, Allowances, Rewards, etc.—		
ities , IX — Forest (as per Annual Summary, Form		39 1 0	Rewards for Proficiency in Oriental Languages.	******	1,500 O O
No. 24)	******	15,68,775 10 9	" 32. Miscellaneous—Miscella- neous Refunds—	•	•
On Advances to cultivators under the Land Improvement		•	Lapsed Deposits •••	*****	422 1 6
and Agriculturist Act Provincial Advance	****	74 14 6	, Civil Depsoits— Forest Deposits	······································	1,04,608 4 7
and Loan Account, Tagai Advances to			" Advances Recoverable—		
Cultivators under Land Improvement			Forest Advances	4,10,861 1 9	
and Agriculturist	***	776 10 O	Advances to Non-Gazetted Officers for the purchaseof conveyance, etc	395 O O	4,18,016 0 9
" Bombay Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund—			Objection Book Advances	6,759 15 0)
Widows' Branch Life Assurance Branch	000-04	293 13 4	" Cash Recoveries, Clothing …	******	1,073 7 6
" Civil Deposits—	******	92,395 14 2	" Cheques and Bills—Depart- mental Cheques—		
"Advances Recoverable—	40*101	92,095 14 2	Forests (cancelled)	*****	4,456 6 2
Forest Advances	4,16,379 6 10		" Forest Remittances—	•	
Tentage Advances Objection Book Advances .	374 5 6 7,030 4 4		Remittances to Treasuries.	16,09,153 0 9	1
Advances to Non-Gazetted Officers for the purchase of conveyance, etc		4,24,697 11 4	Inter-Departmental Trans- fers ••• •••	19 13 8	16,09,379 14 (
, Cash Recoveries, Clothing	313 10 8	1072 7 0	Inter-Divisional Transfers .	207 0 0)
" Cheques and Bills—Departmental Cheques—Forests.		1,073 7 6	Provincial Advances and Loan Account—		
"Forest Remittances—	******	6,94,907 10 7	Tagai Advances to Culti-		
Remittances to Treasuries. Inter-Departmental Transfers	562 11 9 2,795 5 0	3,764 0 9	vators under Land Im- provement and Agricul- turist Act	•••	210 0 (
Inter-Divisional Transfers	408 0 0)	" P. W. D Remittances—		
Accounts, Current—			" III. Other Remittances—		
To Account between Bombay and Post Office—		,	Miscellaneous	******	112 15 8
Postal Fund Deductions	*****	345 10 8	" P. W. D. Remittances—		
,, P. W. D. Remittances-			,, III. Other Remittances—		<u> </u>
" III.—Other Remittances, Miscellaneous		3 14 11	Rents of Public Buildings	•••••	2 13 10
"Account between Bombay and P. W. D., Bombay—		0 14 11	P. W. D.— (Railway Branches, B. B. &. C. I.		•
" P. W. D. Remittances—			Railway) Miscellaneous—		
III.—Other Remittances— .			,, IV. Items adjustable by P. W. D.		୍ରିୟ ସମ୍ବର୍ଦ୍ଧ ସ୍ଥାନ
Rents of Public Buildings		952 3 10	General Provident Fund	. 040906	28,327 3 (1,737 8 10
General Provident Fund	450.450	18,502 8 1	Closing Balance		1,737 8 10
Total, Northern Circle	*****	28,10,285 12 5	Total, Northern Circle		28,10,285 12 5
		•	SAMA MICHARDAM AND III	•••••	20,10,200 14 U

FORM No. 25.—Annual Account Current for the Forest year 1914-1915—continued.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>			•	
CENTRAL CIRCLE.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		. Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. I
To Opening Balance	*****	760 3 2	By I. Refunds and Drawbacks—Refunds—		
"VIII Assessed Taxes—Income Tax— Deductions by Government from			Divided Heads, Forests	*****	1,881 5 1
Salaries and Pensions	*****	3,116 2 1	" II. Forest (as per Annual Sum- mary, Form No. 24)		5,62,459 7
Tax on other sources of Income, Recoveries by Revenue Author-			Savings Bank Deposits—	•	•
ities see	****	*****	General Provident Fund	••••	658 10
Form No. 24)	******	8,08,528 12 2	Interest on Forest Officers' Provident Fund	3044B	
, XII. Interest— Interest on Advances to land, holders		1 15 3	"32. Miscellaneous—Miscellane o u s Refunds—		
, Provincial Advance and Loan			Lapsed Deposits	******	110 0
Account— Lean to Native States Land-		ļ	" Civil Deposits—Forest Deposits	****	60,316 8
holders and other Notabilities Loans to Land holders and other Notabilities		0 0 2	,, Advances Recoverable— Forest Advances	4,18,411 15 7	h ·
, P. W. D. Remittances-			Tentage Advances	*****	
,, III. Other sources— Rents of Public Buildings	1,893 3 9	b	Objection Book Advances	3,635 0 0	4,22,456 15
Rents of Public Buildings Miscellaneous	46 4 0	1,939 7 9	Advances to Non-Gazetted Officers for purchase of conveyance, etc.	410 0 0	
, Bombay Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund—			, Cash Recoveries (clothing recoveries)		1,507 8
Widows' Branch		345 8 6	" Cheques and Bills—Departmental		
Forest Officers, Provident Fund	******	255 0 0	Cheques—Forests (Cancelled)	******	2,052 5
Civil Deposits— Forest Deposits	*****	56,095 13 10	" Forest Remittances—	·] .
, Advances Recoverable—			Remittances to Treasuries · · · ·		1
Forest Advances	4,21,750 7 0	h	Inter-Departmental Transfers	62 4 2	8,28,803 11
Tentage Advances to Gazetted		[Inter-Divisional Transfers	592 0 0	ľ
Office: s		4,25,569 5 0	Accounts, Current—		
Advances to Non-Gazettee Officers for purchase of convey ance, tents, etc		}	By Account between Bombay and Mili- tary, Bombay—		
, Cash Recoveries (Clothing Recoveries)		1,507 8 10	IV. Items adjustable by Military, Poons Division		7,508 3
"Cheques and Bills—Departmental	l	5,78,687 14 6	"Account between Bombay and P. W. D., Bombay—	•	
, Provincial advances and Loan			(Ordinary Branches).		
Accounts— Advances to cultivators for Land Improvement and Seed and			IV. Items adjustable by P. W. D	ľ	·····
Cattle	•••••	36 0 0	, P. W. D.—Remittances—		<u> </u>
Forest Remittances— Remittances to Treasuries		1	III—Other Remittances	*****	*****
Inter-Divisional Transfers Inter-Departmental Transfers		23,814 7 6	Miscellaneous ··· ···	***** .	28 15
General Provident Fund	*****	14,094 11 10	"Account between Bombay and P. W. D.—	•	
Accounts Current— To Account between Bombay and Post Office—			(Railway Branches M. & S. M. hailway).		
Postal Fund Deductions		691 3 7	IV.—Items adjustable by	• ·	47 4
o Account between India and Bombay— III. Items adjustable by India— Account between Bombay and			P. W. D	****	
P. W. D., Borrbay— IV. Items a ljustable by P. W. D.— Payment into Treasuries by Civil			VI.—Miscellaneous Measures for the Protection of Cattle		26,907 6
Officers on account of P. W. D. Miscollaneous		*****	Clasina Relevas		615 11
"Forest Officers' Provident Fund		******	Closing Balance		
Total, Central Circle		19,15,444 2 2	Total, Central Circle	*****	19,15,444 2

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 25.—Annual Account Current for the Forest year 1914-1915—continued.

			·		
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. 1
To Opening Balance	949743	385 0 8	By I. Refunds and Drawbacks— Refunds—		}
, VIII. Assessed Taxes—Income Tax—			Divided Heads, Forest	111111	1,042 7
Deductions by Government from Salaries and Pensions.	-	8,100 5 7	,, II. Forest (as per Annual Sum- mary, Form No. 24)	0	10,66,598 14 1
Tax on other sources of Income, Recoveries by			Savings Bank Deposits— General Provident Fund	****	7,374 9
Revenue Authorities	******	******	,, 32. Miscellaneous Irrecoverable amount written off	226 7 10	
Jo IX. Forest (as per Annual Summary, Form No. 24)	*****	18,68,706 0 8	Miscellaneous—M i scellaneous Refunds—	220 1 10	{} 638 13
xXII. Interest—	ļ!	,	Lapsed Deposits	412 5 5]
Interest on Arrears of Revenue.	******	3,948 2 8	,, 83. Famine—Miscellaneous Measures for protection of cattle.	******	498 4 1
"XXV. 'Miscellaneous—		•	" Civil Deposits—Forest Deposits	398186	66,314 8
Sale-proceeds of Stores and			" Advances Recoverable—	i	
Materials (Provincial)	401 939	*****	Forest Advances	6,83,269 1 1	h
Unclaimed Deposits—Other Deposits	446 779	*****	Tentage Advances	. 34 5 4	
" Bombay Uncovenanted Service			Objection Book Advances	2,745 8 0	000 701 7
Family Pension Fund— Widows' Branch	94 5 8	} 135 8 8	Advance to Non-Gazetted Officers for the purchase of conveyance	980 0 0	6,89,584 7
Life Assurance Branch	41 3 0	5	Motor car Advances	2,555 9 4	
" Civil Deposits—Forest Deposits	******	54,987 13 10	, Cash Recoveries	******	1,270 9
, Advances Recoverable—	•		" Cheques and Bills—Departmental	•	1,210 9
Forest Advances	6,58,791 9 1	<u> </u>	Forests	*	4,600 O
Tentage Advances	94 5 4		" Forest Remittances—		
Objection Book Advances	3,318 2 8	6,63,731 8 5	Remittances to Treasuries	14,10,097 10 7	h
Advances to Non-Gazetted Officers for the purchase of conveyance.	1,143 13 1		Inter-departmental Transfers	4,266 1 11	
Motor car Advances	383 5 3		Inter-divisional Transfers	50 O O	}
" Cash Recoveries	******	1,270 9 5	Accounts Current—		
cheques and Bills—Departmental Cheques—Forests	•••••	11,22,514 4 4	By Account between Bombay and Military (Supply Circle)—		
» Forest Remittances—			IV. Items adjustable by Military—Miscellaneous.	***	26,825 12
Remittances to Treasuries	•	254 9 7	" P. W. D. Remittances—	400488	20,641 2
Inter-departmental Transfers	i	6,989 14 11	" III. Other Remittances—		
Inter-divisional Transfers	******	200 0 0	Miscellaneous	*****	
Accounts Current—			,, IV. Items adjustable by P.	,	
To Account between Bombay, and Post Office—			W. D.— Inter-departmental Trans-	,	
Postal Fund Deductions	*****	508 11	fers Miscellaneons	444+++	*****
" Account between India and Bombay—				**************************************	*****
III—Items adjustable by India—			P. W. D.—	. •	
P. W. D. Remittances-		1	(Railway Branch, M. & S.		
III. Other Remittances-			M. Railway)— IV. Items adjustable by P.		
Rents of P. W. D. Buildings.	*···• 48	1,796 18 5	W. D by P.	******	4,46,127 1
Miscellaneous	*****	244 15 4	Closing Balance	******	643 6
General Provident Fund	** ***	17,804 12 5	·		
Total, Southern Circle	*****	87,40,573 14 1	Total, Southern Circle	****	87,46,578 14

FORM No. 25.—Annual Account Current for the Forest year 1914-1915—concluded.

	•				
SIND CIRCLE.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	<u> </u>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. p.
To Opening Balance	*****	178 4 4			, F
,, VIII. Assessed Taxes—Income Tax—			By 1. Refunds and Drawbacks— Refunds—	1	
Deductions by Government from Salaries and Pensions.	*****	1,678 7 3	Divided Heads, Forest	}	521 5 9
" Tax on other sources of Income, recoveries by Revenue Authorities	•		,, 11. Forest (as per Annual Summary, Form No. 24)	,	2,22,133 8 2
Form No. 24)		4,18,717 10 5	,, 14. Interest on other Obliga		
"XII. Interest—			Savings Bank Deposits—		
Interest on arrears of Revenue	******	******	Interest on Forest Officers Provident Fund		
"XXV. Miscellaneous-					
Sale-proceeds of Stores and Materials (Provincial)		******	,, 32. Miscellaneous—Miscellaneous Refunds—	в 	
Unclaimed Deposits—Other Deposits	******	****	Lapsed Deposits ,, Civil Deposits—Forest Deposits	1	135 0 0 34,542 3 9
"Bombay Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund—			,, Advances Recoverable—	11112	01,012 5 5
Widows Branch			Forest Advances	1,14,311 0 11) ·
Life Assurance Branch	******	******	Advances to Non-Gazetted Officers for the purchase of		
"Civil Deposits (Forest Deposits)	*****	23,443 1 9	conveyances	80 0 0	
"Advances Recoverable—)	Objection Book Advances	2,439 0 0	*** * *
Forest Advances	1,13,518 13 5	1	,, Cash Recoveries	*****	116 8 0
Advances to Non-Gazetted Officers for the purchase of conveyance, tents, etc.	80 0 0	1,14,816 2 9	" Cheques and Bills—Departmental Cheques (Cancelled) Forests …	******	*****
Objection Book Advances	1,222 5 4]]	,, Forest Remittances—		•
" Cash Recoveries		116 8 0	Remittances to Treasuries	4,19,564 18 6	4,19,725 11 5
, Cheques and Bills-Departmental			Inter-departmental Transfers.	160 13 11	, -,,
" Forest Remittances—	\$49+++	2,40,172 9 2	Accounts Current—		
Permittenant to Transporter	7 0 9 8		By P. W. D. Remittances-]	
Inter-departmental Transfers	318 7 7	389 1 3	III Other Remittances—	,	
Accounts Current—	310 7 1		Miscellaneous	•••••	14,927 6 1
To Account between Bombay and Post			"Account between Bombay and P. W. D. (Bailway Branches) NW. By.—		
Postal Fund Deductions	*****	359 0 0	IV. Items adjustable by		280
,, Account between India and Bombay—		}	P. W. D	***1**	*****
III. Items adjustable by India—			Inter-departmental transfers. Miscellaneous	******	*****
D. (Bailway Branches) NW. Ry.—			Account between Bombay and		
IV. Items adjustable by P. W. D	*****	203 0 0	P. W. D.(Railway Branches)—		
" P. W. D.—Remittances—			W. D W. D.	•••••	*=====
III. Other Remittances—			General Provident Fund	•••••	467 11 11
Rents of P. W. D. Buildings.	851 0 o	621 0 0	Closing Balance	****	293 5 11
Miscellaneous	270 0 0	}	' }-		
General Provident Fund		9,000 9 0	Total, Sind Circle -		8,09,695 5 11
Total, Sind Circle	*****	8,09,695 5 11			
GRAND TOTAL	*****	92,81,999 12 7	GRAND TOTAL	2,81,999 12 7	******

FORM No. 26.—Revenue received and Outstandings on account of Revenue during 1914-1915.

						1	
Division.	Particulars.	Outstandings at commencement of year.	Value of Sales and other Revenue during year.	Total	Amount realized during year.	Balance due to the Department at end of year.	Remarks.
1:	2	3	. 4	5	6	7	8
NORTHERN CIRCLE.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. p.	
Direction Panch Mahals.	Various sources Timber and other Forest Produce.	******	275 9 0 1,18,185 4 1	275 0 0 1,18,185 4 1	275 0 0 1,18,185 4 1	******	• ,
Surat North Thána Central Thána South Thána North Násik South Násik	Do Do Do Do Do	779 5 8 26,277 8 0 960 0 0 1,610 12 0	1,90,017 12 2 6,22,345 8 10 2,70,180 7 8 2,20,740 9 8 76,647 4 7 1,25,360 2 10	1,90,797 1 10 6,48,623 0 10 2,70,180 7 8 2,21,700 9 8 78,258 0 7 1,25,360 2 10	1,76,163 11 4 5,98,732 4 10 2,62,865 11 5 2,08,836 9 8 77,883 0 7 1,24,433 2 10	14,633 6 6 49,890 12 0 7,314 11 10 12,864 0 0 375 0 0 927 0 0	
South Násik (Famine Fodder).	_		1,210 8 0	1,210 3 0 190 1 1 0	1,210 8 0	******	
Direction (Famine Fodder).		29,627 9 8	16,25,152 15 5	16,54,780 9 1	15,68,775 10 9	86,004 14 4	·
CENTRAL CIRCLE.	Total, Northern Oncie.	25,017 5 0			25/55/10 20 0		
Direction	Produce.		1,437 8 0 1,53,264 12 10	1,437 3 0 1,53,264 12 10	1,437 8 0 1,48,944 12 10	4,320 0 0	
East Khán- desh. West Khán-		******	1,85,252 6 4	1,85,252 6 4	1,83,758 6 4	1,494 0 0	
desh. North Khán- desh.	Do	******	91,765 15 0	91,765 15 0	90,055 15 0	1,710 0 0	,
Poona Sátára Working Plans,	Do	4,428 4 0	1,45,851 12 6 55,237 7 5 43 6 9	1,45,351 12 6 59,665 11 5 43 6 9	1,45,351 12 6 56,818 11 5 43 6 9	2,847 0 0	
Central Circle Kolába	The state of the s	4,428 4 0	1,51,702 15 11	1,51,702 15 11	1,51,119 15 11 7,77,530 3 9	583 0 0 10,954 0 0	
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.	1 Total, Central Oncie	4,425 \$ 0	7,84,055 15 9	7,88,484 3 9		10,934 0 0	
Kánara, Northern ern. Kánara, East	Timber and other Forest Produce. Do.	F0.050.17. A	6,67,568 2 11 4,33,374 0 11	8,70,781 2 2 4,92,654 0 5	7,66,068 15 10 4,13,992 2 3		
ern. Kánara, Sonth	i _	10.15.0	59,747 9 3	(54,404 13 8	(
ern. Kánara, West- ern.			1,02,892 3 3	1 ' ' '	1,15,297 11 10	1	
Belgaum Dharwar Bijapur Ratnagiri Direction Working Plans	Do. Do. Do. Various sources	1 9 6 5,376 12 0	2,96,017 14 9 1,22,770 13 0 47,270 13 6 945 4 10 1,686 2 9 80 2 2	52,647 9 6 945 4 10 1,686 2 9		1,614 14 0 1,329 0 0	
SIND CIRCLE.	Total, Southern Circle.	3,93,773 7 3	17,32,353 3 4	21,26,126 10 7	*18,70,130 11 6	2,55,995 15 1	• Includes R4, 1,922-15-8 written off,
Sukkur	I. Timber and other produce removed from the Forests by Government Agency— (a) Timber	n	712 6 3	712 6 3	712 6 3		
	(b) Firewood and char coal. (c) Grass and other	•••••	8,427 7 10	3,427 7 10	8,427 7 10	*****	
•	minor produce. IL Timber and othe minor produce remove from the Forests by consumers or pur charers—	r d	428 2 0		428 2 0	*;••••	
	(a) Timber (b) Firewood and charceal.	23,999 15 10	16,415 13 8 75,821 14 0			3,591 4 0 14,311 0 0	The outstanding under
,	(d) Grazing and fodde grass. (e) Other minor pro		10,414 9 0 2,302 8 8	,			Vc. at the close of the year autounts to Bs. 89-16-5.
	duce. III. Drift, waifwood and confiscated Fores produce.	3	176 9 3			******	
. •	Total	30,004 15 8	1,09,699 6 8	1,89,794 5 11	1,21,802 1 11	17,902 4 0	

Form No. 26.—Revenue received and Outstandings on account of Revenue during 1914-1915—continued.

Division.	Particulars.	Outstandings at commencement of year.	Value of Sales and other Revenue during year.	Total.	Amount reslized during year.	Balance due to the Department at end of year,	Remarks,
1	2	3.	4.	5	6	7,	8
	SIND CIRCLE—contd.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	•
Lárkána	I. Timber and other produce removed from the Forests by Government Agency— (a) Timber		45 5 7	45 5 7	45 5 6		
	(b) Firewood and char- coal,	j	2,599 15 9	2,599 15 9	2,599 15 9	******	
	(e) Grass and other minor produce. II. Timber and other produce removed from the Forests by consumers or purchasers—		•••••• \		*****	******	
	(a) Timber (b) Firewood and char-		6,358 12 8 22,630 4 1	8,540 4 8 31,356 4 1	7,081 4 4 25,520 0 5	1,459 0 4 5,836 3 8	The outstanding under Vc. at the close of the year amounts to
	(d) Grazing and fodder	•••••	6,833 6 11	6,833 6 11	6,833 6 11	******	Rs. 195-5-6,
•	(e) Other minor pro-	441 0 0	2,646 8 0	3,087 8 0	2,131 8 0	956 0 0	
	III. Drift and waifwood and confiscated Forest produce.		127 10 0	127 10 0	127 10 0		
	Total	11,348 8 0	41,241 15 0	52,590 7 0	44,339 3 0	8,251 4 0	
Hyderabad	produce removed from the Forests by Govern- ment Agency—					. '	
	(a) Timber (b) Firewood and charcoal.	*****	5 0 0 2,238 7 8	5 0 0 2,238 7 8	5 0 0 2,238 7 8	*****	
	(e) Grass and other minor produce. II. Timber and other produce removed from the Forests by consumers or purchasers—		841 4 0	950 12 0	845 12 0	105 0 0	
	(a) Timber (b) Firewood and char-	22,750 3 2 34,125 4 10	5,125 1 11 7,841 2 0	27,875 5 1 41,966 6 10	27,875 5 1 41,966 6 10	*****	The outstanding under Vc. at the close of the year amounts to
	coal. (d) Grazing (e) Other minor pro-	3,723 5 4	14,700 5 6 14,945 11 0	14,700 5 6 18,669 0 4	14,700 5 6 16,672 5 8	1,996 10 8	nil.
	duce. III. Drift and waifwood and confiscated Forest produce.	******	10 10 0	10 10 0	18 10 0		
	Total	60,708 5 4	45,707 10 1	1,06,415 15 5	1,04,314 4 9	2,101 10 8	
erruck	I. Timber and other produce removed from the Forests by Govern- ment Agency—				·		
	(a) Timber (b) Firewood and charcoal.	******	3, 121 12 10	3,121 12 10	3,121 12 10		
	(e) Grass and other minor produce. II. Timber and other produce removed from the Forests by consum-	******	5 15 10	5 15 10	5 15 10		**
	ers or purchasers— (a) Timber (b) Firewood and charcoal.	8,553 8 9 33,854 8 3	15,355 8 6 64,778 10 1	23,909 1 3 98,632 13 4	18,933 13 11 78,167 0 8	4,975 3 4 20,465 12 8	The outstanding under Vc. at the close of
	(d) Grazing (e) Other minor produce. III. Drift and waifwood and confiscated Forest	6,500 O O	9,193 12 10 5,204 8 0 8 1 3	9,193 12 10 11,704 8 0 8 1 3	9,193 12 10 4,694 2 8 8 1 3	7,010 5 4	the year amounts to nil.
	produce	40.007.10.0	97,668 5 4	1,46,576 1 4	1,14,124 12 0	32,451 5 4	
	Total	48,907 12 0	07,000 0 4	*)***)********************************			

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 26.—Revenue received and Outstandings on account of Revenue during 1914-1915—concluded.

Division.	Particulars.	Outstandings at commencement of year.	Value of Sales and other Resenue during year.	Total.	Amount realized during year.	Balance due to the Department at end of year.	Remarks.
1	* * *	3	4	. 5	6	7	. 8
SIND CIRCLE— concluded.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	R _{s.} a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Thar and Par- ker.	I. Timber and other produce removed from the Forests by Govern- ment Agency—						
	(a) Timber (b) Firewood and char- coal.	400404	******	*****	******	*****	
	(2) Grass and other minor produce. II. Timber and other produce removed	******		4	*****	******	
-	from the Forests by consumers or purchas- ers—			417 9 0	417 2 0		The autobardian on the
	(a) Timber (b) Firewood and charcoal.		417 2 0 835 5 0	417 2 0 835 5 0	835 5 0		The outstanding under Vc. at the close of the year amounts to nil.,
	(d) Grazing and fodder grass. (e) Other minor pro-		2,806 8 0	2,806 8 0 1,714 12 0	2,806 8 0 1,714 12 0	******	
٠ ,	duce. III. Drift and waifwood and confiscated Forest produce.		*****	*****		***	·
				5 770 11 A	5,773 11 0		
	Total		5,773 11 0	5,773 11 0	5,775 11 0	••••••	
Total of Sind Circle.	I. Timber and other produce removed from the Forests by Govern- ment Agency—						
	(a) Timber (b) Firewood and charcoal.	******	762 11 10 11,387 12 1	762 11 10 11,387 12 1	762 11 10 11,387 12 1	*****	•
	(e) Grass and other minor produce. II. Timber and other produce removed from the Forests by consum-		1,275 5 10	1,384 13 10	1,279 18 10	105 0 0	
	ers or purchasers— (a) Timber (b) Firewood and charcal.	39,490 3 9 1,0\$705 7 11	43,672 6 9 1,71,907 3 2	83,162 10 6 2,72,612 11 1	73,137 2 10 2,31,999 10 9	10,025 7 8 40,613 0 4	The outstanding under Vc. at the close of the year amounts to
	(d) Grazing and fodder grass.	1	43,948 10 8	43,948 10 3	43,948 10 3	*****	the year amounts to Rs. 235-4-11.
•	(e) Other minor pro- duce. III. Drift and waifwood	1	26,813 15 3 322 14 6	37,478 4 7	27,515 4 7 322 14 6	9,963 0 0	
	and confiscated Forest produce.						
,	Total, Sind Circle	1,50,969 9 0	3,00,090 15 8	4,51,060 8 8	3,90,354 0 8	60,706 8 0	
	GRAND TOTAL	5,78,798 13 11	44,41,653 2 2	50,20,452 0 1	46,06,790 10 8	4,13,661 5 5	

FORM No. 27.—Outstandings and Liabilities on account of Contractors and Disbursers for the Forest year 1914-1915.

		DEPARTMENT DES	STOR.	D ₂	PARTMENT CREDIT	DB.	BALANCE	DUB	
Division.	At com- mencement of year.	Recoveries in eash and value of sup- plies and work done during the year.	At close of y car.	At commence- ment of year.	Payments made during year.	At close of year,	To Department (Outstandings).	By Depart- ment (Liabilities).	Bemarks.
1	2	3	4	. 5	6	7	8	. 9	10
NORTHERN CIRCLE.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Contractors.									
North Thána	.***	3,700 0 0	3,700 0 0	• •••••	3,860 10 3	3,860 10 3	160 10 3	ļ . 	İ
Central Thána	•••	5 0 0	5 0 0	5.00	28 4 0	33 4 0	28 4 0]
Surat	•••	11,200 0 0	11,200 0 0	tes	11,200 0 0	11,200 0 0	•	•••	
Total, Contractors'		14,905 0 0	14,905 0 0	5 0 0	15,088 14 3	15,093 14 3	188,14 3		
Disbursers.								-	ĺ
North Thána	•••	50,709 15 7	50,709 15 7	 1,293 10 1	50,679 5 6	51,972 15 7	1,263 0 0		
Central Thána	•••	59,310 1 10	59,310 1 10	1,772 8 1	58,458 3 0	60,230 11 1	920 9 3		1
South Thána	***	53,244 2 0	53,244 2 0	1,014 7 1	53,676 12 0	54,691 3 1	1,447 1 1	•••	
Panch Maháls		46,649 10 4	46,649 10 4	496 6 0	46,387 10 0	46,884 0 0	234 5 8		
Surat		95,267 0 8	95,267 0 8,	4,790 0 11.	95,299 14 6	1,00,089 15 5	4,822 14 9	•••	1
North Násik		39,118 5 9	39,118 5 9	3,681 0 2	36,130 6 6	39,811 6 8	693 0 11		
South Násik		52,944 8 10	52,944 8 10	5,072 6 10	51,000 0 0	56,072 6 10	3,127 14 0		
Working Plans	•••	4,202 9 10	4,202 9 10	98 9 3	4,140 0 0	4,238 9 3	35 15 5	•••	
Direction Famine Fodder.	•••	28 0 0	28 0 0	28 0 0		28 0 0		•••	
Total, Disbursors		4,01,474 6 10	4,01,474 6 10	18,247 0 5	3,95,772 3 6	4,14,019 3 11	12,544 13 1		
Total, N. C		4,16,379 6 10	4,16,379 6 10	18,252 0 5	4,10,861 1 9	4,29,113 2 2	12,733 11 4		
CENTRAL CIRCLE.						,			
Contractors.							1		٠ .
Direction West Khandesh Famine Fodder.	•••	2,500 0 0 3,600 0 0	2,500 0 0 3,600 0 0	••••	3,600 0 0	3,600 0 0	_2,500 0 0	***	
Total, Contractors		6,100 0 0	6,100 0 0	*****	3,600 0 0	3,600 0 0	2,500 0 0	•••	
Disbursers.						•			
Kolába Direction	•••	67,903 2 2 0 10 0	67,903 2 2 0 10 0	995 14 8 1 12 0	68,283 10 2	69,279 *8 10 1 12 0	1,376 6 8 1 2 0		
East Khándesh West Khándesh	***	59,986 9 0 78,733 1 5	59,986 9 0 78,733 1 5	593 11 11 3,975 14 2	61,392 12 0 77,762 10 10	61,986 7 11 81,738 9 0	1,999 14 11 3,005 · 7 7		
North Khandesh	***	86,039 13 6 50,483 3 11	86 039 13 6 50,483 3 11	3,717 6 0 975 7 6	84,911 14 7 50,625 0 0	88,629 4 7 51,600 7 6	2,589 7 1 1,117 3 7	•••	
Poona Sátára	•••	51,996 13 4 3,221 15 3	51,996 13 4 3,221 15 3	597 15 0 6 6 11	52,376 0 0 3,285 0 0	52,973 15 0 3,291 6 11	977 1 8 69 7 8	***	
Working Plans West Kháudesh	***	7,850 3 9	7,850 8 9	575 3 9	7,275 0 0	7,850 3 9	******	•••	
Famine Fodder. Poona Famine Fodder. 2 Ranges of Násik Division.	•••	347, 5 6 9,087 9 2	347 5 6 9,087 9 2	322 5 6 212 9 2	25 0 0 8,875 0 0	347 5 6 9,087 9 2	******	***	
Total, Disbursers	•••	4,15,650 7 0	4,15,650 7 0	11,974 10 7	4,14,811 i5 7	4,26,786 10 2	11,136 3 2		·
TOTAL, C. C.		4,21,750 7 0	4,21,750 7 0	11,974 10 7	4,18,411 15 7	4,30,386 10 2	8,636 3 2	•••	

FORM No. 27.—Outstandings and Liabilities on account of Contractors and Disbursers for the Forest year 1914-1915—concld.

		DEPARTMENT DEB	ror.	Į D	PEPARTMENT CREDIT	OB.	BALAKCE 1	DUB	
Division.	At com- mencement of year.	Recoveries in cash and value of sup- plies and work done during the year.	. At close of year.	At commence- ment of year.	Payments made during year.	At close of year.	To Department (Outstandings).	By Depart- ment (Liabilities).	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	. 6	7*	8	9	10
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Contractors. Belgaum		92,757 1 5	92,757 1 5	67,592 14 10	94.747 0 0	1,62,339 14 10	69,582 13 5		
_	•••		,	1	•		-	***	}
Bijápur ··· ···	*48		*****	!	······································	*****	*****	•••	
Dhárwár	•••	30000	*****	***		*****	*****	***	'
Kapara, N. D	•••	74,812 11 2	74,812 11 2	15,677 9 0	1,05,700 0 0	1,21,377 9 0	46,564 13 10	***	
Kanara, W. D	•••	27,812 6 8	27,812 6 8	28,805 8 6	25,875 0 0	54,680 8 6	26,868 1 10	***	ļ
Ratnágiri	***		•••••			•.	•••••	*** ;	
Kánara, E. D.		41,933 10 11	41,933 10 11	18,201 10 11	31,532 0 0	49,733 10 11	7,800 0 0	***	.
Kánara, S. D		3,737 15 2	3,737 15 2	200 0 0	13,802 0 0	14,002 0 0	10,264 0 10	•••]
Working Plans	-	-		1		į			
	l	0.41.070.70.4	2 12 222 22	*****	0.53.050.0.0		* 47 000 10 11	***	
Total, Contractors		2,41,053 13 4	2,41,053 13 4	1,30,477 11 3	2,71,656 0 0	4,02,133 11 3	1,61,079 13 11	***	\
Disbursers.									
Belgaum		1,09,990 4 5	1,09,990 4 5	18,051 2 7	1,05,268 14 11	1,23,320 1 6	13,329 13 1		
Bijápur		15,487 13 1	15,437 13 1	172 5 1	15,445 0 0	15,617 5 1	179 8 0	•••	
Dhárwar	,	28,591 13 7	28,591 13 7	843 1 11	28,790 12 6	29,633 14 5	1,042 0 10		
Vénera N. D.	***	1,06,869 10 0		11,756 15 7	1]		•••	1
	•••		1,06,869 10 9	1	'	1,16,187 7 3	9,317 13 3	***	
Kánara, W. D		46,409 3 9	16,409 3 9	3,668 2 1	49,117 14 0	52,786 0 1	6,376 12 4	•••	
Kanara, S. D	•••	49,941 6 2	49,941 6 2	3,459 12 1	48,525 11 0	51,985 7 1	2,044 0 11	···	1
Kánara, E. D	•••	53,666 14 9	53,666 14 9	2,547 7 11	52,920 10 5	55,468 2 4	1,801 3 7	•••	ł
Ratnágiri	321	4,235 8 10	4,556 8 10	*****	4,613 10 7	4,618 10 7	57 1 9]	1
Working Plans		2,595 1 2	2,595 1 2	95 1 2	2,500 0 0	2,595 1 2	••••		
Total, Disbursers	321	4,17,737 11 9	4,18,058 11 9	40,594 0 5	4,11,613 1 1	4.52,207 1 6	34,148 5 9		1
TOTAL, S. C	321				<u></u>	8,54,340 12 9			
SIND CIRCLE.			•						1
Contractors.			,				!	1	İ
Direction		100 0 0	100 O O		100 0 0	100 0 0			
Larkana			1	••	}	1		***	}
Jarrack		40.00	40.00	*****	40.00	40.00	*****	***	
Hudershad].	40 0 0	40 0 0		40 0 0		*****	***	}
-	•••	20 0 0	20 0 0	*****	20 0 0	1	******	•••	
Sakkur		20 0 0	20 0 0	*****	20 0 0		*****	<u></u>	
Total, Contractors		180 0 0	180 0 0	*****	180 0 0	180 0 0	,.,.,		. 🕽
Disbursers.								,	
Direction	1	90 000 10 0		******			 	•••	
Jerrack		20,202 12 9 26,022 3 4	20,202 12 9 26,022 8 4			20,628 12 6 28,258 · 5 8	425 15 9 2,236 2 4		
Hyderabad Sukkur	1	29,271 4 6 87,837 8 10	29,271 4 6 37,837 8 10	485 11 7	29,011 4 8	29,447 0 3	175 11 9 766 0 1	•••	
Total, Disbursers	ļ	- 	1,13,338 13 5	_	38,118 2 11	-	8,603 13 11	-	-
TOTAL, SIND CIRCLE		· 	1,13,513 13 8	_	_	1,17,117 11 4	3,603 13 11	•••	-
GRAND TOTAL		- -	·		16,26,858 3 4	_ 		-	7
	1 221	10,10,400 4 4	10,10,708 4 4	[2,09,105]	. (10,20,898 S 4	(OCYDOR 41 D	1,20,20	1	r

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Administration Reports.

Administration Report of the Forest Circles in the Bombay Presidency, including Sind, for the year 1914-15.

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Resolution No. 5784.

Bombay Castle, 8th June 1916.

Letters from the Deputy Conservator of Forests in charge Sind Circle, Nos. 618, 928, 1049 and 1319 dated, respectively, 21st August; 20th September, 30th September and 22nd October 1915.

Letter from the Conservator of Forests, N. C., No. 1794 dated 28th September 1915.

Letter from the Conservator of Forests, S. C., No. 2944 dated 1st October 1915.

Letters from the Conservator of Forests, C. C., Nos. 2368 and 2459 dated 4th October and 8th October 1915. Forwarding the Forest Administration Reports of their respective Circles for the year 1914-15.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, N. D., No. F.O.R.—47 dated 18th November 1915—Submitting his remarks on the Forest Administration Report of the Northern Circle for the year 1914-15.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, C. D., No. 4771 dated 22nd November 1915—Submitting his remarks on the Forest Administration Report of the Central Circle for the year 1914-15.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, S. D., No. 4571 dated 12th October 1915—Submitting his remarks on the Forest Administration Report of the Southern Circle for the year 1914-15.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, S. D., No. 4590 dated 13th October 1915—Submitting his remarks on the Forest Administration Report of the Central Circle for the year 1914-15, so far as it concerns the Kolába Division.

Memorandum from the Commissioner in Sind No. 3253 dated 12th October 1915—Submitting his remarks on the Forest Administration Report of the Sind Circle for the year 1914-15.

RESOLUTION.—There was a slight diminution in the total forest area during the year 1914-15, the figures falling from 15,070 to 15,060 square miles, of which 14,027 were reserved and 1,033 protected forest. The most important territorial change was the transference of the Kolába Division from the Northern to the Central Circle in exchange for the whole of the North and South Násik Divisions, except the Akola and Rajur ranges of the latter, which were transferred to the Poona Division of the Central Circle. A smaller change was the transfer of the Kalwan range from North to South Nasik. Other alterations resulting from exchanges, additions and disafforestation were of a minor character. In Sind alluvial accretion exceeded erosion by 13 square miles. The area under the management of the Revenue Department fell from 2,644 to 2,627 square miles. Settlement work is practically complete in the Northern Circle of the Presidency proper and further progress has been made in Sind, where an area of 92 square miles was added by notification under section 4 of the Indian Forest Act. The Conservator of Forests, C. C., lays stress upon the desirability of determining the survey-numbers within the demarcation line, which could profitably be included in forest. Definite proposals with a view to framing a systematic programme for their acquisition should be submitted. The total length of boundaries artificially demarcated during the year was 1,095 miles. The length still to be completed is 1,276 miles, the bulk of which falls within the Poona Division on account of the inclusion of the Akola and Rajur ranges.

- During the year Government sanctioned working plans for the North Dángs, the Yakkambi-Sonda high forest and a small plan for casuarina forest in Kolába and after its close working plans for the teak and mixed sub-ghát forests of the Lonávla and Ambegaon ranges in Poona, and sanction was also accorded to revised plans for the anjan and scrub forests of the Dhulia and Pimpalner ranges in West Khándesh, the Satmala teak and mixed forests of the Chálisgaon range in East Khándesh, and the Jerruck forest in Sind, either during or after the close of the year. Substantial progress was made in the preparation of other working plans in each Circle. Much work however both original and revision remains to be done. It is important that systematic arrangements be made to complete the original work (an area of 1,119 square miles has still to be brought under organisation) and to carry out the revisions which are required from time to time. It is hoped that the Divisional Forest Officers will be able, as in the past, to undertake part of the work, the remainder being carried out by the officers appointed to Working Plan Divisions. In order that the working plans in this Presidency should not fall behind the best practice in other parts of India, the Inspector General of Forests has been invited to visit the forests in Bombay and to advise on the subject. The prescriptions of sanctioned plans were adhered to as closely as possible. In certain areas however such as the Hyderabad Division, Khándesh and Kánara, coupes could not be fully exploited either on account of a diminished demand for wood owing to the financial stringency caused by the war or because of local difficulties of transport and labour.
- 3. Out of a total allotment of Rs. 1,89,515, the expenditure on new works amounted to Rs. 1,19,384. Nearly two-thirds of this sum was devoted to buildings, chiefly consisting of quarters for the forest establishments and resthouses. The bulk of the balance was expended on roads and paths. The improvement of forest communications is receiving careful attention and during the year 105 miles of new cart roads were added. It is reported that the extension of the Vang Valley road in Sátára has resulted in an increase in the prices of forest produce, the demand being increased by the improved accessibility.
- 4. The number of offences reported fell from 23,228 to 21,822, decreases occurring under each of the three main heads. The apparently large variations under the head of illicit grazing offences in the Northern and Central Circles are due to the transference of the North and South Násik Divisions from the latter to the former in exchange for Kolába. The very satisfactory decrease of similar offences, from 2,672 to 1,851, in Sind is the natural result of the reduction of fees and the reorganisation of the grazing arrangements. In most divisions the variations from the previous years' figures call for no special remark. There is a tendency on the part of some Divisional Forest Officers to attribute increases in the number of reported offences to greater vigilance on the part of their staff and decreases to better protection. Government are unable to regard these explanations as convincing in every case. The policy of inflicting communal punishment was pursued in several districts with beneficial results, particularly in connection with tahal preservation.
- 5. There was a satisfactory falling off in the number of fires, of which there were 1,717 as compared with 2,117 in the preceding year, but the area burnt increased from 266,955 to 279,168 acres. This was chiefly due to the very large area burnt in North Khándesh, where the heavy rains of the preceding season decreased the demand for forest grass, thus adding to the dangers from the fires, which broke out in sparsely populated areas and were therefore difficult to cope with. Cases of malicious incendiarism were fewer than in 1913-14, but are still too common. The most serious instance occurred in Surat as a preliminary to an abortive Bhil rising in December 1914. Punitive measures were actively undertaken in each Circle and are having the effect of making the villagers realise their joint responsibility. Government are of opinion that the policy of communal responsibility should be vigorously pushed on and that the villagers should be brought to render prompter assistance to the forest officers in extinguishing fires, not only by the fear of penalties but also by the grant of rewards. A larger area was attempted to be protected from fire than in the previous year, and, although failures were greater, the net area actually protected increased by nearly 300,000 acres at a reduced cost of Rs. 65,486. The

Governor in Council notes with satisfaction that the practical completion of the system of fire lines in the Jerruck Division of Sind is largely due to the co-operation of the zamindárs and cattle graziers.

- 6. In all Circles there was an increase in the number of cattle impounded, the total number being 135,394 as compared with 127,254 in the preceding year. The difference is not remarkable. Measures have been adopted in Sind for controlling semi-wild cattle and the levy of enhanced fees for these cattle has been approved by Government. The total grazing area open for the whole year was 3,574 square miles for browsers and 12,218 square miles for non-browsers, while 331 square miles were open to the latter only for part of the year. The number of animals permitted to graze on payment of either full or privileged rates was 1,775,413, for which fees amounting to Rs. 3,03,612 were recovered. Free grazing was granted to 502,142 animals. The total value of the grazing provided calculated at full rates was estimated to be Rs. 18,54,893.
- 7. Natural reproduction both by coppice and from seed was generally good in every Circle, except reproduction from seed in the Southern Circle, where the year was bad for teak and only moderate for other woods. In North Khándesh also fires and heavy grazing are reported to have interfered with this form of reproduction, as a set-off against which there is an increasing development of promising young growth side by side with the improvement in fire protection. In the Northern Circle the plan of staking newly-found seedlings in the early rains and tending them by protection from the sun and mulching the soil met with great success, and these operations will be extended. Progress in artificial reproduction continued to be made. Satisfactory results were obtained in special plantations of casuarina in the Northern Circle as well as in Kolába, Kánara and Ratnágiri. The rubber trees planted in the Northern Circle some years ago have, however, proved a failure. A large number of natural teak seedlings were tended in the Northern and Eastern Divisions of Kánara and a teak nursery was started at Ramanguli in Kánara West Division. The agriculture-cum-forestry operations conducted in the babul coupes of Bijápur met with encouraging results, while the cultural operations in Sind were fairly successful. Valuable work has been done in the Khathar and Khatro forests of the Ierruck Division, which are now reported to possess over a very considerable area a ground-cover crop of vigorous young babul of all heights up to 20 feet. The lac propagation experiments were continued during the year in the Central Circle with rather better success than in former years. In order to assist the development of the insects in their early stage, the experiment of pollarding was tried in West Khándesh and will be continued. The natural spread of brood-lac in North Khandesh is slow but not without prospects of ultimate success. An interesting trial is being made of wooden blocks for street paving. Jambapaving blocks, both untreated and treated with green oil, as well as blocks made out of teak refuse in the mills, have been sent to the Bombay Municipality as an experiment, the result of which will be watched with interest.
- 8. Mhowra seed collections were made departmentally as usual in North and West Khándesh, but the crop was a poor one and rates low on account of the war. The revenue realised fell from Rs. 17,587 to Rs. 1,860. The demand for rosha grass is reported to be declining. This is disappointing, as there is a good market abroad for rosha oil and improved methods of extraction would certainly be well repaid. The question of introducing modern machinery for the development of this industry is under the consideration of the Advisory Committee on Indigenous Industries. Shortage of labour mainly accounted for a heavy diminution in the figures under fuel in the Kánara North Division. The output of the two Kánara saw-mills, both of which were moved during the year to Gobral, did not come up to expectation and Government concur in the view expressed by the Conservator of Forests, S. C., that closer supervision is necessary. Mr. Hodgson continued his charcoal-making experiments in the Belgaum Division but found it difficult to find a market.
- 9. The gross revenue realised amounted to Rs. 46,64,726, a decline of nearly 4 lákhs from the previous year's figures, while the expenditure fell from Rs. 25,49,206 to Rs. 24,88,391. Excluding revenue and expenditure on famine fodder operations, the surplus for the year was Rs. 21,71,206, or Rs. 3,42,473

less than for 1913-14. In the Northern Circle decreases of revenue occurred chiefly in the North and Central Thana Divisions. In the former of these divisions the deficit was due to fewer trees being offered for sale outside forest and to postponements of payment since realised on account of the war. In the latter the decrease is attributable to the disturbing influence of the war upon the people. Decreases in the Central Circle were small and were chiefly on account of poor mhowra crops and lower prices for grass in kurans and coupes in the three Khandesh Divisions. In the Southern Circle the falling off from last year's figures was due entirely to temporary causes mainly on account of the war. In Sind there was a small decrease of revenue.

The Governor in Council is pleased to place on record his appreciation of the efficient administration of the Department throughout the year.

G. A. THOMAS,

Deputy Secretary to Government.

G. R. No. 5784, R. D., dated 8th June 1916.

To

The Conservator of Forests, N. C.,

The Conservator of Forests, C. C., The Conservator of Forests, S. C.,

The Deputy Conservator of Forests in charge Sind Circle,

The Commissioner in Sind,

The Commissioner, N. D.,

The Commissioner, C. D.,

The Commissioner, S. D.,

All Collectors, including the Collectors in Sind and the Deputy Commissioner, Upper Sind Frontier,

The Accountant General,

The Director of Agriculture and of Co-operative Societies, The Settlement Commissioner and Director of Land

The Secretary, Indigenous Industries Committee,

The Oriental Translator to Government, .

The Non-official Members of the Legislative Council,

The Editors' Tables and the Editors of Newspapers,

The Editor of Government Publications,

All Registered Libraries,

The Government of India,

The Under Secretary of State for India. By letter.

With copies of the Report.